

## Supporting Information

# Liquid Photonic Crystal Detection Reagent for Reliable Sensing of $\text{Cu}^{2+}$ in Water

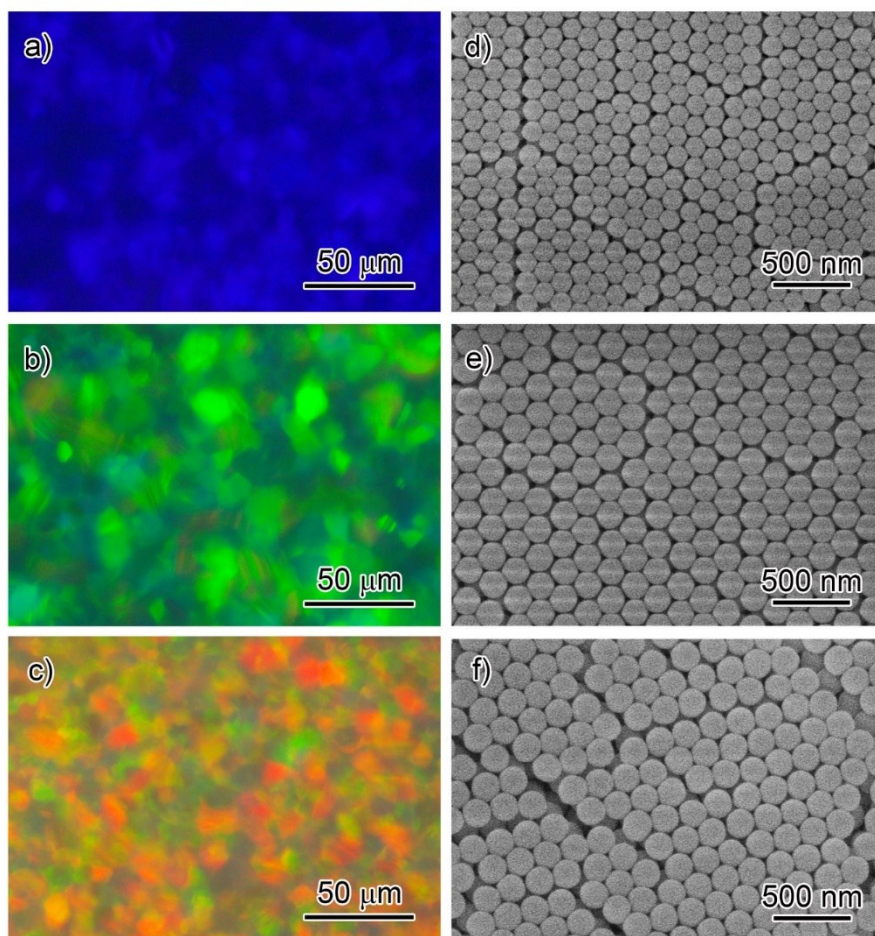
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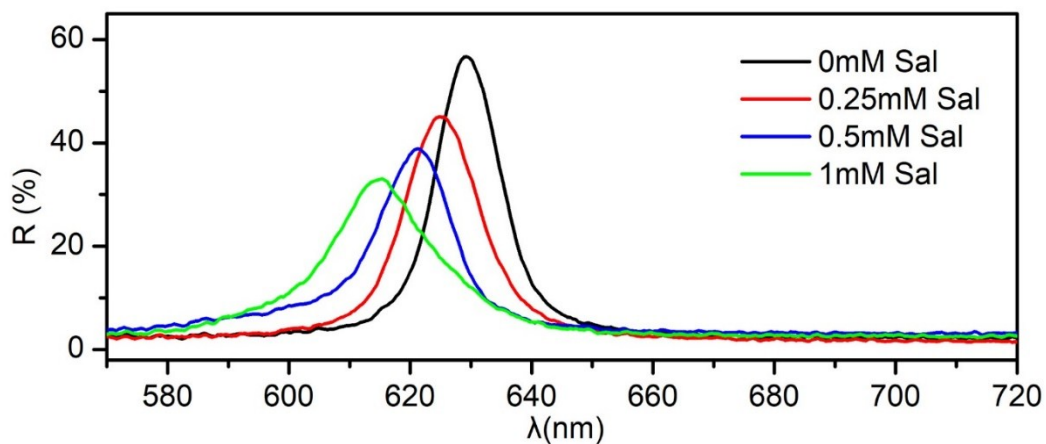
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## 1. OM and SEM images of liquid PCs.



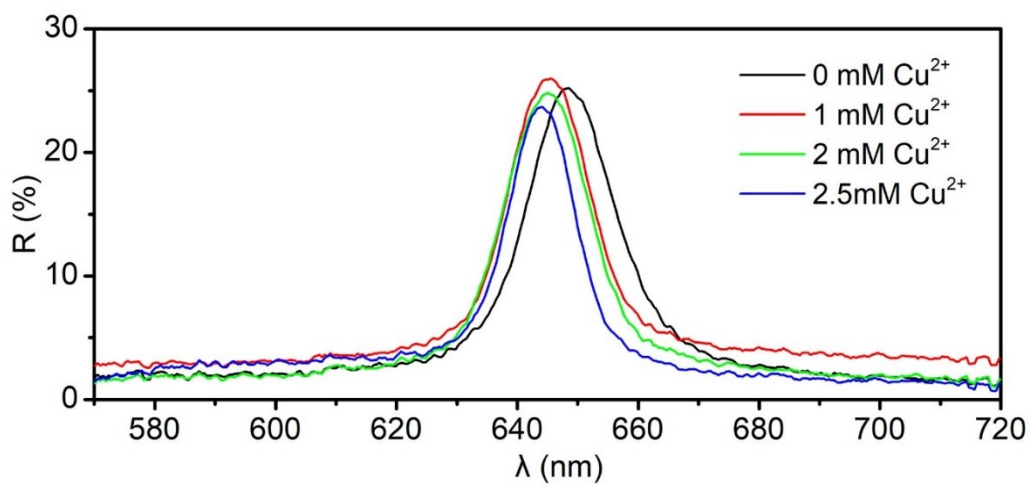
**Figure S1.** Optical microscope images and scanning electron microscope images of liquid colloidal photonic crystals with a, d) blue, b, e) green, and c, f) red structural colors.

## 2. Influence of the introduction of Sal upon reflection signals.



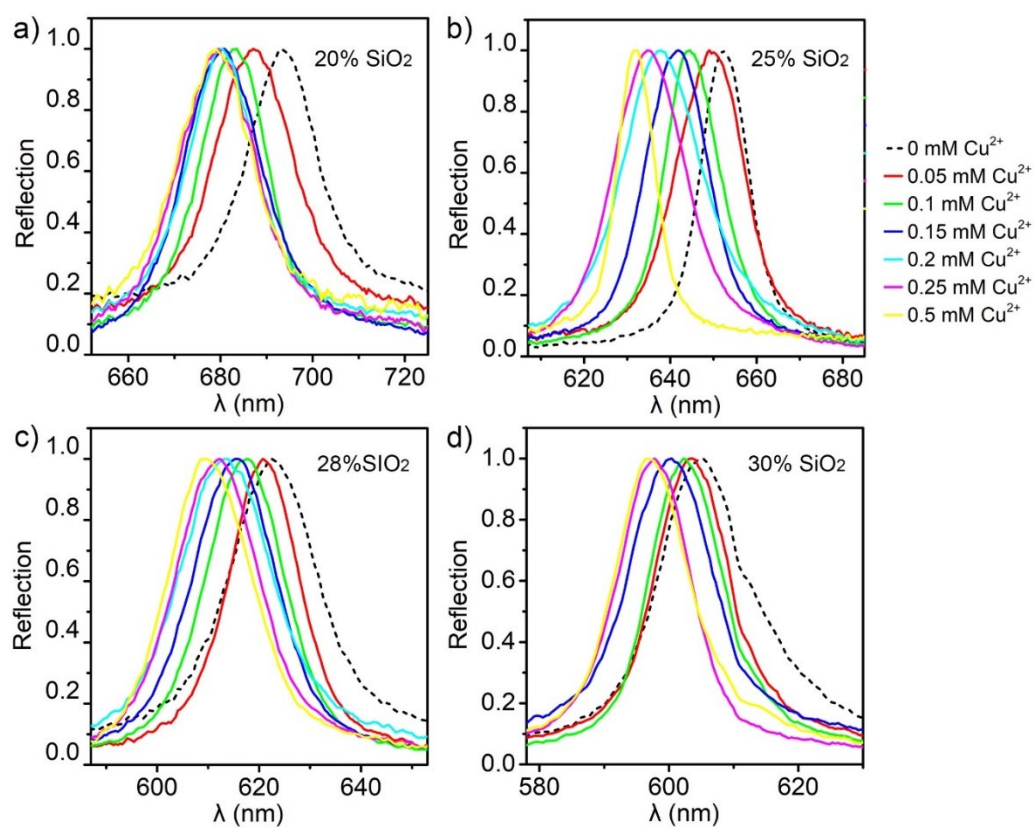
**Figure S2.** Reflection spectra of liquid photonic crystal after introducing Sal with different concentrations.

## 3. Influence of the introduction of $\text{Cu}^{2+}$ upon reflection signals.



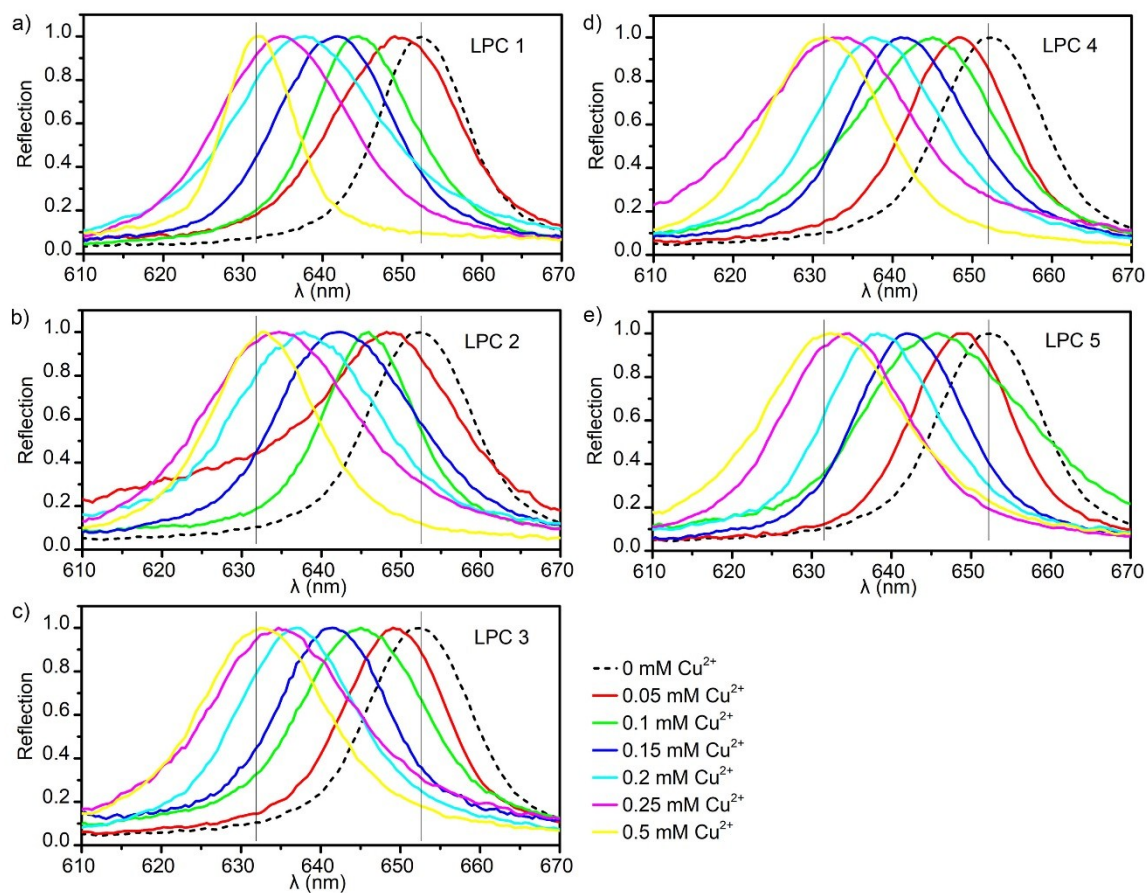
**Figure S3.** Reflection spectra of liquid photonic crystal (without Sal) after introducing the aqueous solution of  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$ .

#### 4. Response of Liquid PC detection reagents with different particle volume fraction.



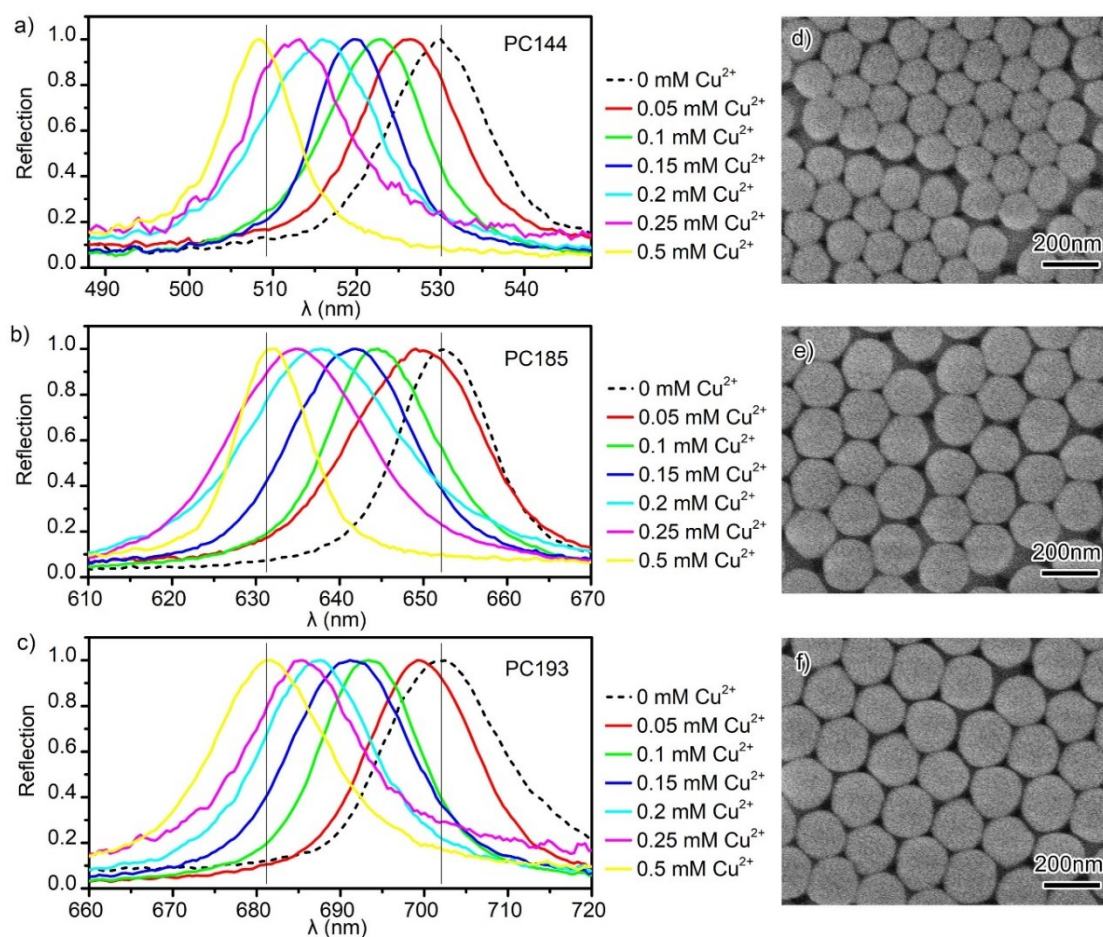
**Figure S4.** Reflection change of liquid photonic crystals with particle volume fraction of a) 20%, b) 25%, c) 28%, and d) 30% after mixing with aqueous solution of Cu<sup>2+</sup>.

**5. Reproducibility of optical response for liquid PC detection reagents prepared in different batches.**



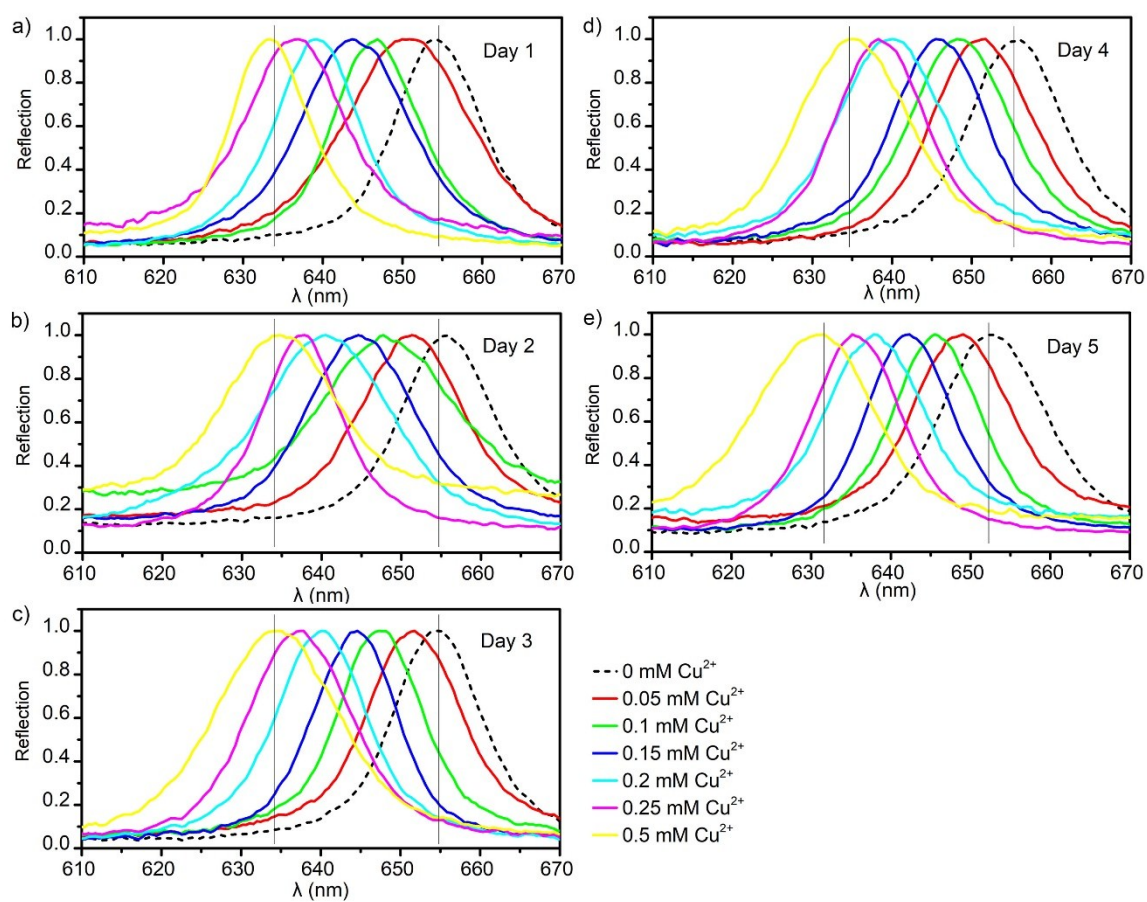
**Figure S5.** Optical response of same liquid PC detection reagents but prepared in different batches to the aqueous solution of  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$ .

6. Reproducibility of optical response for liquid PC detection reagents prepared by different SiO<sub>2</sub> particles.



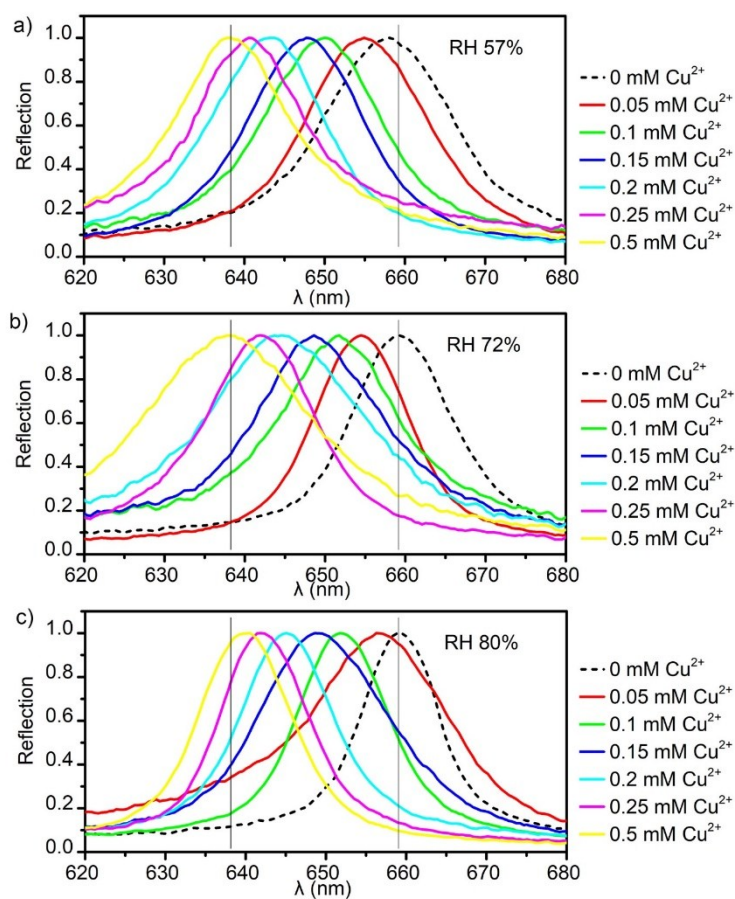
**Figure S6.** Optical response of liquid PC detection reagents prepared by SiO<sub>2</sub> particles with different sizes to the aqueous solution of Cu<sup>2+</sup>.

## 7. Reproducibility of optical response for liquid PC detection reagents used in 5 days



**Figure S7.** Optical response of the same liquid PC detection reagents to the aqueous solution of  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$  in 5 continuous days.

## 8. Reproducibility of optical response for liquid PC detection reagents used at different humidities.



**Figure S8.** Optical response of the same liquid PC detection reagent to the aqueous solution of  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$  at different humidities.



## 9. Chemical composition of liquid PC detection reagents.

**Table S1.** The volume, concentration, and chemical composition of liquid PC detection reagents and aqueous solution of  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$  used in this work.

Sample	$f_{\text{SiO}_2}$ (%)	$d_{\text{SiO}_2}$ (nm)	$C_{\text{Sal}}$ (mM)	Solvent ( $\mu\text{L}$ )	$V_{\text{LPC}}$ ( $\mu\text{L}$ )	$C_{\text{Metal ions}}$ (mM)	$V_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ ( $\mu\text{L}$ )	Citation in this work
1	30	140	0	70/PC	100	0	0	Fig 1a,1b Fig S1
2	30	174	0	70/PC	100	0	0	Fig 1a,1b Fig S1
3	30	185	0	70/PC	100	0	0	Fig 1a,1b Fig S1
4	30	180	0	70/EG	100	0	0	Fig 1c-h
5	25	185	1	75/PC	100	0, 0.05, 0.1, 0.5 $\text{Cu}^{2+}$	10	Fig 2d
6	25	185	0,0.25, 0.5,1	75/PC	100	0	0	Fig S2
7	25	185	0	75/PC	100	0, 1, 2, 2.5 $\text{Cu}^{2+}$	10	Fig S3
8	25	185	0.05	75/PC	100	0, 0.01, 0.02, 0.04, 0.06, 0.08, 0.1 $\text{Cu}^{2+}$	10	Fig 4a, Fig 5a
9	25	185	0.1	75/PC	100	0, 0.01, 0.02, 0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.3 $\text{Cu}^{2+}$	10	Fig 4b, Fig 5b
10	25	185	0.25	75/PC	100	0, 0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.5 $\text{Cu}^{2+}$	10	Fig 4c, Fig 5c
11	25	185	0.5	75/PC	100	0, 0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75 $\text{Cu}^{2+}$	10	Fig 4d, Fig 5d
12	20	185	0.25	80/PC	100	0, 0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.5 $\text{Cu}^{2+}$	10	Fig 6a, Fig S4a
10	25	185	0.25	75/PC	100	0, 0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.5 $\text{Cu}^{2+}$	10	Fig 6b, Fig S4b
13	28	185	0.25	72/PC	100	0, 0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.5 $\text{Cu}^{2+}$	10	Fig 6c, Fig S4c

14	30	185	0.25	70/PC	100	0, 0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.5 Cu <sup>2+</sup>	10	Fig 6d, Fig S4d
15	25	185	0.25	75/PC	100	0.5 Cu <sup>2+</sup> , Al <sup>3+</sup> , Cd <sup>2+</sup> , Co <sup>2+</sup> , Cr <sup>3+</sup> , Fe <sup>3+</sup> , Mg <sup>2+</sup> , Ni <sup>2+</sup> , Pb <sup>2+</sup> , Zn <sup>2+</sup>	10	Fig 7a-c
16	25	185	0.25	75/PC	100	0.5 Cu <sup>2+</sup> , 0.5 Cu <sup>2+</sup> +0.5 Zn <sup>2+</sup> , 0.5 Cu <sup>2+</sup> +0.5 Zn <sup>2+</sup> +0.5 Ni <sup>2+</sup>	10	Fig 7d
10	25	185	0.25	75/PC	100	0, 0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.5 Cu <sup>2+</sup>	10	Fig 8a, Fig S5a
17	25	185	0.25	75/PC	100	0, 0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.5 Cu <sup>2+</sup>	10	Fig 8a, Fig S5b
18	25	185	0.25	75/PC	100	0, 0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.5 Cu <sup>2+</sup>	10	Fig 8a, Fig S5c
19	25	185	0.25	75/PC	100	0, 0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.5 Cu <sup>2+</sup>	10	Fig 8a, Fig S5d
20	25	185	0.25	75/PC	100	0, 0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.5 Cu <sup>2+</sup>	10	Fig 8a, Fig S5e
21	25	144	0.25	75/PC	100	0, 0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.5 Cu <sup>2+</sup>	10	Fig 8b, Fig S6a, S6d
10	25	185	0.25	75/PC	100	0, 0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.5 Cu <sup>2+</sup>	10	Fig 8b, Fig S6b, S6e
22	25	193	0.25	75/PC	100	0, 0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.5 Cu <sup>2+</sup>	10	Fig 8b, Fig S6c, S6f
23	25	185	0.25	75/PC	100	0, 0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.5 Cu <sup>2+</sup>	10	Fig 8c, Fig S7a
24	25	185	0.25	75/PC	100	0, 0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.5 Cu <sup>2+</sup>	10	Fig 8c, Fig S7b
25	25	185	0.25	75/PC	100	0, 0.05, 0.1,	10	Fig 8c,

						0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.5 Cu <sup>2+</sup>		Fig S7c
26	25	185	0.25	75/PC	100	0, 0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.5 Cu <sup>2+</sup>	10	Fig 8c, Fig S7d
27	25	185	0.25	75/PC	100	0, 0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.5 Cu <sup>2+</sup>	10	Fig 8c, Fig S7e
28	25	185	0.25	75/PC	100	0, 0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.5 Cu <sup>2+</sup>	10	Fig 8d, Fig S8a
29	25	185	0.25	75/PC	100	0, 0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.5 Cu <sup>2+</sup>	10	Fig 8d, Fig S8b
30	25	185	0.25	75/PC	100	0, 0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.5 Cu <sup>2+</sup>	10	Fig 8d, Fig S8c

## 10. Formation constants of metal-salicylic acid complex.

**Table S2.** Formation constants of metal-salicylic acid complex

	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	Al <sup>3+</sup>	Cd <sup>2+</sup>	Co <sup>2+</sup>	Cr <sup>3+</sup>	Fe <sup>3+</sup>	Mg <sup>2+</sup>	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	Zn <sup>2+</sup>
lgK <sub>1</sub>	10.60	14.11	5.55	6.72	8.4	16.48	4.7	6.95		6.85
lgK <sub>2</sub>	18.45	/	/	11.42	15.3	28.12	/	11.75		/

## 11. Disassociation of Sal promoted by metal cation in aqueous and non-aqueous solution.

**Table S3.** pH value of water-included Sal solution<sup>1</sup> and non-aqueous Sal solution<sup>2</sup> containing 0.5 mM of Cu<sup>2+</sup>, Fe<sup>3+</sup>, Al<sup>3+</sup>.

	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	Fe <sup>3+</sup>	Al <sup>3+</sup>
Sal Solution 1	4.69	3.28	3.65
Sal Solution 2	2.96	4.87	4.67

<sup>1</sup> Sal solution: EtOH 29.2%, propylene carbonate 62.5%, H<sub>2</sub>O 8.3%; C<sub>Sal</sub> = 0.25 mM; C<sub>M+</sub> = 0.5 mM

<sup>2</sup> Sal solution: EtOH 0.55%, propylene carbonate 98.9%, H<sub>2</sub>O 0.56%; C<sub>Sal</sub> = 0.25 mM; C<sub>M+</sub> = 0.5 mM