High Fluorescence Efficiency of Intrinsic Ligand-Free Zero-

Dimensional Cs₄PbBr₆ Particles and Microcrystals

Wei-Long Xu^{a,b}, Jonathan M. White^b, Kenneth P. Ghiggino^b and Trevor A. Smith^{b*}

^aSchool of Photoelectric Engineering, Changzhou Institute of Technology, Changzhou, Jiangsu 213002, China

^bARC Centre of Excellence in Exciton Science, School of Chemistry, The University of Melbourne, Parkville, Victoria 3010, Australia

*Corresponding author. E-mail: <u>trevoras@unimelb.edu.au</u> (T.A. Smith);



Figure S1. PL spectra of Cs_4PbBr_6 particles measured from 100K to 300K under different excitation intensities at 400 nm



Figure S2. PL spectra of Cs_4PbBr_6 microcrystals measured from 100K to 300K under different excitation intensities at 400 nm.



Figure S3. Temperature dependent PL decay profiles (emission wavelength 525 nm) of Cs_4PbBr_6 particles at different temperatures in the 8 ns time window; (b) Intensity-average PL lifetimes of Cs_4PbBr_6 particles at different temperatures.



Figure S4. (a-e) Excitation intensity dependent PL decay profiles (emission wavelength 525 nm) of Cs_4PbBr_6 particles at 100K, 150K, 200K, 250K and 300K on a short (8 ns) time window; (f) Excitation intensity dependent PL decay profiles of Cs_4PbBr_6 particles at 300K on a long (600 ns) time window.



Figure S5. Temperature dependent PL decay profiles (emission wavelength 522 nm) of Cs_4PbBr_6 microcrystals at different temperatures in the 8 ns time window; (b) short PL lifetimes of Cs_4PbBr_6 microcrystals at different temperatures.



Figure S6. PL decay profiles of Cs_4PbBr_6 microcrystals measured at different emission wavelengths (peak1 532 nm and peak2 522 nm) at different temperatures.



Figure S7. Photoluminescence quantum yield measurement of Cs_4PbBr_6 particles and microcrystals in an integrating sphere.