

Supporting Information

Electrochemiluminescence aptasensor for diethylstilbestrol detection based on resonance energy transfer between $\text{Ag}_3\text{PO}_4\text{-Cu-MOF(II)}$ and silver nanoparticles and its application

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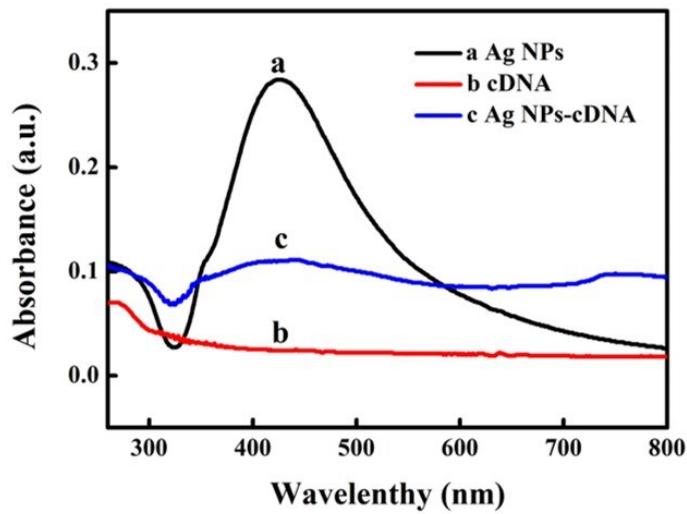


Figure S1. UV-Vis absorption spectra of Ag NPs (a), cDNA (b) and Ag NPs-cDNA (c)

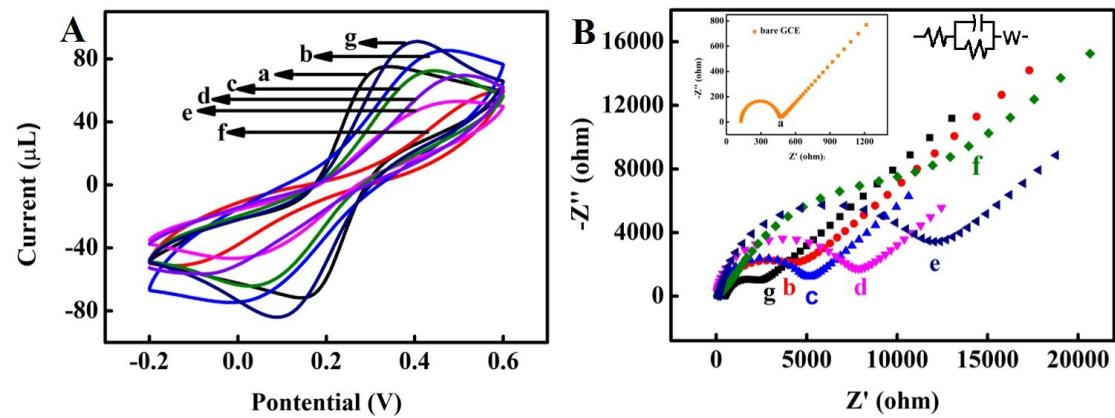


Figure S2. (A) CV curves and (B) EIS of different modified electrodes: (a) bare GCE; (b) Cu-MOF/GCE; (c) Ag_3PO_4 /GCE; (d) Ag_3PO_4 -Cu-MOF/GCE; (e) apt/ Ag_3PO_4 -Cu-MOF/GCE; (f) Ag NPs-cDNA/apt/ Ag_3PO_4 -Cu-MOF/GCE; (g) DES-Ag NPs-cDNA/apt/ Ag_3PO_4 -Cu-MOF/GCE

As can be seen in Figure S3, after modifying Ag_3PO_4 (Figure S3(c)), the impedance of Ag_3PO_4 -Cu-MOF did not change much compared with the single Ag_3PO_4 , so the Cu-MOF did not affect the experiment.

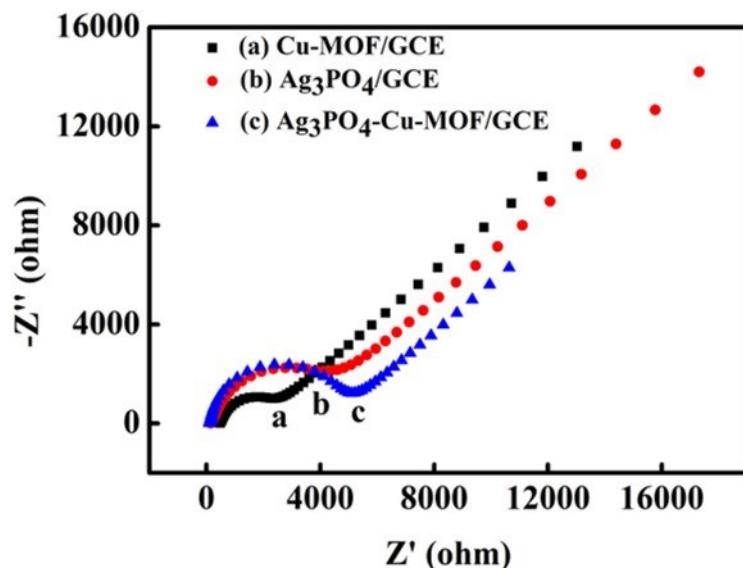


Figure S3. EIS of different modified electrodes: (a) Cu-MOF/GCE; (b) Ag_3PO_4 /GCE; (d) Ag_3PO_4 -Cu-MOF/GCE

Table S1. Comparison of this developed aptasensor with those in the literature for

DES detection.

| Method | Linear range | LOD | Reference |
|------------------------------|---|------------------------|--------------|
| ECL | $1\times10^{-8}\sim1.2\times10^{-6}$ M | 4.6×10^{-9} M | ¹ |
| DPV | $2.0\times10^{-9}\sim2\times10^{-7}$ M | 9×10^{-11} M | ² |
| CV | $2.0\times10^{-5}\sim1.0\times10^{-7}$ M | 1.5×10^{-8} M | ³ |
| Electrochemical immunosensor | $1.9\times10^{-11}\sim1.9\times10^{-9}$ M | 6.98×10^{-12} M | ⁴ |
| ECL(MMIPs-QDs-Aptamer) | $0.3\sim1.0\times10^5$ pg/mL | 0.1 pg/mL | ⁵ |
| ECL(CdTe@ZnS/r-GO) | $1.8\times10^3\sim25.0$ nM | 0.25 pM | ⁶ |
| ECL | $1.0\times10^{-12}\sim1.0\times10^{-4}$ | 7.2×10^{-13} | This work |

Table S2 DES determination result table in fish pond water

| Sample | Added value/fM | Measured value/fM | Recovery rate/% | RSD/% |
|----------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------|
| | 50.00 | 100.00 | | |
| Fishpond water | 50.00 | 52.00 | 102.00 | 4.16 |
| | 48.00 | 98.00 | | |

References

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