Supplementary information

Electrical response of organic molecule supported *preformed and in-situ formed* antimony sulfide nanoparticles under frequency domain

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Figure S1: Formation of antimony sulfide nanoparticles after the addition of sodium sulfide to the antimony-aniline complex, film form (sample was collected at the end of the experiment).

Figure: S2



Figure S2: (A) Comparative of polarization hysteresis pattern of preformed antimony sulfide nanoparticles (a) and antinomy-aniline complex (b) at 10 Hz. (B) Polarization hysteresis of antinomy-aniline complex (a) and antinomy-aniline complex in presence of methanol (b).





Figure S3: Variation of the resistance (R_2 and R_2) and capacitance (Q_1 and Q_2) components of *insitu* formed antimonysulfide with respect to the addition Na₂S.

Addition (Na ₂ S)	$R_1(\Omega)$	$Q_1(pF.s^{\alpha-1})$	α_1	$R_{2}\left(\Omega ight)$	$Q_2(pF.s^{\alpha-1})$	α_2	$W_d(\Omega)$
0	3.6×10 ⁶	10.20	0.92	-	-	-	-
1	2.12×10 ⁶	10.26	0.96	11.78×10^{6}	143.2	0.83	14.5×10^{6}
2	0.91×10 ⁶	11.13	0.96	10.79×10 ⁶	334.1	0.61	13.1×10 ⁶
3	0.67×10^{6}	12.30	0.97	5.51×10 ⁶	357.5	0.62	11.7×10^{6}
4	0.42×10 ⁶	12.80	0.97	4.21×10 ⁶	638.2	0.58	4.65×10^{6}
5	0.37×10 ⁶	13.10	0.96	1.85×10^{6}	921.1	0.57	1.06×10^{6}

Table S1: Fitting parameters extracted from the equivalent circuit model.