Electronic Supplementary Information

Ligand exchange in quaternary alloyed nanocrystals – a spectroscopic study

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Experimental

Synthesis of copper(II) oleate¹

Copper(II) oleate was prepared by reacting $CuCl_2$ with sodium oleate. Sodium oleate (80 mmol, 29.7 g) and $CuCl_2 \times 2H_2O$ (40 mmol, 6.9 g) were dissolved in a mixed solvent composed of 80 mL of ethanol, 60 mL of water and 140 mL of hexane. The mixture was heated to 70 °C and then kept at this temperature for four hours. The organic layer containing the desired product was washed three times with 30 mL of water in a separatory funnel. After washing, hexane layer was evaporated and the resulting product (copper(II) oleate) was recovered in a form of a green waxy solid.





Figure S1. X-ray diffractogram of alloyed Cu-In-Zn-S quaternary nanocrystals obtained from reaction mixtures of Cu/In/Zn/DDT ratio = 1/13/20/21 (batch 1); 1/13/25/50 (batch 2) and 1/38/56/116 (batch 3). For comparison purposes, XRD patterns of the cubic² ZnS crystal (top patterns) and the roquesite³ CuInS₂ crystal (bottom patterns) are also provided.



Figure S2. Energy-dispersive spectra of Cu-In-Zn-S nanocrystals.

	Cu/In/Zn/DDT ^a	Cu/In/Zn ^b
1	1/13/10/21	1.0/2.1/3.9
2	1/13/25/50	1.0/2.7/15.6
3	1/38/56/116	1.0/15.0/24.0

 Table S1. EDS characteristics of alloyed Cu-In-Zn-S nanocrystals.

^aprecursors molar ratio; ^bratio of elements in the nanocrystals from EDS





Figure S3. TEM images and histograms of Cu-In-Zn-S nanocrystals.



Figure S4. Absorption (a) and emission spectra of the Cu-In-Zn-S nanocrystals



Figure S5. ¹H NMR spectra of stearic acid – capped Cu-In-Zn-S nanocrystals before (a) and after (b) exchange with pyridine and of pyridine (c) in CDCl₃.



Figure S6. FT-IR spectra of pyridine and of Cu-In-Zn-S nanocrystals before and after exchange with pyridine.



Figure S7. ¹H NMR spectra of n-butylamine (blue) and of pyridine-capped Cu-In-Zn-S nanocrystals after ligand exchange with this compound (red) in CDCl₃.



Figure S8. ¹H NMR spectra of 11-mercaptoundecanoic acid (blue) and of pyridine-capped Cu-In-Zn-S nanocrystals after ligand exchange with this compound (red) in D_2O (pH = 9.0).



Figure S9. FT-IR spectra of pyridine-capped Cu-In-Zn-S nanocrystals and of 11-mercaptoundecanoic acid-capped Cu-In-Zn-S nanocrystals.



Figure S10. XPS survey spectra of stearic acid – capped Cu-In-Zn-S nanocrystals (black), pyridine – capped Cu-In-Zn-S nanocrystals (red), n-butylamine – capped Cu-In-Zn-S nanocrystals (green), MUA – capped Cu-In-Zn-S nanocrystals (blue).



Figure S11. The high-resolution S2p XPS spectra of (a) stearic acid-, (b) pyridine-, (c) n-butylamine-, (d) MUA-capped Cu-In-Zn-S nanocrystals. Black lines-original spectra, color lines-deconvoluted spectra.



Figure S12. The high-resolution C1s XPS spectra of (a) stearic acid-, (b) pyridine-, (c) n-butylamine-, (d) MUA-capped Cu-In-Zn-S nanocrystals. Black lines – original spectra, color lines-deconvoluted spectra.



Figure S13. The high-resolution N1s XPS spectra of (a) pyridine-, (b) n-butylamine-capped Cu-In-Zn-S nanocrystals. Black lines-original spectra, red lines-deconvoluted spectra.



Figure S14. The high-resolution In3d XPS spectra of (a) stearic acid-, (b) pyridine-, (c) n-butylamine-, (d) MUA-capped Cu-In-Zn-S nanocrystals. Black lines-original spectra, color lines-deconvoluted spectra.



Figure S15. The high-resolution O1s XPS spectra of (a) stearic acid-, (b) pyridine-, (c) n-butylamine-, (d) MUA-capped Cu-In-Zn-S nanocrystals. Black lines-original spectra, color lines-deconvoluted spectra.



Figure S16. The high-resolution Cu2p XPS spectra of (a) pyridine-, (b) n-butylamine-, (c) MUA-capped Cu-In-Zn-S nanocrystals. Black lines-original spectra, red lines-deconvoluted spectra.



Figure S17. The high-resolution Zn2p XPS spectra of (a) pyridine-, (b) n-butylamine-, (c) MUA-capped Cu-In-Zn-S nanocrystals. Black color-original spectra, red color-deconvoluted spectra.



Figure S18. Emission spectra of (black) stearic acid, (red) pyridine – capped Cu-In-Zn-S nanocrystals in chloroform.

Characterization of Cu-In-S nanocrystals



Figure S19. Experimental and simulated⁴ XRD patterns of Cu-In-S nanocrystals with a wurtzite structure.



Figure S20. Energy dispersive spectrum of wurtzite $Cu_{1.6}In_{1.0}S_{2.3}$ nanocrystals.



Figure S21. TEM image of wurtzite $Cu_{1.6}In_{1.0}S_{2.3}$ nanocrystals.



Figure S22. ¹H NMR spectra of $Cu_{1.6}In_{1.0}S_{2.3}$ nanocrystals before and after exchange with pyridine in CDCl₃.

Characterization of Ag-In-Zn-S alloyed nanocrystals



Figure S23. X-ray diffractogram of alloyed Ag-In-Zn-S quaternary nanocrystals obtained from reaction mixtures of Ag/In/Zn/DDT ratio = 1/5/14/26. For comparison purposes, XRD patterns of the cubic² ZnS crystal (top patterns) and the tetragonal⁵ AgInS₂ crystal (bottom patterns) are also provided.



Figure S24. Energy dispersive spectrum of alloyed Ag-In-Zn-S nanocrystals. (Ag/In/Zn = 1.0/3.9/12.1)



Figure S25. TEM image of alloyed Ag-In-Zn-S nanocrystals.



Figure S26. ¹H NMR spectra of stearic acid – capped Ag-In-Zn-S nanocrystals before (a) and after (b) exchange with pyridine and of pyridine (c) in CDCl₃.

References:

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