Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for Chemical Communications. This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry 2021

Electronic Supplementary Information

Discovery of SKLB-0335 as a Paralog-Selective EZH2 Covalent Inhibitor

Qiangsheng Zhang, [‡]^a Xi Hu, [‡]^a Lu Li, [‡]^b Lidan Zhang, ^a Guoquan Wan, ^a Qiang Feng, ^c Yongxia Zhu, ^d Ningyu Wang, ^{*}^e Zhihao Liu ^{*}^a and Luoting Yu^{*}^a

a. State Key Laboratory of Biotherapy/Collaborative Innovation Center for Biotherapy, West China Hospital, West China Medical School, Sichuan University, Chengdu, Sichuan 610041, P. R. China.
b. Institute of Clinical Trials, West China Hospital, Sichuan University, Chengdu, Sichuan, 610041, P.R. China

c. College of Chemistry and Life Science, Chengdu Normal University, Chengdu 611130, P. R. China.

d. Department of Clinical Pharmacy, Sichuan Cancer Hospital & Institute, Sichuan Cancer Center, School of Medicine, University of Electronic Science and Technology of China, Chengdu, 610041, P. R. China.

e. School of Life Science and Engineering, Southwest JiaoTong University, Chengdu, Sichuan, 611756, P. R. China.

‡These authors contributed equally to this work.

Table of Contents

Fig. S1 There is no Cys663 in EZH2 mutation reported	S3
Fig. S2 Indole derivatives are more suitable for introducing electrophilic warheads	S3
Fig. S3 Rational design of indole derivatives, pyrazole derivatives and benzene derivatives	S4
Fig. S4 Chemical structures of compounds b1, c2 and their reversible analogs b1', c2'	S4
Fig. S5 Inhibition curves of compound c2 and its reversible analog c2' on EZH2 ^{WT}	S4
Tab. S1 Inhibitory activity of compounds b3-b15 on EZH2 ^{WT}	S5
Fig. S6 Potency of SKLB-0335 against mutant EZH2	S5
Fig. S7 The mRNA levels of genes silenced by EZH1 in WSU-DLCL-2 cells after treatment with compounds for 5 days	S5
Scheme S1	S5
Scheme S2	S6
Scheme S3	S6
General chemistry experiment and information	S7
Chemistry experimental procedures	S7
Experimental protocols of biological assays	S21
References	S23
Spectral	
dataS2	4



Fig. S1 There is no Cys663 in EZH2 mutation reported. Date from ICGC (<u>https://dcc.icgc.org/genes/ENSG00000106462/protein</u>).



Fig. S2 Indole derivatives (such as CPI-1205) are more suitable for introducing electrophilic warheads. The co-crystal structure of A) GSK126 (yellow spheres, PDB code: 5WG6), B) CPI-1205 analog (orange spheres, PDB code: 5LS6) and C) PF-06821497 analog (bule spheres, PDB code:5IJ7) bound to the PRC2 complex.



Fig. S3 Rational design of indole derivatives, pyrazole derivatives and benzene derivatives.



Fig. S4 Chemical structures of compounds b1, c2 and their reversible analogs b1', c2'.



Fig. S5 Inhibition curves of compound c2 and its reversible analog c2' on EZH2^{WT}. Data are expressed as the mean ± SD (n = 2).

Tab. S1 Inhibitory activity of compounds b3-b15 on EZH2^{WT}.



					R ²				
Cpd.	R¹	R ²	R ³	IC ₅₀ (µM) ^[a]	Cpd.	R ¹	R ²	R ³	IC ₅₀ (µM) ^[a]
b3	CH_3	$\bigcirc \star$	°rt *	5.243 ± 1.037	b11	Н	\bigcirc		>10
b4 (SKLB -0335)	CH_3	$\bigcirc \neq$		0.064 ± 0.002	b12	CH_3	0-0-≯		0.109 ± 0.027
b5	CH_3	$\bigcirc \prec$		>10	b13	CH_3	0-0*		>10
b6	CH_3	$\bigcirc \prec$		2.663 ± 0.161	b14	CH₃	0-0×	°↓ ×Ų	2.545 ± 0.006
b7	CH_3	0-*		1.368 ± 0.110	b15	CH_3	0-0-×		0.710 ± 0.144
b8	н	$\bigcirc \prec$		7.661 ± 0.724	(S)-b4	CH_3	\bigcirc		0.108 ± 0.016
b9	н	$\bigcirc \prec$	of H	>10	(R)-b4	CH_3	\bigcirc		0.042 ± 0.016
b10	Н	$\bigcirc \neq$	°∓ ^{ll}	>10					

^[a] Data are expressed as the mean ± SEM for at least 2 independent experiments.



Fig. S6 Potency of SKLB-0335 against mutant EZH2. Data are expressed as the mean ± SD (n = 2).



Fig. S7 The mRNA levels of genes silenced by EZH1 in WSU-DLCL-2 cells after treatment with compounds for 5 days. Data are expressed as the mean ± SD (n = 3).

Scheme S1^[a]



^[a]Reagents and conditions: (a) H₂SO₄, CH₃OH, 80 °C, 6 h; (b) NaH, DMF, r.t., 4 h; (c) Fe, NH₄Cl, CH₃OH/H₂O, reflux, 1 h; (d) NaOH, EtOH, 60 °C, 1 h; (e) Acryloyl chloride, K₂CO₃, DCM, r.t., 4 h; (f) 3-(aminomethyl)-4,6-dimethylpyridin-2(1*H*)-one, EDCI, HOAT, NMM, DMSO, r.t., overnight.

Scheme S2^[b]



^[b]Reagents and conditions: (a) CsCO₃, DMF, r.t., 4 h; (b) NaOH, CH₃OH/H₂O,80 °C,4 h; (c) Acryloyl chloride, K₂CO₃, DCM, r.t., 4 h; (d) 3-(aminomethyl)- pyridin-2(1*H*)-one derivatives, EDCI, HOAT, NMM, DMSO, r.t., overnight.

Scheme S3^[c]



^[c]Reagents and conditions: (a) Fe, NH₄Cl, CH₃OH/H₂O, 85 °C, 0.5 h; (b) NaOH, CH₃OH/H₂O,80 °C,4 h; (c) Acryloyl chloride, K₂CO₃, DCM, r.t., 4 h; (d) 4-(aminomethyl)-1-methyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroisoquinolin-3(2*H*)-one, EDCI, HOAT, NMM, DMSO, r.t., overnight; (e) 4-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)benzeneboronic acid pinacol ester, PdCl₂(dppf) CH₂Cl₂, Na₂CO₃, dioxane/water, 100 °C, 4 h.

General chemistry experiment and information.

Unless otherwise noted, all materials were obtained from commercial suppliers and used without further purification. The reference compound GSK126 was purchased from MedChemExpress (China). The ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Avance 400 spectrometer at 25 °C using DMSO-*d*₆, CD₃OD or CDCl₃ as the solvent. Chemical shifts ($\overline{\delta}$) are reported in ppm relative to Me₄Si (internal standard), coupling constants (*J*) are reported in hertz, and peak multiplicity are reported as s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), q (quartet), m (multiplet), or br s (broad singlet). High resolution mass analysis was performed on a Waters Q-TOF Premier mass spectrometer with electron spray ionization (ESI). Thin layer chromatography (TLC) was performed on 0.20 mm silica gel F-254 plates (Qingdao Haiyang Chemical, China). Visualization of TLC was accomplished with UV light and/or aqueous potassium permanganate or I₂ in a silica gel. Column chromatography was performed using silica gel 60 of 300-400 mesh (Qingdao Haiyang Chemical, China). Chemical purities were analyzed by HPLC using Acetonitrile / Water as the mobile phase with a flow rate of 1.0 mL/min on an Phenomenex Gemini C18 column (NO.00F-4435-EO).

Chemistry experimental procedures.

The representative procedure for the preparation of indole derivatives.



methyl 5-nitro-1*H***-indole-3-carboxylate (2).** Sulfuric acid (0.5 ml) was added to the methanol solution (20 ml) of 5-nitro-1*H*-indole-3-carboxylic acid (206.15 mg, 1 mmol) and reacted at 80 °C for 6 h. After the reaction was completed (monitored by TLC), the reaction solution was concentrated in vacuo. Saturated sodium bicarbonate solution was added to adjust the pH to 8 ~ 9, and ethyl acetate was added for extraction. The combined organic phase was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to provide compound **2**. Tan solid 216 mg, yield: 98.1%.¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.84 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.34 (s, 1H), 8.05 (dd, *J* = 9.0, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H).



methyl 5-nitro-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1*H***-indole-3-carboxylate (3).** Sodium hydride (76 mg, 60%, 1.90 mmol) was dissolved in 5 ml of N, N-dimethylformamide and added to the flask, methyl 5-nitro-1*H*-indole-3-carboxylate (216 mg, 0.95 mmol) dissolved in 10 ml N, N-dimethylformamide was added to the flask, and the mixed solution was stirred at 40 °C for 0.5 h. Then, 1-bromoethylbenzene (156 µl, 1.14 mmol) was added and stirred at room temperature for 4 h. After the reaction was detected by TLC, 30 ml of cold water was added to quench the reaction, and extracted with ethyl acetate. Dry over anhydrous sodium sulfate, filtered, and column chromatography to obtain the target compound. Light yellow solid 227 mg, yield: 73.7%.¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.87 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 8.68 (s, 1H), 8.09 (dd, *J* = 9.1, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.38 -7.32 (m, 4H), 7.30 – 7.24 (m, 1H), 6.07 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 1.96 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H).



methyl 5-amino-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1*H*-indole-3-carboxylate (4). Compound 3 (227 mg, 0.7 mmol), ammonium chloride (187.25 mg, 3.5 mmol) was added to a solution of methanol / water (18 ml / 6 ml). While the reaction solution was refluxing, iron powder (196 mg, 3.5 mmol) was added, and the reaction was continued for 1 h. After the reaction was completed (monitored by TLC), added a layer of diatomaceous earth to filter the hot reaction liquid. The diatomaceous earth was washed twice with acetone and the filtrate was collected. The combined organic phase was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to provide compound 4. The product was used for the next step directly. Brown viscous liquid 202 mg, yield: 98.0%.¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.33 – 7.21 (m, 5H), 7.19 – 7.17 (m, 1H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 5.73 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (s, 2H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 1.86 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H).



5

5-amino-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylic acid (5). A mixture of compound **4** (160 mg, 0.54 mmol), sodium hydroxide (32.4 mg, 0.81 mmol), and EtOH (10 mL) was stirred at 60 °C for 1 h. The reaction was acidified to pH ~3 with 1M hydrochloric acid and then extracted with EtOAc (3X). The combined organic phase was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to provide the crude compound. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography eluting with MeOH/DCM to afford the desired compound **5**. Brown solid 60 mg, yield: 39.9%.¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.01 (s, 1H), 7.52 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 – 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.14 (dd, *J* = 6.9, 1.9 Hz, 2H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 5.58 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 1.93 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H).



5-acrylamido-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylic acid (6). Added compound **5** (60 mg, 0.214 mmol) and potassium carbonate (88.6 mg, 0.642 mmol) to tetrahydrofuran. Acryloyl chloride (35 μ L, 0.428 mmol) was added at 0 °C. The reaction solution was reacted at room temperature for 4 hours. After completion (monitored by TLC), the reaction solution was concentrated under vacuum. Added water and DCM for extraction, adjusted the pH to 4 ~ 5, and collected the organic phase. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography eluting with MeOH/DCM to afford the desired compound. Darkorange solid 45 mg, yield: 58.0%.¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 9.21 (s, 1H), 8.56 (s, 1H), 8.03 (s, 1H), 7.69 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.30 – 7.20 (m, 3H), 7.09 (t, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.60 (dd, *J* = 16.8, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (d, *J* = 16.7 Hz, 1H), 5.68 (d, *J* = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 5.57 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 1.88 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H).



5-acrylamido-*N*-((**4**,**6-dimethyl-2-oxo-1**,**2-dihydropyridin-3-yl**)**methyl**)-**1**-(**1-phenylethyl**)-**1***H*-indole-3-carboxamide (a1). Compound **6** (45 mg, 0.135 mmol), 3-(aminomethyl)-4,6-dimethylpyridin-2(1*H*)-one (40.98 mg, 0.27 mmol, obtained following the reference procedure^[1]), 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (EDCI) (46.58 mg, 0.243 mmol), 1-hydroxy-7-azobenzotriazole (HOAT) (33.07 mg, 0.243 mmol), N-methylmorpholine (74 µL, 0.675 mmol) was added to DMSO (5 ml) and reacted at room temperature overnight. After the reaction was completed, the reaction solution was poured into water and DCM for extraction. The organic phase was collected and dried in vacuo to obtain the crude product. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography eluting with MeOH/DCM to afford the desired compound **a1**. Light green solid 50 mg, yield: 79.0%.¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 12.78 (s, 1H), 8.93 (s, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.91 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (q, *J* = 8.2, 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.01 (d, *J* = 4.3 Hz, 2H), 5.77 (s, 1H), 5.47 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (d, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 1.99 (s, 3H), 1.78 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 165.60, 164.56, 164.02, 149.98, 142.99, 141.43, 134.00, 132.74, 131.04, 130.68, 128.8 (2C), 127.85, 126.16, 125.83 (2C), 124.85, 122.26, 116.68, 111.57, 111.36, 111.27, 110.14, 55.69, 35.87, 21.76, 19.53, 18.52. HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₂₈H₂₈N₄NaO₃ [M + Na]⁺ 491.2059, found 491.2063. *t*_R (HPLC) = 2.12 min; Purity > 95%.

The representative procedure for the preparation of pyrazole derivatives.

The representative procedure for the preparation of 8a-8f.



ethyl 3-amino-5-methyl-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxylate (8b). To a solution of ethyl 5-amino-3-methyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxylate (338.36 mg, 2 mmol) in DMF (15 mL) was added (1-bromoethyl) benzene (370 μM, 2.4 mmol) and cesium carbonate (1303.28 mg, 4 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 20 °C and stirred for 4 h. After the reaction was completed (monitored by TLC), water / dichloromethane was added for extraction. Dry over anhydrous sodium sulfate, filtered, and column chromatography to to give ethyl 5-amino-3-methyl-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxylate (Light yellow oily liquid, 240 mg, 43.9%) and ethyl 3-amino-5-methyl-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxylate (White solid, 210 mg, 38.4%, desired). The isomers were distinguished

by H-H NOESY spectrum. The spectrums of these compounds were shown below.¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 7.33 – 7.29 (m, 2H), 7.25 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (dd, J = 7.0, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 5.51 (q, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 5.34 (s, 2H), 4.17 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.70 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 1.25 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H).



ethyl 3-amino-1-benzyl-5-methyl-1*H***-pyrazole-4-carboxylate (8a).** White solid, yield: 41.7%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.35 – 7.22 (m, 3H), 7.14 – 7.10 (m, 2H), 5.28 (s, 2H), 5.09 (s, 2H), 4.16 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 1.24 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

ethyl 1-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylmethyl)-3-amino-5-methyl-1*H***-pyrazole-4-carboxylate (8c).** Light yellow solid, yield: 38.2%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.65 – 7.58 (m, 4H), 7.44 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 6.9 Hz, 2H), 7.37 – 7.31 (m, 1H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.30 (s, 2H), 5.13 (s, 2H), 4.17 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 1.25 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

ethyl (S)-3-amino-5-methyl-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxylate (8d). Using (R)-(1-bromoethyl)benzene (obtained following the reference procedure^[2]) as raw material, a similar reaction step as compound **8b** was performed to obtain the target compound. White solid, yield: 34.2%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.32 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 6.5 Hz, 2H), 7.27 – 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.23 – 7.18 (m, 2H), 5.51 (q, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 5.33 (s, 2H), 4.17 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.70 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 1.25 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

ethyl (R)-3-amino-5-methyl-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxylate (8e). Using (S)-(1-bromoethyl)benzene (obtained following the reference procedure^[2]) as raw material, a similar reaction step as compound 8b was performed to obtain the target compound. White solid, yield: 38.1%.¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 7.32 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.27 - 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.24 - 7.20 (m, 2H), 5.51 (q, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 5.33 (s, 2H), 4.17 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 1.71 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 1.25 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H).

ethyl 3-amino-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1*H***-pyrazole-4-carboxylate (8f).** White solid, yield: 56.1%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.36 – 7.31 (m, 2H), 7.29 – 7.24 (m, 3H), 5.40 – 5.28 (m, 3H), 4.16 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.73 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.24 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

The representative procedure for the preparation of 9a-9f.



9b

3-amino-5-methyl-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1*H***-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid (9b).** 3-amino-5-methyl-1- (1-phenylethyl) -1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid ethyl ester (210 mg, 0.77 mmol) and sodium hydroxide (92.4 mg, 2.31 mmol) were added to methanol / water mixed solution (10 ml / 10 ml). The solution was reacted at 80 °C for 16 h. After the reaction was completed (monitored by TLC), the reaction solution was concentrated under vacuum. Added water and DCM for extraction, adjusted the pH to 3 ~ 4, and collected the organic phase. Concentrated and dried in vacuo to obtain the target compound. Light yellow solid 151.2 mg, yield: 80.1%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.32 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 6.6 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.23 – 7.18 (m, 2H), 5.49 (q, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.70 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H).

3-amino-1-benzyl-5-methyl-1*H***-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid (9a).** Light yellow solid, yield: 85.3%.¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.39 – 7.24 (m, 3H), 7.19 – 7.10 (m, 2H), 5.10 (s, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H).

1-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylmethyl)-3-amino-5-methyl-1*H***-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid (9c).** Light yellow solid, yield: 88.1%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.66 − 7.60 (m, 4H), 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.38 − 7.32 (m, 1H), 7.26 − 7.22 (m, 2H), 5.13 (s, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H).

(S)-3-amino-5-methyl-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid (9d). White solid, yield: 99.2%.¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.32 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 6.5 Hz, 2H), 7.27 – 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.23 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 5.49 (q, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.70 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H).

(R)-3-amino-5-methyl-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid (9e). White solid, yield: 95.9%.¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.31 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 6.6 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.22 – 7.18 (m, 2H), 5.48 (q, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 1.70 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H).

3-amino-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1*H***-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid (9f).** Light yellow solid, yield: 99.1%.¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 11.92 (s, 1H), 8.00 (s, 1H), 7.36 – 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.29 – 7.24 (m, 3H), 5.35 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 1.72 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H).

The representative procedure for the preparation of 10a-10f.



10b

3-acrylamido-5-methyl-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1*H***-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid (10b). Added 3-amino-5-methyl-1- (1-phenylethyl) - 1***H***-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid (80 mg, 0.326 mmol) and potassium carbonate (135.17 mg, 0.978 mmol) to tetrahydrofuran. Acryloyl chloride (52 \muL, 0.65 mmol) was added dropwise at 0 °C. The reaction solution was reacted at room temperature for 4 hours. After completion (monitored by TLC), the reaction solution was concentrated under vacuum. Add water and ethyl acetate for extraction, adjust the pH to 4 ~ 5, and collect the organic phase.The crude compound was purified by column chromatography eluting with MeOH/DCM to afford the desired compound. Light yellow solid 67 mg, yield: 68.7%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-***d***) \delta 9.19 (s, 1H), 7.32 (t,** *J* **= 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.28 – 7.22 (m, 3H), 6.49 (d,** *J* **= 16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.81 (d,** *J* **= 11.1 Hz, 1H), 5.66 – 5.60 (m, 1H) 5.45 (q,** *J* **= 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.94 (d,** *J* **= 7.0 Hz, 3H).**

3-acrylamido-1-benzyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid (10a). Light yellow solid, yield: 45.5%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 12.43 (s, 1H), 10.10 (s, 1H), 7.38 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.15 (dd, *J* = 7.1, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 6.08 (dd, *J* = 17.3, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 5.86 (dd, *J* = 10.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 5.72 (dd, *J* = 10.2, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.29 (s, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H).

1-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylmethyl)-3-acrylamido-5-methyl-1*H***-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid (10c).** White solid, yield: 71.6%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 12.48 (s, 1H), 9.89 (s, 1H), 7.65 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 2.2 Hz, 4H), 7.46 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 1.9 Hz, 2H), 6.52 − 6.40 (m, 1H), 6.19 (dd, *J* = 17.1, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.73 (dd, *J* = 10.2, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.35 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz, 2H), 2.49 (s, 3H).

(S)-3-acrylamido-5-methyl-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid (10d). Light yellow solid, yield: 57.0%.¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 12.13 (s, 1H), 10.18 (s, 1H), 7.41 − 7.25 (m, 5H), 6.45 (dd, *J* = 17.4, 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.41 − 6.33 (m, 1H), 5.96 (dd, *J* = 10.0, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.86 (q, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 2.58 (s, 3H), 1.83 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H).

(R)-3-acrylamido-5-methyl-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid (10e). Light yellow solid, yield: 61.2%.¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 12.24 (s, 1H), 10.49 (s, 1H), 7.33 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 6.5 Hz, 2H), 7.28 – 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.21 (dd, *J* = 7.0, 1.7 Hz, 2H), 6.51 – 6.35 (m, 1H), 6.19 (d, *J* = 16.9 Hz, 1H), 5.72 (dd, *J* = 10.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.62 (q, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 1.76 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H).

3-acrylamido-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid (10f). Light yellow solid, yield: 57.5%.¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 12.04 (s, 1H), 11.17 (s, 1H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.33 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.29 – 7.20 (m, 3H), 6.29 – 6.09 (m, 2H), 5.73 (d, *J* = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 5.47 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 1.75 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

The representative procedure for the preparation of (b1-b15, (S)-b4, (R)-b4, b1', b4').



3-acrylamido-N-((4,6-dimethyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridin-3-yl)methyl)-5-methyl-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1H-pyrazole-4-

carboxamide (b4,SKLB-0335). Compound **10** (67 mg, 0.224 mmol), 3-(aminomethyl)-4,6-dimethylpyridin-2(1*H*)-one (68.13 mg, 0.448 mmol), 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (EDCI) (77.29 mg, 0.403 mmol), 1-hydroxy-7-azobenzotriazole (HOAT) (54.88 mg, 0.403 mmol), N-methylmorpholine (123 μL, 1.12 mmol) was added to DMSO (5 ml) and reacted at room temperature overnight. After the reaction was completed, the reaction solution was poured into water and DCM for extraction. The organic phase was collected and dried in vacuo to obtain the crude product. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography eluting with MeOH/DCM to afford the desired compound **b4**. Light yellow solid 28 mg, yield: 28.8%.¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 11.40 (s, 1H), 10.10 (s, 1H), 7.32 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 6.5 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.22 – 7.15 (m, 3H), 6.32 (dd, *J* = 17.1, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (d, *J* = 17.0 Hz, 1H), 5.80 (s, 1H), 5.68 – 5.58 (m, 2H), 4.15 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 2H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 2.09 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 6H), 1.74 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 164.37, 163.91, 151.14, 143.88, 142.53, 141.34, 140.11, 130.52, 128.70 (2C), 127.76, 127.64, 125.93 (2C), 125.82, 121.92, 110.08, 107.64, 58.21, 35.16, 21.21, 19.41, 18.48, 10.85. HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₂₄H₂₇N₅NaO₃ [M + Na]⁺ 456.2012, found 456.2014. *t*_R (HPLC) = 1.91 min; Purity > 97%.



3-acrylamido-1-benzyl-*N*-((4,6-dimethyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridin-3-yl)methyl)-5-methyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide (b1). Light yellow solid 32 mg, yield: 40.2%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 11.21 (s, 1H), 10.11 (s, 1H), 7.40 (s, 1H), 7.27 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 3H), 7.14 – 7.06 (m, 2H), 6.38 (s, 2H), 5.92 (s, 1H), 5.73 – 5.67 (m, 1H), 5.30 (s, 2H), 4.46 (d, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 2.20 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 168.54, 168.36, 167.84, 155.01, 149.20, 146.65, 143.71, 139.79, 134.67, 132.71 (2C), 131.78, 130.70, 130.62 (2C), 125.72, 114.11, 110.04, 56.98, 39.22, 23.30, 22.33, 14.97. HRMS *m/z* calculated for $C_{23}H_{25}N_5NaO_3$ [M + Na]⁺ 442,1855, found 442.1858. *t*_R (HPLC) = 1.89 min; Purity > 95%.



1-benzyl-N-((4,6-dimethyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridin-3-yl)methyl)-5-methyl-3-propionamido-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide

(b1'). Using propionyl chloride as raw material, a similar reaction step as compound **b1** was performed to obtain the target compound **b1'**. Light yellow solid 46 mg, yield: 30.8% (the last step). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 11.47 (s, 1H), 9.71 (s, 1H), 7.37 – 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.84 (s, 1H), 5.25 (s, 2H), 4.18 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.28 – 2.21 (m, 2H), 2.14 (s, 3H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 0.93 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H).¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 164.51, 163.87, 150.93, 145.40, 142.61, 139.52, 135.86, 128.78, 128.70 (2C), 127.76, 126.71, 126.62 (2C), 121.84, 110.07, 52.98, 35.19, 30.03, 19.36, 18.39, 11.05, 9.26. HRMS *m/z* calculated for $C_{23}H_{27}N_5NaO_3$ [M + Na]⁺ 444.2012, found 444.2009. *t*_R (HPLC) = 1.92 min; Purity > 99%.



3-acrylamido-1-benzyl-5-methyl-*N***-((1-methyl-3-oxo-2,3,5,6,7,8-hexahydroisoquinolin-4-yl)methyl)**-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide (b2). Light yellow solid 23 mg, yield: 28.4%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 12.54 (s, 1H), 10.21 (s, 1H), 7.62 (s, 1H), 7.36 – 7.19 (m, 3H), 7.10 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.47 – 6.32 (m, 1H), 5.73 – 5.64 (m, 1H), 5.29 (s, 2H), 5.17 – 5.04 (m, 1H), 4.49 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.48 (s, 3H), 2.42 (s, 4H), 2.17 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 3H), 1.73 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 163.88, 163.50, 162.77, 151.59, 140.35, 135.88, 130.87, 128.84, 128.74 (2C), 127.79, 127.66, 126.75, 126.68 (2C), 126.47, 121.18, 115.23, 53.07, 34.82, 27.22, 24.89, 22.13, 22.06, 16.42, 11.12. HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₂₆H₂₉N₅NaO₃ [M + Na]⁺ 482.2168, found 482.2168. *t*_R (HPLC) = 2.04 min; Purity > 97%.



3-acrylamido-1-benzyl-*N*-((4,6-diethyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridin-3-yl)methyl)-5-methyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide (b3). Light yellow solid 29 mg, yield: 34.5%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 11.42 (s, 1H), 10.04 (s, 1H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.37 – 7.31 (m, 2H), 7.30 – 7.27 (m, 1H), 7.17 – 7.11 (m, 2H), 6.31 (dd, *J* = 17.3, 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (d, *J* = 17.0 Hz, 1H), 5.87 (s, 1H), 5.64 (dd, *J* = 10.2, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.26 (s, 2H), 4.18 (d, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 2.46 (q, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.40 (q, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 5H), 1.13 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 1.07 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 165.02, 164.85, 163.80, 156.45, 148.53, 145.71, 139.17, 135.88, 130.89, 128.73 (2C), 127.78, 127.64, 126.67 (2C), 126.46, 121.25, 106.76, 53.08, 34.88, 26.38, 25.96, 14.48, 12.54, 11.15. HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₂₅H₂₉N₅NaO₃ [M + Na]⁺ 470.2168, found 470.2166. *t*_R (HPLC) = 2.10 min; Purity > 95%.



(S)-3-acrylamido-*N*-((4,6-dimethyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridin-3-yl)methyl)-5-methyl-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1*H*-pyrazole-4carboxamide ((S)-b4). Light yellow solid 24 mg, yield: 22.1%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 11.18 (s, 1H), 9.64 (s, 1H), 7.25 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (dd, J = 14.5, 6.7 Hz, 2H), 7.07 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.32 – 6.20 (m, 2H), 5.87 (s, 1H), 5.64 – 5.57 (m, 1H), 5.36 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (s, 2H), 2.27 (s, 3H), 2.24 (s, 3H), 2.13 (s, 3H), 1.80 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 164.37, 163.87, 151.17, 143.84, 142.53, 141.33, 140.02, 130.58, 128.70 (2C), 127.64, 127.57, 125.92 (2C), 125.86, 121.89, 110.10, 107.56, 58.21, 35.13, 21.20, 19.41, 18.46, 10.85.HRMS *m*/z calculated for C₂₄H₂₇N₅NaO₃ [M + Na]⁺ 456.2012, found 456.2007. *t*_R (HPLC) = 1.96 min; Purity > 98%.



(R)-b4

(R)-3-acrylamido-N-((4,6-dimethyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridin-3-yl)methyl)-5-methyl-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1H-pyrazole-4-

carboxamide ((R)-b4). Light yellow solid 29 mg, yield: 25.3%.¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 11.39 (s, 1H), 10.09 (s, 1H), 7.37 – 7.29 (m, 2H), 7.28 – 7.25 (m, 1H), 7.21 – 7.17 (m, 2H), 6.32 (dd, *J* = 17.0, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (d, *J* = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 5.80 (s, 1H), 5.69 – 5.60 (m, 2H), 4.15 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 2H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 2.09 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 6H), 1.74 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 164.44, 163.90, 151.19, 143.80, 142.63, 141.33, 140.05, 130.54, 128.70 (2C), 127.80, 127.64, 125.92 (2C), 125.84, 121.85, 110.11, 107.74, 58.19, 35.12, 21.21, 19.42, 18.46, 10.85. HRMS *m/z* calculated for $C_{24}H_{27}N_5NaO_3$ [M + Na]⁺ 456.2012, found 456.2015. *t*_R (HPLC) = 1.96 min; Purity > 98%.



S14

N-((4,6-dimethyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridin-3-yl)methyl)-5-methyl-1-(1-phenylethyl)-3-propionamido-1H-pyrazole-4-

carbox-amide (b4'). Using propionyl chloride as raw material, a similar reaction step as compound **b4** was performed to obtain the target compound **b4'**. Light yellow solid 35 mg, yield: 39.1%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 11.46 (s, 1H), 9.76 (s, 1H), 7.32 (ddd, *J* = 7.6, 6.4, 1.5 Hz, 3H), 7.28 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.20 – 7.15 (m, 2H), 5.84 (s, 1H), 5.63 (q, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 2.25 (q, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.13 (s, 3H), 2.12 – 2.08 (m, 3H), 1.73 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.93 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 164.42, 163.84, 151.11, 143.98, 142.50, 141.39, 140.25, 128.69 (2C), 127.62, 125.90 (2C), 122.03, 121.97,110.03, 107.47, 58.12, 35.10, 29.76, 21.20, 19.41, 18.48, 10.86, 9.10. HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₂₄H₂₉N₅NaO₃ [M + Na]⁺ 458.2168, found 458.2169. *t*_R (HPLC) = 1.99 min; Purity > 99%.



3-acrylamido-5-methyl-*N*-((1-methyl-3-oxo-2,3,5,6,7,8-hexahydroisoquinolin-4-yl)methyl)-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1H-pyrazole-**4-carboxamide (b5).** Light yellow solid 21 mg, yield: 24.6%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 12.22 (s, 1H), 11.25 (s, 1H), 9.74 (s, 1H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 3H), 7.19 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.39 (s, 1H), 5.68 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 5.42 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.49 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 2.61 (s, 3H), 2.42 (t, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 4H), 2.15 (s, 3H), 1.89 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 1.77 – 1.66 (m, 2H), 1.61 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 164.00, 162.66, 161.27, 151.76, 144.30, 141.41, 140.12, 130.77, 128.70 (2C), 127.63, 125.96 (2C), 121.34, 115.16, 58.28, 34.68, 27.18, 24.92, 22.12, 22.05, 21.26, 16.44, 10.91.HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₂₇H₃₁N₅NaO₃ [M + Na]⁺ 496.2325, found 496.2327. *t*_R (HPLC) = 2.14 min; Purity > 95%.



b6

3-acrylamido-N-((4,6-diethyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridin-3-yl)methyl)-5-methyl-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1H-pyrazole-4-

carboxamide (b6). Light yellow solid 31 mg, yield: 29.3%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 11.91 (s, 1H), 9.77 (s, 1H), 7.41 (s, 1H), 7.31 – 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.18 – 7.13 (m, 2H), 6.41 – 6.30 (m, 1H), 5.96 (s, 1H), 5.72 – 5.56 (m, 1H), 5.41 (q, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 4.49 – 4.41 (m, 2H), 2.68 (q, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 2.50 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 1.89 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.20 (q, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 165.35, 163.78, 163.13, 156.15, 148.71, 145.16, 141.57, 138.46, 131.15, 129.91, 128.74 (2C), 127.63, 126.00 (2C), 121.43, 106.50, 106.36, 58.34, 34.97, 26.42, 26.08, 21.49, 14.58, 12.68, 11.15. HRMS *m/z* calculated for $C_{26}H_{31}N_5NaO_3$ [M + Na]⁺ 484.2325, found 484.2328. *t*_R (HPLC) = 2.20 min; Purity > 98%.



3-acrylamido-*N***-((4-ethyl-6-methyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridin-3-yl)methyl)-5-methyl-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1***H***-pyrazole-4carboxamide (b7). Light yellow solid 23 mg, yield: 22.1%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) \delta 11.42 (s, 1H), 10.09 (s, 1H), 7.40 (s, 1H), 7.35 – 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.28 – 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.21 – 7.17 (m, 2H), 6.32 (dd,** *J* **= 17.1, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (d,** *J* **= 17.2 Hz, 1H), 5.84 (s, 1H), 5.63 (dd,** *J* **= 4.4, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (dd,** *J* **= 5.0, 1.9 Hz, 2H), 2.44 (q,** *J* **= 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 2.14 – 2.08 (m, 3H), 1.74 (d,** *J* **= 6.8 Hz, 3H), 1.05 (t,** *J* **= 7.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-***d***) \delta 165.25, 163.74, 160.68, 156.20, 145.03, 144.96, 143.10, 141.53, 138.80, 131.08, 128.74 (2C), 127.64, 126.00 (2C), 121.23, 108.14, 106.46, 58.28, 34.89, 26.25, 21.47, 18.76, 14.48, 11.13. HRMS** *m***/z calculated for C₂₅H₂₉N₅NaO₃ [M + Na]⁺ 470.2168, found 470.2168.** *t***_R (HPLC) = 2.06 min; Purity > 99%.**



3-acrylamido-*N*-((4,6-dimethyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridin-3-yl)methyl)-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide (b8). Light yellow solid 26 mg, yield: 20.4%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 12.00 (s, 1H), 10.23 (s, 1H), 7.82 (s, 1H), 7.57 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (dd, *J* = 5.5, 1.9 Hz, 3H), 7.11 (dd, *J* = 7.0, 2.7 Hz, 2H), 6.39 (d, *J* = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 5.90 (s, 1H), 5.76 – 5.64 (m, 1H), 5.40 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 1.69 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 164.91, 164.06, 161.78, 151.96, 147.55, 143.27, 140.72, 131.39, 128.59 (2C), 128.25, 127.88, 127.60, 126.52 (2C), 121.40, 110.10, 103.70, 61.54, 34.77, 21.17, 19.63, 18.57. HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₂₃H₂₅N₅NaO₃ [M + Na]⁺ 442.1855, found 442.1851. *t*_R (HPLC) = 1.98 min; Purity > 99%.



3-acrylamido-*N*-((1-methyl-3-oxo-2,3,5,6,7,8-hexahydroisoquinolin-4-yl)methyl)-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1*H*-pyrazole-4carboxamide (b9). Light yellow solid 19 mg, yield: 18.9%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 11.47 (s, 1H), 10.17 (s, 1H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J = 8.1, 6.4 Hz, 2H), 7.30 – 7.27 (m, 1H), 7.26 – 7.22 (m, 2H), 6.14 (d, J = 16.9 Hz, 1H), 5.72 (dd, J = 10.2, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.52 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (d, J = 4.3 Hz, 2H), 2.65 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.35 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 1.76 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.61 (t, J = 3.6 Hz, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 163.65, 162.92, 162.44, 152.41, 147.20, 147.11, 140.71, 140.46, 131.12, 128.67 (2C), 128.01, 127.73, 126.55 (2C), 121.21, 115.51, 104.44, 61.54, 34.23, 27.27, 24.88, 22.12, 22.05, 20.97, 16.45. HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₂₆H₂₉N₅NaO₃ [M + Na]⁺ 470.2168, found 482.2170. *t*_R (HPLC) = 2.18 min; Purity > 99%.



b10

3-acrylamido-*N*-((4,6-diethyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridin-3-yl)methyl)-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide (b10). Light yellow solid 30 mg, yield: 27.8%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 11.45 (s, 1H), 10.17 (s, 1H), 8.37 (s, 1H), 7.82 (s, 1H), 7.34 (ddd, *J* = 7.7, 6.2, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 7.31 – 7.27 (m, 1H), 7.26 – 7.21 (m, 2H), 6.15 (d, *J* = 17.0 Hz, 1H), 5.90 (s, 1H), 5.72 (dd, *J* = 10.2, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.52 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.22 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 2.47 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.76 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.13 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 1.07 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 165.23, 163.78, 162.04, 157.14, 148.92, 147.56, 140.60, 131.38, 128.65 (2C), 127.97, 127.58, 127.44, 126.57 (2C), 121.03, 106.66, 103.98, 61.56, 34.50, 26.40, 26.10, 21.17, 14.53, 12.62. HRMS *m*/z calculated for C₂₅H₂₉N₅NaO₃ [M + Na]⁺ 470.2168, found 470.2171. *t*_R (HPLC) = 2.22 min; Purity > 99%.



3-acrylamido-N-((4-ethyl-6-methyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridin-3-yl)methyl)-1-(1-phenylethyl)-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide

(b11). Light yellow solid 25 mg, yield: 21.6%.¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 11.46 (s, 1H), 10.16 (s, 1H), 8.36 (s, 1H), 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J = 8.1, 6.5 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 7.26 – 7.21 (m, 2H), 6.15 (d, J = 16.9 Hz, 1H), 5.88 (s, 1H), 5.72 (dd, J = 10.1, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.52 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.22 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 2.49 – 2.44 (m, 2H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 1.76 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.06 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 165.13, 163.91, 161.82, 157.25, 147.52, 143.76, 140.76, 131.41, 128.60, 128.54 (2C), 127.82, 127.45, 126.44 (2C), 120.54, 108.20, 103.80, 61.50, 34.33, 26.21, 21.18, 18.67, 14.44. HRMS *m*/*z* calculated for C₂₄H₂₇N₅NaO₃ [M + Na]⁺ 456.2012, found 456.2008. t_R (HPLC) = 2.08 min; Purity > 95%.



1-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylmethyl)-3-acrylamido-*N*-((4,6-dimethyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridin-3-yl)methyl)-5-methyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide (b12). Light yellow solid 34 mg, yield: 30.2%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 10.11 (s, 1H), 7.52 (dd, *J* = 11.4, 7.9 Hz, 4H), 7.42 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 7.34 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.40 (s, 1H), 5.89 (s, 1H), 5.77 – 5.64 (m, 1H), 5.32 (d, J = 19.2 Hz, 3H), 4.46 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 2.19 (s, 3H). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₂₉H₂₉N₅NaO₃ [M + Na]⁺ 518.2168, found 518.2164. *t*_R (HPLC) = 2.23 min; Purity > 95%.



1-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yImethyl)-3-acrylamido-5-methyl-*N***-((1-methyl-3-oxo-2,3,5,6,7,8-hexahydroisoquinolin-4-yl)methyl)-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide (b13).** Light yellow solid 27 mg, yield: 24.1%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 11.43 (s, 1H), 10.06 (s, 1H), 7.63 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 4H), 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 7.25 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.30 (dd, *J* = 17.0, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (d, *J* = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 5.64 (dd, *J* = 10.2, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.31 (s, 2H), 4.19 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 2.62 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.33 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.08 (s, 3H), 1.61 (q, *J* = 4.0, 3.4 Hz, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 165.62, 162.57, 161.96, 150.13, 142.43, 141.99, 140.85, 140.18, 140.01, 136.32, 130.93, 129.40 (2C), 128.29 (2C), 127.98, 127.62, 127.43 (2C), 127.14 (2C), 121.23, 112.07, 111.34, 52.05, 34.58, 26.90, 24.60, 22.56, 22.39, 16.39, 10.92. HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₃₂H₃₃N₅NaO₃ [M + Na]⁺ 558.2481, found 558.2487. *t*_R (HPLC) = 2.54 min; Purity > 98%.



1-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylmethyl)-3-acrylamido-*N*-((4,6-diethyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridin-3-yl)methyl)-5-methyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide (b14). Light yellow solid 28 mg, yield: 25.3%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 11.42 (s, 1H), 10.06 (s, 1H), 7.63 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 4H), 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 7.36 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.32 (dd, *J* = 17.1, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (d, *J* = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 5.87 (s, 1H), 5.65 (dd, *J* = 10.3, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.31 (s, 2H), 4.19 (d, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 2.46 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 5H), 1.13 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 1.07 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 165.29, 163.96, 162.73, 156.02, 148.42, 140.80, 140.44, 135.05, 131.38, 128.81 (2C), 127.49 (2C), 127.48, 127.28 (2C), 127.01 (2C), 121.45, 106.66, 104.86, 53.11, 35.18, 26.51, 26.15, 14.64, 12.63, 11.54. HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₃₁H₃₃N₅NaO₃ [M + Na]⁺ 546.2481, found 546.2480. *t*_R (HPLC) = 2.63 min; Purity > 98%.



1-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylmethyl)-3-acrylamido-*N***-((4-ethyl-6-methyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridin-3-yl)methyl)-5-methyl-1***H***pyrazole-4-carboxamide (b15).** Light yellow solid 29 mg, yield: 28.6%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 11.43 (s, 1H), 10.06 (s, 1H), 7.63 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 4H), 7.45 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 7.36 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.32 (dd, J = 17.2, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (d, J = 17.3 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (s, 1H), 5.65 (dd, J = 10.2, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.31 (s, 2H), 4.18 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 2.46 (m, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 1.06 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 165.58, 163.78, 162.46, 154.78, 143.59, 142.54, 142.02, 140.18, 140.01, 136.32, 131.06, 129.40 (2C), 128.28 (2C), 127.98, 127.56, 127.43 (2C), 127.13 (2C), 121.36, 119.64, 106.08, 52.04, 34.57, 25.84, 18.75, 14.72, 10.94. HRMS *m*/z calculated for C₃₀H₃₁N₅NaO₃ [M + Na]⁺ 532.2325, found 532.2327. *t*_R (HPLC) = 2.40 min; Purity > 97%.

The representative procedure for the preparation of pyrazole derivatives.



methyl 3-amino-5-bromo-2-methylbenzoate (12). methyl 5-bromo-2-methyl-3-nitrobenzoate (2 g, 7.30 mmol), ammonium chloride (1.95 g, 36.5 mmol) was added to a solution of methanol / water (18 ml / 6 ml). While the reaction solution was refluxing, iron powder (2.04 g, 36.5 mmol) was added, and the reaction was continued for 0.5 h. After the reaction was completed (monitored by TLC), added a layer of diatomaceous earth to filter the hot reaction liquid. The diatomaceous earth was washed twice with acetone and the filtrate was collected. The combined organic phase was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to provide crude product. The crude product was purified by column chromatography eluting with EA/PE to to afford target compound. Orange solid 1.62 g, yield: 90.9%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 6.96 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 2H), 5.43 (s, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 2.11 (s, 3H).



3-amino-5-bromo-2-methylbenzoic acid (13). Added 3-amino-5-bromo-2-methylbenzoic acid methyl ester (1.0 g, 4.13 mmol) and sodium hydroxide (0.49 g, 12.39 mmol) to the methanol / water mixed solution (20 ml / 20 ml), The reaction solution was reacted at 80 °C for 3 h. After completion (monitored by TLC), the reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. Add water and ethyl acetate for extraction, adjust the pH to 3 ~ 4, and collect the organic phase. The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to obtain the target compound 3-amino-5-bromo-2-methylbenzoic acid. Yellow brown solid 0.94 g, yield: 99.02%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 12.90 (s, 1H), 6.95 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 5.38 (s, 2H), 2.13 (s, 3H).



3-acrylamido-5-bromo-2-methylbenzoic acid (14). 3-amino-5-bromo-2-methylbenzoic acid (580 mg, 2.52 mmol) and potassium carbonate (1042.8 mg, 11.6 mmol) were added to tetrahydrofuran. Acryloyl chloride (407 μ L, 5.04 mmol) was added dropwise at 0 °C. The reaction solution was reacted at room temperature for 4 h. After completion (monitored by TLC), the reaction solution was concentrated under vacuum. Add water and ethyl acetate for extraction, adjust the pH to 3 ~ 4, collect the organic phase and concentrated under vacuum to afford a solid product. The crude product was purified by silica gel column chromatography to afford target compound. White solid 646 mg, yield: 90.34%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 13.31 (s, 1H), 9.77 (s, 1H), 7.85 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (dd, *J* = 17.0, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 6.28 (dd, *J* = 17.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.80 (dd, *J* = 10.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (s, 3H).



3-acrylamido-5-bromo-2-methyl-*N***-((1-methyl-3-oxo-2,3,5,6,7,8-hexahydroisoquinolin-4-yl)methyl)benzamide** (c1). 3-acrylamido-5-bromo-2-methylbenzoic acid (160 mg, 0.56 mmol), 4-(aminomethyl)-1-methyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3 (2*H*)-one (216.55 mg, 1.13 mmol, obtained following the reference procedure^[3]), 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (EDCI) (193.23 mg, 1.01 mmol), 1-hydroxy-7-azobenzotriazole (HOAT) (137.47 mg, 1.01 mmol), N-methylmorpholine (307.8 μ L, 2.8 mmol) was added to DMSO (5 ml) and reacted at room temperature overnight. After the reaction was completed, the reaction solution was poured into 10 ml of ice water, and a white solid precipitated, and the crude compound was obtained by filtration and drying. Using silica gel column chromatography to afford target compound. White solid 160 mg, yield: 62.3%.¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 11.49 (s, 1H), 9.61 (s, 1H), 8.31 (t, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (dd, *J* = 17.1, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 6.26 (dd, *J* = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.78 (dd, *J* = 10.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.28 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 2.71 (s, 2H), 2.38 (s, 2H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 1.68-1.60 (m, 4H). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₂₂H₂₄BrN₃NaO₃ [M + Na]⁺ 480.0899, found 480.0903. *t*_R (HPLC) = 2.06 min; Purity > 95%.



5-acrylamido-4-methyl-N-((1-methyl-3-oxo-2,3,5,6,7,8-hexahydroisoquinolin-4-yl)methyl)-4'-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-[1,1'biphenyl]-3-carboxamide (c2). To a stirred solution of **c1** (80 mg, 0.17 mmol) in a dioxane–water mixture (10 mL / 2 mL), 4-(4-Methyl-1-piperazinyl)benzene- boronic acid pinacol ester (79.12 mg, 0.26 mmol) was added, followed by the addition of Na₂CO₃ (73.99 mg, 0.70 mmol). The solution was purged with argon for 15 min and then PdCl₂(dppf)· CH₂Cl₂ (12.43 mg, 0.017 mmol) was added and the solution was again purged with argon for an additional 10 min. The reaction mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 4 h. After completion (monitored by TLC), the reaction mixture was diluted with water and extracted with 5% MeOH/DCM. The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude compound was purified by column chromatography eluting with MeOH/DCM to afford the desired compound **c2.** Light yellow solid 36 mg, yield: 38.2%.¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 11.47 (s, 1H), 9.60 (s, 1H), 8.24 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.49 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.55 (dd, *J* = 16.9, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (dd, *J* = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.80 – 5.73 (m, 1H), 4.32 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.18 (t, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 4H), 2.73 (s, 2H), 2.45 (t, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 4H), 2.38 (s, 2H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 1.64 (s, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 170.32, 164.96, 162.72, 152.05, 150.43, 140.66, 138.68, 138.20, 136.48, 136.38, 130.71, 127.56, 127.39 (2C), 124.46, 124.37, 122.22, 120.88, 116.06 (2C), 115.17, 54.70 (2C), 48.47 (2C), 45.67, 35.38, 29.56, 27.30, 24.76, 22.12, 22.01, 16.32. HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₃₃H₃₉N₅NaO₃ [M + Na]⁺ 576.2951, found 576.2952. *t*_R (HPLC) = 2.27 min; Purity > 98%.



4-methyl-N-((1-methyl-3-oxo-2,3,5,6,7,8-hexahydroisoquinolin-4-yl)methyl)-4'-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-5-propionamido-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-carboxamide (c2'). Using propionyl chloride as raw material, a similar reaction step as compound **c2** is performed to obtain the target compound **c2**'. Grey solid 29 mg, yield: 20.01% (the last step).¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 11.47 (s, 1H), 9.30 (s, 1H), 8.21 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (s, 1H), 7.47 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.32 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.17 (t, *J* = 4.9 Hz, 4H), 2.73 (s, 2H), 2.46 (t, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 4H), 2.36 (m, 4H), 2.23 (s, 3H), 2.15 (s, 3H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 1.65 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 4H), 1.11 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 177.89, 174.37, 166.72, 156.09, 154.33, 144.70, 142.65, 142.16, 140.58, 134.89, 131.59, 131.39 (2C), 128.54, 126.11, 124.88, 120.11 (2C), 119.20, 58.64 (2C), 52.41 (2C), 49.55, 39.37, 33.75, 33.56, 31.31, 28.77, 26.13, 26.02, 20.30, 18.05. HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₃₃H₄₁N₅NaO₃ [M + Na]⁺ 578.3107, found 578.3102. *t*_R (HPLC) = 2.03 min; Purity > 95%.

Experimental protocols of biological assays

In vitro HMTs inhibition assay.

The enzyme levels of the histone methyltransferase panel were determined using the AlphaLISA immunodetection assay conducted using the enzyme profler service provided by Shanghai ChemPartner (Shanghai, China). Te values were further determined using an AlphaLISA methyltransferase assay kit (PerkinElmer, MA, USA) according to the manufacturer's protocol.

SAM competition inhibition.

100 μ L of SKLB-0335, SKLB-0335' or GSK126 solutions with different concentrations were added to the 384-well detection plate respectively. Two replicate wells were set for each compound concentration. Then add 5 μ L of EZH2 enzyme solution (3 μ M or 30 μ M) to each well, centrifuge at 1000 rpm/min for 1 min and incubate for 15 min or 120 min. Add 5 μ L of modified substrate, centrifuge at 1000 rpm / min for 1 min, and incubate at room temperature for 1 h. After the incubation, add 5 μ L of acceptor magnetic beads to terminate the enzyme reaction. Similarly, centrifuge at 1000 rpm/min for 1 min, incubate at room temperature for 30 min. EnSpire's Alpha mode is used to detect signal strength.

K_{off} test on EZH2.

The K_{off} of SKLB-0335 was tested using the spin column method. Prepare Buffer, enzyme mix A (100x (Enzyme-20x IC₅₀ cpd. mix)), B (100x (Enzyme-DMSO mix)), preincubation 60 min, prepare substrate mix C (Substrate Mix-GL11 and ³H-SAM) and min control. Take out spin column, flow by gravity, and spin 1300 rpm/min for 1 minute at 4 °C in bucket-swing centrifuge. Balance spin column with 0.7 mL 1x kinase buffer, spin the column 1300 rpm/min for 1 minute. Balance spin column with 0.5 mL 1x kinase buffer, spin the column 1300 rpm/min for 1 minute. Balance spin column respectively, spin the column 1300 rpm/min for 1 minute. Put the balanced spin column on new collection tubes. Add Pre-incubation A, B to spin column respectively, spin the column 1300 rpm/min for 1 minute, collect the liquid. Add 10 μ L of solution to the prepare substrate mix. Add 10 μ L 100x collected solution into 990 uL substrate mixture to iniate the assay. After different assay time (6min, 11min, 15min, 20min, 25min, 30min, 45min, 60min, 90min, 120min, 150min), taking out 20 μ L assay product and add into 10 μ L stop buffer to stop the assay. Transfer 25 μ L of volume per well to Flashplate from assay plate. Incubate for 1 h minimum at room temperature. Wash Flashplate with dH₂O + 0.1% Tween-20 three times. Read plate on Microbeta. Fit the data in GraphPad Prism version 6.0.

Molecular modelling.

The 3D structure of the PRC2 complex was downloaded from the PDB (http://www.rcsb.org/, PDB code 5LS6). Docking of compounds to PRC2 were performed using AutoDock 4.2. Molecule SKLB-0335 was built with Bio^X and optimized at molecular mechanical level. For SKLB-0335, the flexible side chain method was performed for covalent docking^[4]. The receptor was modified to

remove side chain atoms of Cys663, and the side chain of Cys663 was tethered with the ligand and the C atom type was changed to Z. The C coordinates of Cys663 was used for covalent grid map generation with energy barrier height of 1000 and half-width of 5 Å.

EZH2 Purification and Mass Spectrometry.

The EZH2 catalytic domain (AA 494-737) for the mass spectrometry assay was expressed in *E.coli* and purified. The molecular weight (MW) of proteins and adducts was recorded with the LC-MS. (Shanghai Sangon Co. Ltd.) The LC-MS method is shown in the table below:

LC-MS system	ACQUI	TY UPLC I Class &XevoG2-XS	S QTof
Column	ACQUITY UF	PLC BEH300 C4 1.7um 2.1*50	mm, Waters
Column temperature		80 °C	
Room temperature		10 °C	
Detection wavelength		280 nm	
Mobile phase	Phase A (0.1% Formi	c acid in Water), Phase B (0.19	% FA in Acetonitrile).
Flow rate		0.3 mL/min	
Volume		20ul	
	Time(min)	Composition A (%)	Composition B (%)
	0.00	95	5
	1.00	95	5
	7.00	10	90
Elution gradient	7.50	10	90
	7.60	95	5
	8.00	10	90
	8.10	95	5
	10.00	95	5
Detection method	Positive ion	precursor ion scan range: 500	0-4000 m/z

Data analysis: Unifi software was used to conduct deconvolution analysis on the original data to obtain accurate molecular weight values. TOF Resolution: 10000; Output range: 10000-50000.

Cell culture.

SU-DHL-6 cell lines used in our study were purchased from the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC). The cells were maintained in DMEM or RPMI 1640 medium supplemented with 10% foetal bovine serum (FBS) and 1% Penicillin-Streptomycin under humidified conditions with 5% CO_2 at 37 °C.

Western blotting analysis.

After treatment with a series of concentrations of SKLB-0335 for various days at 37 °C, cells were harvested, washed in ice-cold PBS, and lysed with RIPA buffer (Beyotime, China). And the protein concentrations were determined by the Bradford method. Proteins were separated by gel electrophoresis on 5 – 10% SDS-PAGE gels and probed with specific antibodies (Cell Signaling Technology, USA) including anti-H3K27me3, anti-EZH2, anti-H3 and anti-GAPDH. All of the antibodies were used at a 1 : 1000 dilution, and the horseradish peroxidase-coupled secondary antibodies (Zhong Shan Golden Bridge Bio-technology, China) were used at 1 : 5000.

Wash-out experiment.

SU-DHL-6 cells were treated with SKLB-0335, SKLB-0335' or GSK126 at 10 μ M for 6 days, then medium containing SKLB-0335, SKLB-0335' or GSK126 was subsequently removed, and eluent cells with fresh medium every 30 minutes for a total of 5 times to effectively 'wash-out' the compound, and cells were allowed to grow in the absence of SKLB-0335, SKLB-0335' or GSK126 for 1 – 4 days. Cells were collected and lysed for immunoblotting analysis at last.

Real-time qPCR assay.

Cells were treated with different drugs for 5 days, and then total RNA was extracted with Trizol, according to the manufacturer's instruction. RNA was reverse-transcribed by PrimeScript[™]RT reagent Kit. RT-qPCR was carried out using the ChamQ Universal SYBR qPCR Master Mix on the CFX96 RT-qPCR system in accordance with the manufacturer's instruction. The reaction procedure was as follows: 95 °C for 30 s followed by 40 cycles of amplification for 5 s at 95 °C, 30 s at 60 °C. The primer sequences used for RT-qPCR are listed as follows.

Gene	Forward	Reverse
GAPDH	CCTTCCGTGTCCCCACT	GCCTGCTTCACCACCTTC
CDX2	AGAAGAGCCGCGAGGAG	GGGAGCAGACCTCACCAT
CCND2	GTGGCCTTGGCATTTCT	ATCTATCGCTCGGGAACA

BMP6	TTCCCAGAAGTCCACAGG	GCACGAACATACAACAGCA
EOMES	GCGCATGTTTCCTTTCTT	ATGTTATTGTCGGCTTTGC

References

S. K. Verma, X. Tian, L. V. LaFrance, C. Duquenne, D. P. Suarez, K. A. Newlander, S. P. Romeril, J. L. Burgess, S. W. Grant, J. A. Brackley, A. P. Graves, D. A. Scherzer, A. Shu, C. Thompson, H. M. Ott, G. S. Aller, C. A. Machutta, E. Diaz, Y. Jiang, N. W. Johnson, S. D. Knight, R. G. Kruger, M. T. McCabe, D. Dhanak, P. J. Tummino, C. L. Creasy, W. H. Miller, ACS Med. Chem. Lett. 2012, 3, 1091-1096.
 C. Li, Y. Zhang, Q. Sun, T. Gu, H. Peng, W. Tang, J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2016, 138, 10774-10777.
 L. Zhang, X. Song, N. Wang, L. Zhao, Q. Feng, X. You, C. Peng, T. Gao, M. Xiong, B. He, C. Gao, Y. Luo, Y. Xu, Q. Zhang, L. Yu, RSC Advances 2015, 5, 25967-25978.
 G. Bianco, S. Forli, D. S. Goodsell, A. J. Olson, Protein Sci. 2016, 25, 295-301.

Spectral data

The NMR and HRMS of representative compounds

Compound a1





No.	Ret.Time		Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min			mAU	mAU*min	%		
1	1.56	n.a.		3.960	0.187	0.28	n.a.	BMB*
2	2.12	n.a.		679.395	62.940	95.29	n.a.	BMB*
3	2.44	n.a.		25.215	2.143	3.24	n.a.	BMB*
4	3.24	n.a.		7.898	0.783	1.19	n.a.	BMB*
Total:				716.468	66.053	100.00	0.000	





Compound b2











17:13:53











No.	Ret.Time		Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min			mAU	mAU*min	%		40.000
1	1.91	n.a.		925.134	73.666	97.77	n.a.	BMB*
2	2.26	n.a.		22.146	1.680	2.23	n.a.	BMB*
Total:				947.279	75.346	100.00	0.000	











S42

17:46:51 180920_ZQS03182 2 (0.034) Cm (2:24) 20-Sep-2018 TOF MS ES+ 5.53e3 532.2327 100-% 533.2356 548.2065 510.2513 549.2083 511.2538 534.2373 550.2020 529.2205 413.2793 424.2742^{429.2529}437.2019 453.2144 458.4927 478.2247 410 420 430 440 450 460 470 480 494.1964.498.0190 490 500 510 520 535.2407 551.2682 569.3062 50 560 570 583.3538 591.3889 580 590 600 478.2247 0-400 560 520 540 580 530 550

Compound SKLB-0335'

10:01:34 200425_0392 20 (0.342) Cm (3:24) 458.2169 100₇ 436.2345

No.	Ret.Time		Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min			mAU	mAU*min	%		
1	1.57	n.a.		5.726	0.389	0.78	n.a.	BMB*
2	1.99	n.a.		546.127	49.464	99.22	n.a.	BMB*
Total:				551.853	49.853	100.00	0.000	

Compound (S)-b4

02-Jan-2020 TOF MS ES+ 2.16e4 16:21:55 200102_03242 10 (0.171) Cm (3:23) 456.2007 100₇ % 434.2186 457.2046 472.1748 435.2220 473.1776 458.2084 488.1386 474.1732 461.1747 436.2246 447.1320 449.2229 494.2434 496.2389 m/z 490 495 500 406.3523 413.2660 405 410 415 475.1766 486.1443 423.1671_425.1751 0 400 1 485 420 425 430 445 480 440 450 455 460 470 475 435 465 490 250 <u>纯度</u> #30 [modified by 123] UV_VIS_2 17 mAU WVL:254 nm 2 - 1.960

No.	Ret.Time		Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min			mAU	mAU*min	%		
1	1.57	n.a.		5.496	0.340	1.56	n.a.	BMB*
2	1.96	n.a.		232.423	21.434	98.44	n.a.	BMB*
Total:				237.919	21.774	100.00	0.000	

Compound (R)-b4

No.	Ret.Time		Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min			mAU	mAU*min	%		
1	1.57	n.a.		6.242	0.388	1.22	n.a.	BMB*
2	1.96	n.a.		351.049	31.581	98.78	n.a.	BMB*
Total:				357.290	31.969	100.00	0.000	

Compound c1

Compound c2

No.	Ret.Time		Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min			mAU	mAU*min	%		
1	1.18	n.a.		8.137	0.952	1.28	n.a.	BMB*
2	2.27	n.a.		311.563	73.245	98.72	n.a.	BMB*
Total:				319.699	74.197	100.00	0.000	

Compound c2'

