N-Bromosuccinimide as a P-type Dopant for Spiro-OMeTAD Hole Transport Material to Enhance Performance of Perovskite Solar Cells

Siqi Pan^a, Xichuan Yang^{*a}, Bin Cai^a, Kaiyuan Yang^a, Mingyao Ge^a, Tian Zhang^a, Haiyang Cui^a, Licheng Sun^{a,b} and Wenxi Ji^c

a Institute of Artificial Photosynthesis, State Key Laboratory of Fine Chemicals, DUT-KTH Joint

Education and Research Centre on Molecular Devices, Dalian University of Technology (DUT), 2

Linggong Rd., 116024 Dalian, China.

b Department of Chemistry, KTH Royal Institute of Technology, SE-10044 Stockholm, Sweden.

c Beijing Research Institute of Chemical Industry (BRICI), Sinopec, No. 14, Beisanhuan Donglu,

Chao Yang District, Beijing 100013, China.

Corresponding Author

*_E-mail address: yangxc@dlut.edu.cn

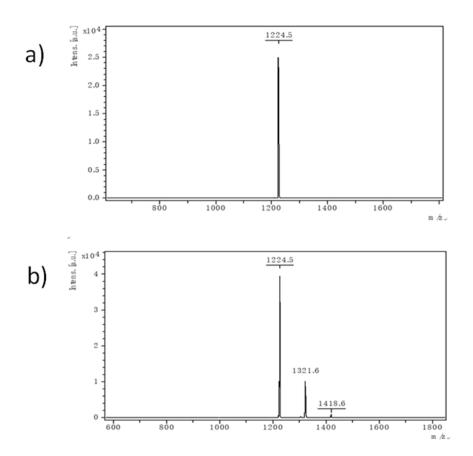


Figure S1 (a) The mass spectrometr (MS) of Spiro-OMeTAD and (b) Spiro-OMeTAD with NBS.

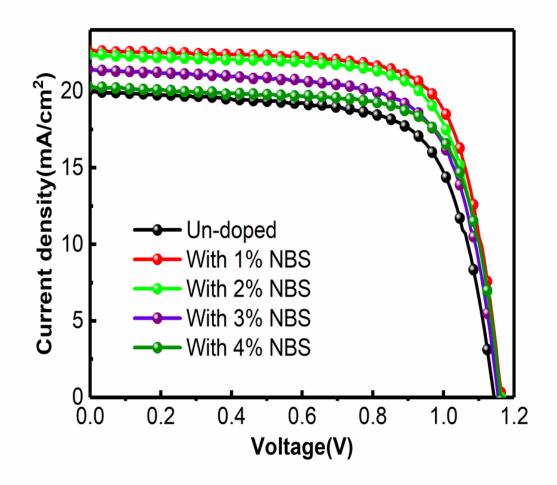


Figure S2 J-V curves of the devices with different concentration of NBS

NBS	$V_{OC}(V)$	J_{SC} (mA/cm ²)	FF (%)	PCE (%)
concentration				
0	1.14	20.02	69.58	16.12
1%	1.16	22.63	73.01	19.24
2%	1.16	22.35	71.69	18.63
3%	1.14	21.90	71.59	17.83
4%	1.14	20.28	70.68	16.54

 Table S1 Photovoltaic characteristics statistics based on different Spiro-OMeTAD HTM.

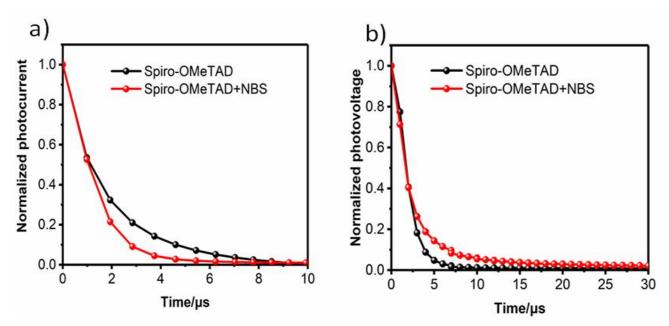


Figure S3 (a) Transient photocurrent (TPC) and (b) Transient photovoltage (TPV) of devices.

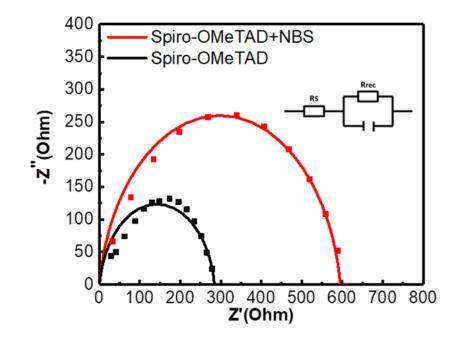


Figure S4 Nyquist plots acquired from devices using Spiro-OMeTAD and Spiro-OMeTAD-NBS as HTM, respectively.

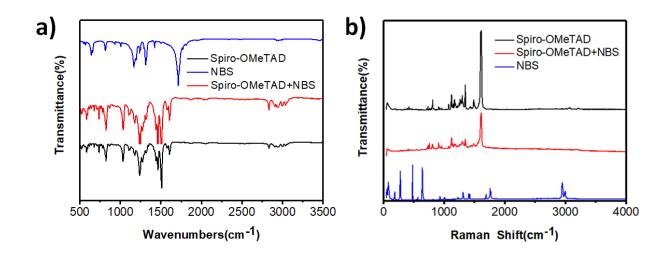


Figure S5 (a) and (b) The FT-IR and Raman spectroscopy of NBS, Spiro-OMeTAD and Spiro-OMeTAD doped NBS.