

Supporting Information

Borole-Based Half-Sandwich Complexes of Germanium and Tin

Julijan Sarcevic^b, Tobias Heitkemper^{a,b} & Christian P. Sindlinger^{a,b*}

^aInstitut für Anorganische Chemie, RWTH Aachen University, Landoltweg 1a, 52074 Aachen, Germany

^bInstitut für Anorganische Chemie, Tammannstr. 4, 37077 Göttingen, Germany

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Experimental Details

General Information

All manipulations requiring handling under inert conditions were carried out under argon atmosphere using standard Schlenk techniques or an MBraun Glovebox with an Ar atmosphere. Benzene was obtained from an MBraun SPS and stored over molecular sieves, toluene and ether were distilled from sodium. Dichloromethane was distilled from CaH₂. Hexane and pentane were distilled from Na/K alloy. THF was distilled from potassium. Dichloromethane-*d*₂ was distilled from CaH₂, THF-*d*₈ was dried over LiAlD₄ and vacuum transferred, benzene-*d*₆ was distilled from potassium, toluene-*d*₈ was distilled from potassium and solvents were degassed and stored in a glove box. All solvents were routinely degassed three times using freeze-pump-thaw cycles.

Elemental analysis was performed by the Analytisches Labor, Institut für Anorganische Chemie, Universität Göttingen

Mass spectrometry

Mass spectra were recorded by the Zentrale Analytik within the Faculty of Chemistry, Göttingen applying a Liquid Injection Field Desorption Ionisation-technique (LIFDI) on a JEOL accuTOF instrument with an inert-sample application setup under argon atmosphere. The injection capillary was washed several times with dry, distilled and inertly injected toluene before the samples were injected. Samples usually had a concentration of 1 – 2 mmol/L in toluene and were prepared in a glovebox. When appropriate, isotopic patterns have been simulated using the web service provided by www.cheminfo.org.

NMR spectroscopy

NMR spectra were recorded with either a Bruker Avance III 400 NMR spectrometer equipped with a 5 mm BBFO ATM probe head and operating at 400.13 MHz (¹H), 100.61 MHz (¹³C), 128.38 MHz (¹¹B) and 376.45 MHz (¹⁹F) along with a variable temperature set-up or a Bruker Avance Neo 400 NMR spectrometer with a CryoProbeProdigy BB ATM probe head operating at 400.25 MHz (¹H) and 100.65 MHz (¹³C) or a Bruker AVIII HD 500 NMR spectrometer with a CryoProbeProdigy ATM probe head and operating at 500.25 MHz (¹H), 125.80 MHz (¹³C), 160.50 MHz (¹¹B), 186.19 MHz (¹¹⁹Sn), and 99.37 MHz (²⁹Si) or a Bruker Avance II 300 NMR operating at 300.13 MHz (¹H) and 116.64 MHz (⁷Li). Chemical shifts are reported in δ values in ppm relative to external Me₄Si and, if not otherwise stated, referenced using the chemical shift of the solvent ²H lock resonance frequency and $\Xi = 19.867187\%$ for ²⁹Si, $\Xi = 38.863797\%$ for ⁷Li, $\Xi = 32.083974\%$ for ¹¹B, and $\Xi = 37.290632\%$ for ¹¹⁹Sn.¹ ¹H and ¹³C spectra have been referenced on specific values for the respective solvent signal. The proton and carbon signals were assigned where possible via a detailed analysis of ¹H, ¹³C, ¹H-¹H COSY, ¹H-¹H NOESY, ¹H-¹³C HSQC, ¹H-¹³C HMBC NMR spectra.

Young-type teflon-valve borosilicate NMR tubes have been used throughout the study.

Starting materials and reagents

1,3,4-(2',5'-*t*Bu₂(C₆H₃))-2,4-(SiMe₃)-Borole **A** was prepared as recently reported.² *tert*-Butyllithium solutions (1.6 M in pentane) were obtained from Sigma Aldrich und used within two month from purchase.

Cp*GeCl was prepared as previously described in the literature.³

3,5-Me₂(C₆H₃)-CC-SiMe₃ (Xyl-CC-TMS) was prepared along modified literature procedures.^{2, 4} A 1000 mL Schlenk-flask was charged with a mixture of palladium(II)acetate (0.62 g, 2.8 mmol, 0.5 mol%), copper(I)iodide (0.67 g, 3.5 mmol, 0.6 mol%) and triphenylphosphine (2.85 g, 10.9 mmol, 2 mol%). Bromo-3,5-dimethylbenzene (100 g, 540.34 mmol, 1 eq.) and triethyl amine (500 mL) were added and the resulting suspension was degassed one time using the *freeze-pump-thaw*-method. After the addition of trimethylsilyl acetylene (85 mL, 594.37 mL, 1.1 eq.) the suspension was stirred overnight at 80-90 °C. A greyish solid precipitated and was filtered off and washed with hexane until the hexane washes remained colorless. The solvents were removed in *vacuo* giving a dark brown liquid which was subsequently purified via vacuum distillation (1.0 · 10⁻³ mbar, 74 °C head temperature, 120 °C oil bath). (3,5-Dimethylphenyl)trimethylsilyl acetylene was obtained as a yellow liquid (101.86 g, 503.34 mmol, 93 %). NMR-spectroscopic features are found identical to those reported previously.⁴

¹H (300.13 MHz, 298 K, CDCl₃, CHCl₃ at 7.26 ppm): 7.10 (s, 2H, *o*-H), 6.95 (s, 1H, *p*-H), 2.27 (s, 6H, *m*-CH₃), 0.24 (s, 9H, TMS).

1,4-Diiodo-1,4-TMS₂-2,3-Xyl₂-buta-1,3-diene was prepared along modified literature procedures.² Under inert conditions, a 1000 mL two-necked Schlenk-flask was charged with freshly ground Cp₂ZrCl₂ (24.60 g, 84.15 mmol, 0.57 eq.). THF (500 mL, SPS grade) was added. The resulting solution was then cooled to -78 °C. *n*-Butyllithium (66 mL, 2.5 M in hexane, 1.1 eq.) was added dropwise over a period of 25 min to the cold solution. The dropping funnel was rinsed with THF (10 mL, SPS grade) and the resulting yellow suspension was continuously stirred for 1.5 h at -78 °C. (3,5-Dimethylphenyl)trimethylsilyl acetylene (30 g, 148 mmol, 1 eq.) was added dropwise and the reaction was subsequently allowed to warm to ambient temperature overnight. The resulting orange suspension was cooled to 0 °C and copper(I)chloride (8.26 g, 83.5 mmol, 0.56 eq.) was added. A solution of iodine (39.74 g, 156.6 mmol, 1.05 eq.) in THF (60 mL, SPS grade) was added over a period of 45 min via dropping funnel. The flask was wrapped with aluminium foil and the dark suspension was stirred for three days at room temperature. A solution of sodium dithionite (ca. 5 g in 150 mL H₂O) and diethyl ether (100 mL) were added. The phases were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted with diethylether (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over MgSO₄ and filtered. After the removal of the solvents in vacuo, the viscous suspension was diluted in hexane and then filtered through celite. The celite pad was rinsed with hexane until the solvent running through turned colorless. The orange filtrate was concentrated to brownish oil which slowly started to crystallize. The oil was stored at -30 °C overnight. The dark green supernatant was removed and slightly greenish crystals were recrystallized from acetone (50 mL, p. a. grade). The supernatant was removed and the crystals were then washed with portions of cold (-25 °C) acetone. After drying under reduced pressure, the 1,4-Diiodo-1,4-TMS₂-2,3-Xyl₂-buta-1,3-diene was obtained as colorless crystals (27.83 g, 42.26 mmol, 57 %). **Note:** The aluminium foil was used to protect the reaction from light. We observed that if the nearly colorless product was stored under daylight it increasingly darkens. The product has an unpleasant odor.

¹H (300.13 MHz, 298 K, C₆D₆, C₆D₅H at 7.15 ppm): 6.90 (s, 2H, *p*-H), 6.76 (s, 4H, *o*-H), 2.22 (s, 12H, *m*-CH₃), -0.04 (s, 18H, TMS).

¹³C{¹H} (100.64 MHz, 298 K, C₆D₆ solvent signal at 128.0 ppm): 163.4 (Xy-C), 139.3 (*m*-C_{ar} or *ipso*-C_{ar}), 137.0 (*m*-C_{ar} oder *ipso*-C_{ar}), 129.8 (*p*-C_{ar}), 127.4 (*o*-C_{ar}), 112.0 (C-I), 21.4 (*m*-CH₃), 1.1 (TMS).

Elemental Analysis: (C₂₆H₃₆I₂Si₂) calcd C 47.42, H 5.51, I 38.54, Si 8.53, observed C 47.45, H 5.51.

HR-ESI-MS: calcd exact mass: 658.0445 m/z, observed m/z: 676.0783 [M+NH₄]⁺, 681.0337 [M+Na]⁺, calcd for [C₂₆H₃₇I₂Si₂]⁺: 659.0523 m/z, observed m/z: 659.0518.

1,4-Dilithio-1,4-TMS₂-2,3-Xyl₂-buta-1,3-diene was prepared along modified literature procedure.² In a Schlenk-flask, 1,4-Diiodo-1,4-TMS₂-2,3-Xyl₂-buta-1,3-diene (5.05 g, 7.67 mmol, 1 eq.) was dissolved in diethyl ether (35 mL, SPS grade) and the solution is cooled to -78 °C. A solution of *tert*-Butyllithium (19.5 mL, 1.6 M in pentane, 31.2 mmol, 4.06 eq (2.03 eq per iodine-atom)) was slowly added via syringe and the resulting red suspension was allowed to warm to ambient temperature overnight. The solvents were thoroughly removed in vacuo and the solid residue was suspended in hexane (20 mL). The suspension was filtered through a filter canula through a pad of glass fiber (Whatman GF/A). The residual solid extracted twice with further amounts of hexane until the filtrate was only of pale orange colour. The dark red filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure until dryness and transferred into a glovebox. The solid was again suspended in hexane (10 mL, distilled) and then filtered through a syringe filter equipped with a thin plug of glass fiber (Whatman GF/B) to remove remaining traces of LiI. The solvent was removed in vacuo to yield 1,4-Dilithio-1,4-TMS₂-2,3-Xyl₂-buta-1,3-diene as an orange crystalline solid (3.003 g, 7.174 mmol, 94 %).

¹H (300.13 MHz, 298 K, C₆D₆, C₆D₅H at 7.15 ppm): 6.74 (s, 4H, *o*-H), 6.49 (s, 2H, *p*-H), 2.12 (s, 12H, *m*-CH₃), 0.06 (s, 18H, TMS).

¹³C{¹H} (100.64 MHz, 298 K, C₆D₆ solvent signal at 128.0 ppm): 197.2 (C-Li), 170.8 (Xy-C), 149.7 (*m*-C_{ar} or *ipso*-C_{ar}), 136.1 (*m*-C_{ar} or *ipso*-C_{ar}), 126.7 (two signals superimposed, *p*-C_{ar} and *o*-C_{ar}), 21.3 (*m*-CH₃), 0.8 (TMS).

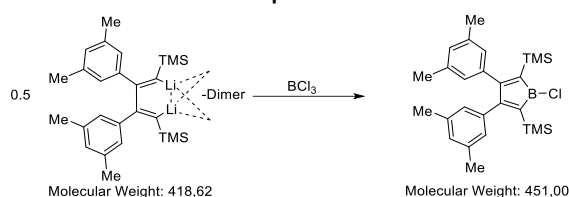
⁷Li{¹H} (116.64 MHz, 298 K, C₆D₆): 2.13.

Elemental Analysis: (C₂₆H₃₆Li₂Si₂) calcd C 74.60, H 8.67, Li 3.32, Si 13.42, observed C 73.67, H 8.90.

LIFDI-MS: calcd exact mass: 418.3 m/z, observed m/z: 407.7 (protonated butadiene).

Synthesis and Analytical Data

Compound 1



A 500 mL Schlenk-flask was charged with dilithio butadiene (3.212 g, 7.67 mmol, 1 eq.) and hexane (250 mL, SPS grade) and the dark red solution was cooled to 0 °C. A stock solution of boron trichloride (7.7 mL, 1 M in hexane, 1 eq.) was further diluted with additional hexane (90 mL) and subsequently added dropwise over a period of 25 min to the vigorously stirred red solution which then quickly turns into an orange suspension. After the addition was completed, the dark red suspension was stirred over night at room temperature. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and thoroughly dried under vacuum and the flask containing an orange brown solid was transferred into a glovebox. The residue was again suspended in hexane (15 mL, distilled) and filtered through a syringe filter equipped with a thin plug of glass fiber (Whatman GF/B). Few drops of diethyl ether were added to the dark red filtrate which was then stored at -35 °C over night upon which a thick sponge of fine crystal needles of the Et₂O-adduct to chloroborole **1** form. The sponge of fine crystals was isolated by filtration and washed with small portions of cold (-35°C) pentane. The mother liquors were then again cooled to -35 °C with another drop of diethyl ether for a further crop of crystals. This process was repeated until no worthwhile amount of crystalline material could be isolated. The combined crystalline yields were then dissolved hexane and solvents/volatiles were subsequently removed to eliminate coordinating ether by co-evaporation. In case ether was not entirely removed, the residue was again dissolved in hexane and the co-evaporation repeated. The chloroborole **1** is finally obtained as a deep red crystalline material (1.605 g, 3.56 mmol, 46 %).

Note: (1) In our hands chloroborole **1** did not crystallize reliably or in satisfactory yields from crude reaction mixtures and only the detour of isolating the ether adduct for an initial purification yields satisfactory access. Sometimes addition of Et₂O for crystallization purposes lead to an instant precipitation of crystalline material. **(2)** In our attempts to increase the yield we noted a distinct dependency on concentrations of the solutions with more dilute solutions leading to higher yields. However, further extensive further dilution from the conditions described above did not result in improvements.

Analytical Data for Compound 1

NMR:

¹H (300.13 MHz, 298 K, C₆D₆, C₆D₅H at 7.15 ppm): 6.56 (m, 2H, *p*-H), 6.55 (m, 4H, *o*-H), 1.96 (m, 12H, *m*-CH₃), 0.15 (s, 18H, TMS).

¹³C{¹H} (100.64 MHz, 298 K, C₆D₆ solvent signal at 128.0 ppm): 181.3 (C_β), 139.3 (*ipso*-C_{ar}), 136.6 (*m*-C_{ar}), 135.4 (C_α), 129.5 (*p*-C_{ar}), 126.1 (*o*-C_{ar}), 21.1 (*m*-CH₃), 1.0 (TMS).

²⁹Si-INEPT (79.49 MHz, 298 K, C₆D₆): -8.9.

¹¹B (128.37 MHz, 298 K, C₆D₆): 69.6 (ω_{1/2} = 910 Hz).

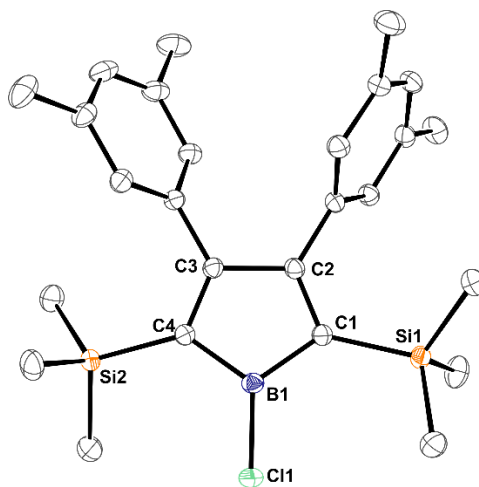
Elemental Analysis: (C₂₆H₃₆BClSi₂) calcd C 69.24, H 8.05, B 2.40, Cl 7.86, Si 12.45, observed C 68.89, H 8.31.

LIFDI-MS: calcd exact mass: 450.2 m/z, observed m/z: 451.2 according to isotope pattern in agreement with hydrolysis product after chloride loss [M-Cl+2(H₂O)]⁺, around m/z 882.3 further dimeric hydrolysis aggregates⁺.

UV-vis: λ_{max} at 454 nm (hexane)

Crystal structure of Compound 1

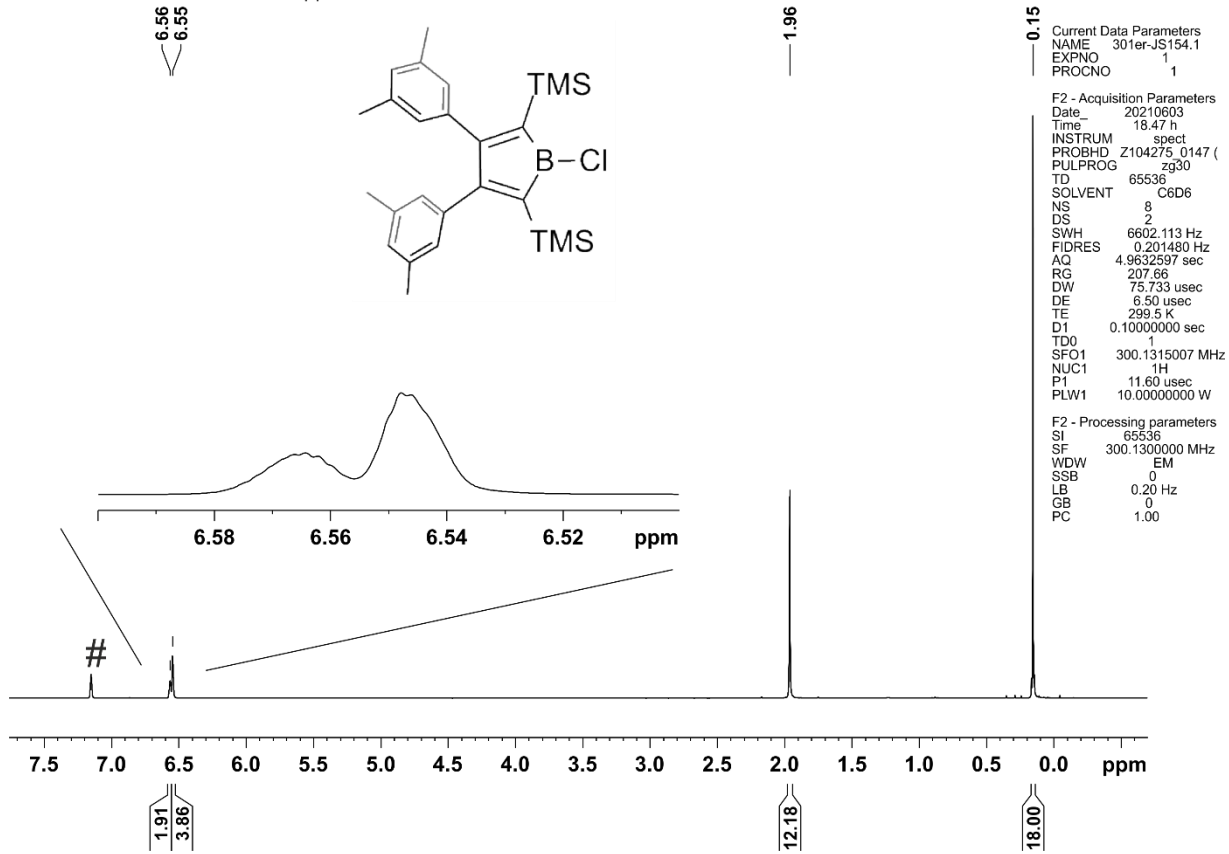
1 crystallised from solutions in hexane in a freezer (−35°C). For further details on the diffraction measurement and refinement please see the respective section and the respective CIF-file.



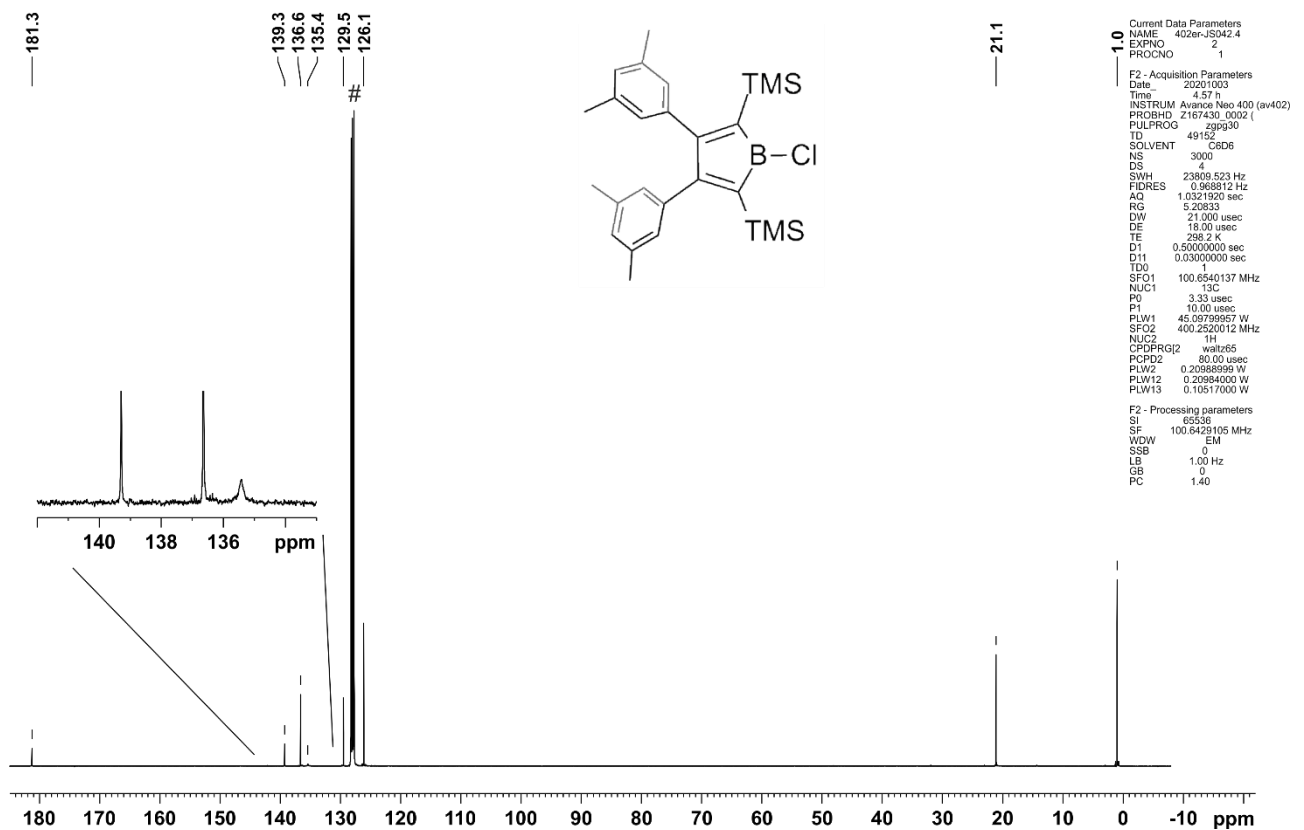
ORTEP plot of the molecular structure of **1**. Atomic displacement parameters are drawn at 50% probability level. Hydrogen atoms are omitted for the sake of clarity. Selected bond length in Å: B1-C1 1.576(1), C1-C2 1.360(2), C2-C3 1.536(1), C3-C4 1.363(2), C4-B1 1.577(2), B1-Cl1 1.757(1). The structure was deposited with the CCSD.

Spectra Plots for Compound 1

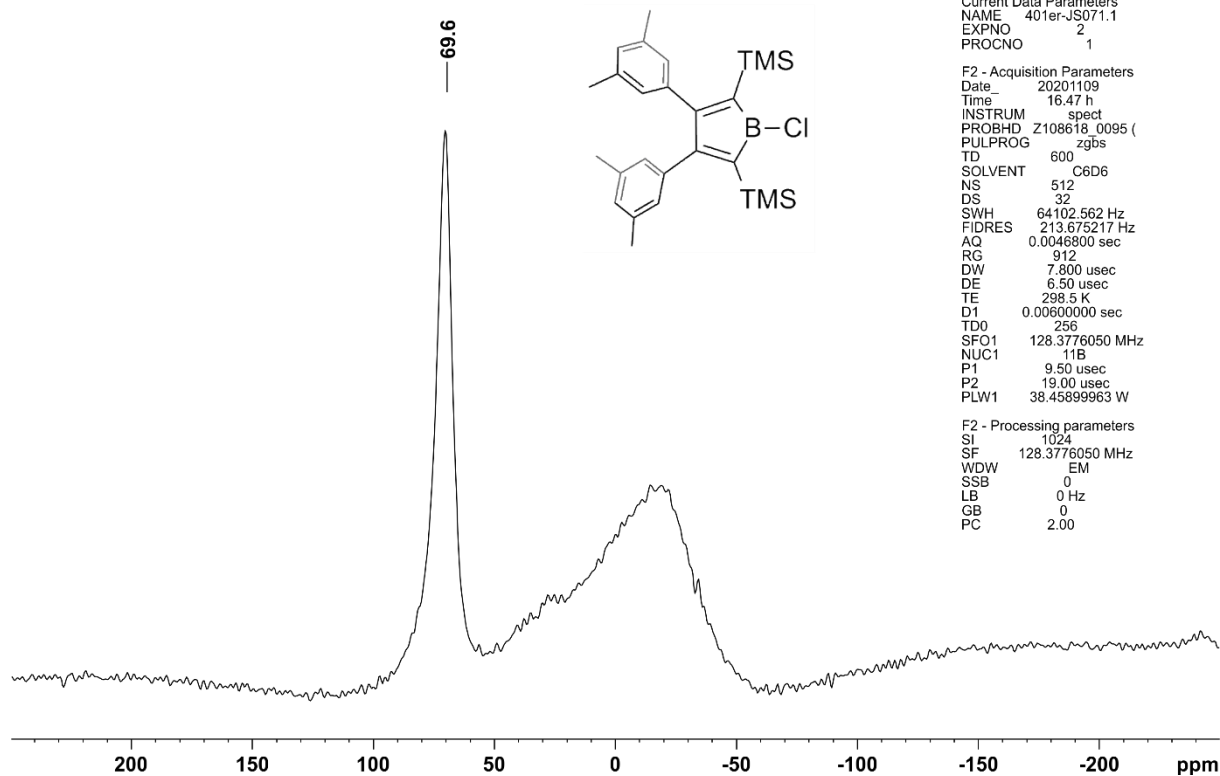
¹H-NMR-spectrum of chloroborole 1 in C₆D₆
referenced to C₆D₅H at 7.15 ppm



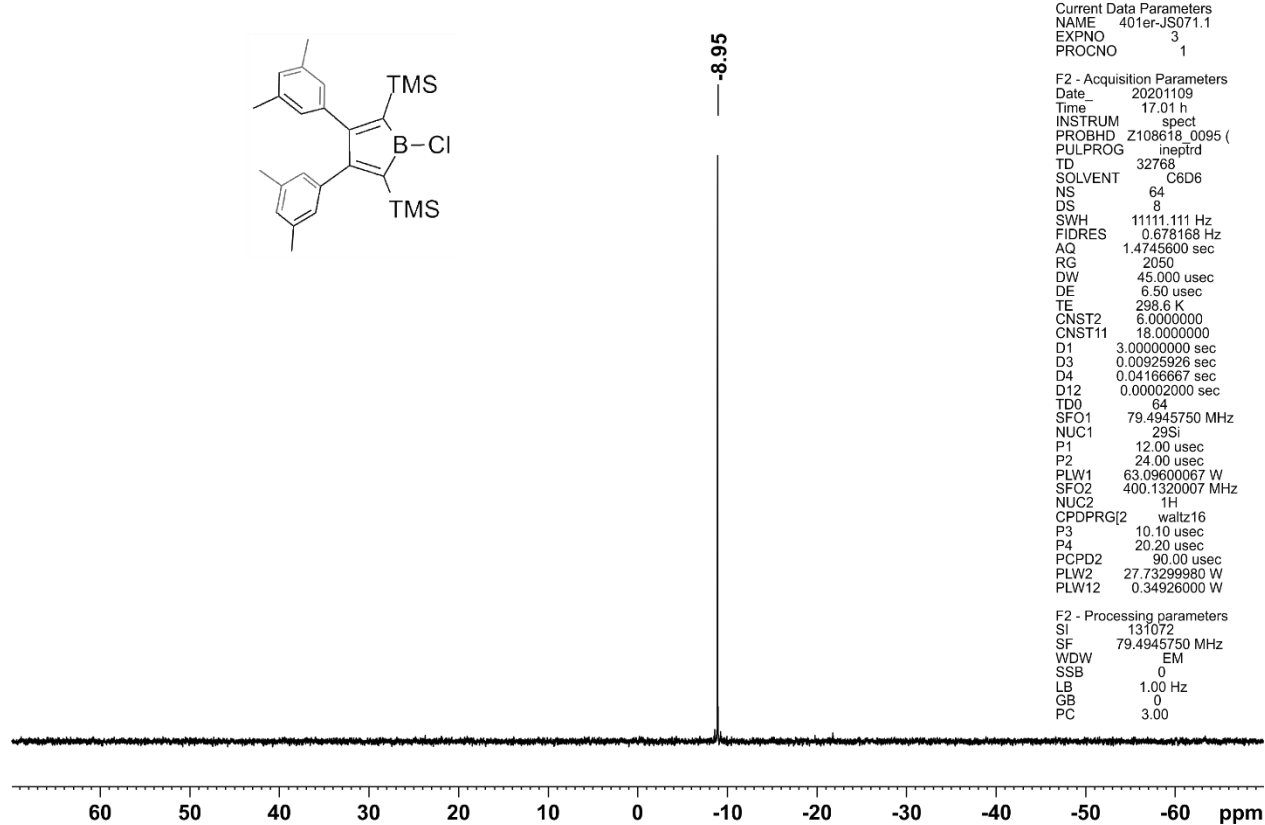
¹³C{¹H}-NMR-spectrum of chloroborole 1 in C₆D₆
referenced to C₆D₆ at 128.0 ppm

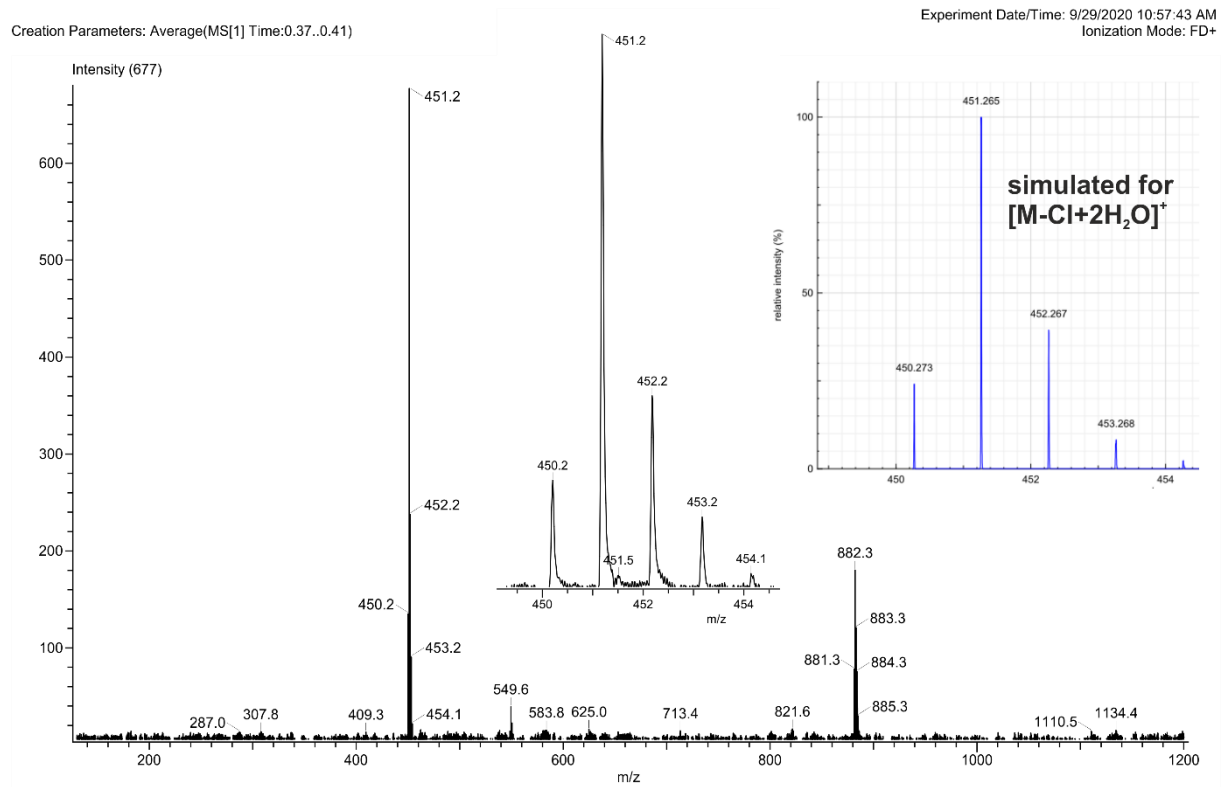


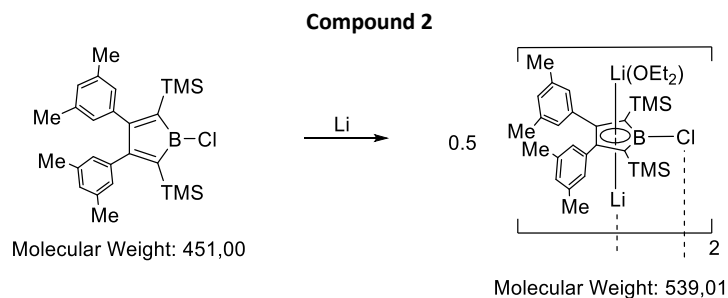
¹¹B(background suppressed)-NMR spectrum of chloroborole **1** in C₆D₆



²⁹Si-INEPT-NMR spectrum of chloroborole **1** in C₆D₆







In a glove box, lithium chips were freshly rolled out and some of the resulting flakes of thin Li-foil (12.1 mg, 1.76 mmol, 2.1 equiv.) were added into a red solution of chloroborole **1** (396.8 mg, 0.880 mmol, 1 equiv.) in diethyl ether (10 mL, distilled) and the mixture was then stirred over night at ambient temperature. The ether was removed from the brown suspension under reduced pressure and the brown residue was suspended in toluene (2 mL, distilled). The suspension was subsequently filtered through a syringe filter equipped with a thin plug of glass fiber (Whatman GF/B), and the filter was rinsed with additional toluene (1 mL). The toluene was removed in vacuo and the brown residue was then washed with small amounts of pentane until the residue turns into a slightly yellowish powder, which was subsequently dried under reduced pressure to give the ether solvate of lithium borole diide (213.5 mg, 0.396 mmol, 45 %). Crystals can be obtained from toluene.

Note: When thoroughly dried the dimeric adduct with one molecule of ether per borole diide is reliably obtained. When drying to short, the products contain between 1 and 2 equiv. of ether per borole, which affects on the NMR chemical shifts.

Analytical Data for Compound 2

NMR:

^1H (400.13 MHz, 298 K, C_6D_6 , $\text{C}_6\text{D}_5\text{H}$ at 7.15 ppm): 6.59 (s, 6H, *o-H* and *p-H*, superimposed), 3.10 (q, $^3J_{\text{H,H}} = 7.1$ Hz, 8H, OCH_2CH_3), 2.10 (s, 12H, *m-CH}_3*), 0.91 (t, $^3J_{\text{H,H}} = 7.1$ Hz, 12H, OCH_2CH_3), 0.38 (s, 18H, TMS).

$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ (100.64 MHz, 298 K, C_6D_6 solvent signal at 128.0 ppm): 143.4 (*ipso-C}_{ar}*), 135.8 (*m-C}_{ar}*), 130.0 (*o-C}_{ar}* or *p-C}_{ar}*), ca. 128.0 (C_θ , superimposed by solvent signal), 126.3 (*o-C}_{ar}* or *p-C}_{ar}*), 99.4 (C_α), 66.3 (OCH_2CH_3), 21.4 (*m-CH}_3*), 14.7 (OCH_2CH_3), 4.3 (TMS).

$^7\text{Li}\{^1\text{H}\}$ (116.64 MHz, 298 K, C_6D_6): -6.9.

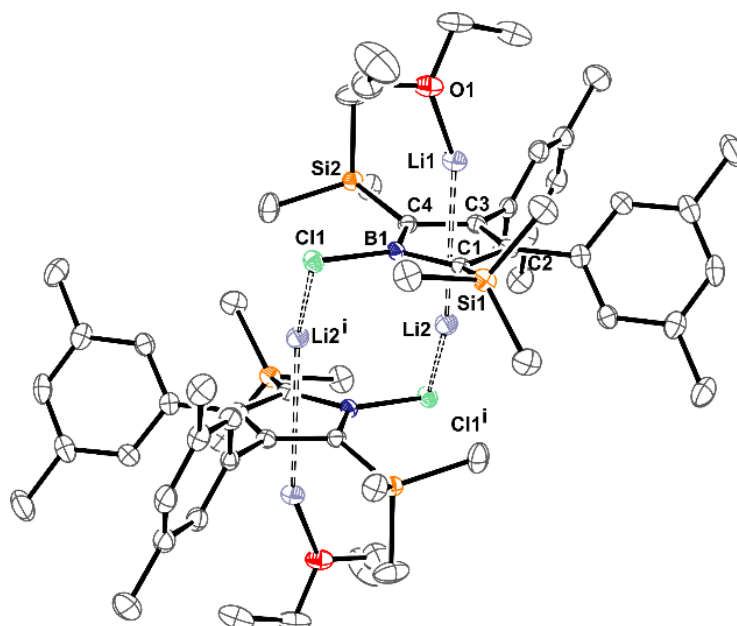
^{11}B (128.37 MHz, 298 K, C_6D_6): 31.6 ($\omega_{1/2} = 438$ Hz).

$^{29}\text{Si-INEPT}$ (79.49 MHz, 298 K, C_6D_6): (79.49 MHz, 298 K, C_6D_6): -12.16.

Elemental Analysis: ($\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{46}\text{BClLi}_2\text{OSi}_2$) calcd C 66.85, H 8.60, B 2.01, Cl 6.58, Li 2.58, O 2.97, Si 10.42, observed C 66.87, H 8.99.

Crystal structure of Compound 2

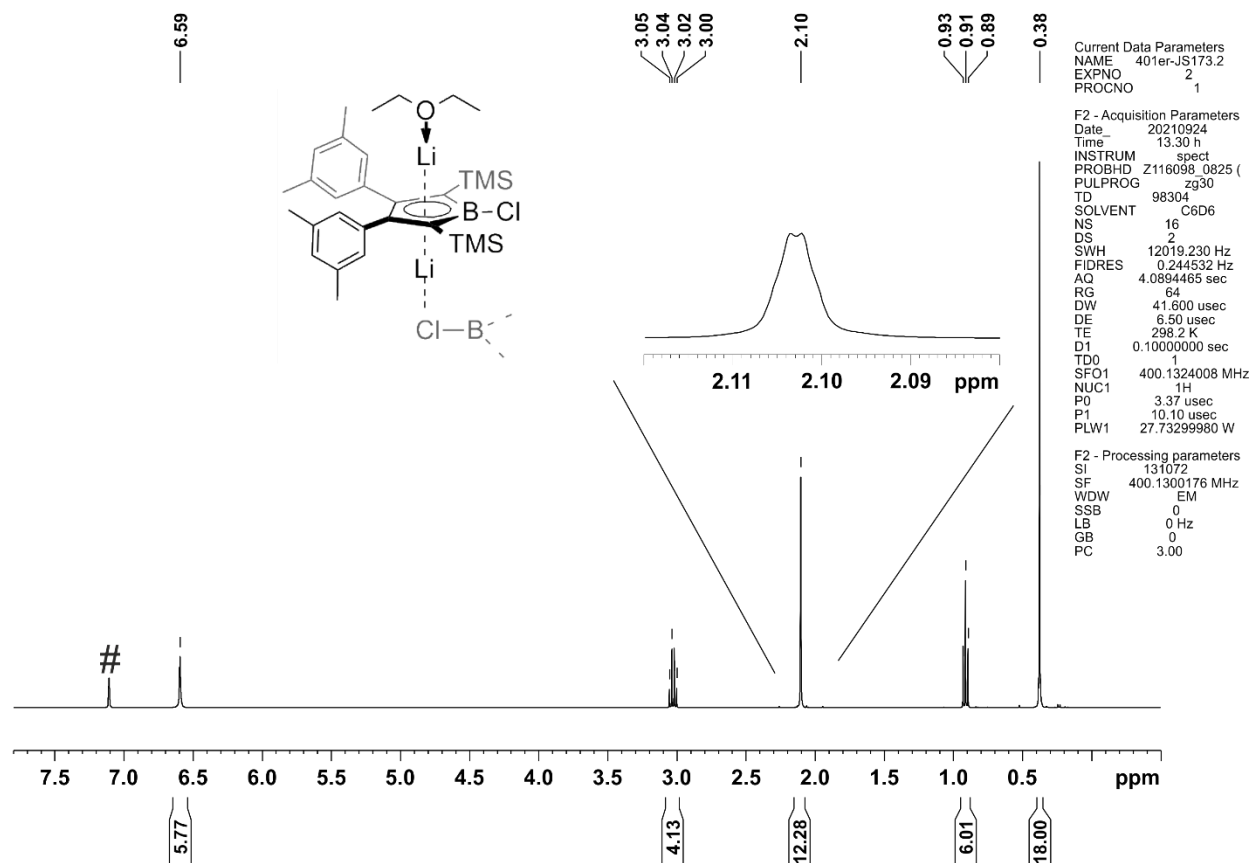
2 crystallised from solutions in toluene in a freezer (−35°C). For further details on the diffraction measurement and refinement please see the respective section and the respective CIF-file.



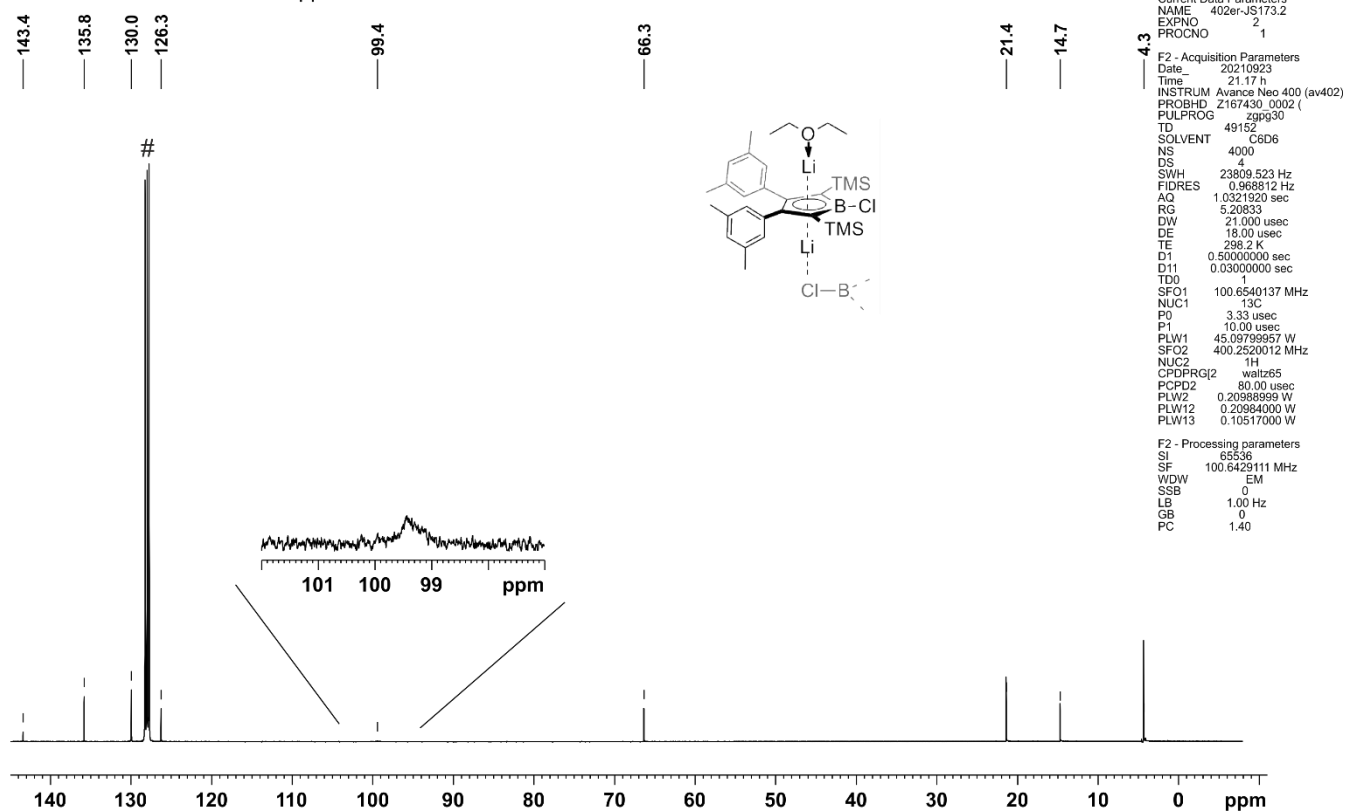
ORTEP of the solid state molecular structure of the dimeric aggregate $[\text{Li}_2(\text{OEt}_2)][\mathbf{2}]$. ADP drawn at 50% probability. Hydrogen atoms are omitted for clarity. Selected bond lengths in Å: B1–Cl1 1.868(2), Li2–Cl1' 2.373(3), Li1–Ct 1.825, Li2–Ct 1.854 and Table 1 of the manuscript. The structure was deposited with the CCSD.

Spectra Plots for Compound 2

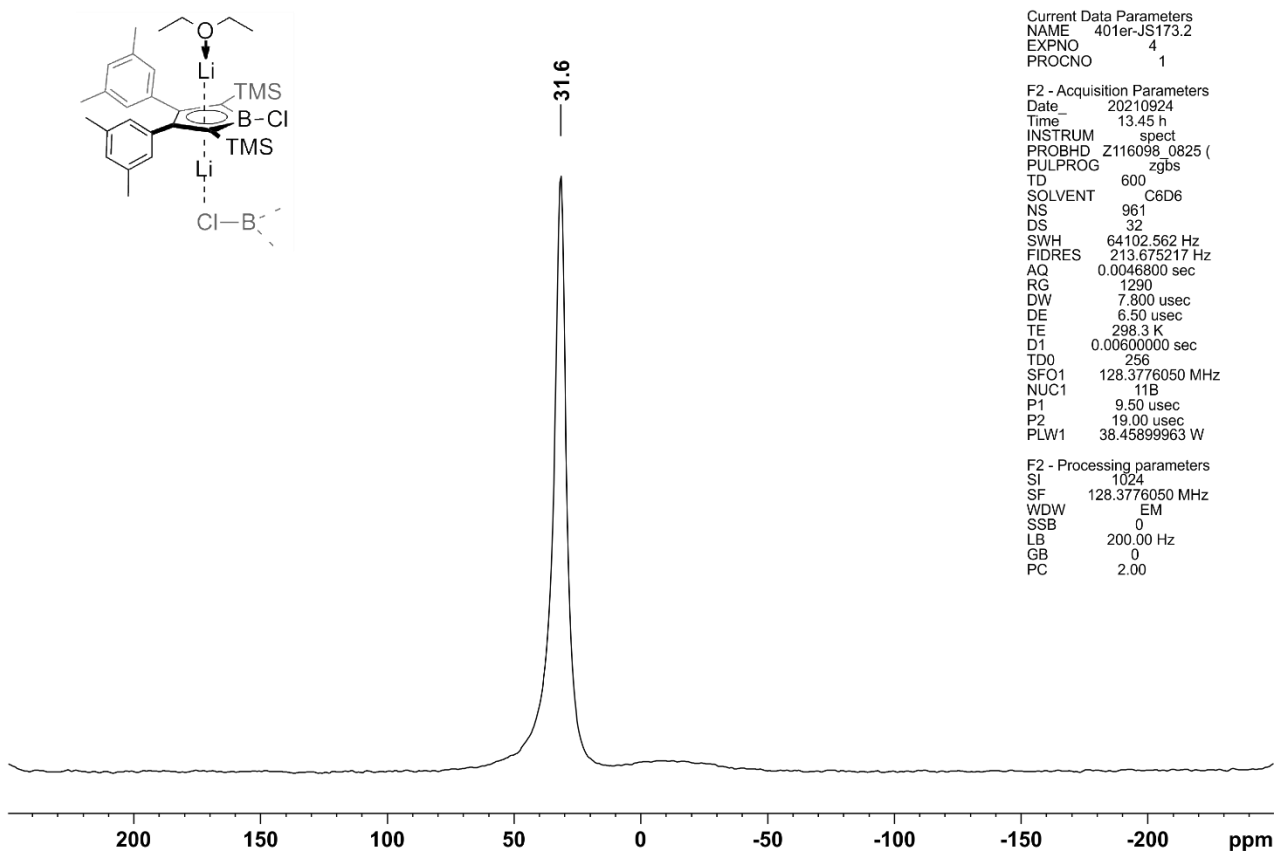
¹H-NMR-spectrum of compound **2** in C₆D₆
referenced to C₆D₅H at 7.15 ppm



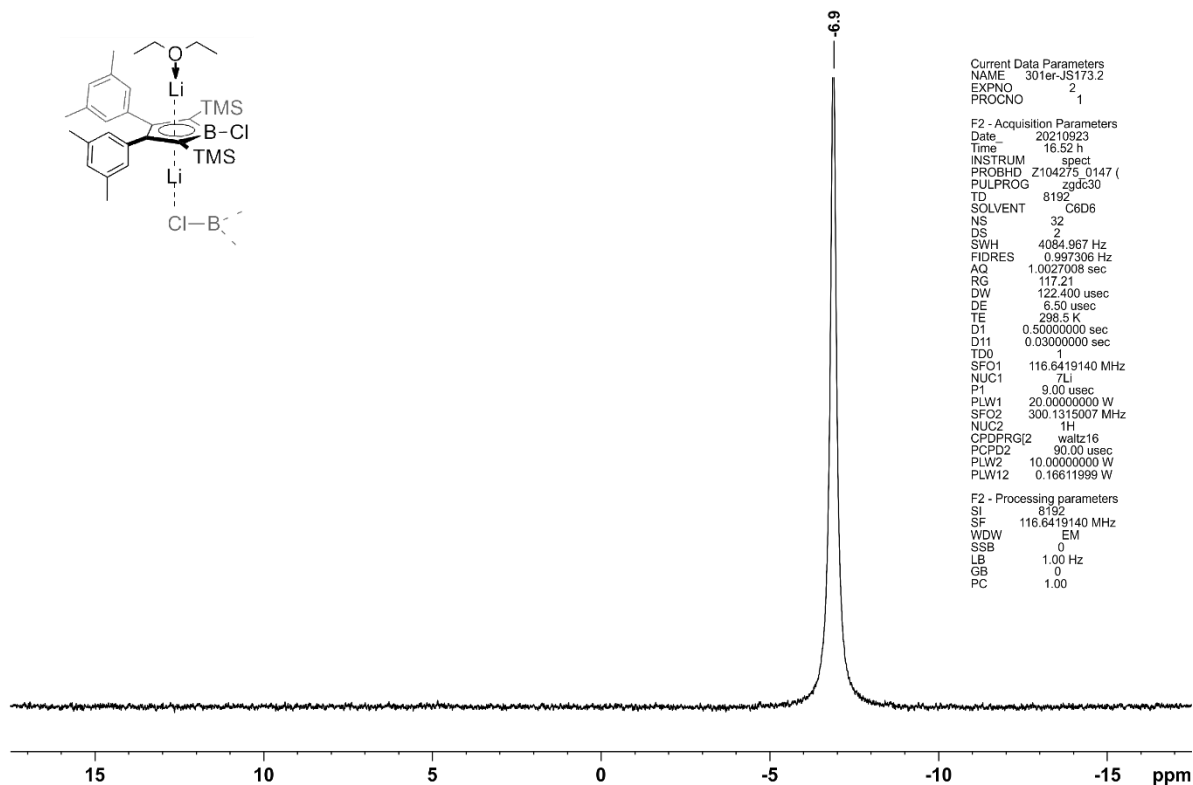
¹³C{¹H}-NMR-spectrum of compound **2** in C₆D₆
referenced to C₆D₆ at 128.0 ppm



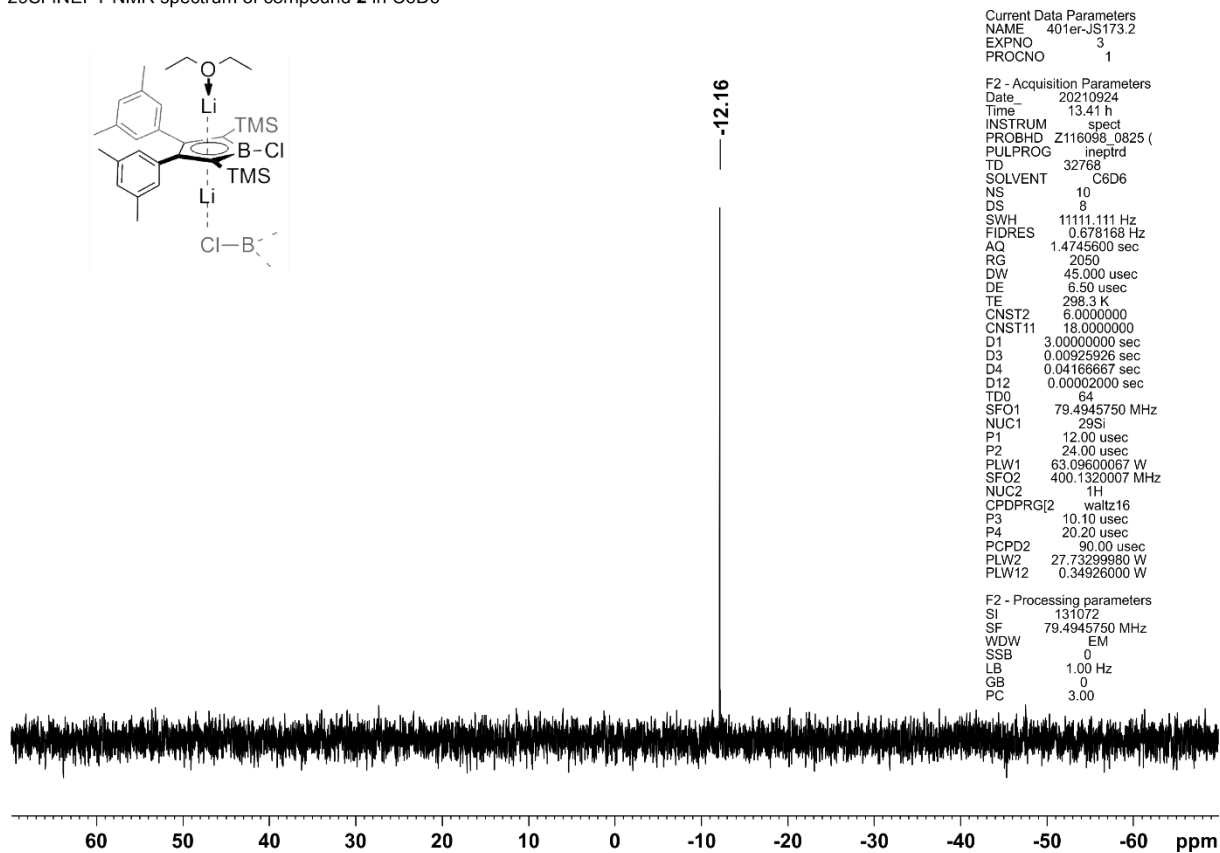
¹¹B-NMR spectrum (background suppressed) of compound **2** in C₆D₆

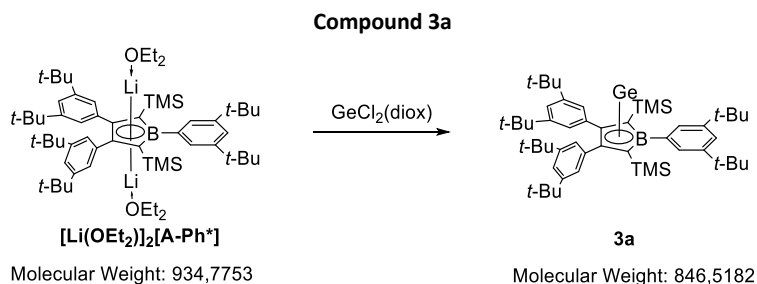


7Li-NMR-spectrum of compound 2 in C6D6



29Si-INEPT-NMR spectrum of compound 2 in C6D6





In a glovebox, compound **[Li(OEt₂)₂][A-Ph*]** (50.3 mg, 0.054 mmol, 1 eq) was dissolved in dry and degassed diethyl ether (1 mL). This solution was added to a suspension of GeCl₂·1,4-dioxane (12.5 mg, 0.054 mmol, 1 eq) in dry and degassed diethyl ether (1.5 mL). The suspension was stirred for ten minutes at ambient temperature and the solvent of the reaction mixture was afterwards removed under reduced pressure. The resulting solid was extracted with dry and degassed hexane (1 x 1 mL, 2 x 0.5 mL) and the solvent of the colourless extract was once again removed under reduced pressure. Compound **3a** (43.8 mg, 0.052 mmol, 96 %) was obtained as a colourless solid in a purity of approximately 95 % according to NMR analysis.

Note: Further purification by means of quantitative crystallization remained unsuccessful due to the high solubility of compound **3a**. Crystals suitable for x-ray crystallography were grown from a saturated hexane solution by slow evaporation of the solvent at ambient temperature.

Analytical Data for Compound 3a

NMR:

¹H (400.13 MHz, 298 K, C₆D₆, CD₅H at 7.15 ppm): 7.68 (d, ⁴J_{HH} = 1.9 Hz, 2H, *o*-H_{ar1}), 7.48 (t, ⁴J_{HH} = 1.9 Hz, 1H, *p*-H_{ar1}), 7.21 (t, ⁴J_{HH} = 1.8 Hz, 2H, *p*-H_{ar3,4}), 7.12 (d, ⁴J_{HH} = 1.8 Hz, 4H, *o*-H_{ar3,4}), 1.43 (s, 36H, Ar₁-C(Me)₃), 1.15 (s, 36H, Ar_{3,4}-C(Me)₃), -0.02 (s, 18H, Si(Me)₃).

¹³C{¹H} (100.65 MHz, 298 K, C₆D₆, solvent signal at 128.0 ppm): 150.1 (*m*-C_{ar3,4}), 148.8 (*m*-C_{Ar1}), 142.5 (*ipso*-C_{ar1}), 141.8 (*borole*-C_{3,4}), 136.3 (*ipso*-C_{ar3,4}), 129.6 (*o*-C_{ar1}), 126.8 (br, *o*-C_{ar3,4}), 120.7 (*p*-C_{ar3,4}), 119.6 (*p*-C_{ar1}), 113.2 (*borole*-C_{2,5}), 34.9 (Ar₁-C(CH₃)₃), 34.7 (Ar_{3,4}-C(CH₃)₃), 31.9 (Ar₁-C(CH₃)₃), 31.5 (Ar_{3,4}-C(CH₃)₃), 2.3 (Si(CH₃)₃).

¹¹B (128.38 MHz, 298 K, C₆D₆): 30.2.

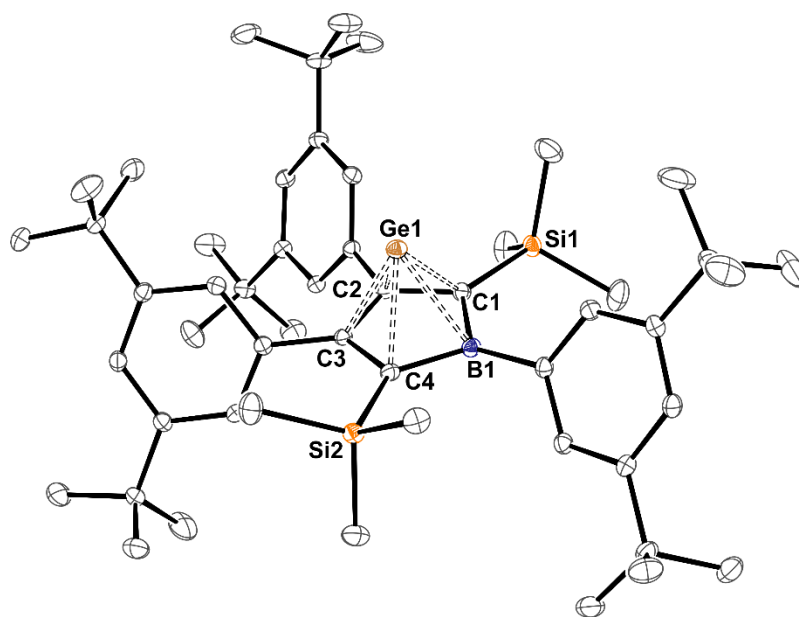
²⁹Si (99.37 MHz, 298 K, C₆D₆): (79.49 MHz, 298 K, C₆D₆): -7.4.

Elemental Analysis: C₅₂H₈₁BSi₂Ge calcd C 73.84, H 9.65; observed C 74.49, H 10.25.

LIFDI-MS: calcd exact mass: 846.5 m/z; observed m/z: 846.3 [M]⁺.

Crystal structure of Compound 3a

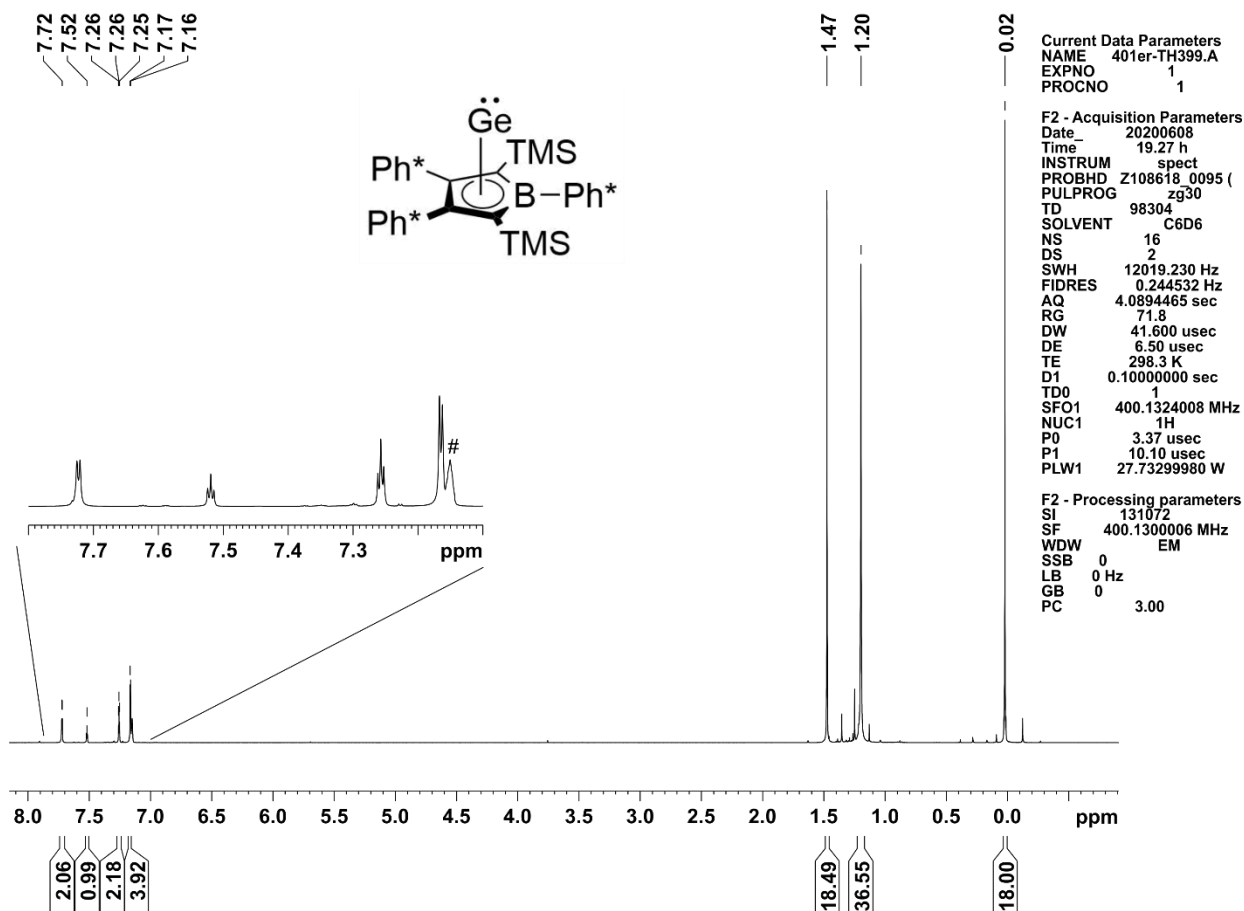
A few crystals of **3a** suitable for X-ray diffraction were isolated from evaporation of hexane solutions. For further details on the diffraction measurement and refinement please see the respective section and the respective CIF-file.



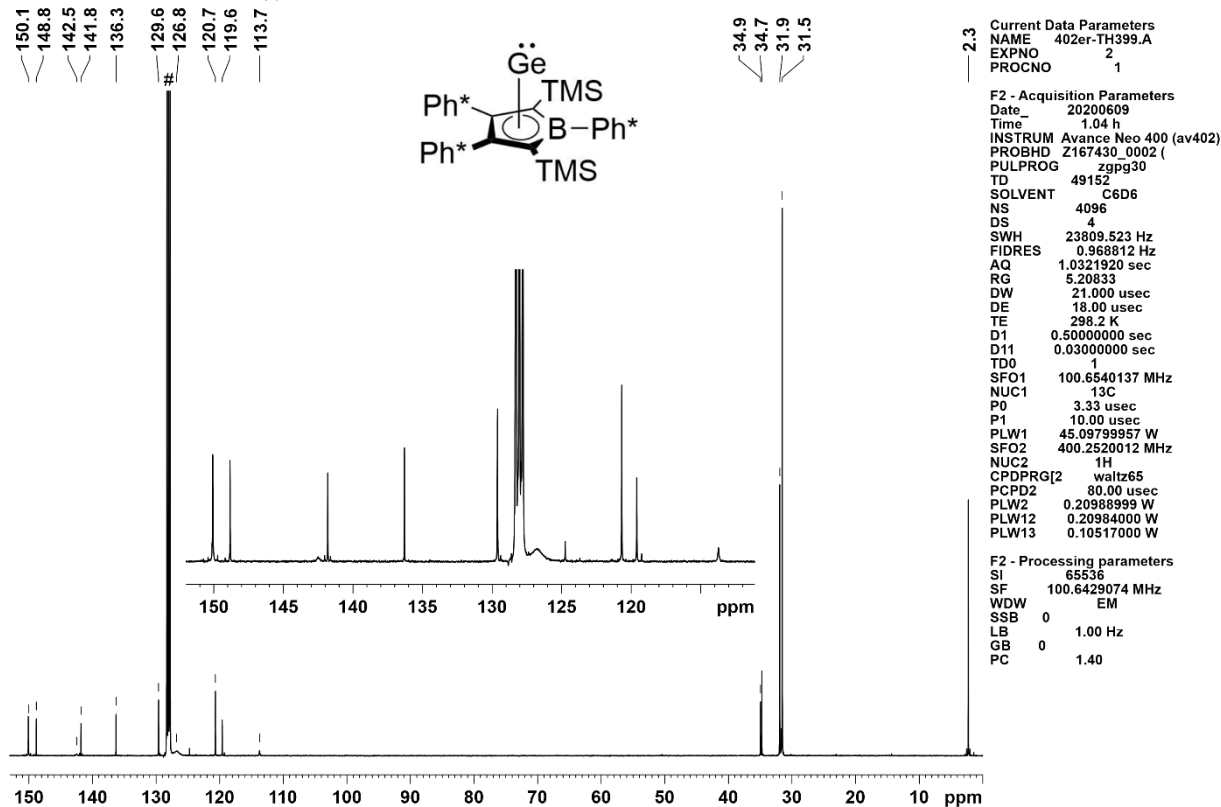
ORTEP plot of the molecular structure of **3a**. Atomic displacement parameters are drawn at 50% probability level. Hydrogen atoms and a lattice hexane molecule have been omitted for the sake of clarity. Selected bond length: B1–C1 1.560(2), C1–C2 1.460(2), C2–C3 1.439(1), C3–C4 1.460(2), C4–B1 1.559(2), B1–Ge1 2.272(1), C1–Ge1 2.211(1), C2–Ge1 2.193(1), C3–Ge1 2.205(1), C4–Ge1 2.206(1).

Spectra Plots for Compound 3a

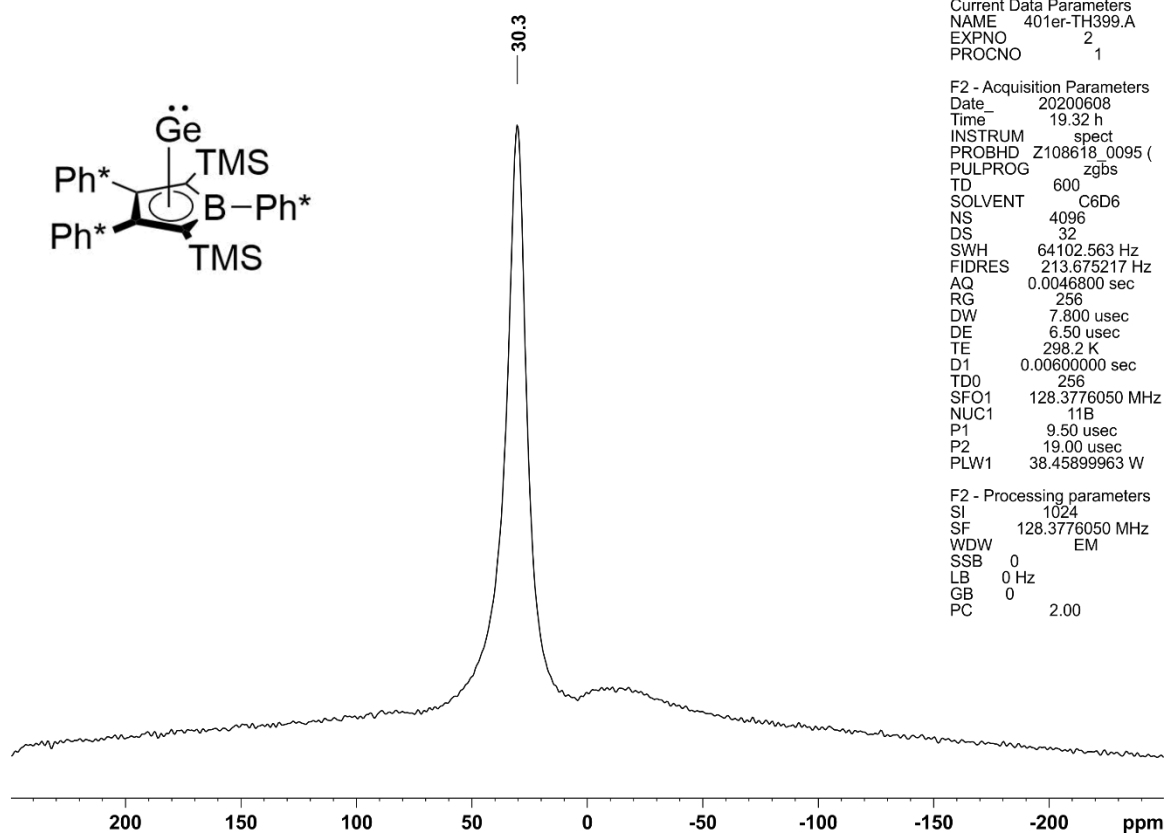
¹H-NMR-spectrum of 3a in C6D6
referenced to C6D5H at 7.15 ppm



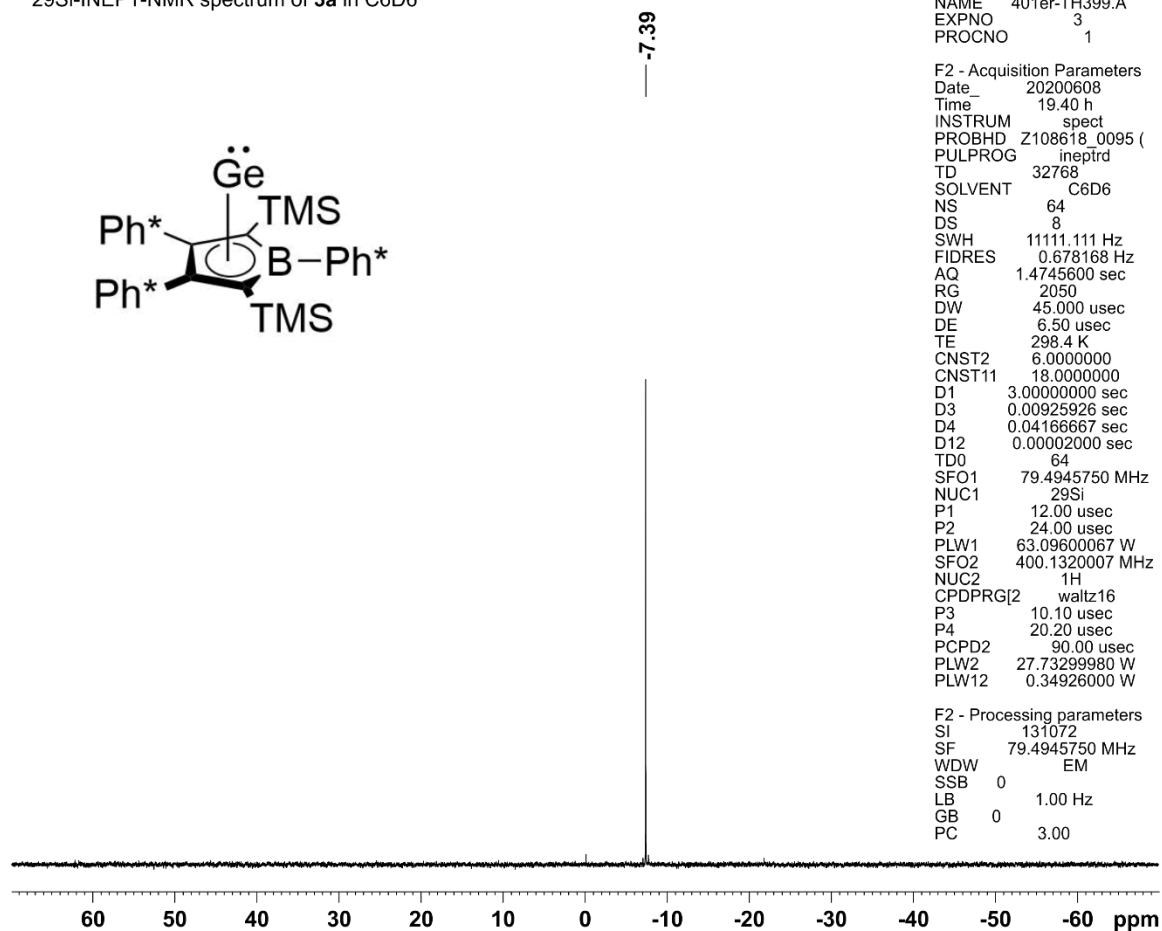
¹³C{¹H}-NMR-spectrum of 3a in C6D6
referenced to C6D6 at 128.0 ppm



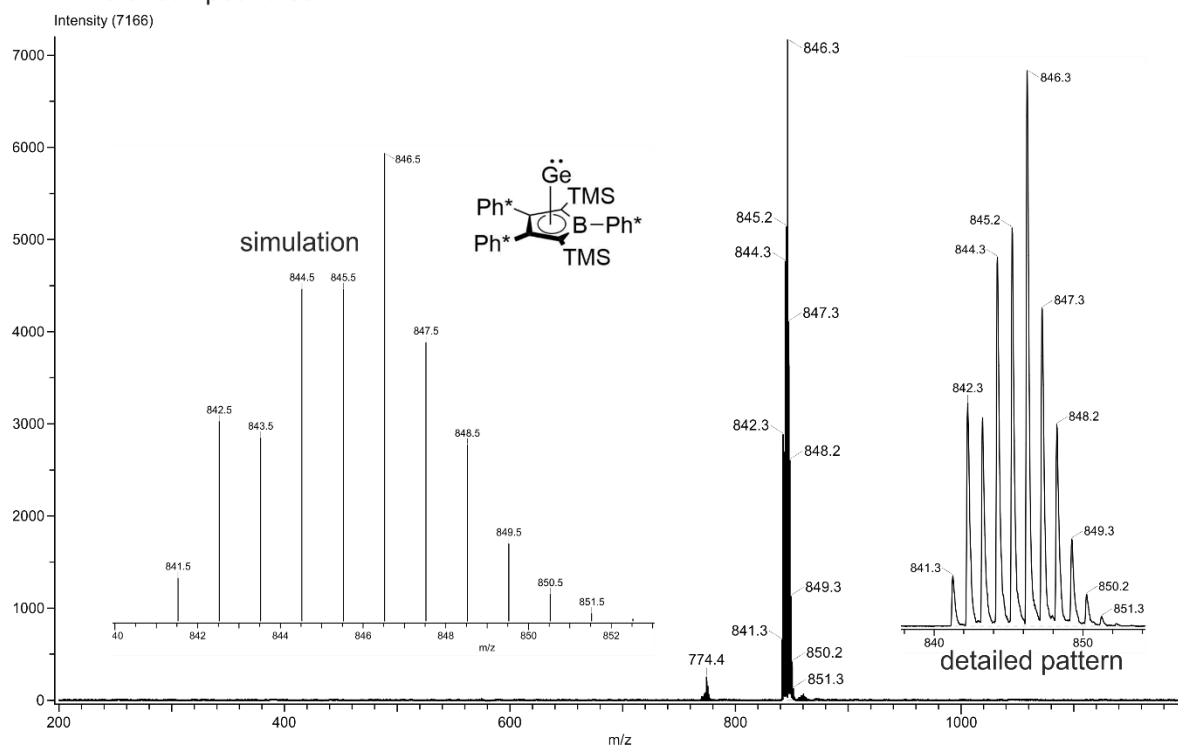
11B-NMR spectrum (background suppressed) of **3a** in C6D6

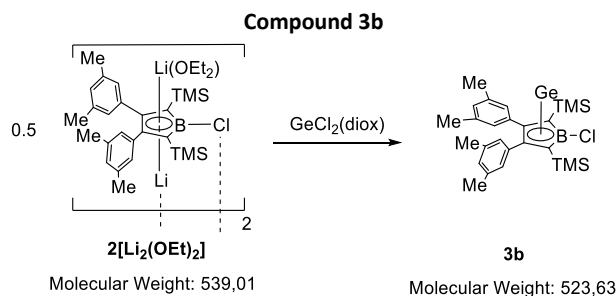


29Si-INEPT-NMR spectrum of **3a** in C6D6



LIFDI-MS of compound 3a





In a glovebox, a solution of GeCl_2 -dioxane (168.7 mg, 0.729 mmol, 1 equiv.) in diethyl ether (6 mL) was added to a solution of boroleidiide **2** (431.0 mg, 0.800 mmol, 1.1 equiv.) in diethyl ether (3 mL) at ambient temperature. The resulting beige suspension was stirred at ambient temperature overnight. The ether was removed in vacuo to give a beige solid. The solid was subsequently suspended two times in hexane (10 mL, 5 mL) and volatiles are thoroughly removed in vacuo to co-evaporate 1,4-dioxane. The solid was again suspended in hexane (10 mL) and filtered through a syringe filter equipped with a thin plug of glass fiber (Whatman GF/B), and the filter cake was washed with toluene (5 mL). The filtrate was carefully concentrated under reduced pressure until incipient crystallization to give slightly yellowish crystals which were isolated and washed with small portions of pentane to give the product **3b** (298.3 mg, 0.570 mmol, 79 %) after drying.

Analytical Data for Compound 3b

NMR:

^1H (400.13 MHz, 298 K, C_6D_6 , $\text{C}_6\text{D}_5\text{H}$ at 7.15 ppm): 6.81 (m, 4H, *o-H*), 6.47 (m, 2H, *p-H*) 1.93 (s, 12H, *m-CH*₃), 0.19 (s, 18H, TMS).

$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ (100.64 MHz, 298 K, C_6D_6 solvent signal at 128.0 ppm): 138.8 (*C*₆), 136.9 (*m-C*_{ar}), 135.5 (*ipso-C*_{ar}), 130.1 (*o-C*_{ar}), 129.5 (*p-C*_{ar}), 106.6 (*C*_α), 21.0 (*m-CH*₃), 1.8 (TMS).

^{11}B (128.37 MHz, 298 K, C_6D_6): 29.2 ($\omega_{1/2}$ = 580 Hz).

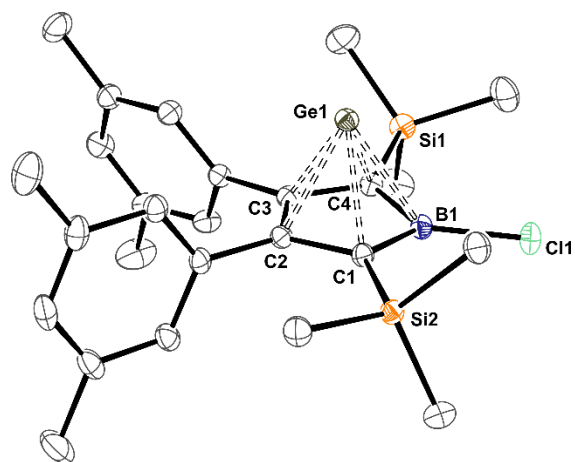
$^{29}\text{Si-INEPT}$ (79.49 MHz, 298 K, C_6D_6): -7.03.

Elemental Analysis: ($\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{36}\text{BClSi}_2\text{Sn}$) calcd C 59.64, H 6.93, B 2.06, Cl 6.77, Ge 13.87, Si 10.73, observed C 59.60, H 6.89.

LIFDI-MS: calcd exact mass: 524.1 m/z, observed m/z: 524.6.

Crystal structure of Compound **3b**

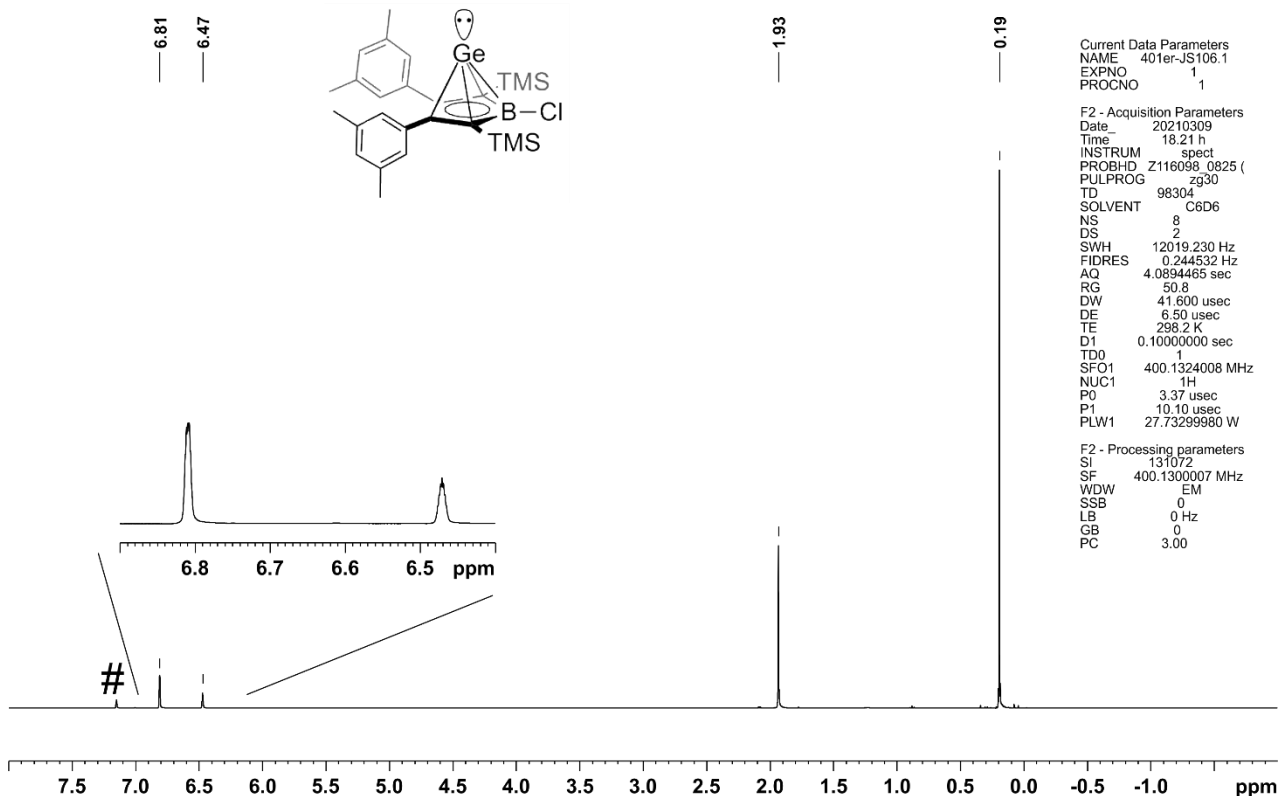
3b crystallised from hexane solutions in a freezer (−35°C). For further details on the diffraction measurement and refinement please see the respective section and the respective CIF-file.



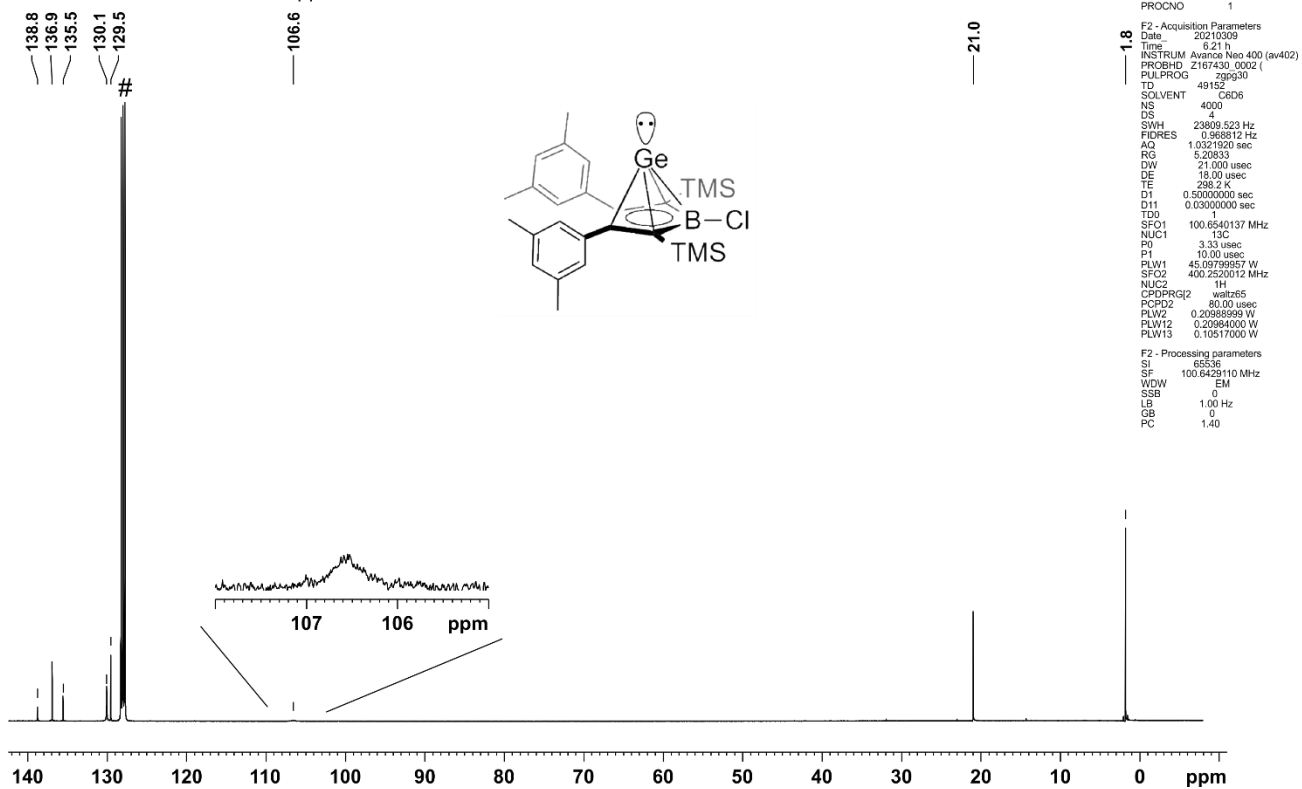
ORTEP plot of the molecular structure of **3b**. Atomic displacement parameters are drawn at 50% probability level. Hydrogen atoms have been omitted for the sake of clarity. The germanium vertex atom was modelled to occupy a minor fraction (ca. 2-3%) on the opposite side of the borole moiety and only the major contribution is shown. Selected bond length: B1–Cl1 1.801(1), B1–C1 1.534(2), C1–C2 1.457(2), C2–C3 1.434(2), C3–C4 1.464(2), C4–B1 1.535(2), B1–Ge1 2.297(1), C1–Ge1 2.224(1), C2–Ge1 2.204(1), C3–Ge1 2.211(1), C4–Ge1 2.225(1).

Spectra Plots for Compound 3b

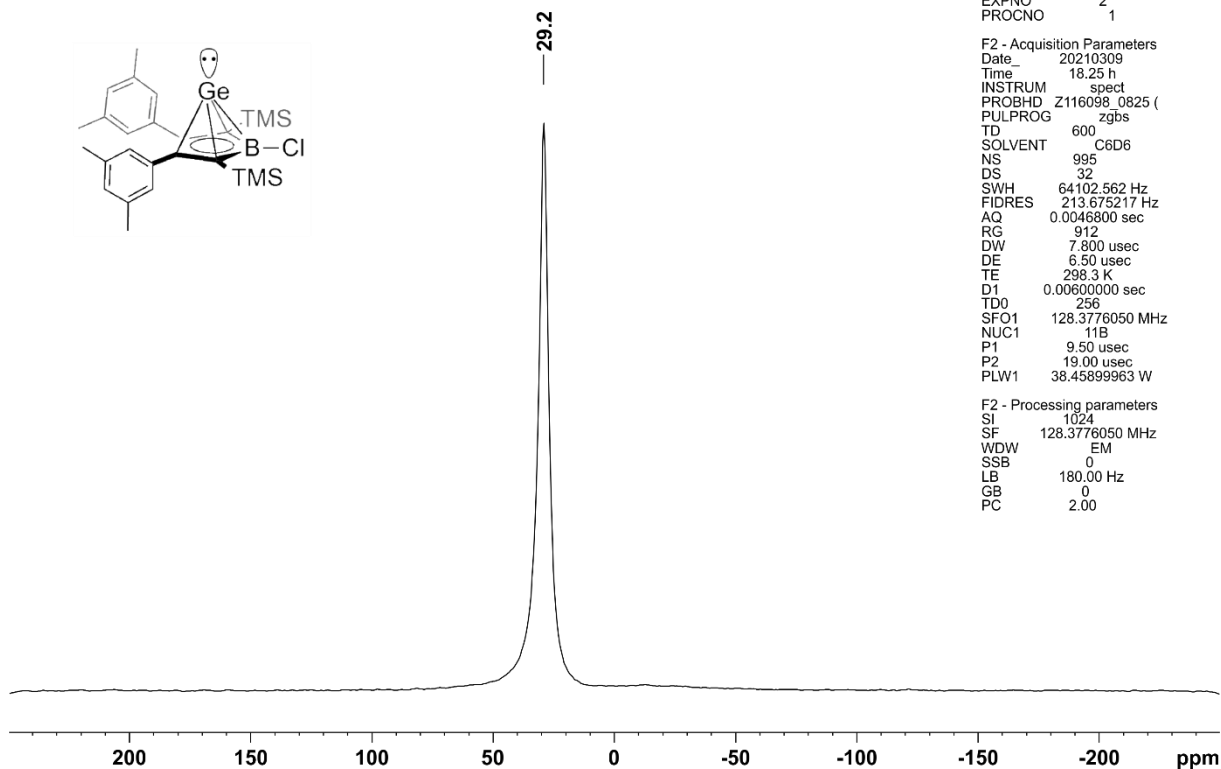
¹H-NMR-spectrum of compound **3b** in C₆D₆
referenced to C₆D₅H at 7.15 ppm



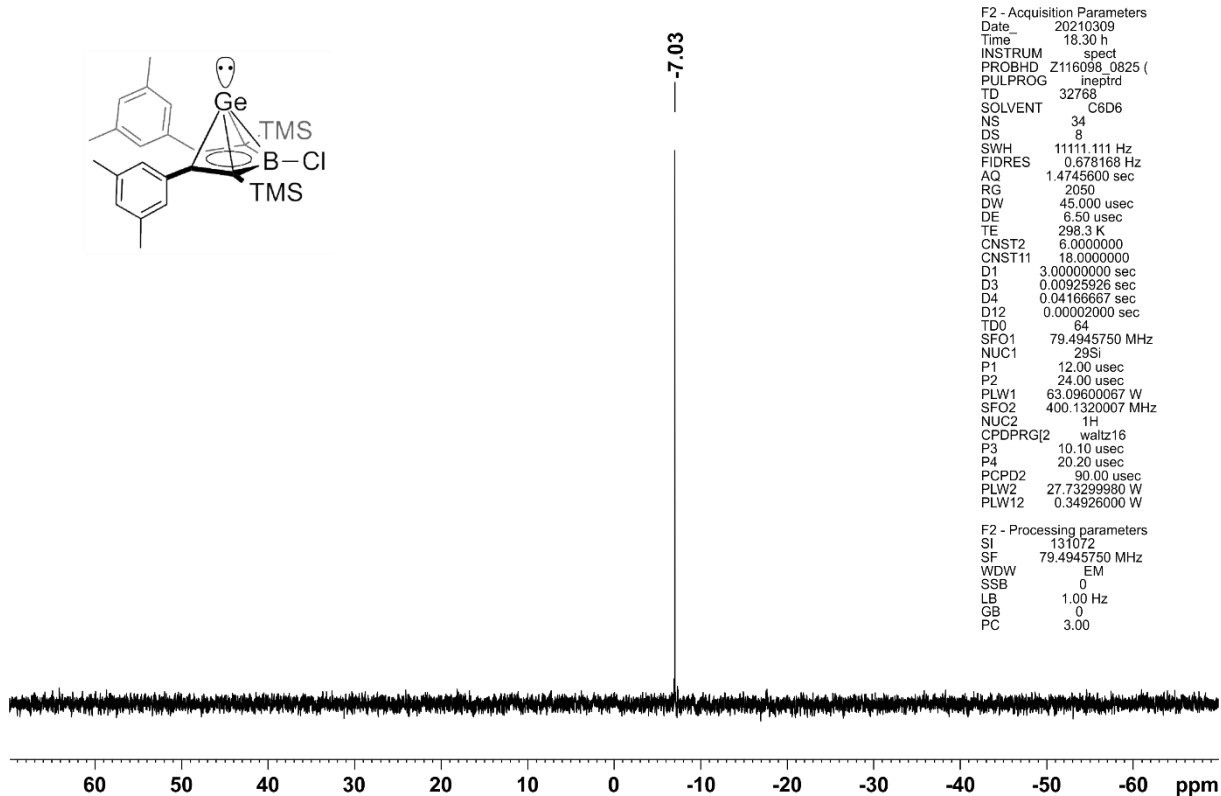
¹³C{¹H}-NMR-spectrum of compound **3b** in C₆D₆
referenced to C₆D₆ at 128.0 ppm

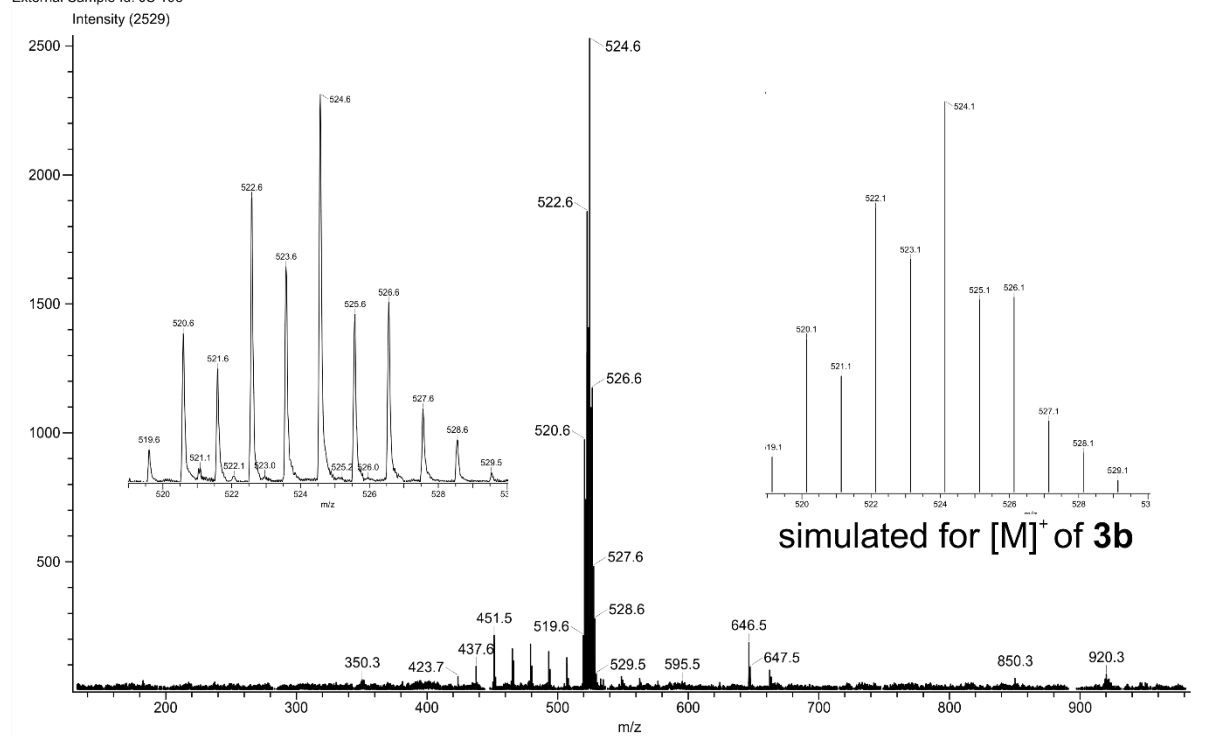


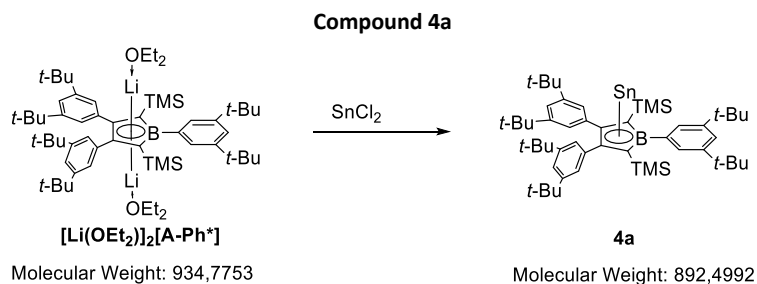
11B-NMR spectrum (background suppressed) of compound **3b** in C6D6



29Si-INEPT-NMR spectrum of compound **3b** in C6D6







In a glovebox, compound $[\text{Li}(\text{OEt}_2)_2[\text{A-Ph}^*]]$ (47.3 mg, 0.051 mmol, 1 eq) was dissolved in dry and degassed diethyl ether (1.5 mL). The pale yellow solution was added to a suspension of SnCl_2 (9.6 mg, 0.051 mmol, 1 eq) in dry and degassed diethyl ether (0.5 mL). After completed addition a colourless precipitate had formed and a yellow solution was obtained. The reaction was stirred for 45 min at ambient temperature. Subsequently the reaction mixture was filtered through a syringe equipped with a thin plug of glass fiber (Whatman GF/B) and the solvent of the yellow filtrate was removed under reduced pressure. The obtained yellow solid was dissolved in dry and degassed hexane (0.2 mL) and this solution was stored openly in a glovebox. After most of the solvent evaporated, crystals of compound **4a** started to form. The mother liquor was carefully decanted off with a syringe and the crystals were washed with a small amount of cold hexane (-40°C , few drops). The isolated crystals were dried under reduced pressure to yield compound **4a** (24.3 mg, 0.027 mmol, 54 %) as a yellow powder.

Analytical Data for Compound 4a

NMR:

^1H (500.25 MHz, 298 K, C_6D_6 , CD_5H at 7.15 ppm): 7.70 (d, $^4J_{\text{HH}} = 1.9$ Hz, 2H, *o*- $H_{\text{Ar}1}$), 7.50 (t, $^4J_{\text{HH}} = 1.9$ Hz, 1H, *p*- $H_{\text{Ar}1}$), 7.24 (t, $^4J_{\text{HH}} = 1.8$ Hz, 2H, *p*- $H_{\text{Ar}3,4}$), 7.16 (br d, 4H, *o*- $H_{\text{Ar}3,4}$), 1.48 (s, 18H, $\text{Ar}_1\text{-C}(\text{Me})_3$), 1.20 (s, 36H, $\text{Ar}_{3,4}\text{-C}(\text{Me})_3$), 0.04 (s, 18H, $\text{Si}(\text{Me})_3$).

$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ (100.65 MHz, 298 K, C_6D_6 , solvent signal at 128.0 ppm): 149.9 (*m*- $\text{C}_{\text{Ar}3,4}$), 148.6 (*m*- $\text{C}_{\text{Ar}1}$), 145.7 (borole- $\text{C}_{3,4}$), 143.1 (*ipso*- $\text{C}_{\text{Ar}1}$), 137.2 (*ipso*- $\text{C}_{\text{Ar}3,4}$), 130.5 (*o*- $\text{C}_{\text{Ar}1}$), ca. 128.0 (*o*- $\text{C}_{\text{Ar}3,4}$, completely overlapped by the solvent signal, assigned via HSQC), 120.4 (*p*- $\text{C}_{\text{Ar}3,4}$), 119.3 (*p*- $\text{C}_{\text{Ar}1}$), 114.3 (borole- $\text{C}_{2,5}$), 34.9 ($\text{Ar}_1\text{-C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$), 34.7 ($\text{Ar}_{3,4}\text{-C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$), 31.9 ($\text{Ar}_1\text{-C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$), 31.6 ($\text{Ar}_{3,4}\text{-C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$), 3.1 ($\text{Si}(\text{CH}_3)_3$).

^{11}B (160.50 MHz, 298 K, C_6D_6): 32.2.

^{29}Si -INEPT (99.38 MHz, 298 K, C_6D_6): -8.5.

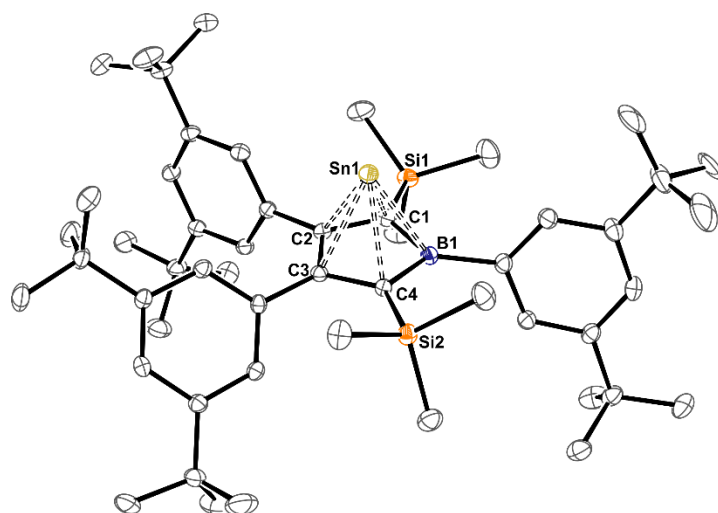
$^{119}\text{Sn}\{^1\text{H}\}$ (186.19 MHz, 298 K, C_6D_6): -1896.94 (^{10}B isotopologue), -1897.19 (^{11}B isotopologue).

Elemental Analysis: $\text{C}_{60}\text{H}_{101}\text{BLi}_2\text{O}_2\text{Si}_2$ calcd C 77.05, H 10.88; observed C 76.70, H 11.06.

LIFDI-MS: calcd exact mass: 892.5 m/z; observed m/z: 892.3 $[\text{M}]^+$.

Crystal structure of Compound 4a

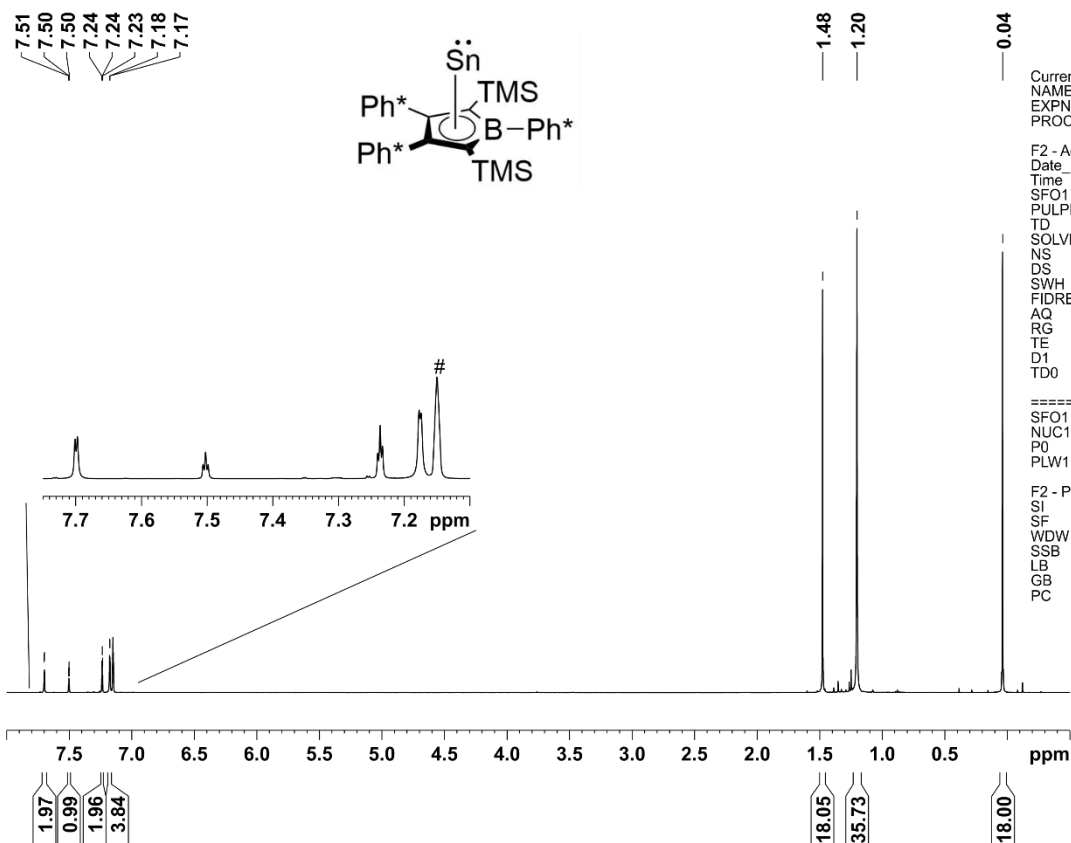
4a crystallised from pentane solutions through concentration by evaporation at ambient temperature. For further details on the diffraction measurement and refinement please see the respective section and the respective CIF-file.



ORTEP plot of the molecular structure of **4a**. Atomic displacement parameters are drawn at 50% probability level. Hydrogen atoms, disordered *t*Bu-groups and a second molecule in the asymmetric unit have been omitted for the sake of clarity. Selected bond length: B1–C1 1.555(2), C1–C2 1.459(2), C2–C3 1.437(2), C3–C4 1.459(2), C4–B1 1.561(2), B1–Sn1 2.462(2), C1–Sn1 2.398(2), C2–Sn1 2.386(2), C3–Sn1 2.422(2), C4–Sn1 2.392(2).

Spectra Plots for Compound 4a

¹H-NMR-spectrum of **4a** in C₆D₆
referenced to C₆D₅H at 7.15 ppm



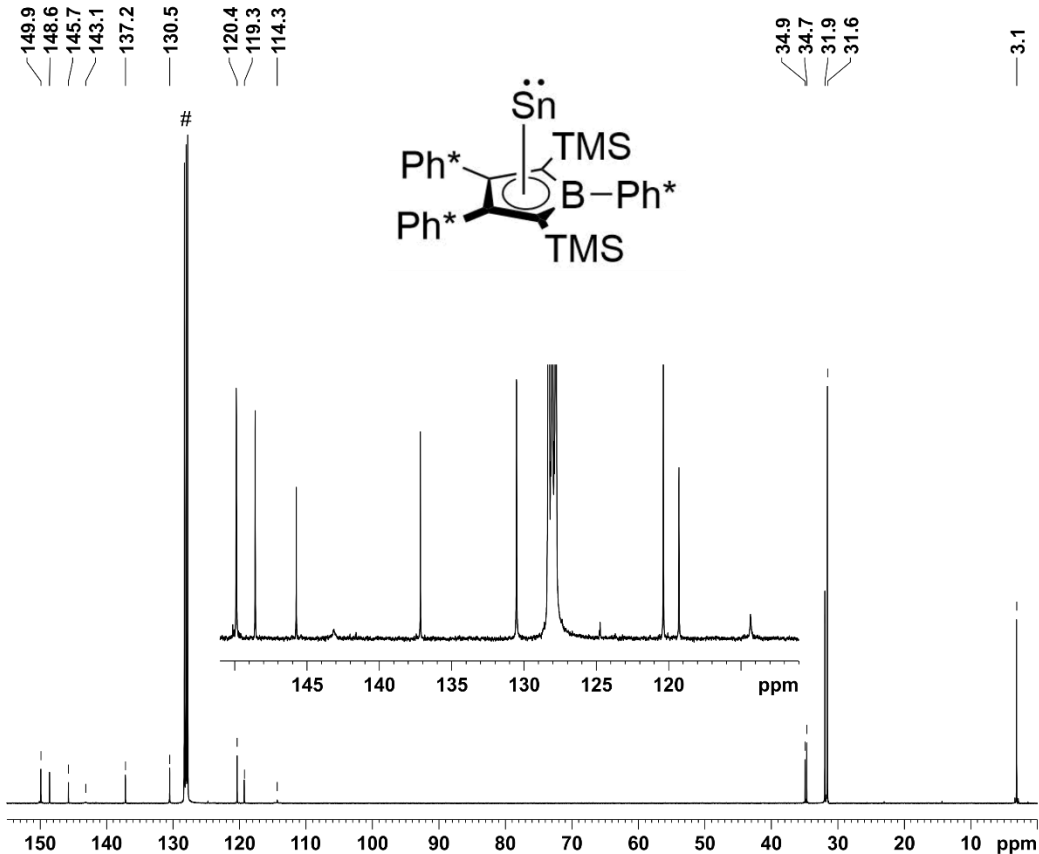
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 PROCNO 1

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 SOLVENT C6D6
 NS 16
 DS 0
 SWH 13020.833 Hz
 FIDRES 0.099341 Hz
 AQ 5.0331650 sec
 RG 46.46
 TE 298.0 K
 D1 0.10000000 sec
 TD0 1

===== CHANNEL f1 =====
 SFO1 500.2530015 MHz
 NUC1 1H
 P0 2.00 usec
 PLW1 14.00000000 W

F2 - Processing parameters
 SI 262144
 SF 500.2499959 MHz
 WDW EM
 SSB 0
 LB 0.10 Hz
 GB 0
 PC 2.00

¹³C{¹H}-NMR-spectrum of **4a** in C₆D₆
referenced to C₆D₆ at 128.0 ppm

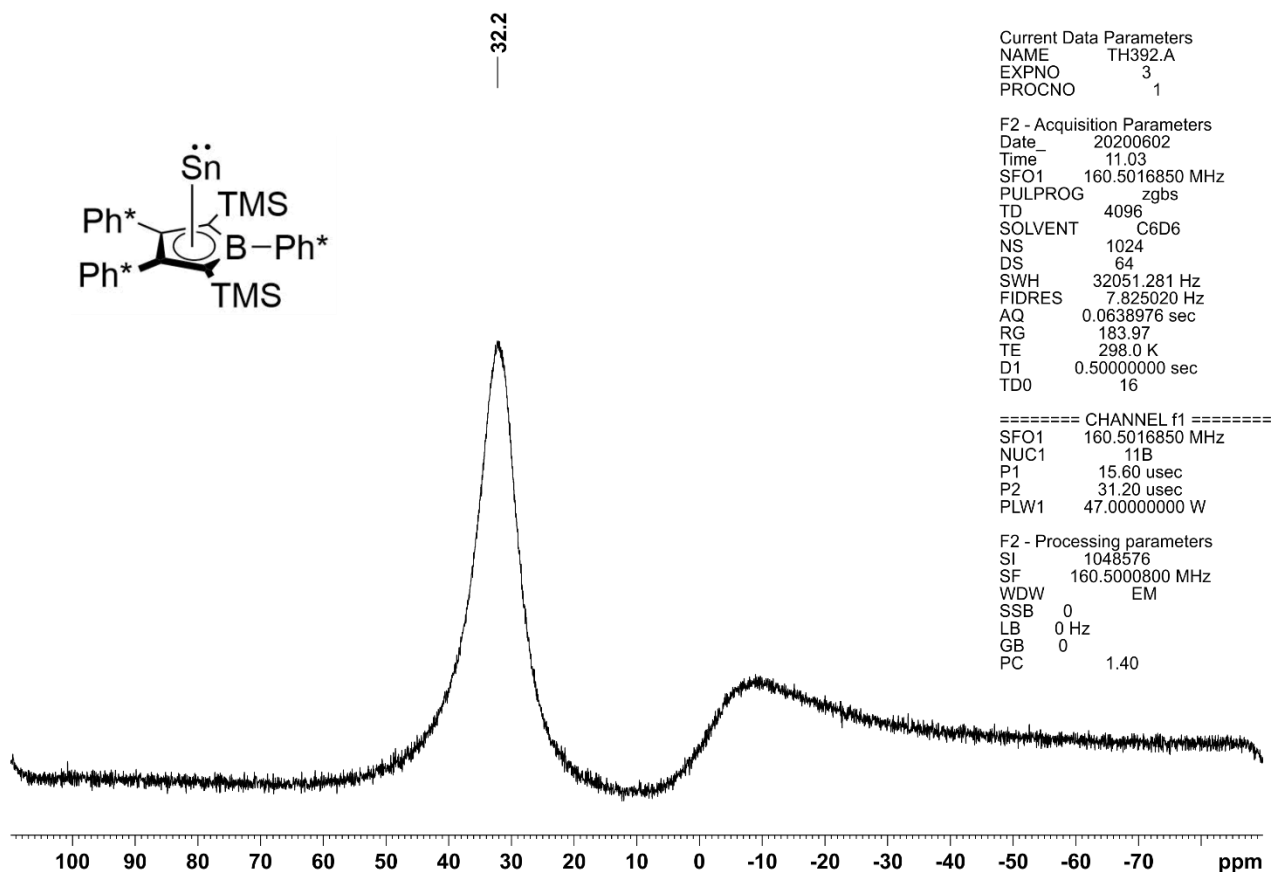


Current Data Parameters
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 EXPNO 2
 PROCNO 1

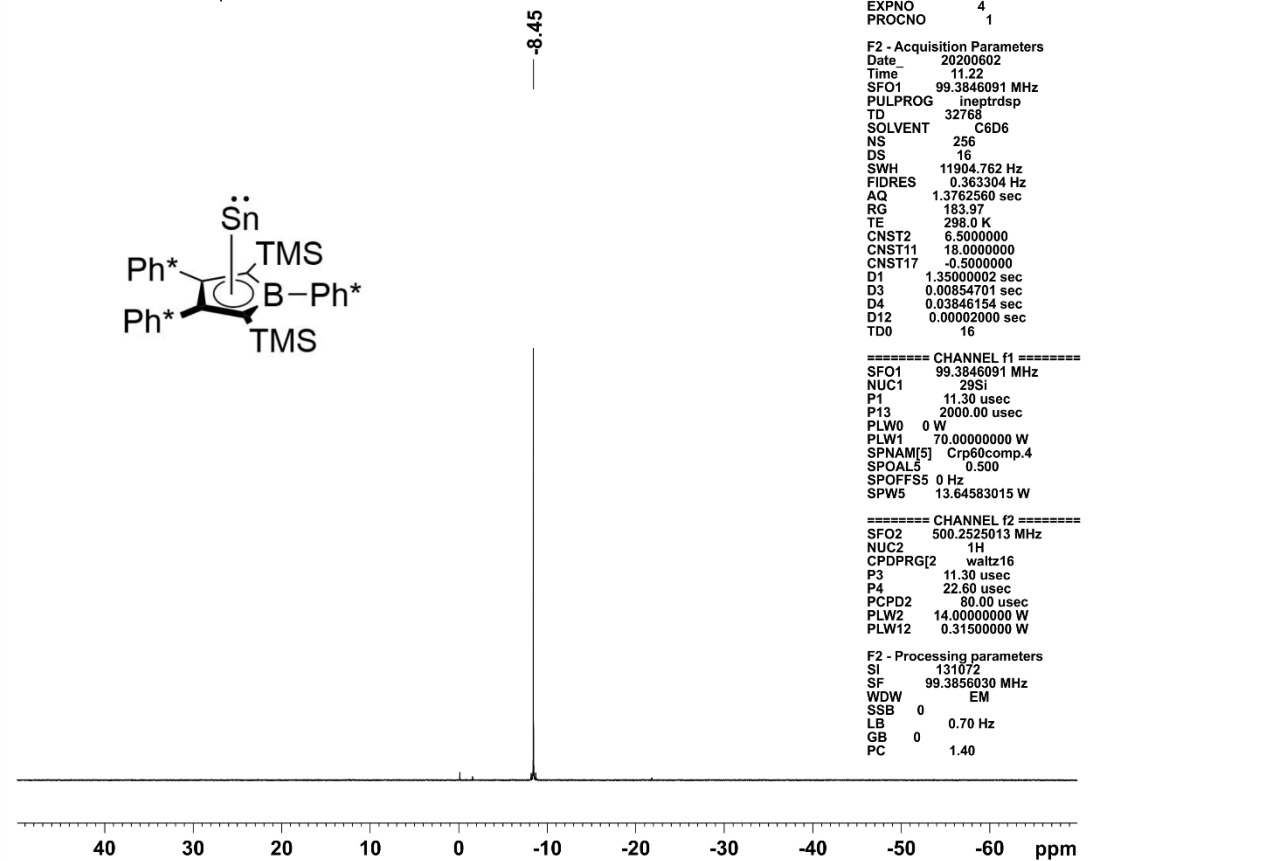
F2 - Acquisition Parameters
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 Time 0 h
 INSTRUM Avance Neo 400 (av402)
 PROBHD Z167430_0002 ()
 PULPROG zgpg30
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 SOLVENT C6D6
 NS 2048
 DS 4
 SWH 23809.523 Hz
 FIDRES 0.968812 Hz
 AQ 1.0321920 sec
 RG 5.20833
 DW 21.000 usec
 DE 18.00 usec
 TE 298.2 K
 D1 0.50000000 sec
 D11 0.03000000 sec
 TD0 1
 SFO1 100.6540137 MHz
 NUC1 13C
 P0 3.33 usec
 P1 10.00 usec
 PLW1 45.09799957 W
 SFO2 400.2520012 MHz
 NUC2 1H
 CPDPRG2 waltz65
 PCPD2 80.00 usec
 PLW2 0.20988999 W
 PLW12 0.20984000 W
 PLW13 0.10517000 W

F2 - Processing parameters
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 SSB 0
 LB 1.00 Hz
 GB 0
 PC 1.40

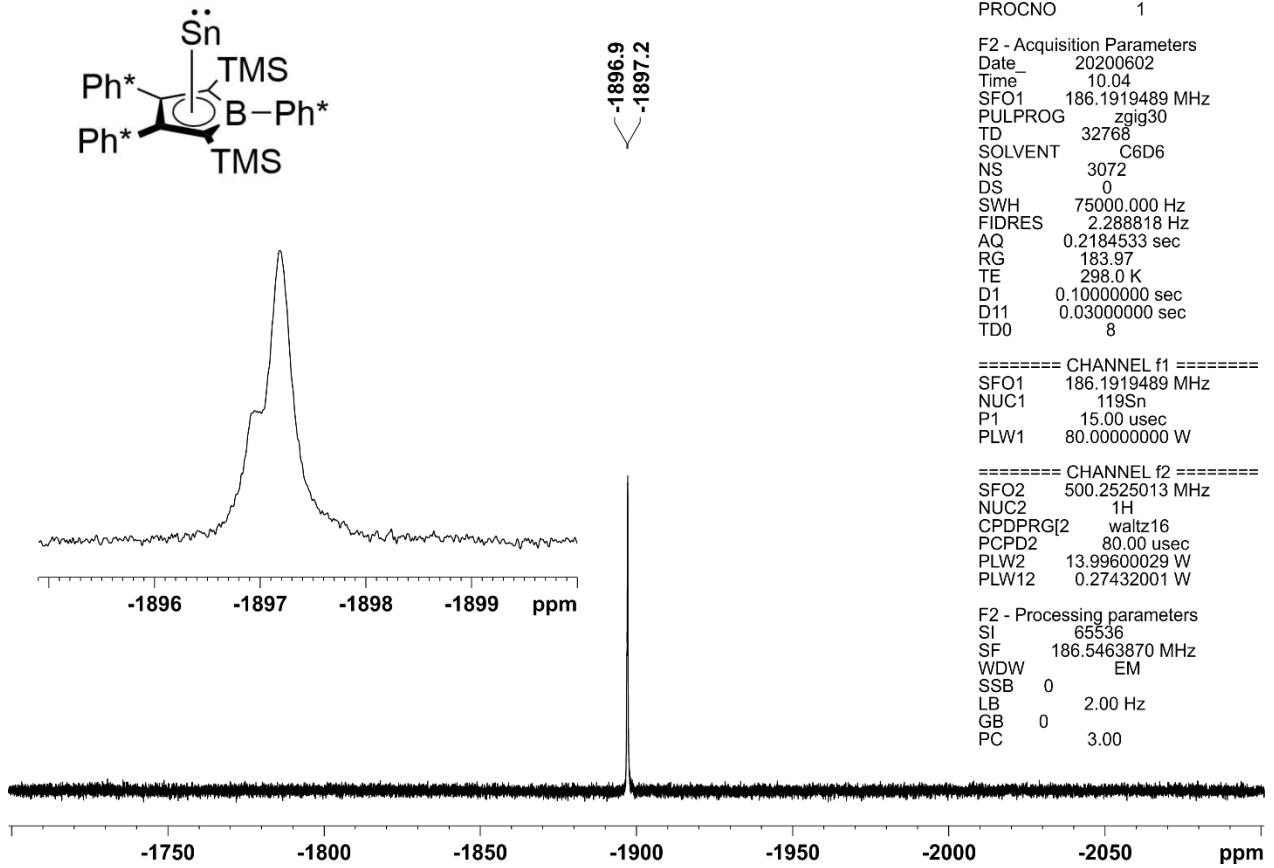
¹¹B-NMR spectrum (background suppressed) of **4a** in C₆D₆



²⁹Si-INEPT-NMR spectrum of **4a** in C₆D₆

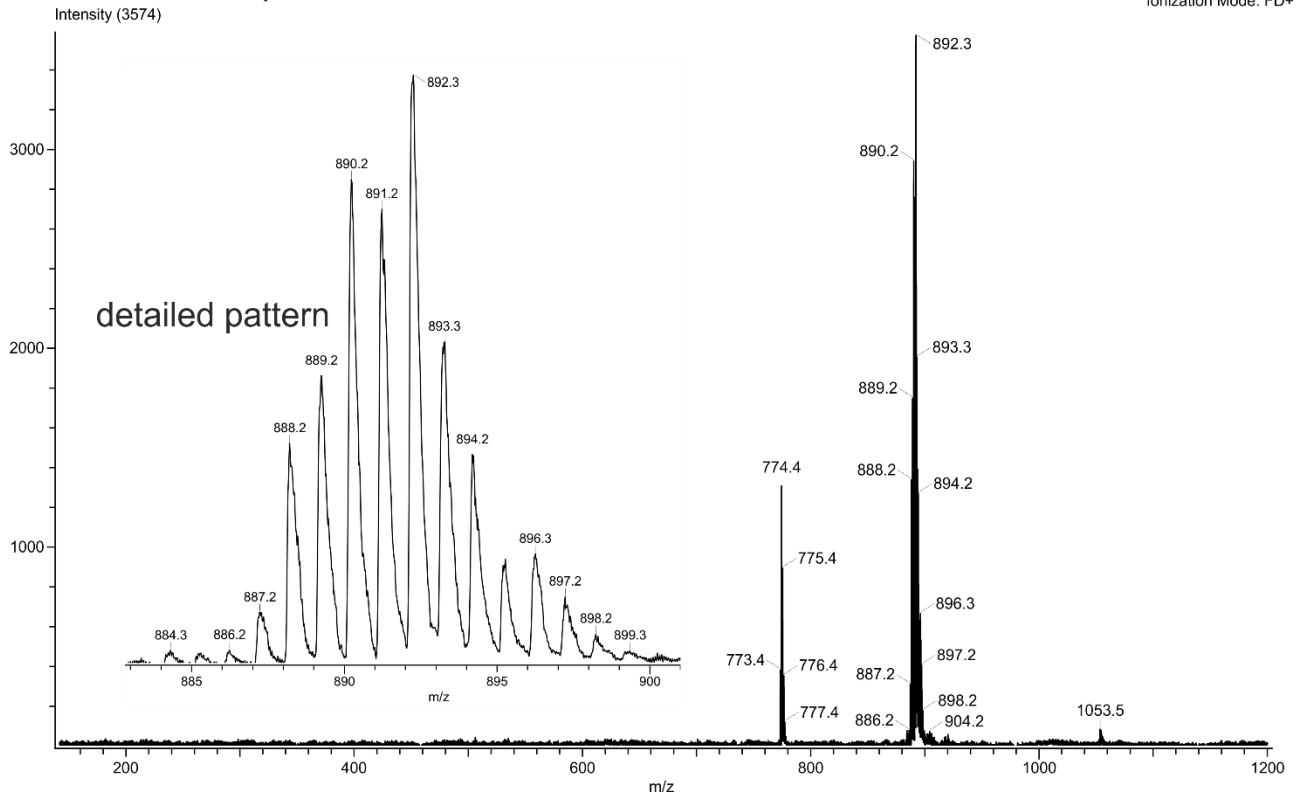


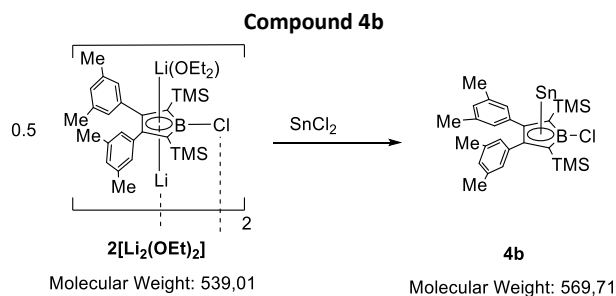
119Sn{1H}-NMR-spectrum of **4a** in C6D6



LIFDI-MS of compound **4a**

Experiment Date/Time: 7/1/2020 9:57:10 AM
Ionization Mode: FD+





In a glovebox, a mixture of tin(II)chloride (63.9 mg, 0.338 mmol, 1 eq.) and boroleidiide **2** (206.7 mg, 0.3835 mmol, 1.1 eq.) was suspended in diethyl ether (7 mL, distilled). The pale-yellow suspension was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The ether was removed in vacuo, giving a pale-yellow powder which was then suspended in toluene (2 mL, distilled). The suspension was filtered through a syringe filter equipped with a thin plug of glass fiber (Whatman GF/B), and the filter cake was washed with toluene (2 mL). The pale-orange filtrate was concentrated to dryness to give an orange, crystalline solid. The solid was then washed with pentane (4 × 1 mL) to give the product **4b** in form of a pale orange solid (132.6 mg, 0.2335 mmol, 69 %).

Note: Crystals of **4b** are pale yellow/colourless. In an attempt to remove the colored impurity from the initial crop, the product was recrystallized from toluene (1 mL, -35°C). This removed the orange contamination to give a yellow solid but reduced the overall yield to 37 %. The NMR-spectra did not change.

Analytical Data for Compound 3b

NMR:

^1H (500.25 MHz, 298 K, C_6D_6 , $\text{C}_6\text{D}_5\text{H}$ at 7.15 ppm): 6.82 (m, 4H, *o-H*), 6.47 (s, 2H, *p-H*) 1.95 (s, 12H, *m-CH*₃), 0.21 (s, 18H, TMS).

$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ (100.64 MHz, 298 K, C_6D_6 solvent signal at 128.0 ppm): 142.4 (*C*_β), 136.7 (*m-C*_{ar} and *ipso-C*_{ar}), 131.2 (*o-C*_{ar}), 129.1 (*p-C*_{ar}), 106.8 (*C*_α), 21.0 (*m-CH*₃), 2.5 (TMS).

^{11}B (160.50 MHz, 298 K, C_6D_6): 30.3 ($\omega_{1/2} = 431$ Hz).

$^{29}\text{Si-INEPT}$ (99.39 MHz, 298 K, C_6D_6): -8.1.

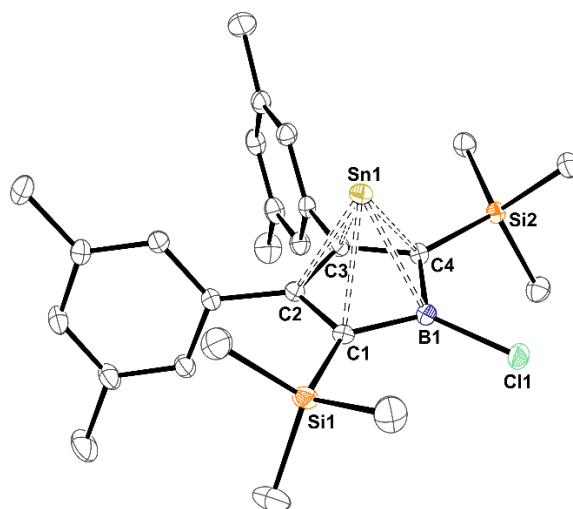
^{119}Sn (186.19 MHz, 298 K, C_6D_6): -1952.4 ($^{119}\text{Sn-}^{10}\text{B}$ isotopolog), -1952.6 ($^{119}\text{Sn-}^{11}\text{B}$ isotopolog).

Elemental Analysis: ($\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{36}\text{BClSi}_2\text{Sn}$) calcd C 54.81, H 6.37, B 1.90, Cl 6.22, Si 9.86, Sn 20.84, observed C 54.78, H 6.16.

LIFDI-MS: calcd exact mass: 570.1 m/z, observed m/z: 570.3.

Crystal structure of Compound 4b

4b crystallised from hexane or toluene solutions in a freezer (−35°C). For further details on the diffraction measurement and refinement please see the respective section and the respective CIF-file.

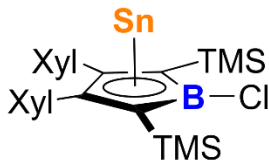
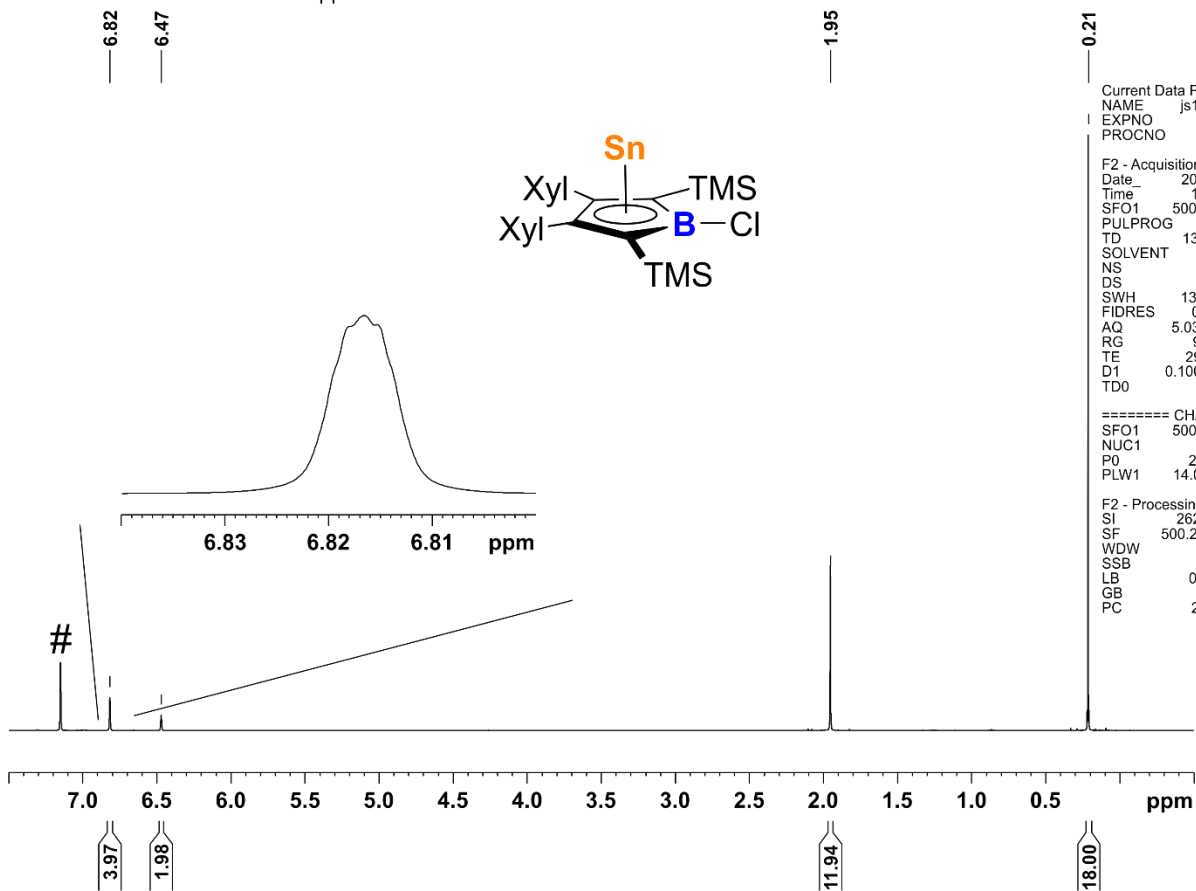


ORTEP plot of the molecular structure of **4b**. Atomic displacement parameters are drawn at 50% probability level. Hydrogen atoms have been omitted for the sake of clarity. Selected bond length: B1–Cl1 1.809(1), B1–C1 1.538(2), C1–C2 1.461(1), C2–C3 1.438(2), C3–C4 1.457(1), C4–B1 1.541(2), B1–Sn1 2.487(1), C1–Sn1 2.426(1), C2–Sn1 2.407(1), C3–Sn1 2.404(1), C4–Sn1 2.418(1).

Spectra Plots for Compound 4b

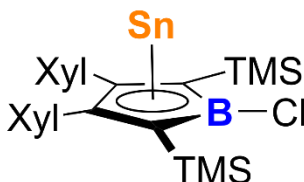
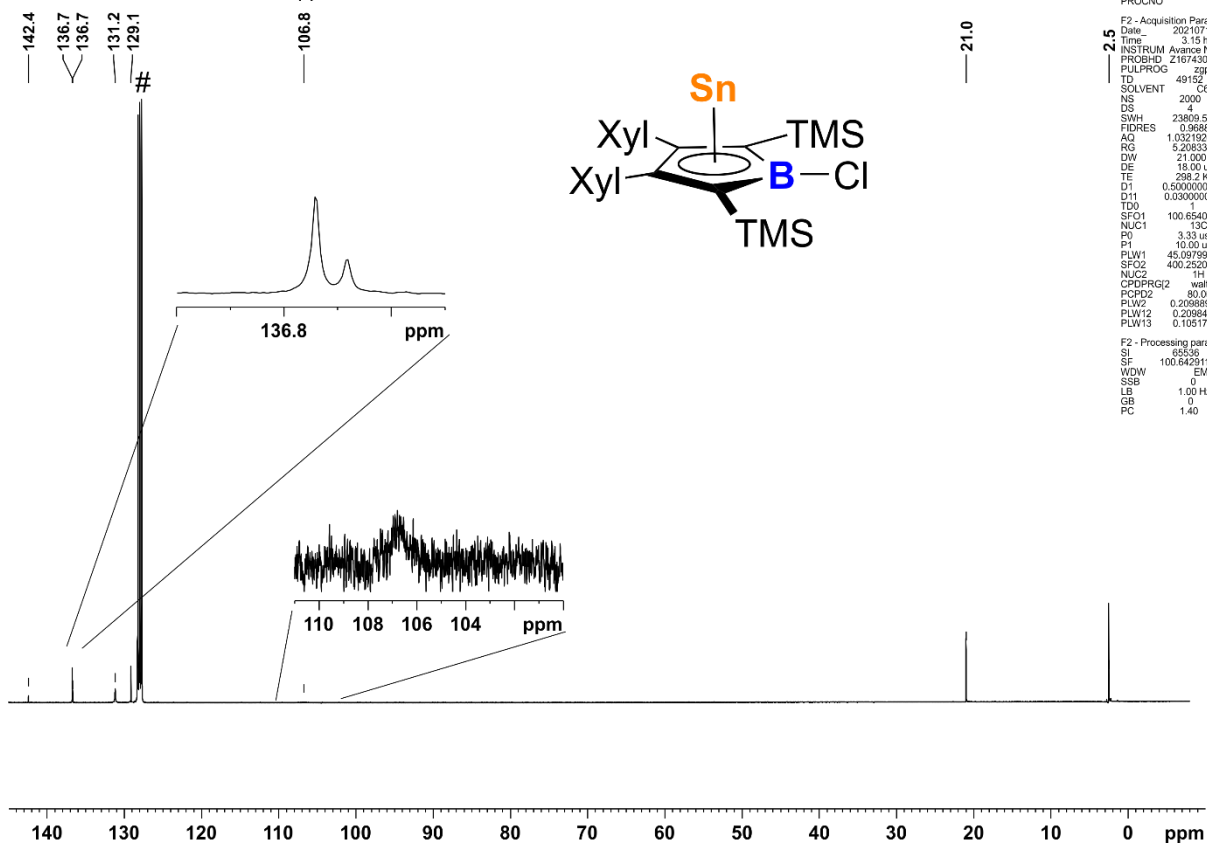
¹H-NMR-spectrum of compound 4b in C6D6

referenced to C6D5H at 7.15 ppm

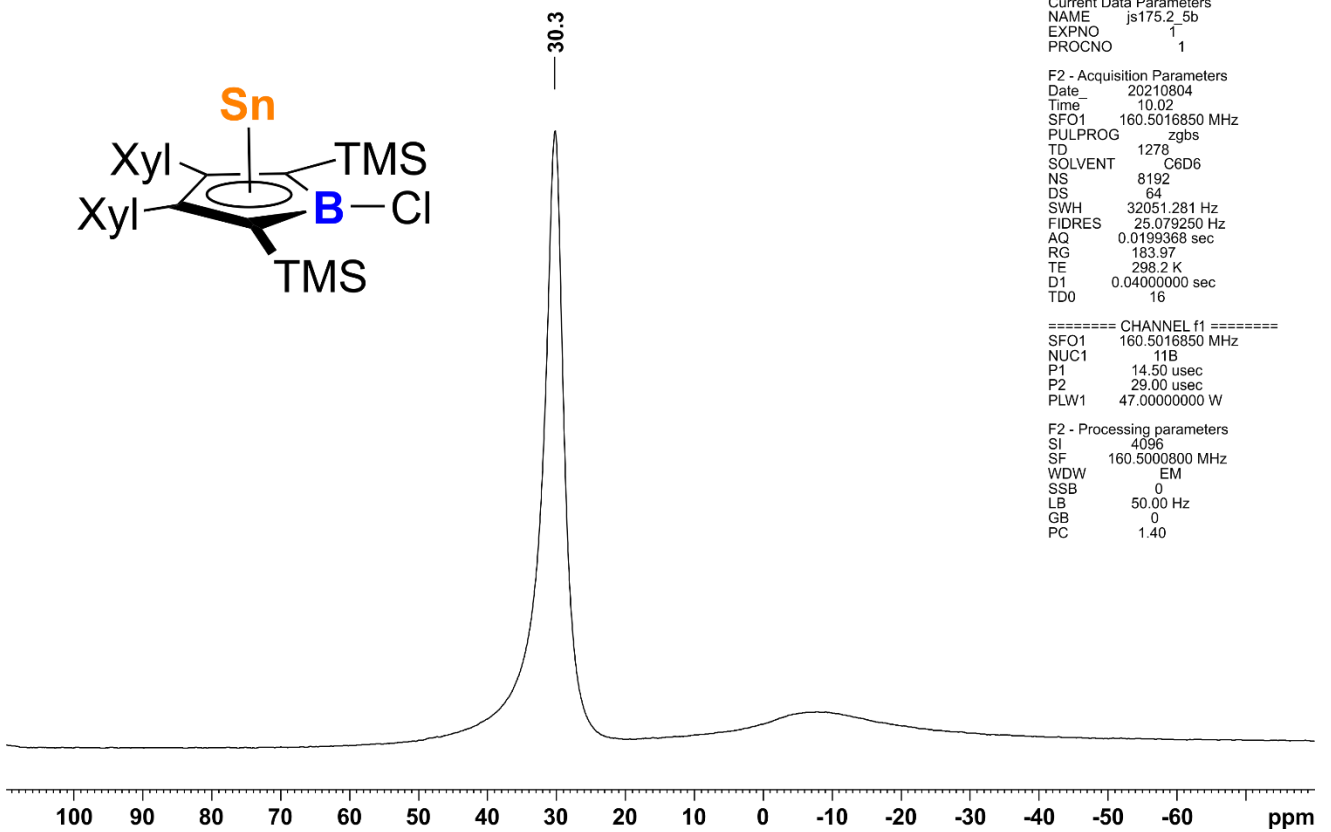


¹³C{¹H}-NMR-spectrum of compound 4b in C6D6

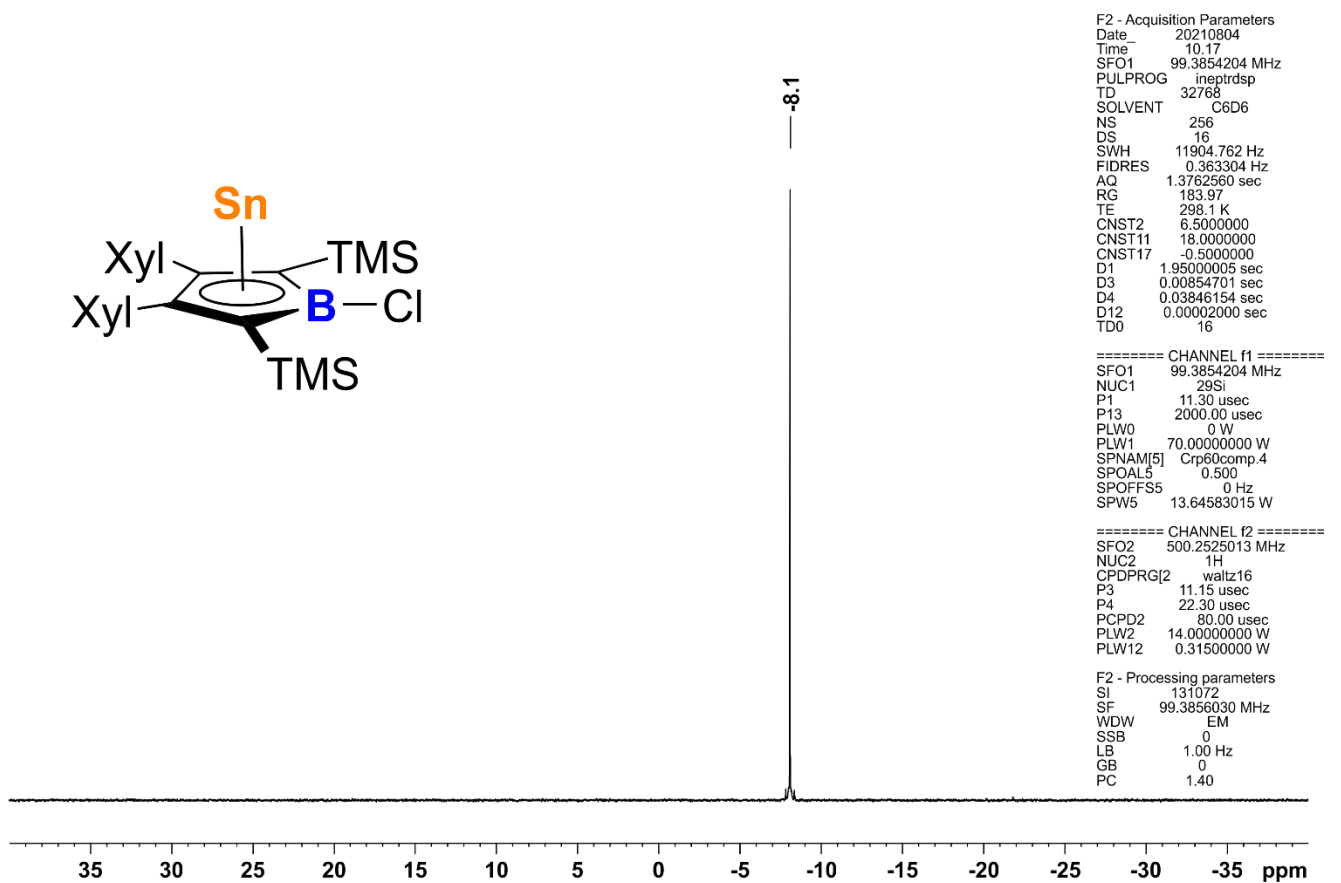
referenced to C6D6 at 128.0 ppm



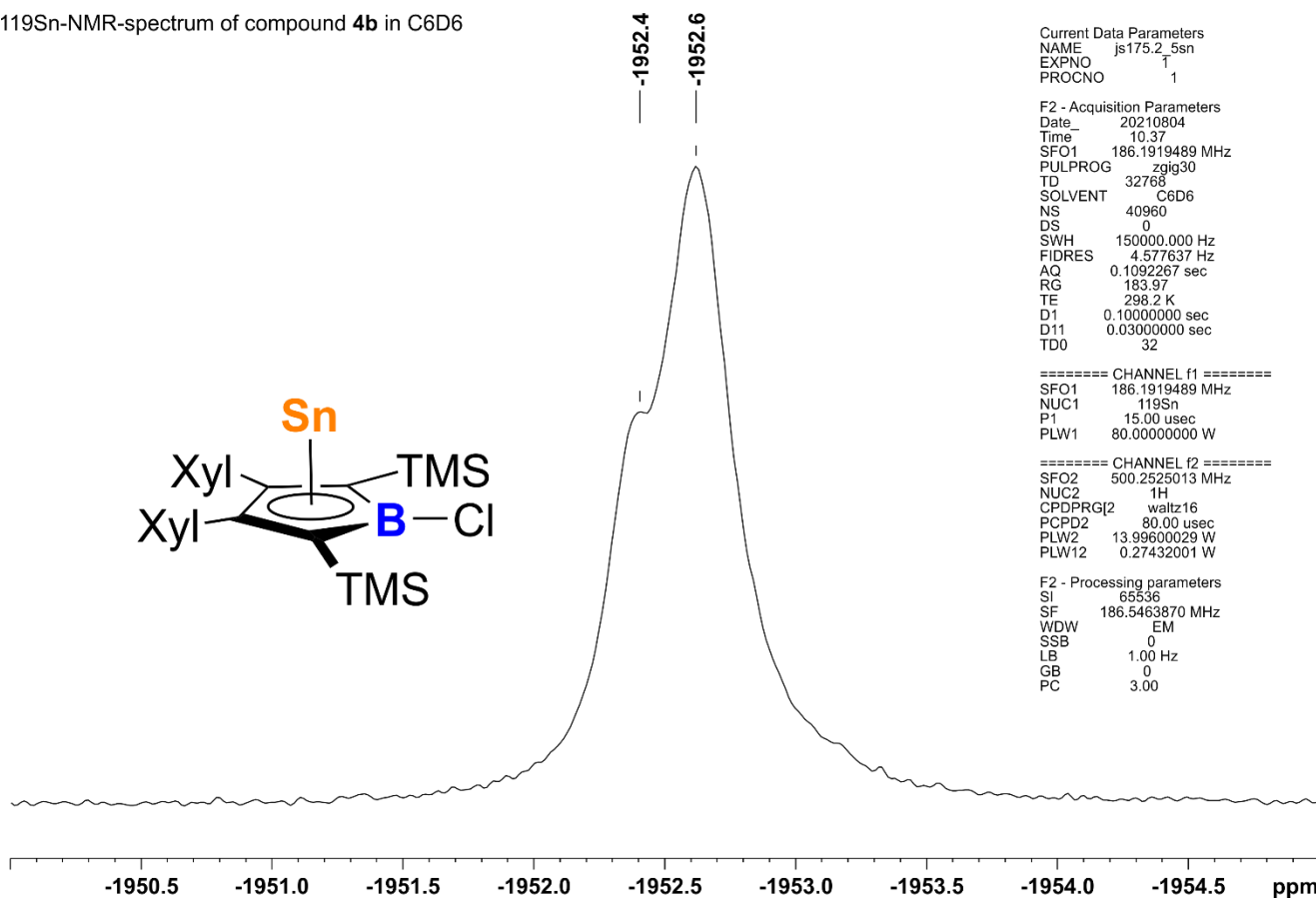
11B-NMR spectrum (background suppressed) of compound **4b** in C6D6



29Si-INEPT-NMR spectrum of compound X in C6D6

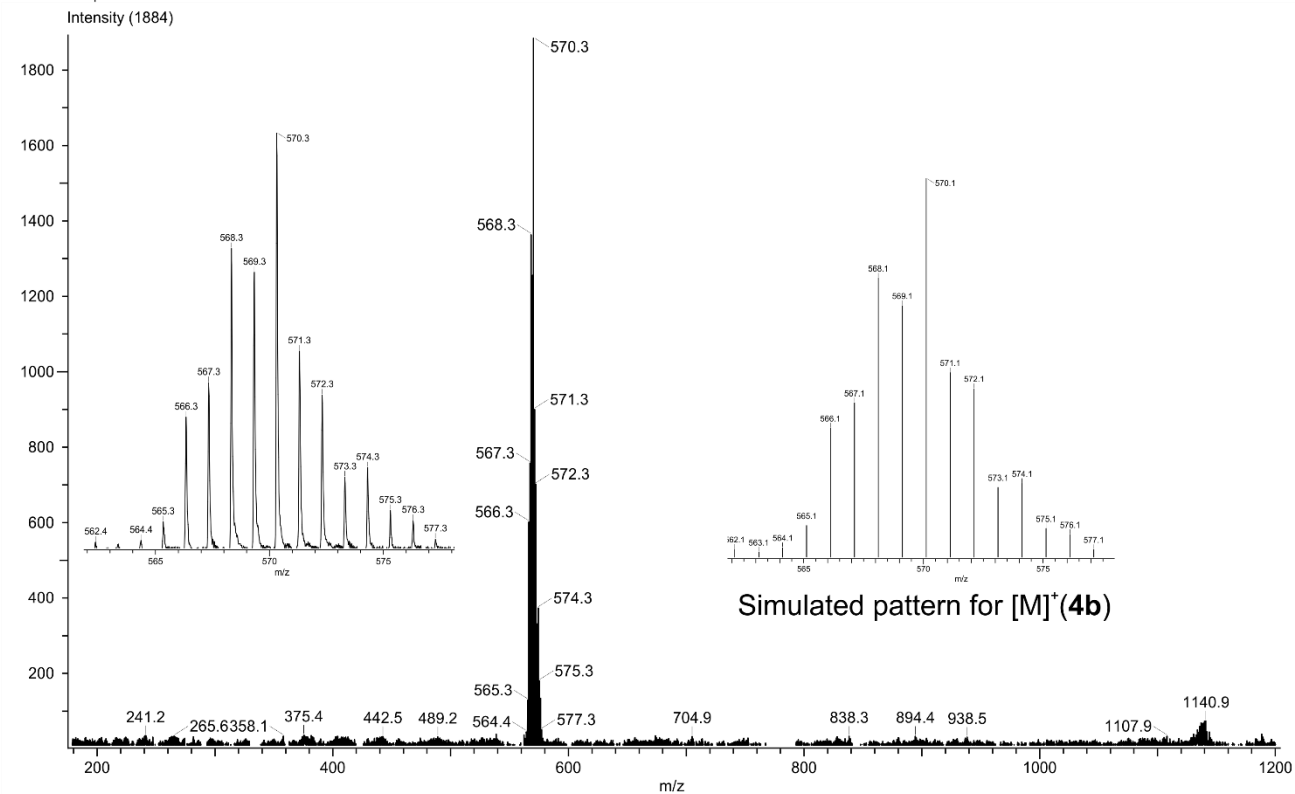


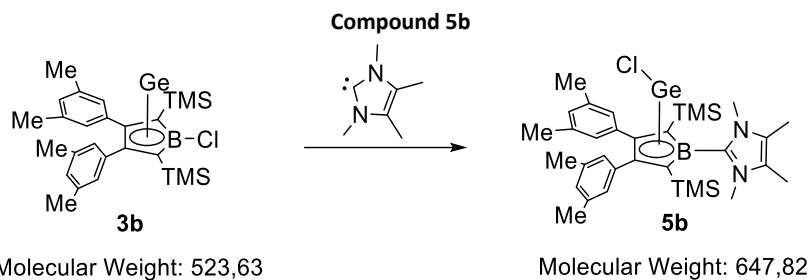
119Sn-NMR-spectrum of compound **4b** in C6D6



Acq. Data Name: jsarcev00015-1
 Creation Parameters: Average(MS[1] Time:0.46..0.47)
 External Sample Id: JS 175

Experiment Date/Time: 8/11/2021 10:42:40 AM
 Ionization Mode: FD+





In a glovebox, a solution of 1,3,4,5-tetramethylimidazol-2-ylidene (10.8 mg, 0.0877 mmol, 1 eq.) in toluene (1 mL, distilled) was added dropwise via syringe to a stirred solution of germanium compound **3b** (46.1 mg, 0.0885 mmol, 1 eq.) in toluene (2 mL, distilled). The resulting suspension was stirred at room temperature over night. Toluene (2 mL) was added to the yellow suspension, which was subsequently filtered through a syringe filter equipped with a thin plug of glass fiber (Whatman GF/B). The filter was then washed with toluene (1 mL) and the combined filtrate was concentrated to a volume of about 2 mL and stored at -35°C for crystallization for several days. The colorless to slightly yellowish crystals were then washed with cold (-35°C) toluene (0.5 mL) to obtain the product **5b** (41.2 mg, 0.0636 mmol, 72 %) after drying in vacuo as colorless crystalline material which contained ca. 0.5 equiv. of lattice toluene.

Analytical Data for Compound 5b

NMR:

^1H (400.13 MHz, 298 K, C_6D_6 , $\text{C}_6\text{D}_5\text{H}$ at 7.15 ppm): 7.34 (s, 4H, *o-H*), 6.60 (m, 2H, *p-H*), 3.84 (s, 3H, N- CH_3), 3.16 (s, 3H, N- CH_3), 2.10 (s, 12H, *m-CH}_3*), 1.27 (s, 3H, $\text{C}_{\text{NHC}}-\text{CH}_3$), 1.21 (s, 3H, $\text{C}_{\text{NHC}}-\text{CH}_3$), 0.00 (s, 18H, TMS).

$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ (100.64 MHz, 298 K, C_6D_6 solvent signal at 128.0 ppm): 158.9 (N-C-N, only via HMBC), 146.6 (C_β), 140.2 (*ipso-C}_{ar}*), 136.4 (*m-C}_{ar}*), 130.7 (*o-C}_{ar}*), 128.5 (*p-C}_{ar}*), 125.6 ($\text{C}_{\text{NHC}}=\text{C}_{\text{NHC}}$), 125.0 ($\text{C}_{\text{NHC}}=\text{C}_{\text{NHC}}$), 123.6 (C_α), 35.9 (N- CH_3), 33.9 (N- CH_3), 21.2 (*m-CH}_3*), 8.0 ($\text{C}_{\text{NHC}}-\text{CH}_3$), 7.7 ($\text{C}_{\text{NHC}}-\text{CH}_3$), 1.8 (TMS).

^{11}B (128.38 MHz, 298 K, C_6D_6): 15.7 ($\omega_{1/2} = 340$ Hz).

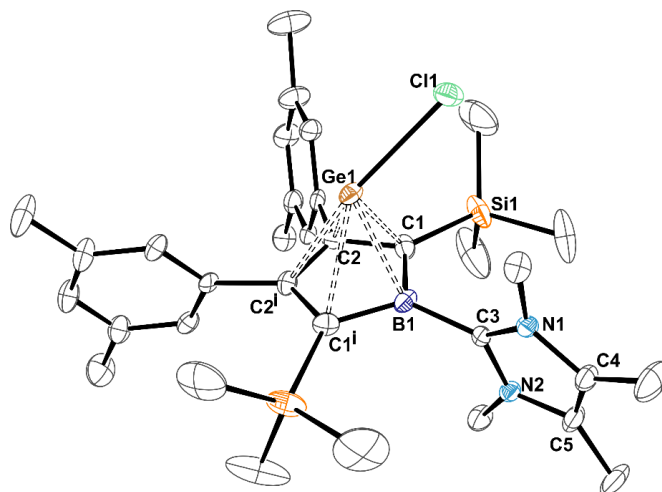
^{29}Si -INEPT (79.49 MHz, 298 K, C_6D_6): -9.2.

Elemental Analysis: $\text{C}_{33}\text{H}_{48}\text{BClN}_2\text{Si}_2\text{Ge}$ \times 0.5 (toluene) calcd C 63.18, H 7.55, N 4.04, B 1.56, Cl 5.11, Si 8.09, Ge 10.47; observed C 63.38, H 7.14, N 4.06.

LIFDI-MS: calcd exact mass: 648.2 m/z, observed m/z: 613.4 ($[\text{M}-\text{Cl}]^+ \text{C}_{33}\text{H}_{48}\text{BN}_2\text{Si}_2\text{Ge}^+$).

Crystal structure of Compound 5b

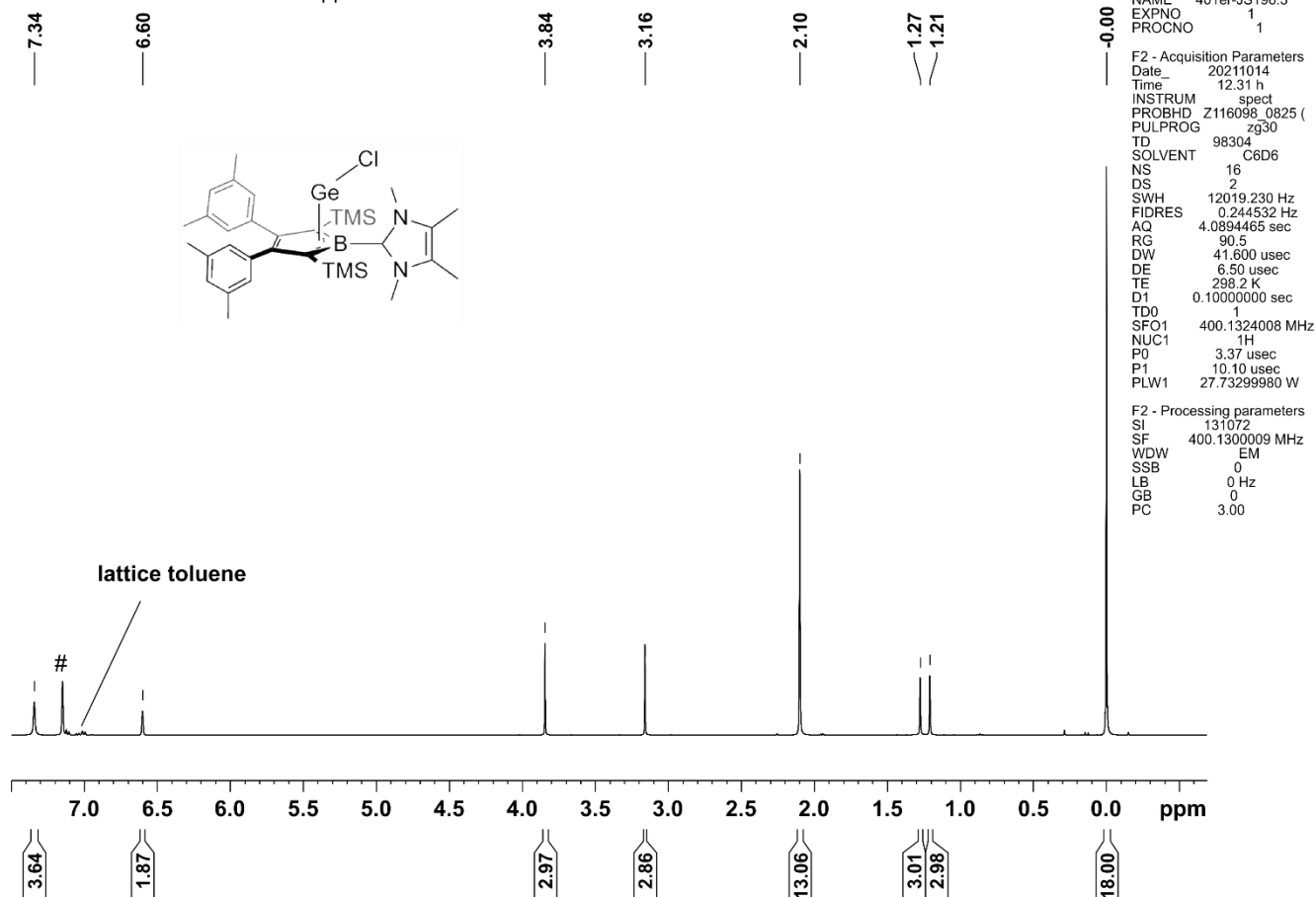
4b crystallised from toluene solutions in a freezer (−35°C). For further details on the diffraction measurement and refinement please see the respective section and the respective CIF-file.



ORTEP plot of the molecular structure of **5b**. Atomic displacement parameters are drawn at 50% probability level. Hydrogen atoms, disorders of the Xylyl-group and a lattice toluene molecule have been omitted for the sake of clarity. Selected bond length: B1–C3 1.592(5), B1–C1 1.535(4), C1–C2 1.437(3), C2–C2' 1.428(3), B1–Ge1 2.291(3), C1–Ge1 2.266(3), C2–Ge1 2.369(2), C2'–Ge1 2.482(2), C1'–Ge1 2.465(3), Ge1–Cl1 2.543(2).

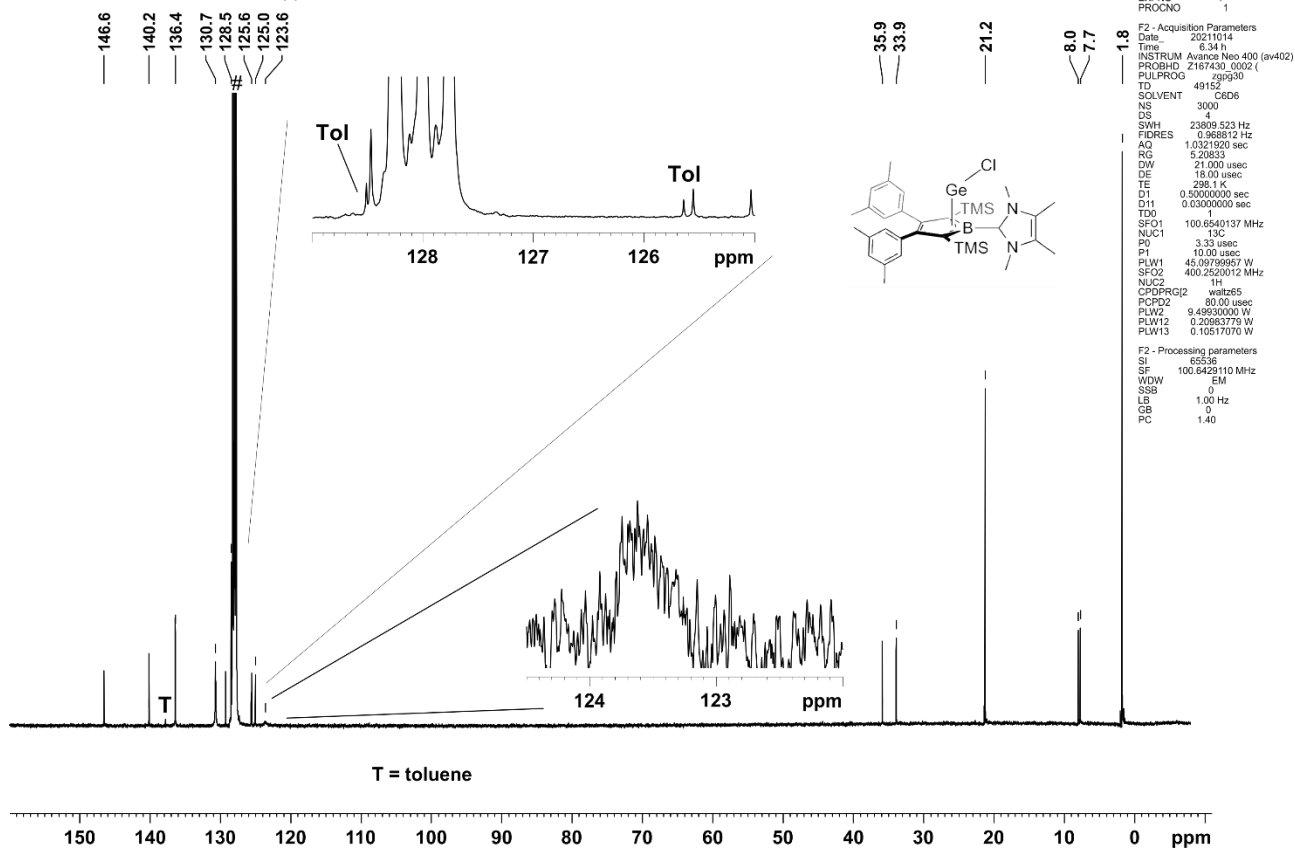
Spectra Plots for Compound 5b

¹H-NMR-spectrum of compound **5b** in C₆D₆
referenced to C₆D₅H at 7.15 ppm

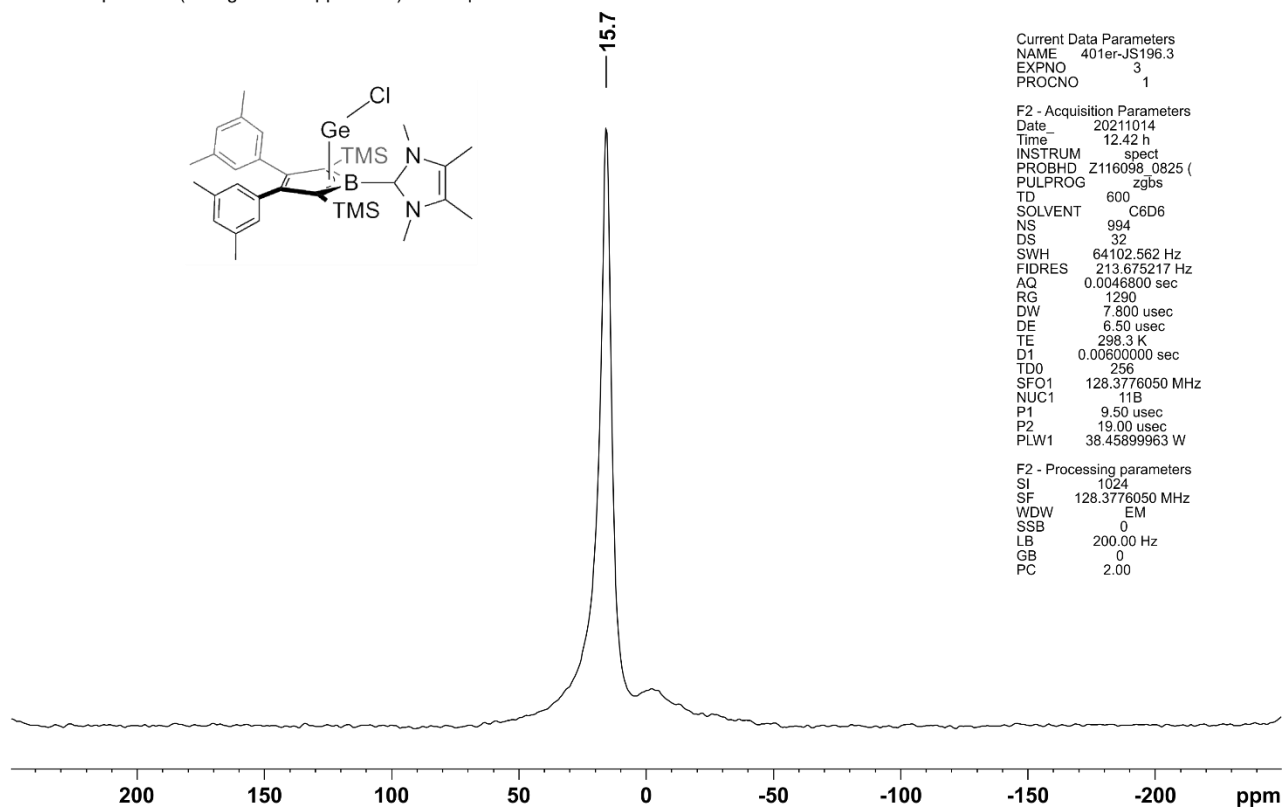


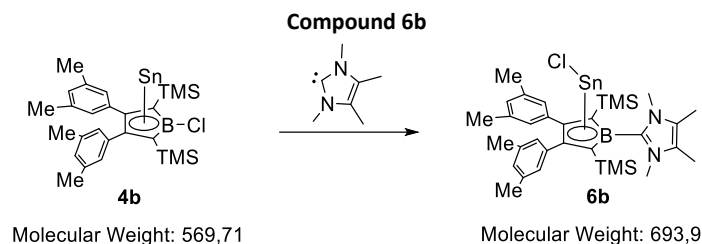
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 AQ 4.0894465 sec
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 DE 6.50 usec
 TE 298.2 K
 D1 0.10000000 sec
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 NUC1 1H
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 P1 10.10 usec
 PLW1 27.73299980 W
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 SI 131072
 SF 400.130009 MHz
 WDW EM
 SSB 0
 LB 0 Hz
 GB 0
 PC 3.00

¹³C{¹H}-NMR-spectrum of compound **5b** in C₆D₆
referenced to C₆D₆ at 128.0 ppm



¹¹B-NMR spectrum (background suppressed) of compound **5b** in C₆D₆





In a glovebox, a solution of 1,3,4,5-tetramethylimidazol-2-ylidene (12.6 mg, 0.101 mmol, 1 eq.) in toluene (1 mL, distilled) was added dropwise via syringe to a stirred solution of **4b** (57.2 mg, 0.100 mmol, 1 eq.) in toluene (2 mL, distilled). The resulting yellow suspension was stirred at room temperature for 1 h and the solvent was subsequently removed in vacuo. The resulting yellow solid was washed three times with 1 mL of a 1:1 pentane/toluene mixture. After drying, the solid was suspended in toluene (5 mL, 3 mL) and filtered through a syringe filter equipped with a thin plug of glass fiber (Whatman GF/B). The yellow filtrate was then stored at $-35\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ for crystallization. The resulting crystals were removed and washed with hexane to give the desired product **6b** (23.6 mg, 0.0340 mmol, 34 %). The supernatant from the crystallization was concentrated to dryness and washed with cold toluene (0.5 mL, 0.3 mL) which also led to the spectroscopically pure product **6b** (19.0 mg, 0.0274 mmol, 27 %).

Note: Solubility in toluene was only very limited and was greatly increased in more polar solvents.

Analytical Data for Compound 6b

NMR:

^1H (500.25 MHz, 298 K, CD_2Cl_2 , CDHCl_2 at 5.32 ppm): 6.88 (s, 4H, *o-H*), 6.76 (m, 2H, *p-H*), 4.15 (s, 3H, N- CH_3), 3.59 (s, 3H, N- CH_3), 2.28 (two s, partially superimposed, 6H, $\text{C}_{\text{NHC}}\text{-CH}_3$) 2.20 (m, 12H, *m-CH}_3*), -0.37 (s, 18H, TMS).

^1H (400.13 MHz, 298 K, toluene- d_8 , $\text{C}_6\text{D}_5\text{-CD}_2\text{H}$ at 2.11 ppm): 7.23 (s, 4H, *o-H*), 6.60 (m, 2H, *p-H*), 3.87 (s, 3H, N- CH_3), 3.19 (s, 3H, N- CH_3), 2.14 (m, 12H, *m-CH}_3*), 1.41 (m, 3H, $\text{C}_{\text{NHC}}\text{-CH}_3$), 1.33 (m, 3H, $\text{C}_{\text{NHC}}\text{-CH}_3$), -0.04 (s, 18H, TMS).

$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ (100.64 MHz, 298 K, CD_2Cl_2 solvent signal at 54.24 ppm): ca. 159 (N-C-N, only via HMBC), 148.7 (C_θ), 140.5 (*ipso-C_{ar}*), 136.9 (*m-C_{ar}*), 131.9 (*o-C_{ar}*), 128.3 (*p-C_{ar}*), 126.7 ($\text{C}_{\text{NHC}}=\text{C}_{\text{NHC}}$), 126.5 ($\text{C}_{\text{NHC}}=\text{C}_{\text{NHC}}$), 121.3 (C_α), 36.8 (N- CH_3), 35.4 (N- CH_3), 21.7 (*m-CH}_3*), 9.7 ($\text{C}_{\text{NHC}}\text{-CH}_3$), 9.5 ($\text{C}_{\text{NHC}}\text{-CH}_3$), 1.9 (TMS).

$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ (100.64 MHz, 298 K, toluene- d_8 solvent signal at 21.37 ppm): ca. 161 (N-C-N, only via HMBC), 149.6 (C_θ), 141.8 (*ipso-C_{ar}*), 137.2 (*m-C_{ar}*), 132.4 (*o-C_{ar}*), ca. 129 (*p-C_{ar}*, superimposed by solvent signal), 125.5 ($\text{C}_{\text{NHC}}=\text{C}_{\text{NHC}}$), ca. 123 (C_α , only via HMBC), 36.9 (N- CH_3), 35.2 (N- CH_3), 22.2 (*m-CH}_3*), 9.0 ($\text{C}_{\text{NHC}}\text{-CH}_3$), 8.7 ($\text{C}_{\text{NHC}}\text{-CH}_3$), 3.1 (TMS).

^{11}B (160.50 MHz, 298 K, CD_2Cl_2): 16.6 ($\omega_{1/2} = 180$ Hz).

^{11}B (128.38 MHz, 298 K, toluene- d_8): 16.2 ($\omega_{1/2} = 350$ Hz).

^{29}Si (99.39 MHz, 298 K, CD_2Cl_2): -9.8 .

^{29}Si (79.49 MHz, 298 K, toluene- d_8): -9.9 .

^{119}Sn (186.19 MHz, 298 K, CD_2Cl_2): -1542.4 .

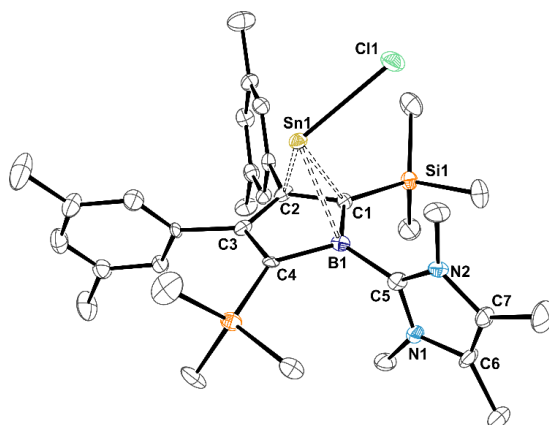
^{119}Sn (186.19 MHz, 298 K, toluene- d_8): -1333.6

Elemental Analysis: (C₃₃H₄₈BClN₂Si₂Sn)×0.5(toluene) calcd C 59.25, H 7.08, N 3.79, B 1.46, Cl 4.79, Si 7.59, Sn 16.04; observed C 59.30, H 6.79, N 3.72.

LIFDI-MS: calcd exact mass: 694.2 m/z, observed m/z: 659.3 ([M-Cl]⁺, C₃₃H₄₈BN₂Si₂Sn⁺).

Crystal structure of Compound 6b

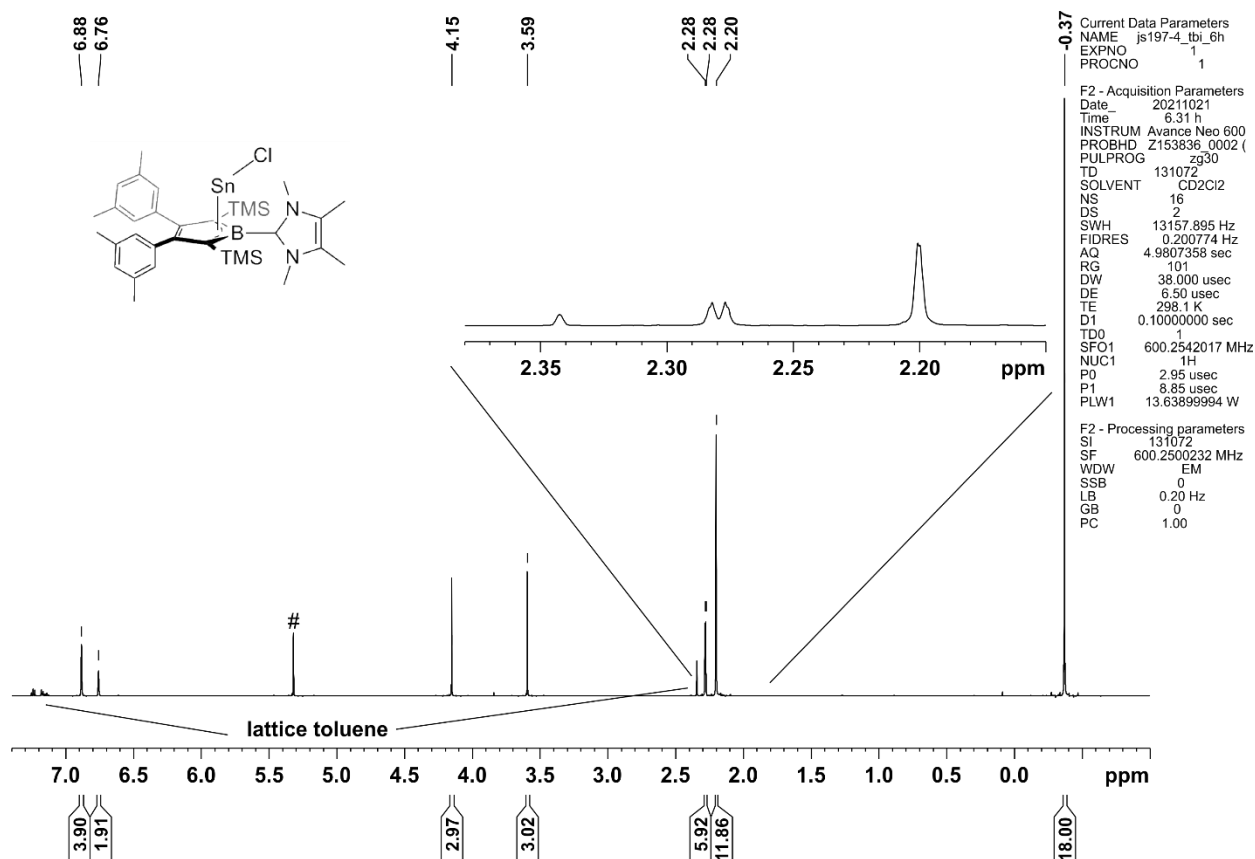
6b crystallised from toluene solutions in a freezer (−35°C). For further details on the diffraction measurement and refinement please see the respective section and the respective CIF-file.



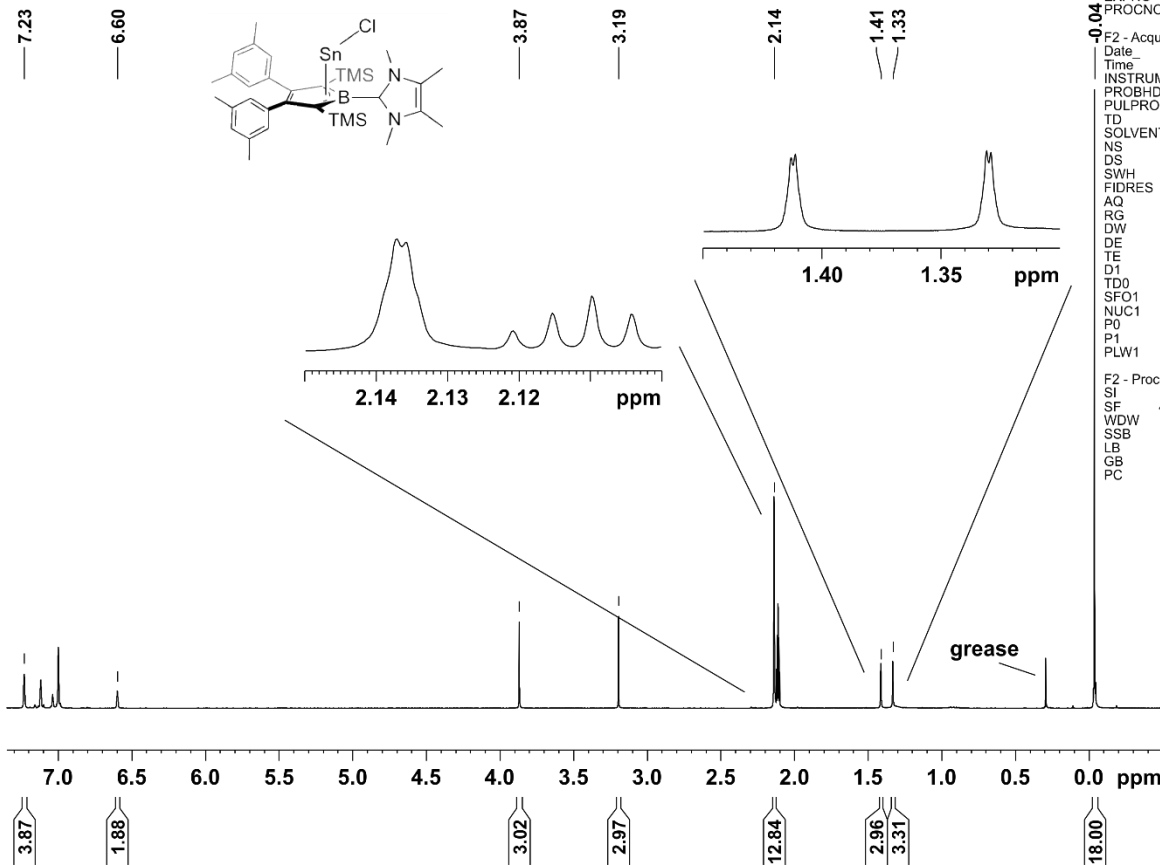
ORTEP plot of the molecular structure of **6b**. Atomic displacement parameters are drawn at 50% probability level. Hydrogen atoms, a lattice toluene and a second independent molecule within the asymmetric unit have been omitted for the sake of clarity. Selected bond length: B1–C5 1.59(2), B1–C1 1.56(1), C1–C2 1.47(1), C2–C3 1.41(1), C3–C4 1.44(1), C4–B1 1.58(1), B1–Sn1 2.45(1), C1–Sn1 2.407(8), C2–Sn1 2.493(8), C3–Sn1 2.684(8), C4–Sn1 2.715(8), Sn1–Cl1 2.649(1).

Spectra Plots for Compound 6b

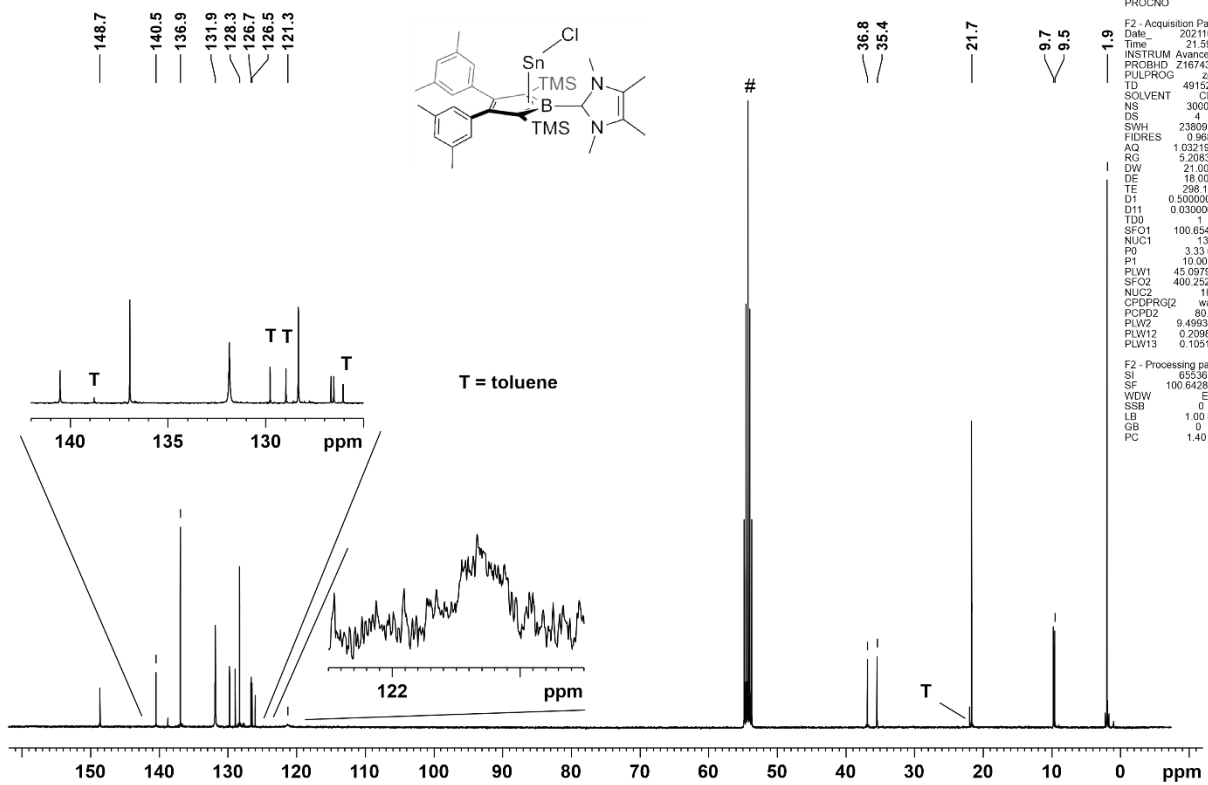
¹H-NMR-spectrum of compound **6b** in CD₂Cl₂
referenced to CDHCl₂ at 5.32 ppm



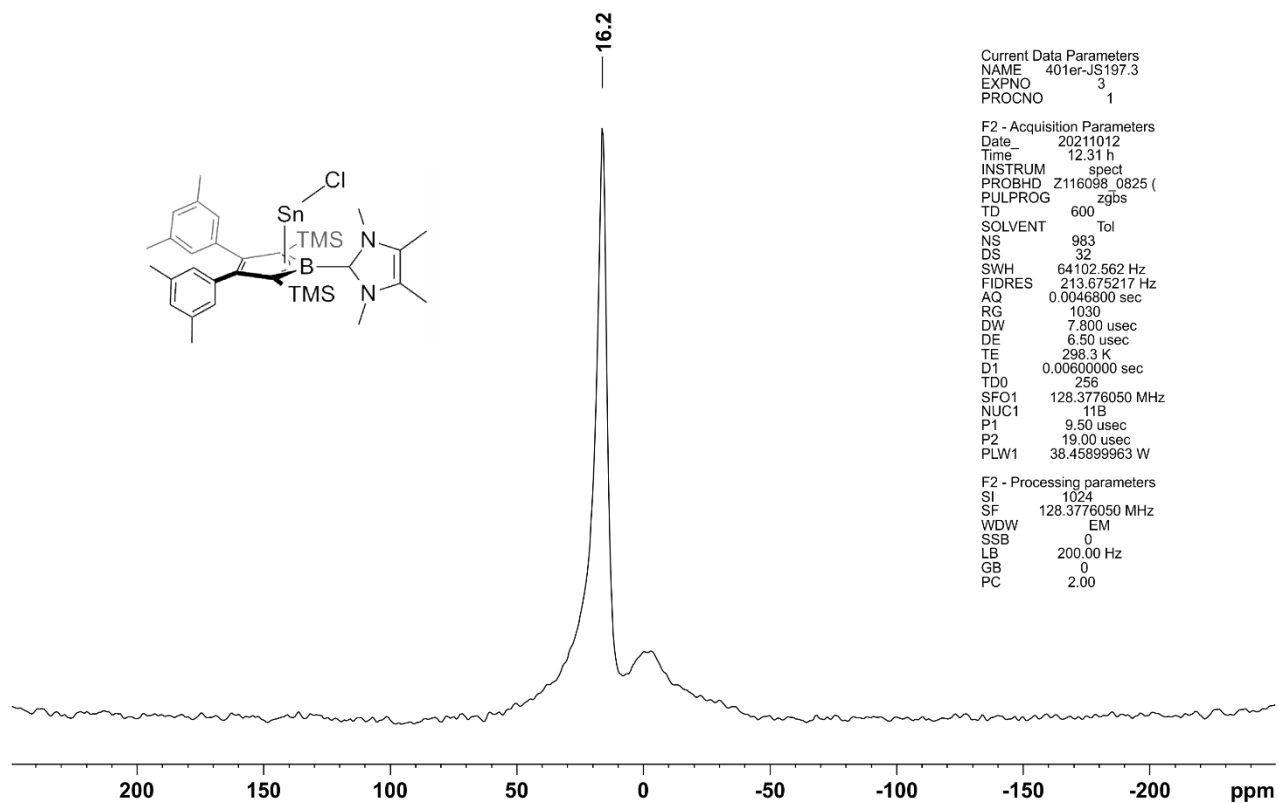
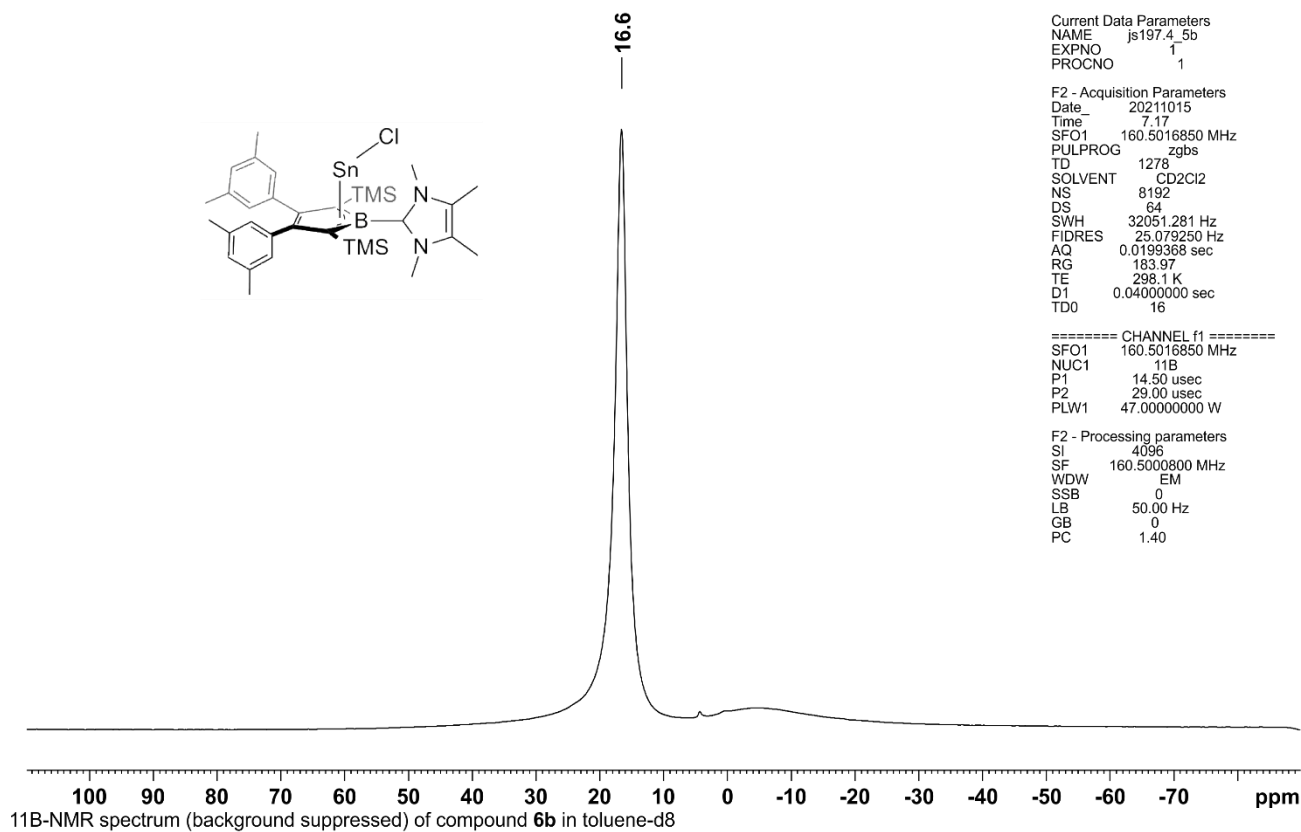
1H-NMR-spectrum of compound **6b** in toluene-d8
referenced to C6D5CD2H at 2.11 ppm



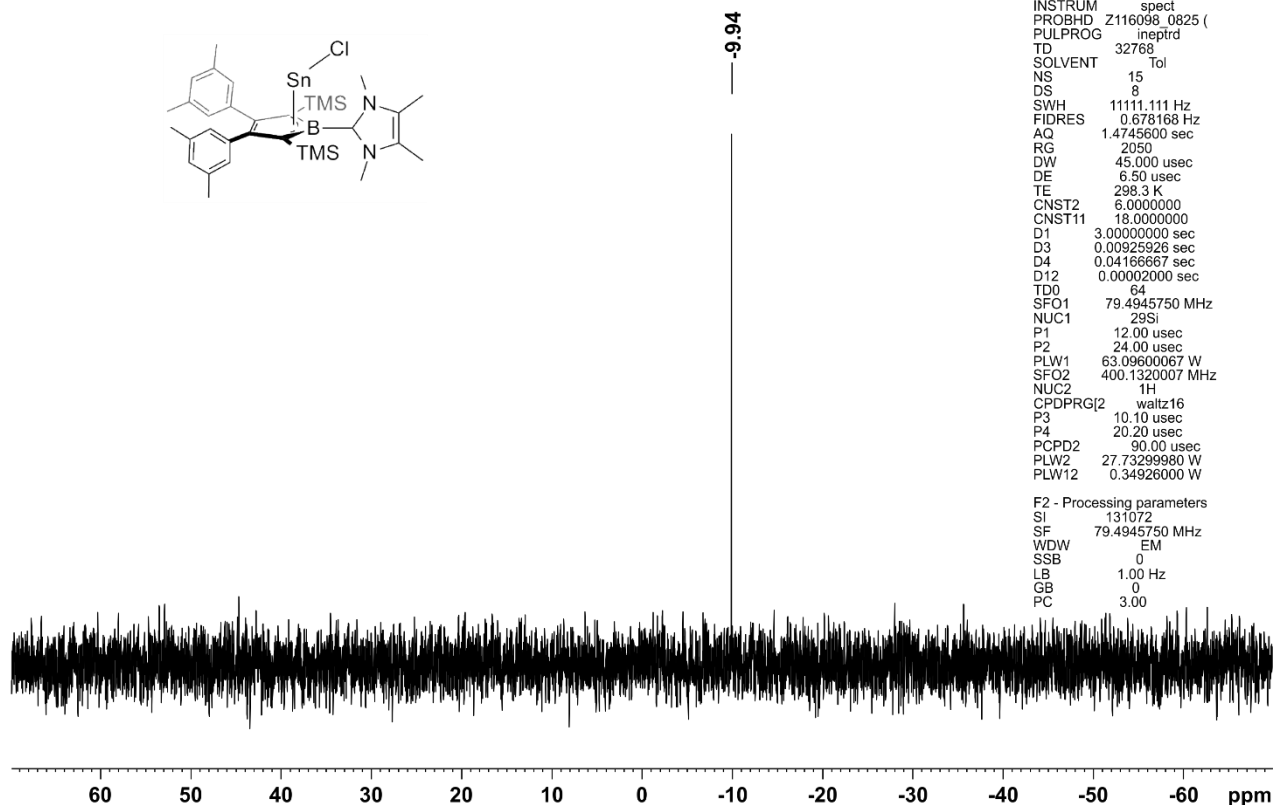
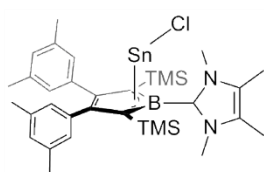
13C{1H}-NMR-spectrum of compound **6b** in CD2Cl2
referenced to CD2Cl2 at 54.24 ppm



11B-NMR spectrum (background suppressed) of compound **6b** in CD₂Cl₂



29Si-INEPT-NMR spectrum of compound **6b** in CD₂Cl₂



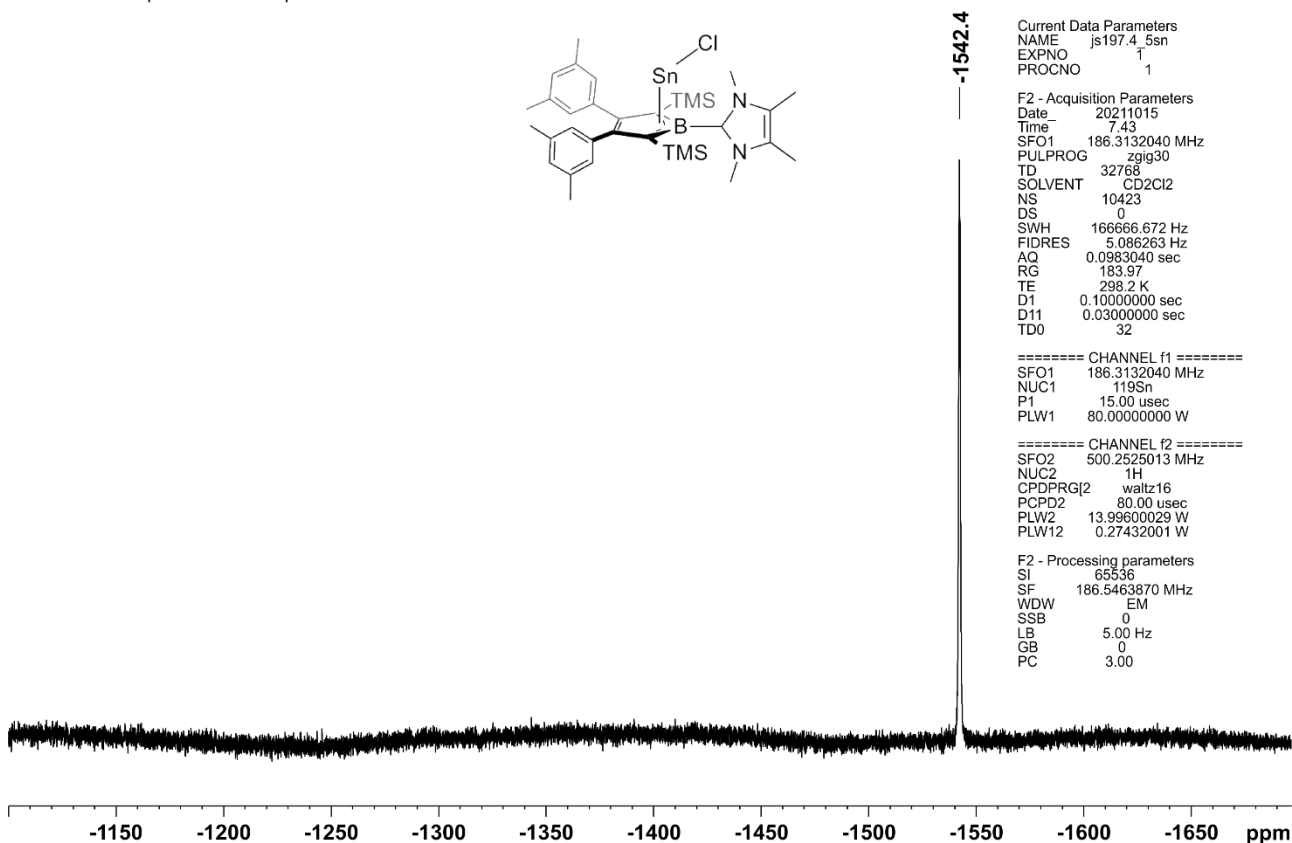
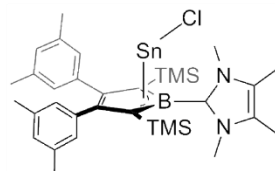
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119Sn-NMR spectrum of compound **6b** in CD₂Cl₂



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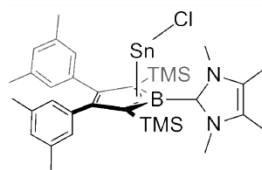
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RG 183.97
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D1 0.10000000 sec
D11 0.03000000 sec
TD0 32

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PLW12 0.27432001 W

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119Sn-NMR spectrum of compound **6b** in toluene-d8



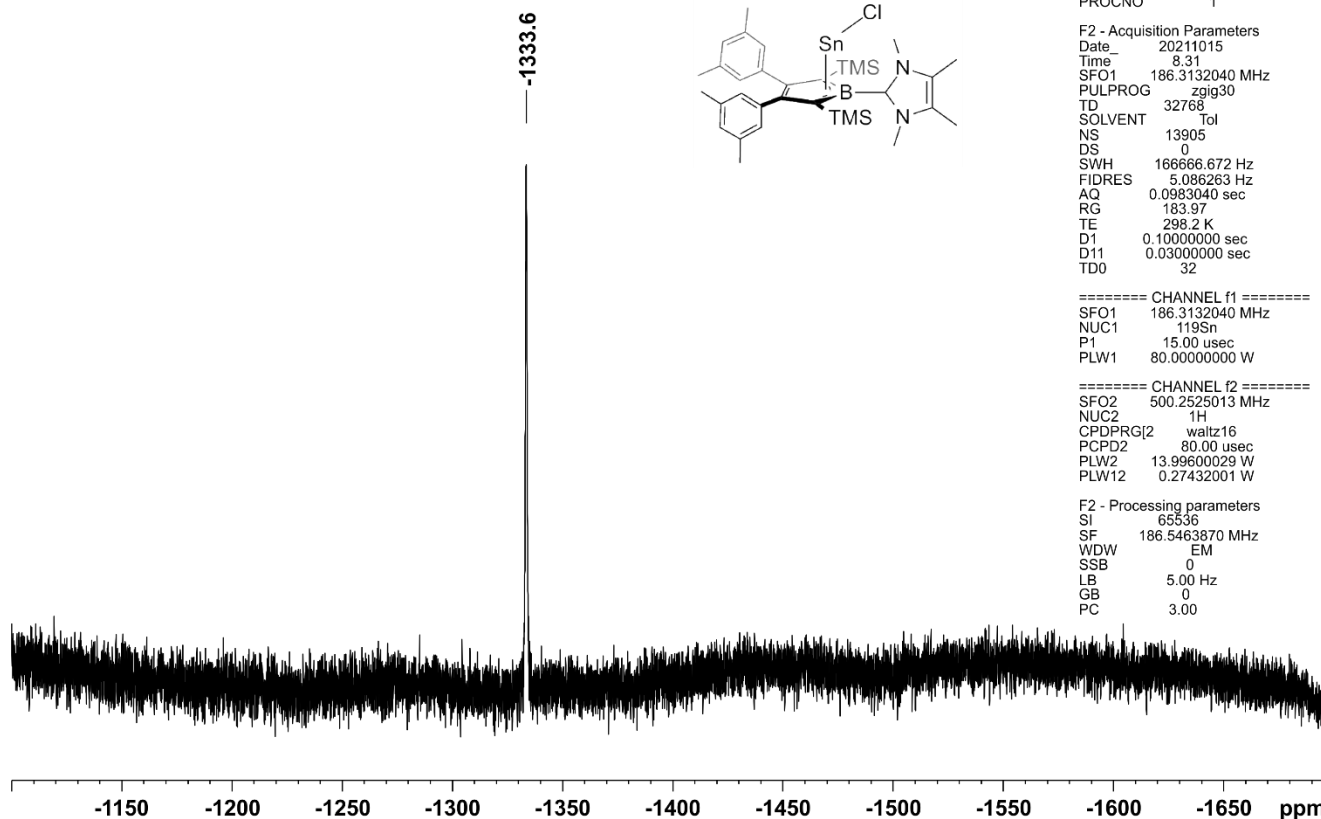
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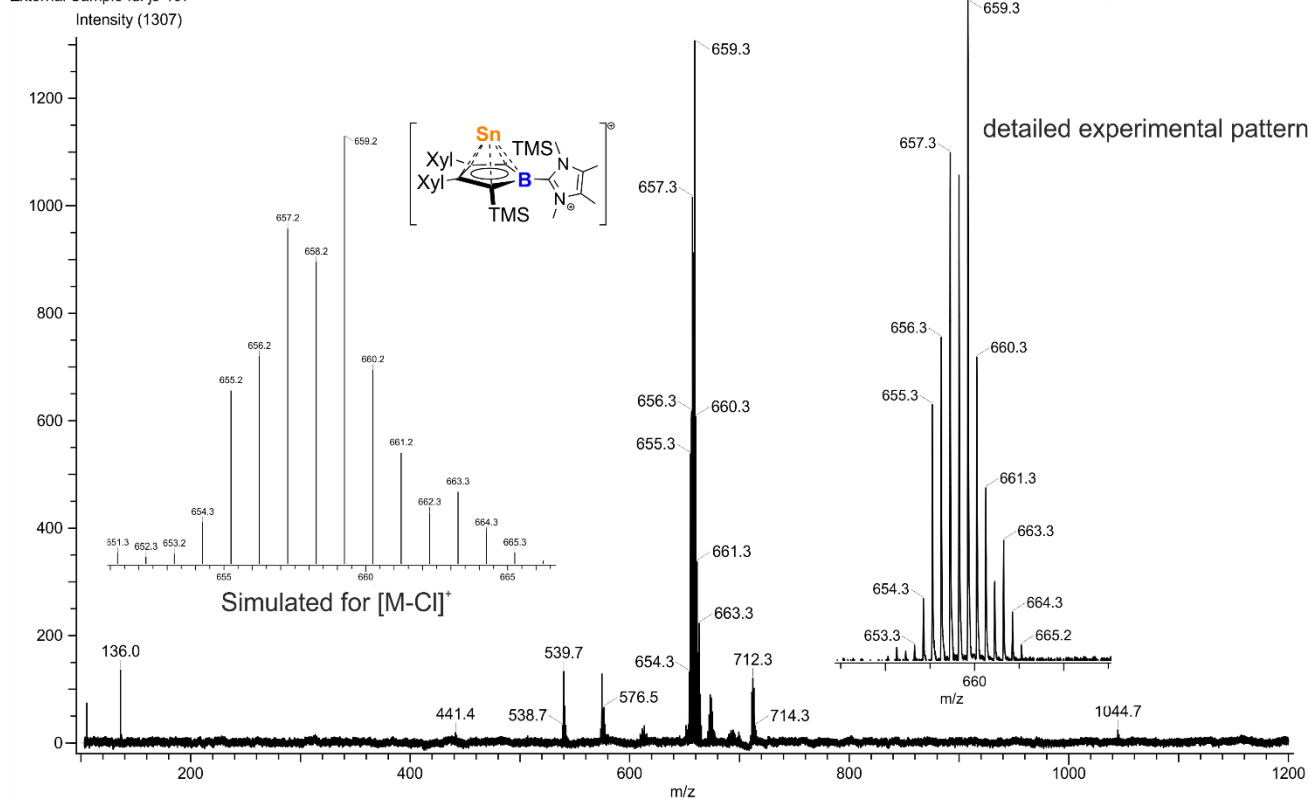
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Experiment Date/Time: 10/14/2021 10:46:06 AM
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Crystallographic Details

General Data Acquisition and Processing

X-ray data for **1**, **2**, **3a**, **3b**, **4a**, **4b**, **5b** and **6b** were collected on Bruker APEX II CCD diffractometers with Mo K α radiation. If not otherwise stated the data were obtained from crystals cooled to -173 °C via a cryo-stream. The data were integrated using SAINT implemented in Bruker's APEX3 programme suite.⁵ SADABS was used for multi-scan absorption correction.⁶ Two domains in twinned crystal of **2** were identified in the reciprocal lattice, sorted, integrated and absorption corrected as a two domain twin using TWINABS.⁷ Structure solution was performed with SHELXT⁸ and refined on F^2 using SHELXL⁹ within the graphical user interface of ShelXle.¹⁰ In some cases DSR has been applied to treat disordered solvent molecules.¹¹ Hydrogen atoms were usually placed with a riding model. Further details on the individual data sets are tabulated in the analytical section of each compound.

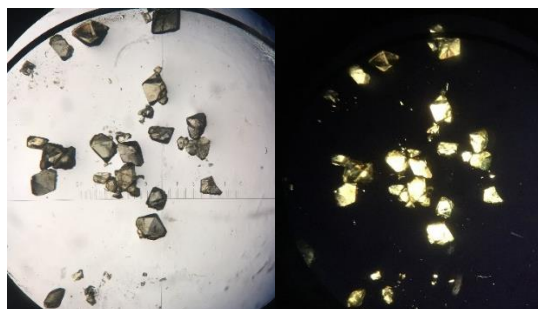
Crystallographic and Refinement Details 1

Bright orange crystals from a homogenous crop were picked from per-fluorinated oil and did only very slowly decompose.



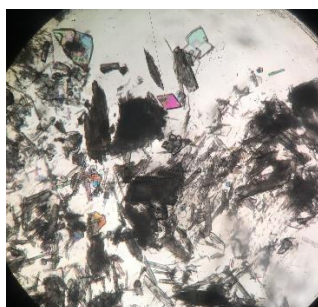
Crystallographic and Refinement Details 2

Colourless crystals were found to be twinned. Two domains were identified from the reciprocal lattice and the data were integrated as a 2-component twin. Absorption correction was performed using TWINABS. Hydrogen atoms of a methyl group were found disordered and modelled accordingly.



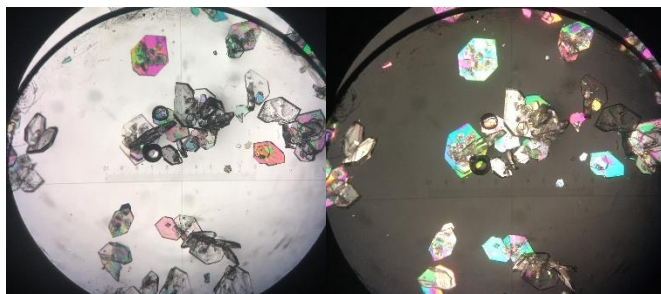
Crystallographic and Refinement Details 3a

Colourless crystals were picked from per-fluorinated oil and crystal quality only deteriorated very slowly when exposed to ambient atmosphere.



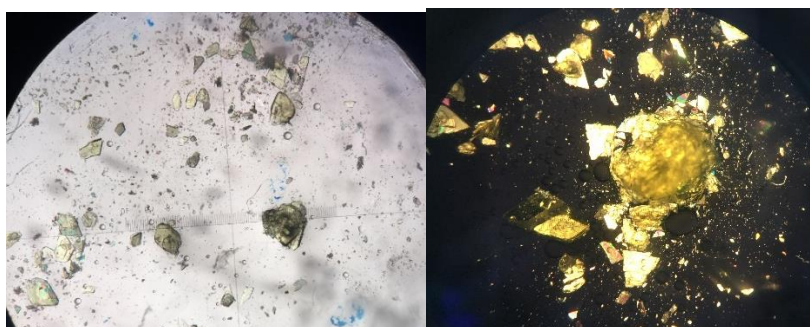
Crystallographic and Refinement Details 3b

Colourless crystals were picked from per-fluorinated oil and crystal quality only deteriorated very slowly when exposed to ambient atmosphere. Small amounts of residual electron density were found on the other side of the borole and was modelled as a minor (2-3%) occupational disorder of the Ge-apex position und modelled using SADI, SIMU and RIGU restraints.



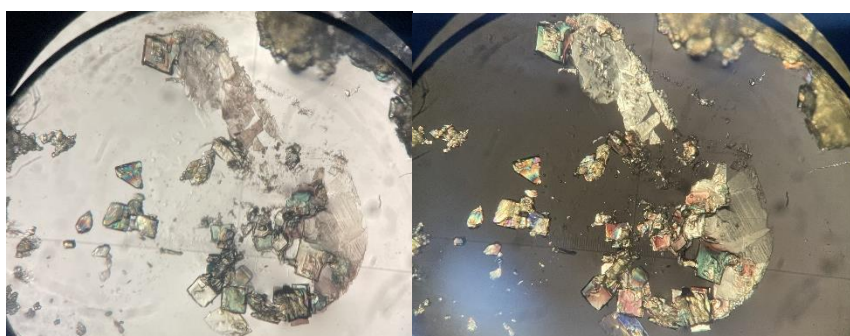
Crystallographic and Refinement Details 4a

Colourless to pale yellow crystals were picked from per-fluorinated oil and crystal quality only deteriorated very slowly when exposed to ambient atmosphere. Crystals revealed notable physical deterioration and loss in crystallinity when shock-cooled to 100K in a N₂ cryostream. The data acquisition was thus performed at 110 K. Several inner reflections (1 0 0, 0 0 1, 1 0 1, 0 1 0, 1 1 0, 0 1 1, 1 1 1) seemed to be affected by the beam stop and have been omitted in the final refinement.



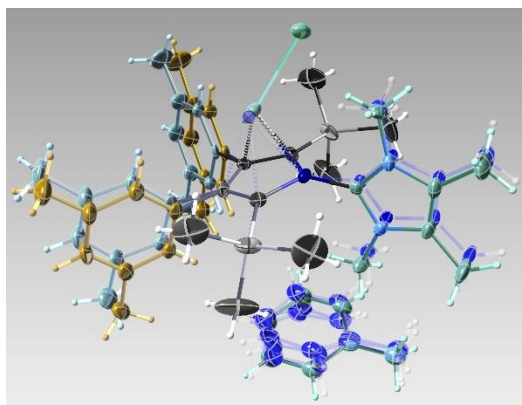
Crystallographic and Refinement Details 4b

Brittle, colourless crystals were picked from per-fluorinated oil. When removed from the mother liquor crystals immediately deteriorated and turned opaque. Successful picking, mounting and data acquisition was performed on a relatively large block. Reflection 6 1 2 was omitted in the final refinement.



Crystallographic and Refinement Details 5b

Colourless crystals were picked from per-fluorinated oil. The main molecule is located on a special position and the GeCl unit and the NHC are disordered and refined in part -1. The entire tertiary Xylyl-group is found slightly disordered and modelled accordingly over two positions using SADI SIMU and RIGU restraints. A disordered lattice toluene molecule occupying a special position was refined in Part -1.



Depiction of the refinement modelling of disordered moieties. (Light Blue: Part 1; Orange: Part 2, Bluegreen: Part -1). Blue coloured moieties represent symmetry generated positions.

Crystallographic and Refinement Details 6b

Colourless crystals were picked from per-fluorinated oil. The compound crystallised as a non-merohedral twin with the twin law $0\ -1\ 0\ -1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ -1$. The fractional contribution of the minor component refines to 0.48.¹²

Tabulated Crystallographic Details 1, 2, 3a, 3b, 4a, 4b, 5b and 6b

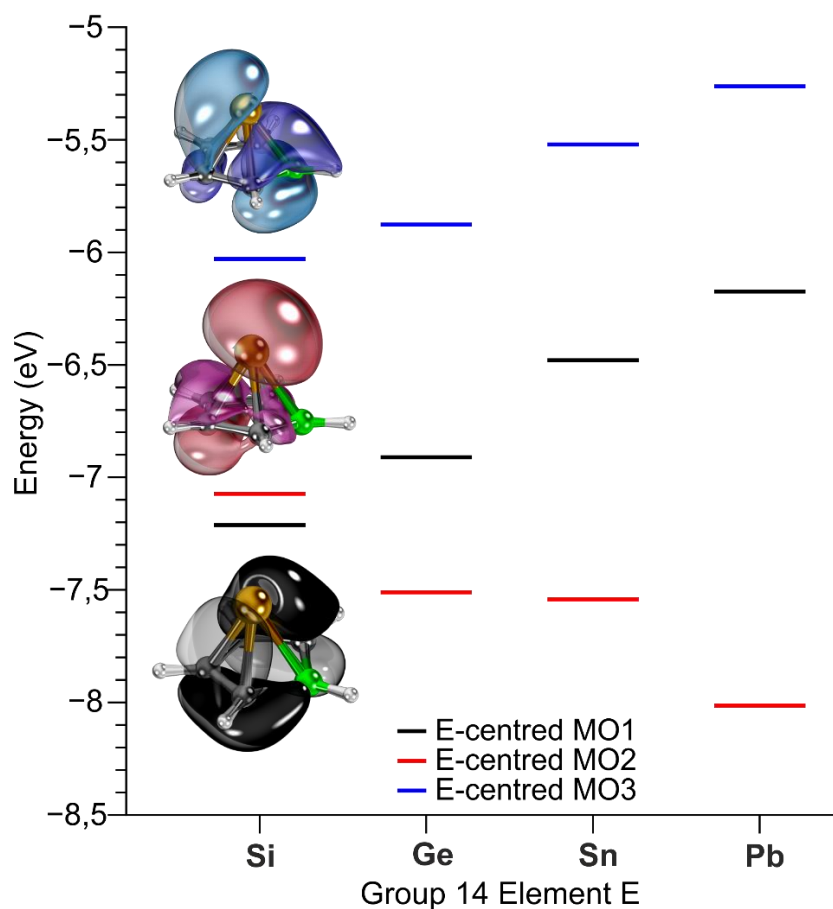
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formula weight	450.99	1077.97	888.83	1047.15	891.84	569.68	1387.66	1479.86
T / K	100(2)	100(2)	100(2)	100(2)	110(2)	100(2)	100(2)	100(2)
crystal system	triclinic	monoclinic	monoclinic	orthorhombic	triclinic	orthorhombic	tetragonal	orthorhombic
space group (number)	$P\bar{1}$ (2)	$P2_1/n$ (14)	$P2_1/n$ (14)	$Pbca$ (61)	$P\bar{1}$ (2)	$Pbca$ (61)	$P4_21m$ (113)	$Iba2$ (45)
a / Å	9.2086(10)	14.109(2)	13.6558(16)	19.048(2)	15.8126(13)	18.8007(8)	18.172(3)	25.802(3)
b / Å	11.0462(12)	14.636(2)	15.5207(18)	11.2539(12)	16.2239(14)	11.4507(5)	18.172(3)	25.796(3)
c / Å	14.4968(16)	15.670(2)	26.337(3)	25.727(3)	22.9218(19)	25.8667(11)	11.769(3)	23.532(2)
α	111.740(2)	90	90	90	87.921(2)	90	90	90
β / °	94.288(2)	90.751(3)	99.937(2)	90	74.394(2)	90	90	90
γ	96.866(2)	90	90	90	68.826(2)	90	90	90
V / Å ³	1348.5(3)	3235.5(8)	5498.3(11)	5514.9(10)	5269.1(8)	5568.6(4)	3886.4(17)	15662(3)
Z	2	2	4	4	4	8	2	8
ρ / Mg m ⁻³	1.111	1.106	1.074	1.261	1.124	1.359	1.186	1.255
μ / mm ⁻¹	0.241	0.212	0.632	1.306	0.561	1.111	0.944	0.808
F(000)	484	1160	1932	2192	1904	2336	1468	6160
crystal size / mm ³	0.646×0.495×0.444	0.467×0.413×0.329	0.356×0.136×0.095	0.315×0.198×0.185	0.451×0.323×0.158	0.239×0.232×0.152	0.418×0.112×0.080	0.168×0.090×0.052
Crystal colour	orange	colourless	colourless	colourless	colourless	colourless	colourless	colourless
Crystal shape	block	block	block	block	block	block	block	block
Radiation	Mo K α (λ =0.71073 Å)	Mo K α (λ =0.71073 Å)	Mo K α (λ =0.71073 Å)	Mo K α (λ =0.71073 Å)	Mo K α (λ =0.71073 Å)	Mo K α (λ =0.71073 Å)	Mo K α (λ =0.71073 Å)	Mo K α (λ =0.71073 Å)
2 θ range / °	3.05 to 59.89 (0.71 Å)	3.81 to 52.15 (0.81 Å)	3.06 to 59.16 (0.72 Å)	3.17 to 60.36 (0.71 Å)	3.70 to 59.42 (0.72 Å)	3.15 to 61.02 (0.70 Å)	3.17 to 55.00 (0.77 Å)	2.23 to 53.52 (0.79 Å)
index ranges	-12 ≤ h ≤ 12 -15 ≤ k ≤ 15 -20 ≤ l ≤ 20	≤ h ≤ ≤ k ≤ ≤ l ≤	-18 ≤ h ≤ 18 -21 ≤ k ≤ 21 -36 ≤ l ≤ 36	-26 ≤ h ≤ 26 -15 ≤ k ≤ 15 -36 ≤ l ≤ 36	-21 ≤ h ≤ 22 -22 ≤ k ≤ 22 -31 ≤ l ≤ 31	-26 ≤ h ≤ 26 -16 ≤ k ≤ 16 -36 ≤ l ≤ 36	-23 ≤ h ≤ 23 -23 ≤ k ≤ 23 -15 ≤ l ≤ 15	-32 ≤ h ≤ 32 -32 ≤ k ≤ 32 -29 ≤ l ≤ 29
Ref. collected	54731	6409	163225	119874	115246	207042	103383	111471
indep. reflections/ R _{int}	7795 R _{int} = 0.0246 R _{sigma} = 0.0152	6409 R _{int} = 0.0439 R _{sigma} = 0.0275	15429 R _{int} = 0.0512 R _{sigma} = 0.0261	8142 R _{int} = 0.0542 R _{sigma} = 0.0214	29875 R _{int} = 0.0354 R _{sigma} = 0.0331	8515 R _{int} = 0.0487 R _{sigma} = 0.0124	4667 R _{int} = 0.0492 R _{sigma} = 0.0209	16679 R _{int} = 0.0454 R _{sigma} = 0.0302
completeness to θ_{max}	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Data/Restr./Params.	7795/0/281	6409/0/347	15429/0/557	8142/3/300	29875/588/1181	8515/0/290	4667/631/380	16679/166/818
Goof on F ²	1.033	1.043	1.036	1.020	1.016	1.095	1.079	1.039
final R indices [$I > 2\sigma(I)$]	R ₁ = 0.0315 wR ₂ = 0.0877	R ₁ = 0.0413 wR ₂ = 0.0977	R ₁ = 0.0314 wR ₂ = 0.0774	R ₁ = 0.0282 wR ₂ = 0.0716	R ₁ = 0.0322 wR ₂ = 0.0775	R ₁ = 0.0182 wR ₂ = 0.0488	R ₁ = 0.0264 wR ₂ = 0.0611	R ₁ = 0.0216 wR ₂ = 0.0494
R indices (all data)	R ₁ = 0.0357 wR ₂ = 0.0909	R ₁ = 0.0566 wR ₂ = 0.1045	R ₁ = 0.0416 wR ₂ = 0.0823	R ₁ = 0.0365 wR ₂ = 0.0756	R ₁ = 0.0441 wR ₂ = 0.0845	R ₁ = 0.0204 wR ₂ = 0.0503	R ₁ = 0.0289 wR ₂ = 0.0622	R ₁ = 0.0231 wR ₂ = 0.0503
largest peak/hole [eÅ ⁻³]	0.44/-0.26	0.41/-0.29	0.43/-0.30	0.52/-0.55	1.07/-0.65	0.48/-0.28	0.26/-0.18	0.44/-0.48
absorption correction	multi-scan	multi-scan	multi-scan	multi-scan	multi-scan	multi-scan	multi-scan	multi-scan
miscellaneous		2-component twin					Flack X param. 0.010(3)	Flack X param. -0.022(5)

Computational Details

Structure Optimisation, Frequency Calculation and Electronic Structure Analyses

Computational examination was performed using ORCA (version 4.2.1.).¹³ All structures were optimised starting from (modified) experimental X-Ray structures (where available) on RI-BP86-D3BJ¹⁴ def2SVP/J model chemistry¹⁵ in the gas phase followed by a frequency calculation on the same level of theory and thermochemical corrections were taken from these frequency calculations. For numerical accuracy, grid6 and finalgrid7 were applied. No imaginary frequencies were observed confirming true minima. All structures were then reoptimized using BP86-D3BJ-def2TZVP/J model chemistry and all considered SCF energies, property calculations as well as NBO analyses¹⁶ are based on these gas phase structures. Graphical depictions were created using ChemCraft or IBOview.¹⁷ For tin an ECP-28, and for Pb an ECP-46 as automatically assigned in ORCA was applied.¹⁸

The model complexes $[(\text{HC})_4\text{BH}]\text{E}$ ($\text{E} = \text{Si}, \text{Ge}, \text{Sn}, \text{Pb}$) were computationally assessed with the same level of theory as described above and the electronic structure probed by QTAIM and ELF analyses. The energies of the (occupied) Kohn-Sham frontier molecular orbitals of these species were probed and revealed a raise in energy of those MO's that represent formal the combination of the E-centred p_x and p_y -orbitals (that enable in-plane interactions) with the borole-diides π -system when descending the group from Si(II) to heavier group 14 congeners (depicted in BLUE and BLACK). This is likely associated with an increasing borole_{centroid}-E distance that leads to a mismatch overlap between the p-orbitals and the π -system. Conversely the MO bearing the (s) p_z contribution with an orbital lobe above the E-vertex position is continuously decreasing in energy which accounts for decreased nucleophilicity towards transition metal fragments such as the experimentally probed $[\text{W}(\text{CO})_5]$ (depicted in RED). Such fragments would then have to interact with the nucleophilic HOMO-lobe (depicted in blue) leading to an ever increasing angulation (i.e. deviation from linearity as observed in the Si(II)-complex) of the $[\text{M}]\text{-E}(\text{Borole})_{\text{centroid}}$. Similar observations were made for assessment of protonated structures.¹⁹



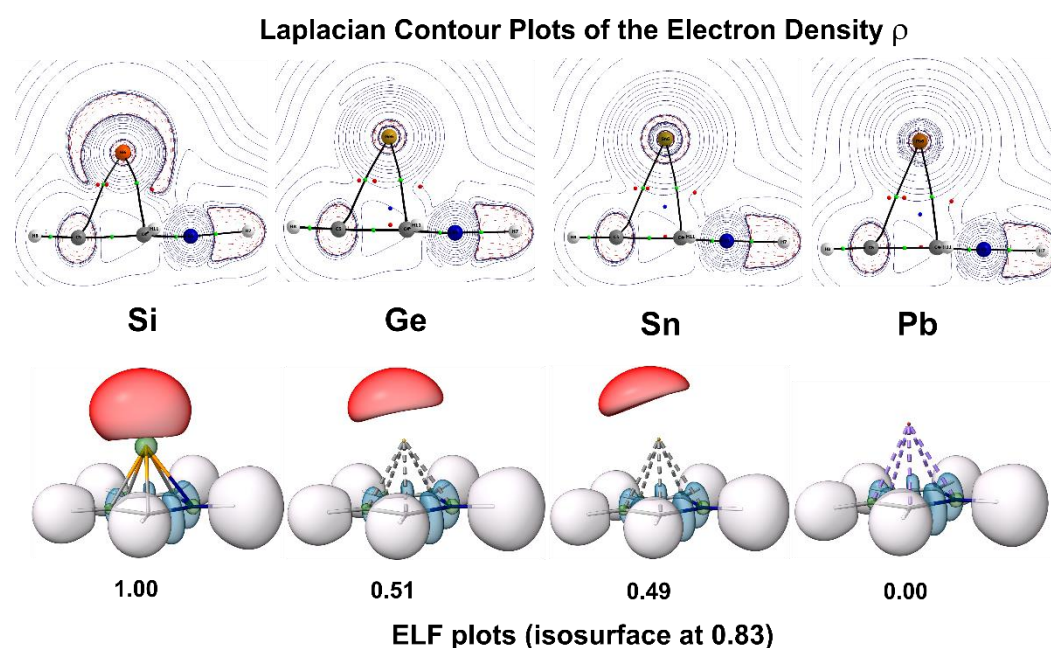
QTAIM and ELF (Electron Localization Function)

Topology analyses according to Bader's quantum theory of atoms in molecules (QTAIM)²⁰ and ELF analyses on the model complexes [(HC)₄BH]E (E = Si, Ge, Sn, Pb) were performed. The wavefunction files were created from single point calculations on structures obtained RI-PBE0-functional and def2-TZVPP/JK basis set on all elements except for Sn and Pb were all-electron "Sapporo-TZP-2012"(Sn) and "Sapporo-DKH3-TZP-2012"(Pb) basis sets without ECP and AutoAux were applied as implemented in ORCA 4.2.1.

The respective structures were obtained from optimisation in the gasphase (RI-BP86-D3BJ-def2TZVP/J). The QTAIM analyses were performed using the AIMAll programme suite.²¹ The ELF analysis was performed using *multiwfn* software (version 3.6).²²

The graphical representation was then created with UCSF ChimeraX.²³ Areas with negative Laplacian of the electron density (depicted in red) indicate areas of charge-concentration. In case of Si a clear valence shell charge concentration (VSCC) can be identified which is missing for the elements Ge to Pb.

The decreasing ELF blob sizes relative to the Si-lone pair of electron blob are given for Ge, Sn and Pb.



Computational assessment of ¹¹⁹Sn NMR shifts

Computational prediction of ¹¹⁹Sn NMR spectroscopic properties of **4a**, **4b**, **6b** and hypothetical cationic B-NHC bound borole [borole-Sn]⁺ E was performed using GIAO method and RIJK-PBE0²⁴ functional and def2-TZVP basis set (C,H) and def2-TZVPP basis set (all hetero-atoms) on gas phase structures previously optimised using the RI-BP86-D3BJ-def2TZVP/J model chemistry. For Sn, an all-electron basis set "Sapporo-TZP-2012" without ECP and AutoAux was applied as implemented in ORCA 4.2.1. A set of reference Sn-compounds were used to assess the general viability of the computational model to reproduce ¹¹⁹Sn-NMR chemical shifts. We have previously applied a similar set of reference compounds for computational investigations of ¹¹⁹Sn NMR chemical shifts.²⁵ Our assessment reveals that the computational method is particularly well suited for the accurate prediction of high-field-shifted signals but significantly lacks performance for low-valent, low-field shifted signals. As the compounds under investigation all range in the high-field shifted region the computational predictions can be confidentially discussed.

Calculated chemical shifts were obtained according to:

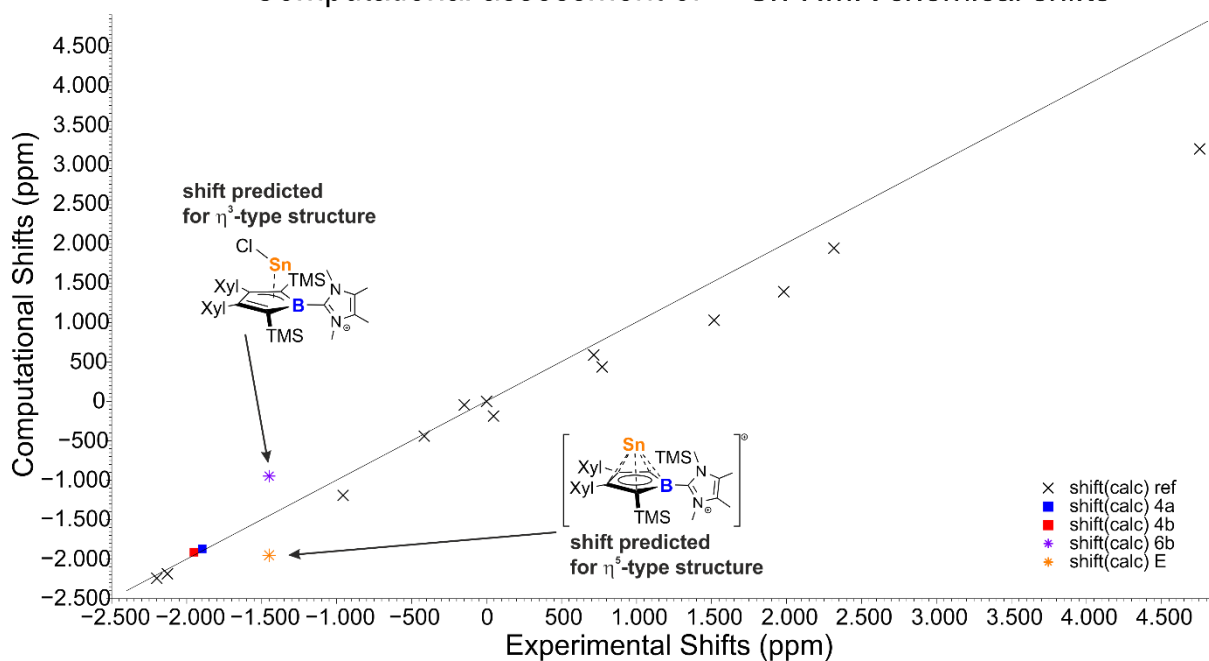
$$\delta_{\text{calc}} = \sigma_{\text{ref}} - \sigma_{\text{calc}}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{ref}}(^{119}\text{Sn}) = 2608.9 \text{ ppm for Me}_4\text{Sn.}$$

Compound	σ_{calc}	δ_{calc}	δ_{exp}
SnMe ₄ (reference)	2608.9	0	0
SnCl ₄	2653.8	-44.9	-149 ²⁶
SnCp* ₂	4793.5	-2184.6	-2129 ²⁷
Sn(NTMS ₂) ₂	2172.3	436.6	770 ²⁸
Sn(2,6-Mes ₂ (C ₆ H ₃)) ₂	1219.3	1389.6	1971 ²⁹
Sn(B[(N(Dipp)CH)] ₂) ₂	-591.1	3200.0	4755 ³⁰
(η^3 -Allyl)-Sn(2,6-Trip ₂ (C ₆ H ₃))	3800.9	-1192.0	-957 ³¹
Sn[CH(TMS) ₂] ₂	666.8	1942.1	2315 ³²
(2,6-Trip ₂ (C ₆ H ₃))SnPh	1580.0	1028.9	1517 ³³
[Trip ₃ Sn] ⁺	2020.8	588.1	714 ³⁴
Jones' cation {[R(R')N]Sn} ⁺	2794.6	-185.7	46 ³⁵
TripSnH ₃	3048.6	-439.3	-416 ³⁶
4a	4477.1	-1868.2	-1897
4b	452.2	-1911.3	-1952
6b	3555.7	-946.8 (η^3)	-1438 ^a
E	4.560.7	-1951.8 (η^5)	-1438 ^b

a) Averaged between shifts in toluene und dichloromethane; b) arbitrarily assigned shift of **6b** for comparison; Mes = 2,4,6-Me₃(C₆H₂); Trip = 2,4,6-*i*Pr₃(C₆H₂);

Computational assessment of ¹¹⁹Sn-NMR chemical shifts



XYZ-coordinates of optimised structures

All structures optimised at RI-BP86-D3BJ\def2TZVP\J level of theory (see above).

Molecular structure of borole-Si

E(SCF) = -469.870291549482 H

B	8.333475891	5.359923080	5.248405029
C	7.519131409	4.837047562	4.050520793
C	8.345295420	4.847508629	2.868868020
C	9.729002766	5.554702691	4.627083331
C	9.666805221	5.276669800	3.213651295
Si	9.176052423	3.529997958	4.296784767
H	8.011630956	5.426873867	6.398651571
H	10.500301687	5.305154349	2.513666204
H	8.053782020	4.510651038	1.875361792
H	6.504446313	4.440932927	4.010028740
H	10.680835346	5.797213170	5.099667974

Molecular structure of borole-Ge

E(SCF) = -2257.638347413681 H

B	8.335814994	5.351940235	5.249368744
C	7.514257181	4.837890641	4.048131790
C	8.344514592	4.844528702	2.869634389
C	9.733027189	5.558439645	4.627014281
C	9.668661433	5.274548140	3.215103402
Ge	9.207223878	3.410087307	4.326623225
H	8.006072556	5.445711470	6.396506203
H	10.494955655	5.330322031	2.507586148
H	8.046319403	4.535129401	1.868731605
H	6.489415492	4.468513376	4.000258146
H	10.680497080	5.829564124	5.093731584

Molecular structure of borole-Sn

E(SCF) = -394.808476624129 H

B	8.337644445	5.346698119	5.248876203
C	7.510044427	4.835232937	4.045437611
C	8.343531635	4.844511728	2.869561303
C	9.738660700	5.558985001	4.626887592
C	9.669394470	5.275093728	3.215475209
Sn	9.262767701	3.195900179	4.380355196
H	7.995777687	5.483023428	6.389516050
H	10.483043662	5.374742314	2.497338330
H	8.034681990	4.579628879	1.858558920
H	6.469452174	4.513425071	3.986619808
H	10.675760561	5.879433688	5.084063293

Molecular structure of borole-Pb

E(SCF) = -373.412876757961 H

B	8.338554489	5.344347884	5.248303919
C	7.507227189	4.838149191	4.043032102
C	8.342090164	4.846701100	2.870263165
C	9.740097560	5.563280672	4.625592451
C	9.668883839	5.277586551	3.216417645
Pb	9.289579925	3.094390346	4.404008054
H	7.991776496	5.497999848	6.386203291
H	10.477395635	5.392260703	2.494130355
H	8.030386538	4.597588217	1.855706139
H	6.461451825	4.533281716	3.980068956
H	10.673315793	5.901088845	5.078963439

Molecular structure of 4a

E(SCF) = -2849.83279149304 H

Si	5.663916000	4.195893380	4.038995020
C	7.490772439	4.628564751	4.004331035
B	8.305757859	5.354346122	5.118209688
Si	11.295926573	6.042530065	5.482293210
C	8.435242192	4.282393983	2.954280468
C	10.930079216	4.481807001	2.422312908
C	7.748147338	5.950660471	6.455304417

C	9.791597666	5.277831272	4.652933692
H	8.891989329	4.672733854	7.749152410
C	8.157141944	5.478258698	7.713490801
C	7.656114115	6.006051367	8.907666129
C	6.713223139	7.039719079	8.818315029
H	6.306243458	7.461206115	9.739391088
C	6.274479659	7.551592678	7.589747658
C	6.806977227	6.992502568	6.421165490
H	6.489837630	7.368406624	5.448503246
C	5.143242694	3.841836751	5.816288124
H	4.069723301	3.601800638	5.857273713
H	5.332994632	4.698965368	6.475311462
H	5.692990514	2.980024721	6.224517929
C	4.646562474	5.652628961	3.398007801
H	4.916364132	5.924861006	2.367858624
H	4.804089748	6.538584792	4.029370084
H	3.572135122	5.414796551	3.411197512
C	5.278845927	2.653999540	3.018154501
H	5.430399219	2.810609506	1.942720429
H	4.232669662	2.351071028	3.178439071
H	5.919079018	1.811495823	3.321792660
C	12.174400459	4.753743897	6.553008731
H	12.518600025	3.899224588	5.951240749
H	11.494629869	4.367925100	7.328019940
H	13.053498494	5.179884540	7.059783996
C	12.506096998	6.741395708	4.213054825
H	13.019477534	5.961454881	3.637255253
H	13.266967037	7.347560547	4.728533222
H	11.985845010	7.393666917	3.496380949
C	10.750043782	7.474054891	6.576828257
H	10.156776623	8.199706154	6.001556859
H	11.633402158	7.996534057	6.975040301
H	10.130872438	7.143478896	7.420171647
C	8.140135168	3.726533285	1.617807544
C	7.237226611	4.392825395	0.782085965
H	6.721038217	5.269448341	1.174705297
C	7.014490939	3.968786534	-0.534172077
C	6.003757300	4.723579009	-1.406816746
C	6.394190603	6.215312528	-1.475369582
H	7.390733958	6.337172034	-1.923594851
H	6.412767600	6.677392793	-0.479125990
H	5.670041089	6.770615112	-2.090194712
C	4.602843300	4.588340644	-0.772462867
H	3.855153544	5.128831908	-1.372485006
H	4.580961153	4.998489642	0.246342920
H	4.301679973	3.532423621	-0.714967823
C	5.945972702	4.175606430	-2.840552900
H	5.219282597	4.755670569	-3.427246622
H	5.627293460	3.123512750	-2.862951470
H	6.920962264	4.252448957	-3.343473500
C	7.732250400	2.858709483	-1.000893586
H	7.580817230	2.525810118	-2.024272621
C	8.647845768	2.170731789	-0.190838286
C	9.461635681	0.969542272	-0.687234583
C	9.101036446	-0.267690935	0.162497171
H	8.031162867	-0.504759871	0.072351684
H	9.320967549	-0.100701940	1.225933266
H	9.679281871	-1.142882857	-0.170570229
C	9.187594100	0.647398286	-2.163341452
H	9.440192993	1.495048257	-2.817019144
H	8.134397715	0.381504641	-2.334894970
H	9.802700374	-0.209144947	-2.474529244
C	10.965610538	1.278572752	-0.524703837
H	11.568934921	0.415528205	-0.845043086
H	11.224649945	1.511504858	0.516265994

H	11.257071103	2.147182064	-1.131101420	B	9.031599431	5.570044338	8.438825422
C	8.827878214	2.614451357	1.120606079	Si	6.481238923	5.505738487	10.173140725
H	9.534565007	2.107025205	1.778152071	Si	11.621244131	4.895160998	6.977839208
C	9.783037811	4.650426698	3.340245432	C	8.904807446	3.766979542	10.001312669
C	10.892306554	5.119906278	1.178859557	C	5.470121775	6.124555493	8.707314786
H	10.022142375	5.730393660	0.937536664	H	5.251428970	5.304239322	8.006266663
C	11.921716230	4.960079382	0.246694279	H	6.003700746	6.907407002	8.152562299
C	11.803983747	5.651064233	-1.117018108	H	4.507643990	6.535049217	9.048541511
C	11.754707335	7.178942842	-0.902313200	C	10.207298854	4.596769300	8.176547455
H	11.663556604	7.698446671	-1.868249975	C	10.087411032	3.561951559	9.193443791
H	12.668714291	7.532431509	-0.403798608	C	6.732570226	6.925260108	11.388451982
H	10.897586990	7.468353765	-0.279160350	H	7.315616365	7.729870460	10.917374946
C	10.500999877	5.189938714	-1.805079338	H	7.270033366	6.600421924	12.290651833
H	10.380243582	5.699838120	-2.772941780	H	5.766207149	7.345173101	11.706025027
H	9.616573689	5.404039760	-1.191240513	C	5.502526111	4.107271885	10.978784336
H	10.513310980	4.106089707	-1.985598468	H	5.454226930	3.228731735	10.317420219
C	12.985003533	5.323944046	-2.042233458	H	4.469675107	4.439804558	11.165112859
H	12.848287733	5.831033741	-3.008139496	H	5.935568755	3.777711873	11.931412539
H	13.059298962	4.244420857	-2.239249326	C	10.891791617	5.176112615	5.262357456
H	13.941513969	5.664217140	-1.619522718	H	11.668486433	5.474563229	4.542190095
C	13.013496714	4.155124137	0.600592297	H	10.127783854	5.965520435	5.290723578
H	13.818773530	4.015045226	-0.115651965	H	10.419361029	4.256795943	4.883147691
C	13.090339156	3.509079820	1.843322836	C	12.503587821	6.450456245	7.571790371
C	14.279137224	2.627288140	2.245556141	H	13.322849147	6.727508251	6.891354378
C	13.773009732	1.213018083	2.600844082	H	12.931584310	6.295860522	8.573279212
H	13.281051669	0.746323209	1.735500004	H	11.801344986	7.293813456	7.629386930
H	13.050361158	1.236299219	3.428008899	C	12.872457233	3.489205546	6.878918579
H	14.613812354	0.572250100	2.906265981	H	12.425113934	2.562663974	6.493617935
C	15.317742179	2.498944532	1.121492186	H	13.318841103	3.260768218	7.856257316
H	14.883189182	2.047550848	0.217740828	H	13.682681544	3.782336504	6.192870584
H	16.143482526	1.853922967	1.454470299	C	11.086736785	2.513493088	9.505973124
H	15.746049764	3.474266227	0.849093064	C	11.217576274	1.344860213	8.746231352
C	14.965104464	3.251964698	3.479487576	H	10.559665806	1.192733200	7.886425946
H	15.818475742	2.634820056	3.798916245	C	12.168579019	0.373112878	9.068833314
H	14.270945343	3.335627111	4.327014389	C	12.985788437	0.585969147	10.188120928
H	15.335479868	4.261392414	3.249984314	H	13.726963924	-0.171041758	10.457969922
C	12.031225910	3.682236690	2.741016992	C	12.872021981	1.738438234	10.973654937
H	12.044128775	3.177713293	3.709186870	C	11.916696130	2.699108180	10.616944495
C	8.102922761	5.502211627	10.285889014	H	11.802842396	3.602828144	11.218982347
C	5.236024121	6.680933496	7.569984713	C	12.330606064	-0.858218709	8.215797705
C	5.795585211	9.902894497	8.328899993	H	11.388201858	-1.129941139	7.720758486
H	6.030008286	9.656920536	9.373615245	H	12.668944403	-1.718136273	8.810014545
H	6.718424925	10.265751123	7.853929722	H	13.079983817	-0.690163503	7.425688026
H	5.061257707	10.722889858	8.330248115	C	13.738135377	1.941951948	12.190005660
C	4.880017588	9.121151283	6.142007520	H	14.491385126	1.148652327	12.282408972
H	5.760875799	9.491752874	5.598366733	H	13.131530610	1.942025018	13.108592428
H	4.438358828	8.298270344	5.561548805	H	14.262663634	2.908002193	12.148877477
H	4.141659948	9.935196381	6.180053961	C	8.632066571	2.970003900	11.214150424
C	3.945070052	8.192309448	8.261246830	C	8.543371027	1.574194219	11.196197522
H	3.531016964	7.319157899	7.736632466	H	8.622186202	1.047545961	10.243220829
H	4.131244972	7.900628130	9.303949368	C	8.364481649	0.845956663	12.378165448
H	3.184815007	8.988371896	8.261707144	C	8.267316421	1.544358756	13.587568527
C	8.730713634	6.672289767	11.073118309	H	8.125233005	0.984215450	14.515646954
H	9.057076997	6.334203476	12.068529645	C	8.352076647	2.943173164	13.638476696
H	9.604827323	7.073927261	10.540535187	C	8.542275386	3.641697382	12.442985216
H	8.015645499	7.494552023	11.211981412	H	8.636612058	4.729043783	12.458243100
C	6.878069949	4.962762256	11.054234367	C	8.287414899	-0.658685721	12.337600443
H	6.414140068	4.128367161	10.508744312	H	7.453318904	-0.997979453	11.704967599
H	7.177140118	4.602053995	12.050300154	H	8.1440666985	-1.079627992	13.341316505
H	6.114043108	5.740254094	11.190946870	H	9.209035579	-1.087739009	11.916158874
C	9.144989333	4.377688612	10.184039344	C	8.214596018	3.679895944	14.945967505
H	9.436425250	4.051571086	11.192944664	H	8.733357668	4.647598632	14.916249924
H	8.747377603	3.501871749	9.650852582	H	8.621671760	3.094893457	15.782207092
H	10.054862126	4.713377458	9.665363837	H	7.155453662	3.882012027	15.172762479
Sn	9.025753031	3.000304445	4.924802539				
B	8.333475891	5.359923080	5.248405029				

Molecular structure of 4b
E(SCF) = -2291,75234160886

Sn	8.196081632	3.314477141	7.729551414
C	8.156198892	4.931228935	9.541809995
Cl	8.745320074	7.138662740	7.601138395

Molecular structure of 6b

E(SCF) = -2675,44563554094

Sn	17.947321499	12.953497178	14.817024398
B	20.064251446	12.833037358	16.314501199
Cl	16.338261759	11.149276548	15.585778353
Si	20.030030959	9.842819270	15.670404576
Si	20.618578979	15.832817523	16.167887856

C	20.586672359	14.075581165	15.542428351
C	20.779217748	13.649532657	14.199236533
C	20.420028142	12.264599643	14.027124669
C	19.996731641	11.671359010	15.287958479
N	19.133457491	12.626467890	18.820265662
N	21.276376443	12.716790157	18.571341416
C	20.104130279	12.713030786	17.874697051
C	21.046833985	12.636490115	19.942788037
C	19.684750248	12.584324344	20.101948198
C	22.592056672	12.721453833	17.948024508
H	23.203835449	13.532511855	18.362440039
H	22.451203259	12.884412662	16.873353718
H	23.095933051	11.760057073	18.116802653
C	22.150722553	12.612074424	20.938348758
H	21.743299719	12.542661624	21.953634365
H	22.767194421	13.522528349	20.885830771
H	22.818563323	11.750448526	20.785893667
C	18.861962612	12.497512526	21.337441663
H	19.512477798	12.507129725	22.219970390
H	18.269594276	11.570373484	21.370484557
H	18.165420883	13.344533731	21.425881172
C	17.703883873	12.634669852	18.540520465
H	17.170196989	12.209583631	19.396108941
H	17.483412493	12.024937786	17.656870743
H	17.355739907	13.662839127	18.370317777
C	21.845955659	9.326669667	15.531070570
H	21.983936914	8.261449058	15.771740384
H	22.480767996	9.915408847	16.210189451
H	22.208588593	9.494360172	14.505962140
C	19.447629707	9.546724315	17.444178481
H	19.494358766	8.470031230	17.668119792
H	18.401250034	9.862619247	17.563440376
H	20.063084146	10.066829413	18.191782517
C	19.012256958	8.708434584	14.563546102
H	19.006677692	7.693102573	14.990272415
H	19.430948761	8.649746319	13.550743230
H	17.971460026	9.054646642	14.497207324
C	19.598646689	15.928796443	17.763044940
H	19.524956679	16.971701010	18.106974798
H	20.044773020	15.343323878	18.580637727
H	18.576495052	15.558348585	17.595844383
C	22.357532390	16.435055840	16.624620584
H	22.301751696	17.404046377	17.144421335
H	22.989190827	16.569119228	15.736214493
H	22.865735343	15.726549117	17.295632846
C	19.859965189	17.035998540	14.929068905
H	19.817263300	18.055094274	15.343089634
H	18.834633013	16.727214361	14.676314796
H	20.436084543	17.066663833	13.994487174
C	21.222046647	14.504801923	13.079522879
C	22.424774885	15.222299206	13.180822002
H	23.025681392	15.112701218	14.085210246
C	22.872992121	16.047581216	12.145516652
C	22.102368638	16.131751778	10.977335059
H	22.443722656	16.767188886	10.155513712
C	20.908554378	15.412952831	10.835245708
C	20.479219688	14.607279117	11.895485838
H	19.547548387	14.045135433	11.807028317
C	24.143791287	16.845355722	12.292402219
H	23.932084957	17.857172579	12.674371316
H	24.660351973	16.962126371	11.329410946
H	24.836413559	16.367084804	12.998681708
C	20.100002465	15.490441181	9.565245402
H	19.058116562	15.776488644	9.772668691
H	20.071261883	14.513760042	9.058180040
H	20.521715382	16.223714944	8.864995089
C	20.613150711	11.528849811	12.760109598
C	21.879431531	11.519938826	12.155583371
H	22.695124346	12.067896752	12.630868014
C	22.107975596	10.838331442	10.955150947
C	21.044574645	10.144152823	10.364947379
H	21.211120398	9.608186858	9.426565916

C	19.768032718	10.129780439	10.944199370
C	19.567926303	10.834858448	12.134487219
H	18.572687457	10.855971248	12.585455247
C	23.465737248	10.882553594	10.301475608
H	23.561696669	10.114301474	9.522487421
H	24.269110402	10.729064852	11.036414285
H	23.641455491	11.862447214	9.830090779
C	18.637069613	9.356526915	10.316440578
H	18.524725649	8.369799232	10.794053866
H	18.810434195	9.188215747	9.244872385
H	17.678987919	9.881564021	10.434803832

Molecular structure of [E]⁺

E(SCF) = -2214.948785791217 H

Sn	18.447092340	13.252393247	14.715028928
B	20.259189037	12.800798725	16.337752004
Si	20.006914802	9.800170594	15.623351041
Si	20.537493795	15.876697787	16.168951619
C	20.576623718	14.095453361	15.545707181
C	20.770161147	13.676439268	14.166522098
C	20.534846956	12.250811410	14.025236183
C	20.203793284	11.649906777	15.307626257
N	19.181867029	12.495818098	18.765558100
N	21.308673969	12.850820127	18.687760512
C	20.209361668	12.703408856	17.903095303
C	20.980405336	12.744780706	20.038150631
C	19.626141379	12.523510635	20.088584255
C	22.664339527	13.029742758	18.182678188
H	23.112472476	13.930926957	18.618262798
H	22.613751990	13.137014586	17.094511743
H	23.280618519	12.158057806	18.438406989
C	21.993206413	12.858367591	21.119694799
H	21.515716554	12.739559977	22.098620539
H	22.493263301	13.838329299	21.107995321
H	22.770910579	12.085111616	21.031322765
C	18.711725694	12.333568122	21.244479117
H	19.269687420	12.419204656	22.183534490
H	18.235317108	11.341657787	21.229751537
H	17.912496441	13.089352557	21.260823355
C	17.793609734	12.281689415	18.389068200
H	17.408321523	11.377621950	18.875859832
H	17.745890999	12.148633061	17.304105655
H	17.177546706	13.142959428	18.679543974
C	21.280044026	8.827799096	14.641845359
H	21.264506293	7.772512263	14.953215414
H	22.294280731	9.214836319	14.816881186
H	21.088349423	8.869170556	13.562135814
C	20.316714475	9.492715751	17.461434499
H	20.336551165	8.409449789	17.652568463
H	19.535671671	9.921077560	18.104129870
H	21.285372219	9.900954815	17.784667855
C	18.258610452	9.218393873	15.221467253
H	18.123594751	8.165144149	15.509871554
H	18.042754496	9.296042092	14.147249897
H	17.503124536	9.807842480	15.763585042
C	19.541248047	15.885886498	17.775634464
H	19.388410102	16.921636002	18.113424824
H	20.046759080	15.348761268	18.591081745
H	18.546650722	15.436084152	17.636463679
C	22.258352382	16.546568841	16.550846876
H	22.170883153	17.466738506	17.148086422
H	22.808918450	16.798502894	15.635207905
H	22.867360707	15.835470604	17.126459359
C	19.680005274	16.994339498	14.922271525
H	19.658254091	18.031896927	15.287743642
H	18.636938943	16.684705249	14.753836524
H	20.193804869	16.985963967	13.951721031
C	21.220055722	14.539001748	13.056051553
C	22.409394400	15.261534559	13.209811601
H	22.972646770	15.166685479	14.139137618
C	22.901569220	16.073958697	12.179645499
C	22.179284435	16.138624019	10.983068502

H	22.553676838	16.765647157	10.169784524
C	20.991307620	15.414765446	10.794294488
C	20.524676380	14.616164530	11.841078313
H	19.606701363	14.039656193	11.709092859
C	24.164149040	16.873477539	12.368960969
H	23.934531021	17.884949881	12.739960309
H	24.711221471	16.990876994	11.424215834
H	24.834234162	16.399535471	13.098801181
C	20.237585140	15.504527056	9.493709937
H	19.824651741	16.513710101	9.344595504
H	19.404842916	14.790440630	9.463677467
H	20.897064785	15.296533887	8.638840237
C	20.724736220	11.520831294	12.753912869
C	21.984103110	11.533608839	12.147056010
H	22.791420906	12.111450300	12.600331234
C	22.220961790	10.816642640	10.965855703
C	21.165369299	10.093044892	10.401240111
H	21.338068460	9.537387667	9.476146687
C	19.886336962	10.073264720	10.979867751
C	19.682888197	10.796175692	12.157498011
H	18.689803874	10.810117888	12.612985108
C	23.587591035	10.824836629	10.333207069
H	23.559073412	10.426000266	9.311369600
H	24.292328134	10.208446612	10.912616005
H	24.000921114	11.842618715	10.295246089
C	18.766773711	9.292324339	10.343652129
H	18.976202041	8.212183693	10.368494015
H	18.635984100	9.570345408	9.287892519
H	17.813712549	9.462292205	10.861223174

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