

## Supporting information

### **Nitrogen-doped Hollow Carbon Spheres with Tunable Shell Thickness for High-Performance Supercapacitor**

**Dawei Zhang, Shaodian Shen, Xiuzhen Xiao, Dongsen Mao, Baoman Yan**

†Research Institute of Applied Catalysis, School of Chemical and Environmental Engineering, Shanghai Institute of Technology, Shanghai, 201418, P. R.China

Table S1 The details of the materials formulations for NHCSs

Sample no.	Cu <sub>2</sub> O	3-aminophenol	formaldehyde	Shell thickness
	/g	/g	/ml	/nm
S1	1.5	0.1	0.14	15
S2	1.0	0.1	0.14	32
S3	1.0	0.2	0.28	63
S4	1.0	0.3	0.42	84

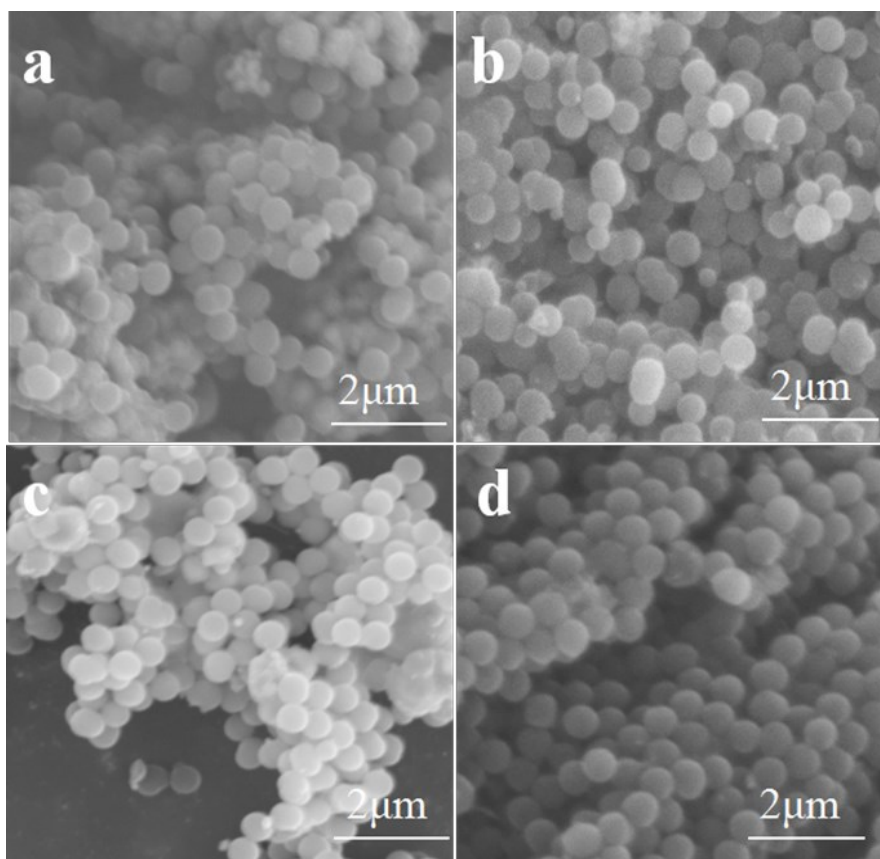


Figure S1 SEM images of NHCSs : (a) S1, (b) S2 , (c) S3 and (d) S4.

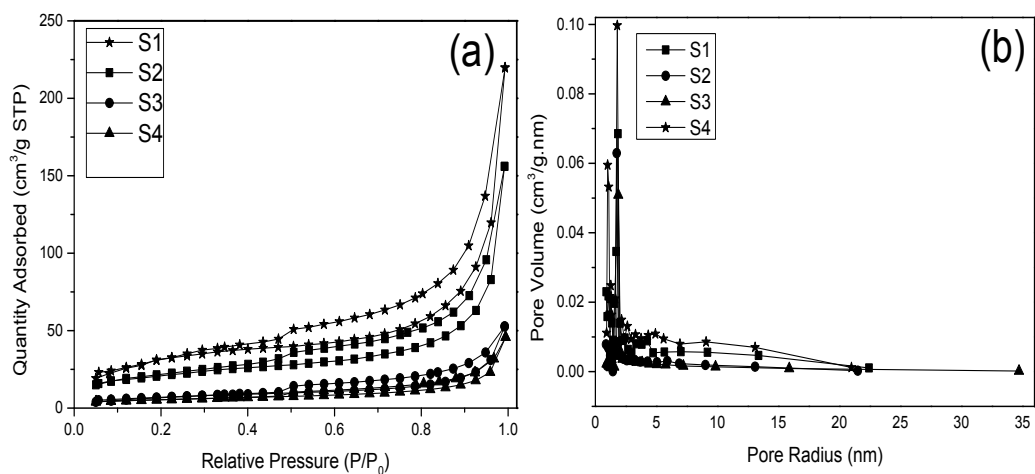


Figure S2. N<sub>2</sub> adsorbed/desorption isotherms (a) and pore size distribution of NHCSs.

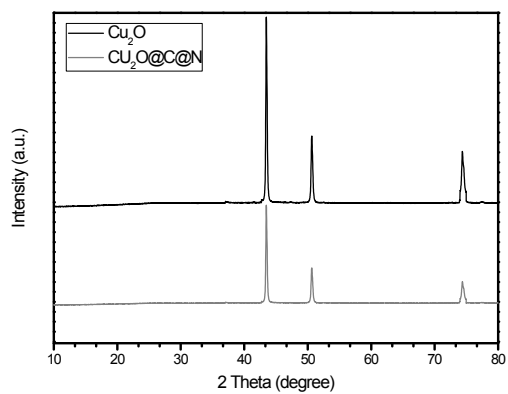


Figure S3. XRD pattern of Cu<sub>2</sub>O microspheres and Cu<sub>2</sub>O@C@N ( before template etching to remove Cu ).

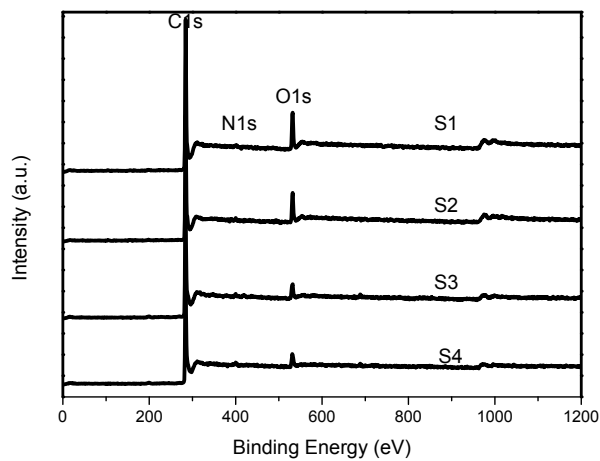


Figure S4. XPS spectrum of NHCSs:

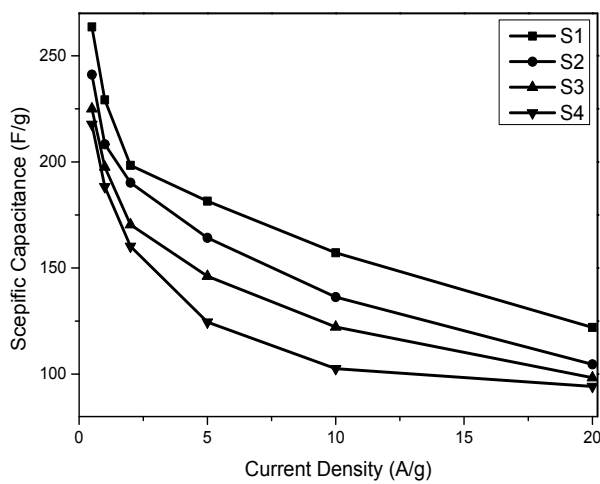


Figure S5. The relationship between specific capacitance values and current densities.( 0.5, 1, 2, 5, 10, 20 A g<sup>-1</sup> )

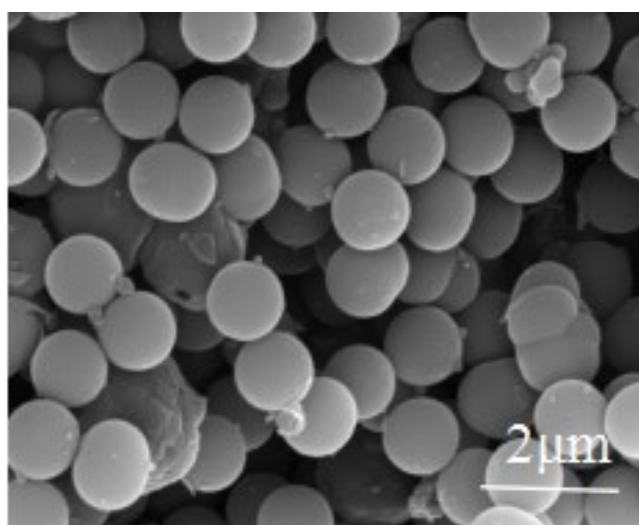


Figure S6. SEM images of S1 estimated by galvanostatic charge-discharge profiles for 1000 cycles at current density of  $5 \text{ A g}^{-1}$ .