Preparation of magnetic silica supported Brönsted acidic ionic

liquids for the depolymerization of lignin to aromatic monomers

Mingyu Cui‡^a, Dingkai Wang‡^a, Yanjun Li^{a,b}, Wei Zhao^{a*}, Chong Liang^a, Xutang Liu^a, Shuiyuan Fu^a, Luyao

Wang^a, Xianyong Wei^a

^a Jiangsu Province Engineering Research Center of Fine Utilization of Carbon Resources, China University of Mining & Technology, Xuzhou 221116, Jiangsu, China

^b Shaanxi Key Laboratory of Low Metamorphic Coal Clean Utilization, School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Yulin University, Yulin 719000, Shaanxi, China

^{*} Corresponding author

E- mail address: zhaow1965@163.com.

[‡] These authors contributed equally to this work.



Fig. S2 ¹H-NMR spectra of BAIL.^{*a*}

^{*a* 1}H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃), δ 12.40 (s, 1H), 9.22 (s, 9H), 8.95–8.23 (m, 1H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 41.5 Hz, 3H), 4.21 (s, 2H), 4.00 – 3.64 (m, 1H), 2.87 (s, 2H), 2.12 (t, *J* = 28.9 Hz, 2H), 1.79 (d, *J* = 94.2 Hz, 1H), 1.44 – 1.11 (m, 1H), 0.02 (s, 1H).



Fig. S3 Total ions chromatogram of liquid products from lignin depolymerization over 40 wt% BAIL (30wt%)-Fe₃O₄@SiO₂ at 160 °C for 3 h. (Identified by GC/MS, naphthalene as the internal standard)



Fig. S4 Possible mechanism proposed for the catalytical depolymerization of lignin over 40 wt% BAIL (30wt%)- $Fe_3O_4@SiO_2$.

	Entry b	Compounds	Formula	Yield of main products (%)				
Classification				None	40 wt% Fe ₃ O ₄ @SiO ₂	20	40 wt% BAIL	
						wt%	(30 wt%)-	
						BAIL	Fe ₃ O ₄ @SiO ₂	
Dhanal	1	2-Methoxyphenol	$C_7H_8O_2$	0.27	0.17	0.7	0.33	
Phenol	6	2,6-Di-tert-butylphenol	$\mathrm{C}_{14}\mathrm{H}_{22}\mathrm{O}$		0.14			
Aryl aldehyde	2	4-Hydroxybenzaldehyde	$C_7H_6O_2$		0.15			
	3	Vanillin	$C_8H_8O_3$	11.9 3	12.96	9.38	18.42	
	13	4-Hydroxy-3,5-	СНО	0.13	0.22		0.75	
		dimethoxybenzaldehyde	$C_9 H_{10} O_4$				0.75	
	7	Methyl 2-(4-hydroxy-3-	C H O			0.8		
		methoxyphenyl) acetate	C ₁₀ 11 ₁₂ O ₄			0.8		
	10	Ethyl 4-hydroxy-3-	CiaHiaOi	0.21	0.40	7.97	1 11	
		methoxybenzoate	01011204				1.11	
Aryl ester	11	Ethyl homovanillate	$C_{11}H_{14}O_4$	0.10	0.18	0.93	1.33	
	16	2-Methoxy-4-(2-oxopropyl)	C12H14O4				0.54	
		phenyl acetate	- 1214 - 4					
	18	Butyl (4-methylpentyl)	C18H26O4			0.50		
		phthalate	10 20 1					
	19	Dibutyl phthalate	$C_{16}H_{22}O_4$		0.09		0.95	
Aryl ketone	4	Apocynin	$C_9H_{10}O_3$	0.95	1.48	2.15	3.06	
	17	2-Hydroxy-1-(4-hydroxy-3-	$C_9H_{10}O_4$				3.18	
		methoxyphenyl) ethan-1-one						
Aryl acid	9	4-Hydroxy-3-	$C_8H_8O_4$	0.46	1.01		1.20	
		methoxybenzoic acid						
	12	Homovanillic acid	$\mathrm{C_9H_{10}O_4}$	0.29	0.73		1.91	
Aryl ester Aryl ketone Aryl acid Aryl alcohol Heteroatoms- containing aromatic monomers	8 5	Homovanillyl alcohol	$C_9H_{12}O_3$		0.12			
		S-methyl 4-(methylthio)	$C_9H_{10}OS_2$		0.13			
		benzothioate						
aromatic monomers	14	4-(Methylphenylthio)	$C_{13}H_{20}O_2S$	0.13				
		acetaldehyde diethyl acetal	6 H M2				0.05	
	15	Ethamivan	$C_{12}H_{17}NO_3$				0.25	

Table S1 Lignin depolymerization products. ^a (Identified by GC-MS)

^a Reaction conditions: 160 °C, 3 h, 0.5 g of lignin, 30 mL of ethanol, and 1 MPa of N₂.

^b Relative to Fig. S3.

thanor soluble products.								
	Mass distribution of the species identified ^a				DBE distribu	Tota		
Catalyst	<150	150~250	250~350	350~450	1-3	4-7	≥8	1
None	19	41	39	8	20	56	31	107
BAIL	9	30	17	5	21	30	10	61
Fe ₃ O ₄ @SiO ₂	13	31	21	7	27	33	12	72
BAIL (30 wt%)-	21	42	42	14	1.4	(2	42	120
Fe ₃ O ₄ @SiO ₂	$Fe_3O_4@SiO_2$		42	14	14	03	43	120

Table. S2 Mass distribution and DBE distribution of the species identified with Q-Exactive Orbitrap MS in the ethanol-soluble products.

^a Number of the species identified with Q-Exactive Orbitrap MS in different molecular mass ranges.

^b Number of the species identified with Q-Exactive Orbitrap MS in different DBE ranges.