Electronic Supplementary Information

Cu assisted loading of Pt on CeO₂ as carbon-free catalyst for

methanol and oxygen reduction reaction



Figure S1 The TEM images of $PtCu/CeO_2-12$ (A) and Pt/C (B). The Pt NPs of Pt/C

are highly dispersive on carbon support.



Figure S2 The CV curve of Pt/CeO₂.



Figure S3 The first (black), fifth (red), tenth (blue), and fortieth (magenta) of Pt loading on Cu-CeO₂-31(A), Cu-CeO₂-21 (B), Cu-CeO₂-11 (C), Cu-CeO₂ -12 (D), and Cu-CeO₂ -13 (E) in 0.5 M H₂SO₄ and 3.86×10^{-3} M H₂PtCl₆, the scanning rate was 50

mV s⁻¹.



Figure S4 The chronoamperometry running for 36000 s at the constant potential of 0.6 V in 0.5 M H₂SO₄ and 1 M CH₃OH. After 10 continuous running, the current densities of Pt/C and Pt/Cu-CeO₂ catalysts were very close to zero, showing that all catalysts were deactivated almost to death by poisoning species such as CO_{ads}.



Figure S5 The methanol oxidation before (black) and after (red) chronoamperometry experiments in 1M CH₃OH and 0.5 M H₂SO₄. The scanning rate was 50 mV s⁻¹. The red curves were obtained right after 10 h continuous chronoamperometry running,

therefore, they reflects the inherent MOR activity of catalysts.



Figure S6 The CVs before (black) and after (red) ADT in 0.5 M $\rm H_2SO_4$. The scanning

rate was 50 mV s⁻¹.