

Supporting Information

Ratiometric detection of the biomarker Ap5A for dry eye and physiological temperature by a rare trinuclear lanthanide metal-organic framework

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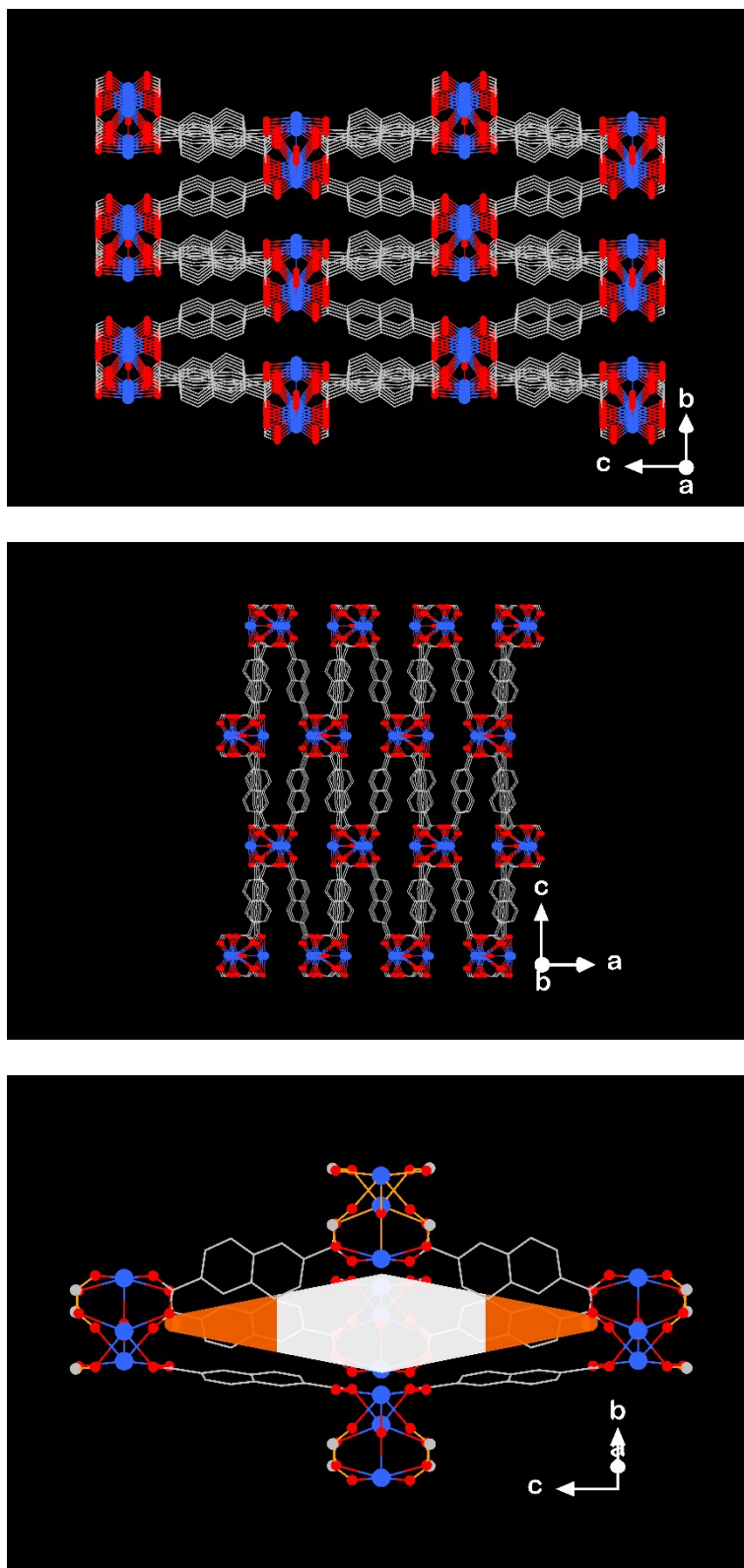


Figure S1. The crystal structure of Eu(2,6-NDC) view along *a*, *b* axis, and the rugby shaped cavity.

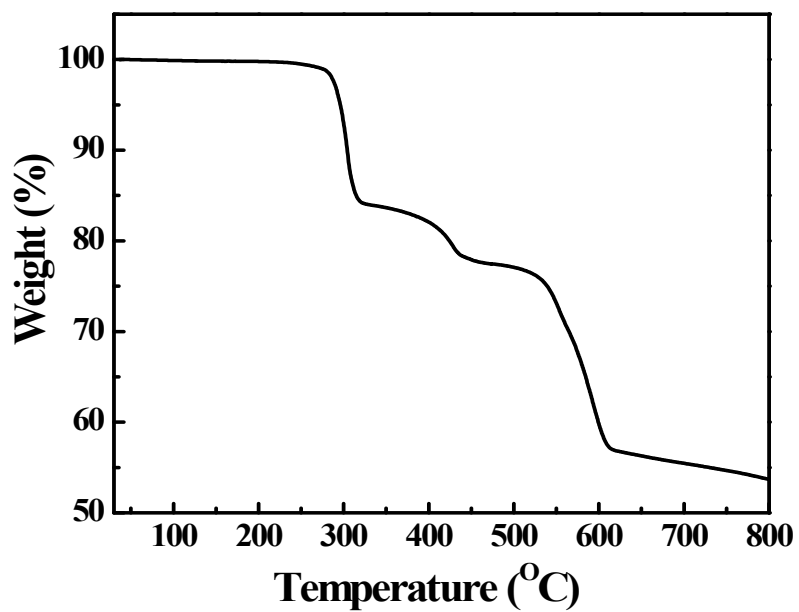


Figure S2. The TGA curve of Eu(2,6-NDC).

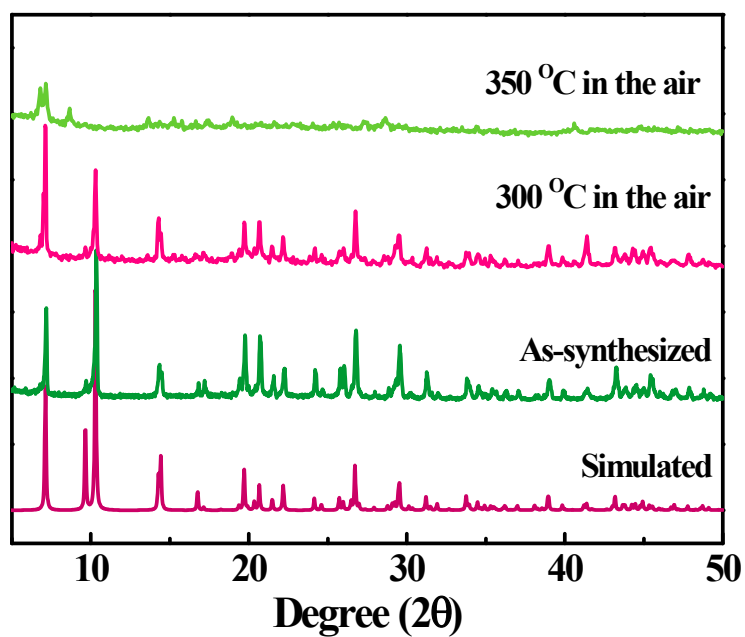


Figure S3. The PXRD pattern of Eu(2,6-NDC) after different temperature treatment.

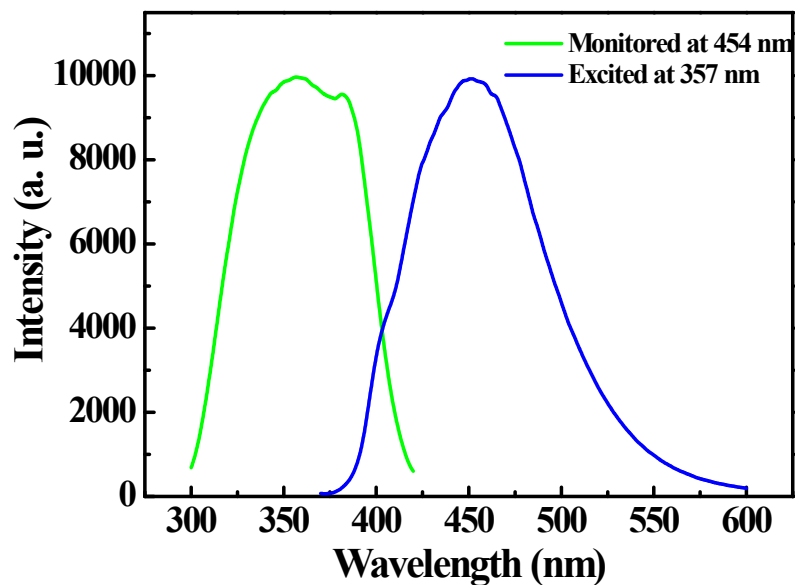


Figure S4. Excitation and emission spectra of free 2,6-H₂NDC.

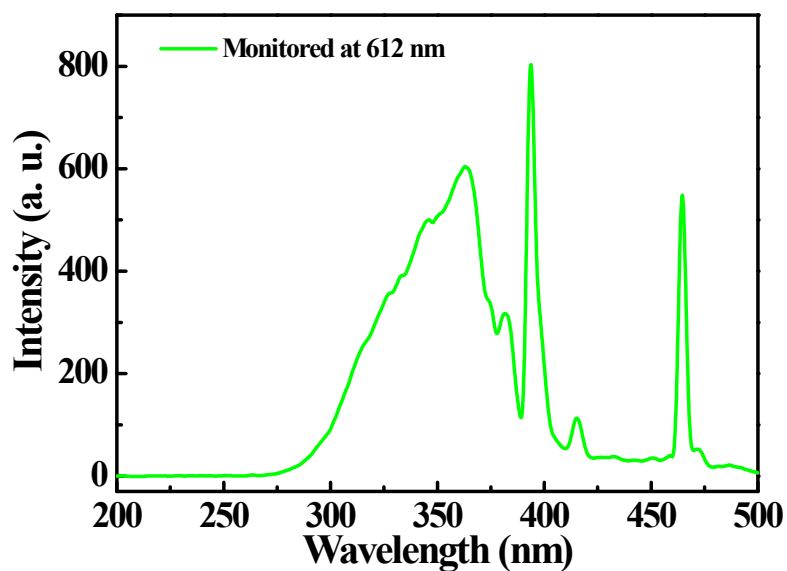


Figure S5. Excited spectrum of Eu(2,6-NDC) in solid state monitored at 612 nm.

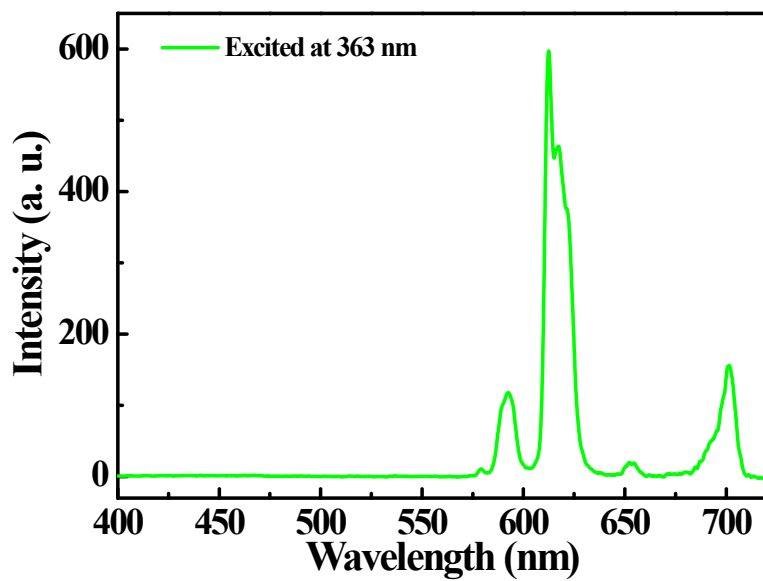


Figure S6. Emission spectrum of Eu(2,6-NDC) in solid state excited at 363 nm.

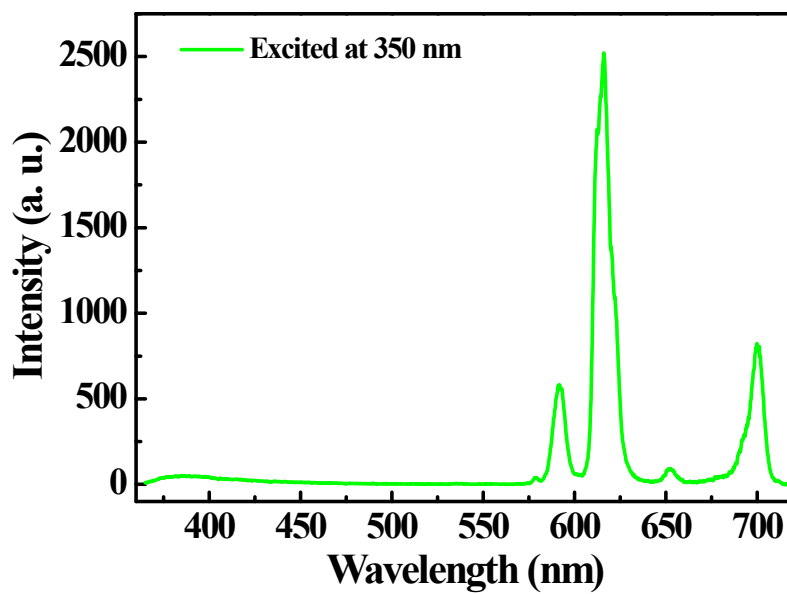


Figure S7. Emission spectrum of Eu(2,6-NDC) in water excited at 350 nm.

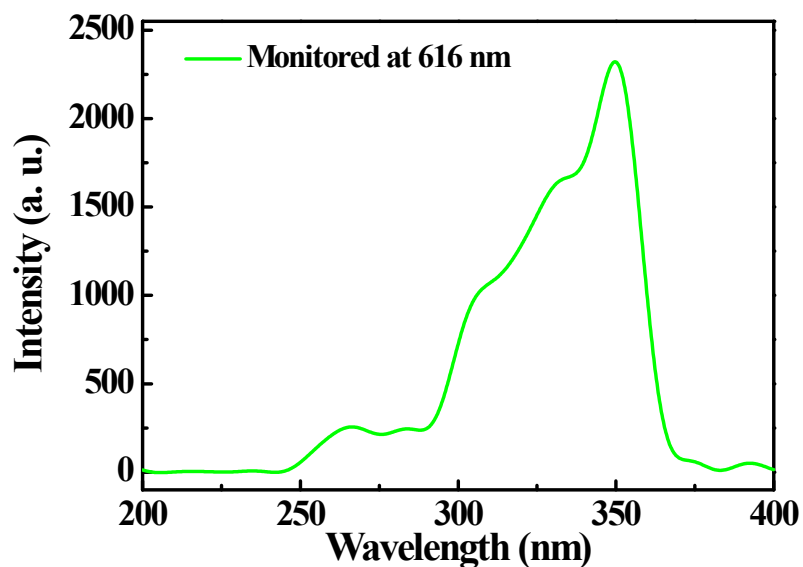


Figure S8. Excited spectrum of Eu(2,6-NDC) in water monitored at 616 nm.

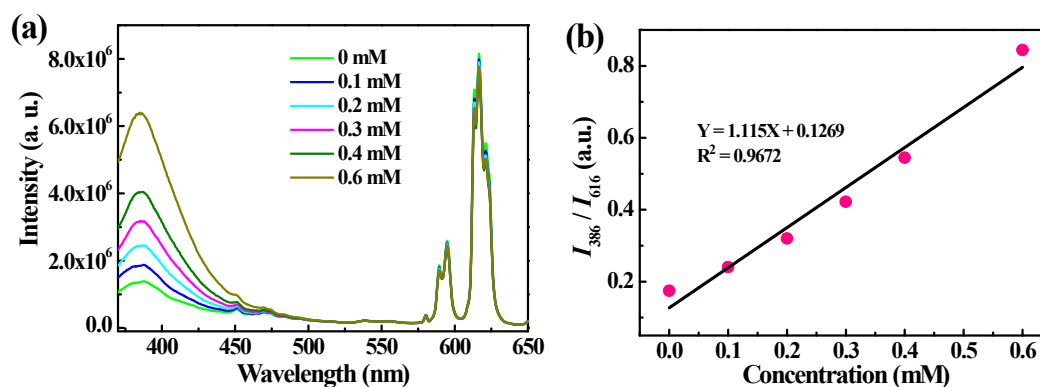


Figure S9. (a) Emission spectra of Eu(2,6-NDC) suspension upon gradual addition of Ap4A from 0 to 0.6 mM. (b) Luminescence intensity ratio (I_{386}/I_{616}) of Eu(2,6-NDC) suspension versus the concentration of Ap4A. Inset: The linear calibration plot for Ap4A detection.

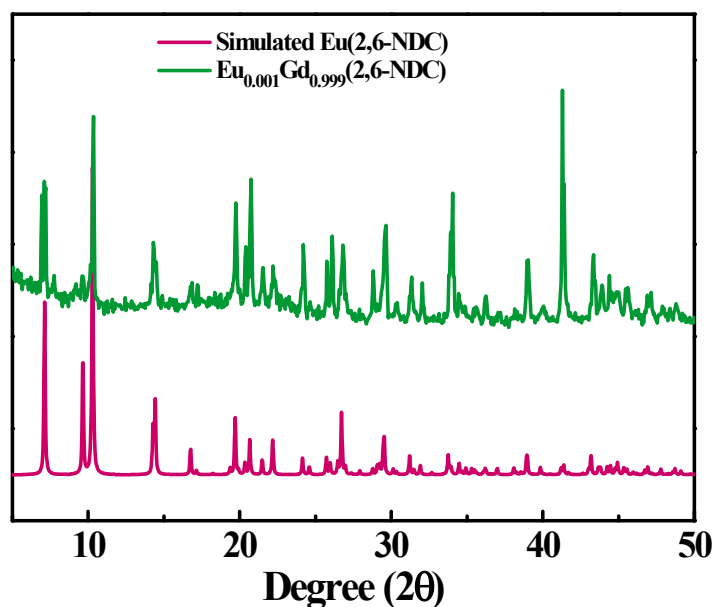


Figure S10. PXRD patterns of $\text{Eu}_{0.001}\text{Gd}_{0.999}(2,6\text{-NDC})$ and simulated $\text{Eu}(2,6\text{-NDC})$.

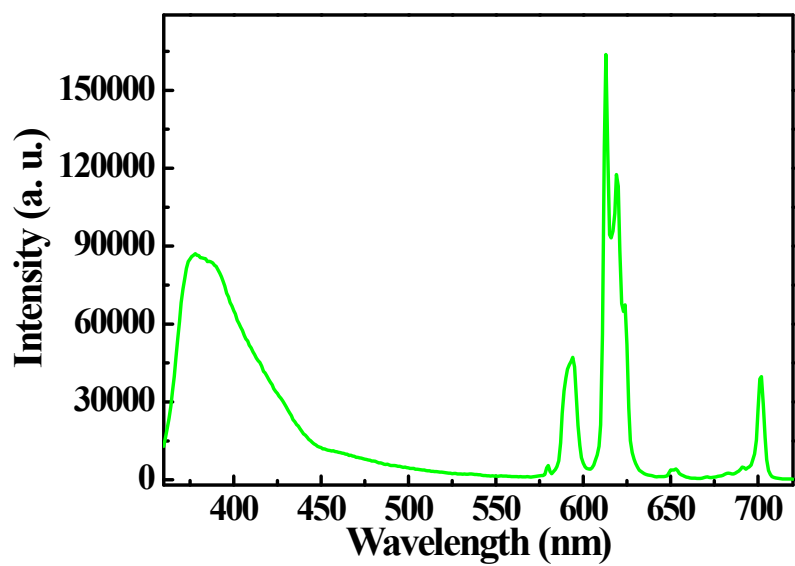


Figure S11. Emission spectrum of $\text{Eu}_{0.001}\text{Gd}_{0.999}(2,6\text{-NDC})$ in solid state at 20 °C excited at 340 nm.

Table S1. Crystallographic Data Collection and Refinement Results of Eu(2,6-NDC).

	Eu(2,6-NDC)
Chemical formula	C ₃₉ H ₄ Eu ₂₂ O ₁₉
Formula weight	1250.54
Temperature (K)	293(2)
Wavelength (Å)	0.71073
Crystal system	Hexagonal
Space group	<i>P</i> 6 ₃ / <i>m</i>
<i>a</i> (Å)	10.5738(4)
<i>b</i> (Å)	10.5738(4)
<i>c</i> (Å)	24.7974(10)
α (°)	90
β (°)	90
γ (°)	120
<i>V</i> (Å ³)	2401.0(2)
<i>Z</i>	2
Density (calculated g·cm ⁻³)	1.776
Absorbance coefficient (mm ⁻¹)	3.944
<i>F</i> (000)	1231
Crystal size (mm ³)	0.4X0.4X0.2
<i>R</i> (int)	0.0309
Goodness of fit on <i>F</i> ₂	1.175
<i>R</i> ₁ , <i>wR</i> ₂ [<i>I</i> >2σ(<i>I</i>)] ^a	0.0405, 0.1031
<i>R</i> ₁ , <i>wR</i> ₂ (all data) ^a	0.0428, 0.1043
Largest difference peak and hole (e·Å ⁻³)	1.285, -1.621

$$R1 = \sum (|F_o| - |F_c|) / \sum |F_o|; wR2 = \left[\frac{\sum w(|F_o| - |F_c|)^2}{\sum wF_o^2} \right]^{1/2}$$

a