Supporting Information

Journal name: RSC Advances

Title: Birnessite-coated sand filled vertical flow constructed wetlands improved nutrients removal in cold climate

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Method

Chemicals

The birnessite-coated sand is artificially synthesized. Specifically, 2 mol of potassium permanganate (158 g) was first dissolved in 2.5 L of water, and then 300 g of hydrochloric acid washed sand was added and heated to boiling. Next, 2 mol of concentrated hydrochloric acid (167 ml) was added dropwise to the solution and stirred all the time. After the addition, the boiling was continued for ten minutes. After cooling, the resulting precipitate was filtered and rinsed with deionized water. After drying, the synthesized birnessite-coated sand was obtained. Repeat the sufficient operation 10 times to get а amount to be used.

Systoms	Temperature (°C)	РН	Conductivity	NH ₄ -N (mg/L)	NO ₃ -N (mg/L)	TN (mg/L)	TP (mg/L)	COD (mg/L)
Influent	5.50 ± 1.70	7.85 ± 0.27	1327 ± 68	7.98 ± 0.39	11.67 ± 0.97	19.65 ± 0.65	0.95 ± 0.07	65.79 ± 7.35
Mn-CWs	5.70 ± 2.20	8.17 ± 0.16	1395 ± 84	2.09 ± 1.43^{b}	1.09 ± 0.60^{a}	3.45 ± 1.61^{b}	0.40 ± 0.29^{b}	28.42 ± 6.68^{b}
				73.81	90.66	82.44	57.89	56.80
Control	5.70 ± 1.80	8.36 ± 0.09	1311 ± 52	5.66 ± 0.61^{a}	1.12 ± 0.66^{a}	7.31 ± 1.16^{a}	$1.20\pm0.71^{\text{a}}$	39.37 ± 7.35^a
				29.07	90.40	62.80	-26.32	40.16

Table S1 Influent and effluent concentrations of NH₄-N, NO₃-N, TP, COD in Mn-CWs and Control during the winter

^{*a and b*} means significant difference (P<0.05).

Control-20 1199 1303.7005 1321.9	o Shannon Coverage(%)
N 00 1041 1120 5040 1152 1	0179 5.1988 99.56
Mn-20 1041 1139.5042 1153.1	287 5.1298 99.64

Table S2 Comparison of microbial community abundance and diversity at 20 cmheight of Mn-CWs and Control

Table S3 The relative abundance of nitrifying and denitrifying bacteria at at 20 cmheight of Mn-CWs and Control

reabundance (%)	Control-20	Mn-20	
Nitrifying bacteria	19.87	37.07	
Denitrifying bacteria	33.76	42.47	



Fig. S1 Air temperature in winter.



Fig. S2 The before (a) and after (b) SEM comparative figure of birnessite-coated sand. Scale bar in all images represents 5 μ m.



Fig. S3 Effluent concentrations of COD removal efficiency in the two CWs throughout the experiment period.



Acetoxy-2-methoxyethane; 2. Methyl acetate; 3. n-hexane; 4. Ethyl acetate; 5. Heptane; 6.
 Toluene; 7. o-xylene; 8. Decane; 9. Undecane; 10. Dodecane; 11. Tridecane; 12. Pentadecane
 Fig. S4 TIC chromatograms of volatile organic compounds (VOC) in sediment: (a)

and (b) Chromatographic profiles of Mn-CWs and Control.