Cyclic and polycyclic tellurium tin and tellurium lead compounds – species between molecules and the solid phase**

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Supplementary information

Experimental Details

All manipulations were performed under rigorous exclusion of oxygen and moisture using a Schlenk line and argon atmosphere. Solvents were dried and freshly distilled before use. The starting materials were prepared according to literature: $tBu_2PhSiTeNa(thf)_2$,^[I] (Me₃Si)₃SiTeSiMe₃^[II] and (Me₃Si)₃CPbCl^[III]. NMR spectra were recorded using a "*Bruker Avance III* (500 MHz)" spectrometer and were referenced internally to the deuterated solvent. C₆D₆ was dried over Na/benzophenone. EI-MS spectra were recorded on a "*Varian MAT 3830* (70 eV)".

*t*Bu₂PhSiTeSiMe₃ (1):

At room temperature, Me₃SiCl (14.1 mmol; 1.8 ml) was added to a suspension of $tBu_2PhSiTeNa(thf)_2$ (8.28 mmol; 4.26 g) in 200 ml *n*heptane. After stirring for additional 16 h, the solvent was removed under vacuum. The residue was suspended in 50 ml *n*pentane, and the precipitated NaCl was subsequently removed by centrifugation. After removal of the solvent, **1** was obtained as green oil (3.18 g; 91%). ¹H NMR (C₆D₆): δ = 0.35 [s, SiCH₃, 9H], 1.26 [s, C(CH₃)₃, 18H], 7.06-7.11 [m, ortho + para Ph, 3H], 7.94-7.97 [m, meta Ph, 2H]; ¹³C{¹H} NMR (C₆D₆): δ = 5.6 [s, SiCH₃], 22.8 [s, C(CH₃)], 30.3 [s, CH₃], 127.7 [s, Ph], 129.6 [s, Ph], 134.8 [s, Ph], 137.7 [s, Ph]; ²⁹Si{¹H} NMR (C₆D₆): δ = -5.6 [s, *Si*Me₃], 30.9 [s, *Sit*Bu₂Ph]; ¹²⁵Te NMR (C₆D₆): -998.3 [s]; MS (EI, 70 eV) m/z (%): 348.8 [M⁺ - SiMe₃] (8), 73.1 [SiMe₃⁺] (100); IR (KBr): v = 484 (vs), 574 (s), 622 (s), 701 (s), 737 (s), 751 (m), 814 (vs), 840 (vs), 935 (m), 1010 (s), 1097 (vs), 1193 (m), 1247 (vs), 1364 (s), 1388 (s), 1427 (vs), 1471 (vs), 1820 (vw), 1888 (vw), 1956 (vw), 2859 (vs), 2888 (vs), 2953 (vs), 3046 (m), 3068 (m).

[(*t*Bu₂PhSiTe)₄Sn₂] (2):

A solution of *t*Bu₂PhSiTeSiMe₃ (1 mmol; 3.3 ml; 0.3 M in Et₂O) was added to a solution of SnCl₂ (0.5 mmol; 0.095 g) in 15 ml Et₂O at -74°C. The yellow solution was allowed to warm up to room temperature and was stirred for additional 30 min. The solvent was removed under vacuum, and the residual solid was dissolved in 5 ml of toluene. After 2 days, yellow rods could be obtained at -35°C. Yield: 162 mg (40%). Elemental analysis: calc. for Te₄Sn₂Si₄C₅₆H₉₂: C 41.38%, H 5.70%; found: C 41.36%, H 5.80%. ¹H NMR (C₆D₆): δ = 1.29 [s, CH₃, 18H], 7.11 [t, para Ph, ³J_{H,H} = 7.2 Hz, 1H], 7.17 [t, meta Ph, ³J_{H,H} = 7.2 Hz, 2H], 8.01 [d, ortho Ph, ³J_{H,H} = 7.2 Hz, 2H]; ¹³C{¹H} NMR (C₆D₆): δ = 23.9 [s, C(CH₃)₃], 30.6 [s, C(CH₃)₃], 128.3 [s, Ph], 129.4 [s, Ph], 136.2 [s, Ph], 137.3 [s, Ph]; ²⁹Si{¹H} NMR (C₆D₆): δ = 34.7 [s]; ¹²⁵Te{¹H} NMR (C₆D₆): δ = -715.0 [s]; IR (KBr): v = 455 (s), 470 (vs), 484 (vs), 573 (m), 614 (m), 700 (s), 741 (m), 816 (s), 933 (w), 1010 (m), 1095 (vs), 1176 (w), 1195 (w), 1262 (w), 1363 (w), 1384 (w), 1425 (s), 1468 (m), 1816 (vw, Ph), 1882 (vw, Ph), 1950 (vw, Ph), 2855 (s), 2888 (m), 2928 (vs), 2964 (s), 3068 (w).

[(*t*Bu₂PhSiTe)₄Pb₂] (3):

A solution of $tBu_2PhSiTeSiMe_3$ (1 mmol; 3.3 ml; 0.3 M in Et₂O) was added to a suspension of PbCl₂ (0.5 mmol; 0.139 g) in 15 ml Et₂O at -74°C. The yellow solution was allowed to warm up to room temperature and was stirred for additional 30 min. The solvent was concentrated to 6 ml, and after 2 days, orange rods could be obtained at - 35°C. Yield: 85 mg (19%). Elemental analysis: calc. for Te₄Pb₂Si₄C₅₆H₉₂: C 37.32%, H 5.14%; found: C 37.71%, H 5.56%. ¹H NMR (C₆D₆): δ = 1.26 [s, CH₃, 18H], 7.12 [t, para Ph, ³J_{H,H} = 7.2 Hz, 1H], 7.20 [t, meta Ph, ³J_{H,H} = 7.2 Hz, 2H]; ¹³C{¹H} NMR (C₆D₆): δ =23.9 [s, C(CH₃)₃], 30.6 [s, C(CH₃)₃], 128.3 [s, Ph], 129.4 [s, Ph], 136.1 [s, Ph], 137.2 [s, Ph]; ²⁹Si{¹H} NMR (C₆D₆): δ = 25.7 [s]; IR (KBr): v = 456 (s), 473 (vs), 572 (m), 613 (m), 701 (s), 740 (m), 815 (vs), 1010 (s), 1094 (vs), 1262 (s), 1362 (m), 1385 (m), 1426 (s), 1468 (m), 1887 (vw), 1953 (vw), 2031 (vw), 2342 (w), 2856 (s), 2884 (m), 2929 (s), 3071 (w).

[tBu₂PhSiTePbC(SiMe₃)₃]₂ (4):

A solution of $tBu_2PhSiTeSiMe_3$ (0.8 mmol; 3.0 ml; 0.3 M in Et₂O) was added to a suspension of (Me₃Si)₃CPbCl (0.8 mmol; 0.379 g) in 15 ml Et₂O at -74°C. The red solution was allowed to warm up to room temperature and was stirred for additional 30 min. The dark precipitate was removed by filtration, and the solvent was concentrated to 6ml. At -35°C, red rods of **4** were obtained. Yield: 301 mg (48%). Elemental analysis: calc. for Te₂Pb₂Si₈C₄₈H₁₀₀: C 36.68%, H 6.41%; found: C 36.98%, H 6.13%. Because of the instability of compound **4** in solution no satisfying NMR spectra could be obtained. IR (KBr): v = 453 (m), 481 (s), 542 (m), 572 (m), 614 (m), 647 (m), 672 (m), 701 (m), 736 (m), 856 (vs), 1008 (m), 1096 (m), 1251 (m), 1362 (w), 1386 (w), 1426 (w), 1492 (w), 2856 (m), 2890 (m), 2931 (m), 3070(vw).

[{(Me₃Si)₃SiTe}₄Te₂Sn₄] (5):

A solution of $(Me_3Si)_3SiTeSiMe_3$ (1 mmol; 5 ml; 0.2 M in Et₂O) was added to a solution of SnCl₂ (0.5 mmol; 0.095 g) in 10 ml Et₂O at -74°C. The yellow solution was allowed to warm up to room temperature and was stirred for additional 30 min. The solvent was concentrated to 4 ml, and after 5 days, red crystals could be obtained at -35°C. Yield: 70 mg (19%). Elemental analysis: calc. for Te₆Sn₄Si₁₆C₃₆H₁₀₈: C 19.38%, H 4.88%; found C 19.37%, H 4.89%. ¹H NMR (C₆D₆): δ = 0.42 [s, CH₃, 27H]; ¹³C{¹H} NMR (C₆D₆): δ = 2.47 [s]; ²⁹Si{¹H} NMR (C₆D₆): δ = -92.3 [s, broad], -9.6 [s]; MS (EI, 70 eV) m/z (%): 750.1 [*hyp*₂Te₂⁺] (13), 375.1 [*hyp*Te⁺] (100), 303.1 [*hyp*Te⁺ - Me] (23), 73 [Me₃Si⁺] (100); IR (KBr): v = 621 (m), 689 (m) 834 (vs), 856 (m) 1019 (w), 1098 (w), 1243 (m), 1258 (w), 1393 (w), 2885 (w), 2946 (m).



Thermogravimetric analysis under helium gas flow

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Temperature dependent ¹H NMR investigations of compound 2



X-ray data of the compounds 2-5

Compound 2:		
Empirical formula	C56 H92 Si4 Sn2 Te4	
Formula weight	1625.44	
Temperature	180(2) K	
Wavelength	0.71073 A	
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, P2(1)/c	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 29.684(3) Å b = 8.3463(5) Å c = 30.084(3) Å	alpha = 90 deg. beta = 118.768(6) deg. gamma = 90 deg.
Volume	6533.5(9) Å ³	
Z, Calculated density	4, 1.652 g/m ³	
Absorption coefficient	2.620 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	3168	
Crystal size	0.449 x 0.029 x 0.024 mm	
Theta range for data collection	1.54 to 22.73 deg.	
Limiting indices	-32<=h<=31, -9<=k<=8, -32<=l<=32	
Reflections collected / unique	24640 / 8634 [R(int) = 0.1726]	
Completeness to theta = 22.73	98.3 %	
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents	
Max. and min. transmission	0.6244 and 0.5677	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	
Data / restraints / parameters	8634 / 96 / 595	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	0.815	
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0716, wR2 = 0.0895	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.1948, wR2 = 0.1230	
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.665 and -0.731 e·Å ⁻³	

Compound 3		
Empirical formula	$C_{56}H_{92}Pb_2Si_4Te_4$	
Formula weight	1802.44	
Temperature	180(2) K	
Wavelength	0.71073 A	
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, C2/c	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 25.621(7) Å b = 8.1720(16) Å c = 31.760(6) Å	alpha = 90 deg. beta = 90.06(3) deg. gamma = 90 deg.
Volume	6650(3) Å ³	
Z, Calculated density	4, 1.800 g/cm ³	
Absorption coefficient	6.880 mm⁻¹	
F(000)	3424	
Crystal size	0.4520 x 0.1180 x 0.0420 mm	
Theta range for data collection	1.28 to 25.63 deg.	
Limiting indices	-31<=h<=30, -9<=k<=6, -38<=l<=36	
Reflections collected / unique	14149 / 5785 [R(int) = 0.0503]	
Completeness to theta = 25.63	92.1 %	
Absorption correction	Integration	
Max. and min. transmission	0.7080 and 0.1960	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	
Data / restraints / parameters	5785 / 0 / 310	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	0.974	
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0275, wR2 = 0.0673	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0344, wR2 = 0.0694	
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.610 and -1.652 e·Å ⁻³	

Compound 4		
Empirical formula	$C_{48}H_{100}Pb_2Si_8Te_2$	
Formula weight	1571.58	
Temperature	180(2) K	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, P2(1)/n	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 13.762(6) Å b = 19.778(7) Å c = 25.104(13) Å	alpha = 90 deg. beta = 103.36(4) deg. gamma = 90 deg.
Volume	6648(5) Å ³	
Z, Calculated density	4, 1.570 g/cm ³	
Absorption coefficient	6.090 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	3072	
Crystal size	0.1430 x 0.1230 x 0.0350 mm	
Theta range for data collection	1.32 to 26.79 deg.	
Limiting indices	-17<=h<=17, -24<=k<=24, -27<=l<=31	
Reflections collected / unique	41516 / 14056 [R(int) = 0.0931]	
Completeness to theta = 26.79	99.0 %	
Absorption correction	Integration	
Max. and min. transmission	0.8502 and 0.4408	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	
Data / restraints / parameters	14056 / 0 / 573	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	0.953	
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0689, wR2 = 0.1458	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.1312, wR2 = 0.1732	
Largest diff. peak and hole	2.439 and -2.438 e·Å ⁻³	

Compound 5		
Empirical formula	$C_{36}H_{108}Si_{16}Sn_4Te_6$	
Formula weight	2231.02	
Temperature	180(2) K	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, P2(1)/n	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 9.5474(19) Å b = 26.049(5) Å c = 17.285(4) Å	alpha = 90 deg. beta = 91.70(3) deg. gamma = 90 deg.
Volume	4297.0(15) Å ³	
Z, Calculated density	2, 1.724 g/cm ³	
Absorption coefficient	3.390 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	2120	
Crystal size	0.281 x 0.092 x 0.030 mm	
Theta range for data collection	2.41 to 25.62 deg.	
Limiting indices	-10<=h<=11, -31<=k<=31, -20<=l<=17	
Reflections collected / unique	19869 / 7752 [R(int) = 0.0696]	
Completeness to theta = 25.62	95.6 %	
Absorption correction	Integration	
Max. and min. transmission	0.9040 and 0.6503	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	
Data / restraints / parameters	7752 / 0 / 280	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.052	
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0411, wR2 = 0.0939	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0540, wR2 = 0.0988	
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.780 and -1.328 e·Å ⁻³	

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