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ESI

Thio-ether functionalized glycolipid amphiphilic compounds reveal a potent activator of SK3 channel with vasorelaxation effect.

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1. Synthesis of compounds 1-4.



Figure ESI1-1 : synthesis of 4a and 4b starting from thioglycerol

1-S-dodecyl-rac-thioglycerol (**1a**).¹ To a stirred solution of KOH (3.1 g, 55.5 mmol, 1.8 eq.) in ethanol (40 mL) is added α -thioglycerol (4.9 mL, 55.5 mmol, 1.2 eq.) dropwise. The mixture is stirred 30 minutes at room temperature and bromododecane (11.1 mL, 46.2 mmol, 1.0 eq.) is slowly added. The reaction mixture is stirred 2 days at room temperature. The white solid is filtered and dried, the filtrated is concentrated. The oil is diluted in ethyl acetate (100 mL) and the organic layer is washed with water (30 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtrated and concentrated to give the crude compound 1a as a white solid. Compound **1a** is purified by recrystallization in hexane (V = 60 mL) to give **1a** in 81 % overall yield (10.3 g). Rf (hexane/ethyl acetate: 20/80): 0.1; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300.131): 3.81-3.74 (m, 2 H, *CH*₂ *sn*-3 + CH *sn*-2); 3.56 (dd, 1 H, J_{HH} = 6, J_{HH} = 12 Hz, *CH*₂ *sn*-3); 2.71 (dd, 1H, J_{HH} = 4 Hz, J_{HH} = 14 Hz, *CH*₂ *sn*-1 (Ha)); 2.60 (dd, 1 H, J_{HH} = 8 Hz, J_{HH} = 14 Hz, *CH*₂ *sn*-1 (Hb)); 2.53 (t, 2 H, J_{HH} = 7 Hz, *CH*₂ α fatty chain); 1.58 (qt, 2 H, J_{HH} = 7 Hz, *CH*₂ β fatty chain); 1.36 (qt, 2 H, J_{HH} = 7 Hz, *CH*₂ γ fatty chain); 1.26 (s, 16 H, *CH*₂ fatty chain); 0.88 (t, 3 H, J_{HH} = 7 Hz, *CH*₃ fatty chain);

1-S-hexadecyl-rac-thioglycerol (**1b**)². To a stirred solution of KOH (2.6 g, 46.2 mmol, 1.2 eq.) in ethanol (40 mL) is added α -thioglycerol (4.0 mL, 46.2 mmol, 1.2 eq.) dropwise. The mixture is stirred 30 minutes at room temperature and bromohexadecane (11.8 mL, 38.5 mmol, 1.0 eq.) is slowly added. The reaction mixture is stirred 24 hours at room temperature. The white solid is filtered and dried, the filtrated is concentrated. The oil is diluted in ethyl acetate (100 mL) and the organic layer is washed with water (30 mL), a saturated solution of NH₄Cl (30 mL) and a saturated solution of NaCl (30 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtrated and concentrated to give **1b** as a white solid in 81% yield (10.4 g). Rf (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate: 1/10): 0.24 ; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 399.992): 3.81-3.74 (m, 2 H, CH₂ sn-3); 3.58 (q, 1 H, J_{HH} = 5.6 Hz, CH sn-2); 2.74-2.56 (m, 2 H, CH₂ sn-1) ; 2.53 (t, 2 H, J_{HH} = 7.4 Hz, CH₂ α fatty chain); 2.06 (brs, 2 H, 2 OH); 1.58 (qt, 2 H, J_{HH} = 7.3 Hz, CH₂ β fatty chain); 1.38-1.33 (m, 2 H, CH₂ γ fatty chain); 1.33-1.21 (m, 24 H, CH₂ fatty chain); 0.88 (t, 3 H, J_{HH} = 6.6 Hz, CH₃ fatty chain) ; ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.474): 71.0 (CH sn-2); 66.8 (CH₂ sn-3); 37.2 (CH₂ sn-1); 33.7 (CH₂ α fatty chain); 33.3 (CH₂ fatty chain); 31.0 (CH₂ fatty chain); 30.8 (CH₂ fatty chain); 30.7 (CH₂ fatty chain); 30.7 (CH₂ fatty chain); 31.0 (CH₂ fatty chain); 31.0 (CH₂ fatty chain); 30.7 (CH₂ fatty chain); 30.7 (CH₂ fatty chain); 24.0 (CH₂ fatty chain); 15.4 (CH₃ fatty chain)

1-S-dodecyl-3-O-trityl-rac-thioglycerol (**2a**)³. To a stirred solution of **1a** (4.0 g, 14.5 mmol, 1.0 eq.) in dry toluene (60 mL) is added trityl chloride (6.1 g, 21.8 mmol, 1.5 eq.) and triethylamine (4.9 mL, 34.8 mmol, 2.4 eq.) dropwise. The mixture is stirred at reflux during 2 days, filtered upon Celite and concentrated. The oil is dissolved in petroleum ether (40 mL) and the mixture is filtered and concentrated to give the crude compound **2a**. This product is purified on chromatography on silica gel: Eluent (hexane/ethyl acetate (80/20) + 1% of trimethylamine) to give **2a** in 43 % overall yield (3.23 g). Rf (hexane/ethyl acetate: 80/20): 0.84 ; ¹H NMR (CH₃OD, 300.131): 7.19-7.46 (m, 15 H, CH Phenyl); 3.81 (qt, 1 H, J_{HH}= 6 Hz, CH *sn*-2); 3.17 (d, 2 H, J_{HH}= 6 Hz, CH₂ *sn*-3); 2.75 (dd, 1 H, J_{HH}= 15 Hz, J_{HH}= 6 Hz, CH₂ *sn*-1); 2.56 (dd, 1 H, J_{HH}= 12 Hz, J_{HH}= 6 Hz, CH₂ *sn*-1); 2.45 (t, 2 H, J_{HH}= 6 Hz, CH₂ *a* fatty chain); 1.51 (qt, 2 H, J_{HH}= 6 Hz, CH₂ β fatty chain); 1.25 (s, 18 H, CH₂ fatty chain); 0.89 (t, 3 H, J_{HH}= 6 Hz, CH₃ fatty chain) ; ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125.771): 143.8 (C quat. trityl); 127.8 (CH trityl); 127.1 (CH trityl); 86.8 (Cq_{ar});69.4 (CH *sn*-2) 66.4 (CH₂ *sn*-3); 34.2 (CH₂ *sn*-1); 36.4 (CH₂ *α* fatty chain); 32.5 (CH₂ fatty chain); 31.9 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.7 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.6 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.4 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.7 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.7 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.6 (CH₂ fatty chain); 20.7 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.6 (CH₂ fatty chain); 20.7 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.7 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.6 (CH₂ fatty chain); 20.7 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.7 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.6 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.7 (CH₂ fatty c

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² S. Morris-Natschke, J. R. Surles, L. W. Danie, M. E. Berens, E. J. Modest and C. Piantadosi, *J. Med. Chem.*, 1986, **29**, 2114-2117.

³ L. S. Kucera, S. L. Morris-Natschke, K. S. Ishaq, J. Hes, N. Iyer, P.A. Furman and R. A. Fleming, *Nucleos. Nucleot. Nucl.*, 2004, **23**, 385-399.

1-S-hexadecyl-3-O-trityl-rac-thioglycerol $(2b)^2$. To a stirred solution of **1b** (12.0 g, 36.1 mmol, 1.0 eq.) in dry toluene (40 mL) is added trityl chloride (15.1 g, 54.2 mmol, 1.5 eq.) and triethylamine (12.1 mL, 86.6 mmol, 2.4 eq.) dropwise. The mixture is stirred at reflux overnight, filtered upon Celite and concentrated. The oil is dissolved in petroleum ether (40 mL) and the mixture is filtered and concentrated to give **2b**, which was used without further purification (16.4 g; 79 % yield). Rf (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate: 3/10): 0.48 ; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 399.992): 7.32-7.17 (m, 15 H, CH Phenyl); 3.90-3.82 (m, 1 H, CH *sn-2*); 3.29 (dd, 1 H, J_{HH}= 18.4 Hz; J_{HH}= 9.6 Hz, CH_{2a} *sn-*3); 3.27 (dd, 1 H, J_{HH}= 17.6 Hz, J_{HH}= 9.2 Hz, CH_{2b} *sn-*3); 2.78 (dd, 1 H, J_{HH}= 13.6 Hz, J_{HH}= 4.8 Hz, CH_{2a} *sn-*1); 2.64 (dd, 1 H, J_{HH}= 13.8 Hz, J_{HH}= 7.6 Hz, CH_{2b} *sn-*1); 2.48 (t, 2 H, J_{HH}= 7.4 Hz, CH₂ α fatty chain); 1.56 (qt, 2 H, J_{HH}= 7.3 Hz, CH₂ β fatty chain); 1.36-1.28 (m, 26 H, CH₂ fatty chain); 0.90 (t, 3 H, J_{HH}= 6.8 Hz, CH₃ fatty chain).

1-S-dodecyl-2-O-methyl-3-O-trityl-rac-thioglycerol (**3a**). To a stirred solution of NaH (210 mg, 8.6 mmol, 1.4 eq.) in dry THF (40 mL) is added **2a** (3.2 g, 6.2 mmol, 1.0 eq.) in solution in dry THF (25 mL) dropwise. The mixture is stirred 1 hour and CH₃I (1.34 mL, 21.7 mmol, 1.5 eq.) in solution in dry THF (25 mL) is added dropwise. The reaction mixture is stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction is quenched by addition of water (few mL) and the solvent is removed. The oil is dissolved in diethyl ether (100 mL). The organic layer is washed three times with water (3 x 20 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated to give the crude compound **3a** which is purified on chromatography on silica gel: Eluent (hexane / ethyl acetate (85 / 15)) to give **3a** in 61 % overall yield (2.15 g). Rf (hexane/ethyl acetate: 80/20): 0.93 ; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500.253): 7.45-7.42 (m, 6 H, *CH* Phenyl); 7.27-7.19 (m, 9H, *CH* Phenyl); 3.40 (qt, 1 H, J_{HH}=6 Hz; *CH sn*-2); *3.36* (s, 3H, OCH₃); 3.26 (dd, 1 H, J_{HH}=6 Hz, J_{HH}=9 Hz, *CH*₂*sn*-3); 3.20 (dd, 1 H, J_{HH}= 6 Hz, J_{HH}= 6 Hz, CH₂ *sn*-3); 2.71 (dd, 1 H, J_{HH}= 12 Hz, J_{HH}= 6 Hz, CH₂ *sn*-1); 2.62 (dd, 1 H, J_{HH}=6 Hz, *CH*₂ fatty chain); 0.88 (t, 3 H, J_{HH}= 6 Hz, *CH*₃ fatty chain); 1.50 (qt, 2 H, J_{HH}= 6 Hz, *CH*₂ *f* fatty chain); 1.27 (CH trityl); 86.9 (Cq⁻O); 80.9 (CH *sn*-2); 64.2 (CH₂ *sn*-3); 58.1 (OCH₃); 34.3 (CH₂ *sn*-1); 33.0 (CH₂ a fatty chain); 32.0 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.7 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.

1-S-hexadecyl-2-O-methyl-3-O-trityl-rac-thioglycerol (**3b**)². To a stirred solution of NaH (485 mg, 20.2 mmol, 1.4 eq.) in dry THF (50 mL) is added **2b** (8.5 g, 14.5 mmol, 1.0 eq.) in solution in dry THF (25 mL) dropwise. The mixture is stirred 1 hour and CH₃I (1.34 mL, 21.7 mmol, 1.5 eq.) in solution in dry THF (25 mL) is added dropwise. The reaction mixture is stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction is quenched by addition of water (few mL) and the solvent is removed. The oil is dissolved in diethyl ether (100 mL). The organic layer is washed three times with an aqueous saturated NaCl solution (3 x 20 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated to give **3b** which was used without further purification (6.71 g; 76 % yield). Rf (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate: 3/10): 0.75; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 399.992): 7.43-7.21 (m, 15 H, CH Phenyl); 3.45-3.40 (m, 4 H, CH *sn-2* + OCH₃); 3.24-3.22 (m, 2 H, CH₂*sn-*3); 2.77 (dd, 1 H, J_{HH}= 13.8 Hz, J_{HH}= 5.2 Hz, CH₂*a sn-*1); 2.69 (dd, 1 H, J_{HH}= 13.6 Hz, J_{HH}= 6.4 Hz, CH₂*b sn-*1); 2.48 (t, 2 H, J_{HH}= 7.4 Hz, CH₂ α fatty chain); 1.54 (qt, 2 H, J_{HH} = 7.2 Hz, CH₂ β fatty chain); 1.36-1.25 (m, 26 H, CH₂ fatty chain); 0.88 (t, 3 H, J_{HH}= 6.6 Hz, CH₃ fatty chain); 1³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.474): 144.1 (C quat. trityl); 128.8 (CH trityl); 127.9 (CH trityl); 127.1 (CH trityl); 80.9 (CH *sn-*2); 64.4 (CH₂ *sn-*3); 58.3 (OCH₃); 34.2 (CH₂ *sn-*1); 33.2 (CH₂ fatty chain); 32.0 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.8 (CH₂ fatty chain); 14.2 (CH₃ fatty chain); 29.7 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.5 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.4 (CH₂ *sn-*1); 29.0 (CH₂ fatty chain); 22.8 (CH₂ fatty chain); 14.2 (CH₃ fatty chain).

1-S-dodecyl-2-O-methyl-rac-thioglycerol (4a). To a stirred solution of MeOH/CHCl₃ (1/1; 25 mL) is added HCl concentrated (320 μL, 3.9 mmol, 1.0 eq.). At 0°C **3a** (2.0g, 3.9 mmol, 1.0 eq.) in solution in MeOH/CHCl₃ (1/1; 25 mL) is added dropwise. The mixture is stirred 6 hours at 0°C. An aqueous saturated NaHCO₃ solution (30 mL) is added and the mixture is stirred 15 minutes at room temperature. The aqueous layer is extracted three times with CHCl₃ (3 x 70 mL) and the combined organic layers are washed three time with water (3 x 50 mL). The organic layer is dried upon MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated to give the crude compound **4a**. The product is purified on chromatography on silica gel (eluent: hexane / ethyl acetate (8:2 to 6:4)) to give **4a** in 65 % overall yield (730 mg). Rf (hexane/ethyl acetate: 8/2): 0.22; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300.131): 3.76 dd, 1 H, J_{HH} = 6 Hz, J_{HH} = 3 Hz, CH₂ sn-3); 3.59 (dd, 1H, J_{HH} = 12 Hz, J_{HH} = 6 Hz, CH₂ sn-3); 3.42 (s, 3 H, OCH₃); 3.36 (m, 1 H, CH sn-2); 2.70 (dd, 1 H, J_{HH} = 15 Hz, J_{HH} = 6 Hz, CH₂ sn-1); 2.58 (dd, 1 H, J_{HH} = 12 Hz, J_{HH} = 6 Hz, CH₂ sn-1); 2.52 (t, 2 H, J_{HH} = 6 Hz, CH₂ α fatty chain); 2.28 (s, 1 H, OH); 1.54 (qt, 2 H, J_{HH} = 6 Hz, CH₂ β fatty chain); 1.23 (s, 18 H, CH₂ fatty chain); 0.85 (t, 3 H, J_{HH} = 6 Hz, CH₃ fatty chain); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125.771): 81.1 (CH sn-2); 63.0 (CH₂ sn-3); 57.3 (OCH₃); 3.3.3 (CH₂ sn-1); 31.9 (CH₂ α fatty chain); 31.7 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.5 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.4 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.3 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.2 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.0 (CH₂ fatty chain); 28.7 (CH₂ fatty chain); 22.5 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.4 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.3 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.2 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.0 (CH₂ fatty chain); 28.7 (CH₂ fatty chain); 22.5 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.4 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.3 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.2 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.0 (CH₂ fatty chain); 28.7 (CH₂ fatty chain); 22.5 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.4 (CH₂ fatty chain); 29.4 (CH₃ fatty chain); 29.2

1-S-hexadecyl-2-O-methyl-rac-thioglycerol $(4b)^2$. To a stirred solution of MeOH/CHCl₃ (1/1, 70 mL) is added HCl concentrated (560 µL, 10.0 mmol, 1.0 eq.). At 0°C 3b (5.90 g, 10.0 mmol, 1.0 eq.) in solution in MeOH/CHCl₃ (1/1; 70 mL) is added dropwise. The mixture is stirred 48 hours at 0°C. An aqueous saturated NaHCO₃ solution (30 mL) is added and the mixture is stirred 15 minutes at room temperature. The aqueous layer is extracted three times with CHCl₃ (3 x 70 mL) and the combined organic layers are washed three time with an aqueous saturated NaCl solution (3 x 50 mL). The organic layer is dried upon MgSO₄, filtered and

concentrated to give the crude compound **4b**. The product is purified on chromatography on silica gel (eluant: petroleum ether/ ethyl acetate (9:1 to 8:2)) to give **4b** as a solid in 65 % overall yield (2.2 g). Rf (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate: 9/1): 0.17; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300.131): 3.80 (ABX, part A, dd, 1 H, J= 11.7 Hz, J_{HH}= 3.6 Hz, H_a $CH_2 sn$ -3); 3.61 (ABX, part B, dd, 1 H, J_{HH}= 11.7 Hz, J_{HH}= 5.4 Hz, H_b $CH_2 sn$ -3); 3.42 (s, 3 H, OCH₃); 3.41-3.35 (m, 1 H, CH sn-2); 2.80 (ABX, part B, dd, 1 H, J_{HH}= 13.5 Hz, J_{HH}= 5.1 Hz, H_a $CH_2 sn$ -1); 2.62 (ABX, part B, dd, 1 H, J_{HH}= 13.5 Hz, J_{HH}= 7.5 Hz, H_b $CH_2 sn$ -1); 2.55 (t, 2 H, J_{HH}= 7.4 Hz, $CH_2 \alpha$ fatty chain); 2.18 (brs, 1 H, OH); 1.59 (qt, 2 H, J_{HH}= 7.4 Hz, $CH_2 \beta$ fatty chain); 1.40-1.23 (m, 26 H, $CH_2 sn$ -1); 3.2.2 ($CH_2 \alpha$ fatty chain); 32.0 ($CH_2 fatty$ chain); 29.8 ($CH_2 fatty$ chain); 29.6 ($CH_2 fatty$ chain); 29.5 ($CH_2 fatty$ chain); 29.3 ($CH_2 fatty$ chain); 29.0 ($CH_2 fatty$ chain); 22.8 ($CH_2 fatty$ chain); 14.2 ($CH_3 fatty$ chain). When impurities are detected, we have noted them with a star on the spectra.

1-S-hexadecyl-2-O-methyl-rac-thioglycer-3-yl-2,3,4,6-tetra-O-acetyl- β -D-galactopyranosyl-(1-4)-2,3,6-tri-O-acetyl- β -D-glucopyranoside (**6b**).





Figure ESI 2-2: ¹³C{¹H} JMOD NMR (CDCl₃) of compound 6b



Figure ESI 2-3: ¹H COSY (CDCl₃) of compound 6b

7



Figure ESI 2-4: HMQC (CDCl₃) of compound 6b





Figure ESI 2-5: ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) of compound 7a







1-S-hexadecyl-2-O-methyl-rac-thioglycer-3-yl- β -D-galactopyranosyl-(1-4)- β -D-glucopyranoside **7b** (**Ohmline-4S**)

Figure ESI 2-9: ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) of compound 7b



Figure ESI 2-10: ¹³C{¹H} JMOD NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) of compound **7b**



Figure ESI 2-11: HMBC (DMSO-*d*₆) of compound 7b

13



3-(hexadecylsulfinyl)-2-methoxypropan-1-ol (8).

Figure ESI 2-12: ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) of compound 8

1-S-hexadecylsulfinyl-2-O-methyl-rac-thioglycer-3-yl-2,3,4,6-tetra-O-acetyl-β-D-galactopyranosyl-(1-4)-2,3,6-tri-O-acetyl-β-D-glucopyranoside (**9**)





Figure ESI 2-14: ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) of compound 9 (enlargement)

1-S-hexadecylsulfinyl-2-O-methyl-rac-thioglycer-3-yl-β-D-galactopyranosyl-(1-4)-β-D-glucopyranoside **10 (Ohmline-4-SO)**





Figure ESI 2-16: ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ JMOD NMR (DMSO- d_6) of compound 10

16

Figure ESI 2-17: ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) of compound 12

1-S-hexadecylsulfonyl-2-O-methyl-rac-thioglycer-3-yl-β-D-galactopyranosyl-(1-4)-β-D-glucopyranoside 13 (Ohmline- 4-SO₂)

Figure ESI 2-19: ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) of compound 13

Figure ESI 2-20: ¹³C{¹H} JMOD NMR (DMSO- d_6) of compound **13**

2-methoxy-but-3-en-1-ol (14a).

2-ethoxy-but-3-en-1-ol (14b).

4-(hexadecylthio)-2-methoxybutan-1-ol (15a).

Figure ESI 2-26: ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) of compound 15a

4-(hexadecylthio)-2-ethoxybutan-1-ol (15b).

 $1-O-[-4-(hexadecylthio)-2-methoxybutyl]-2,3,4,6-tetra-O-acetyl-\beta-D-galactopyranosyl-(1-4)-2,3,6-tri-O-acetyl-\beta-D-glucopyranoside$ **16a (Ohmline-5-S)**

Figure ESI 2-32: ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) of compound 16a

 $1-O-[-4-(hexadecylthio)-2-ethoxybutyl]-2,3,4,6-tetra-O-acetyl-\beta-D-galactopyranosyl-(1-4)-2,3,6-tri-O-acetyl-\beta-D-glucopyranoside (16b)$

Figure ESI 2-37: ¹³C{¹H} JMOD NMR (CDCl₃) of compound 16b.

Figure ESI 2-38: ¹H COSY (CDCl₃) of compound 16b

Figure ESI 2-39: HMQC ($CDCI_3$) of compound 16b

Figure ESI 2-40: HMQC (CDCl₃) of compound 16b (enlargement)

Figure ESI 2-41: HMBC (CDCl₃) of compound 16b

1-O-[-4-(hexadecylthio)-2-methoxybutyl]-β-D-galactopyranosyl-(1-4)-β-D-glucopyranoside **17a** (Ohmline-5-S)

1-O-[-4-(hexadecylthio)-2-ethoxybutyl]- β -D-galactopyranosyl-(1-4)- β -D-glucopyranoside **17b** (Ohmline-2-OEt-5S)

Figure ESI 2-46 ¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) of compound **17b** (enlargement)

3. Cell migration

Figure ESI3-1 : Effect of **7b**, **17a**, **17b** compounds during 24 h on cell migration of MDA-MB-435s and PC3 cells. The relative cell number corresponds to the ratio of the number of migrating cells in the presence of compounds over the number of migrating cells in control conditions (means ± SEM, N=3, n=3). No significant effect was found (p>0.05, Kruskal-Wallis and post hoc tests).

4. Effect of 17b on cytosolic calcium concentration

Figure ESI4-1: Representative traces showing the Tg-evoked SOCE in HCT116 cells after acute treatment (13 min) with 10μ M **17b**. Quantification of peak SOCE values are expressed as mean ± SD, N = 3 (n 30-52 per condition); NS: non-significant

5. Effect of 13 on cytosolic calcium concentration

Figure ESI5-1: Representative traces showing the Tg-evoked SOCE in HCT116 and PC3 cells after acute treatment (13 min) with 10μ M compound **13**. Quantification of peak SOCE values are expressed as mean ± SD, N = 3 (n 27-32 per condition); NS.

6. Cytotoxicity

Figure ESI6-1 : Effect of **7b**, **17a**, **17b** compounds in cell viability of MDA-MB-435s. Cells were exposed to 1μ M during 48h with each of the compounds (means ± SEM, N=3, n=3). No significant effect was found (p>0.05, Kruskal-Wallis and post hoc tests).