The Electronic Supplementary Information

Size and structure effects on platinum nanocatalysts: Theoretical insights from methanol dehydrogenation

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Figure S4. The H adsorption sites on Pt₇₉.

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Figure S6. Elementary steps of methanol dehydrogenation at corner site of Pt₇₉ NP. H atoms are colored white, C atoms – gray, (edge) O atoms – red, Pt atoms – cyan.



Figure S1. Regular coordination numbers of surface atoms on ideal Pt(111) and model NPs: 12 at bulk, 9 at a surface and (111) nanofacet, 8 at (100) nanofacet, 7 at edges, 6 at corners.

Table S1. Adsorption energies, E_{ads} (in kJ mol⁻¹), of methanol, formyl and carbon monoxide on 5-layer Pt(111) slab calculated with different k-point meshes. On-top binding to the surface Pt atom by the carbon center of the adsorbed species in all cases.

| k-point mesh | E _{ads} (CH ₃ OH) | <i>E</i> _{ads} (CHO) | $E_{ads}(CO)$ |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|
| 4×4×1 | -34.12 | -243.16 | -164.61 |
| 5×5×1 | -33.89 | -242.36 | -164.90 |
| 7×7×1 | -33.42 | -242.44 | -164.64 |

Table S2. CO bond lengths (in Å) in different adsorption complexes at Pt(111), Pt₇₉ and Pt₂₀₁ NPs, corrections Δ for the CO adsorption energy estimated by formula Δ =460 d_{CO} -518 (in kJ mol⁻¹) [V. Sumaria, L. Nguyen, F.F. Tao, P. Sautet, *ACS Catal.*, 2020, **10**, 9533-9544], CO adsorption energies without and with correction Δ (in kJ mol⁻¹).

| Site | d_{CO} | Δ | Eads | E_{ads} + Δ |
|---|----------|--------|------|----------------------|
| free CO | 1.1416 | | | |
| Pt ₇₉ - <i>t</i> | 1.1577 | 14.69 | -180 | -166 |
| Pt ₇₉ - <i>t</i> _e | 1.1600 | 15.735 | -200 | -184 |
| $Pt_{79}-t_v$ | 1.1604 | 15.942 | -211 | -195 |
| Pt ₇₉ -br (t-t) | 1.1827 | 26.192 | -209 | -182 |
| Pt_{79} - $br_e(t$ - $t_e)$ | 1.1840 | 26.795 | -188 | -161 |
| $Pt_{79}-br_e^{111/111}(t_v-t_e)$ | 1.1836 | 26.625 | -219 | -193 |
| $Pt_{79}-br_e^{111/100}(t_v-t_e)$ | 1.1790 | 24.508 | -186 | -161 |
| Pt ₇₉ -fcc (three-fold hollow) | 1.1945 | 31.629 | -209 | -177 |
| Pt ₇₉ -4-hold | 1.1966 | 32.591 | -211 | -178 |
| $Pt_{201}-t_1$ | 1.1563 | 14.022 | -148 | -134 |
| $Pt_{201}-t_2$ | 1.1572 | 14.46 | -164 | -150 |
| $Pt_{201}-t_v$ | 1.1603 | 15.873 | -199 | -183 |
| $Pt_{201}-br_{e}(t_{v}-t_{e})$ | 1.1828 | 26.252 | -188 | -162 |
| Pt(111)- <i>t</i> | 1.1557 | 13.765 | -165 | -151 |
| Pt(111)-br | 1.1812 | 25.493 | -173 | -148 |
| Pt(111)- <i>fcc</i> | 1.1936 | 31.228 | -176 | -145 |
| Pt(111)-hcp | 1.1930 | 31.118 | -174 | -143 |

| Site | E _{ads} (CH ₃ OH) |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Pt ₇₉ - <i>t</i> | -45 |
| Pt ₇₉ - <i>t</i> e | -48 |
| $Pt_{79}-t_v$ | -56 |
| $Pt_{201}-t_1$ | -19 |
| $Pt_{201}-t_v$ | -57 |
| Pt(111)- <i>t</i> | -34 |

Table S3. Energies (kJ mol⁻¹) of CH₃OH adsorption at different sites of Pt(111), Pt₇₉ and Pt₂₀₁ NPs.

Table S4. Energies (kJ mol⁻¹) of CH₃O adsorption at different sites of Pt(111), Pt_{79} and Pt_{201} NPs.

| Site | $E_{ads}(CH_3O)$ |
|--|------------------|
| Pt ₇₉ - <i>t</i> | -193 |
| Pt ₇₉ - <i>t</i> _e | -204 |
| $Pt_{79}-t_v$ | -225 |
| $Pt_{79}-br_e^{111/111}$ | -221 |
| Pt_{79} - $br_e^{111/100}$ | -228 |
| Pt ₇₉ -br | -174 |
| $Pt_{201}-t_1$ | -162 |
| Pt_{201} - t_v | -217 |
| Pt(111)- <i>t</i> | -173 |
| Pt(111)-br | -169 |
| Pt(111)-fcc | -165 |

| Site | $E_{ads}(CH_2O)$ |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| $Pt_{79}-t_v(O)-t_e(C)$ | -123 |
| $Pt_{79}-t_v(C)-t_e(O)$ | -115 |
| $Pt_{79}-t_v(C)-t_v(O)$ | -105 |
| $Pt_{79}-t(C)-t_e(O)$ | -86 |
| $Pt_{79}-br_{v}(t_{v}t)(O)-t_{e}(C)$ | -103 |
| $Pt_{79}-t(O)-t(C)$ | -76 |
| $Pt_{79}-t_v(O)-t(C)$ | -107 |
| $Pt_{79}-t_v(C)-t(O)$ | -81 |
| $Pt_{201}-t_1(O)-t_2(C)$ | -48 |
| $Pt_{201}-t_v(O)-t_e(C)$ | -108 |
| Pt(111)- <i>t</i> (O)– <i>t</i> (C) | -56 |
| Pt(111)- <i>t</i> (O) | -26 |

Table S5. Energies (kJ mol⁻¹) of CH₂O adsorption at different sites of Pt(111), Pt₇₉ and Pt₂₀₁ NPs.



Figure S2. The formaldehyde structures on Pt(111) and Pt₇₉.

| Site | E _{ads} (CHO) |
|---|------------------------|
| $Pt_{79}-t_v(O)-t_e(C)$ | -285 |
| $Pt_{79}-t_v(C)-t_e(O)$ | -289 |
| $Pt_{79}-t_v(C)$ | -265 |
| Pt_{79} - $t(C)$ | -271 |
| $Pt_{79}-t(O)-br(C)$ | -261 |
| $Pt_{79}-t(O)-br_e^{111/100}(t_v-t_v)(C)$ | -228 |
| $Pt_{79}-t(O)-br_e^{111/111}(t_v-t_e)(C)$ | -262 |
| $Pt_{79}-t(O)-br_{e}(t_{e}-t)(C)$ | -235 |
| $Pt_{79}-t_e(O)-t(C)$ | -261 |
| $Pt_{201}-t_1(C)$ | -251 |
| $Pt_{201}-t_2(C)$ | -252 |
| $Pt_{201}-t_v(O)-t_e(C)$ | -275 |
| Pt(111)- <i>br</i> (C)- <i>t</i> (O)* | -237 |
| Pt(111)- <i>t</i> (C) | -243 |
| | |

Table S6. Energies (kJ mol⁻¹) of CHO adsorption at different sites of Pt(111), Pt₇₉ and Pt₂₀₁ NPs.

*above fcc-site



Figure S3. The formyl structures on Pt(111) and Pt₇₉.

| Site | E _{ads} (H) |
|--|----------------------|
| Pt ₇₉ - <i>t</i> | -285 |
| Pt ₇₉ - <i>t</i> _e | -266 |
| Pt_{79} - t_v | -271 |
| Pt_{79} - $br_e(t_{br}$ - $t)$ | -267 |
| Pt_{79} - $br_{e}^{111/100}(t_{v}-t_{v})$ | -275 |
| Pt_{79} - $br_e^{111/111}$ (t _v -t _e) | -285 |
| Pt ₇₉ -fcc ₁ (three-fold hollow) | -267 |
| Pt ₇₉ - <i>fcc</i> ₂ | -267 |
| $Pt_{201}-t_1$ | -270 |
| Pt_{201} - t_v | -260 |
| Pt(111)- <i>t</i> | -267 |
| Pt(111)-br | -263 |
| Pt(111)-fcc | -267 |
| Pt(111)- <i>hcp</i> | -263 |

Table S7. Energy (kJ mol⁻¹) of adsorption of H atom at different sites of Pt(111), Pt_{79} and Pt_{201} NPs.



Figure S4. The H adsorption sites on Pt₇₉.



Figure S5. Intermediates of methanol dehydrogenation calculated at the edge of Pt_{79} NP. Adsorption energies (in kJ mol⁻¹) are given nearby the corresponding structures. H atoms are colored white, C atoms – gray, O atoms – red, Pt atoms – cyan.



Figure S6. Elementary steps of methanol dehydrogenation at corner site of Pt₇₉ NP. H atoms are colored white, C atoms – gray, (edge) O atoms – red, Pt atoms – cyan.