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## Supplementary information

Fig. S1. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra (400 MHz) of 10 measured in DMSO- $d_6$ .

Fig. S2. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra (100 MHz) of 10 measured in DMSO- $d_6$ .

Fig. S3. Mass spectra of 10.

Fig. S4. Mass spectra of 10 and CN<sup>-</sup>.

**Fig. S5.** Mass spectra of 10 and  $Al^{3+}$ .

Fig. S6. (A) Job's plot showing the 1:1 complex between CN<sup>-</sup> and 10, (B) The association constant

of 10 with CN<sup>-</sup> was calculated to be  $1.8 \times 10^5 \text{ L} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1}$ , (C) LOD for CN<sup>-</sup> was  $1.0 \times 10^{-7} \text{ mol } \text{L}^{-1}$ .

Table S1. Comparative study of analytical performance of 10 with the recently reported sensors for CN<sup>-</sup>.

Fig. S7. Frontier molecular orbital diagrams and energy gaps of 10 and  $10+Al^{3+}$ .

Fig. S8. (A) Job's plot showing the 1:1 complex between  $Al^{3+}$  and 10. (B) The association constant of 10 with  $Al^{3+}$  was calculated to be  $6.7 \times 10^4$  L mol<sup>-1</sup> (C) LOD for  $Al^{3+}$  was  $3.0 \times 10^{-9}$  mol L<sup>-1</sup>.

 Table S2. Comparative study of analytical performance of 10 with the recently reported sensors

 for Al<sup>3+</sup>.

 Table S3. Truth table for all possible strings of four binary-inputs data and the corresponding output digit of photochromic behavior of 10.

**Table S4.** Detection of Al<sup>3+</sup> in natural water samples.



Fig. S1



Fig. S2



Fig. S3





Fig. S4



Fig. S5



Fig. S6

Structure	Media	Detectionlimit (mol L <sup>-1</sup> )	Association constant	Approaches	Ref.
	CH <sub>3</sub> CN	$1.0  imes 10^{-7}$	$1.80 \times 10^5$	Colorimetric	Present work
As A Contraction of the second				Fluorescent	
L HO HO	DMSO/bis-tris buffffer	$1.94 \times 10^{-5}$	NO	Colorimetric	65
	(1/1, v/v)				
N'OF-ISTUTION OH	CH <sub>3</sub> CN	$7.145 \times 10^{-7}$	NO	Colorimetric	66
				Fluorescent	
HO HO	DMSO/H2O	$4.5 \times 10^{-7}$	NO	Colorimetric	67
	(3/2, v/v)			Fluorescent	
F F F					
N. S.	CH <sub>3</sub> CN	1.34× 10 <sup>-5</sup>	NO	Colorimetric	68
				Fluorescent	
NC CN					
	DMSO/H <sub>2</sub> O	$1.12 \times 10^{-6}$	NO	Colorimetric	69
	(1:99, v/v)			Fluorescent	

Table S1



Fig. S7



Fig. S8

Structure	Media	Detectionlimit (mol L <sup>-1</sup> )	Association constant	Approaches	Ref.
F, F	CH <sub>3</sub> CN	$3.0 \times 10^{-9}$	$3.4 \times 10^{4}$	Fluorescent	Present work
	CH <sub>3</sub> CN : H2O (3/7, v/v)	6.48 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	$1.0  imes 10^4$	Colorimetric Fluorescent	73
	MeOH : H <sub>2</sub> O (1/1)	3.55 × 10 <sup>-7</sup>	$5.42 \times 10^{5}$	Colorimetric Fluorescent	74
	CH <sub>3</sub> CN	2.05 × 10 <sup>-8</sup>	6.35 × 10 <sup>4</sup>	Colorimetric Fluorescent	41
	МеОН	4.79 × 10 <sup>-8</sup>	1.41 × 10 <sup>4</sup>	Fluorescent	75
CH <sub>2</sub> CONH CH <sub>2</sub> CONH OH	МеОН	7.4 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	$7.60 \times 10^{4}$	Colorimetric Fluorescent	76

Table S2

	output <sup>a</sup>			
In1 (UV)	In2 (Vis)	In3 (CN <sup>-</sup> /Zn <sup>2+</sup> )	In4 (HCl/EDTA)	$\lambda_{em} = 585/534 \text{ nm}$
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0
0	0	1	0	1
0	1	1	0	1
0	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	0
1	1	0	0	0
1	1	1	0	1
1	0	1	0	0
1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	1	1	0
1	1	0	1	0
0	1	0	1	0
0	0	1	1	0
0	1	0	0	0

<sup>*a*</sup> When the emission intensity at 585/534 nm more than 426-fold/351-fold of the original state, the output signal is defined as '1', otherwise defined as '0'.

Table S3

Sample	Al <sup>3+</sup> added (uM)	Al <sup>3+</sup> determined (uM)	Recovery (%)
Tap water	2.00	2.02	101
	4.00	4.12	103
	8.00	8.32	104
Ganjiang river	2.00	1.82	91
	4.00	3.72	93
	8.00	7.44	93

Table S4