

Ln-MOFs with window-shaped channels based on triazine tricarboxylic acid as a linker: high-efficient capture of cationic dyes and iodine

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Materials and methods. Lanthanide nitrate salts were prepared via dissolving lanthanide oxides with 12 M HNO₃ and then evaporating at 100 °C until the crystal film formed. Other chemicals purchased are not further purified or post-treated. The elemental analysis were carried out on a Perkin-Elmer 240C automatic analyzer. Infrared spectra were measured on a Bruker AXS TENSOR-27 in the range of 400-4000 cm⁻¹ at room temperature. UV-Vis spectra were recorded on JASCO V-570 spectrometer (200-2500 nm, in form of solid sample). X-ray powder diffraction (XRD) data were collected on a Bruker Advance-D8 with Cu-K α radiation, in the range 5° <2 θ < 50°, with a step size of 0.02° (2 θ) and an acquisition time of 2 s per step. Thermogravimetric analysis (TG) was performed on a Perkin Elmer Diamond TG/DTA under the conditions of the N₂ atmosphere in the temperature range from 30°C to 800°C. The scanning electron microscope (SEM) images were acquired using a SU8010 scanning electron microscope (HITACHI, Tokyo, Japan).

Spectra characteristics of pro-ligand H₃TATAB (Fig.S1-S3).

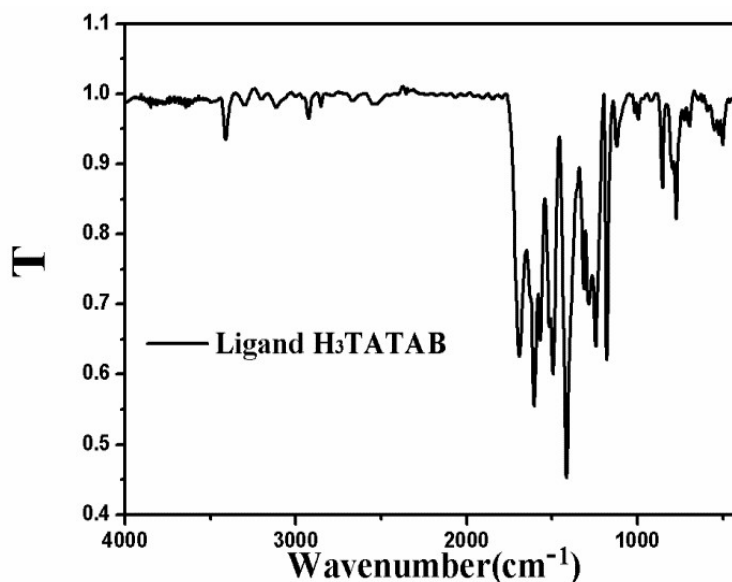


Fig.S1 IR spectrum of pro-ligand H₃TATAB (298K).

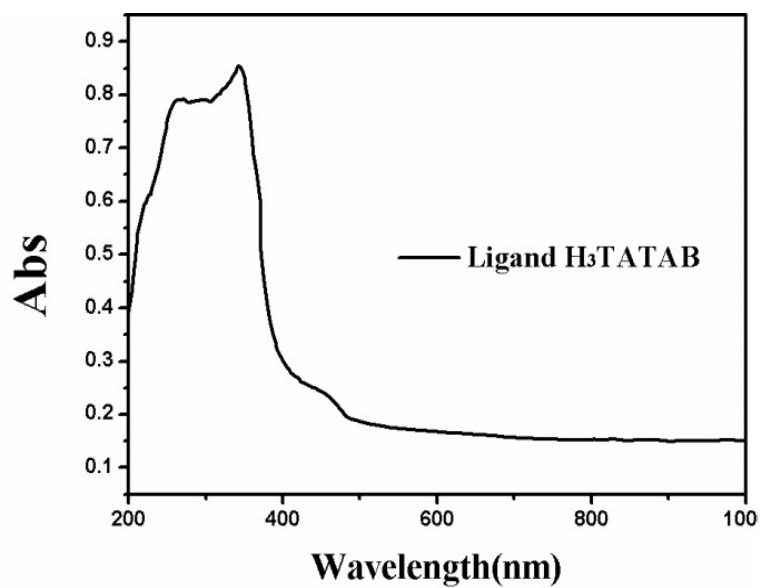


Fig.S2 Solid UV-Vis spectrum of pro-ligand H₃TATAB (298K).

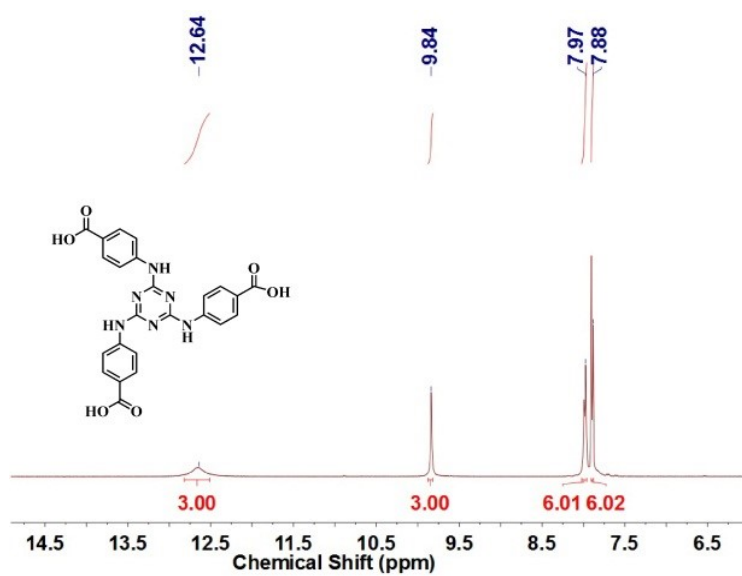


Fig.S3 ¹H NMR (400 MHz, d₆-DMSO, 298K) spectrum.

IR spectra of 1-7 at room temperature (Fig.S4-S10).

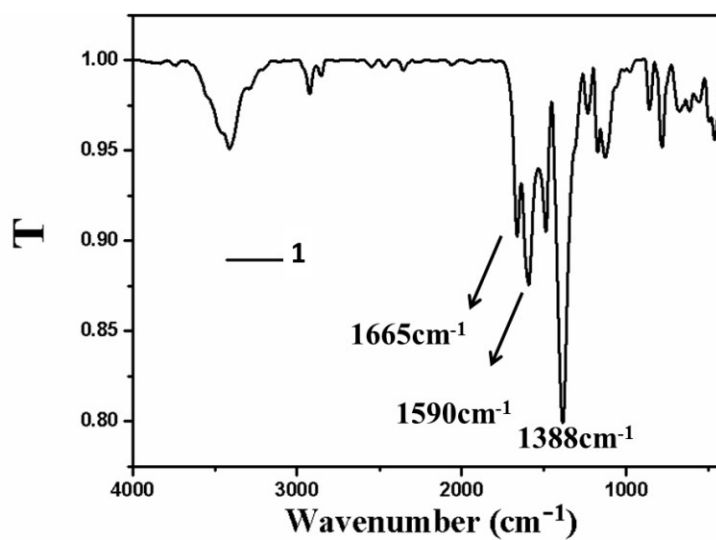


Fig.S4 IR spectrum of 1 at room temperature.

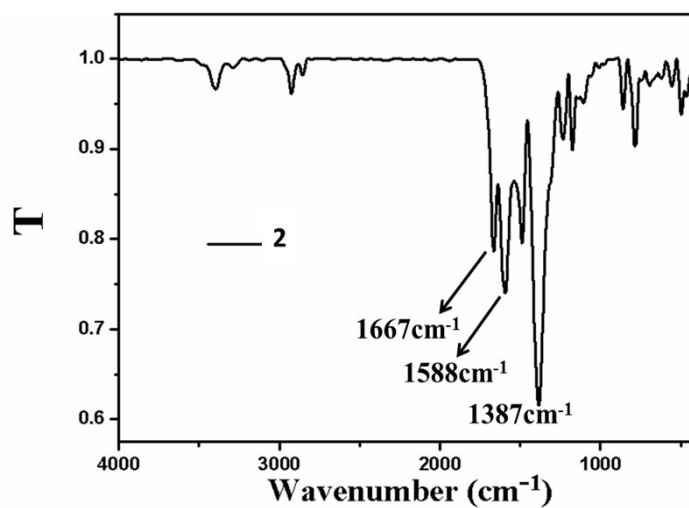


Fig.S5 IR spectrum of 2 at room temperature.

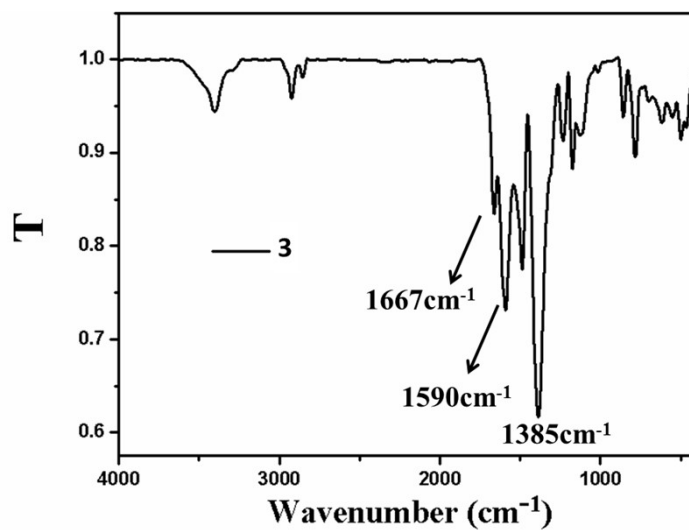


Fig.S6 IR spectrum of **3** at room temperature.

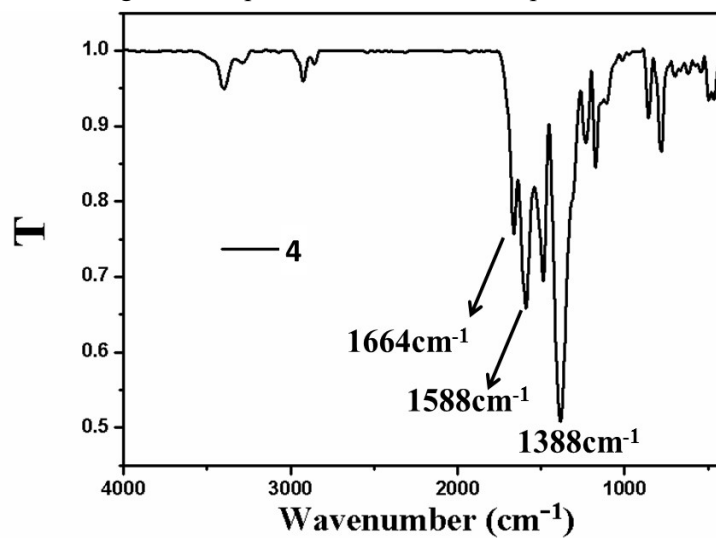


Fig.S7 IR spectrum of **4** at room temperature.

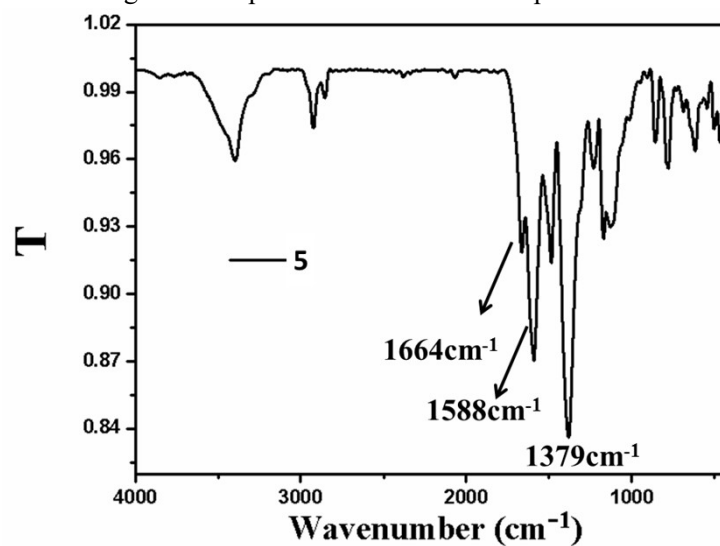


Fig.S8 IR spectrum of **5** at room temperature.

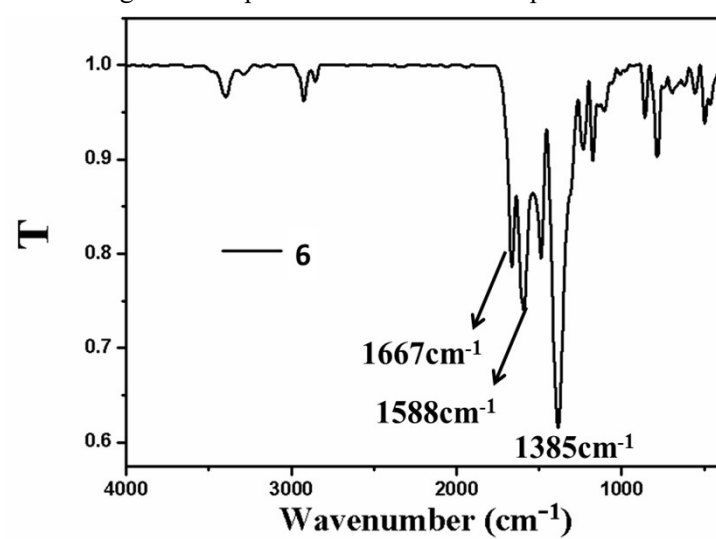


Fig.S9 IR spectrum of **6** at room temperature.

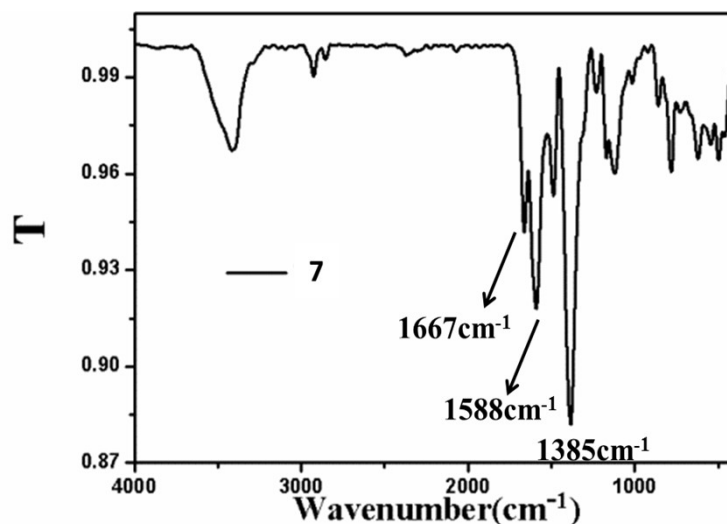


Fig.S10 IR spectrum of 7 at room temperature.

Table S1. Detailed attributes of the IR data for 1-7.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
$\nu_{\text{O-H}}$	3404	3394	3411	3404	3396	3394	3411
$\nu_{\text{-CH}_2\text{-}}$	2928,2860	2928,2853	2926,2856	2928,2860	2928,2853	2928,2856	2926,2863
ν_{asCOO^-}	1665,1590	1662,1588	1667,1590	1664,1588	1664,1588	1667,1596	1667,1588
$\nu_{\text{(C=N,C=C)}}$	1489	1489	1490	1489	1489	1488	1490
ν_{sCOO^-}	1388	1387	1385	1388	1379	1385	1385
$\nu_{\text{C-N(triazine)}}$	1238	1238	1236	1238	1238	1236	1236
$\nu_{\text{C-N}}$	1171	1170	1175	1170	1179	1173	1167
$\nu_{\text{Ar-H}}$	853,784	862,786	862,783	862,777	862,786	862,782	869,783

UV-Vis spectra of 1-7(Fig.S11-S17).

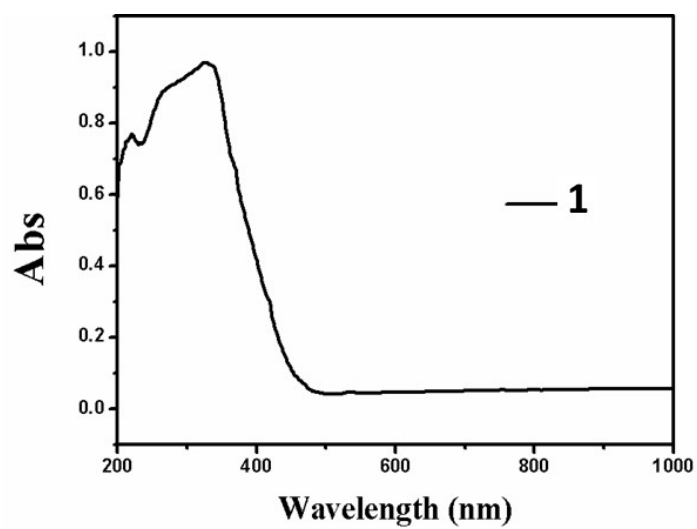


Fig.S11 Solid UV-Vis spectrum of **1** at room temperature.

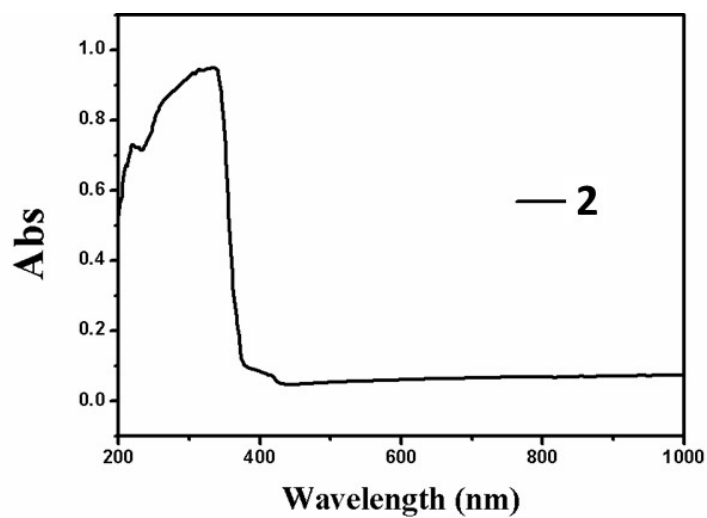


Fig.S12 Solid UV-Vis spectrum of **2** at room temperature.

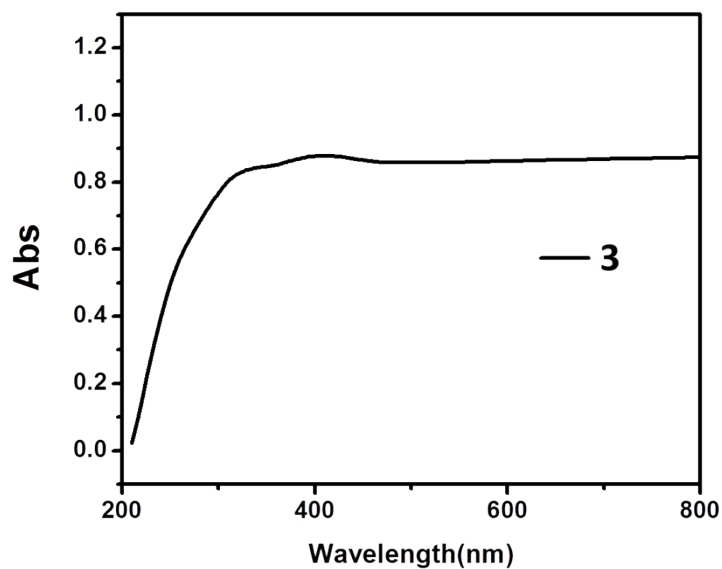


Fig.S13 Solid UV-Vis spectrum of **3** at room temperature.

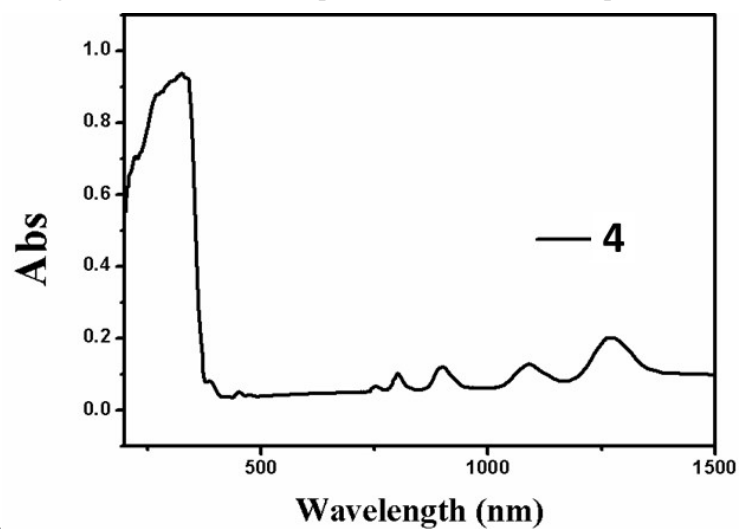


Fig.S14 Solid UV-Vis spectrum of **4** at room temperature.

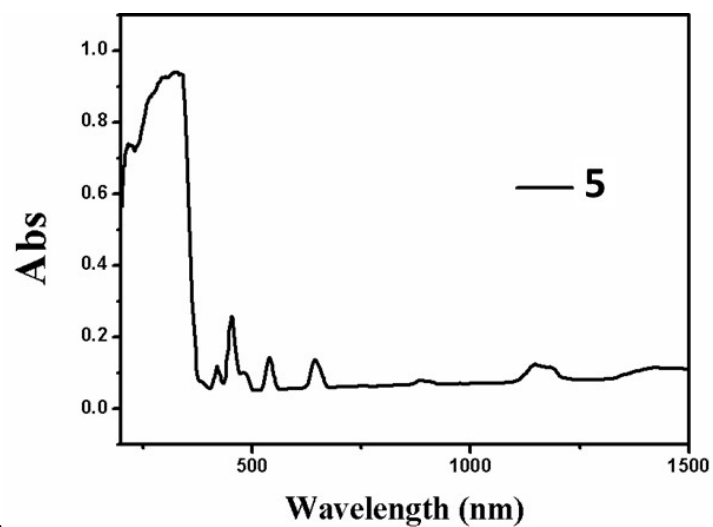


Fig.S15 Solid UV-Vis spectrum of **5** at room temperature.

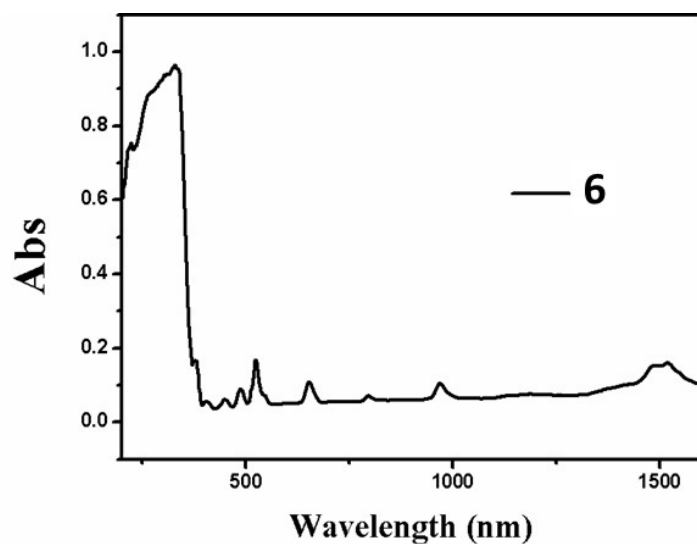


Fig.S16 Solid UV-Vis spectrum of **6** at room temperature.

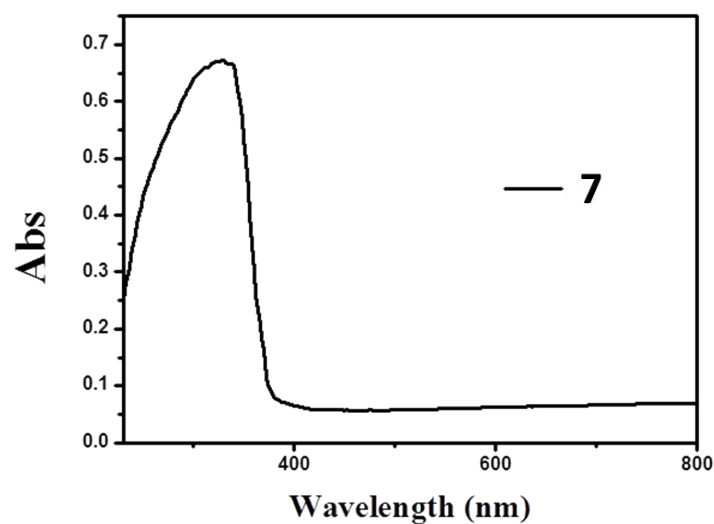


Fig.S17 Solid UV-Vis spectrum of **7** at room temperature.

Table S2. Detailed attributes of UV-Vis data for 1-7.¹⁻³

Compound	Peak of adsorption/(nm)	Attributes
1	221, 226, 326	$\pi \rightarrow \pi^*$
2	219, 265, 331	$\pi \rightarrow \pi^*$
3	245, 327	$\pi \rightarrow \pi^*$
	1270, 1091, 901	${}^6H_{15/2} \rightarrow {}^6F_J$
	801, 753	($J=11/2, 9/2, 7/2, 5/2, 3/2$)
4	475, 451	${}^6H_{15/2} \rightarrow {}^4F_J$ ($J=9/2, 15/2$)

	221, 268, 324	$\pi \rightarrow \pi^*$
	1146, 886	$^5I_8 \rightarrow ^5I_6 (J=6, 5)$
	644, 539, 480	$^5I_8 \rightarrow ^5F_J (J=5, 4, 3)$
	454, 421, 384	$^5I_8 \rightarrow ^5G_J (J=6, 5, 3)$
5	218, 264, 324	$\pi \rightarrow \pi^*$
	1479, 1521	$^4I_{15/2} \rightarrow ^4I_{1/2}$
	970, 798	$^4I_{15/2} \rightarrow ^4I_J (11/2, 9/2)$
	653, 486	$^4I_{15/2} \rightarrow ^4I_F (9/2, 7/2)$
6	221, 265, 327	$\square \pi \rightarrow \pi^*$
7	251, 330	$\square \pi \rightarrow \pi^*$

TG curves of 1-7(Fig.S18-S24).

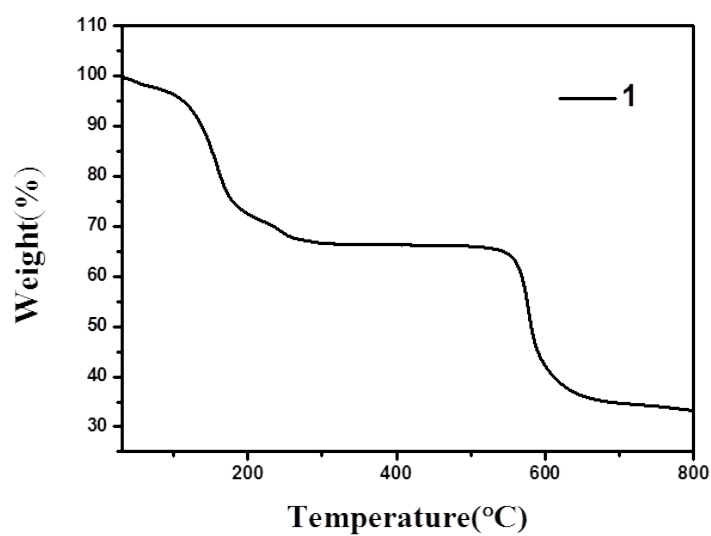


Fig.S18 TG curve of **1**.

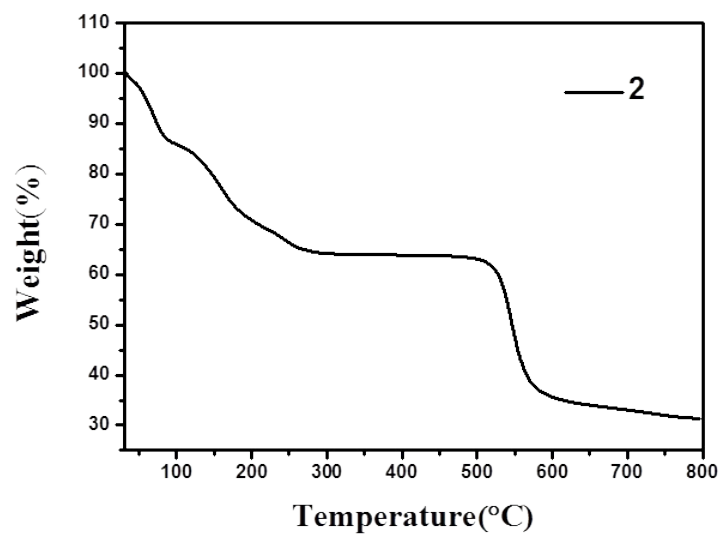


Fig.S19 TG curve of 2.

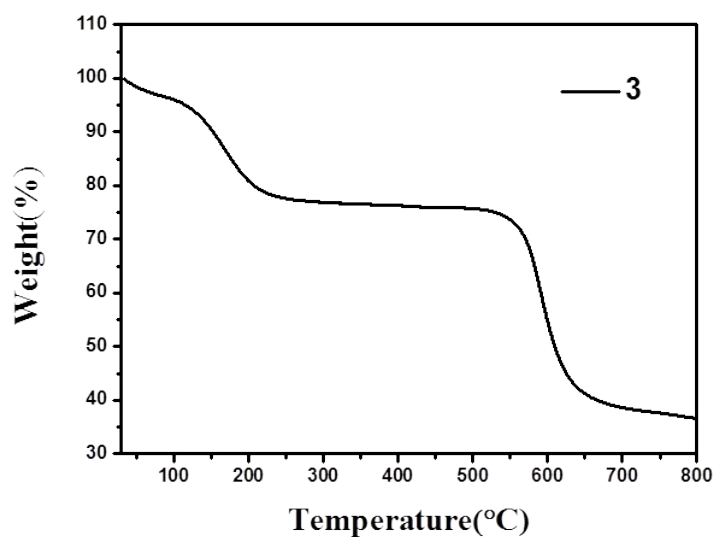


Fig.S20 TG curve of 3.

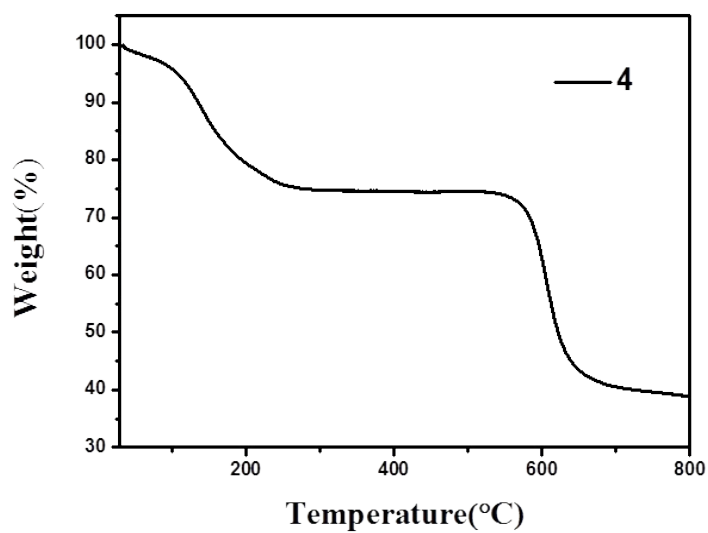


Fig.S21 TG curve of 4.

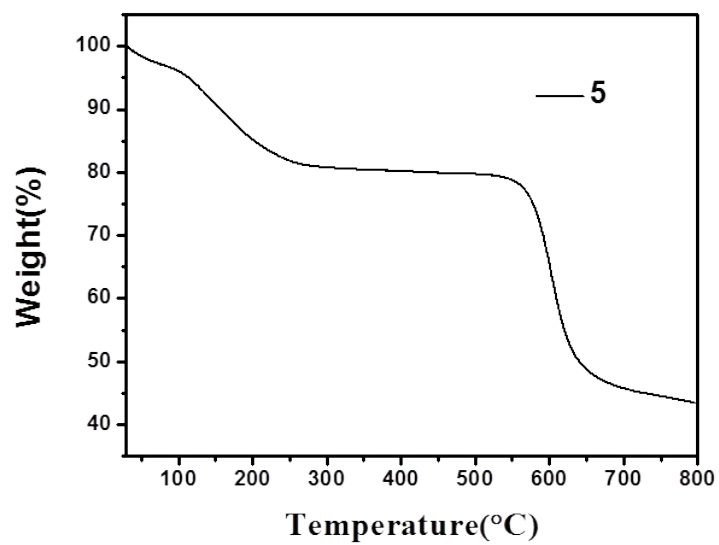


Fig.S22 TG curve of 5.

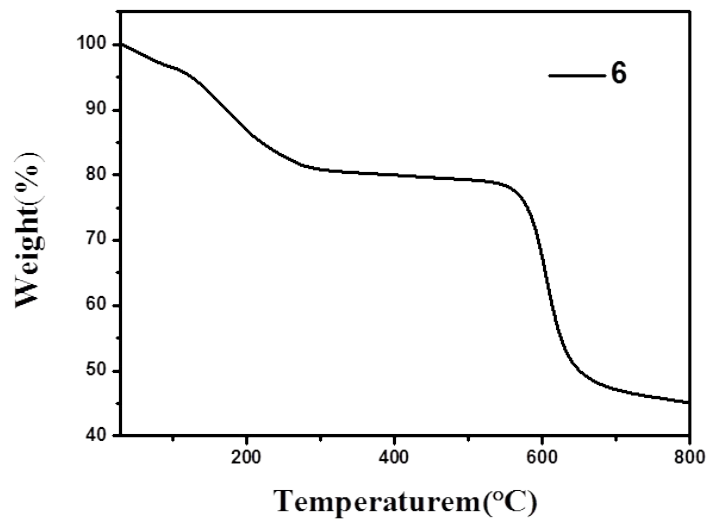


Fig.S23 TG curve of 6.

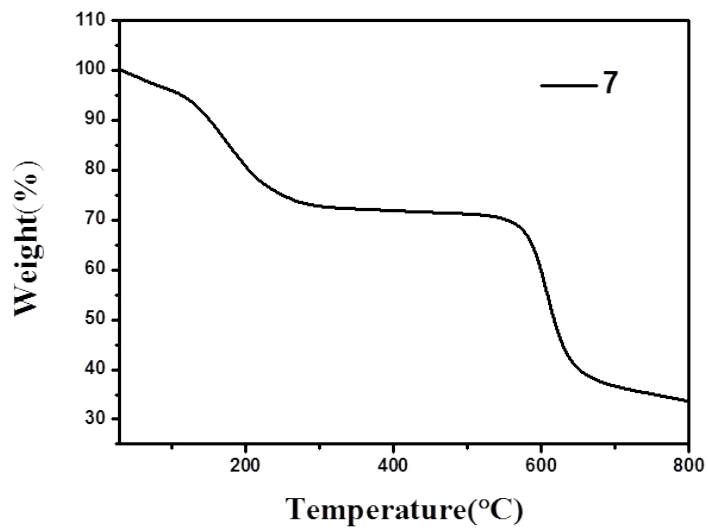


Fig.S24 TG curve of 7.

Solid fluorescence spectra of 3 and 4.

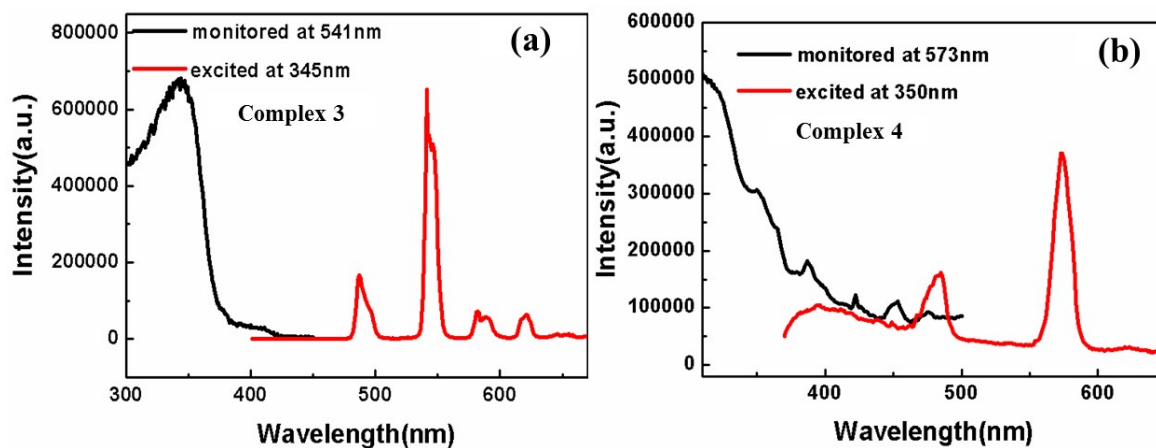


Fig.S25 Solid excitation and emission spectra of 3 and 4 show in (a) and (b).

The stability test of 1 soaked in H₂O and cyclohexane for 12h.

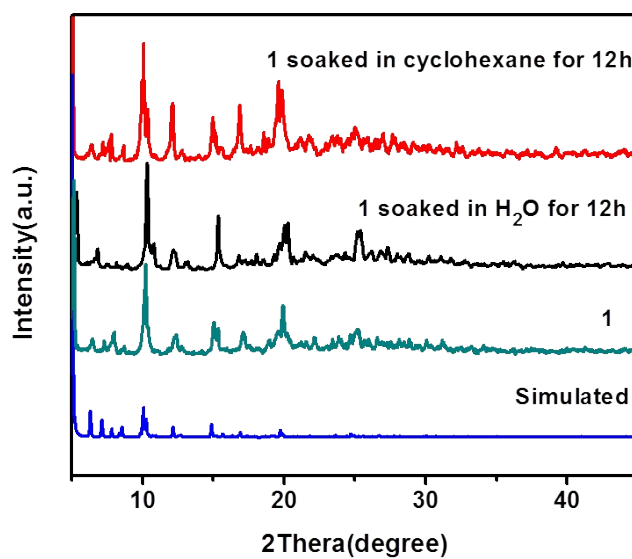


Fig.S26 The PXRD patterns of 1 soaked in H₂O and cyclohexane for 12 h.

PXRD patterns for 1 after capturing MB.

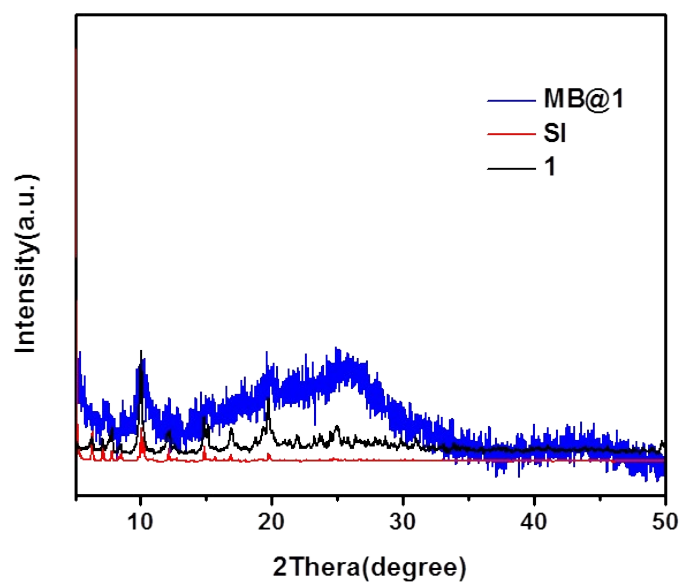


Fig.S27 PXRD patterns of 1 after capturing MB compared to simulated.

PXRD patterns for 1 after capturing I₂ and releasing I₂.

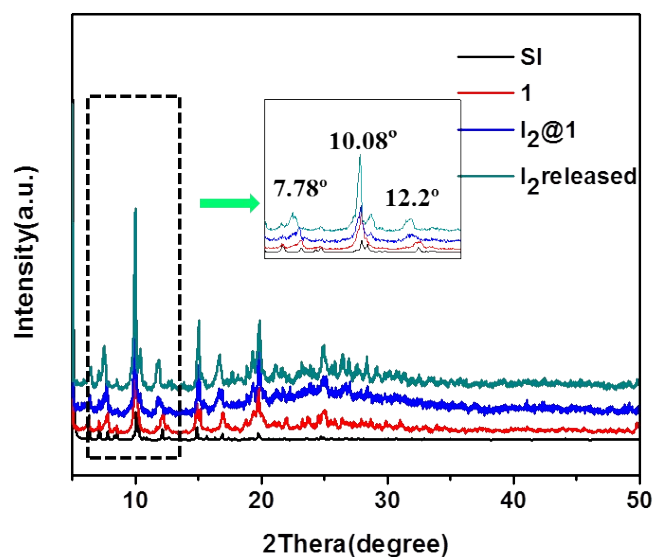


Fig. S28. PXRD patterns of I₂@1 and I₂ released compared with simulated. The insert picture represents the angular movement of the peak at 7.78, 10.08 and 12.2 degrees.

IR and UV-vis spectra for 1 after capturing I₂.

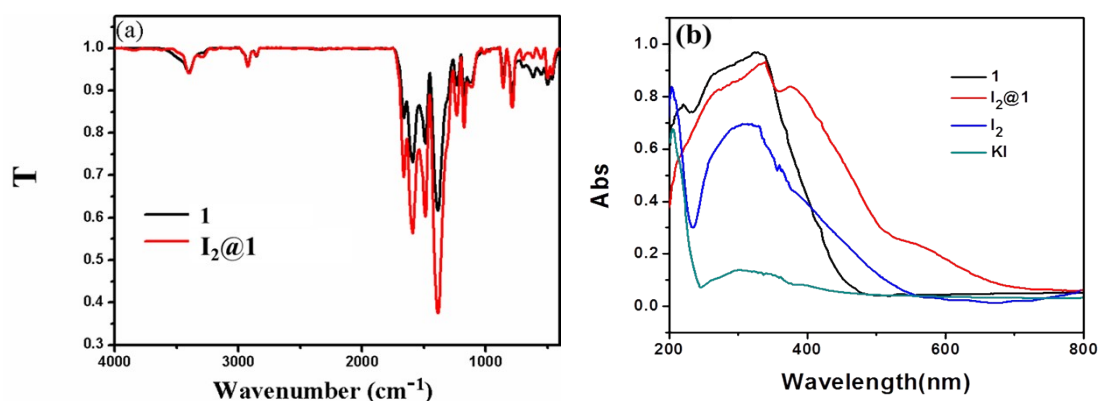


Fig. S29. (a) IR spectra of 1 and I₂@1. (b) Solid-state UV-Vis spectra of 1, I₂@1, I₂ and KI.

PXRD Pawley refinement of I₂@1.

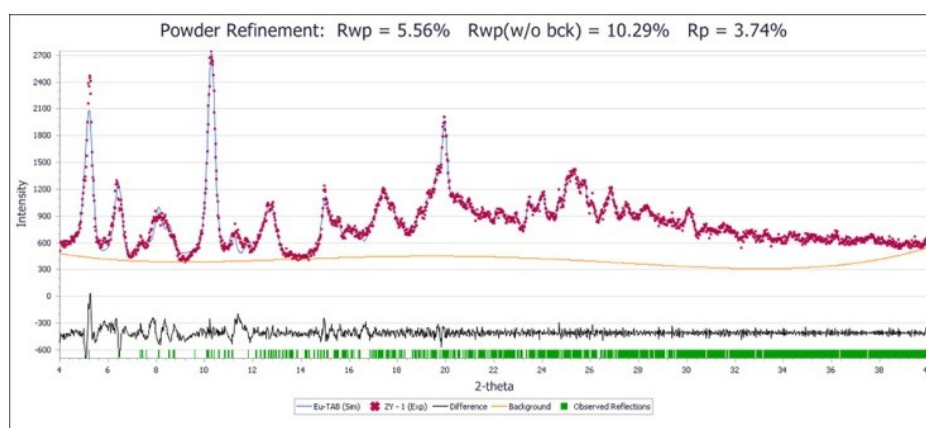


Fig.S30. PXRD Pawley refinement of I₂@1 (Lattice Type: monoclinic, space group: $P2_1/c$ (14). Rwp = 5.56%, Rp=3.74%, a = 28.869(7) Å, b = 22.218(6) Å, c = 15.166(4) Å, alpha = 90.0000, beta = 103.4689, gamma = 90.0000, λ = 1.540562 Å, GOF=1.038). Experimental data are shown as blue plots, the refined profiles as the purple petal-shaped points, and the difference under them as green plots. Reflection positions are marked with black. The detailed refinement data are listed in Table S7.

The cycle tests of adsorption-desorption of I₂ with 1.

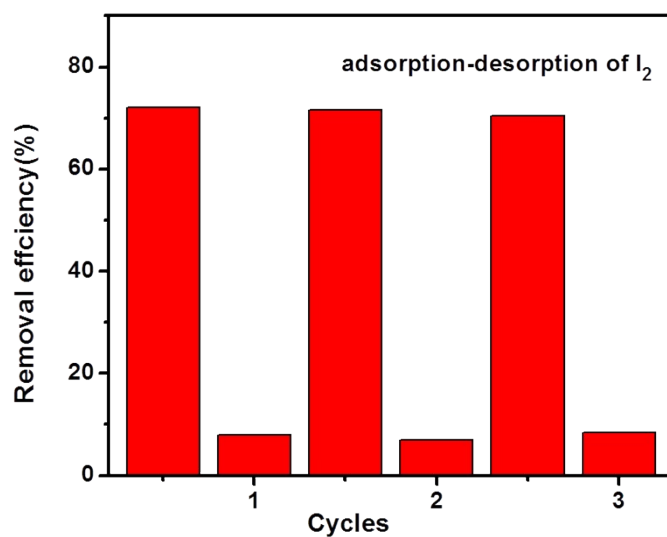


Fig.S31. The cycle tests of adsorption-desorption of I₂ with 1.

The first-order-equation fitting model of adsorption to I₂ with 1.

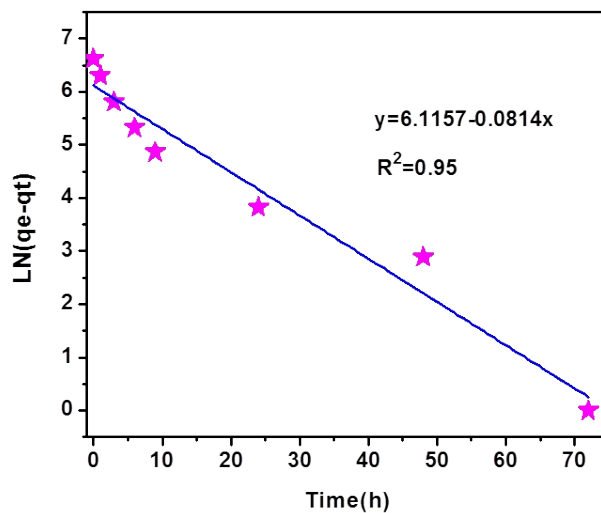


Fig.S32. The adsorption of iodine with 1 fitted with first-order-equation kinetic model. The constant R^2 is 0.95 which is lower than the constant R^2 0.99 fitted by pseudo-second-order.

Table S3. Crystallographic data of 1-3*.

Complexes	1	2	3
Molecular formula	C ₄₈ H ₃₀ N ₁₂ O ₁₂ Eu ₂	C ₄₈ H ₃₀ N ₁₂ O ₁₂ Gd ₂	C ₄₈ H ₃₀ N ₁₂ O ₁₂ Tb ₂
Formula weight (g/mol)	1270.78	1281.34	1284.68
Crystal system	Monoclinic	Monoclinic	Monoclinic
Space group	<i>P2₁/c</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
a (Å)	28.869(7)	28.7882(13)	29.106(5)
b (Å)	22.218(6)	22.6249(11)	21.998(4)
c (Å)	15.166(4)	15.2517(7)	15.091(3)
α (°)	90	90	90
β (°)	103.467(4)	103.626(10)	103.308(3)
γ (°)	90	90	90
V (Å ³)	9460(4)	9654.3(8)	9403(3)
Z	4	4	4
D g/cm ⁻³	0.892	0.882	0.908
F(000)	2496	2504	2512
μ(Mo-Kα)/mm ⁻¹	1.353	1.400	1.531
θ (°)	0.73-29.33	1.16-29.97	1.17-31.42
Reflections collected	56217	56217	56217
Parameters	667	667	668
Δ(ρ) (e Å ⁻³)	7.202 and -4.552	1.233 and -1.133	8.301 and -6.798
Goodness of fit on F ²	1.038	1.030	1.019
Final R indices[I>2σ(I)]	R ₁ =0.0446	R ₁ =0.0444	R ₁ =0.0440
	wR ₂ =0.1127	wR ₂ =0.1119	wR ₂ =0.1107
Final R indices[all data]	R ₁ =0.0570	R ₁ =0.0569	R ₁ =0.0564
	wR ₂ =0.1154	wR ₂ =0.1146	wR ₂ =0.1134

*R = Σ||F_o| - |F_c||/Σ|F_o|, wR₂ = [Σw(F_o² - F_c²)²/Σw(F_o²)²]^{1/2}, [F_o>σ(F_o)]

Table S4. Crystallographic data of 4-7*.

Complexes	4	5	6	7
Molecular formula	C ₄₈ H ₃₀ N ₁₂ O ₁₂ Dy ₂	C ₄₈ H ₃₀ N ₁₂ O ₁₂ Ho ₂	C ₄₈ H ₃₀ N ₁₂ O ₁₂ Er ₂	C ₄₈ H ₃₀ N ₁₂ O ₁₂ Y ₂
Formula weight (g/mol)	1291.84	1296.70	1301.36	1144.66
Crystal system	Monoclinic	Monoclinic	Monoclinic	Monoclinic
Space group	<i>P2₁/c</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
a (Å)	29.1041(11)	29.062(2)	28.9870(14)	29.082(8)
b (Å)	21.9828(8)	22.0255(15)	22.1223(11)	21.972(6)
c (Å)	15.0854(5)	15.0555(10)	15.01309(8)	15.182(4)
α (°)	90	90	90	90
β (°)	103.184(2)	103.2030(10)	103.227(2)	103.381(16)
γ (°)	90	90	90	90
V (Å ³)	9397.1(6)	9382.2(11)	9445.4(8)	9438.0(4)
Z	4	4	4	4
D g/cm ⁻³	0.913	0.918	0.915	0.806
F(000)	2520	2528	2536	2304
μ(Mo-Kα)/mm ⁻¹	1.617	1.714	1.804	1.263
θ (°)	1.94-27.09	0.72-27.18	1.7 to 29.32	1.93 to 28.68
Reflections collected	56217	56217	56217	125315
Parameters	667	668	668	667
Δ(ρ) (e Å ⁻³)	6.528 and -4.461	5.000 and -3.28	8.634 and -6.944	4.027 and -2.192
Goodness of fit on F ²	1.018	1.020	1.030	0.931
Final R indices [I > 2σ(I)]	R ₁ =0.0441 wR ₂ =0.1107	R ₁ =0.0442 wR ₂ =0.1109	R ₁ =0.0448 wR ₂ =0.1121	R ₁ =0.0970 wR ₂ =0.2365
Final R indices [all data]	R ₁ =0.0564 wR ₂ =0.1133	R ₁ =0.0566 wR ₂ =0.1135	R ₁ =0.0571 wR ₂ =0.1146	R ₁ =0.1564 wR ₂ =0.2573

*R = Σ||F_o| - |F_c||/Σ|F_o|, wR₂ = [Σw(F_o² - F_c²)²/Σw(F_o²)₂]^{1/2}, [F_o > 4σ(F_o)]

Table S5. Selected distances (Å) for 1-7.

1					
Eu(1)-O(1)	2.298(3)	Eu(1)-O(10)	2.356(3)	Eu(2)-O(5)	2.607(4)
Eu(1)-O(5)	2.356(3)	Eu(1)-O(11)	2.389(3)	Eu(2)-O(8)	2.323(3)
Eu(1)-O(6)	2.267(3)	Eu(2)-O(2)	2.234(4)	Eu(2)-O(9)	2.380(3)
Eu(1)-O(7)	2.345(3)	Eu(2)-O(3)	2.265(3)	Eu(2)-O(11)	2.547(3)
Eu(1)-O(8)	2.603(3)	Eu(2)-O(4)	2.309(4)	Eu(2)-O(12)	2.379(3)
Eu(1)-O(9)	2.567(3)				

¹ X, 3/2-Y, -1/2+Z. ² -X, 2-Y, 2-Z.

2					
Gd(1)-O(1)	2.314(3)	Gd(1)-O(10)	2.398(3)	Gd(2)-O(5)	2.619(4)
Gd(1)-O(5)	2.356(3)	Gd(1)-O(11)	2.412(3)	Gd(2)-O(8) ²	2.323(3)
Gd(1)-O(6)	2.298(3)	Gd(2)-O(2)	2.259(4)	Gd(2)-O(9) ²	2.400(3)
Gd(1)-O(7)	2.346(3)	Gd(2)-O(3)	2.291(3)	Gd(2)-O(11)	2.560(3)
Gd(1)-O(8)	2.616(3)	Gd(2)-O(4)	2.304(4)	Gd(2)-O(12)	2.421(3)
Gd(1)-O(9)	2.575(3)				

¹X, 3/2-Y, 1/2+Z. ² X, 3/2-Y, -1/2+Z.

3					
Tb(1)-O(1)	2.296(3)	Tb(1)-O(10)	2.341(3)	Tb(2)-O(5)	2.600(4)
Tb(1)-O(5)	2.367(3)	Tb(1)-O(11)	2.377(3)	Tb(2)-O(8) ²	2.332(3)
Tb(1)-O(6)	2.251(3)	Tb(2)-O(2)	2.224(4)	Tb(2)-O(9) ²	2.370(3)
Tb(1)-O(7)	2.359(3)	Tb(2)-O(3)	2.254(3)	Tb(2)-O(11)	2.542(3)
Tb(1)-O(8)	2.597(3)	Tb(2)-O(4)	2.326(4)	Tb(2)-O(12)	2.358(3)
Tb(2)-O(9)	2.564(3)				

¹ X, 3/2-Y, 1/2+Z. ² X, 3/2-Y, -1/2+Z.

4					
Dy(1)-O(1)	2.298(3)	Dy(1)-O(10)	2.340(3)	Dy(2)-O(5)	2.602(4)
Dy(1)-O(5)	2.365(3)	Dy(1)-O(11)	2.378(3)	Dy(2)-O(8) ²	2.336(3)
Dy(1)-O(6)	2.250(3)	Dy(2)-O(2)	2.222(4)	Dy(2)-O(9) ²	2.368(4)
Dy(1)-O(7)	2.358(3)	Dy(2)-O(3)	2.252(3)	Dy(2)-O(11)	2.539(3)

Dy(1)-O(8)	2.596(3)	Dy(2)-O(4)	2.328(4)	Dy(2)-O(12)	2.357(3)
Dy(1)-O(9)	2.566(3)				
¹ X, 3/2-Y, 1/2+Z. ² X, 3/2-Y, -1/2+Z.					
5					
Ho(1)-O(1)	2.297(3)	Ho(1)-O(10)	2.344(3)	Ho(2)-O(5)	2.597(4)
Ho(1)-O(5)	2.362(3)	Ho(1)-O(11)	2.376(3)	Ho(2)-O(8) ²	2.331(3)
Ho(1)-O(6)	2.252(3)	Ho(2)-O(2)	2.224(4)	Ho(2)-O(9) ²	2.366(3)
Ho(1)-O(7)	2.356(3)	Ho(2)-O(3)	2.253(3)	Ho(2)-O(11)	2.536(3)
Ho(1)-O(8)	2.592(3)	Ho(2)-O(4)	2.325(4)	Ho(2)-O(12)	2.361(3)
Ho(1)-O(9)	2.561(3)				
¹ X, 3/2-Y, 1/2+Z. ² X, 3/2-Y, -1/2+Z.					
6					
Er(1)-O(1)	2.302(3)	Er(1)-O(10)	2.353(3)	Er(2)-O(5)	2.609(4)
Er(1)-O(5)	2.361(3)	Er(1)-O(11)	2.389(3)	Er(2)-O(8) ²	2.334(3)
Er(1)-O(6)	2.259(3)	Er(2)-O(2)	2.229(4)	Er(2)-O(9) ²	2.375(4)
Er(1)-O(7)	2.353(3)	Er(2)-O(3)	2.259(3)	Er(2)-O(11)	2.540(3)
Er(1)-O(8)	2.601(3)	Er(2)-O(4)	2.321(4)	Er(2)-O(12)	2.372(3)
Er(1)-O(9)	2.567(3)				
¹ X, 3/2-Y, 1/2+Z. ² X, 3/2-Y, -1/2+Z.					
7					
Y(1)-O(1)	2.652(5)	Y(1)-O(9) ¹	2.363(4)	Y(2)-O(8) ²	2.337(4)
Y(1)-O(2)	2.561(4)	Y(1)-O(11) ¹	2.323(4)	Y(2)-O(9) ²	2.570(4)
Y(1)-O(3)	2.309(4)	Y(2)-O(1)	2.354(4)	Y(2)-O(10)	2.369(4)
Y(1)-O(4)	2.342(4)	Y(2)-O(2)	2.368(4)	Y(2)-O(11)	2.610(4)
Y(1)-O(5)	2.248(4)	Y(2)-O(7)	2.300(4)	Y(2)-O(12)	2.248(4)
Y(2)-O(6)	2.224(5)				
¹ X, 1/2-Y, 1/2+Z. ² 1-X, 1/2+Y, 1/2-Z.					

Table S6. The comparison of I₂ adsorption amount in recent years.

Compound	the adsorption amount	Temperature(K)	Refs.
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	of iodine(mg·g ⁻¹)		
Ca-MOF	460	RT*	Chemistry- A European Journal, 2018. ⁴
	250	348	
HKUST-1 @polymer	720	RT*	Advanced Functional Materials, 2018. ⁵
Cu-MOF	492.37	RT*	Chinese Journal of Inorganic Chemistry, 2015. ⁶
Cu-MOF	144	RT*	Journal of Radioanalytical and Nuclear Chemistry, 2020. ⁷
1	758.72	RT*	This work

*RT=room temperature. HKUST=Hong Kong University of Science and Technology

Table S7. Reflex summary report for Pawley refinement of I₂@1.

Reflex Summary Report for Pawley Refinement of I ₂ @1			
Final R _{wp}	5.56%	Final R _p	3.74%
Final R _{wp} (without background)	10.29%	Final CMACS	0.03%
	Lattice Parameter	Value	
	a	28.86688 ± 0.00311	
	b	22.21632 ± 0.00269	
Lattice Type: Monoclinic, Space Group: <i>P</i> 2 ₁ / <i>C</i> (14)	c	15.16582 ± 0.00162	
	α	90	
	β	103.47024 ± 0.00562	
	γ	90	

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