

Synthesis, phase purification and magnetic characterization of the $(\text{Cr}_{1-x}\text{Mn}_x)_2\text{AlC}$ MAX-phase

Kirill Sobolev,^{*a} Hanna Pazniak,^{**b} Michael Farle,^{b,c} Valeria Rodionova,^a Ulf Wiedwald^{***b}

^aImmanuel Kant Baltic Federal University, 236041, Kaliningrad, Russian Federation.

^bFaculty of Physics and Center for Nanointegration Duisburg-Essen (CENIDE), University of Duisburg-Essen, 47057 Duisburg, Germany.

^cKirensky Institute of Physics, Federal Research Center KSC SB RAS, Krasnoyarsk, 660036, Russian Federation.

E-mails: ^{*}kirill_sobolev-off@mail.ru; ^{**}hanna.pazniak@uni-due.de; ^{***}ulf.wiedwald@uni-due.de

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Table S1. EDX analysis results for the phases found on SEM images in Figure 1: $(\text{Cr}_{1-x}\text{Mn}_x)_2\text{AlC}$, Cr_5Al_8 , Mn_3AlC . The standard deviation to each value, obtained via gathering point-by-point statistics, is given in brackets. The instrumental error is not included.

The detected phase	Average measured atomic content, at.%			
	Cr	Mn	Al	C
x = 0				
Cr_2AlC	49.53 (0.84)	-	24.26 (0.35)	26.2 (0.59)
Al_8Cr_5	35.92 (-)	-	64.08 (-)	-
x = 0.05				
$(\text{Cr}_{0.947}\text{Mn}_{0.053})_2\text{AlC}$	47.13 (0.46)	2.66 (0.42)	23.45 (0.05)	26.6 (0.38)
$\text{Al}_8(\text{Cr},\text{Mn})_5$	18.36 (1.77)	25.6 (1.24)	56.04 (0.72)	-
x = 0.12				
$(\text{Cr}_{0.878}\text{Mn}_{0.122})_2\text{AlC}$	43.98 (0.78)	6.14 (0.67)	23.68 (0.08)	26.18 (0.16)
$\text{Al}_8(\text{Cr},\text{Mn})_5$	36.39 (2.38)	9.19 (1.12)	54.42 (1.26)	-
x = 0.16				
$(\text{Cr}_{0.843}\text{Mn}_{0.157})_2\text{AlC}$	40.78 (0.36)	7.58 (0.27)	23.37 (0.2)	28.51 (0.94)
$(\text{Mn},\text{Cr})_3\text{AlC}$	23.38 (1.7)	32.41 (1.6)	21.16 (0.14)	23.06 (0.23)

Table S2. The amount of secondary phases from Rietveld refinements of the powder X-ray diffraction data of $(\text{Cr}_{1-x}\text{Mn}_x)_2\text{AlC}$ MAX-phase samples before chemical treatment.

The detected phase	Average measured atomic content, at.%			
	x = 0	x = 0.05	x = 0.12	x = 0.16
Cr_2AlC	98.3	97.1	89.3	75.3
Al_8Cr_5	1.7	2.9	6.2	-
Mn_3AlC	-	-	4.5	24.7

According to the refinement data, undoped Cr_2AlC ($x = 0$) as well as Cr_2AlC doped with 5at.% Mn ($x = 0.05$) are almost phase pure with a small amount of Al_8Cr_5 side phase. With increase of Mn doping level ($x = 0.12$ and $x = 0.16$) the formation of inverse perovskite Mn_3AlC is observed.

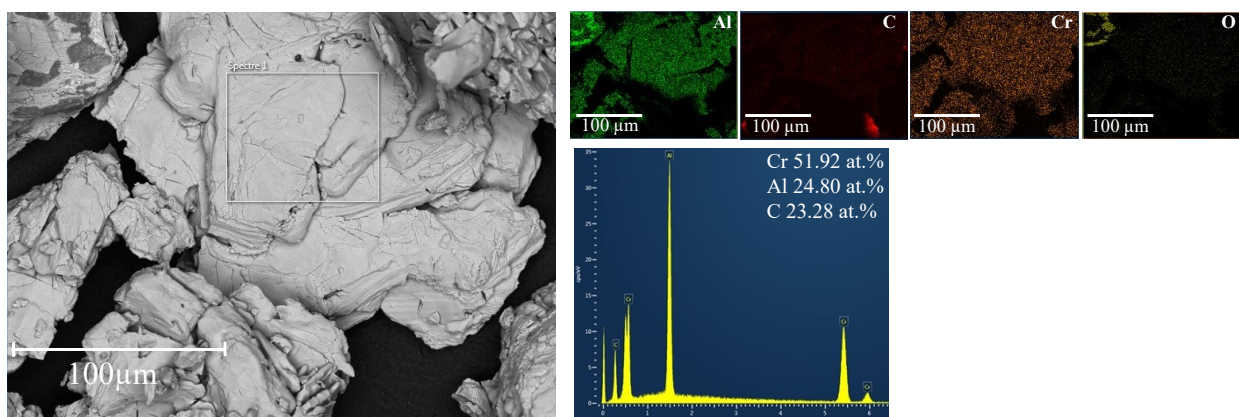


Figure S1. SEM image and EDX mapping of Cr_2AlC powder after chemical treatment.

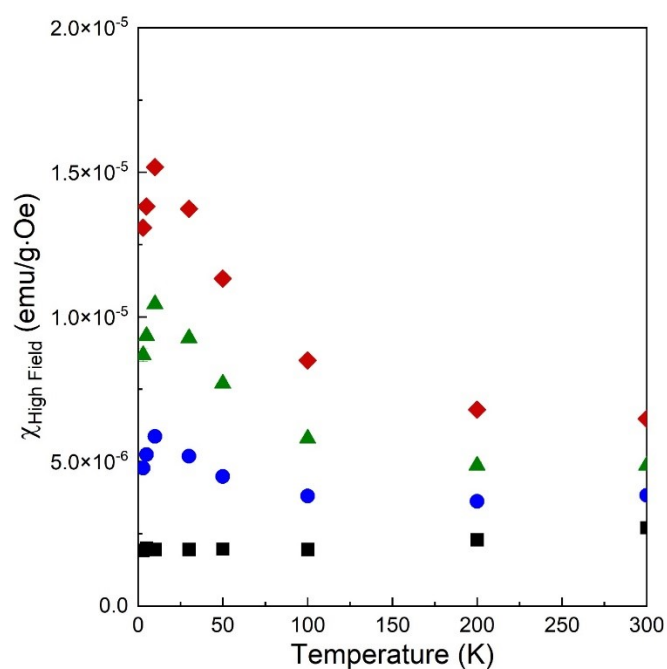


Figure S2. Magnetic high-field susceptibility $\chi_{\text{High Field}}$ vs T dependences for $(\text{Cr}_{1-x}\text{Mn}_x)_2\text{AlC}$ MAX-phase samples obtained from the hysteresis at various temperatures with $x = 0$ (black squares), 0.05 (blue squares), 0.12 (green squares) and 0.16 (red squares).