Supporting Information

Synthesis of macroscopic monolithic metal-organic gels for ultrafast destruction of chemical warfare agents

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| # | S1- | BDC:ZrOCl ₂ | Washing | Centrifugation | Drying | \mathbf{S}_{BET} | Wo | V_{tot} |
|---|----------|------------------------|----------------------------|----------------|-------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Sample | | procedure | procedure | temperature | $m^2 g^{-1}$ | cm ³ g ⁻¹ | cm ³ g ⁻¹ |
| 1 | | 7.25:5 | DMF | 3000 rpm | 30°C | 1042 | 0.26 | 0.90 |
| | U10-00-A | | (1 x 40 ml) | (1 x 10 min) | | | | |
| 2 | UiO-66-B | 7.25:5 | DMF | 3000 rpm | 50°C | 1207 | 0.30 | 1.02 |
| | | | (1 x 40 ml) | (1 x 10 min) | | | | |
| 3 | UiO-66-C | 7.25:5 | DMF | 3000 rpm | 70°C | 1406 | 0.36 | 1.30 |
| | | | (1 x 40 ml) | (1 x 10 min) | | | | |
| 4 | UiO-66-D | 7.25:5 | DMF | 3000 rpm | 30°C | 1010 | 0.27 | 1.20 |
| | | | (3 x 40 ml) | (3 x 10 min) | | | | |
| 5 | UiO-66-E | 7.25:5 | Ethanol | 3000 rpm | 30°C | 1274 | 0.33 | 0.80 |
| | | | (1 × 40 ml) | (1 x 10 min) | | | | |
| 6 | UiO-66-F | 7.25:5 | Ethanol | 3000 rpm | 30°C | 1578 | 0.40 | 1.98 |
| | | | $(3 \times 40 \text{ ml})$ | (3 x 10 min) | | | | |
| 7 | UiO-66-G | 7.25:5 | DMF | 3000 rpm | 30°C | 1008 | 0.25 | 0.91 |
| | | | (1 x 40 ml) | (1 x 60 min) | | | | |
| 8 | UiO-66-H | 5:5 | DMF | 3000 rpm | 30°C | 1474 | 0.38 | 1.34 |
| | | | (1 x 40 ml) | (1 x 10 min) | | | | |
| 9 | UiO-66-I | 5:7.25 | DMF | 3000 rpm | 30°C | 1546 | 0.40 | 1.08 |
| | | | (1 x 40 ml) | (1 x 10 min) | | | | |

| Table S1 Synthesis | conditions and | porosity data | for UiO-66 xerogel. |
|--------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------------|
| | | | |



Fig. S1 TGA curves of UiO-66 xerogels with different metal-to-ligand ratios.

| Composition (%) | | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|------------------------|--|
| | Theoretical | UiO-66 xerogel | Theoretical | UiO-66-NH ₂ | |
| | Theoretical | | Theoretical | xerogel | |
| Zirconium | 32.9 | 27.0 | 31.2 | 25.5 | |
| Carbon | 34.6 | 27.7 | 32.9 | 26.6 | |
| Hydrogen | 1.7 | 3.6 | 2.0 | 3.5 | |
| Nitrogen | 0.0 | 0 | 4.8 | 3.2 | |
| | | | | | |

Table S2 Elemental analysis of UiO-66 and UiO-66-NH2 xerogel.

Table S3 Porosity data for monolithic UiO-66-X xerogels. $S_{BET} = BET$ surface area; $W_o =$

| micropore volume; V_{tot} = total pore volume. | | | | | |
|--|------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| | S _{BET} | Wo | V_{tot} | | |
| | $(m^2 g^{-1})$ | (cm ³ g ⁻¹) | (cm ³ g ⁻¹) | | |
| UiO-66-NH ₂ xerogel | 1275 | 0.27 | 1.45 | | |
| UiO-66 xerogel | 1913 | 0.44 | 2.25 | | |



Fig. S2 Characterization of UiO-66-NH₂ powder. (a) The XRD pattern; (b) SEM image; (c) The TGA curve; (d) N_2 adsorption-desorption isotherm; (e) pore size distributions.