

Supporting Information

An “electronegative” bifunctional coating layer: simultaneous regulation of polysulfide and Li-ion adsorption sites for long-cycling and “dendrite-free” Li–S batteries

Qian Lu ^a, Xiaohong Zou ^a, Ran Ran ^a, Wei Zhou ^a, Kaiming Liao ^{a,*} and Zongping Shao ^{a,b}

^a State Key Laboratory of Materials-Oriented Chemical Engineering, College of Chemical Engineering, Nanjing Tech University, Nanjing 210009, China

^b WA School of Mines: Minerals, Energy and Chemical Engineering (WASM-MECE), Curtin University, Perth, WA 6845, Australia

Q.L. and X.Z. contributed equally to this work.

* Corresponding author, E-mail: kaimingliao@njtech.edu.cn

Supplementary Figures and Tables

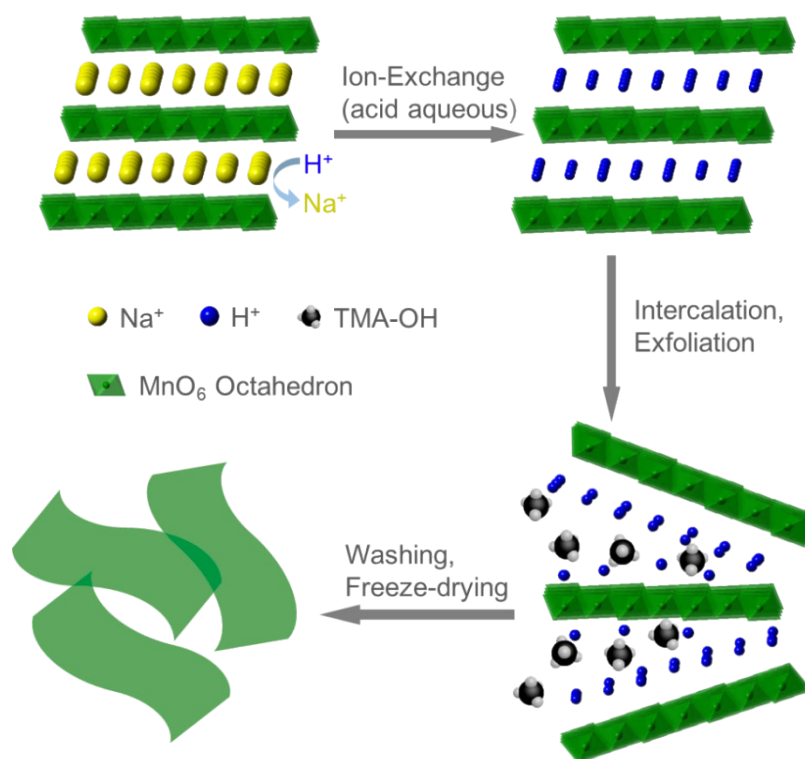


Figure S1. Schematic illustration of synthetic procedures of the H_xMnO_{2+x} nanosheets.

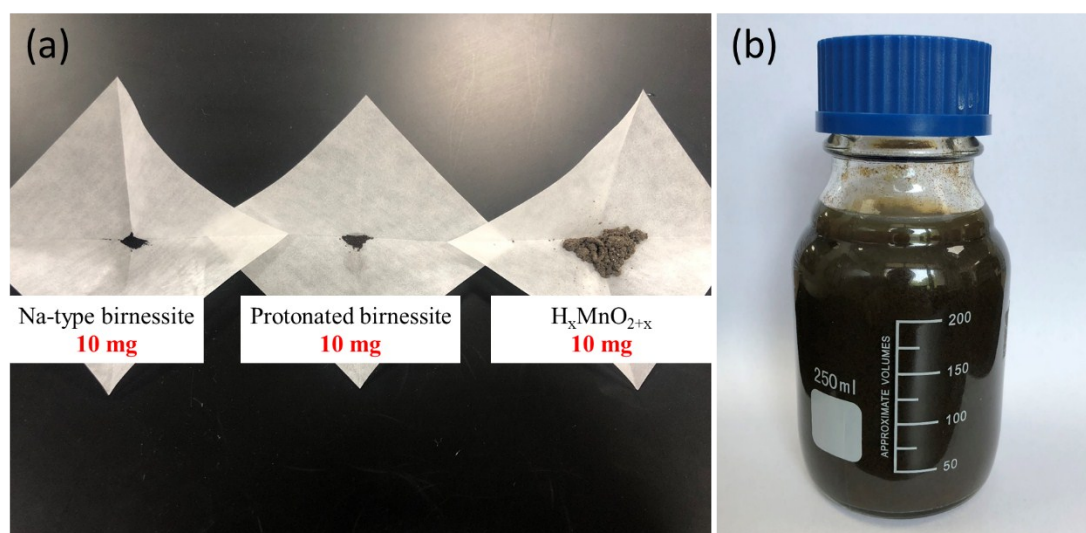


Figure S2. Photographs of (a) Na-type birnessite, protonated birnessite, and delaminated H_xMnO_{2+x} powder with the same mass; (b) delaminated H_xMnO_{2+x} suspension in TMAOH solution.

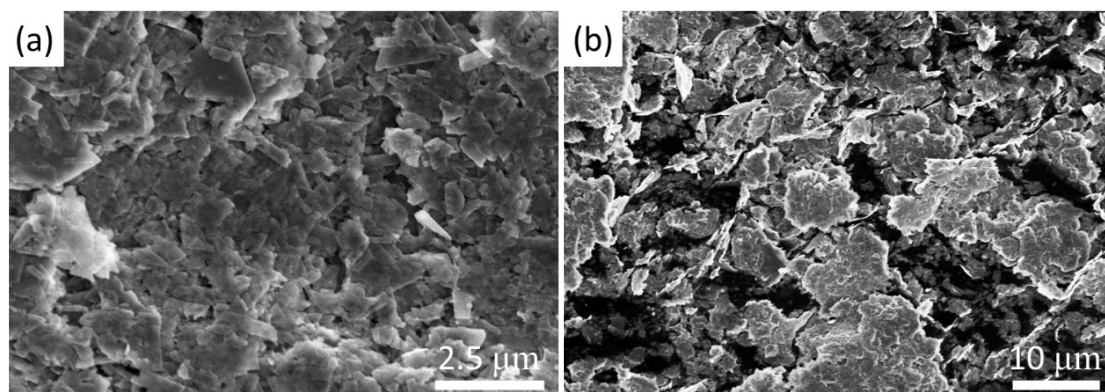


Figure S3. SEM images of Na-type birnessite.

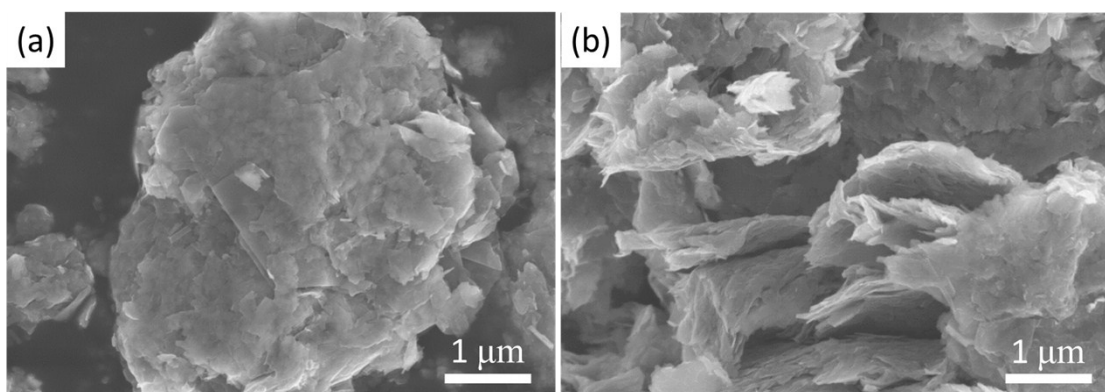


Figure S4. SEM images of protonic birnessite.

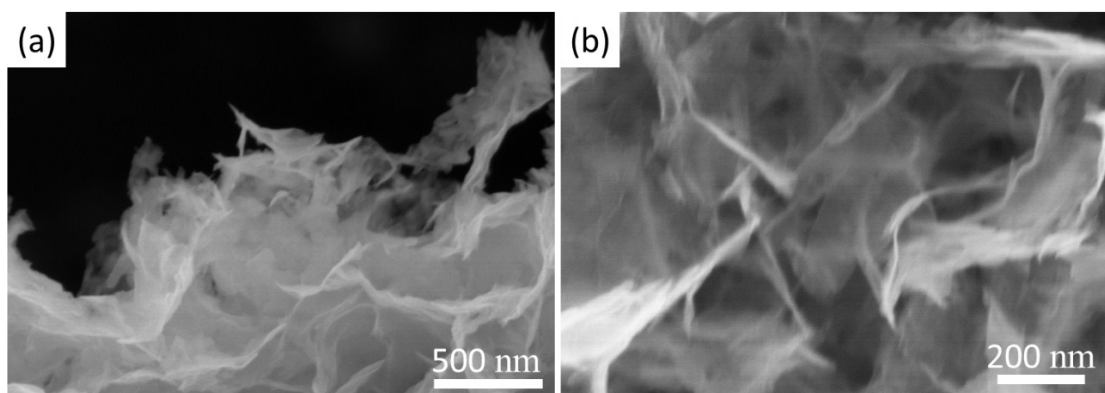


Figure S5. SEM images of delaminated H_xMnO_{2+x} nanosheets.

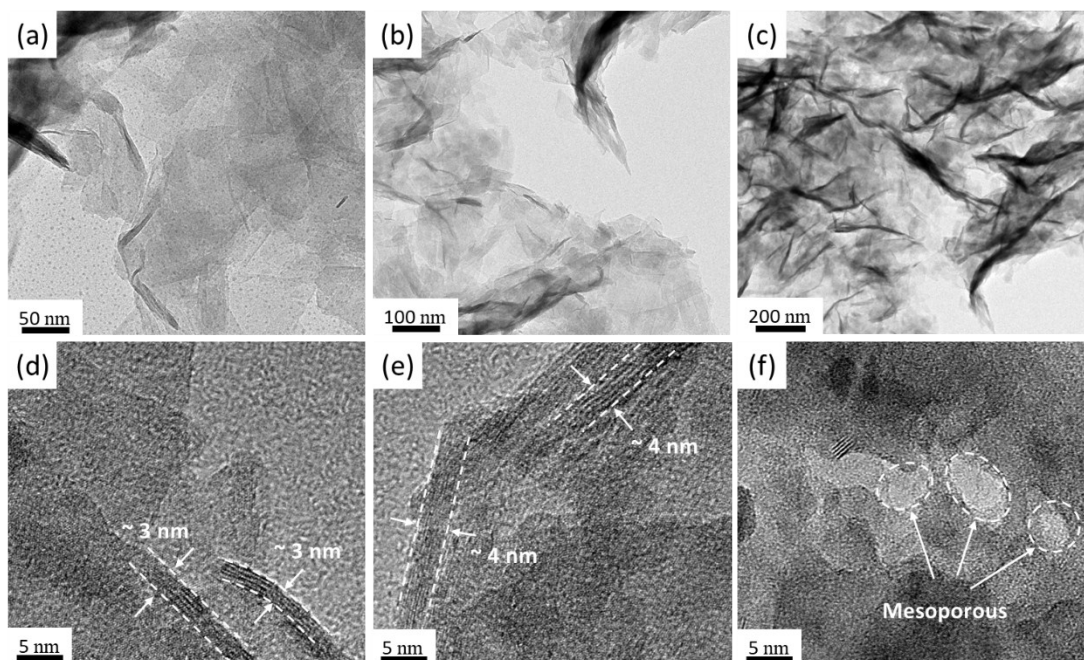


Figure S6. (a, b, c) TEM image and (d, e, f) HRTEM image of delaminated H_xMnO_{2+x} nanosheets.

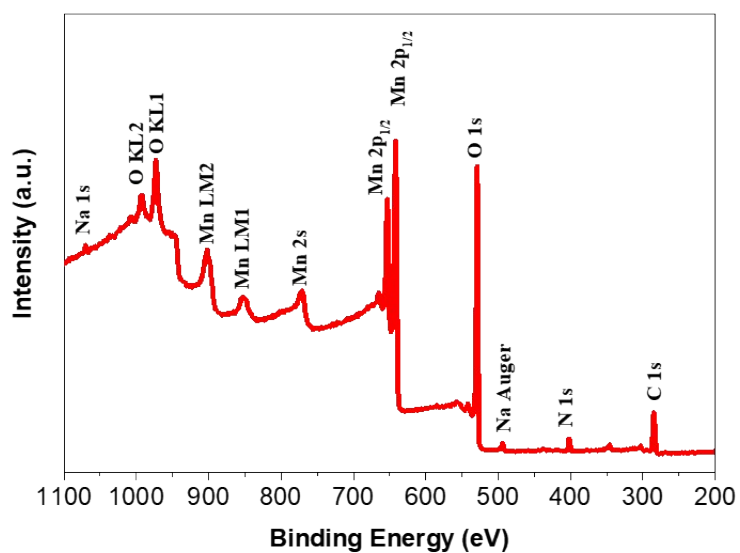


Figure S7. XPS survey of delaminated H_xMnO_{2+x} nanosheets.

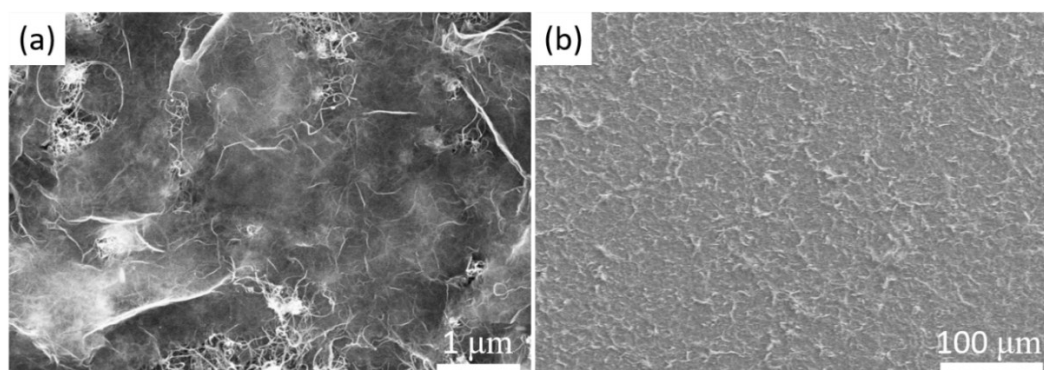


Figure S8. SEM images of G-PP separator from top view.

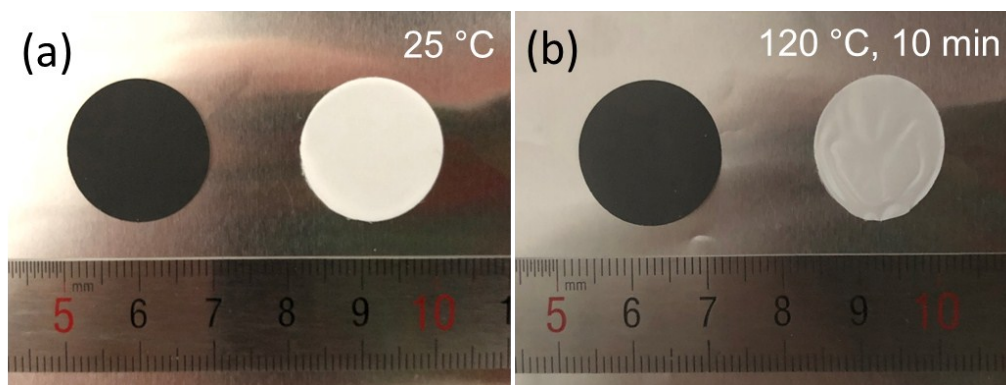


Figure S9. Digital photographs of the EB-PP (left) and PP (right) separator at heating temperature (a) 25 °C and (b) 120 °C.

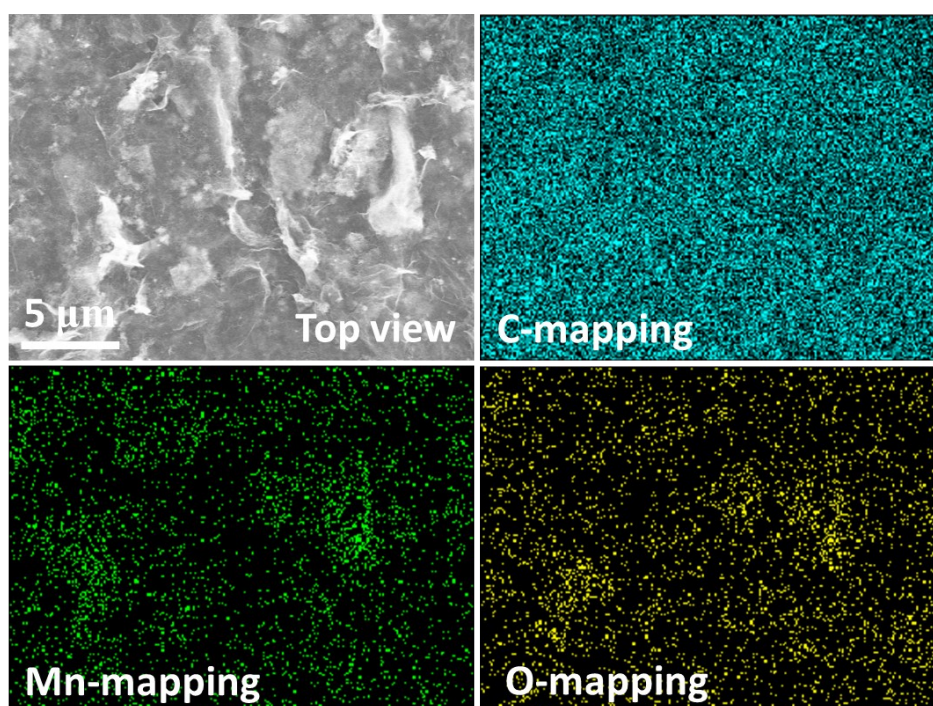


Figure S10. SEM images of EB-PP separator from top view and corresponding EDX mapping of C, Mn and O elements.

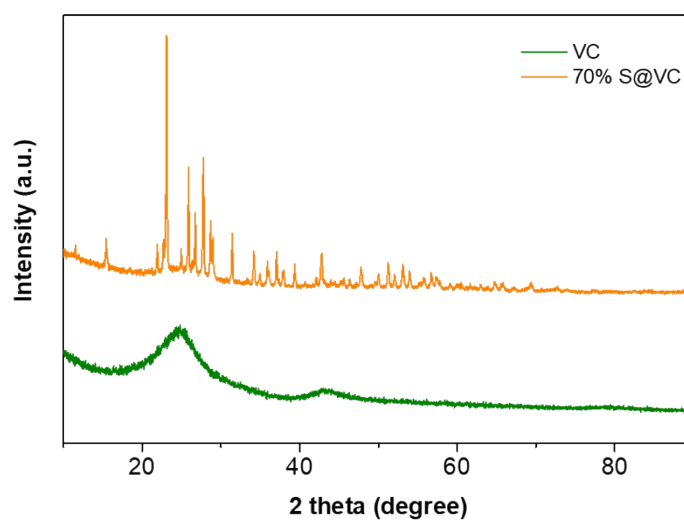


Figure S11. X-ray diffraction (XRD) patterns of Vulcan XC-72 and 70%S@VC.

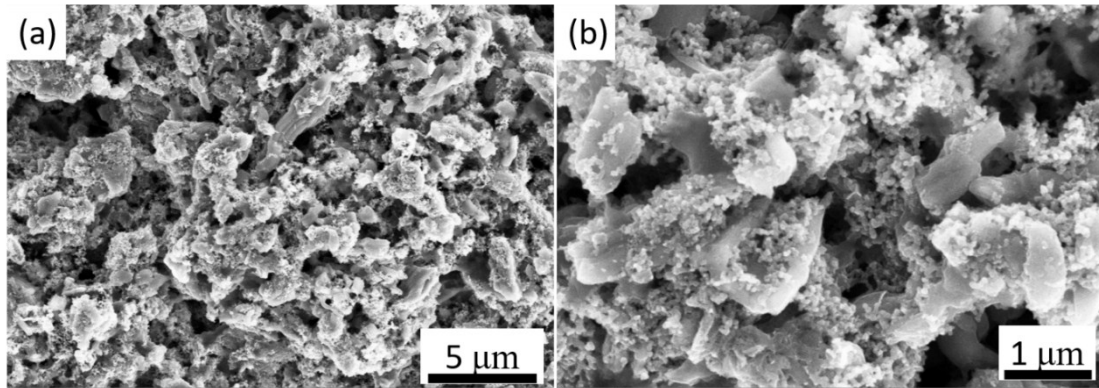


Figure S12. Surface SEM images of 70%S@VC cathode.

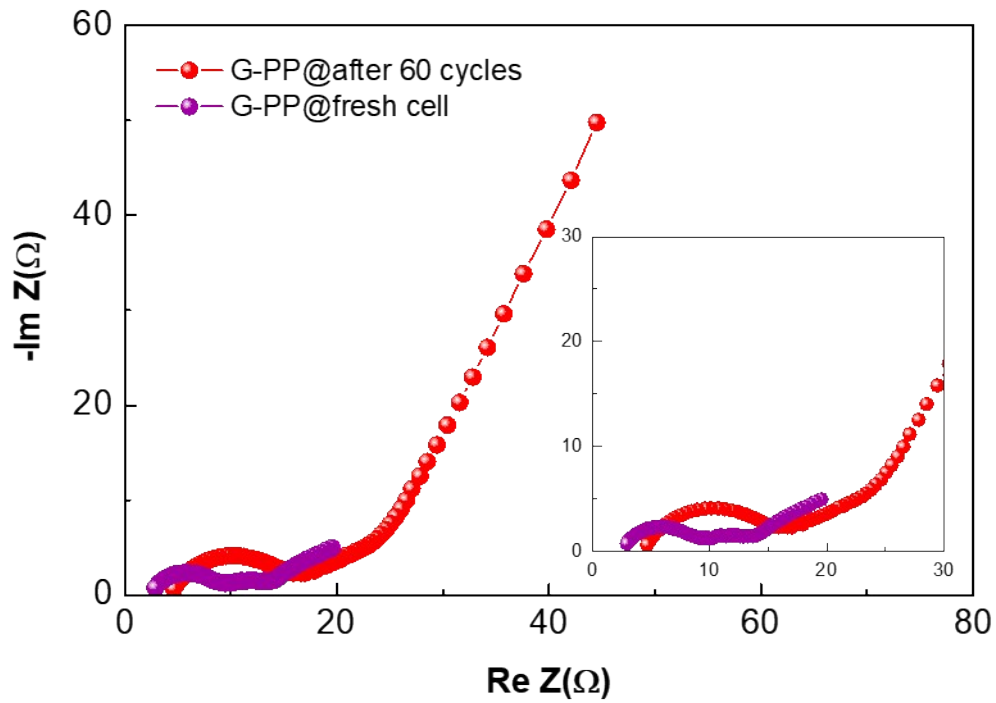


Figure S13. Electrochemical impedance spectra with G-PP separator collected before and after cycling, respectively

Table S1. The parameters gained from the EIS curves in Figure 4a.

Samples	First cycle R_e (Ω)	After 60 th R_e (Ω)	First cycle R_{ct} (Ω)	After 60 th R_{ct} (Ω)	First cycle R_f (Ω)	After 60 th R_f (Ω)
PP	1.67	2.35	17.61	24.45	16.41	15.69
G-PP	2.56	4.33	5.50	10.41	6.34	13.69
EB-PP	1.55	2.16	18.17	15.61	\	\

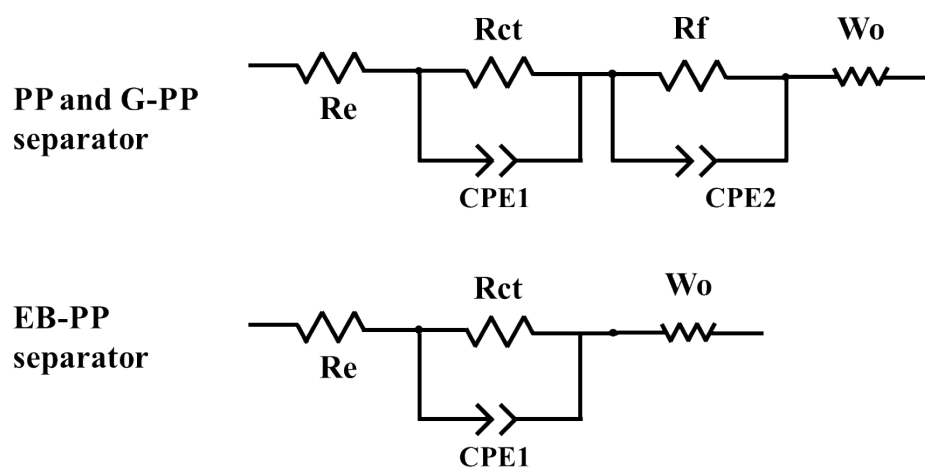


Figure S14. The equivalent circuit for PP, G-PP and EB-PP separator.

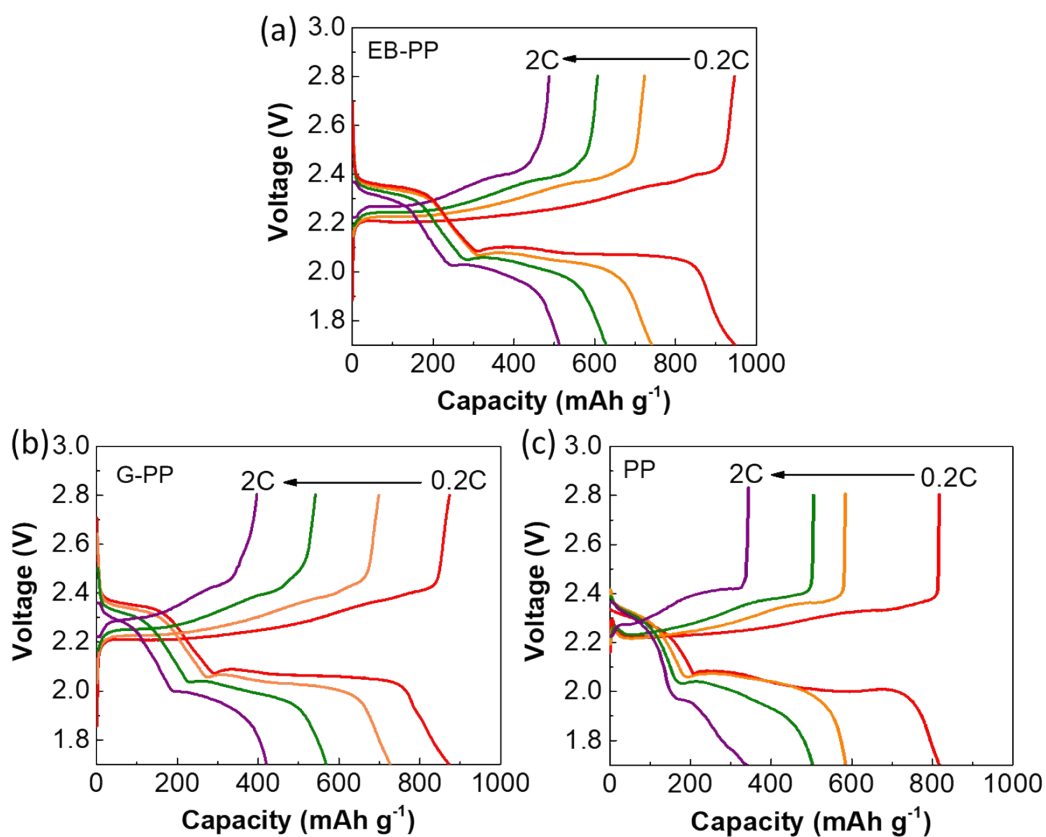


Figure S15. Charge-discharge curves of (a) EB-PP, (b) G-PP and (c) PP separators at various current densities from 0.2 to 2 C.

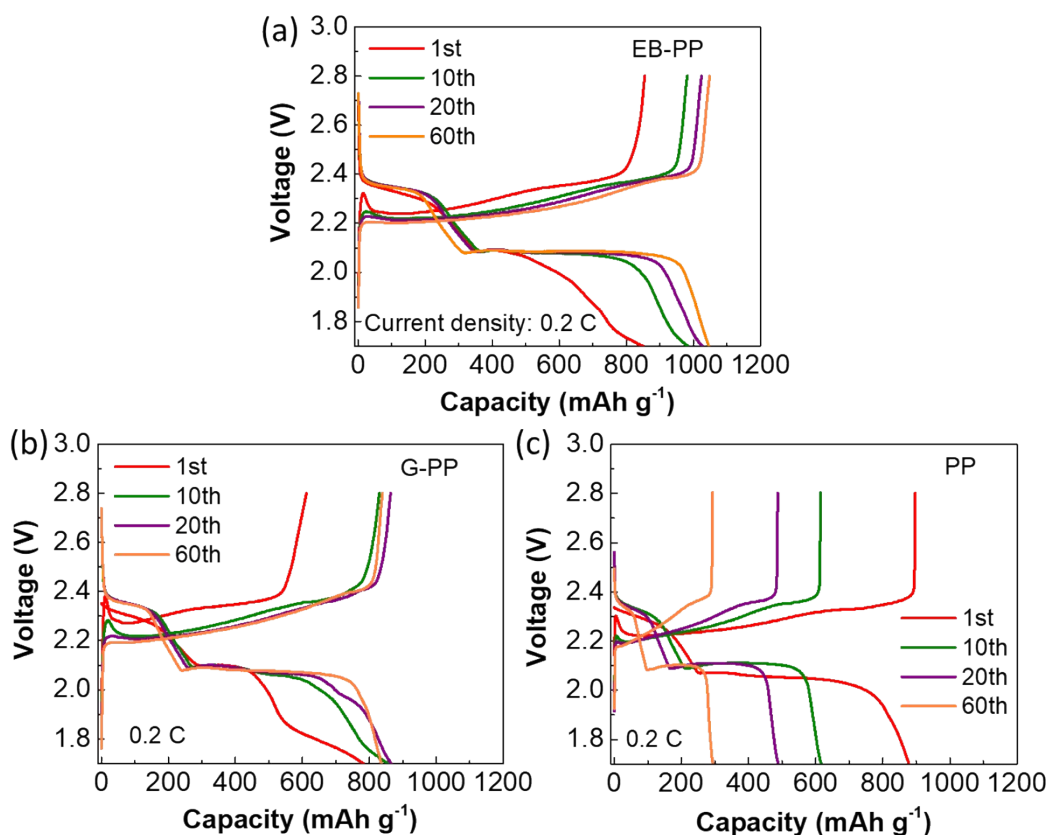


Figure S16. Charge-discharge curves of (a) EB-PP, (b) G-PP and (c) PP separators at various cycles at 0.2 C.

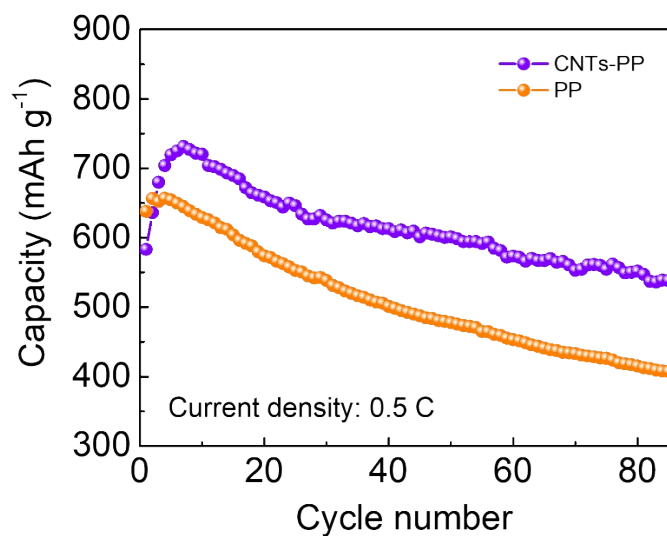


Figure S17. Cycling performance of Li-S battery with CNTs-PP and PP separator with sulfur mass load of 1.8 mg cm^{-2} at current density of 0.5 C .

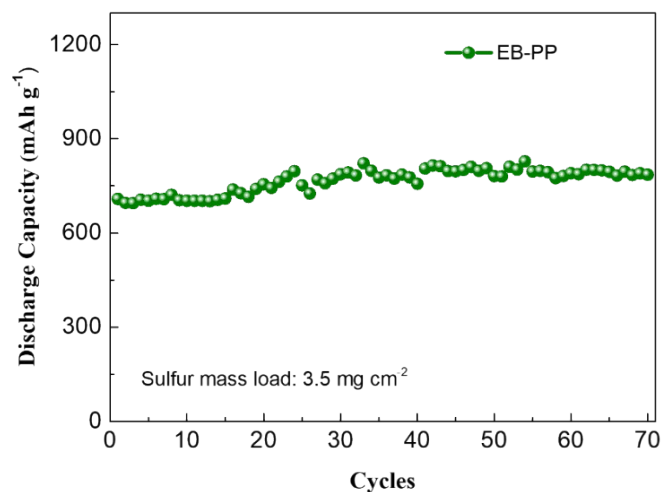


Figure S18. Cycling performance of Li-S battery with the EB-PP separator with sulfur mass load of 3.5 mg cm^{-2} at current density of 0.1 C .

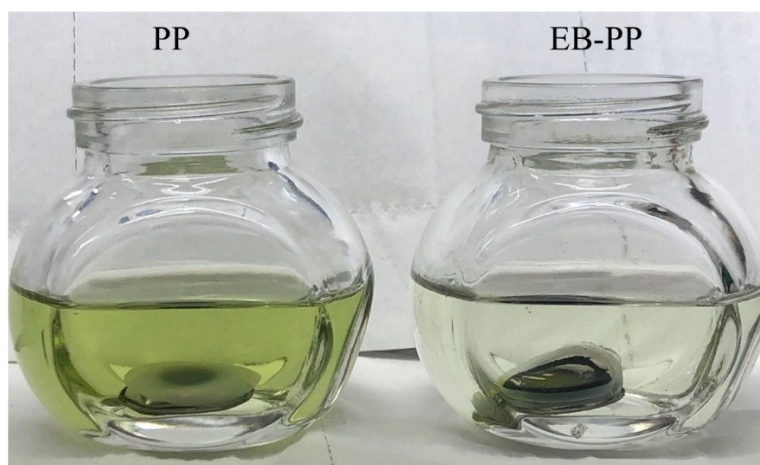


Figure S19. Immersing of the cycled electrode and separator harvested from the batteries with PP and EB-PP in DME solvent for 1 h.

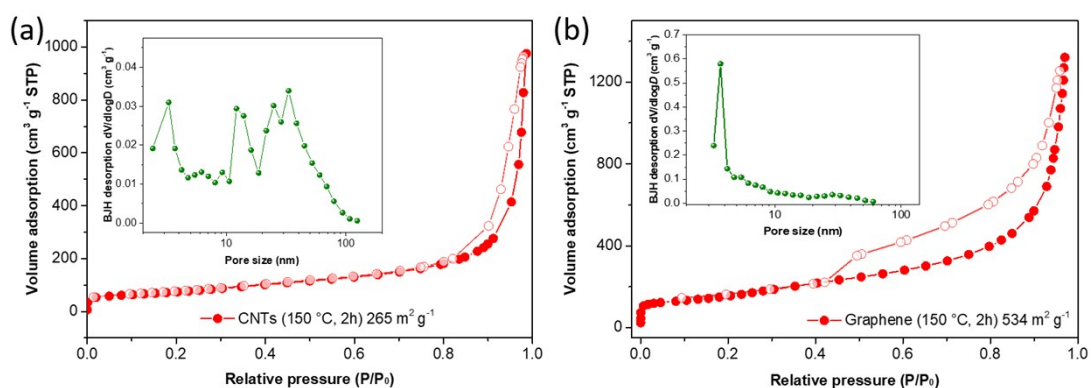


Figure S20. Adsorption/desorption isotherms and corresponding pore size distribution of (a) CNTs and (b) graphene.

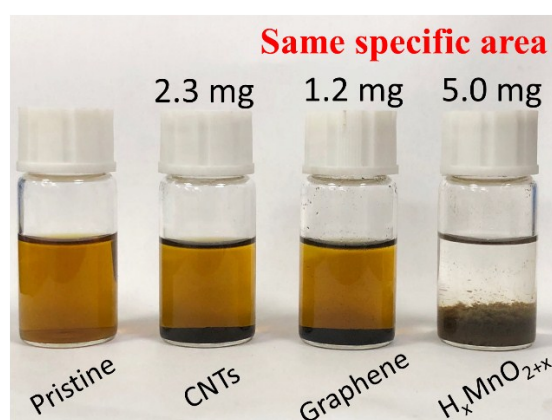


Figure S21. Sealed vials of the Li_2S_6 solution after contact with same specific area of different sample powders.

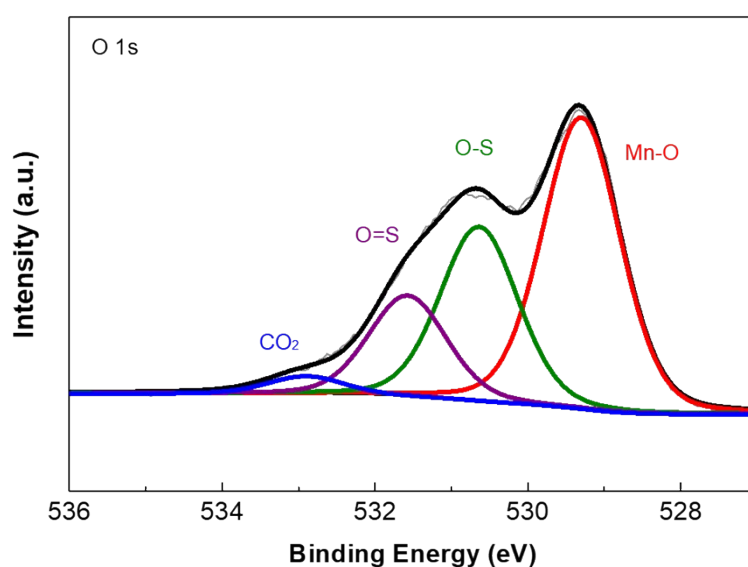


Figure S22. O 1s XPS spectra of $\text{H}_x\text{MnO}_{2+x}@\text{Li}_2\text{S}_6$.

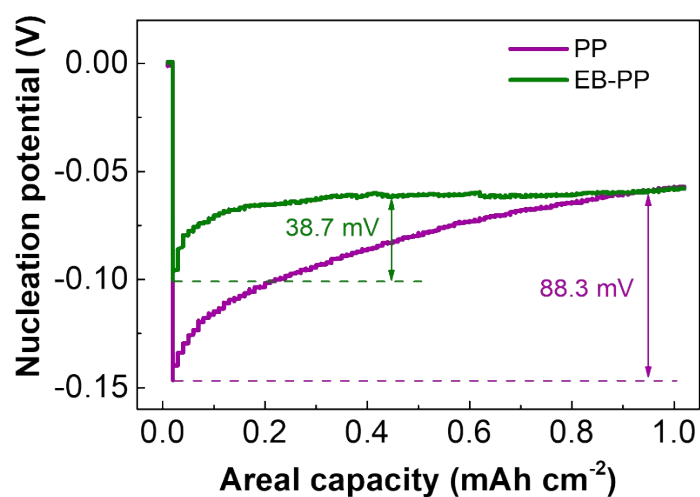


Figure S23. Nucleation overpotential of the Li symmetrical cells with PP separator (purple line) and EB-PP separator (green line).

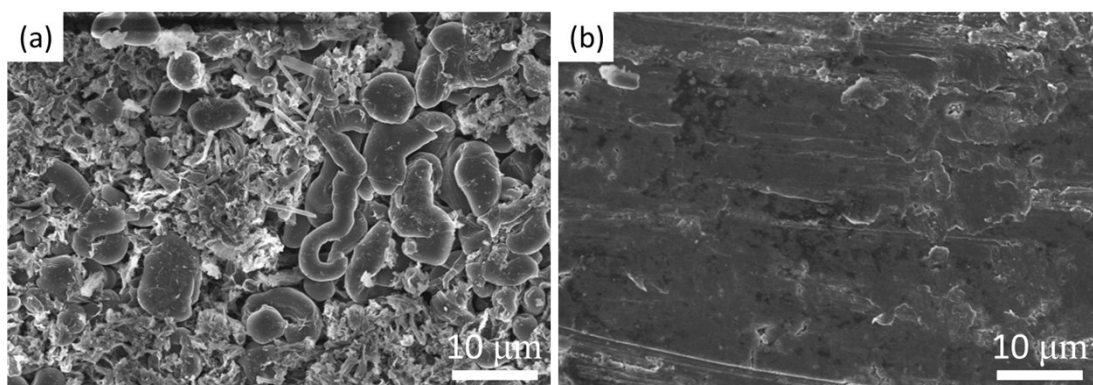


Figure S24. Surface SEM images of lithium anode with (e) PP separator, and (f) EB-PP separator after cycling.

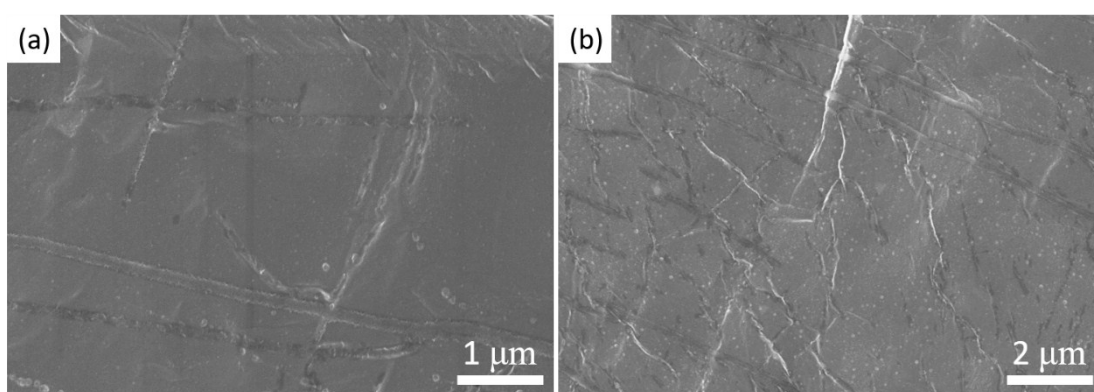


Figure S25. SEM images of fresh lithium metal.

Table S2. The performance of the Li-S batteries with various modified separators.

Barrier	Weight of barrier (mg cm ⁻²)	Thickness of barrier (μm)	S loading (mg cm ⁻²)	S content (wt%) ^a	S content (wt%) ^b	Current density (A g ⁻¹) ^c	Capacity decay Cycles	Ref
Graphene	1.3	30	1.5-2.1	70	38~43	1.5	0.064% 500 cycles	[S1]
Graphene oxide (GO)	0.29	0.75	1-1.2	60	47-48	1.67	~0.150% 400 cycles	[S2]
Mesoporous carbon	0.5	27	1.55	49	37	0.74	0.081% 500 cycles	[S3]
Li ₄ Ti ₅ O ₁₂ /graphene	0.35	35	1.2	60	47	0.5	0.066% 300 cycles	[S4]
LDH/graphene	0.3	2	1.1-1.3	63	50-51	3.2	0.060% 1000 cycles	[S5]
Ti ₃ C ₂	0.4	2	0.7-1	48	31-34	0.84	0.262% 200 cycles	[S6]
SnO ₂ /rGO	0.15	20	2.87	55	52	1.67	~0.133% 200 cycles	[S7]
Fe ₃ O ₄ @Graphene	0.478	30	0.6-0.9	60	33-39	1.67	0.024% 500 cycles	[S8]
MoO ₃ @CNT	0.577	30	1	60	38	0.5	0.190% 200 cycles	[S9]
Li ₆ La ₃ Ta _{1.5} Y _{0.5} O ₁₂ /Graphene	0.8	~11	1.8	60	42	0.84	0.095% 200 cycles	[S10]
TiO ₂ @carbon nanofibers	1.6	30	3	49	32	0.34	0.126% 300 cycles	[S11]
CNT@TiO ₂	0.7	12	1.7	60	43	1.67	0.056% 1000 cycles	[S12]
B-rGO	0.2-0.3	25	1.45-1.56	56	46-50	0.167	0.1532% 300 cycles	[S13]
This work ^d	0.2	3	1.8	56	51	1.67	0.040% 1000 cycles	/

(a) the S contents of the sulfur composite cathodes, (b) the S contents of the sulfur composite cathodes after decorated with the barrier modified separator, (c) 1.67 A g⁻¹ = 1 C, (d) EB-PP.

Reference

- [S1] G. Zhou, L. Li, D. Wang, X. Shan, S. Pei, F. Li and H. Cheng, *Adv. Mater.*, 2015, **27**, 641-647.
- [S2] M. Shaibani, A. Akbari, P. Sheath, C. Easton, P. Banerjee, K. Konostas, A. Fakhfour, M. Barghamadi, M. Musameh, A. Best, T. Ruther, P. Mahon, M. Hill, A. Hollenkamp and M. Majumder, *ACS Nano*, 2016, **10**, 7768-7779.
- [S3] J. Balach, T. Jaumann, M. Klose, S. Oswald, J. Eckert and G. Lars, *Adv. Funct. Mater.*, 2015, **25**, 5285–5291.
- [S4] Y. Zhao, M. Liu, W. Lv, Y.-B. He, C. Wang, Q. Yun, B. Li, F. Kang and Q.-H. Yang, *Nano Energy*, 2016, **30**, 1-8.
- [S5] H. Peng, Z. Zhang, J. Huang, G. Zhang, J. Xie, W. Xu, J. Shi, X. Chen, X. Cheng and Q. Zhang, *Adv. Mater.*, 2016, **28**, 9551-9558.
- [S6] Y. Dong, S. Zheng, J. Qin, X. Zhao, H. Shi, X. Wang, J. Chen and Z. Wu, *ACS Nano*, 2018, **12**, 2381-2388.
- [S7] N. Hu, X. Lv, Y. Dai, L. Fan, D. Xiong and X. Li, *ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces*, 2018, **10**, 18665-18674.
- [S8] Y. Liu, X. Qin, S. Zhang, G. Liang, F. Kang, G. Chen and B. Li, *ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces*, 2018, **10**, 26264-26273.
- [S9] L. Luo, X. Qin, J. Wu, G. Liang, Q. Li, M. Liu, F. Kang, G. Chen and B. Li, *J. Mater. Chem. A*, 2018, **6**, 8612–8619.
- [S10] P. Kim, S. Narayanan, J. Xue, V. Thangadurai and V. Pol, *ACS Appl. Energy Mater.*, 2018, **1**, 3733–3741.
- [S11] T. Zhao, Y. Ye, C. Lao, G. Divitini, P. Coxon, X. Peng, X. He, H. Kim, K. Xi, C. Ducati, R. Chen, Y. Liu, S. Ramakrishna and R.V. Kumar, *Small*, 2017, **13**, 1700357.
- [S12] L. Yang, G. Li, X. Jiang, T. Zhang, H. Lin and J. Lee, *J. Mater. Chem. A*, 2017, **5**, 12506–12512.
- [S13] F. Wu, J. Qian, R. Chen, Y. Ye, Z. Sun, Y. Xing and L. Li, *J. Mater. Chem. A*, 2016, **4**, 17033–17041.