

## Electronic Supporting Material

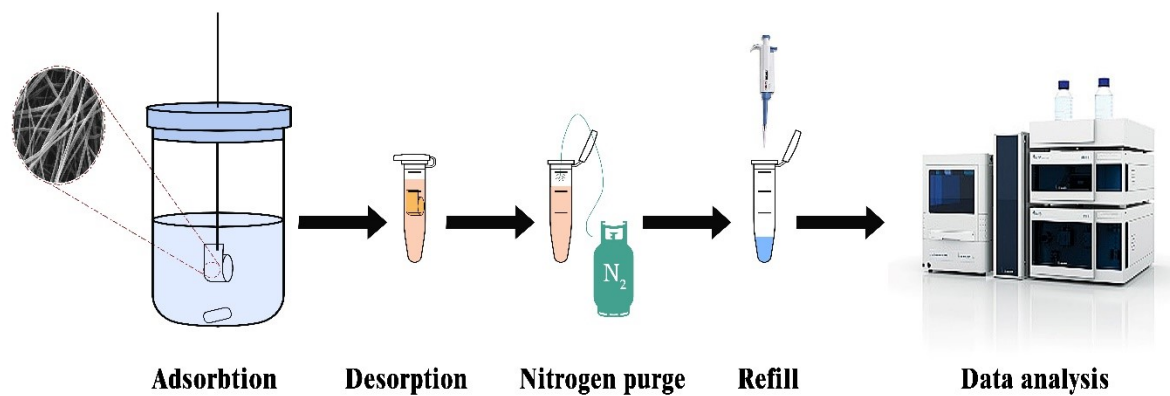
**Development of poly(vinyl alcohol) / chitosan / aloe vera gel electrospun composite nanofibers as a novel sorbent for thin-film micro-extraction of pesticides in water and food samples followed by HPLC-UV analysis**

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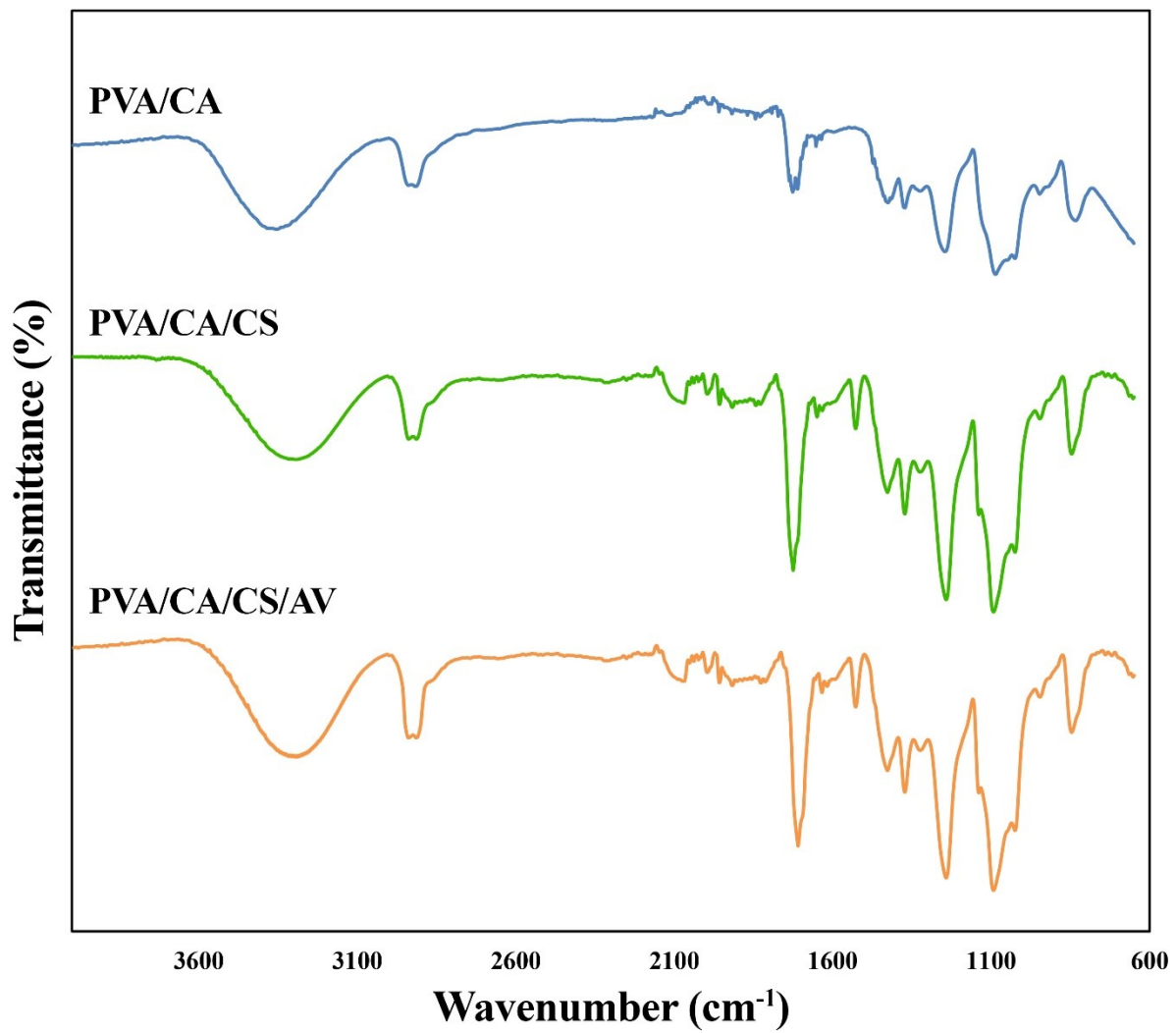
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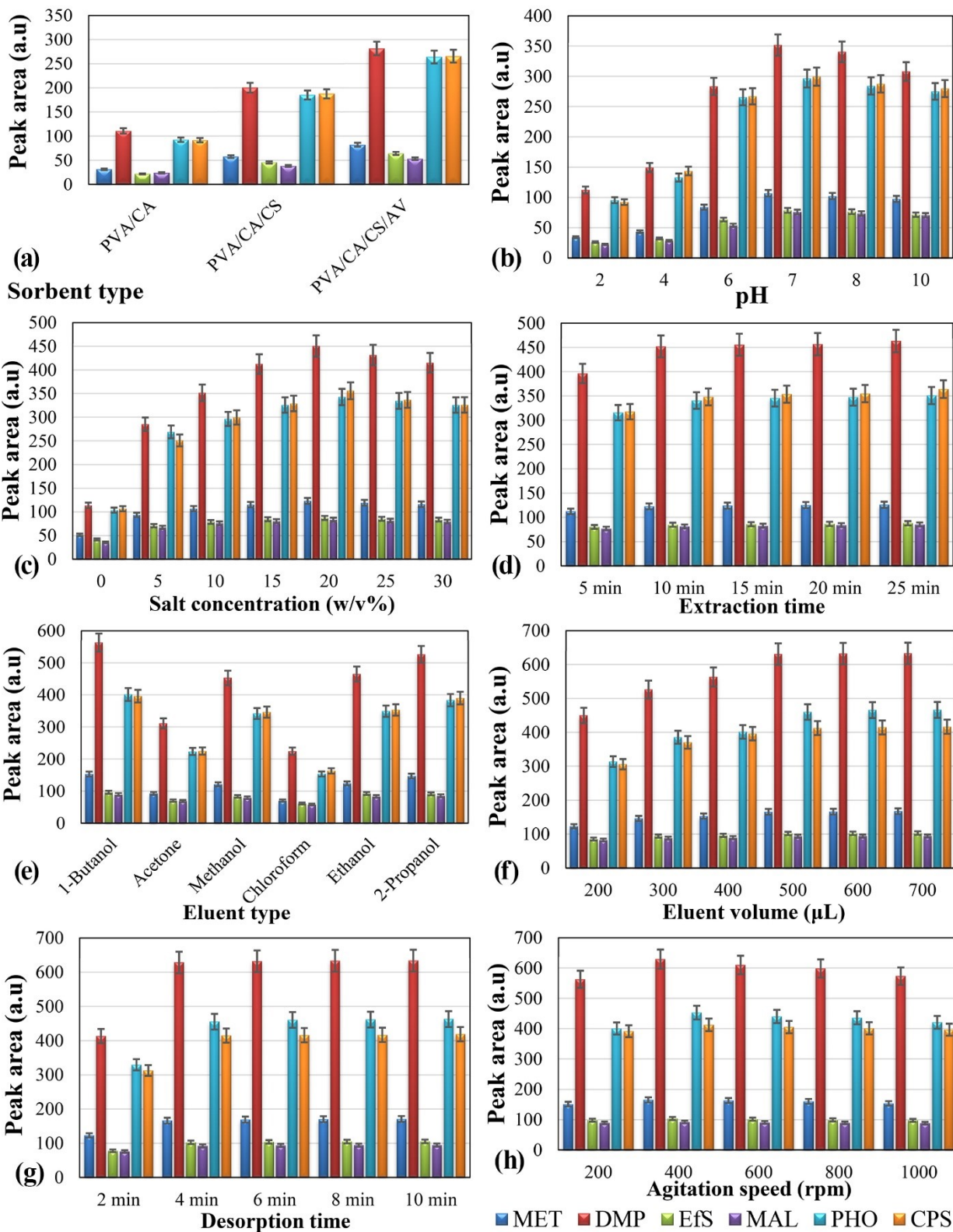
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**Fig. S1.** A schematic illustration of TFME-HPLC-UV method based on PVA/CA/CS/AV as the sorbent.

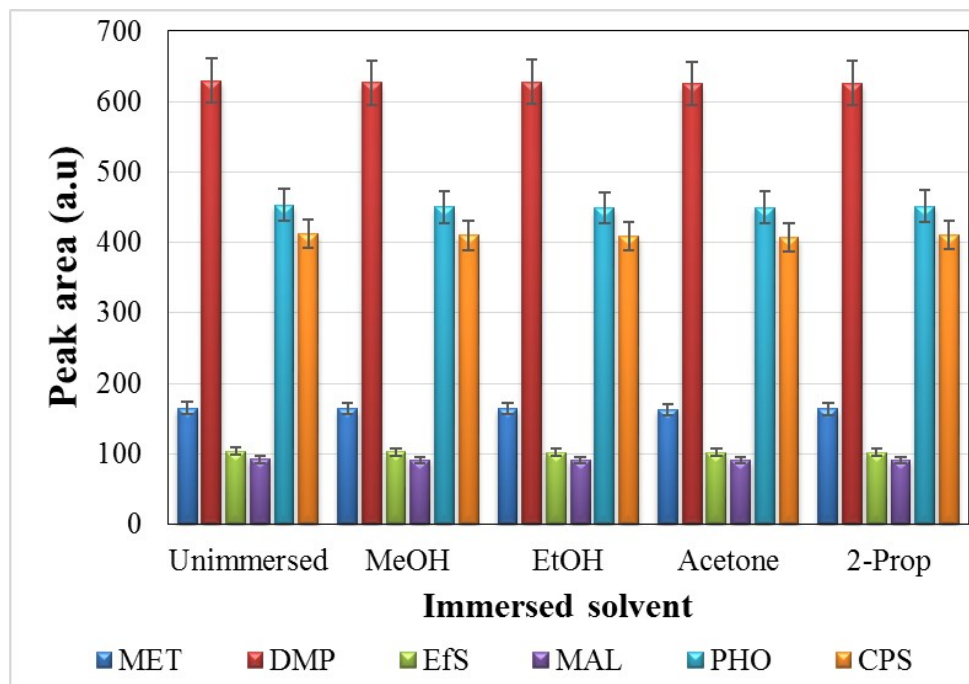


**Fig. S2.** FT-IR spectra of PVA/CA, PVA/CA/CS, and PVA/CA/CS/AV nanofibers.

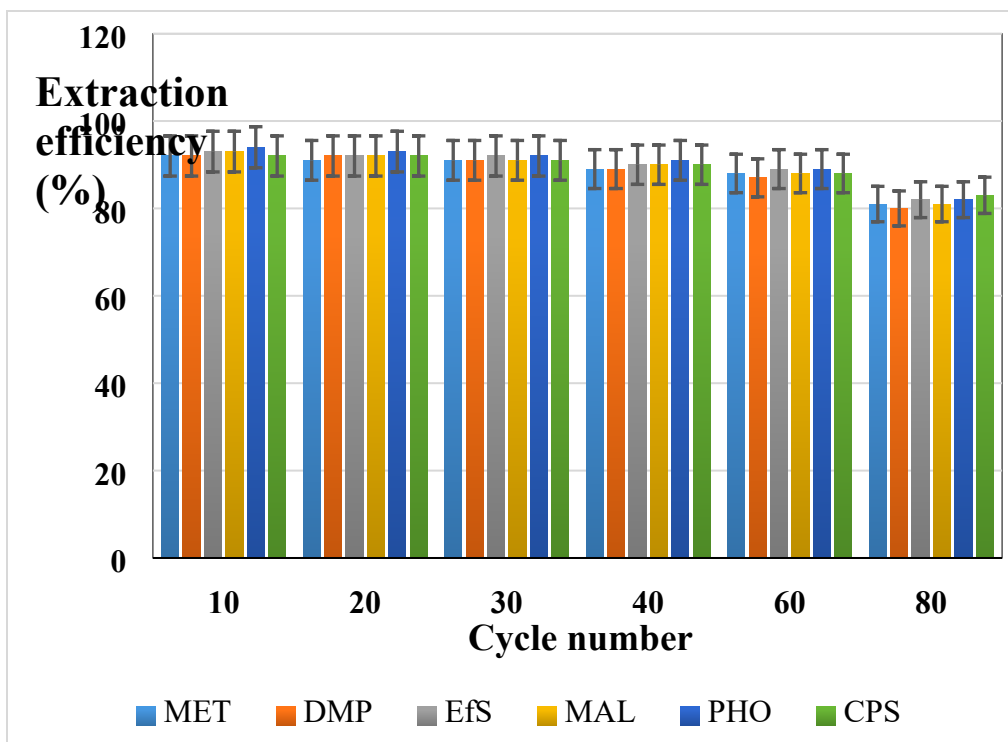


**Fig. S3.** Effect of (a) sorbent type, (b) sample pH, (c) salt concentration, (d) extraction time, (e) eluent type, (f) eluent volume, (g) desorption time, (h) agitation speed. Extraction

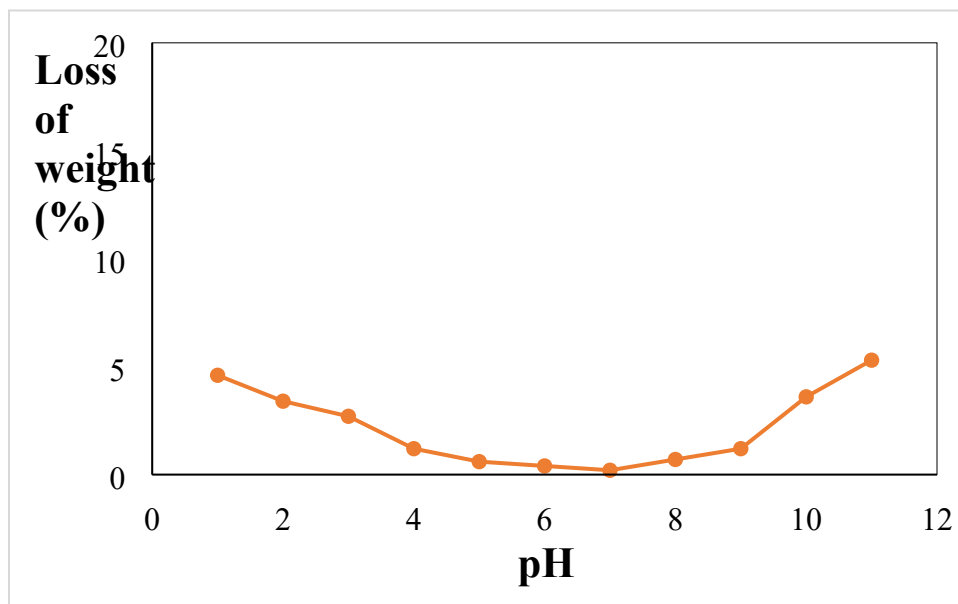
conditions; sample pH: 7.0; salt concentration: 20 (w/v%); extraction time: 10 min; eluent type: 1-butanol; eluent volume: 500  $\mu$ L; desorption time: 4 min; agitation speed: 400 rpm.



**Fig. S4.** Solvent stability of PVA/CA/CS/AV composite nanofibers after immersing in different organic solvents for 2 h.



**Fig. S5.** Reusability of PVA/CA/CS/AV composite nanofibers.



**Fig. S6.** pH stability of PVA/CA/CS/AV composite nanofibers.

**Table S1.** Different isotherm models and their parameters.

Isotherm	Equation and parameters	Unit	MET	DMP	EFS	MAL	PHO	CPS
Freundlich	$\text{Log } q_e = m \text{ Log } C_e + \log \alpha$							
	$\log q_e \text{ vs. } \log C_e$							
	m	-	0.6277	0.6410	0.6600	0.7000	0.4186	0.4357
	$\alpha$	L mg <sup>-1</sup>	7.34	6.95	4.55	4.70	28.39	44.13
	R <sup>2</sup>	-	0.9878	0.9851	0.9843	0.9868	0.9868	0.9607
Langmuir	$C_e/q_e = (1/Q_m K_L) + C_e/Q_m$							
	$C_e/q_e \text{ vs. } C_e$							
	Q <sub>Equilibrium</sub>	mg g <sup>-1</sup>	273.0	279.0	213.0	265.0	324.0	301.0
	Q <sub>m,cal</sub>	mg g <sup>-1</sup>	384.6	400.0	303.1	416.7	384.6	370.4
	K <sub>L</sub>	L mg <sup>-1</sup>	0.0067	0.0064	0.0057	0.0049	0.0152	0.0100
	R <sup>2</sup>	-	0.9569	0.9514	0.9701	0.9559	0.9746	0.9274
Temkin	$q_e = B_1 \ln K_T + B_1 \ln C_e$							
	$q_e \text{ vs. } \ln C_e$							
	B <sub>1</sub>	J mol <sup>-1</sup>	69.00	71.00	54.56	70.79	59.51	56.89
	K <sub>T</sub>	L g <sup>-1</sup>	0.118	0.114	0.098	0.095	0.451	0.317
	R <sup>2</sup>	-	0.9061	0.9037	0.9250	0.9102	0.8820	0.8159

**Table S2.** Pseudo-first order and pseudo-second-order rate equations and parameters.

Kinetic	Equation and parameters	Unit	MET	DMP	EFS	MAL	PHO	CPS
Pseudo-first order	$\ln(q_e - q_t) = \ln q_e - k_1 t$							
	$\ln (q_e - q_t) \text{ vs. } t$							
	k <sub>1</sub>	Min <sup>-1</sup>	0.015	0.014	0.012	0.013	0.012	0.016
	q <sub>e (calc)</sub>	mg g <sup>-1</sup>	153.2	145.8	119.3	136.2	184.7	172.6
	R <sup>2</sup>	-	0.8616	0.8854	0.9849	0.9782	0.9665	0.9763
Pseudo-second order	$t/q_t = 1/k_2 q_e^2 + t/q_e$							
	$t/q_t \text{ vs. } t$							
	k <sub>2</sub>	g mg <sup>-1</sup> min <sup>-1</sup>	0.00124	0.00148	0.00176	0.00159	0.00115	0.00092
	q <sub>e (calc)</sub>	mg g <sup>-1</sup>	200.0	204.0	149.3	192.3	222.2	227.3
	R <sup>2</sup>	-	0.9985	0.9989	0.9960	0.9975	0.9920	0.9893