Copper-Catalyzed Beckmann-Type Fragmentation of Less-Strained

Cycloketoxime Esters

(Supporting Information)

Binlin Zhao*,^a Yukun Zheng,^a Cheng Chen,^b Mengning Wang, ^a Mengtao Ma,^a Zhuangzhi Shi^b

^a Department of Chemistry and Materials Science, College of Science, Nanjing Forestry University,

Nanjing 210037, China.

^b State Key Laboratory of Coordination Chemistry, School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering,

Nanjing University, Nanjing, 210093, China.

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1. General Information

Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were performed under an argon atmosphere using flame-dried glassware. All new compounds were fully characterized. NMRspectra were recorded on Bruker ARX-400 MHz, ARX-500 MHz or ARX-600 MHz Associated. ¹H NMR spectra data were reported as δ values in ppm relative to chloroform (δ 7.26) if collected in CDCl₃. ¹³C NMR spectra data were reported as δ values in ppm relative to chloroform (δ 77.00). ¹H NMR coupling constants were reported in Hz, and multiplicity was indicated as follows: s (singlet); d (doublet); t (triplet); q (quartet); quint (quintet); m (multiplet); dd (doublet of doublets); ddd (doublet of doublet of doublets); dddd (doublet of doublet of doublet of doublets); dt (doublet of triplets); td (triplet of doublets); ddt (doublet of doublet of triplets); dq (doublet of quartets); app (apparent); br (broad). Mass spectra were conducted at Micromass Q-Tof instrument (ESI) and Agilent Technologies 5973N (EI). All reactions were carried out in flame-dried 25-mL Schlenk tubes with Teflon screw caps under argon. Cu(OTf)₂ was purchased from TCI. Dry 1,4-dioxane, MeOH and DMSO were purchased from Adamas-beta. Unless otherwise noted, materials obtained from commercial suppliers were used without further purification.

2. Preparation of Cycloketoxime Esters



2-Arylcyclopentan-1-one *O*-benzoyl oximes were obtained from the corresponding 2-arylcyclopentanone, which were synthesized from the corresponding aryl bromide and cyclopentanone by the reported procedure^[1]. The following experimental procedure is typical: flame-dried 50 mL schlenk tube filled with argon, $Pd(OAc)_2$ (56.2 mg, 0.25 mmol, 0.05 equiv), $P(o-tol)_3$ (152 mg, 0.5 mmol, 0.1 equiv), NaOAc (410.0 s2

mg, 5.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), cyclopentanones (5.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), aryl bromides (6.5 mmol, 1.3 equiv), pyrrolidine (128.3 μ L, 1.5 mmol, 0.3 equiv), 1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutylamine (250.0 μ L, 1.5 mmol, 0.3 equiv) and 1,4-dioxane (25.0 mL), the tube was then sealed and heated at 110 °C under stirring for 12 hours, before cooled to room temperature. The mixture was filtered through a small plug of silica gel and eluted with ethyl acetate. The filtrate was then concentrated under vacuo and further purified by flash column chromatography to give the arylation product.

The ketone (5.30 g, 24.5 mmol) was dissolved in abs EtOH (0.25 M) and treated with NaOH (2.0 equiv) in H₂O (3.3 M) followed by hydroxylamine hydrochloride (1.5 equiv). The mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature until until the reaction was complete (TLC monitoring). The residue was diluted with water and extracted with EtOAc. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc and the combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and evaporated under reduced pressure to give the crude material, which were used in the next step without further purification.

To a solution of ketoxime in DCM (0.1 M) was added the carboxylic acid (1.5 equiv) followed by EDCI (2.5 equiv) and DMAP (10.0 mol%). The mixture was stirred at room temperature under Ar until the reaction was complete (TLC monitoring). The mixture was diluted with water and extracted with DCM. The aqueous layer was extracted with DCM and the combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, the solvent was removed under vacuum and the residue was subjected to column chromatography on SiO₂ with EtOAc–hexane as an eluent to give 2-arylcyclopentan-1-one *O*-benzoyl oximes (1).

2-Phenylcyclopentan-1-one *O*-benzoyl oxime (1aa)^[2]

^{BZO} According to the general procedure, **1aa** was prepared from the commercially available cyclopentanone (5.0 mmol) as a white solid (750 mg, 53%); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.07 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.34 – 7.33 (m, 4H), 7.26 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 4.05 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.98 – 2.78 (m, 2H), 2.36 – 2.29 (m, 1H), 2.05 – 1.98 (m, 2H),

1.88 – 1.79 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.5, 163.7, 140.3, 133.1, 129.5, 129.1, 128.5, 128.4, 127.8, 126.7, 49.0, 34.6, 29.8, 22.4; ATR-FTIR (cm⁻¹):1746, 1290, 1211, 1058, 915; **HRMS m/z (ESI)** calcd for $C_{18}H_{17}NNaO_2 (M + Na)^+ 302.1151$, found 302.1151.

2-Phenylcyclopentan-1-one O-(4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl) oxime (1ba)^[2]



According to the general procedure, 1ba was prepared from the commercially available cyclopentanone (5.0 mmol) as a white solid (1.0 g, 58%) ¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 8.17 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.73 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 4H), 7.26 – 7.21 (m, 1H), 4.07 (t, J

= 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.01 – 2.74 (m, 2H), 2.38 – 2.29 (m, 1H), 2.13 – 1.94 (m, 2H), 1.93 – 1.79 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.2, 162.6, 140.1, 134.6 (q, J = 32.7Hz), 132.5, 129.9, 128.6, 127.8, 126.9, 125.5 (q, *J* = 3.5 Hz), 123.5 (q, *J* = 272.8 Hz), 49.2, 34.7, 30.0, 22.5; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -63.1; ATR-FTIR (cm⁻¹): 1748, 1511, 1324, 1242, 1066, 696; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₉H₁₆F₃NNaO₂ (M + Na)⁺ 370.1025, found 370.1028.

2-Phenylcyclopentan-1-one *O*-perfluorobenzoyl oxime (1ca)^[2]



According to the general procedure, 1ea was prepared from the commercially available cyclopentanone (2.0 mmol) as a brown solid (395 mg, 53%); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.37 – 7.17 (m, 5H), 4.12 – 3.98 (m, 1H), 2.92 – 2.83 (m, 1H), 2.77 – 2.60 (m, 1H), 2.40 – 2.29 (m, 1ca 1H) 2.09 – 1.78 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.9, 178.2, 156.7, 146.4, 142.0, 140.9, 139.6, 128.6, 128.1, 127.8, 127.0, 126.9, 126.5, 49.4, 48.6, 36.0, 34.7, 32.6, 30.4, 23.5, 22.5; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -137.11 - -137.30 (m, 2F), -148.05 - -148.26 (m, 1F), -159.93 - -160.45 (m, 2F); ATR-FTIR (cm⁻¹):1760, 1524, 1500, 1420, 1325, 1062; **HRMS m/z (ESI)** calcd for $C_{18}H_{12}F_5NNaO_2$ (M + Na)⁺ 392.0680, found 392.0681.

2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)cyclopentan-1-one *O*-benzoyl oxime (1ab)^[3]

^{BZO} According to the general procedure, **1ab** was prepared from cyclopentanone (3.0 mmol) as a white solid (420.2 mg, 45%): ¹H **1ab NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3)** δ 8.06 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1.51H), 7.58 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 0.5H), 6.86 (t, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 4.10 – 3.99 (m, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 2.94 – 2.76 (m, 2H), 2.37 – 2.27 (m, 1H), 2.04 – 1.80 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl3) δ 177.7, 175.9, 163.8, 158.4, 158.2, 133.8, 133.1, 132.9, 132.2, 129.5, 129.5, 129.2, 128.8, 128.4, 128.1, 128.1, 114.1, 114.0, 55.3, 55.2, 48.4, 47.7, 36.7, 34.6, 32.9, 29.8, 23.6, 22.4; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 1740, 1545, 1451, 1263, 1025, 708; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₉H₂₀NO₃ (M + H)⁺ 310.1428, found 310.1432.

2-(4-(*tert*-Butyl)phenyl)cyclopentan-1-one *O*-benzoyl oxime (1ac)^[3]

^{B20} According to the general procedure, **1ac** was prepared from (3.0 mmol) as a white solid (570.6 mg, 57%): ¹H **NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.07 – 8.05 (m, 1H), 7.58 – 7.41 (m, 2H), 7.37 – 7.32 (m, 3H), 7.27 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 7.14 – 7.12 (m, 1H), 4.07 – 4.03 (m, 1H), 2.97 – 2.75 (m, 2H), 2.44 – 2.26 (m, 1H), 2.09 – 1.74 (m, 3H), , 1.30 (s, 4.60H), 1.29 (s, 4.40H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.8, 175.9, 163.9, 163.8, 149.5, 149.4, 138.6, 137.2, 133.1, 132.8, 129.5, 129.5, 129.3, 128.8, 128.4, 128.0, 127.5, 126.8, 125.6, 125.5, 48.6, 48.3, 36.7, 34.5, 34.4, 33.1, 31.4 31.3, 29.9, 23.8, 22.5; ATR-FTIR (cm⁻¹): 1739, 1550, 1454, 1378, 1260, 715; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₂₂H₂₆NO₂ (M + H)⁺ 336.1958, found 336.1955.

2-([1,1'-Biphenyl]-4-yl)cyclopentan-1-one *O*-benzoyl oxime (1ad)^[3]

BzO N 1ad

According to the general procedure, **1ad** was prepared from cyclopentanone (3.0 mmol) as a white solid (448.4 mg, 42%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.08 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.61 – 7.55 (m,

4.5H), 7.49 - 7.40 (m, 5.5H), 7.36 - 7.33 (m, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.21 - 7.17 (m, 1H), 4.18 - 4.09 (m, 1H), 3.00 - 2.79 (m, 2H), 2.50 - 2.32 (m, 1H), 2.14 - 1.80 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.6, 175.5, 163.9, 163.8, 140.9, 140.8, 140.7, 139.7, 139.5, 139.4, 133.2, 132.9, 129.6, 129.5, 128.8, 128.7, 128.5, 128.3, 128.1, 127.6, 127.5, 127.3, 127.2, 127.1, 127.0, 126.9, 48.9, 48.4, 36.7, 34.7, 33.1, 29.9, 23.8, 22.5; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 1742, 1732, 1501, 1454, 1266, 708; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₂₄H₂₂NO₂ (M + H)⁺ 356.1645, found 356.1652.

2-(4-Fluorophenyl)cyclopentan-1-one *O*-benzoyl oxime (1ae)^[4]

B20. According to the general procedure, **1ae** was prepared from (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.07 – 8.05 (m, 2H), 7.60 – 7.56 (m, 1H), 7.46 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.31 – 7.28 (m, 2H), 7.04 – 7.00 (m, 2H), 4.02 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.99 – 2.91 (m, 1H), 2.83 – 2.74 (m, 1H), 2.36 – 2.29 (m, 1H), 2.04 – 1.81 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.3, 163.8, 161.71 (d, *J* = 245.0 Hz), 135.9 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz), 133.2, 129.5, 129.4 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 129.1, 128.5, 115.4 (d, *J* = 21.4 Hz), 48.5, 34.8, 29.8, 22.4; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -116.3; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 1738, 1644, 1495, 1454, 1266, 708; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₈H₁₆FNNaO₂ (M + Na)⁺ 320.1057, found 320.1060.

Methyl 4-(2-((benzoyloxy)imino)cyclopentyl)benzoate (1af)

^{BZO} N According to the general procedure, **1af** was prepared from cyclopentanone (3.0 mmol) as a white solid (416.6 mg, 41%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.07 – 7.99 (m, 3H), 7.59 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 0.5H), 7.48 – 7.36 (m, 3.5H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (dt, *J* = 28.1, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.00 – 2.75 (m, 2H), 2.48 – 2.33 (m, 1H), 2.07 – 1.79 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.8, 174.9, 147.0, 145.7, 133.2, 133.1, 130.2, 129.9, 129.6, 129.3, 128.5, 128.2, 128.0, 127.2, 126.9, 52.1, 52.0, 49.1, 48.5, 36.5, 34.8, 33.0, 30.0, 23.8, 22.6; **ATR-FTIR** (**cm**⁻¹): 1738, 1635, 1505, 1464, 1260, 1110, 710; **HRMS m/z** (**ESI**) calcd for C₂₀H₂₀NO₄ (M + H)⁺ 338.1387, found 338.1385.

2-(4-(Methylsulfonyl)phenyl)cyclopentan-1-one O-benzoyl oxime (1ag)

^{BZO} ^N ^{Iag} ^{Iag} ^{According to the general procedure, **1ag** was prepared from cyclopentanone (3.0 mmol) as a white solid (479.8 mg, 45%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.07 – 8.04 (m, 2H), 7.91 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.62 – 7.58 (m, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 4.14 – 4.08 (m, 1H), 3.04 (s, 3H), 3.02 – 2.98 (m, 1H), 2.89 – 2.79 (m, 1H), 2.43 – 2.39 (m, 1H), 2.08 – 1.87 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.6, 174.5, 148.0, 146.8, 139.0, 138.9, 133.4, 133.3, 129.6, 129.2, 129.1, 128.6, 128.2, 128.1, 128.0, 127.8, 127.4, 49.4, 48.5, 44.6, 44.4, 36.6, 35.2, 33.0, 30.1, 23.9, 22.7; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 1740, 1545, 1495, 1502, 1382, 1254, 723; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₉H₂₀NO₄S (M + H)⁺ 358.1108, found 358.1112.}

2-(3-((Benzoyloxy)imino)-1-methylcyclobutyl)ethyl acetate (1ah)^[4]



According to the general procedure, **1ah** was prepared from cyclopentanone (3.0 mmol) as a white solid (489.1 mg, 49%): ¹H **NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3)** δ 8.08 – 8.06 (m, 1H), 7.84 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.77 – 7.67 (m, 1H), 7.61 – 7.56 (m, 0.5H), 7.48 – 7.42

(m, 2H), 7.38 - 7.24 (m, 3H), 7.20 (dd, J = 8.3, 1.7 Hz, 0.5H), 7.07 - 7.03 (m, 1H), 4.25 - 4.17 (m, 1H), 3.02 - 2.82 (m, 2H), 2.50 - 2.33 (m, 1H), 2.16 - 1.80 (m, 3H); ¹³C **NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 177.6, 175.6, 163.9, 163.8, 140.0, 139.9, 138.2, 137.9, 136.5, 133.1, 132.8, 129.6, 129.4, 129.2, 128.6, 128.5, 128.0, 127.1, 126.7, 124.4, 123.8, 123.7, 123.6, 122.9, 122.7, 122.6, 122.0, 49.1, 48.7, 37.0, 34.9, 33.1, 29.9, 23.8, 22.5; **ATR-FTIR (cm**⁻¹): 1741, 1738, 1595, 1454, 1254, 1035, 732; **HRMS m/z (ESI)** calcd for C₂₀H₁₇NNaO₂S (M + Na)⁺ 358.0872, found 358.0875.

2-(Naphthalen-2-yl)cyclopentan-1-one O-benzoyl oxime (1ai)^[4]

BZO According to the general procedure, **1ai** was prepared from cyclopentanone (3.0 mmol) as a white solid (541.5 mg, 55%): **¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.09 – 8.07 (m, 1H), 7.84 – 7.78 (m, 3H), 7.75 – 7.68 (m, 1H), 7.61 – 7.42 (m, 4H), 7.34 – 7.28 (m, 1H), 7.24 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 6.96 – 6.93 (m, 1H), 4.30 – 4.22 (m, 1H), 3.03 – 2.83 (m, 2H), 2.51 – 2.34 (m, 1H), 2.21 – 1.81 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.4, 175.4, 163.8, 163.8, 139.1, 137.7, 133.5, 133.4, 133.1, 132.8, 132.4, 132.1, 129.6, 129.3, 129.2, 128.7, 128.5, 128.5, 128.3, 127.9, 127.8, 127.6, 127.5, 127.5, 126.4, 126.3, 126.1, 126.0, 125.7, 125.6, 125.4, 36.6, 34.5, 33.1, 29.9, 23.8, 22.5; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 1739, 1545, 1465, 1260, 1120, 716; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₈H₁₇NNaO₂ (M + Na)⁺ 352.1308, found 352.1312.

2-Phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-1-one *O*-benzoyl oxime (1aj)

BzO According to the general procedure, **1aj** was prepared from 2-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-1-one obtained from 2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-1one according to the reported procedure^[6] as a yellow solid (3.0 mmol scale, 420.1 mg, 43%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.02 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.51 – 7.49 (m, 2H), 7.43 – 7.39 (m, 2H), 7.33 – 7.11 (m, 9H), 4.58 (dd, J = 8.7, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 3.62 (dd, J = 17.2, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 2.97 (dd, J = 17.2, 2.9 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.4, 163.9, 148.4, 142.0, 134.5, 133.0, 132.5, 129.5, 128.9, 128.8, 128.2, 127.6, 126.9, 126.8, 125.5, 123.6, 47.0, 40.4; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 1740, 1545, 1502, 1265, 1145, 726; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₂₂H₁₇NNaO₂ (M + Na)⁺ 350.1151, found 350.1152.

2,2-Dimethylcyclopentan-1-one O-benzoyl oxime (1ak)^[5]

BzO_N Me Me Me Iak According to the general procedure, **1ak** was prepared from the corresponding 2,2-dimethylcyclopentan-1-one (2.0 mmol) as a white solid (407.9 mg, 88%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.05 – 8.03 (m, 2H), 7.57 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.46 – 7.43 (m, 2H), 2.77 (td, J = 7.6, 2.1 Hz, 2H), 1.87 – 1.80 (m, 2H), 1.73 – 1.70 (m, 2H), 1.31 (s, 3H), 1.30 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 180.7, 163.9, 133.0, 129.5, 128.6, 128.4, 43.3, 41.0, 28.9, 26.3, 20.7; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 1741, 1595, 1460, 1262, 1152, 725; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₄H₁₈NO₂ (M + H)⁺ 232.1332, found 232.1335.

2,2-Dimethyl-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-1-one *O*-benzoyl oxime (1al)

BzO N Me Me

According to the general procedure, **1al** was prepared from the corresponding 2,2-dimethyl-2,3-dihydro-1-inden-1-one obtained from 2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-1-one according to the reported procedure^[7] as

1ala white solid (3.0 mmol scale, 407.9 mg, 88%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz,CDCl₃) δ 8.28 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 0.65H), 8.16 – 8.11 (m, 2H), 7.96 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 0.34H),7.65 – 7.60 (m, 1H), 7.55 – 7.42 (m, 3H), 7.37 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 3.03 (s, 0.7H), 3.01 (s,1.3H), 1.62 (s, 2.1H), 1.48 (s, 4.0H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.4, 173.2,164.5, 164.2, 147.7, 146.8, 134.2, 133.2, 133.1, 132.4, 132.2, 131.7, 129.8, 129.7, 129.6,129.2, 128.7, 127.3, 126.1, 125.3, 123.8, 47.8, 46.1, 44.7, 43.6, 28.1, 26.2; ATR-FTIR(cm ⁻¹): 1739, 1601, 1545, 1459, 1252, 732; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₈H₁₈NO₂ (M+ H)⁺ 280.1332, found 280.1333.

2-Phenylcyclohexan-1-one O-benzoyl oxime (1am)^[5]



According to the general procedure, **1am** was prepared from the corresponding 2-phenylcyclohexan-1-one (2.0 mmol) as a white solid (435.9 mg, 74%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.10 – 7.96 (m, 2H), 7.61 – 7.52 (m, 1H), 7.49 – 7.34 (m, 5H), 7.31 – 7.23 (m,

2H), 4.86 (s, 0.4H), 4.03 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 0.6H), 3.04 – 2.98 (m, 0.6H), 2.74 – 2.71 (m, 0.4H), 2.54 – 2.49 (m, 1H), 2.34 – 2.24 (m, 1H), 2.11 – 1.63 (m, 5H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.3, 170.5, 164.2, 138.9, 138.0, 133.1, 133.1, 129.6, 128.9, 128.6, 128.5, 127.6, 127.1, 126.7, 126.6, 45.3, 39.6, 30.9, 29.4, 29.1, 26.5, 26.4, 25.3, 22.1,

20.6; **ATR-FTIR** (**cm**⁻¹): 1738, 1598, 1502, 1378, 1249, 1125, 726; **HRMS m/z** (**ESI**) calcd for C₁₉H₁₉NNaO₂ (M + Na)⁺ 316.1308, found 316.1312.

2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydronaphthalen-1(2*H*)-one *O*-benzoyl oxime (1an)



According to the general procedure, **1an** was prepared from the corresponding 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3,4dihydronaphthalen-1(2*H*)-one obtained from 3,4dihydronaphthalen-1(2*H*)-one according to the reported

procedure^[8] as a white solid (3.0 mmol scale, 466.8 mg, 42%) ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.44 – 8.42 (m, 1H), 7.77 – 7.75 (m, 2H), 7.54 – 7.50 (m, 1H), 7.41 – 7.31 (m, 4H), 7.19 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.84 – 6.82 (m, 2H), 4.77 (t, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 2.82 – 2.63 (m, 2H), 2.32 – 2.23 (m, 1H), 2.12 – 2.06 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.7, 163.4, 158.3, 140.8, 133.1, 132.0, 130.9, 129.6, 129.2, 129.0, 128.8, 128.3, 126.7, 126.1, 114.0, 55.2, 40.2, 30.3, 25.3; ATR-FTIR (cm⁻¹): 1742, 1602, 1545, 1502, 1338, 1246, 1020, 730; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₂₄H₂₂NO₃ (M + H)⁺ 372.1594, found 372.1599.

1,1-Dimethyl-3,4-dihydronaphthalen-2(1*H*)-one *O*-benzoyl oxime (1ao)



According to the general procedure, **1ao** was prepared from the corresponding 1,1-dimethyl-3,4-dihydronaphthalen-2(1H)-one obtained from 3,4-dihydronaphthalen-2(IH)-one according to the reported procedure^[9] as a white solid (3.0 mmol scale, 498.9 mg,

68%)¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.10 – 8.08 (m, 2H), 7.61 – 7.57 (m, 1H), 7.50 – 7.43 (m, 3H), 7.30 – 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.22 – 7.15 (m, 2H), 3.07 – 3.03 (m, 4H), 1.69 (s, 6H); ¹³**C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 174.0, 163.9, 143.0, 135.4, 133.1, 129.5, 128.5, 128.2, 127.1, 126.4, 125.2, 41.9, 27.9, 27.6, 24.2; **ATR-FTIR (cm⁻¹):** 1740, 1560, 1500, 1380, 1245, 1123, 721; **HRMS m/z (ESI)** calcd for C₁₉H₁₉NNaO₂ (M + Na)⁺ 316.1308, found 316.1311.

Methyl 4-(2-((benzoyloxy)imino)-1-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-





According to the general procedure, **1ao** was prepared from the corresponding methyl 4-(1-methyl-2-*oxo*-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)benzoate obtained from 3,4-dihydronaphthalen-2(*I*H)-one according to the reported

1approcedure[8,9] as a white solid (3.0 mmol scale, 394.2 mg, 32%):¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.10 – 8.08 (m, 2H), 7.91 – 7.89 (m, 2H), 7.63 – 7.58(m, 2H), 7.48 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (td, J = 7.4, 1.1 Hz, 1H),7.20 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.16 – 7.14 (m, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 2.97 – 2.93 (m, 2H), 2.68 –2.62 (m, 1H), 2.28 – 2.20 (m, 1H), 2.02 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.6,166.8, 163.8, 149.7, 139.6, 138.3, 133.3, 130.0, 129.6, 129.2, 128.8, 128.6, 128.2, 127.8,127.2, 126.5, 126.3, 52.1, 51.6, 26.5, 26.1, 25.6; ATR-FTIR (cm⁻¹): 1739, 1698, 1505,1375, 1251, 1025, 732; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₂₆H₂₃NNaO₄ (M + Na)⁺ 436.1519,found 436.1520.

2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)cycloheptan-1-one O-benzoyl oxime (1aq)



According to the general procedure, **1aq** was prepared from the corresponding 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)cycloheptan-1-one obtained from cycloheptanone according to the reported procedure^[8] as a white solid (3.0 mmol scale, 433.2 mg, 43%):

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.07 – 8.05 (m, 2H), 7.58 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.09 – 4.05 (m, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.14 – 3.10 (m, 1H), 2.39 – 2.32 (m, 1H), 2.11 – 2.05

(m, 1H), 1.98 - 1.88 (m, 4H), 1.63 - 1.57 (m, 1H), 1.46 - 1.39 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.2, 164.0, 158.5, 133., 132.7, 129.5, 129.4, 128.5, 128.3, 113.9, 55.2, 47.6, 31.0, 30.8, 27.4, 26.2, 25.4; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 1741, 1602, 1543, 1246, 1025, 735; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₂₁H₂₄NO₃ (M + H)⁺ 338.1751, found 338.1753.

2-Phenylcyclooctan-1-one O-benzoyl oxime (1ar)



According to the general procedure, 1ar was prepared from the corresponding 2-phenylcyclooctan-1-one obtained from cycloheptanone according to the reported procedure^[10] as a white solid (3.0 mmol scale, 599.3 mg, 62%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta 8.07 - 8.04$ (m, 2H), 7.57 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.47 - 7.42 (m, 4H), 7.32 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 4.01 (dd, J = 12.7, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 2.84

(dt, J = 12.5, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 2.46 - 2.31 (m, 1H), 2.11 - 2.01 (m, 2H), 1.94 - 1.72 (m, 2H)6H), 1.53 – 1.40 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.9, 163.8, 140.5, 133.1, 129.5, 129.3, 128.5, 127.4, 127.0, 48.5, 26.9, 26.8, 26.5, 26.2, 24.8; ATR-FTIR (cm⁻ ¹): 1739, 1552, 1462, 1242, 732; **HRMS m/z (ESI)** calcd for $C_{21}H_{23}NNaO_2 (M + Na)^+$ 344.1621, found 344.1622.

1,7,7-Trimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one *O*-benzoyl oxime (3)^[5]



(s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.9, 164.0, 132.9, 129.5, 129.4, 128.4, 53.2, 48.7, 43.5, 34.9, 32.4, 27.1, 19.5, 18.4, 11.0; ATR-FTIR (cm⁻¹): 1738, 1545, 1460, 1382, 1244, 1125, 732; **HRMS m/z (ESI)** calcd for $C_{17}H_{22}NO_2$ (M + H)⁺ 272.1645, found 272.1646.

(8R,9S,13S,14S)-3-Methoxy-13-methyl-6,7,8,9,11,12,13,14,15,16-decahydro-17Hcyclopenta[a]phenanthren-17-one O-benzoyl oxime (8)



According to the general procedure, **8** was prepared from Estrone 3-methyl ether (1.0 mmol) as a white solid (307.5 mg, 76%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.07 – 8.05 (m, 2H), 7.60 – 7.56 (m, 1H), 7.46 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (dd, *J* = 8.6, 2.7 Hz,

1H), 6.65 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 2.92 – 2.75 (m, 4H), 2.46 – 2.31 (m, 3H), 2.00 – 1.95 (m, 2H), 1.86 – 1.70 (m, 2H), 1.60 – 1.44 (m, 4H), 1.09 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCI₃) δ 179.5, 164.0, 157.6, 137.6, 133.0, 132.0, 129.5, 128.4, 126.4, 113.9, 111.5, 55.2, 52.8, 45.6, 43.8, 38.2, 33.7, 29.6, 27.3, 27.2, 26.1, 22.8, 17.1; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 1740, 1542, 1464, 1376, 1227, 1012, 752; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₂₆H₂₉NNaO₂ (M + Na)⁺ 426.2040, found 426.2043.

(8R,9S,13S,14S)-3-Methoxy-13-methyl-16-phenyl-6,7,8,9,11,12,13,14,15,16decahydro-17*H*-cyclopenta[a]phenanthren-17-one *O*-benzoyl oxime (9)



According to the general procedure, **9** was prepared from (8R,9S,13S,14S)-3-methoxy-13-methyl-16phenyl-6,7,8,9,11,12,13,14,15,16-decahydro-17*H*cyclopenta[*a*]phenanthren-17-one obtained from Estrone 3-methyl ether according to the reported

procedure^[8] as a white solid (2.0 mmol scale, 394.3 mg, 41%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.44 – 7.40 (m, 1H), 7.35 – 7.30 (m, 4H), 7.26 – 7.18 (m, 6H), 6.74 (dd, J = 8.6, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 4.26 – 4.22 (m, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 2.89 – 2.87 (m, 2H), 2.54 – 2.34 (m, 4H), 1.97 – 1.90 (m, 2H), 1.71 – 1.58 (m, 5H), 1.51 – 1.46 (m, 1H), 1.27 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.4, 163.8, 157.6, 141.1, 137.6, 132.7, 132.0, 129.4, 129.0, 128.6, 128.1, 127.1, 126.3, 113.8, 111.5, 55.2, 51.6, 48.4, 46.3, 43.8, 37.8, 34.8, 34.3, 29.6, 27.2, 26.2, 16.8; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 1740, 1542, 1464, 1376, 1227, 1012, 752; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₃₂H₃₄NO₃ (M + H)⁺ 480.2533, found 480.2536.

Methyl (4aS,6aS,6bR,8aR,12aR,12bR,14bS)-10-((benzoyloxy)imino)-2,2,6a,6b,9,9,12a-heptamethyl-1,3,4,5,6,6a,6b,7,8,8a,9,10,11,12,12a,12b,13,14boctadecahydropicene-4a(2*H*)-carboxylate (12)



carboxylate obtained from Oleanic acid according to the reported procedure^[11] as a white solid (2.0 mmol scale, 926.4 mg, 79%): ¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.06 – 8.04 (m, 2H), 7.59 – 7.55 (m, 1H), 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 5.29 (t, *J* = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 3.08 – 3.02 (m, 1H), 2.86 (dd, *J* = 13.8, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 2.48 – 2.40 (m, 1H), 2.00 – 1.86 (m, 3H), 1.81 – 1.75 (m, 2H), 1.69 – 1.58 (m, 9H), 1.54 – 1.47 (m, 4H), 1.35 (s, 3H), 1.20 (s, 3H), 1.16 – 1.15 (m, 1H), 1.12 (s, 3H), 1.09 – 0.08 (m, 1H), 1.05 (s, 3H), 0.92 (s, 3H), 0.89 (s, 3H), 0.77 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 178.2, 176.2, 164.2, 144.0, 133.0, 129.7, 129.5, 128.4, 122.0, 55.8, 51.5, 47.1, 46.7, 45.8, 41.7, 41.6, 41.3, 39.3, 38.7, 37.0, 33.8, 33.1, 32.3, 30.7, 27.6, 27.2, 26.9, 25.8, 23.6, 23.5, 23.2, 23.0, 19.9, 19.0, 16.8, 15.1; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 1739, 1465, 1383, 1246, 1035, 702; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₃₈H₅₄NO₄ (M + H)⁺ 588.4047, found 588.4050.

3. Experimental Procedures and Characterization of Products

(E)-5-Phenylpent-4-enenitrile (2aa)^[12]

2aa

CN Flame-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon, cycloketoxime ester 1aa (55.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry 1, 4-dioxane (1.0 mL) were added under Ar. The

formed mixture was stirred at 100 °C under Ar for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under

vaccum directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 30 : 1) to afford 25.9 mg (83%) of **2aa** as a yellow oil: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.31 – 7.23 (m, 4H), 7.19 – 7.15 (m, 1H), 6.45 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 6.11 (dt, *J* = 15.8, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.52 – 2.40 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 136.5, 132.9, 128.5, 127.6, 126.2, 125.4, 119.1, 28.7, 17.5; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 3005, 2925, 2247, 1605, 1545, 1510, 1255, 766; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₁H₁₂N (M + H)⁺ 158.0964, found 158.0968.

(*E*)-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)pent-4-enenitrile (2ab)

Flame-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon, $_{MeO}$ $_{2ab}$ cycloketoxime ester **1ab** (61.9 mg, 0.2 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry 1, 4-dioxane (1.0 mL) were added under Ar. The formed mixture was stirred at 100 °C under Ar for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 20 : 1) to afford 32.5 mg (87%) of **2ab** as a colorless oil: ¹H NMR (**400** MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.30 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.85 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.46 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 6.04 (dt, *J* = 15.8, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 2.56 – 2.46 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (**101** MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.2, 132.2, 129.3, 127.4, 123.2, 119.2, 113.9, 55.2, 28.7, 17.6; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 2927, 2248, 1596, 1540, 1510, 1246, 1025, 760; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₂H₁₄NO (M + H)⁺ 188.1070, found 188.1072.

(E)-5-(4-(tert-Butyl)phenyl)pent-4-enenitrile (2ac)

 The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 30 : 1) to afford 33.1 mg (78%) of **2ac** as a colorless oil: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.37 – 7.31 (m, 4H), 6.51 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 6.16 (dt, *J* = 15.8, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.57 – 2.49 (m, 4H), 1.33 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.9, 133.9, 132.7, 126.0, 125.6, 124.7, 119.3, 34.6, 31.3, 28.9, 17.7; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 2925, 2247, 1598, 1515, 1498, 1338, 1246, 763; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₅H₂₀N (M + H)⁺ 214.1590, found 214.1593.

(*E*)-5-([1,1'-Biphenyl]-4-yl)pent-4-enenitrile (2ad)

Flame-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon, cycloketoxime ester **1ad** (71.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry 1, 4-dioxane (1.0 mL) were added under Ar. The formed mixture was stirred at 100 °C under Ar for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 20 : 1) to afford 35.3 mg (76%) of **2ad** as a white solid: ¹H NMR (**400 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 7.62 – 7.56 (m, 4H), 7.47 – 7.44 (m, 4H), 7.38 – 7.34 (m, 1H), 6.57 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dt, *J* = 15.8, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.62 – 2.50 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (**101 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 140.5, 140.4, 135.5, 132.5, 128.8, 127.3, 127.2, 126.9, 126.7, 125.5, 119.1, 28.8, 17.5; **ATR-FTIR (cm** ⁻¹): 2925, 2247, 1596, 1506, 1450, 1265, 1238, 760; **HRMS m/z (ESI)** calcd for C₁₇H₁₆N (M + H)⁺ 234.1277, found 234.1281.

(*E*)-5-(4-Fluorophenyl)pent-4-enenitrile (2ae)

Fine-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon, cycloketoxime ester **1ae** (59.5 mg, 0.2 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry 1, 4-dioxane (1.0 mL) were added under Ar. The formed mixture was stirred at 100 °C under Ar for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 30 : 1) to afford 25.2 mg (72%) of **2ae** as a colorless oil: ¹H NMR (**400** MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.35 – 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.02 – 6.97 (m, 2H), 6.48 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 6.10 (dt, *J* = 15.8, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 2.57 – 2.48 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (**101** MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.3 (d, *J* = 246.9 Hz), 132.7, 131.8, 127.73 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 125.17 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz), 119.1, 115.4 (d, *J* = 21.7 Hz), 28.7, 17.5; ¹⁹F NMR (**377** MHz, CDCl₃) δ -114.3; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 2928, 2249, 1595, 1510, 1465, 1264, 1229, 755; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₁H₁₁FN (M + H)⁺ 176.0870, found 176.0875.

Methyl (E)-4-(4-cyanobut-1-en-1-yl)benzoate (2af)

^{MeO₂C</sub> Flame-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon, _{zaf} cycloketoxime ester **1af** (67.5 mg, 0.2 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry 1, 4-dioxane (1.0 mL) were added under Ar. The formed mixture was stirred at 100 °C under Ar for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 10 : 1) to afford 32.7 mg (76%) of **2af** as a colorless oil: ¹H NMR (**400 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 7.97 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.55 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.30 (dt, *J* = 15.8, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 2.61 – 2.50 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (**101 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 166.8, 140.9, 133.5, 132.1, 129.9, 128.2, 126.1, 118.9, 52.0, 28.7, 17.3; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 3005, 2928, 2247, 1721, 1610, 1591, 1506, 1460, 1260, 1025, 748; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₃H₁₄NO₂ (M + H)⁺216.1019, found 216.1022.}

(E)-5-(4-(Methylsulfonyl)phenyl)pent-4-enenitrile (2ag)

 MeO_2S CN Flame-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon, meO_2S cycloketoxime ester **1ag** (71.5 mg, 0.2 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry 1, 4-dioxane (1.0 mL) were added under Ar. The formed mixture was stirred at 100 °C under Ar for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 3 : 1) to afford 33.2 mg (71%) of **2ag** as a colorless oil: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.87 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.58 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (dt, *J* = 15.8, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 3.04 (s, 3H), 2.63 – 2.52 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.9, 139.1, 131.3, 129.8, 127.7, 127.0, 118.8, 44.5, 28.7, 17.2; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 3010, 2931, 2248, 1605, 1595, 1506, 1465, 1235, 762; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₂H₁₄NO₂S (M + H)⁺ 236.0740, found 236.0742.

(*E*)-5-(Benzo[*b*]thiophen-5-yl)pent-4-enenitrile (2ah)

Flame-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon, cycloketoxime ester **1ah** (67.1 mg, 0.2 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry 1, 4-dioxane (1.0 mL) were added under Ar. The formed mixture was stirred at 100 °C under Ar for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 10 : 1) to afford 27.8 mg (65%) of **2ah** as a yellow solid: ¹H NMR (**400 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 7.81 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (dd, *J* = 5.4, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (dt, *J* = 15.7, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.63 – 2.51 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (**101 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 140.0, 139.0, 133.0, 127.0, 125.1, 123.9, 122.5, 122.3, 121.6, 119.2, 28.8, 17.6; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 3005, 2927, 2246, 1596, 1510, 1460, 1220, 758; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₃H₁₂NS (M + H)⁺ 214.0685, found 214.0688.

(E)-5-(Naphthalen-2-yl)pent-4-enenitrile (2ai)

CN Flame-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon, cycloketoxime ester 1ai (65.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry 1, 4-dioxane (1.0 mL) were added under Ar. The formed

mixture was stirred at 100 °C under Ar for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 20 : 1) to afford 22.8 mg (54%) of **2ai** as a white solid: ¹H NMR (**400** MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.82 – 7.79 (m, 3H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.58 (dd, *J* = 8.6, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.50 – 7.43 (m, 2H), 6.68 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (dt, *J* = 15.8, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.64 – 2.59 (m, 2H), 2.55 – 2.51 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 134.0, 133.5, 133.0, 128.2, 127.9, 127.6, 126.3, 126.2, 125.9, 125.8, 123.3, 119.2, 28.9, 17.5; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 3010, 2928, 2247, 1605, 1556, 1503, 1446, 1138, 762; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₅H₁₄N (M + H)⁺ 208.1121, found 208.1123.

(*E*)-2-Styrylbenzonitrile (2aj)

Flame-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon, cycloketoxime ester **1ai** (65.4 mg, 0.2 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry 1, 4-dioxane (1.0 mL) were added under Ar. The formed mixture was stirred at 100 °C under Ar for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 30 : 1) to afford 37.5 mg (92%) of **2ai** as a yellow oil: ¹H NMR (**400** MHz, **CDCl**₃) δ 7.72 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (dd, J = 7.8, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.52 – 7.48 (m, 3H), 7.38 (d, J = 16.2Hz, 1H), 7.34 – 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.27 – 7.18 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (**101** MHz, **CDCl**₃) δ 140.5, 136.1, 133.3, 133.1, 132.7, 128.8, 128.7, 127.5, 127.1, 125.2, 124.0, 118.0, 111.2; **ATR-FTIR (cm** ⁻¹): 3006, 2248, 1601, 1596, 1500, 1465, 753; **HRMS m/z (ESI)** calcd for C₁₅H₁₄N (M + H)⁺ 206.0964, found 206.0968.

5-Methyl-*N*-phenylhex-5-enamide (2ak-*T*) and 5-Methyl-*N*-phenylhex-4-enamide (2ak-*I*)



Flame-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube
filled with argon, cycloketoxime ester
1ak (46.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry 1, 4-dioxane

(1.0 mL) were added under Ar. The formed mixture was stirred at 100 °C under Ar for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum directly. 2) The obtained crude product was dissolved in EtOH (5 mL) and a solution of NaOH (25%) (2 mL) was added. The resulting cloudy reaction mixture was stirred at reflux under Ar for 48 h. Then the biphasic mixture was cooled to rt and acidified to pH = 1 by careful addition of conc HCl. The mixture was extracted with Et₂O (15 mL * 3) and the combined organic phases were dried with MgSO₄, filtered and evaporated in vacuo affording a crude carboxylic acid product that was used without further purification. 3) The carboxylic acid (0.2 mmol) was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) and the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, before EDCI•HCl (1.35 equiv) was added, followed by DMAP (10 mol%), aniline (0.2 mol) and NEt₃ (1.5 equiv). The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 14 h, after which saturated NH₄Cl was added to the reaction mixture was extracted with $CH_2Cl_2(15 \text{ mL } * 3)$ and the combined organic phases were dried with MgSO4, filtered and evaporated in vacuo. The crude reaction mixture was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 2 : 1) to afford 25.7 mg (63%) of **2ak** as a yellow solid: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58 (br s, 1H), 7.53 – 7.49 (m, 2H), 7.29 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 5.14 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 0.8 H), 4.75 (s, 0.1 H), 4.70 (s, 0.1 H), 2.42 - 2.31 (m, 4 H), 1.70 (s, 3 H),1.63 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.2, 138.0, 133.6, 128.9, 126.6, 124.1, 122.5, 119.8, 110.7, 57.2, 37.6, 32.2, 30.7, 25.9, 24.2, 17.7; ATR-FTIR (cm⁻¹): 3345, 2928, 1688, 1596, 1506, 1465, 1230, 1025, 746; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₃H₁₈NO $(M + H)^+$ 204.1383, found 204.1386.

2-(2-Methylallyl)benzonitrile (2al-*T*) and 2-(2-Methylprop-1-en-1-yl)benzonitrile (2al-*I*)



Flame-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon, cycloketoxime ester **1al** (55.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry 1, 4-dioxane (1.0 mL) were added under Ar. The formed mixture was stirred at

100 °C under Ar for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 30 : 1) to afford 20.5 mg (65%) of **2al** as a yellow oil: ¹H NMR (**400 MHz, CDCl**₃, *T*) δ 7.63 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.55 – 7.51 (m, 1H), 7.36 – 7.25 (m, 2H), 4.89 (s, 1H), 4.69 (s, 1H), 3.55 (s, 2H), 1.74 (s, 3H); ¹H NMR (**400 MHz, CDCl**₃, *I*) δ 7.63 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.55 – 7.51 (m, 1H), 7.36 – 7.25 (m, 2H), 6.44 (s, 1H), 1.97 (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz, 3H), 1.81 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (**101 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 143.5, 143.0, 142.3, 140.4, 132.8, 132.6, 132.1, 130.0, 129.7, 126.8, 126.3, 121.6, 113.2, 42.5, 26.5, 22.2, 19.6; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 3005, 2248, 1598, 1556, 1505, 1380, 1265, 752; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₁H₁₂N (M + H)⁺ 158.0964, found 158.0966.

(*E*)-6-Phenylhex-5-enenitrile (2am)^[13]

Flame-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon, cycloketoxime ester **1am** (58.6 mg, 0.2 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry 1, 4-dioxane (1.0 mL) were added under Ar. The formed mixture was stirred at 130 °C under Ar for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 30 : 1) to afford 19.4 mg (57%) of **2am** as a yellow oil: **¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3)** δ 7.37 – 7.28 (m, 4H), 7.25 – 7.20 (m, 1H), 6.47 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 6.17 – 6.08 (m, 1H), 2.43 – 2.35 (m, 4H), 1.90 – 1.80 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl3) δ 137.1, 132.0, 128.6, 127.6, 127.3, 126.0, 119.5, 31.7, 25.0, 16.4; **ATR-FTIR** (**cm** ⁻¹):2929, 2247, 1652, 1541, 1508, 1457, 743; **HRMS m/z** (**ESI**) calcd for C₁₂H₁₃NNa (M + Na)⁺ 194.0940, found 194.0936.

(*E*)-2-(3-(4-Methoxyphenyl)allyl)benzonitrile (2an)

OMe

CN 2an

cycloketoxime ester **1an** (74.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), $Cu(OTf)_2$ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry 1, 4-dioxane (1.0 mL) were added

Flame-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon,

under Ar. The formed mixture was stirred at 130 °C under Ar for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 10 : 1) to afford 30.5 mg (61 %) of **2an** as a yellow oil: ¹H NMR (**400 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 7.64 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (td, *J* = 7.7, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.33 – 7.28 (m, 3H), 6.84 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.47 (d, *J* = 15.7 Hz, 1H), 6.17 (dt, *J* = 15.7, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.75 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (**101 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 159.1, 144.3, 132.9, 132.8, 131.9, 129.7, 129.6, 127.3, 126.7, 124.2, 118.0, 113.9, 112.4, 55.2, 37.7; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹):3002, 2996, 2248, 1602, 1545, 1500, 1460, 1379, 1056, 751; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₇H₁₆NO (M + H)⁺ 250.1226, found 250.1230.

3-(2-(Prop-1-en-2-yl)phenyl)propanenitrile (2ao)



Flame-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon, cycloketoxime ester **1ao** (58.6 mg, 0.2 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry 1, 4-dioxane (1.0 mL) were added under Ar. The formed mixture was stirred

at 130 °C under Ar for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 30 : 1) to afford 21.3 mg (62 %) of **2ao** as a yellow oil: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.19 – 7.14 (m,

1H), 7.08 - 7.05 (m, 1H), 5.18 - 5.16 (m, 1H), 4.79 - 4.78 (m, 1H), 2.93 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 2.51 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 1.99 - 1.98 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.8, 143.7, 134.5, 129.0, 128.5, 127.4, 127.2, 119.3, 115.7, 28.8, 25.2, 19.1; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 3008, 2989, 2246, 1596, 1542, 1515, 1465, 1383, 1246, 762; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₂H₁₃NNa (M + Na)⁺ 194.0940, found 194.0942.

Methyl 4-(1-(2-(2-cyanoethyl)phenyl)vinyl)benzoate (2ap)



Flame-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon, cycloketoxime ester **1ap** (82.7 mg, 0.2 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry 1, 4-dioxane (1.0 mL) were added under Ar. The formed mixture was stirred at 130 $\$ under Ar for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum

directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 10 : 1) to afford 45.9 mg (79 %) of **2ap** as a yellow oil: ¹H NMR (**400 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 7.97 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.39 – 7.25 (m, 6H), 5.93 (d, *J* = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 5.37 (d, *J* = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 2.70 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.36 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (**101 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 166.6, 147.6, 144.5, 140.6, 135.8, 130.7, 129.9, 129.6, 129.4, 128.5, 127.5, 126.2, 118.9, 117.9, 52.1, 29.0, 18.2; **ATR-FTIR (cm** ⁻¹): 3010, 2985, 2247, 1689, 1605, 1546, 1501, 1464, 1375, 1235, 1025, 752; **HRMS m/z (ESI)** calcd for C₁₉H₁₈NO₂ (M + H)⁺ 292.1332, found 292.1333.

Methyl 4-(1-(2-(2-cyanoethyl)phenyl)vinyl)benzoate (2ap)



Flame-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon, cycloketoxime ester **1ap** (82.7 mg, 0.2 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry 1, 4-dioxane (1.0 mL) were added under Ar. The formed mixture was stirred at 130 °C under Ar for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum

directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel

(PE : EA = 10 : 1) to afford 45.9 mg (79 %) of **2ap** as a yellow oil: ¹H NMR (**400 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 7.97 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.39 – 7.25 (m, 6H), 5.93 (d, *J* = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 5.37 (d, *J* = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 2.70 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.36 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (**101 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 166.6, 147.6, 144.5, 140.6, 135.8, 130.7, 129.9, 129.6, 129.4, 128.5, 127.5, 126.2, 118.9, 117.9, 52.1, 29.0, 18.2; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 3010, 2985, 2247, 1689, 1605, 1546, 1501, 1464, 1375, 1235, 1025, 752; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₉H₁₈NO₂ (M + H)⁺ 292.1332, found 292.1333.

(*E*)-7-(4-Methoxyphenyl)hept-6-enenitrile (2aq)



added under Ar. The formed mixture was stirred at 130 °C under Ar for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 10 : 1) to afford 32.1 mg (75 %) of **2aq** as a colorless oil: ¹H NMR (**400 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 7.27 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.84 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.34 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (dt, *J* = 15.8, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 2.36 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.26 – 2.21 (m, 2H), 1.73 – 1.68 (m, 2H), 1.65 – 1.61 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (**101 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 158.7, 131.9, 130.0, 127.1, 127.0, 119.6, 113.9, 55.2, 31.9, 28.3, 24.7, 16.9; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 2989, 2248, 1600, 1553, 1509, 1466, 1383, 1246, 1015, 756; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₄H₁₈NO (M + H)⁺216.1383, found 216.1388.

(*E*)-8-Phenyloct-7-enenitrile (2ar)

Flame-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon, cycloketoxime ester **1ar** (64.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry 1, 4-dioxane (1.0 mL) were added

under Ar. The formed mixture was stirred at 130 °C under Ar for 12 h as monitored by

TLC. The solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 30 : 1) to afford 26.9 mg (68 %) of **2ar** as a colorless oil: ¹H NMR (**400** MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36 – 7.28 (m, 4H), 7.22 – 7.18 (m, 1H), 6.39 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 6.20 (dt, *J* = 15.8, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 2.35 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.26 – 2.21 (m, 2H), 1.72 – 1.66 (m, 2H), 1.55 – 1.50 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (**101** MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.6, 130.2, 130.1, 128.5, 126.9, 125.9, 119.7, 32.6, 28.4, 28.1, 25.2, 17.1; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 3005, 2986, 2247, 1595, 1546, 1502, 1458, 1376, 1244, 753; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₄H₁₇NNa (M + Na)⁺ 222.1253, found 222.1256.

2-(2,3,3-Trimethylcyclopent-1-en-1-yl)acetonitrile (7)^[14]



Flame-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon, cycloketoxime ester **3** (54.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry 1, 4-dioxane (1.0 mL) were added under Ar. The formed mixture was stirred at 130 \degree C under Ar for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The

solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 30 : 1) to afford 23.4 mg (79 %) of **7** as a colorless oil: ¹H NMR (**400 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 3.08 (s, 2H), 2.35 – 2.33 (m, 2H), 1.70 – 1.67 (m, 2H), 1.54 (s, 3H), 0.98 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (**101 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 144.7, 121.5, 117.8, 47.2, 38.3, 32.4, 26.2, 17.4, 9.6; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 3005, 2986, 2247, 1246, 732; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₀H₁₆N (M + H)⁺ 150.1277, found 150.1276.

3-((1S,4aS,10aS)-7-Methoxy-2-methyl-1,4,4a,9,10,10a-hexahydrophenanthren-1yl)propanenitrile (10-*L*) and 3-((4aS,10aR)-7-Methoxy-2-methyl-3,4,4a,9,10,10ahexahydrophenanthren-1-yl)propanenitrile (10-*R*)



Flame-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon, cycloketoxime ester **8** (80.6 mg, 0.2 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%),

absolute dry 1, 4-dioxane (1.0 mL) were added under Ar. The formed mixture was stirred at 130 °C under Ar for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 20 : 1) to afford 49.6 mg (79 %) of 10 as a colorless oil: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃-L) δ 7.24 -7.15 (m, 1H), 6.74 (dd, J = 8.5, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.67 - 6.62 (m, 1H), 5.74 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 2.96 – 2.92 (m, 2H), 2.88 – 2.42 (m, 3H), 2.40 – 2.05 (m, 5H), 1.90 -1.82 (m, 1H), 1.72 (s, 3H), 1.50 -1.32 (m, 2H); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃-R) δ 7.24 - 7.15 (m, 1H), 6.74 (dd, J = 8.5, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.67 - 6.62 (m, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 2.96 - 2.92 (m, 2H), 2.88 - 2.42 (m, 4H), 2.40 - 2.05 (m, 5H), 1.90 - 1.82 (m, 1H), 1.72 (s, 3H), 1.50 – 1.32 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.6, 157.5, 137.7, 137.6, 133.3, 132.7, 131.7, 131.5, 128.0 127.3, 126.1, 125.7, 120.4, 119.6, 113.5, 113.3, 112.1, 111.4, 55.2, 44.2, 43.3, 41.0, 40.6, 39.1, 38.5, 32.8, 31.6, 30.3, 30.0, 27.4, 27.0, 24.9, 24.3, 21.2, 19.6, 16.4, 11.9; ATR-FTIR (cm⁻¹): 3003, 2988, 2248, 1605, 1596, 1546, 1505, 1378, 1240, 1025, 755; **HRMS m/z (ESI)** calcd for C₁₉H₂₃NNaO (M + Na)⁺ 304.1672, found 304.1677.

(1S,2S,4aS,10aR)-7-Methoxy-1,2-dimethyl-1-((*E*)-styryl)-1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10aoctahydrophenanthrene-2-carbonitrile (11)



Flame-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon, cycloketoxime ester **9** (95.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry 1, 4-dioxane (1.0 mL) were added under Ar. The formed mixture was stirred at 130 $^{\circ}$ C

under Ar for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The solution was then cooled to room

temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 10 : 1) to afford 63.8 mg (89 %) of **11** as a white solid: ¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCI**₃) δ 7.36 – 7.34 (m, 2H), 7.25 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.19 – 7.15 (m, 1H), 7.11 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (dd, *J* = 8.6, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 5.93 (dd, *J* = 15.8, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 2.76 – 2.73 (m, 2H), 2.35 – 2.27 (m, 3H), 2.13 – 2.07 (m, 2H), 1.96 – 1.91 (m, 1H), 1.43 – 1.35 (m, 2H), 1.30 (s, 3H), 1.28 – 1.24 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCI₃) δ 157.8, 137.8, 136.7, 134.8, 130.9, 128.5, 127.6, 127.5, 126.4, 126.2, 125.2, 113.6, 111.8, 55.2, 52.6, 42.2, 38.2, 37.8, 37.0, 29.8, 27.8, 24.8, 17.2; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 3003, 2988, 2248, 1605, 1596, 1546, 1505, 1378, 1240, 1025, 755; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₂₆H₃₀NO (M + H)⁺ 372.2322, found 372.2325.

Methyl (1S,2S,4aR,4bS,6aS,10aS,12aR)-1-(2-cyanoethyl)-1,4a,4b,9,9pentamethyl-2-(prop-1-en-2-yl)-1,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,7,8,9,10,10a,12,12atetradecahydrochrysene-6a(2*H*)-carboxylate (13)



Flame-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon, cycloketoxime ester **12** (117.6 mg, 0.2 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry 1, 4-dioxane (1.0 mL) were added under Ar. The formed mixture was stirred at 130 \mathbb{C} under Ar for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The

solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 10 : 1) to afford 82.8 mg (89 %) of **13** as a white solid: ¹H NMR (**400 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 5.29 (t, *J* = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (s, 1H), 4.64 (s, 1H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 2.87 (dd, *J* = 13.8, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 2.38 – 2.16 (m, 2H), 1.99 – 1.87 (m, 3H), 1.80 – 1.75 (m, 2H), 1.73 (s, 3H), 1.69 – 1.66 (m, 2H), 1.62 – 1.57 (m, 3H), 1.49 – 1.35 (m, 4H), 1.33 – 1.24 (m, 3H), 1.20 – 1.17 (m, 1H), 1.13 (s, 3H), 1.11 – 1.03 (m, 2H), 0.92 (s, 3H), 0.91 (s, 3H), 0.89 (s, 3H), 0.77 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (**101 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 178.2,

146.8, 144.0, 121.6, 120.2, 114.1, 51.5, 50.6, 46.6, 45.7, 42.1, 41.3, 39.4, 39.0, 37.8, 34.4, 33.8, 33.0, 32.3, 31.2, 30.6, 27.6, 25.7, 24.1, 23.6, 23.5, 22.9, 19.0, 16.9, 11.5; **ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹):** 3008, 2985, 2247, 1686, 1465, 1378, 1246, 1012, 732; **HRMS m/z (ESI)** calcd for C₃₁H₄₇NNaO₂ (M + Na)⁺ 488.3499, found 488.3508.

7-(tert-Butyldimethylsilyl)-5-phenylhept-6-ynenitrile (15)



Flame-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon, cycloketoxime ester **1aa** (55.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), alkynyl sulfone^[15] (84.1 mg, 0.3 mmol), Zn-Cu couple (2.6 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry 1, 4-dioxane (1.0 mL) were added under Ar. The formed mixture was

stirred at 80 °C under Ar for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 20 : 1) to afford 29.1 mg (49 %) of **15** as a yellow oil: ¹H NMR (**500** MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.37 – 7.31 (m, 4H), 7.27 – 7.23 (m, 1H), 3.74 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.38 – 1.78 (m, 4H), 0.96 (s, 9H), 0.12 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (**126** MHz, CDCl₃) δ 140.7, 128.6, 127.3, 127.0, 119.4, 107.3, 86.6, 38.0, 37.2, 26.1, 23.0, 16.9, - 4.5; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 2992, 2247, 2103, 1452, 1383, 1245, 1125, 750; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₉H₂₇NNaSi (M + Na)⁺ 320.1805, found 320.1802.

5-Methoxy-5-phenylpentanenitrile (16)

Flame-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon, cycloketoxime ester 1aa (55.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry MeOH (1.0 mL) were added under Ar. The formed mixture was stirred at 100 °C under Ar for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 10 : 1) to afford (22.6 mg, 60 %) of 16 as a colorless oil: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃)

δ 7.35 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.30 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 4.13 (dd, J = 7.6, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 3.20 (s, 3H), 2.39 – 2.28 (m, 2H), 1.94 – 1.86 (m, 1H), 1.82 – 1.75 (m, 2H), 1.75 – 1.63 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.3, 128.5, 127.8, 126.4, 119.6, 82.9, 56.6, 36.9, 21.9, 17.0; ATR-FTIR (cm ⁻¹): 2985, 2246, 1598, 1545, 1378, 1246, 1145, 1025, 745; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₂H₁₆NO (M + H)⁺ 190.1226, found 190.1225.

5-oxo-5-phenylpentanenitrile (17)



Flame-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon, cycloketoxime ester **1aa** (55.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry DMSO (1.0 mL) were added under Ar. The formed mixture was stirred at 80 °C under Ar for 12 h as monitored by

TLC. The solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 7 : 1) to afford (19.1 mg, 60 %) of **17** as a colorless oil: ¹**H NMR** (**500 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 7.96 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 3.18 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.52 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.11 (p, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H); ¹³**C NMR** (**126 MHz**, **CDCl**₃) δ 198.1, 136.3, 133.4, 128.7, 127.9, 119.4, 36.3, 19.6, 16.6; **ATR-FTIR** (**cm** ⁻¹): 1684, 1597, 1580, 1449, 1374, 1235, 1058, 756; **HRMS m/z** (**ESI**) calcd for C₁₁H₁₁NNaO (M + Na)⁺ 196.0733, found 196.0732.

4. Mechanistic Experiments



Flame-dried 25 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon, cycloketoxime ester **1aa** (55.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), TEMPO (62.5 mg, 0.4 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry 1, 4-dioxane (1.0 mL) were added under Ar. The formed mixture was stirred at 100 s29

C under Ar for 12 h. The resulting mixture was analysed by GC-MS, and no desired product **2aa** was detected, which indicated that a radical intermediate was involved in this catalytic cycle.

5. Synthetic Application



Flame-dried 50 mL Schlenk tube filled with argon, cycloketoxime ester **1aa** (700.0 mg, 2.5 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (90.0 mg, 10 mol%), absolute dry 1, 4-dioxane (13.0 mL) were added under Ar. The formed mixture was stirred at 100 °C under Ar for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The solution was then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under vaccum directly. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 30 : 1) to afford 306.9 mg (78%) of **2aa** as a yellow oil.



A flame dried Schlenk equipped with a sirrer bar and a reflux condenser is charged with LiAIH₄ (22.8 mg, 0.6 mmol), Et₂O (2.0 mL) is added carefully and the mixture is cooled to 0 $^{\circ}$ C with an external ice/water cooling bath. **2aa** (31.4 mg, 0.2 mmol) dissolved in Et₂O (0.5 mL) and added carefully to the LiAlH₄ suspension. The mixture is heated to reflux for 2 h and cooled to 0 $^{\circ}$ C afterwards. A solution of NaOH (10% in water) is added carefully until a white solid precipitates. After filtration over Na₂SO4 and evaporation of the solvent, **18** is obtained in quantitive yields as a yellow oil:¹H **NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 7.34 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.19 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 6.22 (dt, *J* = 15.7, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 2.75 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.26 (q, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.63 (p, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.33 (br s, 2H); ¹³C solvent

NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.4, 130.1, 129.8, 128.2, 126.6, 125.7, 41.5, 33.1, 30.1.

The spectroscopic data matched those reported in the literature.^[16]



The prepared **18** (0.2 mmol) was dissolved in pyrdine (2.0 mL) and the respective tosyl chloride (0.3 mmol, 57.2 mg) is added at 0 °C. The solution stirred overnight at room temperature. CH₂Cl₂ is added, and the mixture is washed three times with a hydrochloride solution (10% HCI in water). The organic layer is dried over Na₂SO₄. After evaporating the solvent under reduced pressure, the crude product was then purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA=5 :1) to afford 50.5 mg (80%) of **20** as a colorless oil: ¹H NMR (**600** MHz,CDCl₃) δ 7.76 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.29 – 7.28 (m, 6H), 7.21 – 7.18 (m, 1H), 6.35 – 6.28 (m, 1H), 6.08 (dt, *J* = 15.8, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.86 – 4.82 (m, 1H), 2.99 (q, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.24 – 2.16 (m, 2H), 1.65 (p, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (**151** MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.1, 137.1, 136.7, 130.7, 129.4, 128.7, 128.2, 126.8, 126.8, 125.7, 42.3, 29.5, 28.9, 21.2. The spectroscopic data matched those reported in the literature.^[17]



To a stirred solution of the **2aa** (31.4 mg, 0.2 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (1.5 mL) was added NaHCO₃ (50.4 mg, 0.6 mmol,) then *m*-CPBA (85wt%, 60.9 mg, 0.3 mmol) in one portion at room temperature, and the resulting white slurry was stirred, which was monitored by TLC analysis. The mixture was then cooled to 0 $^{\circ}$ C in an ice bath and 5% w/v aq. Na₂SO₃ (1.5 mL) was added in one portion. The biphasic mixture was stirred at 0 $^{\circ}$ C for 5 min, then at room temperature for 15 min, then the layers were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated. The residue was purified

by flash chromatography (PE : EA = 7 : 1) to afford 28.4 mg (82%) of (\pm)-22 as a yellow oil: ¹H NMR (600 MHz,CDCl₃) 7.32 – 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.26 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 3.69 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.03 (t, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 2.50 (dd, *J* = 6.4, 1.7 Hz, 2H), 2.14 – 2.05 (m, 1H), 1.91 (dd, *J* = 13.9, 6.8 Hz, 1H).; ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 136.2, 128.3, 128.2, 125.3, 118.6, 60.1, 58.2, 28.0, 13.6. The spectroscopic data matched those reported in the literature.^[18]



A solution of **2aa** (31.4 mg, 0.2 mmol) and 25% aqueous sodium hydroxide (1.5 mL) in methanol (4.5 mL) was stirred at reflux for 16 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature. Water and EtOAc was added to the reaction mixture, and the two layers were separated. The pH of the aqueous layer was adjusted to 3 with 10% HCl, and the product was extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was washed with brine, and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The product was used for the next step without further purification.

LiAlH₄ (0.24 mmol, 9.1 mg) was suspended in dry diethyl ether (2.0 mL) and an solution of carboxylie acid generated above in Et₂O was added dropwise while cooling the reaction in an ice bath. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 h, 10% HCl was added to the reaction mixture to acidity soltion, stirred for 2 h. The two layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with ether. The combined organic layers were washed with saturated NaHCO₃, and brine, and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. After removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, the product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (PE : EA = 3 : 1) to afford 21.1 mg (65%) of **24** as a colourless oil: ¹**H NMR (600 MHz,CDCl₃)** δ 7.38 – 7.28 (m, 4H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.48 – 6.39 (m, 1H), 6.24 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.34 – 2.30 (m, 2H), 1.81 – 1.71 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.4, 130.2, 129.8, 128.3, 126.7, 125.7, 62.2, 32.0, 29.1. The spectroscopic data matched those reported in the literature.^[19]

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7. Copies of NMR Spectra



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