Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)

Shortwave-infrared (SWIR) fluorescence molecular imaging using indocyanine green-antibody conjugates for the optical diagnostics of cancerous tumours

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	ester.
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Fig. S1 Fluorescence spectra of Alexa488-antibody conjugates. The labeling ratios of dye to antibody were calculated using the extinction coefficients of antibody (216,000 at 280 nm) and Alexa488 (71,000 at 494 nm).



Fig. S2 Fluorescence spectra of ICG-antibody conjugates. The labeling ratios of dye to antibody were calculated using the extinction coefficients of antibody (216,000 at 280 nm) and ICG (147,000 at 800 nm).



Fig. S3 SDS PAGE of non-reduced and reduced antibodies labeled with ICG-NHS ester. 1: ICG-Herceptin, 2: ICG-Erbitux, 3: ICG-Cyramza, 4: ICG-PD-L1 antibody, and 5: ICG-Normal IgG. Antibody molecules were reduced by dithiothreitol (DTT).



Fig. S4 Fluorescence images of A431 and KPL-4 cells, which were stained with Alexa488-Cyramza and Alexa488-PD-L1. Excitation: 450-490 nm, Emission: 500-550 nm. Scale bar: 50 μm.



Fig. S5 Autofluorescence spectra of a nude-mouse skin. Autofluorescence was measured by excitation at 785 nm.



Fig. S6 SWIR fluorescence intensity for different-seized breast tumors from ca. 2 mm to 8 mm in diameter (I, II, and III) and a background signal. ICG-Herceptin was injected to breast tumour bearing mice. Excitation: 785 nm. Emission: >1000 nm. Inset shows the SWIR fluorescence images of the breast tumours.



Fig. S7 Fluorescence spectrum of glutathione-coated PbS QDs in water. Excitation: 975 nm.



Fig. S8 The time-course of the change in the size of tumor treated with (black circle) and without (red circle) Kadcyla. Kadcyla was intravenously injected to the breast tumour bearing mice two days after the injection of ICG-Herceptin. The area of tumor was measured from its SWIR fluorescence image, which was taken 0, 3, 6, and 9 days after the injection of Kadcyla.