Supporting Information

Cavitand templated catalysis of acetylcholine

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I Preparation of the chloride salt of TCh

Triethylcholine iodide (TCI America) was dissolved in water, filtrated over a short column of Amberlyst[®] A-26(OH). It was neutralized with HCl_{aq} (pH 7) and the solution was lyophilized to dryness. **TCh⁺Cl⁻** was obtained as a white solid and used without further purification.

II Kinetic study of the esterfication reactions

II-1 General Information

All reagents were obtained from commercial suppliers and used without further purification. TCh was prepared as described above. The synthesis of the salen-cavitand (1), the Zn-salen-cavitand (Zn-1), Zn-salen-wall (Zn-2) has been described elsewhere.¹ Dmso-d₆ used for the kinetic experiments was obtained from Cambridge Isotope Laboratories, Inc.

Kinetic experiments were performed in a NMR tube (V=600ul) on a Varian/Mercury+ 300MHz spectrometer.

The T1 value was determined for all participating molecules. The longest T1 was found for acetic acid. Therefore the parameters for data acquisition of the kinetic experiments were set as follows: d1=15sec (>5 times T1), nt=8, ss=4.

II-2. Kinetic experiments

The substrate (**Ch**, **TCh**) (50mM) and the catalyst (1mM) were added to d_6 -dmso. The solution was mixted and the reaction was initiated after 20min by adding acetic anhydride (4) (50mM). The reaction volume was 600µl. At definite times, ¹H-NMR spectra were acquired. The reaction was performed at T=25±2°C. The esterfication reactions were also performed at lower concentrations with the anhydrides 4-6: Substrate (**Ch**, **TCh**) (5mM), catalyst (0.1mM), anhydride (4-6) (5mM) (see II-3).

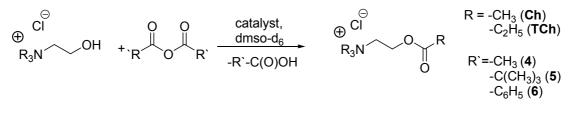
The relative conversion of the esterfication was calculated from the integrals at 4.4ppm of the product (ACh or ATCh) and 3.7ppm of the educt Ch and TCh (see II-4: representative ¹H-NMR spectra): $rel.conv. = \int 3b/(\int 3 + \int 3b)$. An example is given below. The k_{ob} was estimated by the initial rate method. The error limit calculated from different

Example (entry 6; table 1)

experiments was 20%.

	III_20_2 (zn-sal- wall+choline)							
time/min								
	choline (3)	acetcholin (3b)	rel. conv.					
27	1,56	0,06	0,03703704					
102	0,98	0,55	0,35947712					
490	0,29	0,75	0,72115385					
1590	0,23	1	0,81300813					

II-3. Esterfication at lower concentrations with the anhydrides 4-6

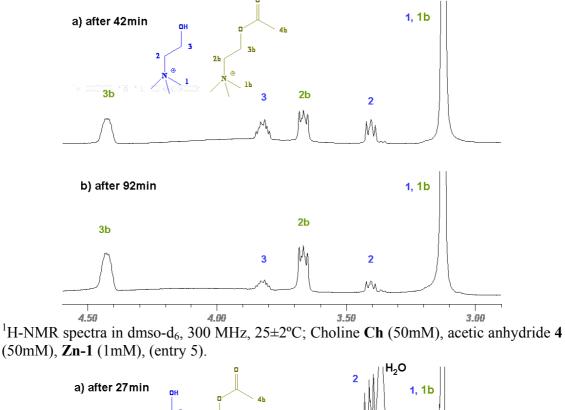


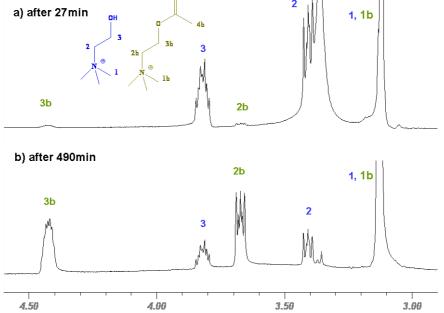
er	ntry	cat	anhydride	substrate		k _{ob} /k
					\min^{-1})	uncat
16	5	Zn-1	4	Ch	9	90
17	7	Zn-2	4	Ch	1	10
18	3	Zn-1	5	Ch	0.6	n.d.
19)	Zn-2	5	Ch	0.08	n.d.
20)	Zn-1	6	Ch	1	n.d
2	1	Zn-2	6	Ch	0.5	n.d.

Conditions: **Ch** (5mM), anhydride **4-6** (5mM), cat (2mol%); dmso-d₆, 25±2°C. Detection method: ¹H-NMR; n.d. not determined.

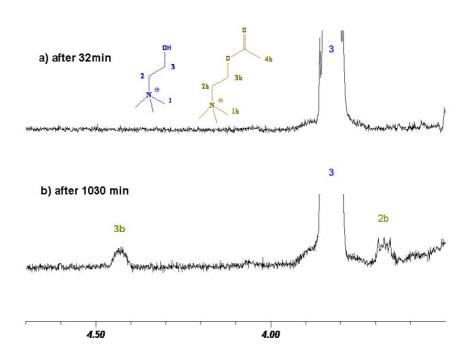
II-4. Representative ¹H-NMR of the reaction solutions

Representative ¹H-NMR spectra of reaction solutions at definite times are shown.

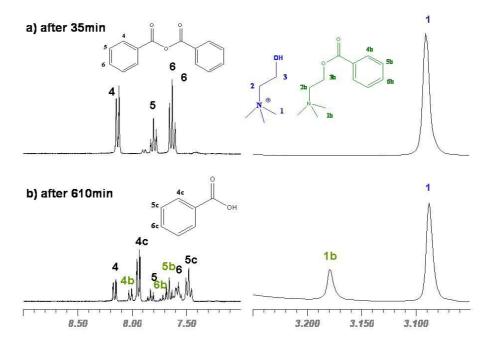




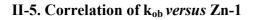
¹H-NMR spectra in dmso-d₆, 300 MHz, 25±2°C; Choline **Ch** (50mM), acetic anhydride **4** (50mM), Zn-salen-wall **Zn-2** (1mM), (entry 6).

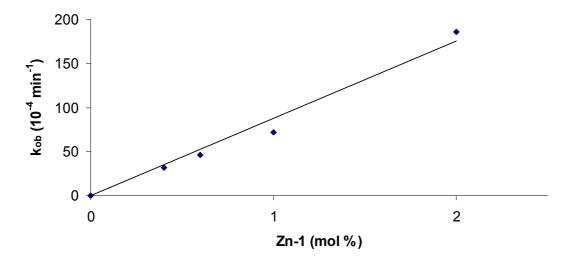


¹H-NMR spectra in dmso-d₆, 300 MHz, 25±2°C; Choline **Ch** (50mM), acetic anhydride **4** (50mM), no catalyst, (entry 1).



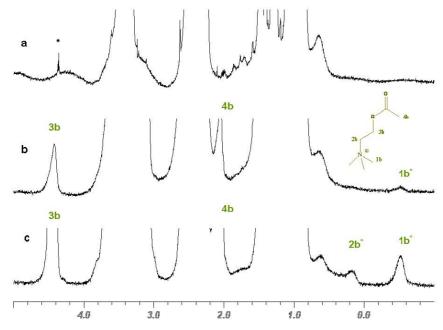
¹H-NMR spectra in dmso-d₆, 300 MHz, $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C; Choline Ch (5mM), Benzoic acid anhydride 6 (5mM), Zn-1 (0.1mM), (II-3; entry 20)



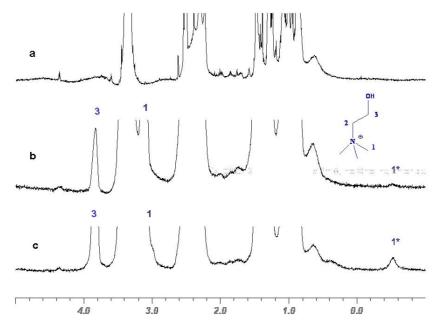


A linear correlation of the relative reaction constant k_{ob} from the catalyst concentration **Zn-1** was observed (adapted from entries 1-5).

III ¹H-NMR study of the ACh@Zn-1 and Ch@Zn-1 inclusion complex



¹H-NMR study of the inclusion complex of ACh@Zn-1 (600MHz, d₆-dmso, 300K) a) guest free cavitand Zn-1 (2mM); b) inclusion complex ACh@Zn-1 with 1.2 eq. of ACh; c) same as b) with 8 eq. of ACh; * = impurity.



¹H-NMR study of the inclusion complex of Ch@Zn-1 (600MHz, d₆-dmso, 300K) a) guest free cavitand Zn-1 (2mM); b) inclusion complex Ch@Zn-1 with 1.2 eq. of Ch; c) same as b) with 8 eq. of Ch.

¹ Richeter, S.; Rebek, J., Jr. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2004, 126, 16280-16281.