Supporting Information for

# Studies of cyanomethylcarbamoyl-bridged anthracene and pyrene fluorophores

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#### 1. Synthetic Procedures for Compounds 2-3



Scheme S-1 Stepwise synthetic procedures for compounds 2-3.

#### General Procedure for the synthesis of $\alpha$ -aminonitriles 5 and 7

 $\alpha$ -Aminonitriles **5** and **7** were prepared according to the literature procedure.<sup>1</sup> A cooled mixture of the corresponding aldehyde (1.0 mmol) in ammonium hydroxide (20 mL) and ethanol (10 mL) was stirred for 10 min. Sodium cyanide (NaCN) (0.050 g, 1.0 mmol) was added in small portions. Ammonium chloride (0.053 g, 1.0 mmol) was then added to the solution. The flask was securely stoppered and left under continuous stirring for 24 h at rt. The resulting product was extracted with chloroform (2 ×15 mL). The organic layers were combined and dried over anhydrous MgSO<sub>4</sub>. The organic solvent was removed under reduced pressure to give  $\alpha$ -aminonitriles as a solid.

**2-Amino-2-(anthracen-9-yl)acetonitrile (5).** 9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde (0.21 g, 1.0 mmol) was reacted according to the general procedure, yielding compound **5** (0.18 g, 87%) as an orange solid. m.p. 143-145 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.57 (1 H, s), 8.50 (2 H, d, *J* =9.0), 8.10

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Younes, E. A.; Hussein, N.; Shtaiwi, M.; Shahrokhi, F.; Safieh, K. A. A.; Zhao, Y. N-(Cyano(naphthalen-1-yl)methyl)benzamides: Synthesis, Crystal Structures, and Colorimetric Sensing of Fluoride Anions. *New J. Chem.* **2020**, *44*, 16546-16556.

(2 H, d, J = 8.5), 7.68 (2 H, ddd, J = 9.0, 6.6, 1.4), 7.60 -7.53 (2 H, m), 6.41 (1 H, s), 3.75 (1 H, q, J = 7.0), 2.31 (1 H, s) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  131.63, 130.06, 129.81, 128.92, 127.46, 125.32, 122.94, 121.41, 40.93 ppm; HRMS (APPI-TOF, negative mode) m/z calcd. for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>12</sub>N<sub>2</sub> 232.1000; found 232.0999 [M]<sup>+</sup>.

**2-Amino-2-(pyren-1-yl)acetonitrile (7).** 1-Pyrenecarboxaldehyde (0.23g, 1.0 mmol) was reacted according to the general procedure, yielding compound **7** (0.21g, 91%) as yellow solid. m.p. 116-119 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  8.51 (1 H, d, *J* = 9.3), 8.43- 8.27 (5 H, m), 8.28- 8.18 (2 H, m), 8.13 (1 H, t, *J* = 7.6), 6.09 (1 H, s), 3.13 (2 H, d, *J* = 7.2) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  131.78, 131.37, 131.22, 130.61, 128.49, 128.25, 127.83, 127.76, 127.00, 126.19, 126.05, 125.41, 125.32, 124.55, 124.21, 123.36, 122.87, 44.70 ppm; HRMS (APPI-TOF, positive mode) m/z calcd. for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>14</sub>N<sub>2</sub> 256.1000; found 256.0994 [M]<sup>+</sup>.

#### General procedure for acylation reaction

To a solution of (1.0 mmol) acyl chloride in dry THF (15 mL) at 0 °C were added  $\alpha$ -aminonitrile (1.0 mmol) and then triethylamine (1.0 mL). The resulting mixture was allowed to be slowly warmed up to room temperature and stirred for 3 h. The white precipitate of triethylammonium chloride was then removed by suction filtration. The solution was subjected to evaporation under reduced pressure, and the resulting crude solid product was purified by recrystallization from ethanol/water to afford pure acylated product.

N-(anthracen-9-yl(cyano)methyl)benzamide (2a). Benzoyl chloride (0.14 g, 1.0mmol) and 2-amino-2-(anthracen-9-yl)acetonitrile (5) (0.23g, 1.0 mmol) were reacted according to the general procedures, yielding compound 2a (0.10g, 70%) as an orange solid.

*N*-(anthracen-9-yl(cyano)methyl)-2-naphthamide (2b). 1-Naphthoyl chloride (0.19 g, 1.0mmol) and 2-amino-2-(anthracen-9-yl)acetonitrile (5) (0.23 g, 1.0 mmol) were reacted according to the general procedures, yielding compound 2b (0.42g, 90%) as an white solid.

*N*-(cyano(pyren-1-yl)methyl)benzamide (3a). Benzoyl chloride (0.14 g, 1.0 mmol) and 2-amino-2-(pyren-1-yl)acetonitrile (7) (0.26g, 1.0 mmol) were reacted according to the general procedures, yielding compound 3a (0.24, 63%) as a pale yellow solid.

N-(cyano(pyren-1-yl)methyl)-2-naphthamide (3b). 1-Naphthoyl chloride (0.19 g, 1.0 mmol) and 2-amino-2-(pyren-1-yl)acetonitrile (7) (0.26g, 1.0 mmol) were reacted according to the general procedures, yielding compound 3b (0.13 g, 52%) as a white solid.

# 2. NMR Spectra of Compounds 2-3



Fig. S-1 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of compound 2a.



Fig. S-2 <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of compound 2a.

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Fig. S-3 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of compound 2b.



Fig. S-4 <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of compound 2b.



**Fig. S-5** <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ) spectrum of compound **3a**.



Fig. S-6  $^{13}$ C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ) spectrum of compound 3a.



**Fig. S-7** <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ) spectrum of compound **3b**.



**Fig. S-8**  $^{13}$ C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ) spectrum of compound **3b**.

## 3. UV-Vis Titrations of Compounds 2-3 with TBAF



**Fig. S-9** UV-Vis absorption spectra monitoring the titration of **2a**  $(5.55 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M})$  with TBAF (from 0 to 65.1 equivalents) in DMSO. The arrow indicates the trend of increasing titration.



**Fig. S-10** UV-Vis absorption spectra monitoring the titration of **2b**  $(2.42 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M})$  with TBAF (from 0 to 211 equivalents) in DMSO. The arrow indicates the trend of increasing titration.



**Fig. S-11** UV-Vis absorption spectra monitoring the titration of **3a** ( $1.66 \times 10^{-5}$  M) with TBAF (from 0 to 120 equivalents) in DMSO. The arrow indicates the trend of increasing titration.



**Fig. S-12** Plots of absorbance change against molar equivalent of TBAF during the titration of **3a**  $(1.66 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M})$  with TBAF (from 0 to 120 equivalents) in DMSO. (A) at 347 nm, (B) at 368 nm. A<sub>0</sub> is the absorbance measured before titration, and A is the absorbance measured during the titration.



**Fig. S-13** UV-Vis absorption spectra monitoring the titration of **3b**  $(1.45 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M})$  with TBAF (from 0 to 123 equivalents) in DMSO. The arrow indicates the trend of increasing titration.



**Fig. S-14** Plots of absorbance change against molar equivalent of TBAF during the titration of **3b**  $(1.45 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M})$  with TBAF (from 0 to 123 equivalents) in DMSO. (A) at 347 nm, (B) at 368 nm. A<sub>0</sub> is the absorbance measured before titration, and A is the absorbance measured during the titration.

#### 4. <sup>1</sup>H NMR Titrations of Compounds 2a with TBAF

To understand the interactions of compounds 2 and 3 with fluoride anion in the solution phase, <sup>1</sup>H NMR titration experiment of 2a with TBAF in acetone- $d_6$  was conducted. As shown in Fig. S-15, the aromatic region of 2a was monitored during the titration process. Assignments of the amido N-H and various aromatic (phenyl and anthryl) protons in 2a are given in Scheme S-2.



**Fig. S-15** <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, acetone- $d_6$ ) spectra monitoring the titration of **2a** ( $1.7 \times 10^{-3}$  M) with TBAF. TBAF was added from 0.00 to 2.50 molar equiv (from bottom to top), and 0.125 molar equiv of TBAF was added in each step.



Scheme S-2 Stepwise interactions of 2a with fluoride anion in the solution phase.

The <sup>1</sup>H NMR titration results are in agreement with the two steps shown in Scheme S-2. In the first step, a hydrogen-bonded complex  $[2a + F]^{-}$  is formed, resulting in immediate dissapearance of the amido NH signal and significant shifts of other aromatic proton signals. The NMR patterns confirm that this step is a rapid equilibrium process. With increasing addition of TBAF, a new set of proton signals (highlighted by red color in Fig. S-15) emerge with increasing intensity, but no significant shifts in their resonance frequencies. These signals can be assigned to the deprotonation step illustrated in Scheme S-2, resulting in a deprotonated anion of **2a**. This assignment is further evidenced by the <sup>1</sup>H NMR titration experiment of **2a** with NaOH carried out in DMSO- $d_6$ . Herein, DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> was chosen as the solvent in consideration of the solubility of NaOH. As shown in Fig. S-16, after addition of more than 3.50 molar equiv of base (NaOH) into the solution of 2a, the <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum is significantly changed into a new spectral pattern that bears resemblance to the pattern observed at the end stage of the fluoride titiration (see Fig. S-15). Overall, our NMR titration results concur with the UV-Vis and fluorescence titration data, confirming that two steps take place when the cyanomethylcarbamoyl bridge of 2a is interacting with fluroide anion. This mechaism should be operative in the cases of 2b, and 3a/b as well, given that they contain the same cyanomethylcarbamoyl bridge in their molecular structures.



**Fig. S-16** <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ) spectra monitoring the titration of **2a** ( $1.7 \times 10^{-3}$  M) with NaOH. NaOH was added from 0.00 to 4.00 molar equiv (from bottom to top), and 0.50 molar equiv of NaOH was added in each step.

# 5. High-Resolution Mass Spectra for Compounds 2-3





Fig. S-17 High-resolution mass spectrum (APPI-TOF, positive mode) of compound 2a.

#### **Qualitative Compound Report**



Fig. S-18 High-resolution mass spectrum (APPI-TOF, positive mode) of compound 2b.

#### **Qualitative Compound Report**



Fig. S-19 High-resolution mass spectrum (APPI-TOF, positive mode) of compound 3a.

#### **Qualitative Compound Report**



Fig. S-20 High-resolution mass spectrum (APPI-TOF, positive mode) of compound 3b.

### 6. Concentration-Dependent Fluorescence Behavior of 2 and 3



Fig. S-21 Normalized fluorescence spectra of 2a measured in  $CH_2Cl_2$  at different concentrations ( $\lambda_{ex} = 345 \text{ nm}$ ).



Fig. S-22 Excitation spectrum of 2a ( $6.24 \times 10^{-5}$  M in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) monitoring the emission at 350 nm.



Fig. S-23 Normalized fluorescence spectra of 2b measured in  $CH_2Cl_2$  at different concentrations ( $\lambda_{ex} = 345 \text{ nm}$ ).



Fig. S-24 Excitation spectrum of 2b  $(3.75 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M in CH}_2\text{Cl}_2)$  monitoring the emission at 350 nm.



Fig. S-25 Normalized fluorescence spectra of 3a measured in  $CH_2Cl_2$  at different concentrations ( $\lambda_{ex} = 345 \text{ nm}$ ).



Fig. S-26 Excitation spectrum of 3a ( $5.82 \times 10^{-5}$  M in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) monitoring the emission at 380 nm.



Fig. S-27 Normalized fluorescence spectra of 3b measured in  $CH_2Cl_2$  at different concentrations ( $\lambda_{ex} = 345 \text{ nm}$ ).



Fig. S-28 Excitation spectrum of 3b ( $2.55 \times 10^{-5}$  M in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) monitoring the emission at 380 nm.

# 7. Detailed Results of DFT and TD-DFT Calculations

Cartesian coordinates and optimized **2a** in gas phase: E(RB3LYP) = -1071.090425 hartees; Dipole Moment = 5.911315 Debye; Basis Set = 6-311+G(d,p).

0	-2.12340	-1.79460	1.25280
N	-1.19620	0.22790	0.78700
Н	-1.20810	1.01790	0.16100
Ν	0.36160	1.25680	3.68820
С	-2.20880	-0.70150	0.71240
С	-3.41900	-0.29240	-0.07370
С	-3.78490	1.04400	-0.27390
H	-3.20440	1.84740	0.16560
С	-4.93060	1.35630	-1.00190
Н	-5.21370	2.39330	-1.14160
С	-5.71660	0.33790	-1.53780
Н	-6.60700	0.58230	-2.10590
С	-5.36180	-0.99570	-1.33280
Н	-5.97530	-1.78990	-1.74260
С	-4.22390	-1.31000	-0.59770
Н	-3.94220	-2.33950	-0.41540
С	0.06260	-0.10020	1.45440
Н	-0.07600	-1.12460	1.79550
С	0.23590	0.68240	2.69610
С	1.27300	-0.02610	0.52330
С	1.90220	-1.22540	0.11160
С	1.47290	-2.53650	0.50400
Н	0.59570	-2.66570	1.12340
С	2.13190	-3.66010	0.08590
Н	1.77470	-4.63420	0.40000
С	3.27130	-3.57210	-0.75910
H	3.78030	-4.47590	-1.07340
С	3.70890	-2.34840	-1.17580
Н	4.57020	-2.26150	-1.82960
С	3.04670	-1.14890	-0.76930
С	3.48790	0.09420	-1.22040
H	4.34390	0.14000	-1.88640
С	2.85540	1.27970	-0.84690
С	3.30850	2.54140	-1.34020
H	4.15970	2.55310	-2.01280
С	2.69080	3.70480	-0.97980
H	3.04270	4.65650	-1.36060
С	1.58250	3.66600	-0.09160
H	1.10360	4.59220	0.20520
С	1.12010	2.47750	0.40580
H	0.29500	2.50410	1.10490
С	1.72680	1.22800	0.05140

Cartesian coordinates and optimized **2b** in gas phase: E(RB3LYP) = -1224.764192 hartees; Dipole Moment = 5.797833 Debye; Basis Set = 6-311+G(d,p).

0	-1.48850	0.89940	1.93780
Ν	-0.31560	-0.79490	0.97800
Н	-0.30460	-1.47700	0.23550
Ν	1.78120	-2.05330	3.40630
С	-1.47090	-0.08290	1.21050
C	-2 68800	-0 62970	0 52040
C	-2 92050	-1 99130	0.55630
U U	-2 22640	-2 64030	1 07810
П	-2.22040	-2.04030	1.07010
C II	-4.07190	-2.55360	-0.03470
H	-4.23580	-3.62320	0.02550
С	-4.97690	-1.74450	-0.67390
Η	-5.86330	-2.16810	-1.13450
С	-4.77860	-0.34100	-0.74260
С	-5.70800	0.49790	-1.41200
Н	-6.57820	0.04380	-1.87420
С	-5.51240	1.85520	-1.47710
Н	-6.22870	2.48630	-1.99070
С	-4.37420	2.43250	-0.87070
H	-4.22700	3.50540	-0.92200
C	-3 45430	1 65160	-0.21150
U U	-2 60070	2 10890	0.26810
II C	-3 62380	2.10000	-0 12610
C	-3.02300	0.24300	-0.12010
	0.95560	-0.36990	1.30110
H	0.70050	0.52590	2.12450
С	1.42/60	-1.32940	2.58110
С	2.01770	-0.03440	0.51350
С	2.39070	1.31660	0.31540
С	1.83570	2.42180	1.04210
Н	1.05710	2.26260	1.77550
С	2.24780	3.70660	0.81630
Н	1.80260	4.51570	1.38410
С	3.24450	3.99890	-0.15380
Н	3,55800	5.02410	-0.31250
C	3 79260	2 98430	-0 88360
н	4 54800	3 18830	-1 63500
C C	3 38850	1 62810	-0 68440
C	3 9/130	0 60250	-1 //000
	3.94130	0.00230	-1.44990
H	4.68400	0.84800	-2.20260
C	3.56230	-0.72890	-1.28040
С	4.12650	-1.76210	-2.08960
H	4.85860	-1.48330	-2.84000
С	3.75800	-3.06710	-1.92830
Н	4.19200	-3.84300	-2.54810
С	2.80350	-3.40990	-0.93320
Н	2.52460	-4.44840	-0.79630
С	2.24170	-2.44940	-0.13610
Н	1.54600	-2.76600	0.62940
С	2.58590	-1.06460	-0.27190

Cartesian coordinates and optimized **3a** in gas phase: E(RB3LYP) = -1147.353813 hartees; Dipole Moment = 5.707460 Debye; Basis Set = 6-311+G(d,p).

0	-2.89720	-0.11380	-1.97140
Ν	-2.13640	0.99280	-0.14230
Н	-2.28550	1.22080	0.82850
Ν	-2.04040	4.26040	-1.09760
С	-2.95570	0.08440	-0.76570
С	-3.91620	-0.65350	0.11910
С	-3.69100	-0.86840	1.48410
Н	-2.77790	-0.52280	1.95620
С	-4.61910	-1.57460	2.24560
Н	-4.43120	-1.74740	3.29900
С	-5.78000	-2.06640	1.65170
Н	-6.50340	-2.61280	2.24630
С	-6.00490	-1.86260	0.29010
Н	-6.90450	-2.24860	-0.17560
С	-5.07410	-1.16770	-0.47470
Н	-5.22570	-1.01250	-1.53560
С	-1.16280	1.79220	-0.88610
Н	-1.16530	1.37800	-1.89750
С	-1.64310	3.18160	-1.01180
С	0.23550	1.70890	-0.27650
С	0.71880	2.74670	0.52050
Н	0.11430	3.63500	0.66440
С	1.96990	2.67640	1.12080
Н	2.32150	3.50050	1.73170
С	2.78720	1.55530	0.94020
С	4.08590	1.45470	1.54530
Н	4.43090	2.27890	2.16050
С	4.86930	0.36170	1.35680
Н	5.84840	0.30110	1.82020
С	4.42900	-0.73710	0.54390
С	5.22180	-1.87450	0.33550
Н	6.19960	-1.92890	0.80210
С	4.76890	-2.92480	-0.45840
Н	5.39690	-3.79560	-0.60810
С	3.51680	-2.86380	-1.06070
Н	3.16860	-3.68450	-1.67870
С	2.68880	-1.74530	-0.88020
С	1.39400	-1.64450	-1.48470
Н	1.04690	-2.46530	-2.10350
С	0.60120	-0.55490	-1.30080
Н	-0.37050	-0.53460	-1.77790
С	1.02720	0.55530	-0.49030
С	2.31540	0.48180	0.12620
С	3.14270	-0.66470	-0.07010

Cartesian coordinates and optimized **3a** in gas phase: E(RB3LYP) = -1301.027717 hartees; Dipole Moment = 5.369467 Debye; Basis Set = 6-311+G(d,p).

0	-2.11390	0.25260	-1.79050
N	-1.22220	1.23370	0.05110
Н	-1 30820	1 39800	1 04280
N	-0 93410	4 53110	-0 75350
C	-2 11010	0 20210	-0 57520
	-2.11010	0.39310	-0.57520
C	-3.03040	-0.34920	0.35120
C	-2.50800	-0.93510	1.48850
Н	-1.44710	-0.85390	1.69690
С	-3.32180	-1.68080	2.36770
Н	-2.88010	-2.14250	3.24300
С	-4.66140	-1.82080	2.10630
Н	-5.29580	-2.38870	2.77880
С	-5.24490	-1.23270	0.95420
С	-4.42320	-0.49130	0.04310
С	-0.22350	2.00190	-0.69250
н	-0.29300	1.64030	-1.72160
C	-0 61040	3 42490	-0 73220
C	1 19910	1 70330	-0 14670
C	1 77120	2 75220	-0.14070
	1.02450	2.75520	0.00070
H	1.23450	3.67050	0.894/0
C	3.03680	2.56880	1.22340
Н	3.46700	3.33440	1.85980
С	3.76850	1.40750	0.95240
С	5.08010	1.18990	1.49590
H	5.50400	1.95600	2.13640
С	5.77970	0.05930	1.21960
Н	6.76980	-0.08970	1.63730
С	5.23440	-0.96360	0.37210
С	5.93950	-2.13810	0.07360
Н	6.92890	-2.28110	0.49460
С	5.38560	-3.11310	-0.75180
н	5 94690	-4 01420	-0.97150
C	4 11780	-2 93840	-1 29630
U U	3 60000	-3 70070	_1 03010
II C	2 27540		-1 02500
C	2 06900	-1.77090 1.56120	-1.02J00 1 56960
	2.00000	-1.30130	-1.30000
н	1.04200	-2.32350	-2.21250
C	1.35890	-0.43290	-1.29/20
H	0.37350	-0.32350	-1.73210
С	1.89040	0.60270	-0.45090
С	3.19370	0.41190	0.10630
С	3.93290	-0.77470	-0.18200
С	-5.03690	0.08600	-1.10160
С	-6.63280	-1.36630	0.68670
С	-6.38530	-0.06170	-1.32630
С	-7.19350	-0.79380	-0.42790
Н	-8.25470	-0.90130	-0.62200
 H	-7 24420	-1 92960	1 38380
	,		

Н	-6.83330	0.38630	-2.20610
Н	-4.42700	0.63010	-1.80860

	Minor contribs					H-5->LUMO (4%)	H-3->LUMO (3%)	3- HOMO->L+3 (3%)	H-6->L+1 (5%), H-4->LUMO (5%), H-3->LUMO (5%), H-2->LUMO (6%), HOMO->L+4 (3%)	H-6->L+1 (4%), H-3->LUMO (5%), HOMO->L+5 (3%)	H-6->LUMO (4%), H-4->LUMO (5%), H-3->LUMO (9%), H-2->L+1 (2%), HOMO->L+5 (2%)	H-5->L+1 (2%), H-3->LUMO (4%), H-2->L+1 (3%), HOMO->L+4 (2%), HOMO->L+6 (3%)	H-5->LUMO (6%)	H-4->L+1 (7%), H-3->L+3 (4%), H-2->L+1 (7%), H-1->LUMO (9%)	H-5->L+1 (5%), H-4->L+1 (3%), H-3->L+3 (2%), H-2->L+1 (2%), H-2- >L+3 (5%)		H-7->LUMO (2%), HOMO->L+5 (5%)	H-7->LUMO (3%), HOMO->L+5 (3%), HOMO->L+6 (4%), HOMO- >L+9 (3%)	H-7->LUMO (4%), H-6->L+1 (2%), H-4->L+1 (4%), H-3->L+3 (4%)	H-3->L+2 (7%), H-1->L+2 (3%), HOMO->L+8 (6%), HOMO->L+9 (2%)	H-7->LUMO (2%), H-5->L+1 (7%), H-3->L+1 (3%), HOMO->L+9 (3%)
	Symmetry Major contribs	Singlet-A HOMO->LUMO (98%)	Singlet-A H-1->LUMO (37%), HOMO->L+1 (30%), HOMO->L+2 (33%)	Singlet-A H-1->LUMO (16%), HOMO->L+1 (70%), HOMO->L+2 (14%)	Singlet-A H-4->LUMO (62%), H-3->LUMO (15%), HOMO->L+4 (21%)	Singlet-A H-2->LUMO (93%)	Singlet-A HOMO->L+3 (92%)	H-6->LUMO (13%), H-5->LUMO (13%), H-4->LUMO (12%), H- Singlet-A >LUMO (58%)	Singlet-A H-5->LUMO (33%), H-5->L+1 (21%), H-2->L+1 (20%)	H-6->LUMO (12%), H-5->LUMO (12%), H-5->L+1 (13%), H-4- Singlet-A >LUMO (11%), H-2->L+1 (18%), HOMO->L+4 (18%)	Singlet-A H-5->LUMO (19%), HOMO->L+4 (51%)	Singlet-A H-6->LUMO (40%), H-5->LUMO (11%), HOMO->L+5 (28%)	Singlet-A H-6->LUMO (28%), HOMO->L+5 (52%)	H-5->l+1 (10%), H-3->l+1 (26%), H-2->l+3 (10%), H-1->l+1 Singlet-A (12%), HOMO->l+2 (10%)	H-3->L+1 (13%), H-1->LUMO (15%), H-1->L+1 (34%), HOMO- Singlet-A >L+2 (16%)	Singlet-A H-1->LUMO (19%), H-1->L+1 (53%), HOMO->L+2 (23%)	Singlet-A HOMO->L+6 (77%), HOMO->L+7 (11%)	Singlet-A HOMO->L+7 (71%), HOMO->L+8 (14%)	Singlet-A H-5->L+1 (24%), H-3->L+1 (38%), H-2->L+1 (20%)	Singlet-A H-8->LUMO (18%), H-4->L+2 (33%), H-1->L+4 (21%)	Singlet-A H-4->L+1 (64%), HOMO->L+8 (11%)
	Osc. Strength	0.0941	0.002	0.002	0.0017	0.0024	0.0014	0.0048	0.0042	0.0082	0.0033	0.0006	0.0318	0.2297	0.5271	0.7151	0.0438	0.0197	0.2373	0.0032	0.0221
100	Wavelength (nm)	397.4107091	326.008238	325.7598345	280.5707015	276.4480658	270.3124098	268.3233991	261.990096	260.2195211	259.5875236	255.5532052	252.9463706	246.7494438	245.9759806	244.8586808	241.8165724	233.2108062	228.9347508	227.2146041	226.9068886
	Energy (cm-1)	25162.88508	30674.07149	30697.46157	35641.64022	36173.15959	36994.23199	37268.4605	38169.3818	38429.09232	38522.65264	39130.79468	39534.07189	40526.94039	40654.37599	40839.88351	41353.65868	42879.65966	43680.56821	44011.25553	44070.94056
	No.	1	2	£	4	S	9	7	00	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20

**Table S-1** TD-DFT calculated electronic transitions, oscillator strength (*f*), and MO composition for compounds **2a**.

											О (2%), H-5->L+5 (2%)	(2%)				2(2%), НОМО->L+5 (8%), НОМО->L+7				), H-1->L+4 (4%)
Minor contribs					H-3->L+3 (3%)				H-5->L+1 (2%)		H-6->LUMO (5%), H-5->LUM(	H-5->L+1 (2%), HOMO->L+6 (	H-5->LUMO (7%)		HOMO->L+6 (8%)	H-8->LUMO (4%), H-6->LUM( (4%)			HOMO->L+6 (4%)	H-7->L+1 (5%), H-3->L+3 (4%
Major contribs	HOMO->LUMO (98%)	H-1->LUMO (100%)	HOMO->L+1 (99%)	H-2->LUMO (53%), HOMO->L+2 (47%)	H-1->L+1 (94%)	H-3->LUMO (99%)	H-3->L+1 (57%), H-1->L+3 (41%)	H-5->LUMO (21%), H-4->LUMO (56%), HOMO->L+4 (21%)	H-5->LUMO (64%), H-4->LUMO (28%)	HOMO->L+3 (96%)	H-5->L+1 (50%), H-4->L+1 (30%)	H-6->LUMO (89%)	H-4->LUMO (12%), HOMO->L+4 (73%)	H-2->L+1 (99%)	HOMO->L+5 (88%)	HOMO->L+6 (75%)	H-1->L+2 (99%)	H-2->LUMO (43%), HOMO->L+2 (48%)	HOMO->L+7 (79%), HOMO->L+8 (11%)	H-1->L+5 (83%)
ı Symmetry	Singlet-A	Singlet-A	Singlet-A	Singlet-A	Singlet-A	Singlet-A	Singlet-A	Singlet-A	Singlet-A	Singlet-A	Singlet-A	Singlet-A	Singlet-A	Singlet-A	Singlet-A	Singlet-A	Singlet-A	Singlet-A	Singlet-A	Singlet-A
Osc. Strengt	0.0948	0	0.0003	0.0017	0.1203	0.0002	0.0019	0.0013	0.0011	0.0013	0.0076	0.0056	0.0012	0	0.0189	0.0141	0.0006	1.2792	0.0155	0.0287
Wavelength (nm)	397.1688279	346.111867	344.1710888	325.854012	304.0542291	286.582514	285.1063376	280.3423168	271.6390093	270.0592311	265.3828057	262.6004851	259.4788686	256.1074818	253.7072439	252.9205708	251.3362923	245.8345422	241.2801016	239.6663439
Energy (cm-1)	25178.20961	28892.39276	29055.31675	30688.58947	32888.86995	34893.96426	35074.63245	35670.67618	36813.5638	37028.91384	37681.41637	38080.66081	38538.78373	39046.10646	39415.50839	39538.10466	39787.32998	40677.76607	41445.60589	41724.67372
No.	1	2	ę	4	S	9	7	ø	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20

**Table S-2** TD-DFT calculated electronic transitions, oscillator strength (f), and MO composition for compounds **2b**.

								.UMO (3%)		.+1 (8%)			(3%), H-3->L+3	1<-01000 (%c) 0	00->L+7 (7%)			100->L+7 (4%)		
Minor contribs	H-1->L+2 (6%)		H-1->LUMO (7%)	H-3->LUMO (6%), H-2->LUMO (6%)				H-5->LUMO (2%), H-5->L+1 (8%), H-3->LUMO (4%), H-3->L+1 (5%), H-2->LI	H-4->LUMO (4%)	H-6->LUMO (6%), H-5->L+1 (2%), H-2->LUMO (6%), H-2->L+1 (3%), H-1->L-	H-6->L+1 (9%), H-5->L+1 (9%), H-4->LUMO (3%), H-3->L+1 (6%)	H-7->LUMO (7%), H-4->L+1 (2%)	H-7->LUMO (7%), H-5->L+1 (6%), H-4->L+1 (8%), H-4->L+3 (3%), H-3->L+1 ( [3%), H-2->L+1 (3%), H-1->L+2 (3%) Н Л А 1-2 (6%) Н З А 1-2 (6%) Н Э А 1-4 (2%) Н Э А 1-4 2(2%) Н Л А 1-4 2(2%)	1.2%), numu-2,1,2 (2%), n-2-2(1,2%), n-2-2(1,2%), numu-2(1,2%), numu-2(1,2%), numu-2(1,2%), numu-2(1,2%), numu	H-7->LUMO (4%), H-5->LUMO (4%), H-1->L+4 (4%), HOMO->L+5 (3%), HOI	Н-З->L+1 (7%), Н-2->L+1 (4%), НОМО->L+6 (8%)	H-7->LUMO (7%), H-4->LUMO (2%)	H-7->LUMO (8%), H-5->L+1 (6%), H-4->L+1 (5%), HOMO->LUMO (3%), HOI	H-З->L+1 (7%), НОМО->L+6 (4%), НОМО->L+8 (5%)	
Symmetr y Major contribs	Singlet-A HOMO->LUMO (90%)	Singlet-A H-1->LUMO (40%), HOMO->L+1 (19%), HOMO->L+2 (39%)	Singlet-A HOMO->L+1 (78%), HOMO->L+2 (14%)	Singlet-A HOMO->L+4 (84%)	H-3->LUMO (30%), H-2->LUMO (27%), H-1->LUMO (13%), HOMO- Singlet-A >L+2 (12%), HOMO->L+4 (14%)	H-3->LUMO (12%), H-2->LUMO (16%), H-1->LUMO (35%), HOMO- Singlet-A >L+2 (30%)	Singlet-A HOMO->L+3 (99%)	Singlet-A H-6->L+1 (12%), H-2->L+1 (14%), H-1->L+1 (46%)	H-5->LUMO (15%), H-3->LUMO (20%), H-2->LUMO (25%), H-1- Singlet-A >L+1 (22%), HOMO->L+5 (11%)	H-5->LUMO (14%), H-4->LUMO (15%), H-3->LUMO (10%), HOMO- Singlet-A >L+5 (27%)	H-3->LUMO (14%), H-2->LUMO (12%), H-2->L+1 (19%), H-1->L+1 Singlet-A (21%)	Singlet-A H-4->LUMO (60%), HOMO->L+5 (21%)	Singlet-A H-5->LUMO (39%), HOMO->L+5 (16%) H 5 >LUMO (19%) H 7 >L1MO (11%) H 7 >L1	п-э->LUMU (13%), п-э->L+1 (14%), п-4->L0MU (11%), п-4->L+1 Singlet-A (27%)	Singlet-A HOMO->L+6 (68%)	Singlet-A H-3->L+2 (17%), H-2->L+2 (15%), H-1->L+4 (44%)	Singlet-A H-6->LUMO (85%)	Singlet-A H-3->L+1 (15%), H-1->L+2 (45%)	Singlet-A HOMO->L+7 (74%)	
Osc. itrength	0.3312	0.0064	0.0117	0.0033	0.0635	0.2392	0.0004	0.0234	0.0094	0.003	0.0056	0.0138	0.0596	0.006	0.0021	0.0008	0.0087	0.5305	0.0114	
Wavelength (nm)	350.8225376	337.0143059	321.7109759	288.3822785	278.3534485	274.7085126	268.7945909	264.2346725	260.6352596	257.8867088	256.5207891	251.6679042	248.0279127	244.5399361	243.0109624	241.4069453	238.7065711	234.7029739	232.9303994	

**Table S-3** TD-DFT calculated electronic transitions, oscillator strength (*f*), and MO composition for compounds **3a**.

Minor contribs	H-2->L+2 (5%), HOMO->L+1 (9%)	HOMO->LUMO (8%)			H-3->L+3 (3%)		H-3->LUMO (5%)			H-5->L+1 (5%), H-4->LUMO (3%), H-2->LUMO (5%), HOMO- >L+2 (8%)	H-3->L+1 (4%)		H-6->L+1 (6%), H-5->L+5 (3%), H-4->L+1 (5%), H-2->L+1 (9%)			H-7->LUMO (4%), H-6->LUMO (7%), H-5->L+1 (3%)	H-6->LUMO (3%), H-5->LUMO (9%), H-5->L+1 (4%), HOMO- >L+6 (9%)	H-4->L+1 (4%), H-2->L+2 (3%)	H-5->L+1 (4%), HOMO->L+6 (3%), HOMO->L+7 (3%)	H-7->LUMO (3%), H-4->L+1 (4%), HOMO->L+8 (8%)
ymmetry Major contribs	Singlet-A HOMO->LUMO (83%)	Singlet-A H-2->LUMO (10%), HOMO->L+1 (69%), HOMO->L+2 (10%)	Singlet-A H-2->LUMO (35%), HOMO->L+1 (21%), HOMO->L+2 (42%)	Singlet-A H-1->LUMO (98%)	Singlet-A H-1->L+1 (93%)	Singlet-A H-4->LUMO (12%), HOMO->L+4 (84%)	Singlet-A H-3->L+1 (51%), H-1->L+3 (39%)	H-4->LUMO (44%), H-2->LUMO (19%), HOMO->L+2 (16%), HOMO Singlet-A     >L+4 (13%)	H-4->LUMO (38%), H-2->LUMO (23%), H-2->L+1 (14%), HOMO- Singlet-A	Singlet-A H-2->L+1 (72%)	Singlet-A H-3->LUMO (91%)	Singlet-A HOMO->L+3 (95%)	Singlet-A H-5->LUMO (19%), H-5->L+1 (48%)	Singlet-A H-1->L+2 (98%)	H-6->LUMO (15%), H-5->LUMO (35%), H-5->L+1 (10%), HOMO- Singlet-A >L+6 (33%)	Singlet-A H-5->LUMO (29%), HOMO->L+5 (29%), HOMO->L+6 (22%)	Singlet-A HOMO->L+5 (66%)	Singlet-A H-7->LUMO (15%), H-6->LUMO (62%), HOMO->L+6 (11%)	Singlet-A H-4->L+1 (42%), H-4->L+2 (18%), H-2->L+4 (23%)	Singlet-A HOMO->L+7 (80%)
sc. Strength S	0.3071	0.0466	0.0042	0.0135	0.1141	0.0049	0.0015	0.0953	0.1375	0.095	0.0029	0.002	0.0018	0.0006	0.0032	0.013	0.0104	0.0373	0.0043	0.002
Vavelength (nm) O	352.9397165	340.5504244	334.0991458	322.3298921	304.1810427	288.7382231	285.5396997	278.5222802	275.7103627	272.3131847	269.7126172	267.3052476	264.0377218	262.211727	259.0180981	252.5805061	250.7010272	246.1957764	242.5877889	241.1721547
Energy (cm-1) V	28333.45054	29364.2271	29931.23486	31024.11611	32875.15853	34633.44718	35021.39986	35903.77041	36269.94612	36722.42315	37076.50055	37410.41408	37873.37632	38137.11962	38607.34085	39591.33726	39888.14929	40618.08104	41222.19031	41464.15664
No.	1	2	£	4	S	9	7	00	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20

**Table S-4** TD-DFT calculated electronic transitions, oscillator strength (*f*), and MO composition for compounds **3b**.

# 8. Crystallographic Data and Detailed Refinements for 2-3

$C_{23}H_{16}N_2O$
336.38
100(2)
triclinic
<i>P</i> -1
9.8120(2)
12.8630(3)
15.4670(3)
110.229(2)
96.599(2)
106.447(2)
1706.94(8)
4
1.309
0.639
704.0
0.24  imes 0.1  imes 0.06
$Cu K\alpha (\lambda = 1.54184)$
6.268 to 154.68
$-12 \le h \le 11, -15 \le k \le 16, -19 \le l \le 15$
42515
7152 [ $R_{int} = 0.0533$ , $R_{sigma} = 0.0330$ ]
7152/0/476
1.057
$R_1 = 0.0430, wR_2 = 0.1102$
$R_1 = 0.0496, wR_2 = 0.1145$
0.25/-0.23

 Table S-5
 Crystal data and structure refinement of 2a

C57H39Cl9N4O2
1130.97
100(2)
triclinic
<i>P</i> -1

a/Å

 $b/\text{\AA}$ 

c/Å

Table S-6 Crystal data and structure refinement of 2b

\_

10.3742(2)

11.1000(2)

11.2768(2)

$\alpha/^{\circ}$	92.4379(16)
$\beta/^{\circ}$	94.2137(15)
$\gamma/^{\circ}$	91.8446(16)
Volume/Å <sup>3</sup>	1293.07(4)
Ζ	1
$ ho_{\rm calc} {\rm g/cm}^3$	1.452
$\mu/\text{mm}^{-1}$	4.842
<i>F</i> (000)	578.0
Crystal size/mm <sup>3</sup>	$0.208 \times 0.137 \times 0.07$
Radiation	Cu <i>K</i> $\alpha$ ( $\lambda$ = 1.54184)
$2\theta$ range for data collection/°	7.87 to 154.746
Index ranges	$-12 \le h \le 13, -14 \le k \le 13, -13 \le l \le 14$
Reflections collected	32585
Independent reflections	5420 [ $R_{int} = 0.0665, R_{sigma} = 0.0381$ ]
Data/restraints/parameters	5420/42/405
Goodness-of-fit on $F^2$	1.066
Final <i>R</i> indexes [ $I > = 2\sigma$ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0437, wR_2 = 0.1124$
Final <i>R</i> indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0485, wR_2 = 0.1165$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å <sup>-3</sup>	0.97/-0.57

Empirical formula	$C_{25}H_{16}N_2O$
Formula weight	360.40
Temperature/K	100(2)
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	$P2_{1}/c$
a/Å	10.04500(10)
b/Å	20.4122(2)
$c/{ m \AA}$	17.8760(2)
$\beta/^{\circ}$	103.3480(10)
Volume/Å <sup>3</sup>	3566.29(7)
Ζ	8
$ ho_{\rm calc} {\rm g/cm}^3$	1.342
$\mu/\text{mm}^{-1}$	0.652
<i>F</i> (000)	1504.0
Crystal size/mm <sup>3</sup>	$0.194 \times 0.115 \times 0.059$
Radiation	Cu <i>K</i> $\alpha$ ( $\lambda$ = 1.54184)
$2\theta$ range for data collection/°	6.676 to 159.572
Index ranges	$-12 \le h \le 12, -26 \le k \le 25, -19 \le l \le 22$
Reflections collected	88647

Independent reflections	7713 [ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.0699, R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0315$ ]
Data/restraints/parameters	7713/0/513
Goodness-of-fit on $F^2$	1.043
Final <i>R</i> indexes [ $I > = 2\sigma$ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0663, wR_2 = 0.1790$
Final <i>R</i> indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0770, wR_2 = 0.1918$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å <sup>-3</sup>	0.59/-0.23

Empirical formula	$C_{30}H_{19}Cl_3N_2O$
Formula weight	529.82
Temperature/K	100(2)
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	<i>P</i> 2 <sub>1</sub>
a/Å	4.8515(2)
b/Å	21.8040(12)
c/Å	11.5794(5)
$\beta/^{\circ}$	91.942(4)
Volume/Å <sup>3</sup>	1224.19(10)
Ζ	2
$ ho_{ m calc} g/{ m cm}^3$	1.437
$\mu/\text{mm}^{-1}$	3.607
<i>F</i> (000)	544.0
Crystal size/mm <sup>3</sup>	0.2  imes 0.05  imes 0.04
Radiation	$Cu K\alpha (\lambda = 1.54184)$
$2\theta$ range for data collection/°	7.64 to 149.936
Index ranges	$-6 \le h \le 6, -27 \le k \le 23, -14 \le l \le 14$
Reflections collected	23474
Independent reflections	4748 [ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.0808, R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0523$ ]
Data/restraints/parameters	4748/17/367
Goodness-of-fit on $F^2$	1.060
Final <i>R</i> indexes [ $I \ge 2\sigma$ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0694, wR_2 = 0.1904$
Final <i>R</i> indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0840, wR_2 = 0.2025$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å <sup>-3</sup>	0.37/-0.51
Flack parameter	0.03(4)

Table S-8 Crystal data and structure refinement of  $\mathbf{3b}$