Supporting information

Pyrazinyl-functionalized Zr(IV)-MOF for ultrasensitive detection of tyrosine/TNP and efficient CO₂/N₂ separation

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X-ray data collection

The crystallographic data of **HBU-18** was collected by a Bruker SMART APEX CCD diffractometer using graphite-monochromated Mo-K α radiation ($\lambda = 0.71073$ Å). Data integrating and scaling were conducted by SAINT and SADABS programs. The structure was solved by the direct method (SHELX-2017).^{S1} PLANTION SQUEEZE program was used to remove free solvent molecules. The molecular formula was corrected based on element and thermogravimetric analysis. Crystallographic data was displayed in Table S1 and S2. The CCDC reference number for **HBU-18** is 1919374.

	HBU-18	After treated by	After treated by
		acid (pH= 1)	base (pH= 11)
Empirical Formula	$C_{32}H_{24}N_2O_{16}Zr_3$		
Formula weight	966.13		
Crystal system	Tetragonal	Tetragonal	Tetragonal
Space group	<i>I4</i> (1)/ <i>amd</i>		
a (Å)	15.1821(7)	15.14	15.16
<i>b</i> (Å)	15.1821(7)	15.14	15.16
<i>c</i> (Å)	60.416(6)	60.47	60.76
α(°)	90	90	90
$\beta(\degree)$	90	90	90
γ(°)	90	90	90
Volume (Å ³)	13925.7(19)	13861	13962
Ζ	8		
Dcalc (g cm ⁻³)	0.914		
μ (mm ⁻¹)	0.480		
F(000)	3760		
$R_1^a / wR_2^b[I > 2sigma(I)]$	0.0778/0.2542		
$R_1^a / w R_2^b$ (all data)	0.1424/0.2898		
GOF on F^2	1.002		

Table S1. Crystal data and structure refinements for HBU-18.

 ${}^{a}R_{1} = \Sigma(||F_{0}| - |F_{C}||) / \Sigma|F_{0}|, \ {}^{b}wR_{2} = [\Sigma w(|F_{0}|^{2} - |F_{C}|^{2})^{2} / \Sigma w(F_{0}^{2})]^{1/2}.$

Table S2. Selected bond distances (Å) a	and bond angles (°) in HBU-18.
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Zr(1)-O(3)	2.075(4)	Zr(1)-O(1W)	2.221(8)
Zr(1)-O(4)	2.242(4)	Zr(1)-O(1)	2.245(6)
Zr(2)-O(3)	2.044(7)	Zr(2)-O(2)	2.208(5)
Zr(2)-O(4)	2.324(8)		
O(3) ^{#1} -Zr(1)-O(3)	91.5(4)	O(3)#1-Zr(1)-O(1W)	144.8(2)
O(3)-Zr(1)-O(1W)	95.1(3)	O(1W)-Zr(1)-O(1W) ^{#2}	99.1(5)
O(3) ^{#1} -Zr(1)-O(4)	69.9(2)	O(3)-Zr(1)-O(4)	72.0(3)
O(1W)-Zr(1)-O(4)	144.7(2)	O(1W) ^{#2} -Zr(1)-O(4)	78.0(3)
O(4)-Zr(1)-O(4) ^{#3}	124.1(4)	O(3)-Zr(1)-O(1) ^{#2}	142.9(2)
O(4)-Zr(1)-O(1) ^{#2}	134.3(3)	O(3)-Zr(1)-O(1)	79.1(3)
O(1W)-Zr(1)-O(1)	72.2(3)	O(1W) ^{#2} -Zr(1)-O(1)	74.9(3)
O(4)-Zr(1)-O(1)	73.1(2)	O(1) ^{#2} -Zr(1)-O(1)	128.3(3)
O(3)-Zr(2)-O(3) ^{#4}	92.8(4)	O(3)-Zr(2)-O(2)	84.8(2)
O(3) ^{#4} -Zr(2)-O(2)	143.11(17)	O(2)-Zr(2)-O(2) ^{#4}	118.2(3)
O(2)-Zr(2)-O(2) ^{#5}	73.5(3)	O(2)-Zr(2)-O(2) ^{#6}	75.9(3)
O(2)-Zr(2)-O(4) ^{#4}	140.43(16)	O(3)-Zr(2)-O(4)	70.79(14)
O(2)-Zr(2)-O(4)	73.7(2)	O(4)#4-Zr(2)-O(4)	123.0(4)

Symmetry codes: #1 y+3/4, -x+5/4, -z+3/4; #2 y+3/4, x-3/4, -z+3/4; #3 -y+5/4, x-3/4, -z+3/4; #4 -x+2, -y+1/2, z; #5 -x+2, y, z; #6 x, -y+1/2, z.

Detection limit (LOD) calculation

For calculating detection limit, TNP (10⁻⁴ M, stock solution) was added to probe (guest-free) (0.20 mg·mL⁻¹) and fluorescent intensities were recorded. By plotting fluorescence intensity (I₀-I) with increasing concentration of nitro-explosives (mM), slope (*m*) was calculated from the graph. Standard deviation (σ) was calculated from four blank measurements of the probe. Detection limit is calculated based on the formula: (3 σ /*m*).

Blank readings	Fluorescence intensity		
1-4	1065509.3, 1066326.0, 1066635.7, 1067099.9		
5-8	1067288.1, 1067322.3, 1067618.9, 1067764.7		
Standard deviation (σ)	751.2		
Slope (m) (FigS6 / S10)	23960.9 (Tyr) / 368303 (TNP)		
Detection limit $(3\sigma/m)$	94 nM (Tyr) / 6.2 nM (TNP)		

Table S3. The calculated limit of detection (LOD) for Tyr and TNP.

Analytes	H_4L	Ser	Tyr	Gly	Trp	Val	Phe
LUMO / eV	-2.87	0.147	-0.017	0.214	-0.35	0.212	-0.085
HOMO / eV	-6.68	-6.49	-5.75	-6.61	-5.49	-6.64	-6.51
Analytes	Pro	Ala	Thr	Met	Leu	Ile	His
LUMO / eV	0.135	0.14	-0.29	-0.097	0.102	0.145	0.16
HOMO / eV	-6.36	-6.46	-6.58	-5.86	-6.68	-6.47	-5.80
Analytes	Lys	Glu	Cys	Asp	Gln	Asn	Arg
LUMO / eV	0.130	-0.134	-0.065	-0.0027	0.020	-0.007	-0.064
HOMO / eV	-6.17	-6.64	-6.88	-6.37	-6.46	-6.42	-5.68

Table S4. LUMO and HOMO energies of H_4L and different amino acids.

 Table S5. A summary of the MOFs for sensing of TNP.

MOF	$K_{\rm SV}({ m M}^{-1})$	LOD (M)	Medium	Ref.
$Zn_2(H_2L)_2(Bpy)_2(H_2O)_3 \cdot H_2O$	1.36×10^4	4.9×10^{-7}	H ₂ O	S2
$\{[Cd_{1.5}(TPO)(bipy)_{1.5}] \cdot 3H_2O\}_{2n}$	$2.4 imes 10^5$	$6.5 imes 10^{-8}$	H ₂ O	17
[Tb(1,3,5-BTC)]	3.41×10^4	$8.1 imes 10^{-8}$	EtOH	S3
Zr ₆ O ₄ (OH) ₄ (L) ₆ (UiO-67@N)	$2.9 imes 10^4$	_	$\mathrm{H}_{2}\mathrm{O}$	S4
$[Zr_6O_4(OH)_4(BTDB)_6] \cdot 8H_2O \cdot$	$2.49 imes 10^4$	1.63×10^{-6}	MeOH	S5
$Zr_6O_4(OH)_4(L)_6$	$2.9 imes 10^4$	$2.6 imes 10^{-6}$	H ₂ O	S6
BUT-13	5.1×10^5	$4.37\times10^{\text{-8}}$	$\mathrm{H}_{2}\mathrm{O}$	S7
HBU-18	2.46 × 10 ⁷	6.2 × 10 ⁻⁹	H ₂ O	This work

Table S6. CO₂ uptakes of different MOFs.

MOFs	298 K (cm ³ ·g ⁻¹)	Ref.
JUC-MOF57	15	S8
Cu-Sp5	24.8	S9
$[Cd_2(tdz)_2(4,4'-bpy)_2] \cdot 6.5H_2O$	29.12	S10
HBU-18	30.58	This work
$[Zr_6O_4(OH)_8(H_2O)_4(BTEB)_2$	42	31
[Zn ₂ (TCA)(BIB) _{2.5}]·(NO ₃)	48.4	S11
Cd-PTC	58	S12
[ZnLi(PTCA)]	60.9	S13

MOFs	Q _{st} (kJ/mol)	Ref.
UMCM-1	11.9	S14
MOF-5	16.5	S15
NU 1000	17	S16
SIFSIX-2-Cu	21	S17
IITKGP-5	22.6	S18
IITKGP-6	23	S19
ZTF-1	25.4	S20
Cu-TPBTM	26	S21
SIFSIX-1-Cu	27	S17
PCN-88	27	S22
HBU-18	27.89	This work
$[Co_2Cl_2(bbta)]$	28	S23
[Cu(bcppm)H ₂ O]	29	S24
[Cu(Me-4pytrz-ia)]	30	S25
$\{[Co_2(4,4-bpy)(L)] \cdot H_2O \cdot 0.5(DMF)\}_n$	31.09	S26
ZnPC-2	32	S27
$[Cu_2(L)(H_2O)_2]$	36.4	S28

Table S7. Q_{st} values of CO₂ adsorption for some reported MOFs.

 $\label{eq:constraint} \textbf{Table S8}. \ Adsorption \ capacities \ of \ N_2 \ and \ CO_2.$

	HBU-18	HBU-18 treated by	HBU-18 treated by base
		acid (pH = 1) for 24 h	(pH = 11) for 24 h
273 k N ₂ uptakes / cm ³ /g	6.67	5.02	4.62
273 k CO ₂ uptakes / cm^3/g	49.17	65.97	64.60
298 k N_2 uptakes / cm ³ /g	2.71	3.82	3.71
298 k CO_2 uptakes / cm ³ /g	30.58	38.95	37.69

MOFs	CO ₂ /N ₂	Ref.
SIFSIX-2-Cu	13.7	S29
Cu-BTTri	21	S30
JUC-141	27.6	S31
TIFSIX-1-Cu	30	S32
HBU-18	41.79	This work
ZIF-78	50.1 / 296K	S33
Cu-TDPAT	57.8/296K	S34
USTA-85a	62.5 / 296K	S35
Bio-MOF-11	79.5/296K	S34

Table S9. Adsorption selectivity of reported MOFs for CO_2/N_2 (15:85) at 298 K.



Fig. S1 (a) PXRD patterns of HBU-18; (b) PXRD patterns of HBU-18 after immersed in aqueous solution for 24 h.



Fig. S2 TG curve of HBU-18



Fig. S3 Fluorescence spectra of H_4L and HBU-18 in the solid state.



Fig. S4 Fluorescence quantum yield of H_4L (a) and HBU-18 (b) in aqueous solution.



Fig. S5 Stern-Volmer (SV) plot of Tyr.



Fig. S6 Linear fitting between I_0 -I and the concentration of Tyr.



Fig. S7 PXRD patterns of HBU-18 before and after immersed in the solution of Tyr (10⁻⁴ M).



Fig. S8 UV-vis spectra of amino acids and emission spectrum of HBU-18.



Fig. S9 a-PET and d-PET quenching process.



Fig. S10 Fluorescence detection of Tyr after HBU-18 immersed in acidic solution (pH = 1).



Fig. S11. Fluorescence detection of Tyr after HBU-18 immersed in basic solution (pH = 11).



Fig. S12 Stern-Volmer (SV) curve after sensing of TNP.



Fig. S13 Linear fitting between I₀-I and the concentration of TNP.



Fig. S14. PXRD patterns of HBU-18 before and after immersed in the solution of TNP (10⁻⁵ M).



Fig. S15. LUMO and HOMO energy levels of H₄L ligand and analytes.



Fig. S16. UV-vis spectra of analytes and fluorescence spectrum of HBU-18.



Fig. S17. Fluorescence detection of TNP after HBU-18 immersed in acidic solution (pH = 1).



Fig. S18. Fluorescence detection of TNP after HBU-18 immersed in basic solution (pH = 11).



Fig. S19. N₂ adsorption-desorption isotherms of HBU-18.

Calculation of sorption heat for CO₂ uptake using Virial 2 model

$$lnP = lnN + 1/T \sum_{i=0}^{m} aiN^{i} + \sum_{i=0}^{n} biN^{i}$$

$$Q_{st} = -R \sum_{i=0}^{m} ai N^{i}$$

The above equation was applied to fit the combined CO_2 isotherm data for desolvated **HBU-18** at 273 and 298 K, where *P* is the pressure, *N* is the adsorbed amount, *T* is the temperature, *ai* and *bi* are virial coefficients, and *m* and *n* are the number of coefficients used to describe the isotherms. Q_{st} is the coverage-dependent enthalpy of adsorption and *R* is the universal gas constant.



Fig. S20. CO₂ adsorption isotherms of HBU-18 at 273 and 293 K fitted using the virial equation.



Fig. S21. Isosteric heat of $CO_2(Q_{st})$ for HBU-18.



Fig. S22. CO_2 and N_2 adsorption isotherms at 298 K and 273 K: (a) activated by acid (pH = 1); (b) activated by base (pH = 11).

Calculation of CO₂/N₂ Selectivity (IAST Selectivity):

Adsorption isotherms and gas selectivities of mixed CO_2/N_2 (5:95, 15:85, 25:75, 50:50) at different temperatures were calculated based on the ideal adsorbed solution theory (IAST) proposed. In order to calculate the selective sorption performance of **HBU-18** toward the separation of binary mixed gases, the parameters fitted from the single component CO_2 and N_2 adsorption isotherms based on the single-site Langmuir–Freundlich (SSLF) model and were used in the IAST calculations as given below in detail.

$$y = \frac{q * b * x^{1/t}}{1 + q * b * x^{1/t}}$$

Where x is the pressure of the bulk gas at equilibrium with the adsorbed phase (kPa); y is the adsorbed amount per mass of adsorbent (mmol/g), q is the saturation capacities of site 1 (mmol/g); b is the affinity coefficients of site 1 (1/kPa), t represent the deviations from an ideal homogeneous surface.

The predicted adsorption selectivity is defined as

S = (x1/y1)/(x2/y2)

here *xi* and *yi* are the mole fractions of component i (i = 1, 2) in the adsorbed and bulk phases, respectively. The IAST calculations were carried out for a binary mixture containing 15% CO₂ (y1) and 85% N₂ (y2), which is typical of flue gases.



Fig S23. Single-site Langmuir-Freundlich fitting (red line) for CO₂ and N₂ (blue circle) isotherms.



Fig. S24. PXRD patterns of HBU-18 before and after gas adsorption.

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