Direct Dynamics in a Proton Transfer Reaction of Isomer Product Competition.

Insight into the Suppressed Formation of Isoformyl cation

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Species	MP2	M06	B3LYP	M06-2X	BhandH	PBE0	B97-1	CCSD(T)/CBS	CCSD ^c	Expt ^d
$\rm CO_2\cdots HCO^+$	-131.0	-121.3	-119.2	-105.9	-130.1	-124.3	-119.7	-115.5		
	-125.1	-127.2	-115.1	-101.3	-125.5	-120.1	-115.5	-109.6	-102.1	
CO_2 ···HOC ⁺	-43.5	-58.2	-53.1	-51.9	-70.3	-53.1	-52.3	-49.8		
	-39.7	-55.2	-50.2	-50.2	-68.2	-51.0	-49.8	-46.0	-40.6	
$[CO_2 \cdot \cdot H \cdot \cdot CO]^+$	-11.3	-11.3	-10.0	-11.7	-18.4	-11.7	-12.1	-10.5		
	-9.6	-10.0	-8.8	-10.5	-16.7	-10.5	-10.9	-8.8	-5.0	
HCO^++CO_2	-69.5	-58.2	-52.3	-41.4	-45.2	-56.1	-51.9	-55.2		
	-65.7	-55.2	-48.5	-36.4	-41.4	-52.3	-48.5	-51.5	-44.4	-52.3
HOC^++CO_2	128.4	94.1	107.9	109.2	106.7	109.2	107.9	110.5		
	123.4	89.5	101.7	105.9	100.4	102.5	101.3	105.4	113.0	113.8

Table S1. Electronic structure theory energies for stationary points on the HOCO++CO PES with different methods^{a,b} 修改

^aEnergies (in kJ mol⁻¹) are with respect to the HOCO⁺ + CO reactants without (upper values) and with (lower numbers) ZPE. ^bMP2 and DFT energies are calculated with the aug-cc-pVDZ basis set and the CCSD(T)/CBS calculations based on the MP2 minimum geometries. ^cEnergies from ref. 22 include ZPE at the CCSD/6-311++G(d,p) level. ^dExperimental data are from ref. 22,34.

	НС	CO ⁺	C	O ₂		
	$f_{\rm rot}'$	$f_{ m vib}'$	$f_{ m rot}'$	$f_{ m vib}'$	$f_{ m rel}'$	$f_{\rm int}'$
DR	0.22±0.04	0.19±0.03	0.18±0.03	0.09±0.02	0.32±0.04	0.68±0.04
DS	0.15±0.02	0.16±0.01	0.10±0.01	0.06±0.01	0.53±0.02	0.47 ± 0.02
Ind	0.14 ± 0.07	0.33±0.11	0.31±0.10	0.20±0.08	0.02±0.01	0.98±0.01
Total	0.16±0.01	0.17±0.01	0.12±0.01	0.07±0.01	0.48±0.02	0.52±0.02

Table S2. Averaged fractions of $HOCO^+ + CO \rightarrow HCO^+ + CO_2$ product energy partitioning^a

^aThe f's are fractions of energy partitioned to rotational, vibrational, relative translational, and internal (rotation + vibration) energy. Results are reported for the individual direct rebound (DR), direct stripping (DS), indirect (Ind) mechanisms, and for the total reaction.



Figure S1. Histograms of differences between stationary point energies calculated with MP2 and DFT functionals, employing the aug-cc-pVDZ basis set, and the CCSD(T)/CBS values. All stationary point energies are included in each of the histograms and each is fit with the normal distribution of error curve with the fitting parameters given in the text.



Figure S2. Stationary point structures for the HOCO⁺ + CO reaction optimized at the B97-1/aug-cc-pVDZ level of theory. Bond distances (in Å) and angles (in degree) are shown for each structure and the available experimental data^a are given in brackets. ^aLide, D. R. CRC Handbook of Chemistry and Physics; CRC Press: Boca Raton, FL, 2005.



Figure S3. Reaction probability $P_r(b)$ of HOCO⁺ + CO \rightarrow HCO⁺ + CO₂ reaction channel as a function of impact parameter b at a 2.35eV collision energy. Results are shown for the three identified atomic-level reaction mechanisms and for the total reaction: direct rebound (green), direct stripping (pink), indirect (orange), and total (blue).



Figure S4. Product internal energy distributions of the proton transfer reaction $HOCO^+ + CO \rightarrow HCO^+ + CO_2$. Results are presented for the direct rebound (green), the direct stripping (pink), and the indirect (orange) atomic-level mechanisms, as well as for the total scattering (blue).



Figure S5. Velocity scattering angle distributions for the $HOCO^+ + CO \rightarrow HCO^+ + CO_2$ reaction. The results are illustrated for the individual direct rebound (green), direct stripping (pink), and indirect (orange) mechanisms and for the total scattering (blue).



Figure S6. Fraction of product internal energy as a function of scattering angle for the $HOCO^+ + CO \rightarrow HCO^+ + CO_2$ reaction.