

Mononuclear Mn Complexes Featuring N, S-/N, N-donor and 1,3,5-triaza-7-phosphaadamantane ligands: Synthesis and Electrocatalytic Properties

Vishakha Kaim and Sandeep Kaur-Ghumaan*

Department of Chemistry, University of Delhi, Delhi 110007, India

Email: skaur@chemistry.du.ac.in

Electronic Supplementary Information

New Journal of Chemistry

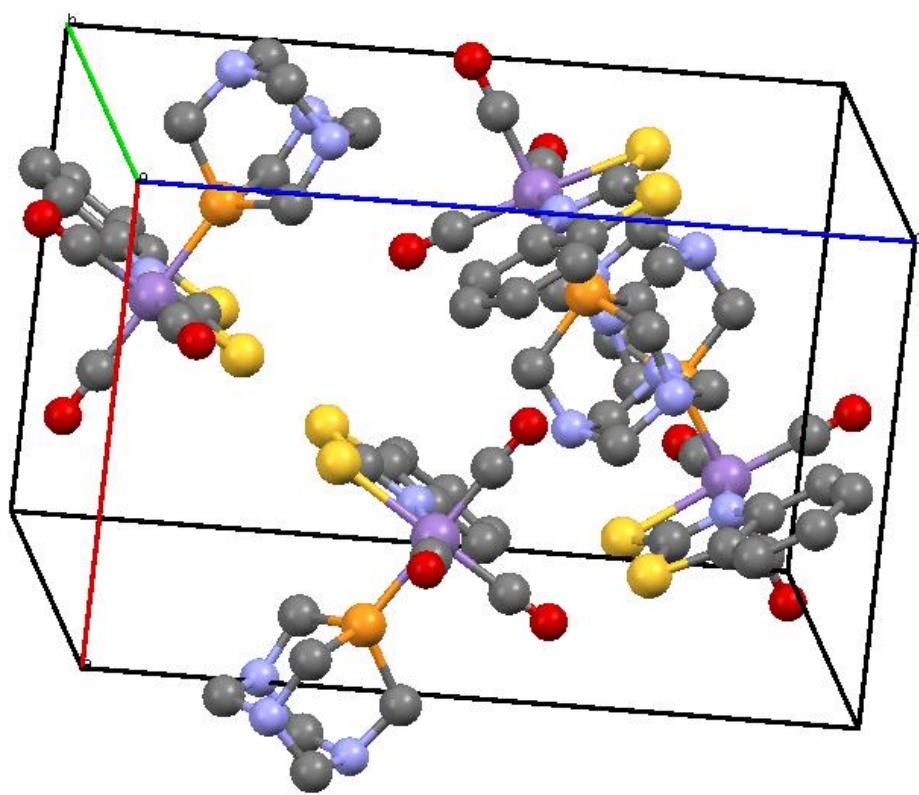


Figure S1. Crystal packing of complex **1** along the *b* axis.

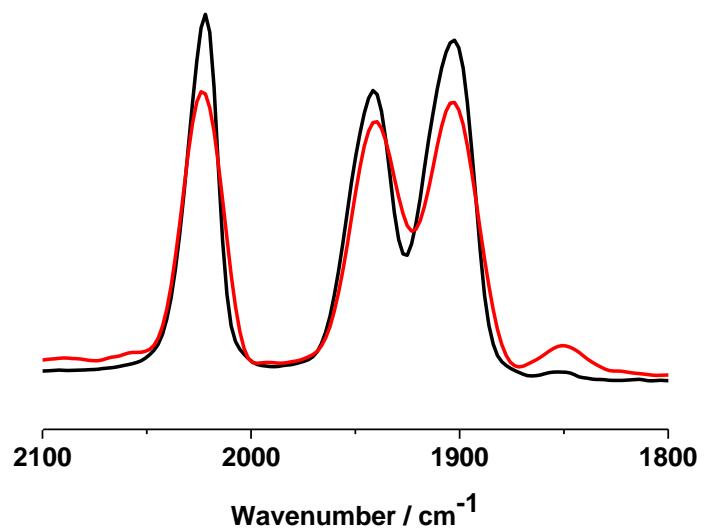
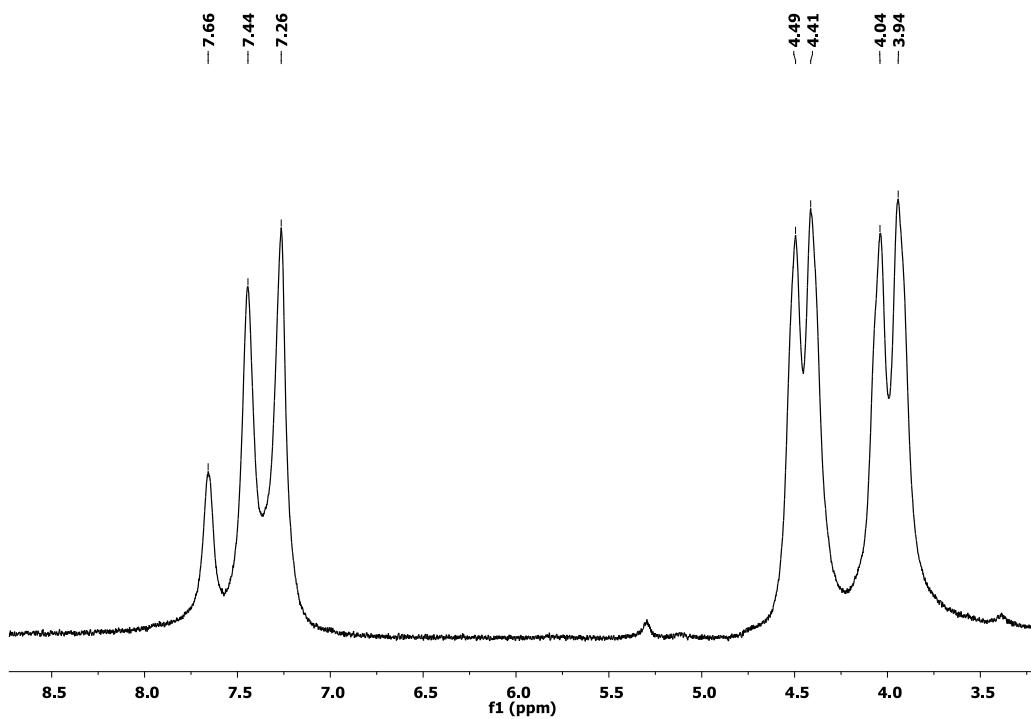


Figure S2. FTIR spectra for complexes **1** (—) and **2** (—) in dichloromethane.

a)



b)

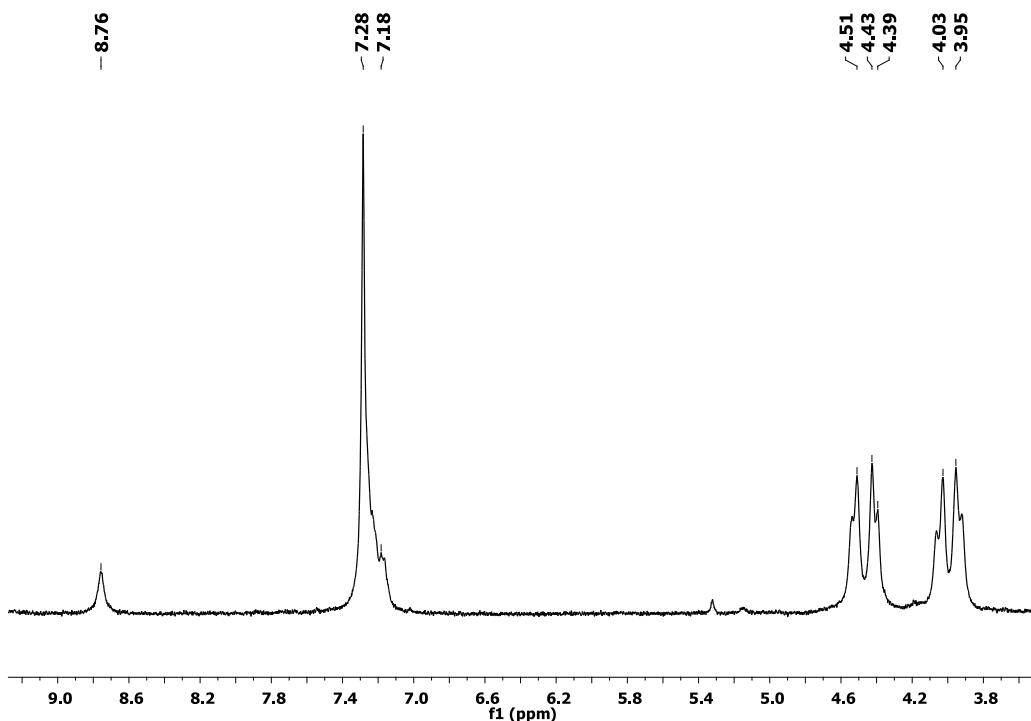
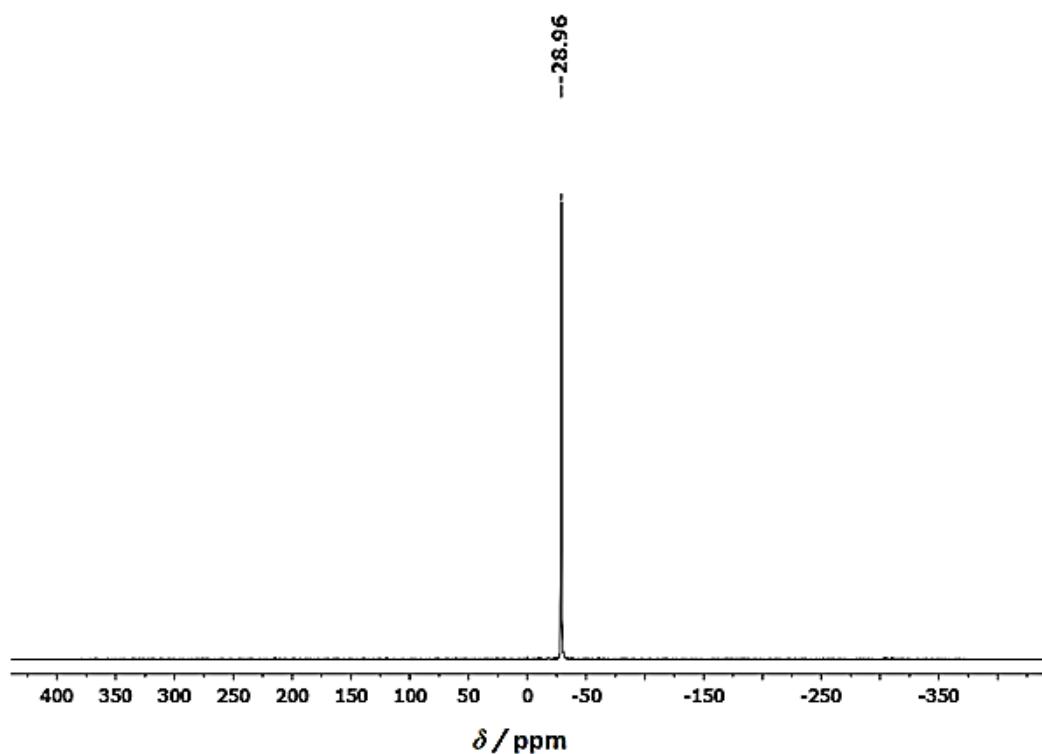


Figure S3. ¹H NMR spectra for complexes (a) **1** and (b) **2** (400 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K).

(a)



(b)

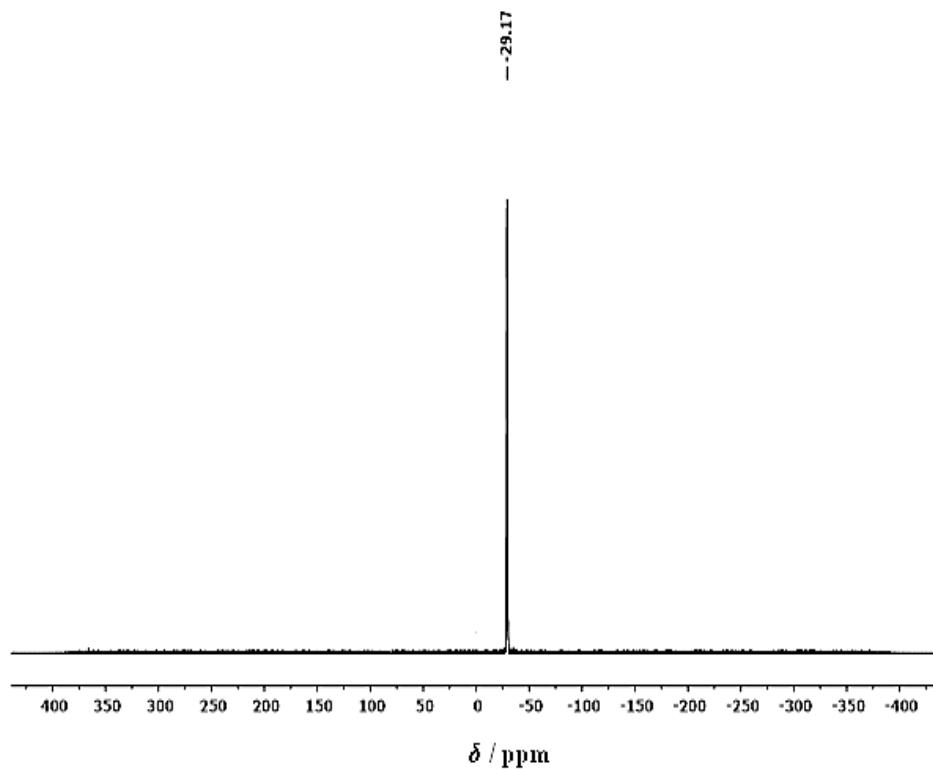


Figure S4. $^{31}\text{P} \{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectra for complexes (a) **1** and (b) **2** (161.8 MHz, CDCl_3 , 298 K).

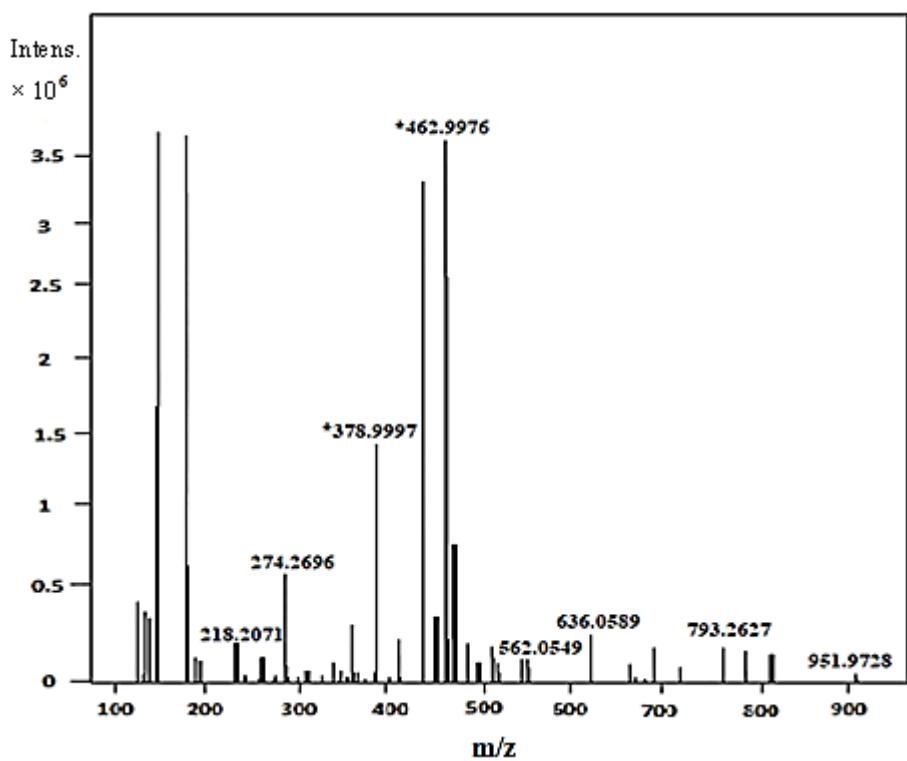


Figure S5. Mass spectrum in acetonitrile for complex **1**, m/z : M^+ peak at 462.99.

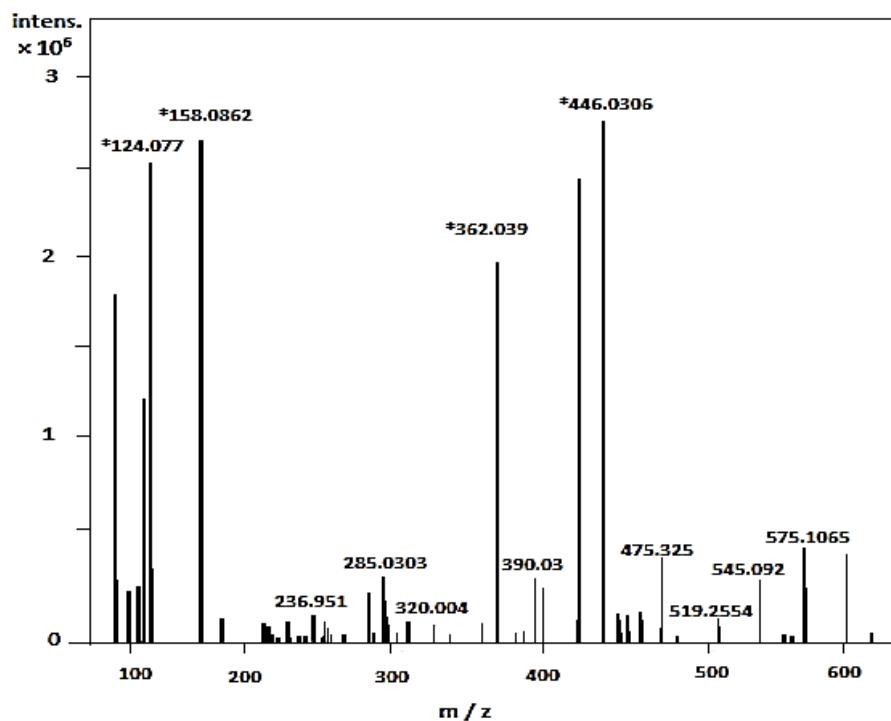


Figure S6. Mass spectrum in acetonitrile for complex **2**, m/z : M^+ peak at 446.03.

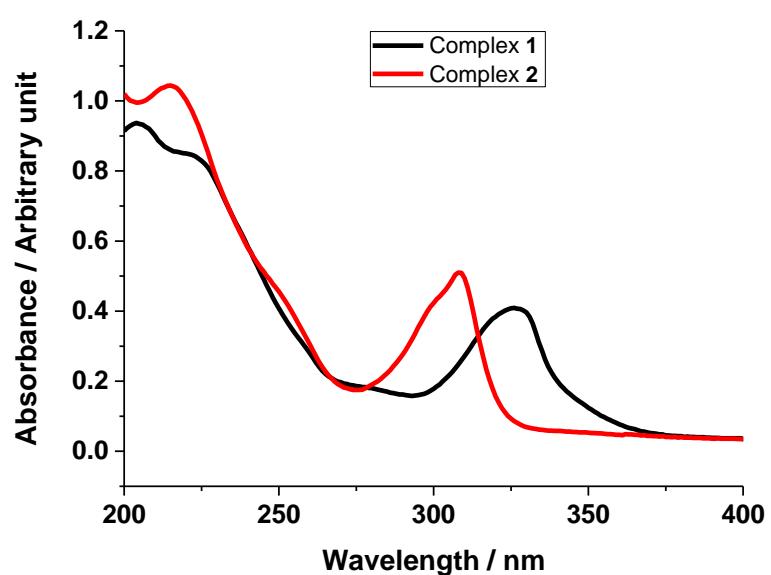


Figure S7. UV-Vis absorption spectra for complexes **1** (—) and **2** (—) in acetonitrile.

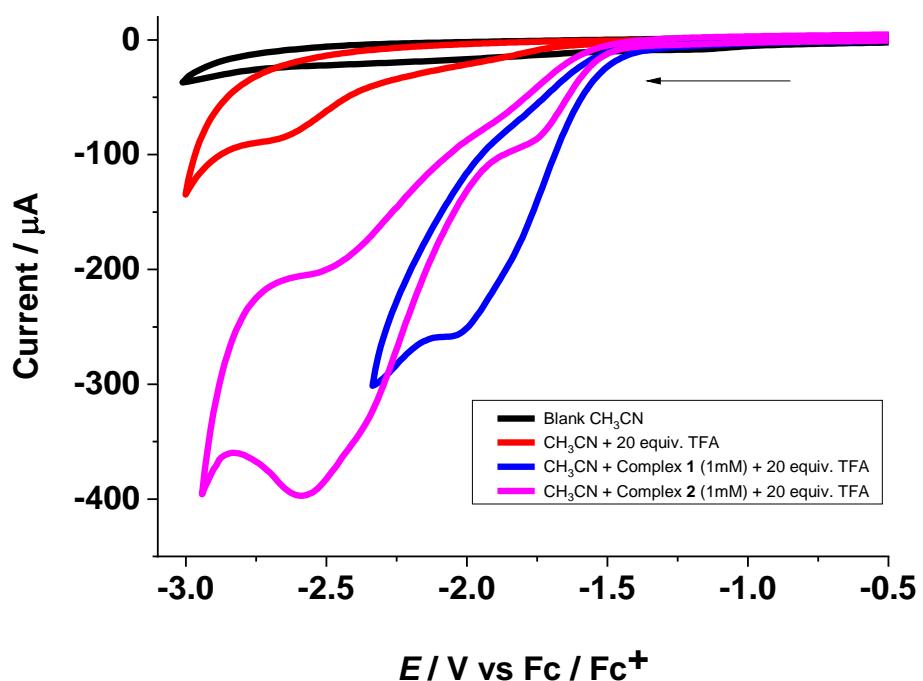


Figure S8. Cyclic voltammograms (0.1 Vs^{-1}) of CH_3CN (—), of CH_3CN and 19 mM (20 equiv.) TFA (—), of **1** (1 mM) (—) and of **2** (1 mM) (—) in the presence of 19 mM (20 equiv.) of TFA in CH_3CN at 0.1 Vs^{-1} .

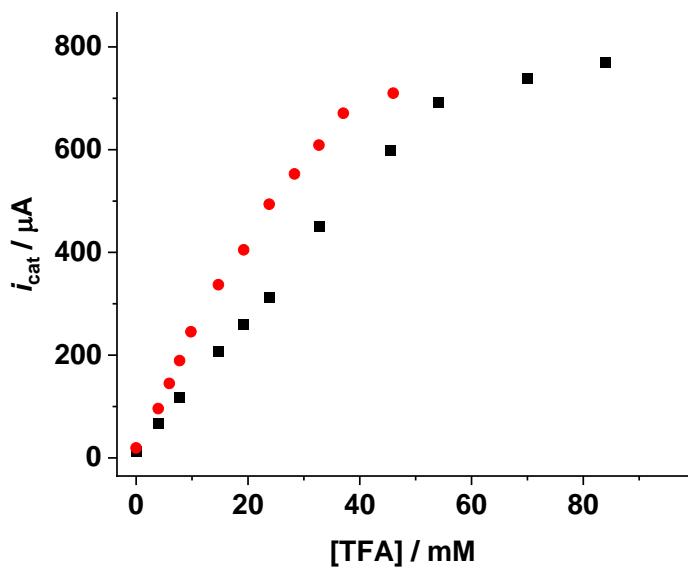


Figure S9. Plots of i_{cat} vs. [TFA]/mM for complexes **1** (■) and **2** (●) in 0.1 M $[\text{N}(\text{n-Bu}_4)]\text{[PF}_6]$ / CH_3CN . The negative sign for i_{cat} has been ignored.

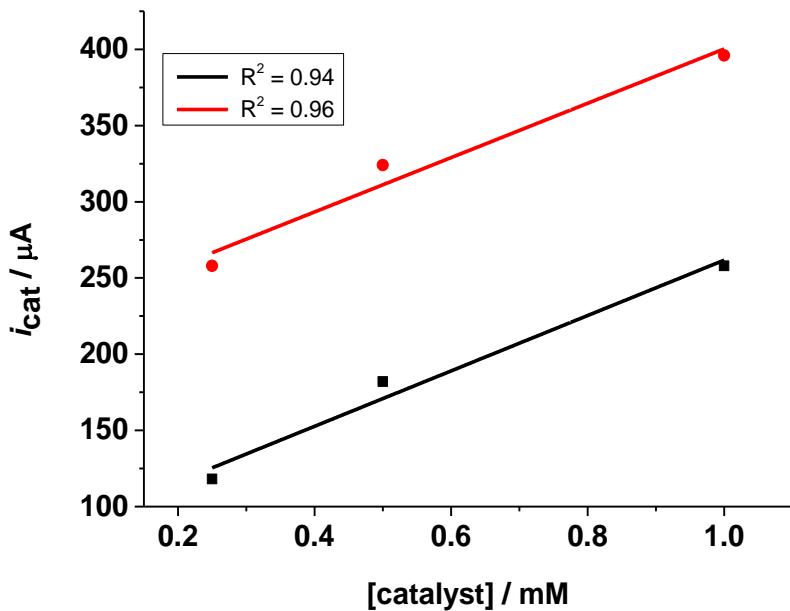


Figure S10. Dependence of i_{cat} on [catalyst] for complexes **1** (■) and **2** (●) in CH_3CN in the presence of 20 equiv. (19 mM) TFA. Lines are best fit lines to the data. The negative sign for i_{cat} has been ignored.

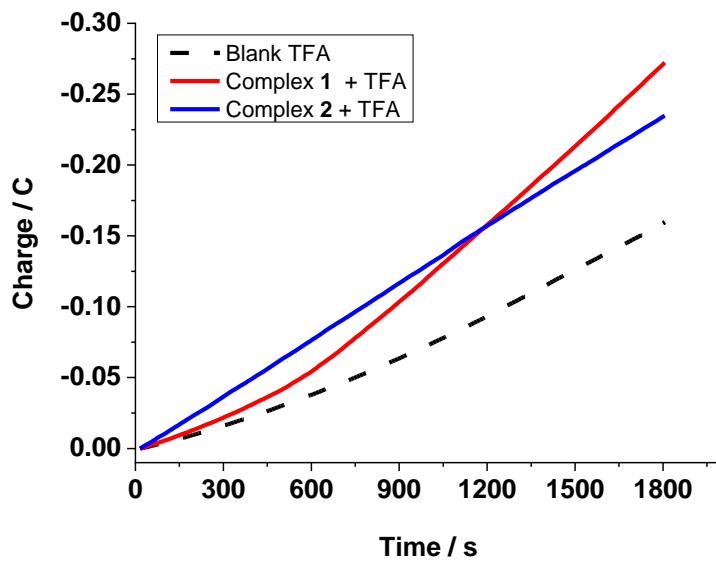


Figure S11. Plots of charge vs. time for controlled-potential electrolysis of blank TFA (---, 5.95 mM), complexes **1** (—) and **2** (—) (0.25 mM) in CH₃CN / 0.1 M [N(n-Bu₄)][PF₆] / 5.95 mM (20 equiv.) TFA.

$$TOF = \frac{\Delta C}{F \cdot n_1 \cdot n_2 \cdot t} = \frac{0.1198 \text{ C}}{96480 \text{ C} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} \times 2 \times 2.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol} \times 1800} = 1.38 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

Eq. S1. The calculation of TOF-complex **1** (TFA).

$$TOF = \frac{\Delta C}{F \cdot n_1 \cdot n_2 \cdot t} = \frac{0.0799 \text{ C}}{96480 \text{ C} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} \times 2 \times 2.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol} \times 1800} = 0.92 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

Eq. S2. The calculation of TOF- complex **2** (TFA).

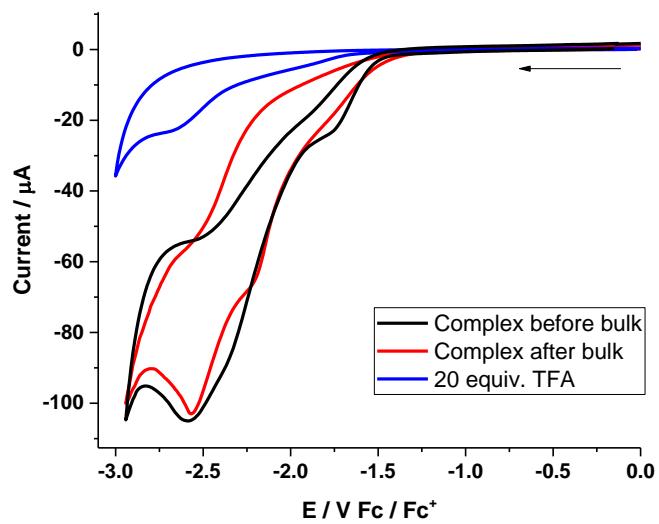


Figure S12. CVs of CH₃CN/20 equiv. TFA (—), and complex **2** (0.25 mM) in CH₃CN in the presence of 5.95 mM (20 equiv.) TFA before (—) and after (—) 30 min of bulk electrolysis.

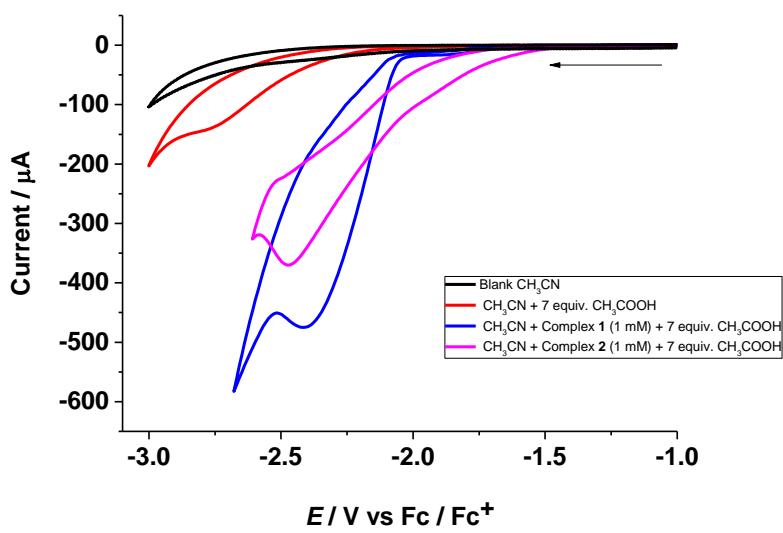


Figure S13. Cyclic voltammograms (0.1 Vs^{-1}) of $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}: \text{H}_2\text{O}$ (1:1) (—), of $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}: \text{H}_2\text{O}$ (1:1) and 7 mM (7 equiv.) CH_3COOH (—), of 1 mM **1** (—) and **2** (—) in the presence of 7 mM (7 equiv.) of CH_3COOH in $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}: \text{H}_2\text{O}$ (1:1) at 0.1 Vs^{-1} .

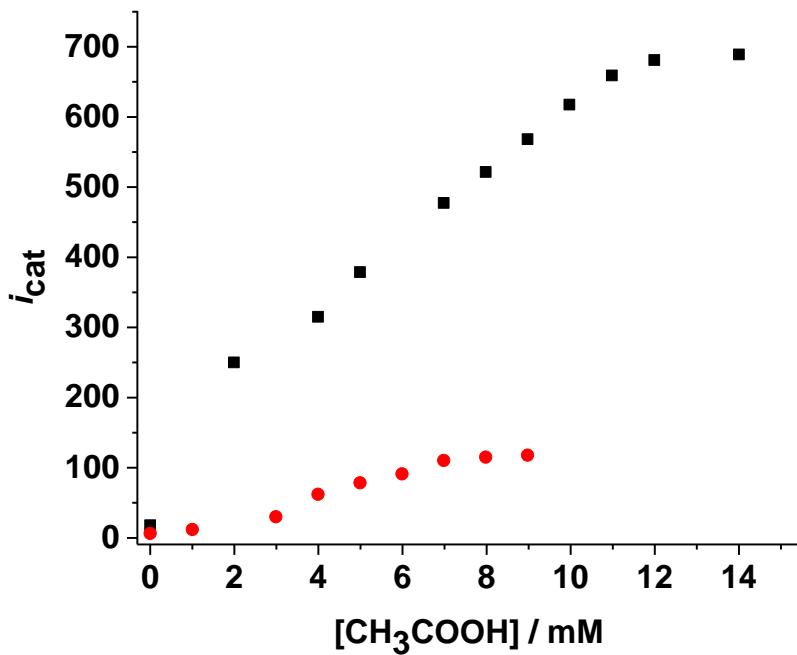


Figure S14. Plots of i_{cat} vs. $[\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}]$ / mM for complexes **1** (■) and **2** (●) in 0.1 M $[\text{N}(\text{n}-\text{Bu}_4)]\text{[PF}_6]$ / $\text{CH}_3\text{CN: H}_2\text{O}$ (1:1). The negative sign for i_{cat} has been ignored.

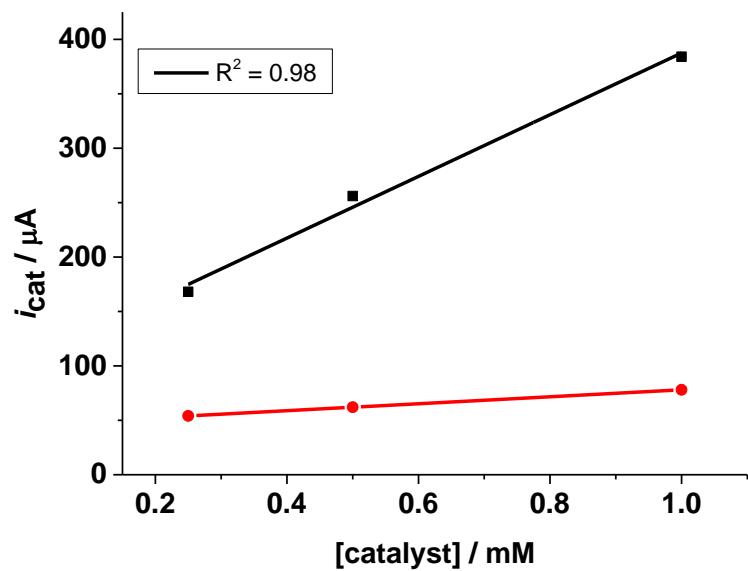


Figure S15. Dependence of i_{cat} on catalyst concentration for complexes **1** (■) and **2** (●) in 0.1 M $[\text{N}(\text{n-Bu}_4)]\text{[PF}_6]$ / $\text{CH}_3\text{CN:H}_2\text{O}$ (1:1) in the presence of 7 equiv. (7 mM) CH_3COOH . Lines are best fit lines to the data. The negative sign for i_{cat} has been ignored.

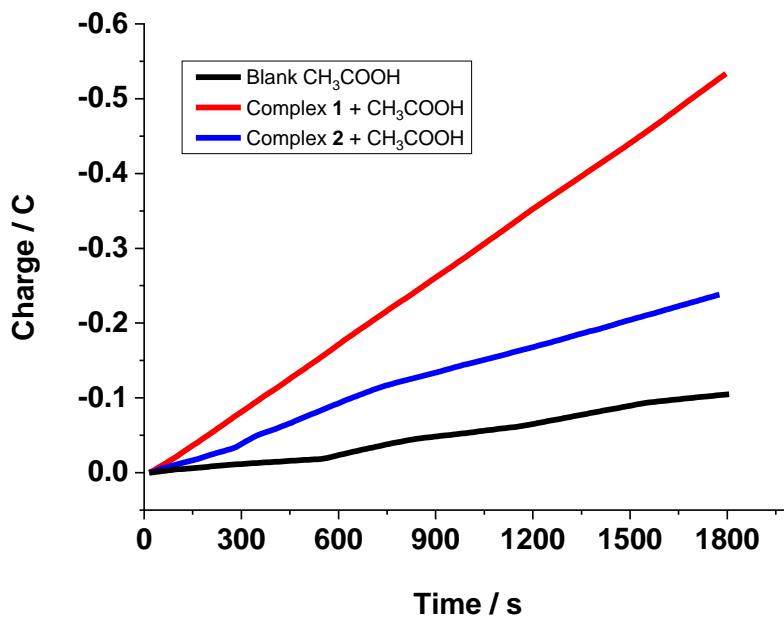


Figure S16. Plots of charge vs. time for controlled-potential electrolysis of blank CH₃COOH (—), complexes **1** (—), and **2** (—) (0.25 mM) in CH₃CN : H₂O / 0.1 M [N(n-Bu₄)][PF₆] / 6 mM (6 equiv.) CH₃COOH.

$$TOF = \frac{\Delta C}{F \cdot n_1 \cdot n_2 \cdot t} = \frac{0.4168 \text{ C}}{96480 \text{ C} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} \times 2 \times 2.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol} \times 1800} = 4.8 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

Eq. S3. The calculation of TOF-complex **1** (Acetic acid).

$$TOF = \frac{\Delta C}{F \cdot n_1 \cdot n_2 \cdot t} = \frac{0.1337 \text{ C}}{96480 \text{ C} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} \times 2 \times 2.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol} \times 1800} = 1.54 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

Eq. S4. The calculation of TOF- complex **2** (Acetic acid).

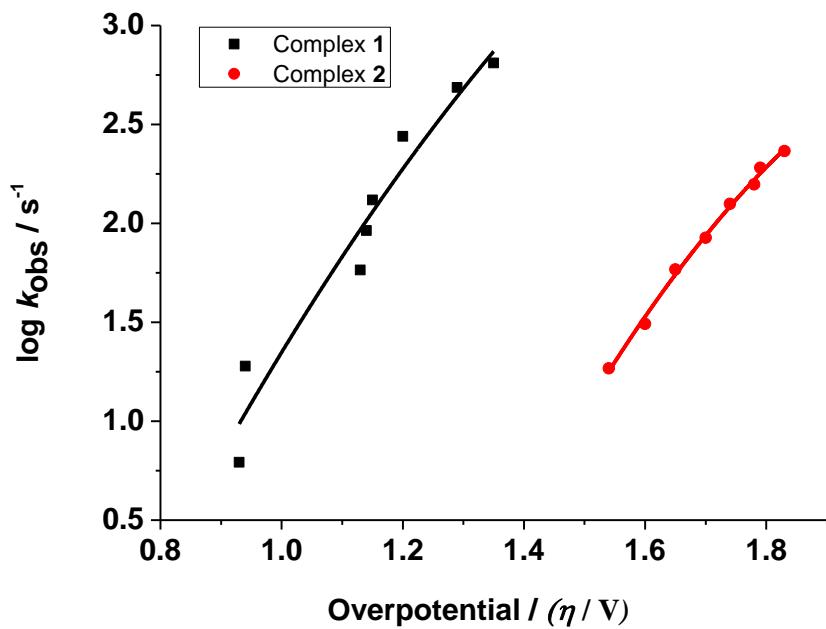


Figure S17. Tafel plots of $\log k_{\text{obs}}$ vs. overpotential for complexes **1** (■) and **2** (●) (CH_3CN).

Table S1. Selected bond lengths (\AA) and angles ($^{\circ}$) for complex **1**.

Bond lengths (\AA)	Bond angles ($^{\circ}$)
Mn(1)-P(1)	2.3049(19)
Mn(1)-S(1)	2.444(2)
Mn(1)-N(1)	2.063(6)
Mn(1)-C(4)	2.627(7)
Mn(1)-C(2)	1.867(10)
Mn(1)-C(3)	1.833(7)
Mn(1)-C(10)	1.807(7)
P(1)-C(16)	1.854(6)
P(1)-C(12)	1.838(7)
P(1)-C(11)	1.850(7)
S(2)-C(4)	1.743(7)
S(2)-C(10)	1.758(7)
S(1)-C(4)	1.707(7)
N(1)-C(5)	1.396(9)
N(1)-C(4)	1.317(9)
O(1)-C(1)	1.148(8)
O(3)-C(3)	1.143(9)
O(2)-C(2)	0.980(9)
	P(1)-Mn(1)-S(1)
	88.57(7)
	P(1)-Mn(1)-C(4)
	86.56(16)
	S(1)-Mn(1)-C(4)
	39.15(16)
	N(1)-Mn(1)-P(1)
	85.85(18)
	N(1)-Mn(1)-S(1)
	68.78(17)
	N(1)-Mn(1)-C(4)
	29.6(2)
	C(2)-Mn(1)-P(1)
	90.0(2)
	C(2)-Mn(1)-S(1)
	170.1(2)
	C(2)-Mn(1)-N(1)
	101.3(3)
	C(2)-Mn(1)-C(4)
	130.9(3)
	C(3)-Mn(1)-P(1)
	179.7(2)
	C(3)-Mn(1)-S(1)
	91.1(2)
	C(3)-Mn(1)-N(1)
	94.0(3)
	C(3)-Mn(1)-C(4)
	93.2(3)
	C(3)-Mn(1)-C(2)
	90.3(3)
	C(1)-Mn(1)-P(1)
	90.4(2)
	C(1)-Mn(1)-S(1)
	95.9(2)
	C(1)-Mn(1)-N(1)
	164.3(2)
	C(1)-Mn(1)-C(4)
	135.0(3)
	C(1)-Mn(1)-C(2)
	93.9(3)
	C(1)-Mn(1)-C(3)
	89.7(3)

Table S2. FTIR data for complexes **A**, **B**, **1** and **2** in dichloromethane.

Complexes	Wavenumber / cm ⁻¹
[Mn ₂ (CO) ₆ (μ-S ₂ NC ₇ H ₄) ₂] A	2036, 2012, 1919
[Mn ₂ (CO) ₆ (μ-SN ₂ C ₇ H ₅) ₂] B	2032, 2015, 1963, 1920
<i>fac</i> -[Mn(CO) ₃ (κ ² -S ₂ NC ₇ H ₄)(PTA)] 1	2022, 1941, 1902
<i>fac</i> -[Mn(CO) ₃ (κ ² -SN ₂ C ₇ H ₅)(PTA)] 2	2021, 1940, 1903

Table S3. UV-Vis data for complexes **1** and **2** in acetonitrile.

Complexes	Wavelength / nm
<i>fac</i> -[Mn(CO) ₃ (κ ² -S ₂ NC ₇ H ₄)(PTA)] 1	326, 222(sh), 204(sh)
<i>fac</i> -[Mn(CO) ₃ (κ ² -SN ₂ C ₇ H ₅)(PTA)] 2	308, 214(sh)