

Supporting Information

In situ polymerized polypyrrole/halloysite nanotubes-silver nanoflowers based wearable pressure sensor with large measurement range and high sensitivity

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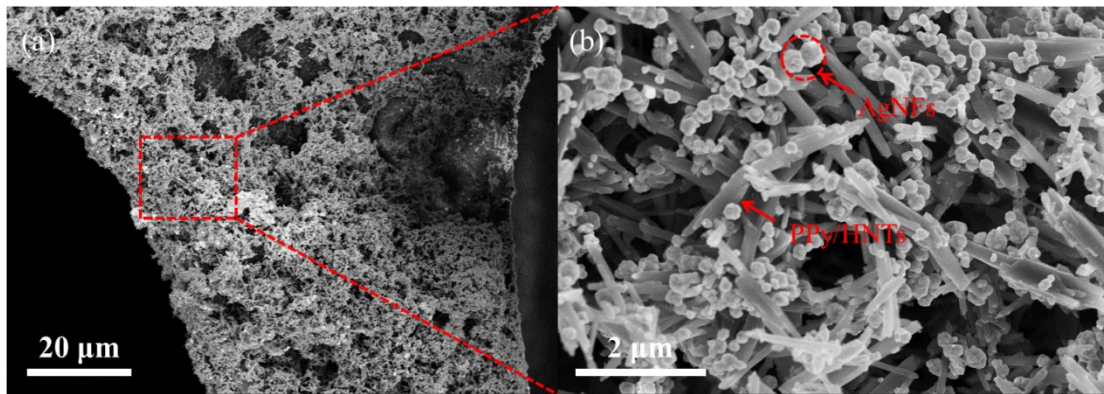


Figure S1. SEM images of PPy/HNT/AgNFs sponge.

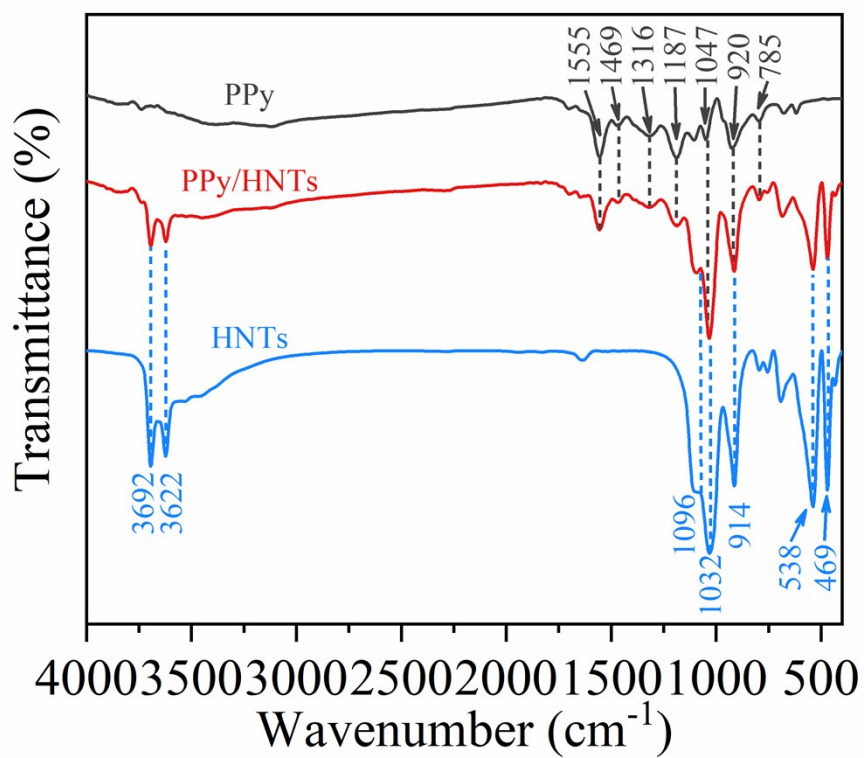


Figure S2. FTIR spectra of PPy, HNTs and PPy/HNTs.

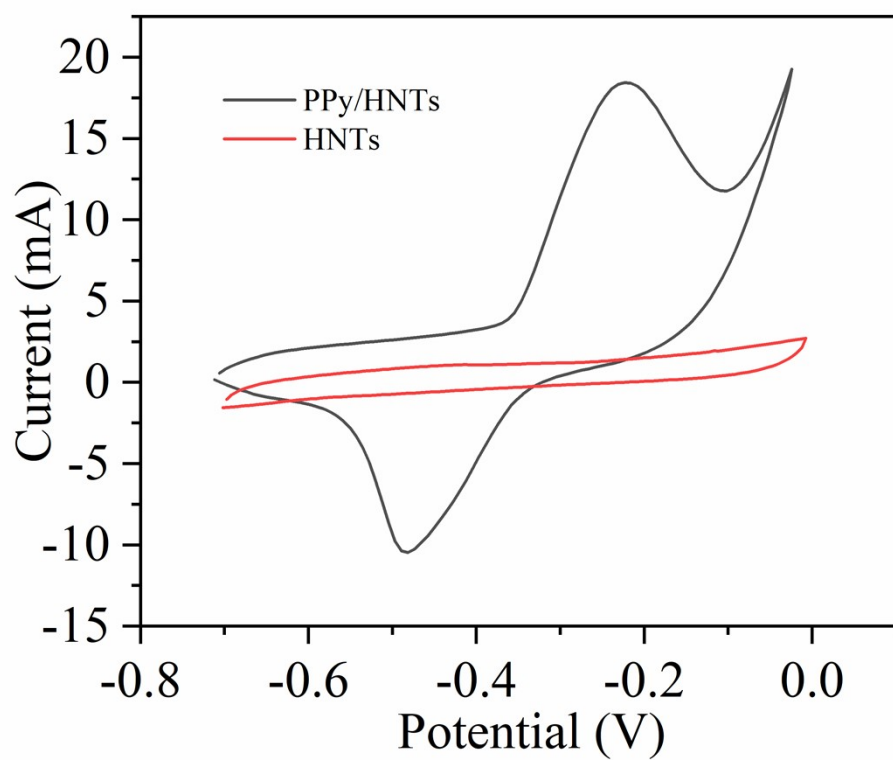


Figure S3. CV curves of PPy/HNTs and HNTs.



HNTs



PPy



PPy/HNTs

Figure S4. Optical images of HNTs, PPy and PPy/HNTs solution.



As prepared



After 1 month

Figure S5. Optical images of Ag NF solution

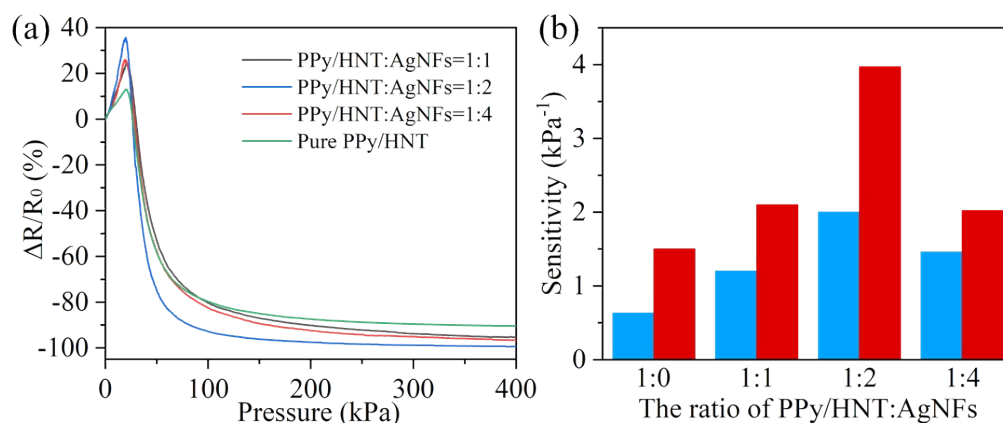


Figure S6. (a) The effect of the ratio of PPy/HNT and AgNFs on the sensing performance of pressure sensors from 0 kPa to 400 kPa. (b) The sensing response comparison of different PHAP pressure sensors.

The resistance value of the PPy@PU sensor obtained by immersing the PU sponge in the PPy solution was too high. This is due to the very poor dispersion of the self-polymerized PPy in water (Fig. S4), which prevents the formation of a complete conductive network on the PU sponge. Therefore, we only show the sensing performance of PPy/HNTs and AgNFs in different ratios (Fig. S6).