

Supplementary information: Intramolecular
hydrogen transfer in DNA induced by
site-selective resonant core excitation

December 16, 2021

Table 1: Transition analysis at the carbon K-edge. Excitation energies are given in eV. f is the oscillator strength and L is the lowest unoccupied molecular orbital (LUMO). Only transitions with the high amplitudes are given.

excitation center	excitation energy (f)	transition (amplitude)
<i>FU - C6</i>	287.01 (0.059)	$1s \rightarrow L+2$ (0.97)
<i>A - C5</i>	287.17 (0.033)	$1s \rightarrow L+1$ (0.91)
<i>A - C8</i>	287.36 (0.06)	$1s \rightarrow L+1$ (0.61)
<i>A - C2</i>	287.53 (0.07)	$1s \rightarrow L+1$ (0.94)
<i>A - C4</i>	287.61 (0.056)	$1s \rightarrow L+0$ (0.87)
<i>G - C8</i>	287.65 (0.052)	$1s \rightarrow L+6$ (0.63)
<i>G - C4</i>	287.9 (0.051)	$1s \rightarrow L+3$ (0.63)
<i>FU - C5</i>	288.11 (0.04)	$1s \rightarrow L+2$ (0.92)
<i>A - C6</i>	288.32 (0.073)	$1s \rightarrow L+0$ (0.94)
<i>FU - C4</i>	288.48 (0.062)	$1s \rightarrow L+2$ (0.88)
<i>G - C6</i>	288.56 (0.067)	$1s \rightarrow L+3$ (0.83)
<i>G - C2</i>	289.13 (0.078)	$1s \rightarrow L+6$ (0.83)
<i>G - C5'</i>	289.71 (0.05)	$1s \rightarrow L+11$ (0.58)
<i>FU - C2</i>	289.72 (0.082)	$1s \rightarrow L+5$ (0.95)
<i>A - C5'</i>	289.91 (0.048)	$1s \rightarrow L+7$ (0.77)
<i>FU - C3'</i>	289.97 (0.056)	$1s \rightarrow L+7$ (0.7)
<i>A - C4'</i>	290.45 (0.043)	$1s \rightarrow L+13$ (0.59)
<i>A - C3'</i>	290.47 (0.033)	$1s \rightarrow L+11$ (0.46)
<i>FU - C4'</i>	290.48 (0.048)	$1s \rightarrow L+12$ (0.34)
<i>FU - C6</i>	290.7 (0.028)	$1s \rightarrow L+12$ (0.84)

Table 2: Transition analysis at the nitrogen K-edge. Excitation energies are given in eV. f is the oscillator strength and L is the lowest unoccupied molecular orbital (LUMO). Only transitions with the high amplitudes are given.

excitation center	excitation energy (f)	transition (amplitude)
<i>A - N7</i>	400.11 (0.042)	$1s \rightarrow L+0$ (0.77)
<i>A - N3</i>	400.19 (0.046)	$1s \rightarrow L+1$ (0.81)
<i>G - N7</i>	400.22 (0.044)	$1s \rightarrow L+3$ (0.62)
<i>G - N3</i>	400.96 (0.033)	$1s \rightarrow L+3$ (0.6)
<i>A - N6</i>	401.91 (0.02)	$1s \rightarrow L+0$ (0.97)
<i>G - N2</i>	401.98 (0.018)	$1s \rightarrow L+6$ (0.89)
<i>FU - N3</i>	402.19 (0.021)	$1s \rightarrow L+2$ (0.94)
<i>A - N9</i>	402.34 (0.029)	$1s \rightarrow L+1$ (0.77)
<i>A - N1</i>	402.58 (0.031)	$1s \rightarrow L+0$ (0.86)
<i>G - N1</i>	402.72 (0.022)	$1s \rightarrow L+3$ (0.79)
<i>G - N9</i>	402.86 (0.032)	$1s \rightarrow L+6$ (0.86)
<i>FU - N1</i>	402.9 (0.019)	$1s \rightarrow L+2$ (0.93)
<i>A - N6</i>	404.63 (0.015)	$1s \rightarrow L+8$ (0.87)
<i>G - N1</i>	404.67 (0.027)	$1s \rightarrow L+14$ (0.84)
<i>FU - N3</i>	405.36 (0.024)	$1s \rightarrow L+24$ (0.46)
<i>A - N1</i>	405.43 (0.027)	$1s \rightarrow L+8$ (0.81)
<i>A - N6</i>	405.47 (0.028)	$1s \rightarrow L+10$ (0.6)
<i>FU - N1</i>	406.5 (0.018)	$1s \rightarrow L+15$ (0.54)

Table 3: Transition analysis at the oxygen K-edge. Excitation energies are given in eV. f is the oscillator strength and L is the lowest unoccupied molecular orbital (LUMO). Only transitions with the high amplitudes are given.

excitation center	excitation energy (f)	transition (amplitude)
<i>FU - O4</i>	531.61 (0.038)	$1s \rightarrow L+2$ (0.9)
<i>G - O6</i>	532.15 (0.027)	$1s \rightarrow L+3$ (0.72)
<i>FU - O2</i>	532.91 (0.033)	$1s \rightarrow L+5$ (0.95)
<i>O4''</i>	534.37 (0.018)	$1s \rightarrow L+11$ (0.59)
<i>O2''</i>	534.7 (0.024)	$1s \rightarrow L+7$ (0.86)
<i>A - O4'</i>	536.66 (0.028)	$1s \rightarrow L+13$ (0.53)
<i>FU - O4'</i>	537.06 (0.028)	$1s \rightarrow L+16$ (0.34)
<i>A - O5'</i>	537.24 (0.039)	$1s \rightarrow L+13$ (0.7)
<i>FU - O3'</i>	537.25 (0.036)	$1s \rightarrow L+12$ (0.47)
<i>O1''</i>	537.29 (0.043)	$1s \rightarrow L+17$ (0.51)
<i>G - O5'</i>	537.45 (0.032)	$1s \rightarrow L+9$ (0.34)
<i>FU - O4'</i>	537.68 (0.027)	$1s \rightarrow L+20$ (0.24)

Table 4: Transition analysis at the fluorine K-edge. Excitation energies are given in eV. f is the oscillator strength and L is the lowest unoccupied molecular orbital (LUMO). Only transitions with the high amplitudes are given.

excitation center	excitation energy (f)	transition (amplitude)
$FU - F5$	688.9 (0.035)	$1s \rightarrow L+12$ (0.57)

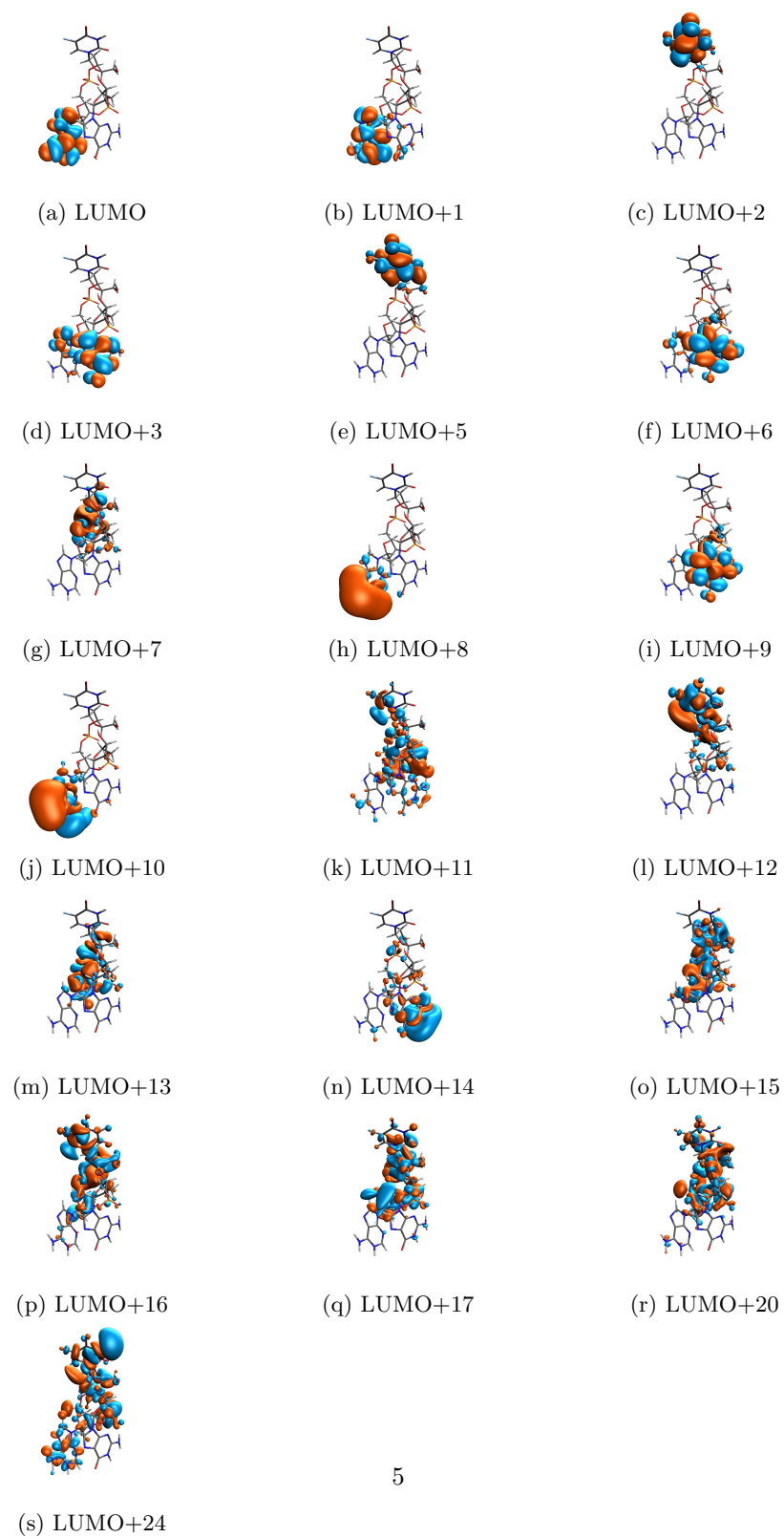


Figure 1: Canonical orbitals for the most relevant excited states with isosurface of 0.05 au.