

Supporting Information

Miao Hu^a, Xiaoqian Du^a, Guannan Liu^a, Yuyang, Huang^{b, c}, Baokun Qi^{a, b}, and Yang*

Li^{a, b, d}*

^aCollege of Food Science, Northeast Agricultural University, Harbin, Heilongjiang

150030, China

^bNational Research Center of Soybean Engineering and Technology, Harbin,

Heilongjiang 150030, China

^cCollege of Food Engineering, Harbin University of Commerce, Harbin, Heilongjiang,

150027, China

^dHeilongjiang Green Food Science Research Institute, Harbin 150028, China

***Corresponding authors.**

Tel.: +86-0451-55190716, email: qibaokun22@163.com; yangli@neau.edu.cn

Table S1. Particle sizes of the S, SS, SSEN, and SSEC hydrogel beads formed using different vibrating nozzles

Sample	150/300 (mm)	200/400 (mm)	300/600 (mm)	450/900 (mm)
SAH	0.51±0.18 ^a	0.77±0.24 ^a	1.07±0.16 ^b	1.68±0.35 ^c
SSH	0.58±0.18 ^a	0.80±0.19 ^a	1.09±0.27 ^b	1.43±0.13 ^c
SSENH	0.63±0.19 ^a	0.69±0.15 ^a	0.98±0.21 ^b	1.62±0.13 ^c
SSECH	0.69±0.16 ^a	0.92±0.21 ^{ab}	0.98±0.18 ^b	1.52±0.30 ^c

Note: Values with different superscripted letters in the same column are significantly different at $p < 0.05$. Uppercase letters represent significant differences between different particle sizes.