## Supplementary materials

The Raman spectroscopy was used to analyze the relationship between dielectric properties and crystal structure of BNT-AGx ceramics in this work. As shown in Table S1, for all 8d and 4c wyckoff positions with one 4a position, BNT-AGx structure belonged to the space group Pbnm and had 8 types vibration modes in lattice:  $A_g$ ,  $A_u$ ,  $B_{1g}$ ,  $B_{1u}$ ,  $B_{2g}$ ,  $B_{2u}$ .  $B_{3g}$  and  $B_{3u}$  based on the group theory and  $D_{2h}$  point group. The irreducible representations for the structure were obtained by the following equation<sup>[1]</sup>:

$$n_m = \frac{1}{h} \sum_R \chi(R) U(R) (\pm 1 + 2\cos\theta_R)$$

Here,  $n_m$  was the number of vibrational modes with a symmetry presented by the mth irreducible representation, the h=8 was derived from the order of vector group that made up of all symmetry elements R,  $\chi(R)$  was the reducible representation of R, U(R) was the number of atoms under the symmetry operations of space group, and  $(\pm 1+2\cos\theta_R)$  was the trace of the matrix R.

$D_{2h}$	R									Number of
	Е	$C_2^z$	$C_2^z$	$C_2^z$	Ι	$\sigma_{xy}$	$\sigma_{xz}$	$\sigma_{yz}$	Functions	vibration modes
Ag	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	$x^2, y^2, z^2$	71
$B_{1g}$	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	xy, J <sub>z</sub>	55
$B_{2g}$	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	xz, J <sub>y</sub>	71
$B_{3g}$	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	yz, J <sub>x</sub>	55
$A_u$	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-	58
$B_{1u}$	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	Z	74
$B_{2u}$	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	У	58
$B_{3u}$	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	X	74
U(R)	172	0	0	0	4	64	0	0		
$\pm 1 \pm 2 \cos \theta_R$	3	-1	-1	-1	-3	1	1	1		

Table 1 Date used for irreducible representation analysis

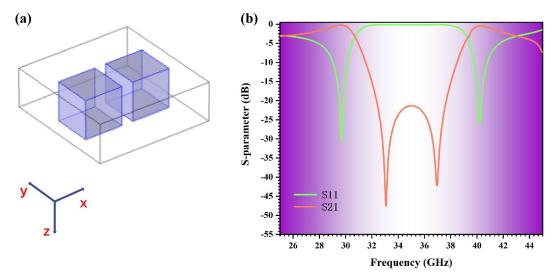


Fig. S1 Simulated results of (a) the BNT-AGx reflective filter unit cell structure and (b) the Sparameter.

Here, we utilized a dimer structure  $(1 \times 1 \times 1 \text{ mm}^3, \text{ in Fig. S1(a)})$  embedded in FR4 (p=3 mm, the distance between two blocks was 1 mm) to achieve the mode coupling between BNT-AGx blocks, forming a broadband reflective filter. The transmission stop-band was about 7 GHz (@ 10 dB) with low insertion loss about 0.5 dB, as shown in Fig. S1(b).

## Reference

 S. R. Zhang, Z. X. Fang, Z. Xiong, B. Tang, C. T. Yang, J. Alloys Compd. 2017, 723, 580.