Supporting Information

Facile synthesis of multi-type carbon doped and modified nano-TiO₂ for enhanced visible-light photocatalysis

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Fig. S3 (a1-a2) SEM images and (a3-a5) EDS elemental mapping images of the AT sample. (b1-b2) SEM images and (b3-b5) EDS elemental mapping images of the C_dAT sample. (c1-c2) SEM images and (c3-c5) EDS elemental mapping images of the C_mC_dAT sample.

Fig. S4 TEM images of the as-prepared (a1, a2) AT, (b1, b2) C_dAT and (c1, c2) C_mC_dAT samples.

Fig. S5 TG curves of the (a) AT, (b) C_dAT , and (c) C_mC_dAT samples in air atmosphere.

Fig. S6 Nitrogen adsorption-desorption isotherm (left) and pore size distribution (right) of the (a1, a2) AT, (b1, b2) C_dAT and (c1, c2) C_mC_dAT samples.



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Generally, weight loss below 300 °C should be attributed to the physically adsorbed water and surface hydroxyl groups, and weight loss above 300 °C should be attributed to the loss of carbon species by oxidation and combustion. Therefore, the carbon species loadings of the AT, CdAT, and CmCdAT samples are 1.00%, 1.35% and 14.02%, respectively.



Fig. S6 Nitrogen adsorption-desorption isotherm (left) and pore size distribution (right) of the (a1, a2) AT, (b1, b2) C_dAT and (c1, c2) C_mC_dAT samples.