Supporting Information

UV-Vis-NIR full-range responsive carbon-rich carbon nitride

nanotubes for enhanced photocatalytic performance

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Photocatalytic activity measurements

Table S1. Comparison of apparent hydrogen evolution amounts of the reported R-CNand other the similar $g-C_3N_4$ based photocatalysts.

| Photocatalyst | Light Source | Reaction Conditions | Hydrogen Evolution Rate (µmol g ⁻¹ h ⁻¹) | Ref. |
|--|---|--|---|--------------|
| R-CN | 300 W Xe lamp, λ > 500 nm | 3 wt% of Pt co-catalyst, TEOA (10%) | 157.8 | This work |
| Au NRs/g-C ₃ N ₄ | $\lambda > 700 \text{ nm}$ | TEOA | 63.1 | [1] |
| g-C ₃ N ₄ with nitrogen defects and cobalt-nitrogen (CoAN) bonds (g-C ₃ N ₄ -Co-K) | 300 W Xe lamp, NIR | TEOA (15%) | 470 | [2] |
| black phosphorus/tungsten nitride (BP/WN) | 320 W Xe $lamp, \lambda > 700$ nm | / | 10.77 | [3] |
| Protonated g-C ₃ N ₄ (pCN) was modified by pyropheophorbide-a (Ppa) Ppa/pCN | 300 W Xe $lamp, \lambda > 780$ nm | 3 wt% of Pt co-catalyst, TEOA (10%) | 68.5 | [4] |
| Protoporphyrin-modified pGCN (Pp/pGCN) | 300 W Xe $lamp, \lambda > 780$ nm | 3 wt% of Pt co-catalyst, TEOA (10%) | 307.8 | [5] |
| A ₂ BC-type asymmetric zinc phthalocyanine derivative (Zn- di- PcNcTh-2) g-C ₃ N ₄ | 300 W Xe lamp, $\lambda > 420$ nm | 1 wt% of Pt co-catalyst, AA (50 mM) | 23200 | [6] |
| graphited carbon ring domain (CN-GP) | 300 W Xe lamp, $\lambda =$ 700/800/900 nm | 2 wt% of Pt co-catalyst, TEOA (10%) | 560.8/398.4/322.8 | [7] |
| carbon/potassium- doped red polymeric carbon nitride (RPCN) | 300 W Xe $lamp,$ $500 \le \lambda \le 780$ $nm/$ $700 \le \lambda \le$ 780 nm | 3 wt% of Pt co-catalyst, TEOA (10%) | 640/140 | [8] |
| graphitic carbon nitride by meso- tetrahydroxyphenylchlorin (mTHPC/pCN) | 300 W Xe $lamp, \lambda > 780$ nm | 3 wt% of Pt co-catalyst, TEOA (10%) | 78.8 | [9] |
| Black Phosphorus/Graphitic Carbon Nitride (BP/CN) | 320 W Xe $lamp, \lambda > 780$ nm | / | 101 | [10] |

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