

Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI):

A rapid and universal liquid chromatograph-mass spectrometry-based platform, refmAb-Q nSMOL, for monitoring monoclonal antibody therapeutics

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Supporting experimental section

Reagents

The nSMOL Antibody BA kit (Shimadzu, Kyoto, Japan) was used for antibody analysis. Modified trypsin-immobilized glycidyl methacrylate (GMA)-coated nanoferrite particle FG beads with surface activation by N-hydroxysuccinimide were purchased from Tamagawa Seiki (Nagano, Japan). Toyopearl AF-rProtein A HC-650F resin was purchased from Tosoh Bioscience (Tokyo, Japan). Brentuximab vedotin was purchased from Takeda Pharmaceuticals (Osaka, Japan). Cetuximab was purchased from Merck Biopharma (Tokyo, Japan). Rituximab was purchased from Zenyaku Kogyo (Tokyo, Japan). Infliximab and golimumab were purchased from Mitsubishi Tanabe Pharma (Osaka, Japan). Atezolizumab, bevacizumab, trastuzumab, and tocilizumab were purchased from Chugai Pharmaceutical (Tokyo, Japan). Pembrolizumab and avelumab were purchased from Merck (Kenilworth, NJ, USA). Eculizumab was purchased from Alexion Pharmaceuticals (Boston, MA, USA). Mepolizumab was purchased from GlaxoSmithKline (Brentford, UK). Durvalumab was purchased from AstraZeneca (Cambridge, UK). Ipilimumab, nivolumab, and abatacept were purchased from Bristol Myers Squibb (New York, NY, USA). Ramucirumab was purchased

from Eli Lilly (Indianapolis, IN, USA). Adalimumab was purchased from AbbVie (North Chicago, IL, USA). Etanercept was purchased from Pfizer (New York, NY, USA). Control human serum was obtained from Innovative Research (Novi, MI). The synthetic peptide P14R (14 Pro and Arg), octyl- β -D-thioglucoopyranoside (OTG), organic solvents, and other reagents were obtained from Sigma-Aldrich (St. Louis, MO).

Structural confirmation of signature peptides

Multiple sequence alignment analysis was performed using the ClustalW version 2.1 algorithm on GENETYX software version 13 (GENETYX, Tokyo, Japan) for the prediction of the signature peptides of the antibodies in the complementarity-determining regions (CDR1, 2, and 3) and specific peptides for Fc-fusion proteins in the fused domain. In this analysis, theoretical tryptic peptides with no overlaps in the sequence of immunoglobulin Fc, hinge, and the conserved positions of cysteine residues and S-S bonds were aligned and predicted as good signature peptides.

Two micrograms of each antibody and Fc-fusion proteins were denatured and reduced in 8 M urea and 2 mM neutralized Tris(2-carboxyethyl)phosphine (TCEP) at room temperature for 30 min. Next, the sample solution was diluted 1:10 in a 25 mM Tris-HCl solution (pH

8.0) and digested using modified trypsin at 37 °C for 16 h. The proteolytic reaction was quenched by the addition of a trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) solution at a final concentration of 0.5%. The peptide solution was purified using a MonoSpin C18 spin filter (GL Science, Tokyo, Japan). The eluting solution was evaporated in a centrifugal evaporator and reconstituted in 0.1% formic acid (FA) solution. The structures of the tryptic peptides from each protein were analyzed using microflow high-resolution liquid chromatography-quadrupole ion trap time-of-flight (Q-TOF) MS (Nexera Mikros high-performance microflow liquid chromatograph and LCMS-9030, Shimadzu). The LC-MS conditions were as follows: solvent A, 0.1% aqueous formic acid; solvent B, 80% acetonitrile with 0.1% formic acid; trap column, Triart Capillary trap column, 0.3 × 5 mm, 5 μm, 12 nm pore (YMC, Kyoto, Japan); separation column, L-column2 ODS, 0.3 × 150 mm, 2 μm, 12 nm pore (Chemicals Evaluation and Research Institute, Tokyo, Japan); column temperature, 40 °C; flow rate, 5 μL/min; gradient program, 0-10 min: %B=0, 10-95 min: %B=0-40 gradient, 95-105 min: %B=70-100 gradient, 100-115 min: %B=100, 115-130 min: %B=0. MS and MS/MS spectra were obtained using a desolvation line, interface, and heat block at 200, 100, and 250 °C, respectively. Nebulizer nitrogen gas flow was set at 1 L/min. The heating gas flow rate was 3 L/min. The electrode of the electrospray ionization (ESI) interface was set to

3 kV. The pulse times for MS and MS/MS were 194 and 154 μ s, respectively. The ion accumulation time was set at 100 ms for MS and 80 ms for MS/MS. MS/MS analysis was performed using the intensity-dependent top-8 MS/MS per scan on data-dependent acquisition (DDA). The precursor MS was set from $m/z = 300$ to 1,500, and the fragments were set from $m/z = 200$ to 1,500. The ion valency was set from +2 to +6. The electrode of the collision-induced dissociation (CID) cell was set at -25 ± 5 V, and the argon gas pressure was set at 250 kPa. The precursor and fragment ions were assigned using Mascot Proteome Server version 2.6.2, Distiller peak processing software (Matrix Science, London, UK) and PEAKS Studio version X/X+ software (Bioinformatics Solutions, Waterloo, Canada) on SwissProt sequence database version 2020_04 and the in-house FASTA database for monoclonal antibody and Fc-fusion protein sequence information obtained from KEGG (Kyoto Encyclopedia of Genes and Genomes of Kyoto University Bioinformatics Center, Kyoto, Japan) DRUG Database in GenomeNet and DrugBank (The Metabolomics Innovation Center, University of Alberta, Canada). The allowance of peptide m/z tolerance on the database search was set to within 10 ppm for precursor ions and 20 mDa for fragment ions.

Setting the conditions for the multiple reaction monitoring (MRM) of each signature peptide

The peptide quantitation was conducted using an LC-MS with triple quadrupole (Nexera X2 and LCMS-8050, Shimadzu). The LC-MS conditions were as follows: solvent A, 0.1% aqueous formic acid; solvent B, acetonitrile with 0.1% formic acid; column, Shim-pack GISS C18, 2.1 × 50 mm, 1.9 μm, 20 nm pore (Shimadzu); column temperature, 50 °C; flow rate, 0.4 mL/min; gradient program, 0-1 min: %B=1, 1-6 min: %B=1-50 gradient, 6-7.5 min: %B=95, 7.5-9 min: %B=1. MS spectra were obtained using an ESI probe temperature, desolvation line, and heat block at 300 °C, 250 °C, and 400 °C, respectively. Nebulizer, heating, and drying gas flows were set to 3 L/min, 10 L/min, and 10 L/min, respectively. The dwell time was set to 10 ms for each MRM transition. The MRM monitor ions of the peptide fragments were determined from the measured values of the structure-assigned fragments from the Q-TOF-MS analysis. The CID argon partial pressure in the Q2 cell was set to 270 kPa. The candidate MRM transition m/z was computationally set, and the electrode voltage of the Q1 pre bias, collision cell Q2, Q3 pre bias, and the most abundant m/z of the precursor and fragment ions were performed using the optimization support software (LabSolutions, Shimadzu). The most abundant MRM transition with good linearity and no interference in

human serum was selected for quantitation, and the second and third transitions were used for the structural confirmation of each peptide.

Preparation of antibody analysis using nSMOL proteolysis

In previous reports, we performed a bioanalytical validation for many monoclonal antibodies and Fc-fusion proteins in human serum/plasma using the nSMOL assay (Table S1). In this study, all assays were performed using our previously described methods, with minor modifications. Briefly, all sample sets in human serum were prepared and stored at -80 °C for at least 24 h before each nSMOL assay. Antibody-spiked human serum was prepared as an individual or 20-mixed spike. A 5 µL aliquot of antibody-spiked human serum was diluted 1:10 in PBS (pH 7.4) containing 0.1% OTG to avoid non-specific binding to the resin and plastic materials. The IgG fraction from the plasma sample was collected using 25 µL of PBS-substituted immunoglobulin collection Protein A resin slurry (25%) in 100 µL of PBS containing OTG with gentle vortexing at 25 °C for 10 min on a Unifilter filtration plate (Whatman, Maidstone, UK). Serum samples were prepared in duplicate; one was directly subjected to a resin washing step and the other was subjected to the washing process after pretreatment with acidic 250 mM TCEP-HCl (<pH 2) for 30 min at room temperature. The

collection resin was mixed, washed twice with 200 μL of PBS containing 0.1% OTG to remove other serum proteins except for IgGs, and washed again with 200 μL of PBS to remove the detergents that can inhibit column separation and ionization of peptides in the ESI interface and cause carryover. Each washing substitution was performed by centrifugation ($100 \times g$ for 2 min) on filter plates. After these washing steps, the collection resin was suspended with 80 μL of the nSMOL-enhanced reaction solution containing the P14R internal standard (IS) at 5 fmol/ μL , and the suspension was immediately transferred onto a Protein LoBind plate (Eppendorf, Hamburg, Germany), repeated twice for completely collecting the suspended resin. nSMOL proteolysis was carried out using 10 μg trypsin on FG-beads with gentle vortexing at 50 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 5 h in a saturated vapor atmosphere for uniform contact between the collection resin and the FG bead nanoparticles. After nSMOL proteolysis, the reaction was quenched by adding 10% formic acid at a final concentration of 0.5%. The peptide solution was collected by centrifugation ($1,500 \times g$ for 10 min) on an AcroPrep Advance PTFE 0.2- μm filter plate (Pall, New York, NY) to remove the collection resin and the trypsin FG-beads. These filtered analytes were collected in an overlapped low-protein binding Microresico plate (Richell, Toyama, Japan).

Supporting Figures and Tables

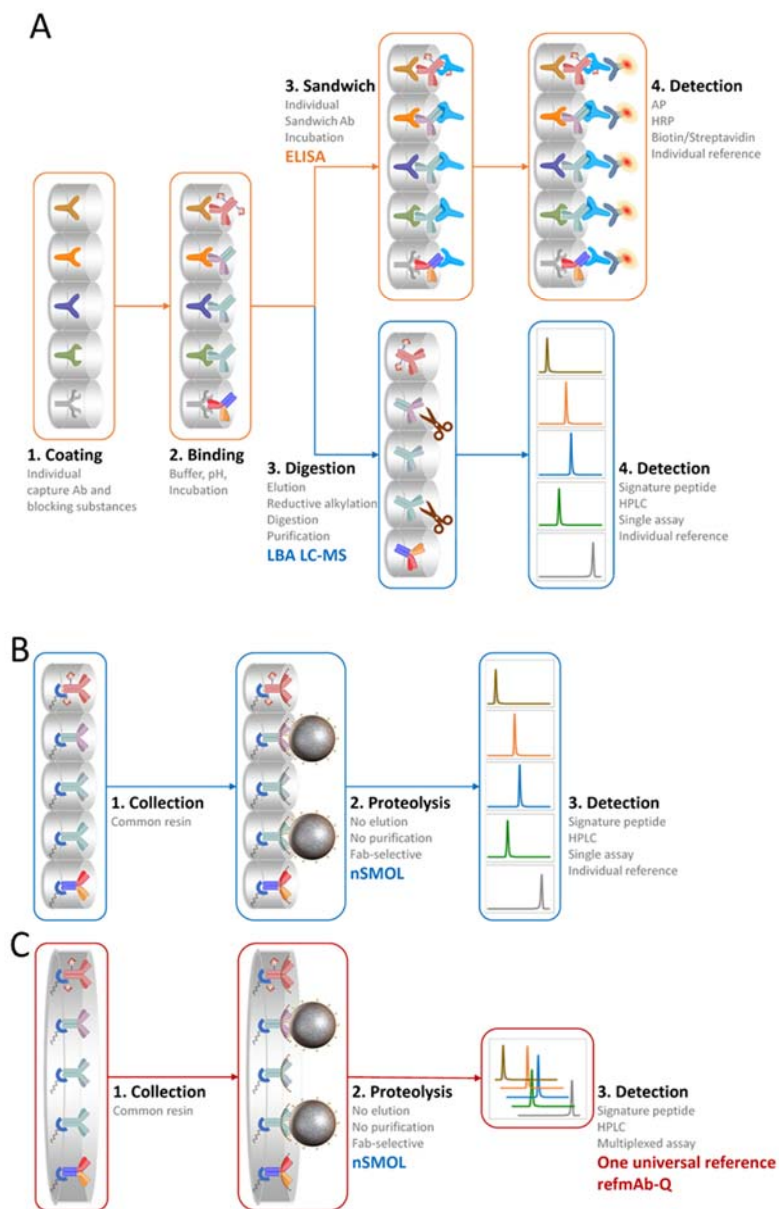


Figure S1. Establishment of the refmAb-Q nSMOL. A) A diagram of the LBA-based mAb assay. B) A diagram of the conventional nSMOL mAb assay method. C) A diagram of the

refmAb-Q nSMOL mAb assay by redesigning the conventional nSMOL assay for MS-directed technique.

A

Bre H 1:QIQQLQQSGPEVVKPGASVKISCKASGYTFTD--YYITWVKQKPGQGLEWIGWIYPG--SGN 57
Cet H 1:QVQLKQSGPGLVQPSQSLSTITVSGFSLTN--YGVHWVRQSPGKGLEWLGVIWS---GGN 56
Rit H 1:QVQLQQPGAELVKPGASVKMSCK**ASGYTFTS--YNMHWVKQTPGRGLEWIGAIYPG--NGD** 57
Ifx H 1:EVKLEESGGGLVQPGGSMKLSCVASGFIFSN--HWMNWVRQSPGKGLEWVAEIRSK**SINSA** 59
Atz H 1:EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFSD--SWIHWVRQAPGKGLEWVAVISPY--GGS 57
Bev H 1:EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGYTFTN--YGMNWVRQAPGKGLEWVGVINTY--TGE 57
Pem H 1:QVQLVQSGVEVKKPGASVKVSKASGYTFTN--YYMYWVRQAPGQGLEWMGGINPS--NGG 57
Tra H 1:EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFNIKD--TYIHWVRQAPGKGLEWVAR**IYPT--NGY** 57
Ecu H 1:QVQLVQSGAEVKKPGASVKVSKASGYIFSN--YWIQWVRQAPGQGLEWMGEILPG--SGS 57
Mep H 1:QVTLRESGPALVKPTQTLLTCTVSGFSLTS--YSVHWVRQPPGKGLEWLGVIWA---SGG 56
Toc H 1:EVQLQESGPGLVRPSQTLSTLCTVSGYSITSDHAWSWVRQPPGRGLEWIGYISY---SGI 57
Ave H 1:EVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFSS--YIMMWVRQAPGKGLEWVSSIYPS--GGI 57
Dur H 1:EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFSR--YWMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVANIKQD--GSE 57
Ipi H 1:QVQLVESGGGVVQPRSLRLSCAASGFTFSS--YTMHWVRQAPGKGLEWVTFISYD--GNN 57
Niv H 1:QVQLVESGGGVVQPRSLRLDCK**ASGITFSN--SGMHWVRQAPGKGLEWVAVIWD--GSK** 57
Ram H 1:EVQLVQSGGGLVKPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFSS--YSMNWVRQAPGKGLEWVSSISS--SSY 57
Ada H 1:EVQLVESGGGLVQPRSLRLSCAASGFTFDD--YAMHWVRQAPGKGLEWVSAITWN--SGH 57
Gol H 1:QVQLVESGGGVVQPRSLRLSCAASGFIFSS--YAMHWVRQAPGNLEWVAFMSYD--GSN 57

Bre H 58:TKYNEKFKGKATLTVDTSSSTAFMQLSSLTSEDVAVYFCAN---YG-NYWFA-----YWG 108
Cet H 57:TDYNTPFSTRLSINKDNSK**SQVFFK**MNSLQSNDAIYYCARALTY--DYEFA-----YWG 110
Rit H 58:TSYNQKFKGKATLTADKSSSTAYMQLSSLTSESAVYYCARSTYYGGDWYFN-----VWG 112
Ifx H 60:**THYAESVKGRFTISRDDSKSAVYLQMTDLRTEDTGVYYCSRNY---YGSTY-----DYWG** 111
Atz H 58:TYADSVKGRFTISADTSKNTAYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAR**HH---WPG-----GFDYWG** 109
Bev H 58:PTYAADFKRR**FTFSLDTSK**STAYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAKYPHYYGSSHWY---FDVWG 114
Pem H 58:TNFNEKFKNRVTLTDSSTTTAYMELKSLQFDDTAVYYCARRDYRFDMG-----FDYWG 111
Tra H 58:**TRYADSVKGRFTISADTSKNTAYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCSRWG---GDGFY---AMDYWG** 111
Ecu H 58:TEYTENFKDRVMTTRDTSTSTVYMESSLRSEDVAVYYCAR--YFFGSSPNW--YFDVWG 113
Mep H 57:TDYNSALMSRLSISKDTSRNQVVLTMNMDPVDATAVYYCAR**DPPSS--LLRLD-----YWG** 110
Toc H 58:TTYNPVSLKSR**VTMLR**DTSKNQFSLRLSSVTAADTAVYYCARSLAR--TTAMD-----YWG 110
Ave H 58:TFYADTVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAR**IK--LGTVTTV-----DYWG** 111
Dur H 58:KYYVDSVKGRFTISRDNKNSLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAREGGWFGELAF-----DYWG 112
Ipi H 58:KYYADSVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAR**TGWLGP-----FDYWG** 109
Niv H 58:RYYADSVKGRFTISRDNKNTLFLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCATN-----DDWYG 104
Ram H 58:IYYADSVKGRFTISRDNKNSLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAR-----VTDAF-----DIWG 107
Ada H 58:IDYADSVKGRFTISRDNKNSLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAKVSYLSTASSL-----DYWG 112
Gol H 58:KYYADSVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCARDRIAAGGNYYYYGMDVWG 117

Bre H 109:QGTQVTVSAASTK 121
Cet H 111:QGTTLTVSAASTK 123
Rit H 113:AGTTVTVSAASTK 125
Ifx H 112:QGTTLTVSSASTK 124
Atz H 110:**QGTTLTVSSASTK** 122
Bev H 115:QGTTLTVSSASTK 127
Pem H 112:QGTTLTVSSASTK 124
Tra H 112:QGTTLTVSSASTK 124
Ecu H 114:QGTTLTVSSASTK 126
Mep H 111:RGTPVTVSSASTK 123
Toc H 111:QGSLLTVSSASTK 123
Ave H 112:**QGTTLTVSSASTK** 124
Dur H 113:QGTTLTVSSASTK 125
Ipi H 110:**QGTTLTVSSASTK** 122
Niv H 105:QGTTLTVSSASTK 117
Ram H 108:QGTMTVTVSSASTK 120
Ada H 113:QGTTLTVSSASTK 125
Gol H 118:QGTTLTVSSASTK 130

B

Bre L 1:DIVLTQSPASLAVSLGQRATISCK-ASQSVDFDGD--SYMNWYQQKPGQPPK**VLIYAASN** 57
 Cet L 1:DILLTQSPVILSVSPGERVFSFSCR-ASQSIG-----TNIHWYQQRTNGSPRLLIKYASE 53
 Rit L 1:QIVLSQSPAILSASPGEKVTMTCR-ASSSVS-----YIHWYQQKPGSSPKPWIYATSN 52
 Ifx L 1:DILLTQSPAILSVPGERVFSFSCR-ASQFVG-----SSIHWYQQRTNGSPRLLIKYASE 53
 Atz L 1:DIQMTQSPSSLSASVGDVRTITCR-ASQDVST-----AVAWYQQKPGKAPKLLIYSASF 53
 Bev L 1:DIQMTQSPSSLSASVGDVRTITCS-ASQDISN-----YLNWYQQKPGKAPKLLIYFTSS 53
 Pem L 1:EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCR-ASKGVSTSGY--SYLHWYQQKPGQAPR**LLIYLASY** 57
 Tra L 1:DIQMTQSPSSLSASVGDVRTITCR-ASQDVNT-----AVAWYQQKPGKAPKLLIYSASF 53
 Ecu L 1:DIQMTQSPSSLSASVGDVRTITCG-ASENIYG-----ALNWYQQKPGKAPK**LLIYGATN** 53
 Mep L 1:DIVMTQSPDSLAVSLGERATINCK-SSQSLNLSGNQKNYLAWYQQKPGQPPKLLIYGAST 59
 Toc L 1:DIQMTQSPSSLSASVGDVRTITCR-ASQDISS-----YLNWYQQKPGKAPKLLIYYTSR 53
 Dur L 1:EIVLTQSPGTLSPGERATLSCR-ASQSVSS-----**YLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYGAFS** 54
 Ipi L 1:EIVLTQSPGTLSPGERATLSCR-ASQSVSS-----YLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYGAFS 54
 Niv L 1:EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGEPATLSCR-ASQSVSS-----YLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASN 53
 Ram L 1:DIQMTQSPSSVSASIGDRVTITCR-ASQGIDN-----WLGWYQQKPGKAPKLLIYDASN 53
 Ada L 1:DIQMTQSPSSLSASVGDVRTITCR-ASQGIRN-----YLAWYQQKPGKAPKLLIYAAS 53
 Gol L 1:EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCR-ASQSVYS-----YLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASN 53

Bre L 58:**LESGIPAR**FSGSGSGTDFTLNIHPVEEEDAATYYCQQSNEDP-WTFGGGKLEIK 112
 Cet L 54:SIGIPSRFSGSGSGTDFTLSINSVESEDIADYYCQNNNWP-TTFGAGTKLELK 108
 Rit L 53:LASGVVPRFSGSGSGTYSYSLTISRVEAEDAATYYCQQWTSNP-PTFGGGTKLEIK 107
 Ifx L 54:MSGIPSRFSGSGSGTDFTLSINTVESEDIADYYCQQSHSWP-FTFGSGTNLEVK 108
 Atz L 54:LYSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDFTLTISLQPEDFATYYCQQYLYHP-ATFGQGTKEIK 108
 Bev L 54:LHSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDFTLTISLQPEDFATYYCQQYSTVP-WTFGQGTKEIK 108
 Pem L 58:**LESGVPAR**FSGSGSGTDFTLTISLQPEDFAVYYCQHSRDLPL-LTFGGGKLEIK 112
 Tra L 54:LYSGVPSRFSGSRSGTDFTLTISLQPEDFATYYCQQHYTTP-PTFGQGTKEIK 108
 Ecu L 54:**LADGVPSR**FSGSGSGTDFTLTISLQPEDFATYYCQNVLNTP-LTFGQGTKEIK 108
 Mep L 60:RESGVPRFSGSGSGTDFTLTISLQAEDEVAVYYCQNVHSFP-PTFGGGTKLEIK 114
 Toc L 54:LHSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDFTFTISLQPEDIATYYCQQGNTLP-YTFGQGTKEIK 108
 Dur L 55:RATGIPDRFSGSGSGTDFTLTISRLEPEDFAVYYCQQYGLSP-WTFGQGTKEIK 109
 Ipi L 55:RATGIPDRFSGSGSGTDFTLTISRLEPEDFAVYYCQQYGSSP-WTFGQGTKEIK 109
 Niv L 54:RATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTISLQPEDFAVYYCQQSSNWP-RTFGQGTKEIK 108
 Ram L 54:LDTGVPSRFSGSGSGTYFTLTISLQAEDEVAVYYCQQA**AFP-PTFGGGTKVDIK** 108
 Ada L 54:LQSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDFTLTISLQPEDVATYYCQRYNR**AP-YTFGQGTKEIK** 108
 Gol L 54:RATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTISLQPEDFAVYYCQQR**SNWPPFTFGPGTKVDIK** 109

C

Ave L 1:QSALTQPASVSGSPGQSITISCTGTSSDVGNYVSWYQQHPGKAPKLMYDVSNRPSGV 60
 Ave L 61:SNRFSGSKSGNTASLTISGLQAEDEADYYCSSYTSSTRVFGTGTKVTVL 110

D

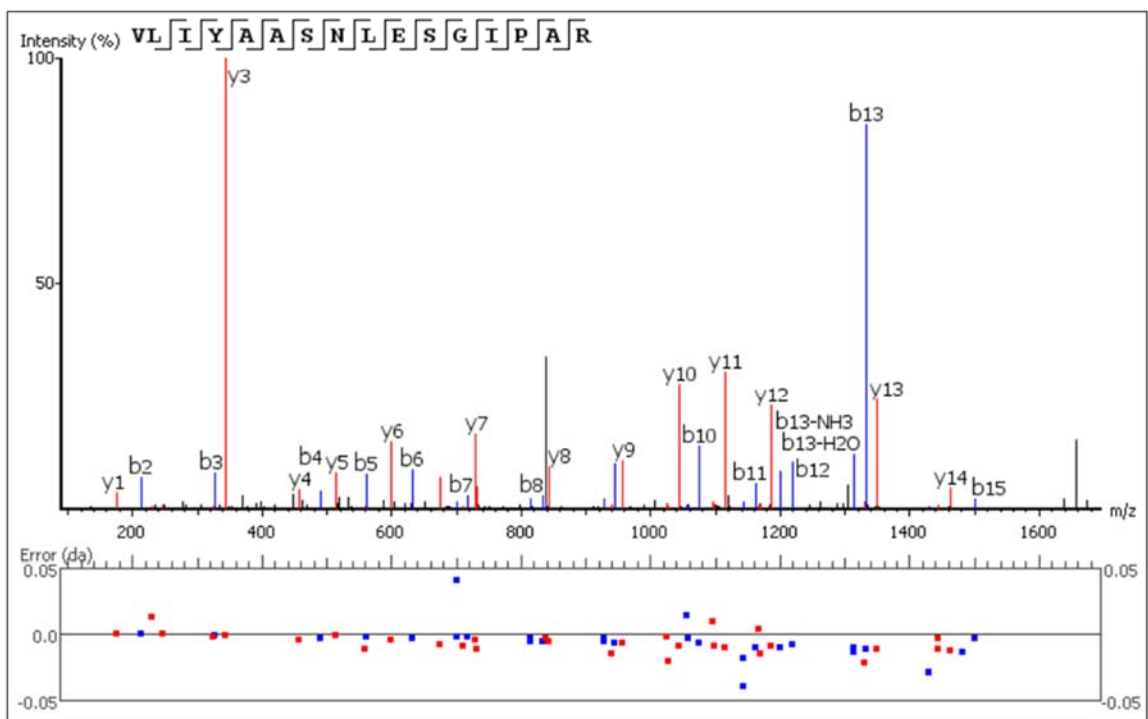
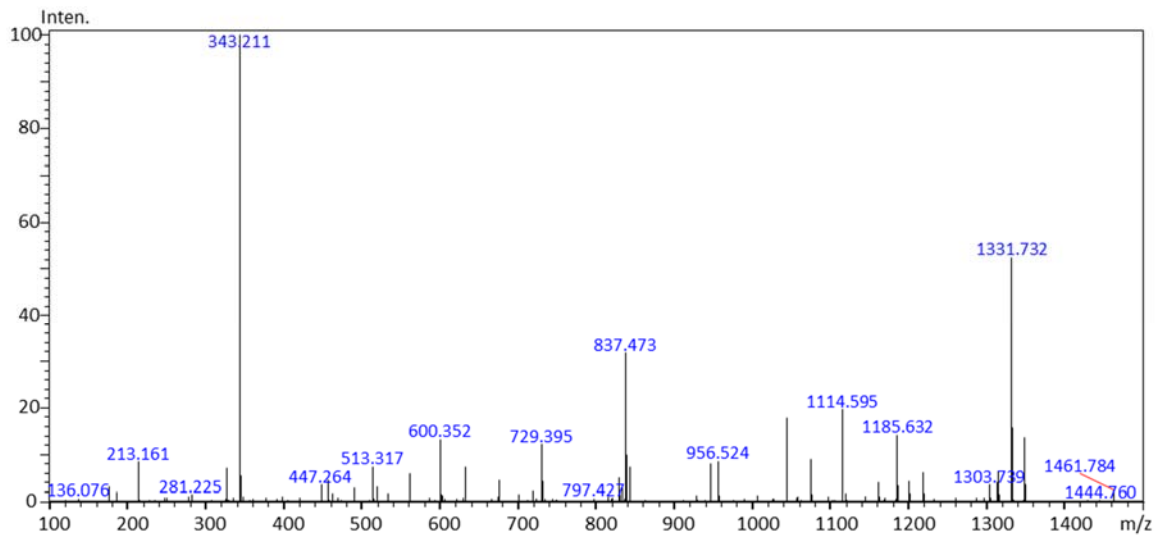
Abt 1:**MHVAQPAVVLASSR**GIASFVCEYASPGKATEVRVTVLRQADSQVTEVCAATYMMGNELTF 60
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 Abt 121:PDSDQEPK 128

E

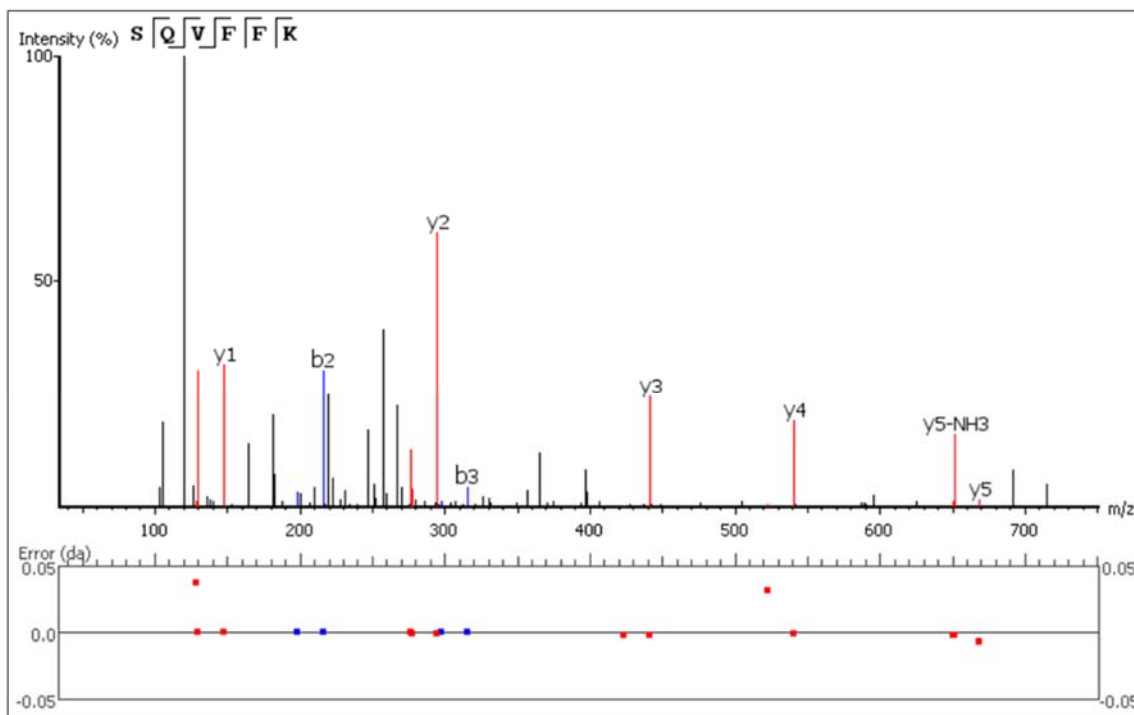
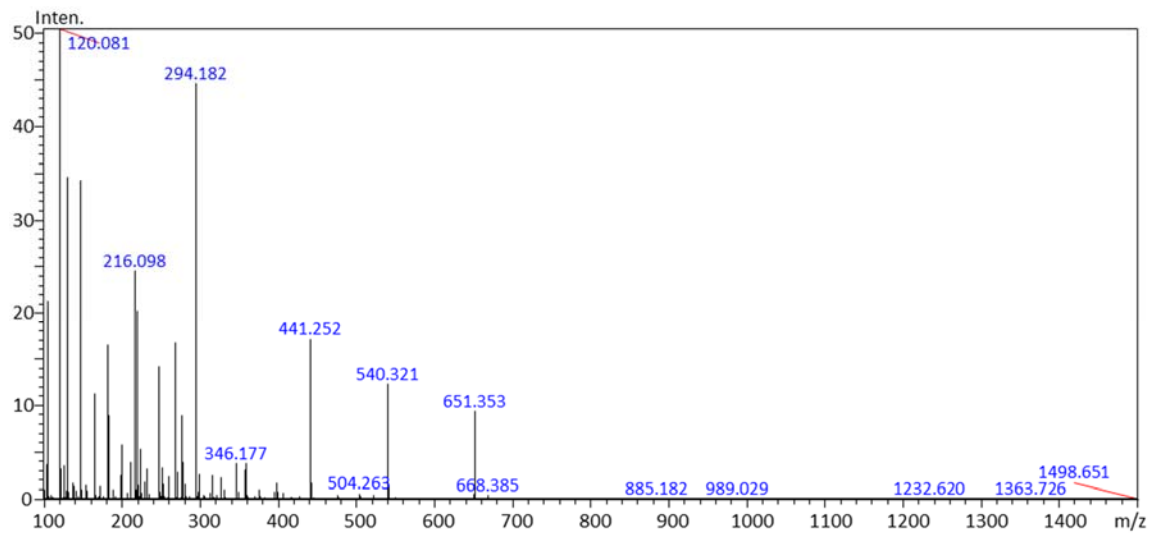
Etn 1:LPAQVAFTPYAPEPGSTCRLREYYDQTAQMCCSKCSPGQHA**KVFCTK**TSDTVCDSCEDST 60
 Etn 61:YTQLWNWVPECLSCGSRCSDDQVETQACTREQNRICTCRPGWYCALSKQEGCRLCAPLRK 120
 Etn 121:CRPGFVARPGTETSVDVCKPCAPGTFSTSTSDICRPHQICNVVAIPGNASMDAVCTS 180
 Etn 181:TSPTRSMAPGAVHLPQPVSTRSQHTQPTPEPSTAPSTSFLLPMGSPPPAEGSTGDEPK 238

Figure S2. Location of signature peptides. Sequence alignment of each IgG-formed mAbs Fv region on A) heavy chain, B) light kappa chain, C) light lambda chain, and fused domain of Fc-fusion proteins D) abatacept, and E) etanercept. The sequence of signature peptide is highlighted in gray. mAbs that have signature peptides on heavy chain are shown in red, and those on light chain are shown in blue. Bre: brentuximab vedotin, Cet: cetuximab, Rit: rituximab, Ifx: infliximab, Atz: atezolizumab, Bev: bevacizumab, Pem: pembrolizumab, Tra: trastuzumab, Ecu: eculizumab, Mep: mepolizumab, Toc: tocilizumab, Ave: avelumab, Dur: durvalumab, Ipi: ipilimumab, Niv: nivolumab, Ram: ramucirumab, Ada: adalimumab, Gol: golimumab, Abt: abatacept, Etn: etanercept.

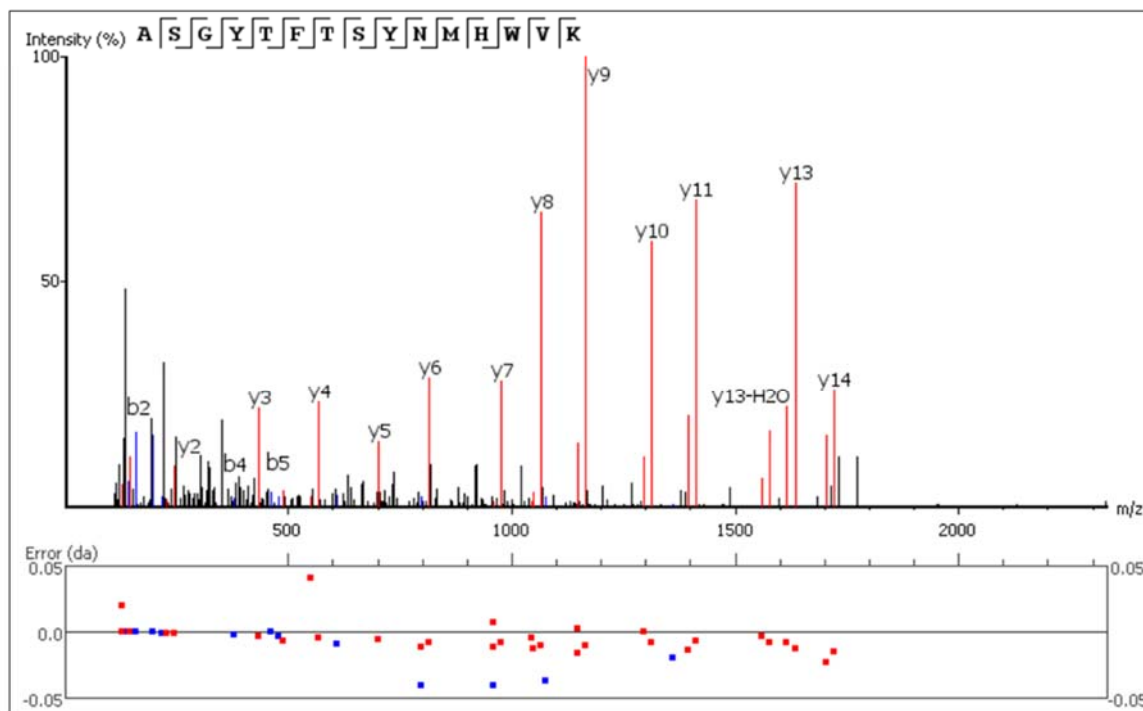
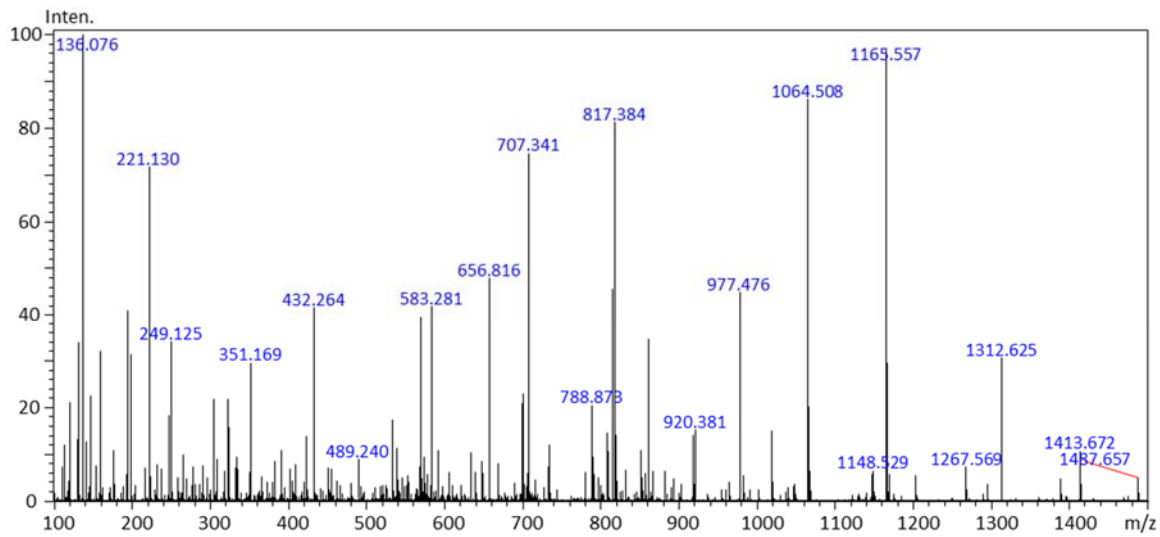
A) Bre, VLIYAASNLESGIPAR (precursor m/z 837.5009)



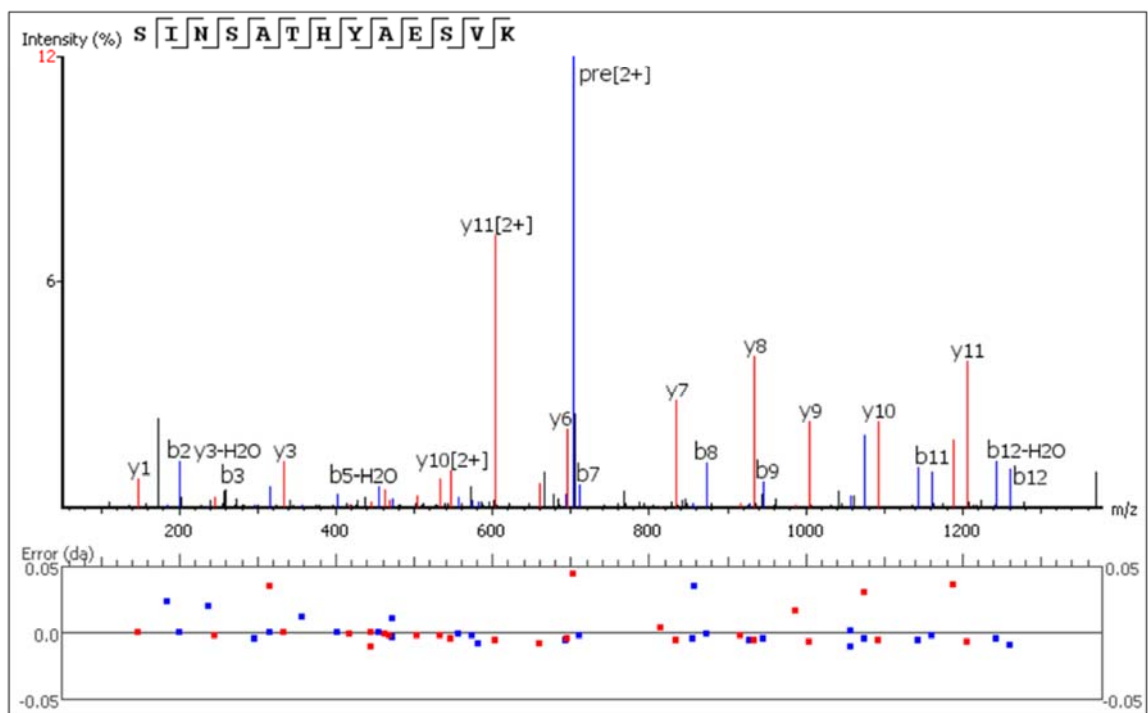
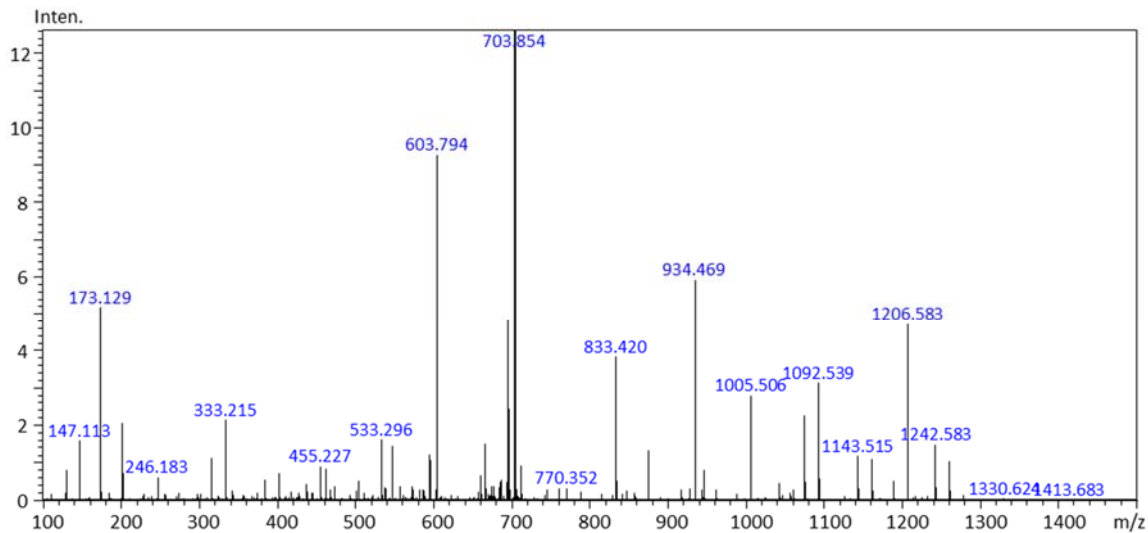
B) Cet, SQVFFK (prec. m/z 378.2106)



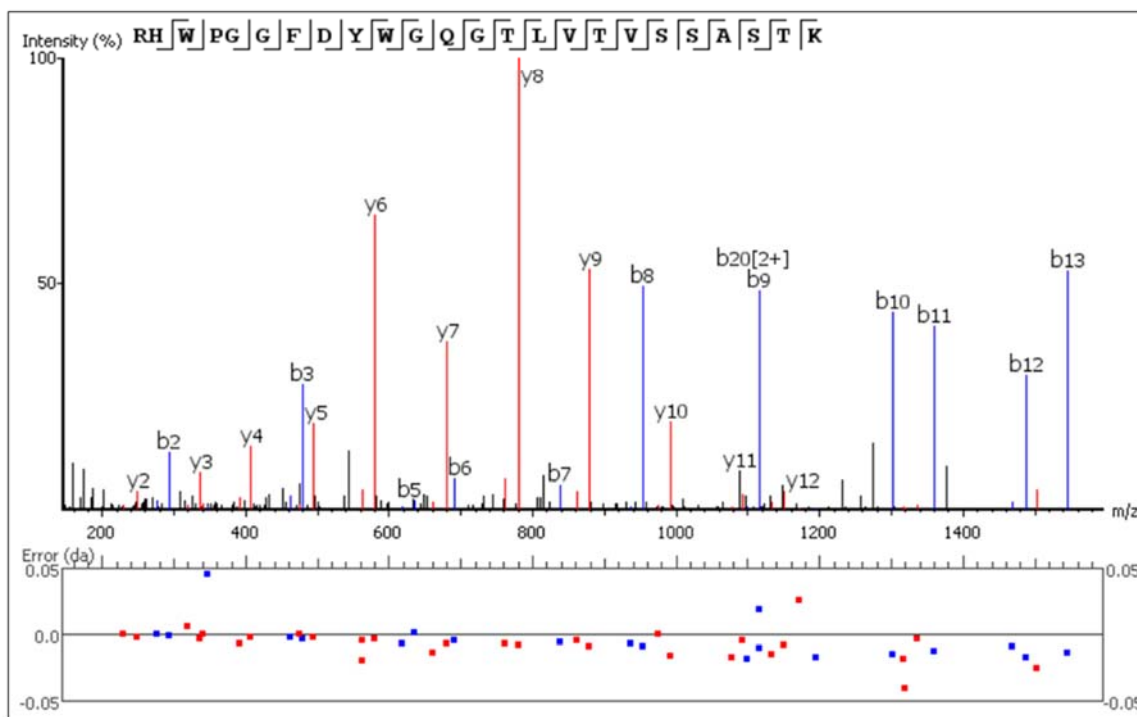
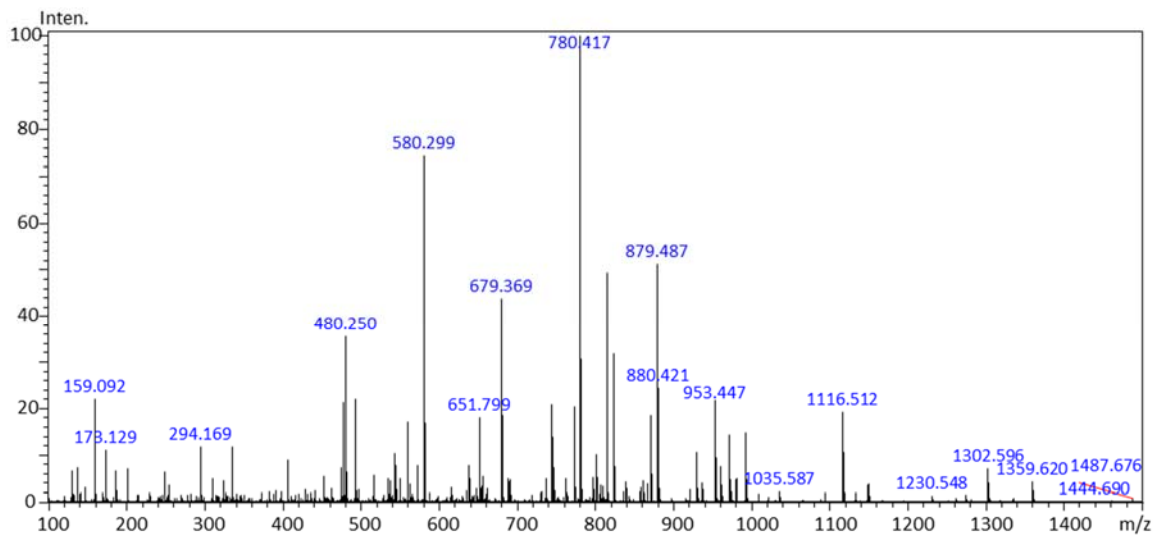
C) Rit, ASGYTFTSYNMHWVK (prec. m/z 597.9327)



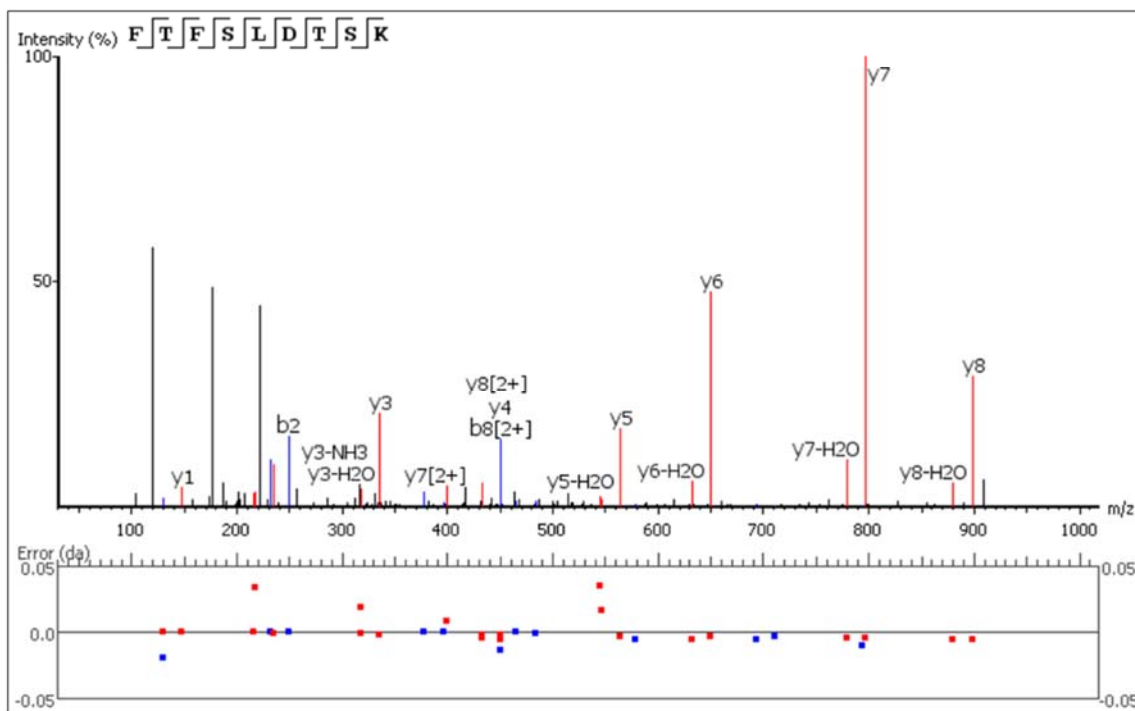
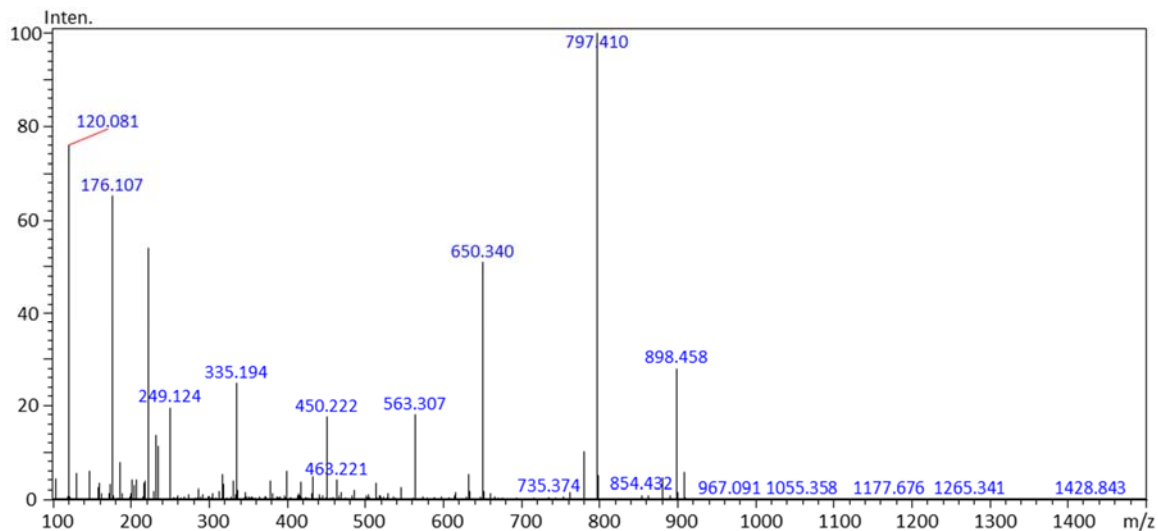
D) Ifx, SINSATHYAESVK (prec. m/z 703.8737)



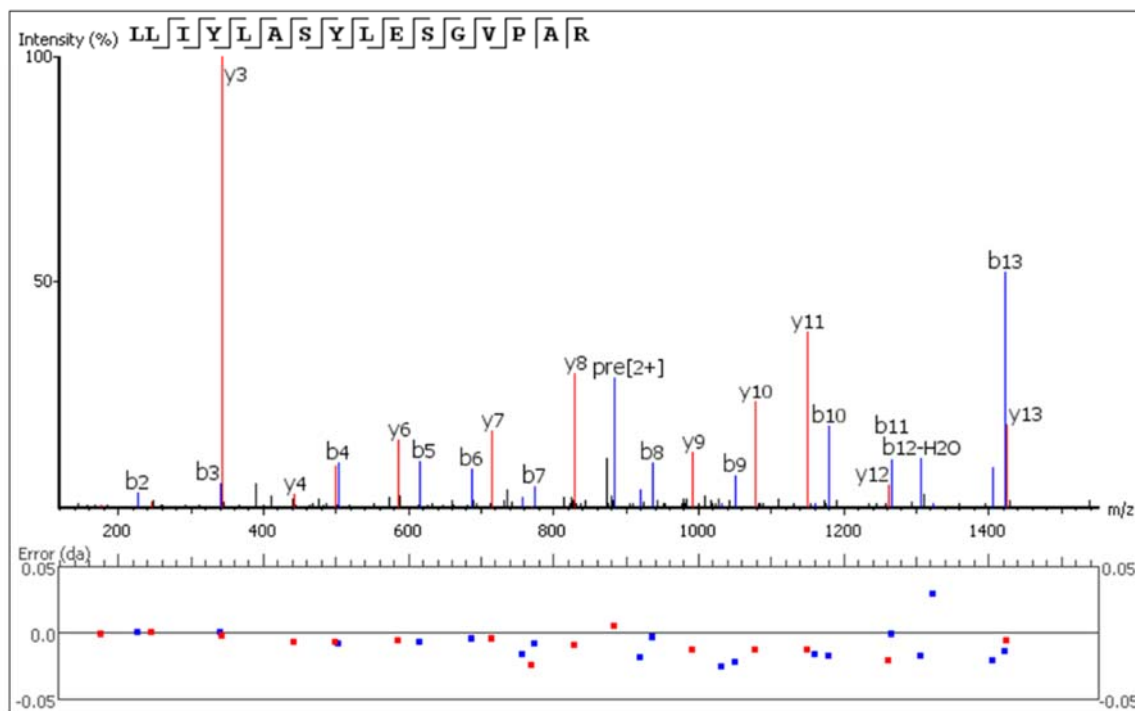
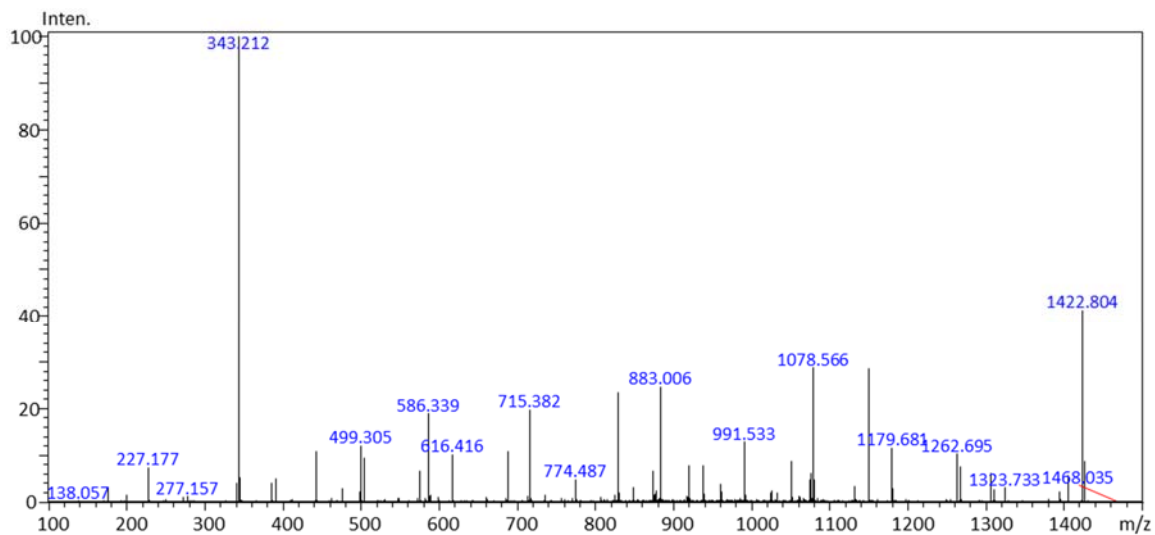
E) Atz, RHWPGGFDYWGGTLVTVSSASTK (prec. m/z 660.1810)



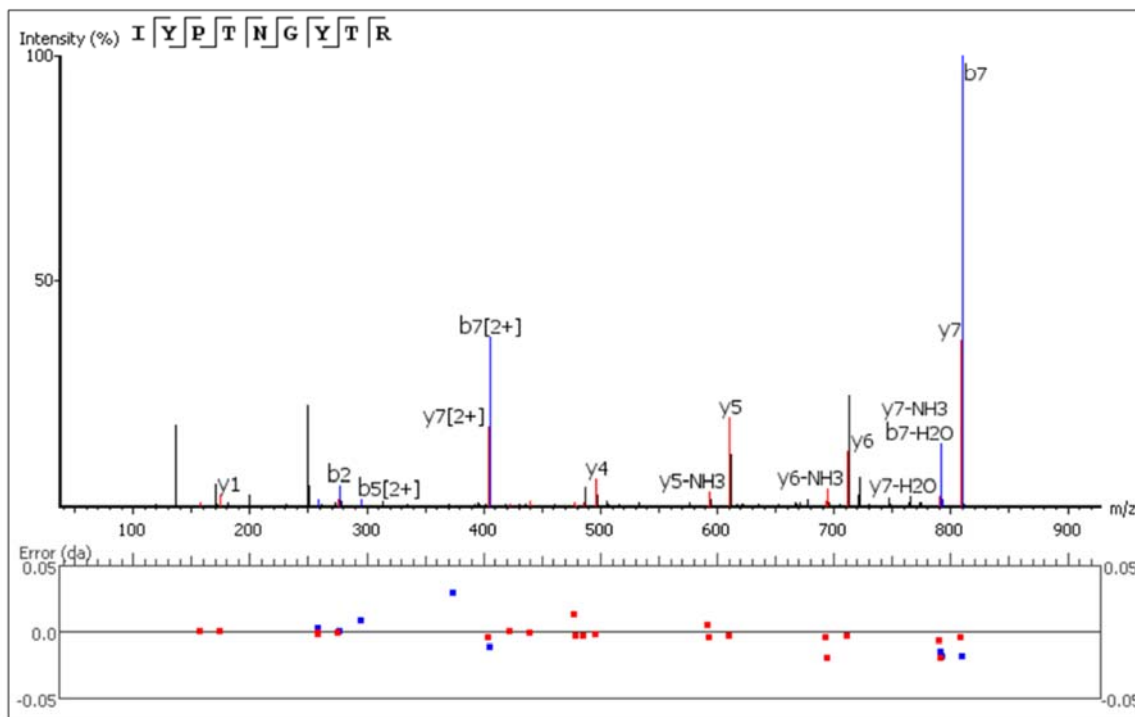
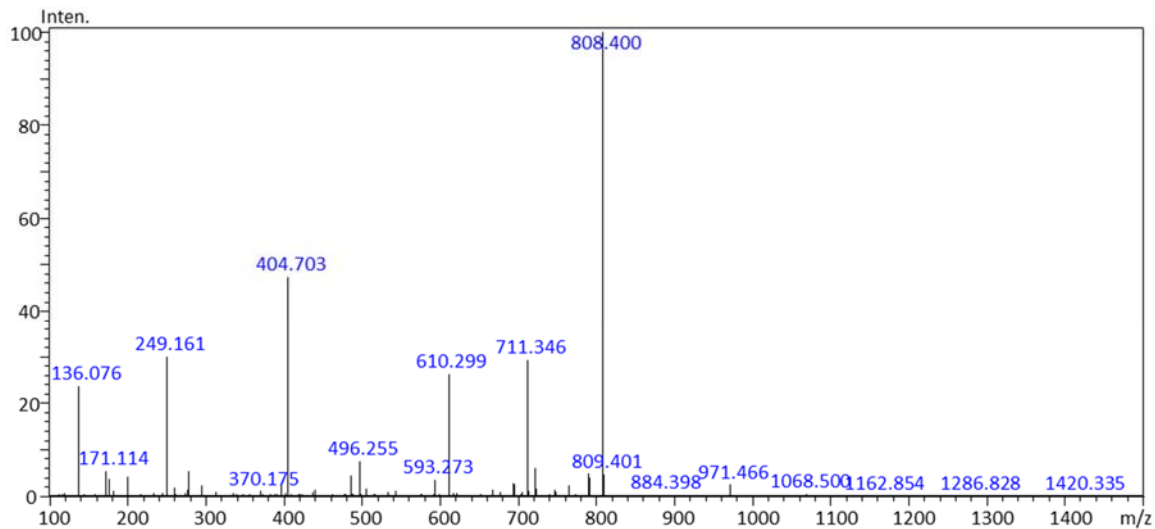
F) Bev, FTFLDTSK (prec. m/z 523.2654)



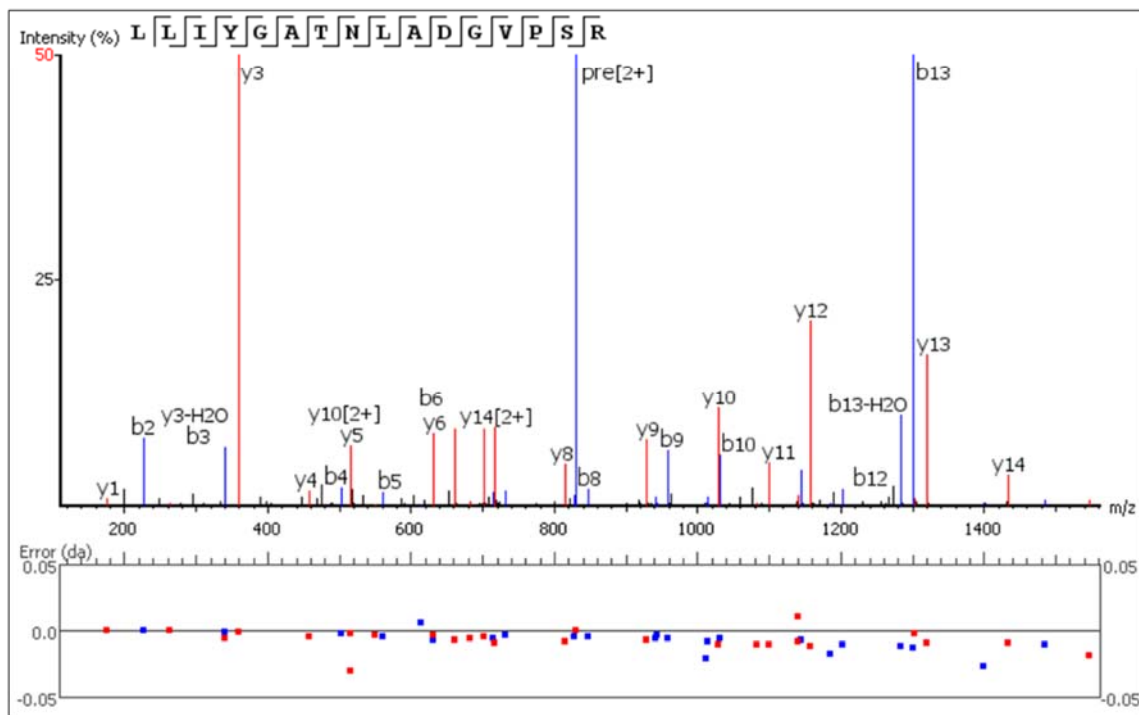
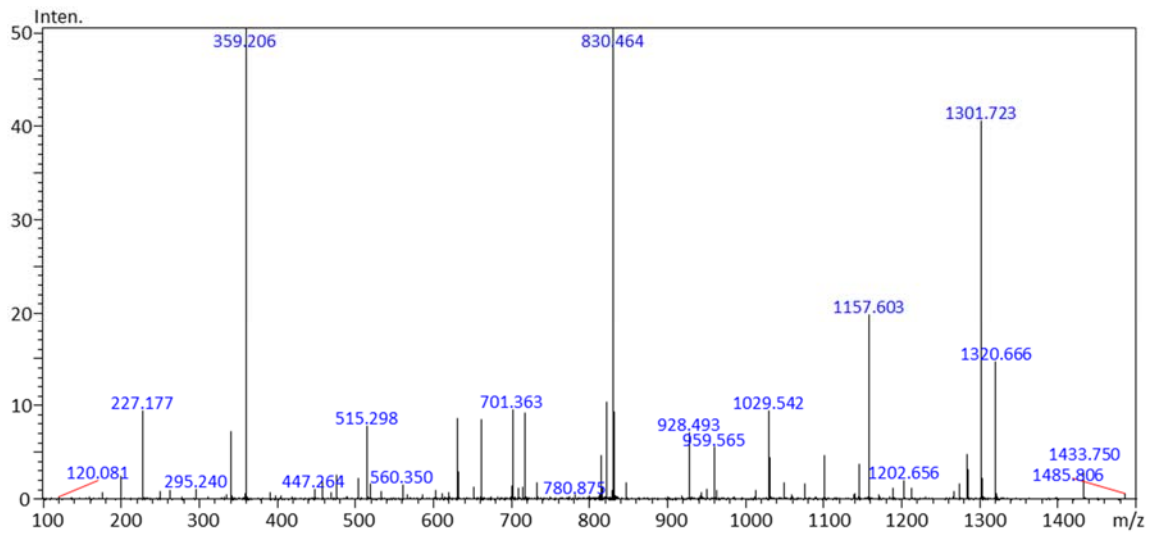
G) Pem, LLIYLA S Y L E S G V P A R (prec. m/z 883.0929)



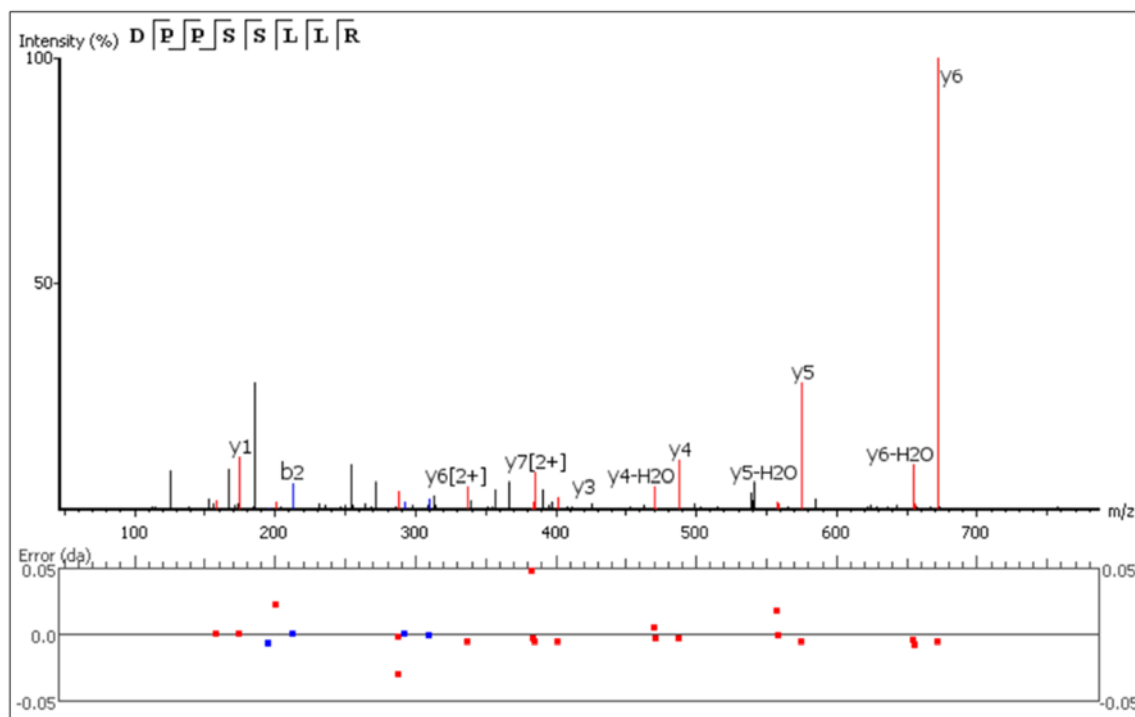
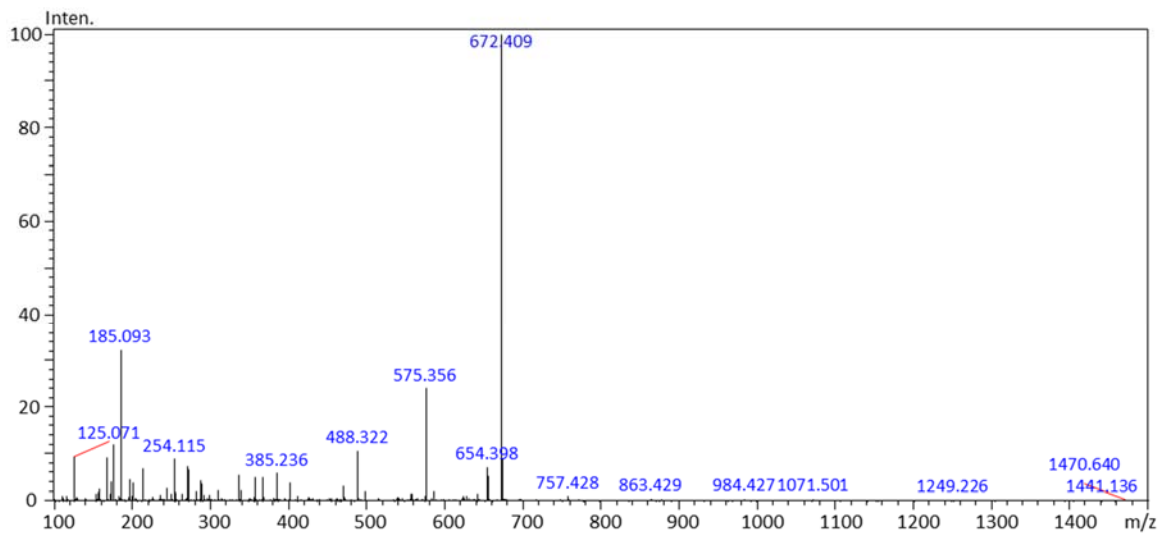
H) Tra, IYPTNGYTR (prec. m/z 542.7740)



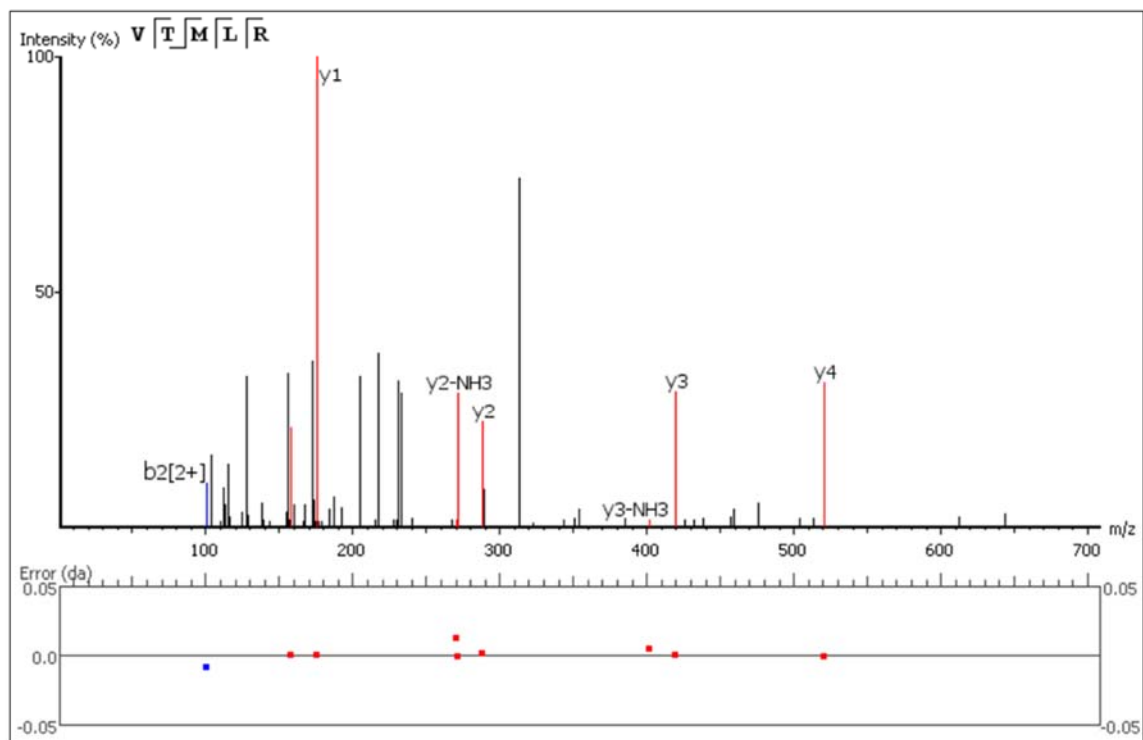
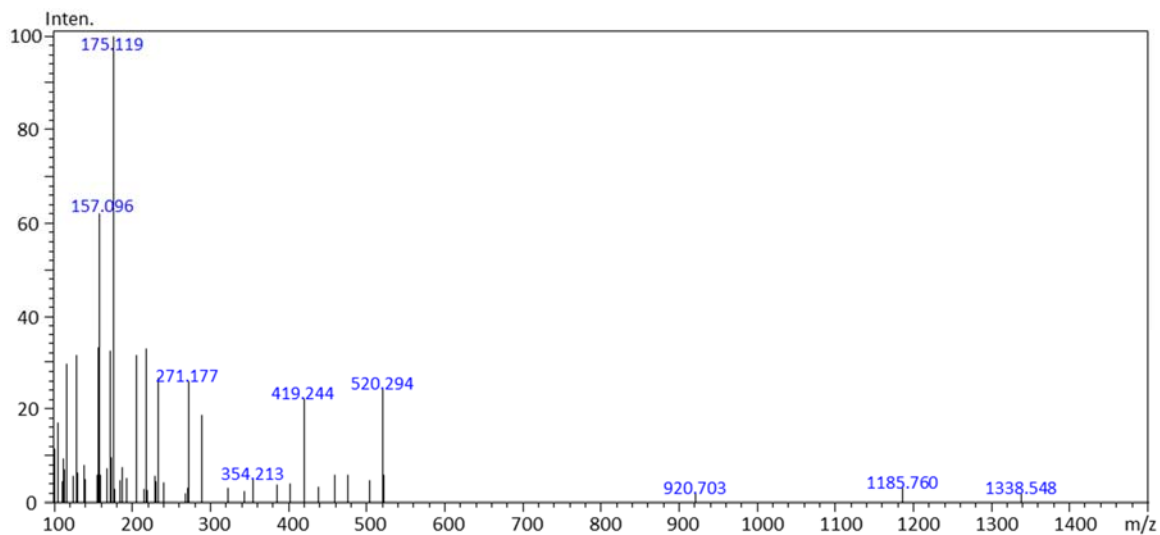
I) Ecu, LLIYGATNLADGVPSR (prec. m/z 830.4581)



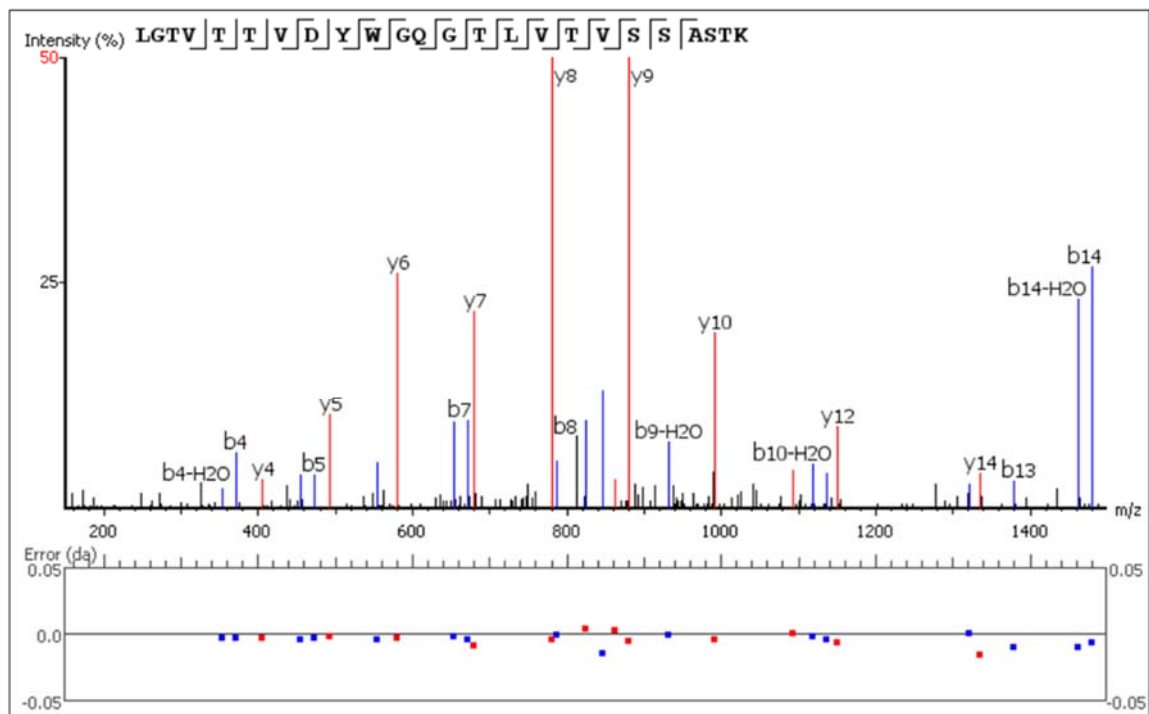
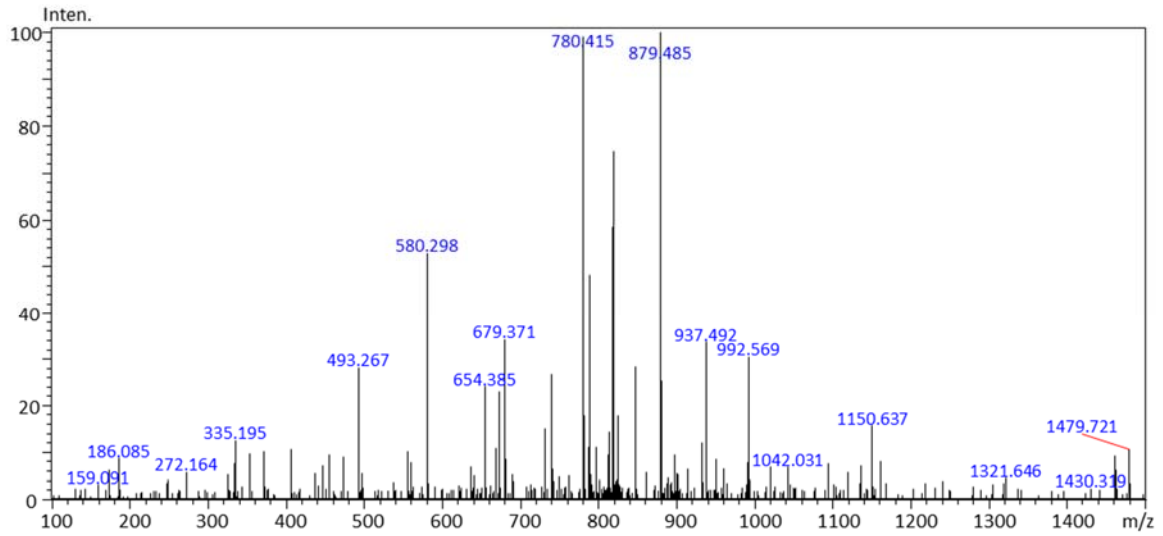
J) Mep, DPPSSLLR (prec. m/z 442.7524)



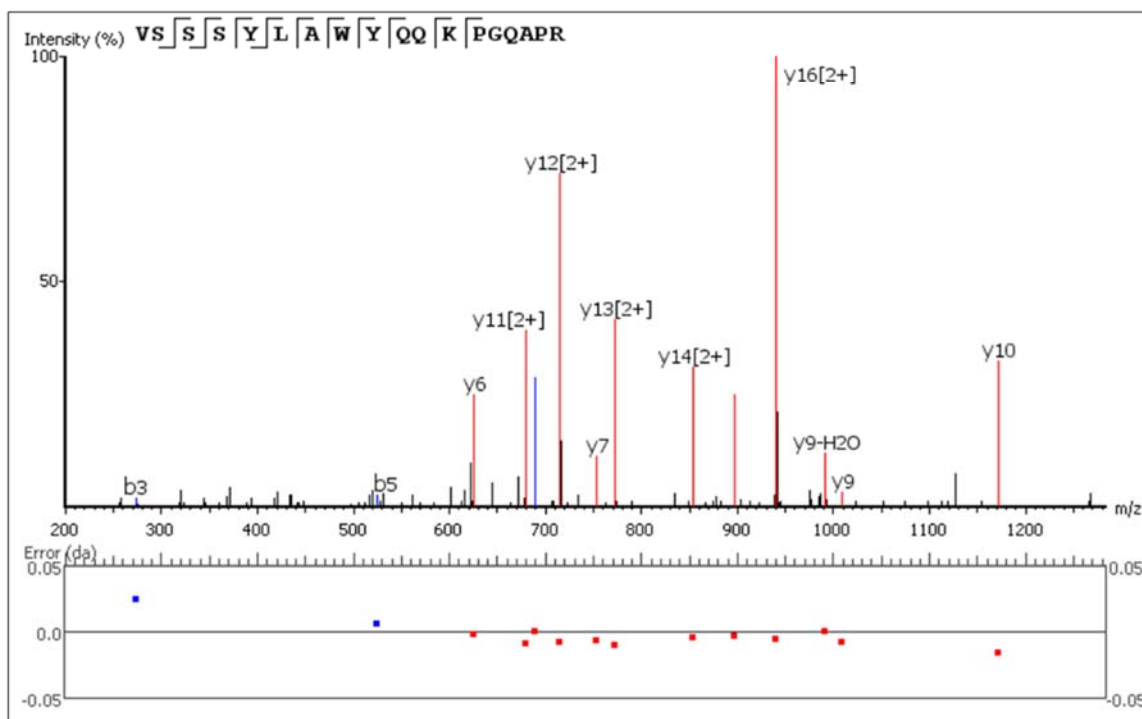
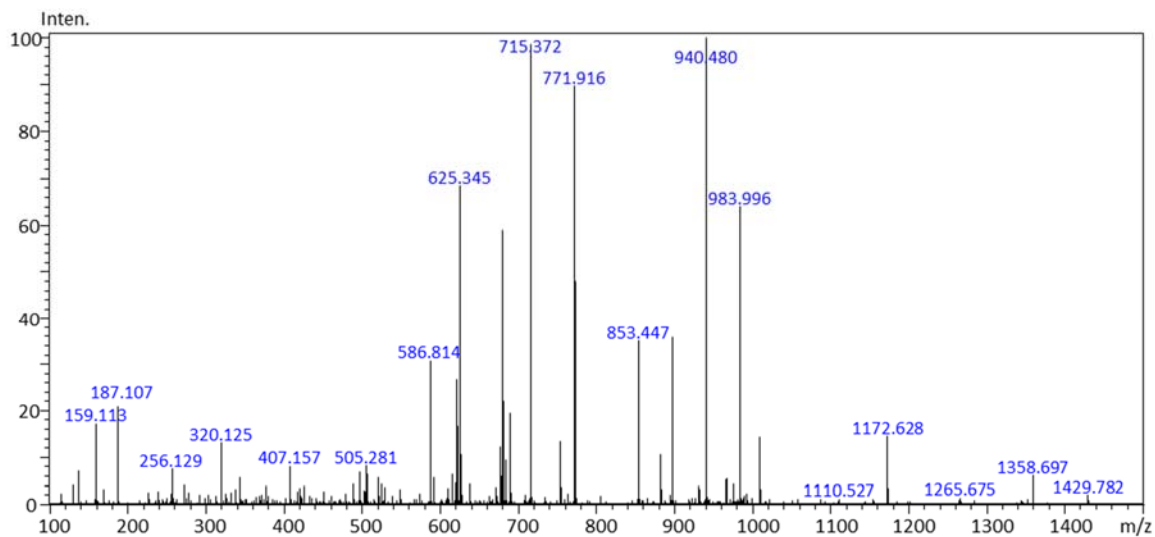
K) Toc, VTMLR (prec. m/z 310.1837)



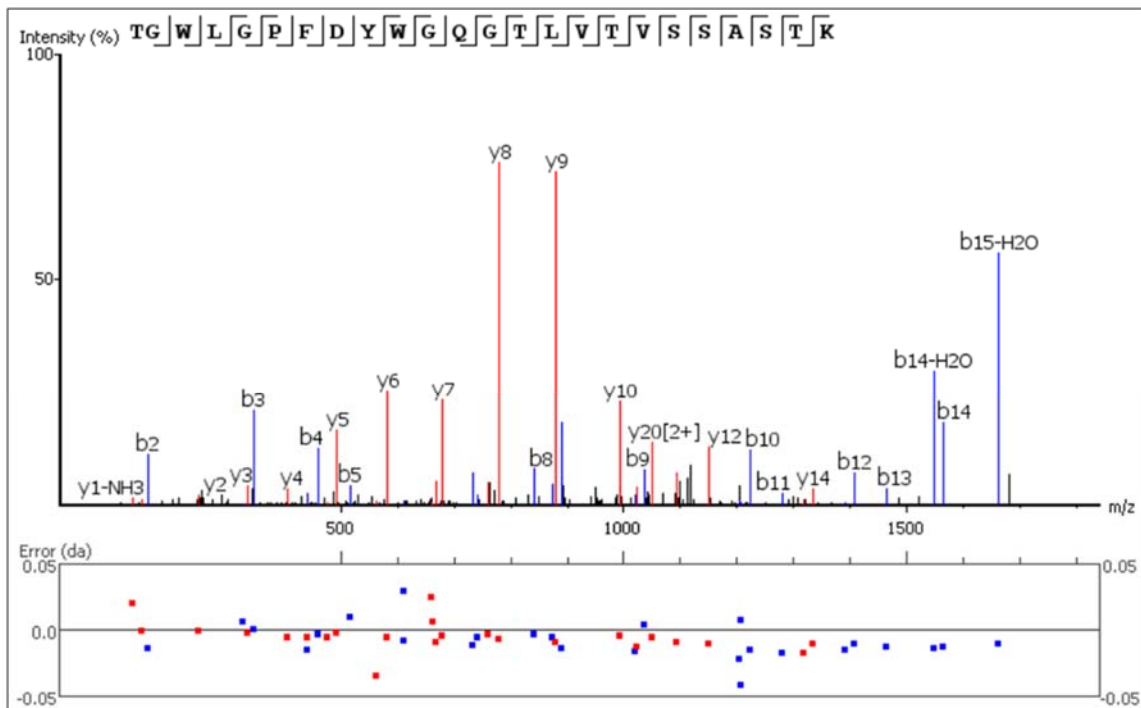
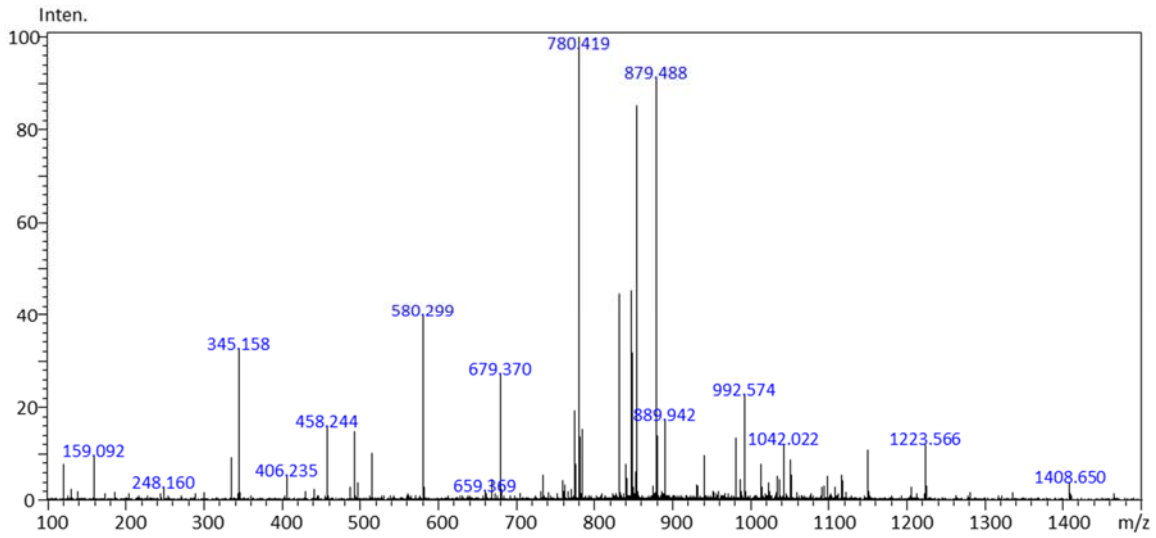
L) Ave, LGTVTTVDYWGQGLTVSSASTK (prec. m/z 824.7394)



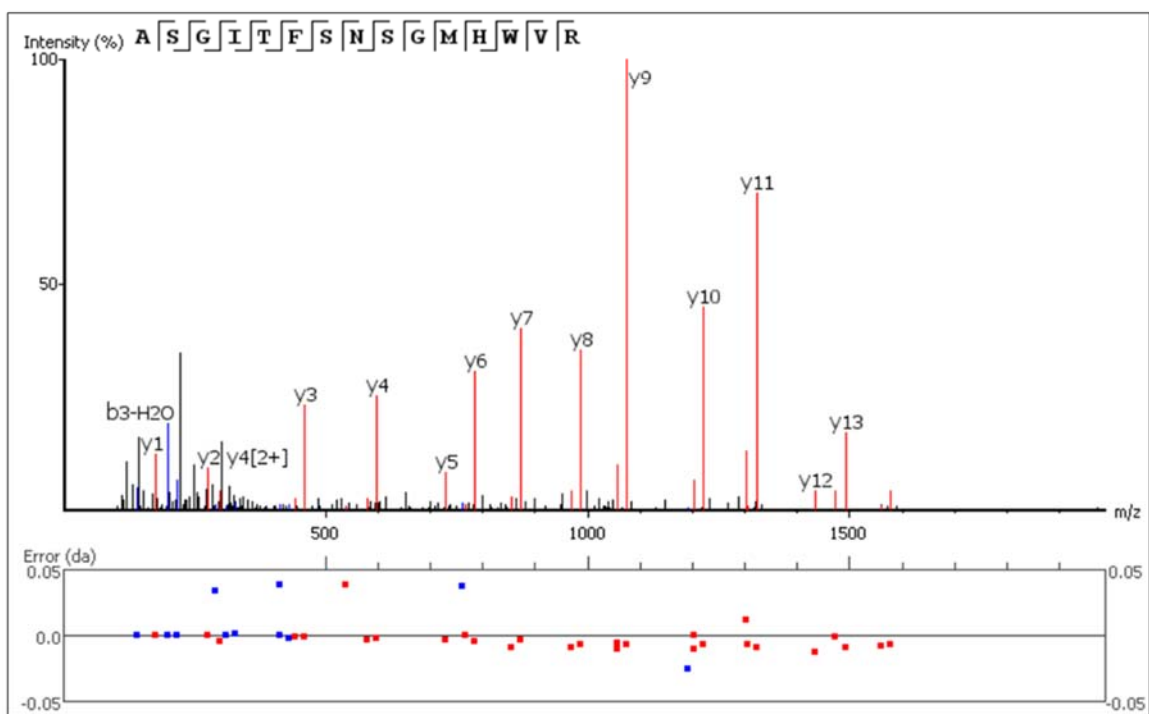
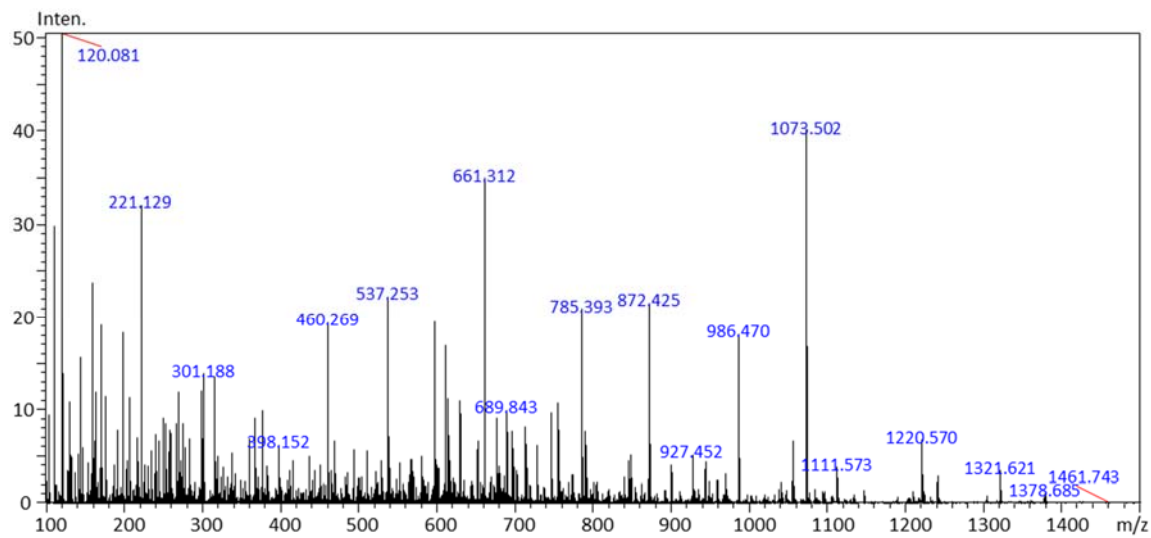
M) Dur, VSSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPR (prec. m/z 689.3567)



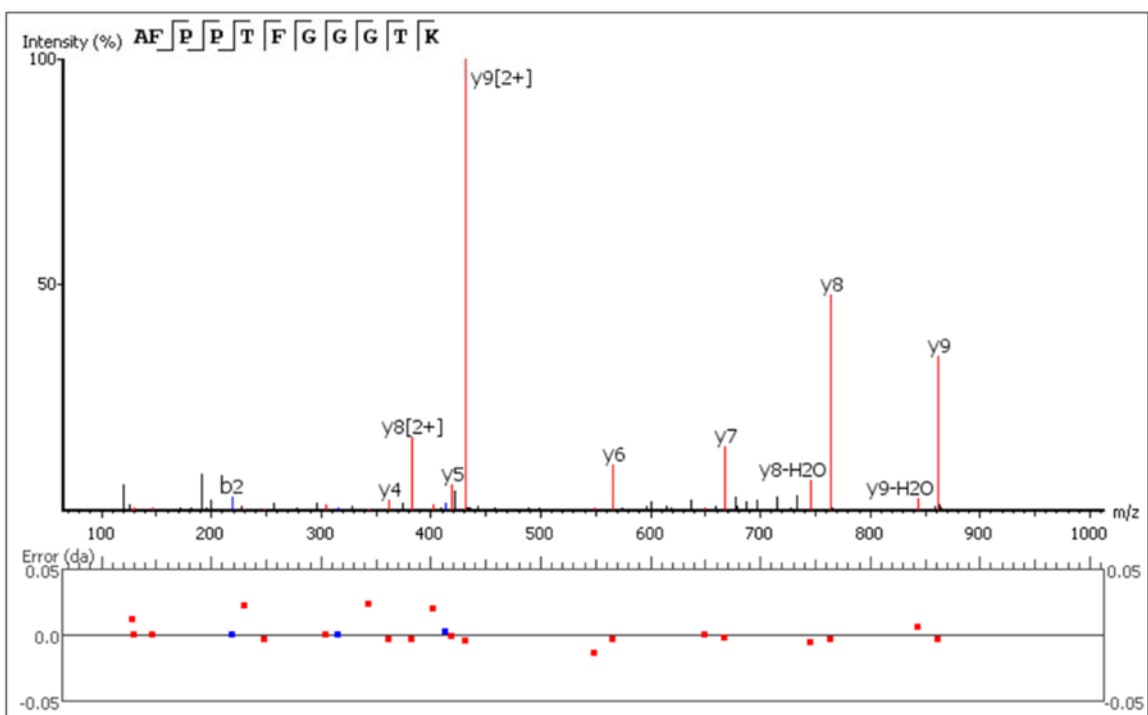
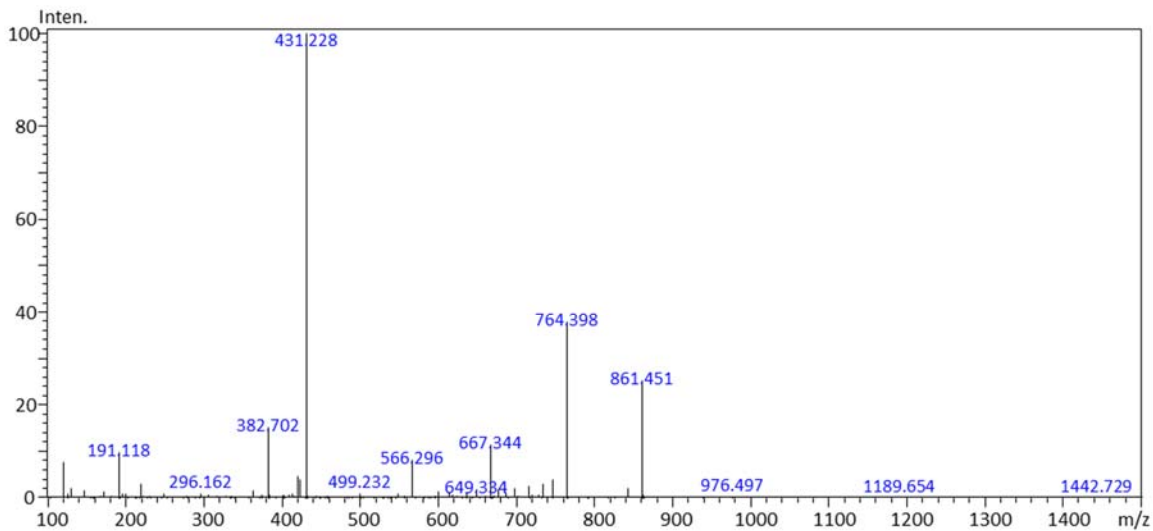
N) Ipi, TGWLGPFDYWGGTLVTVSSASTK (prec. m/z 853.5245)



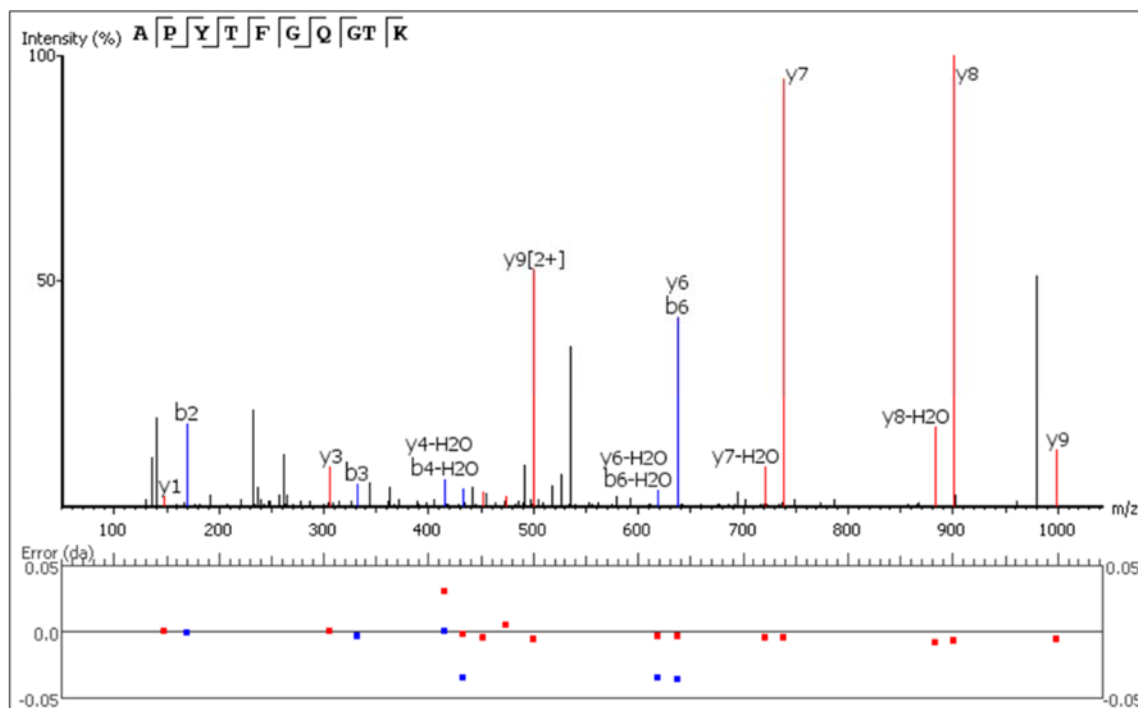
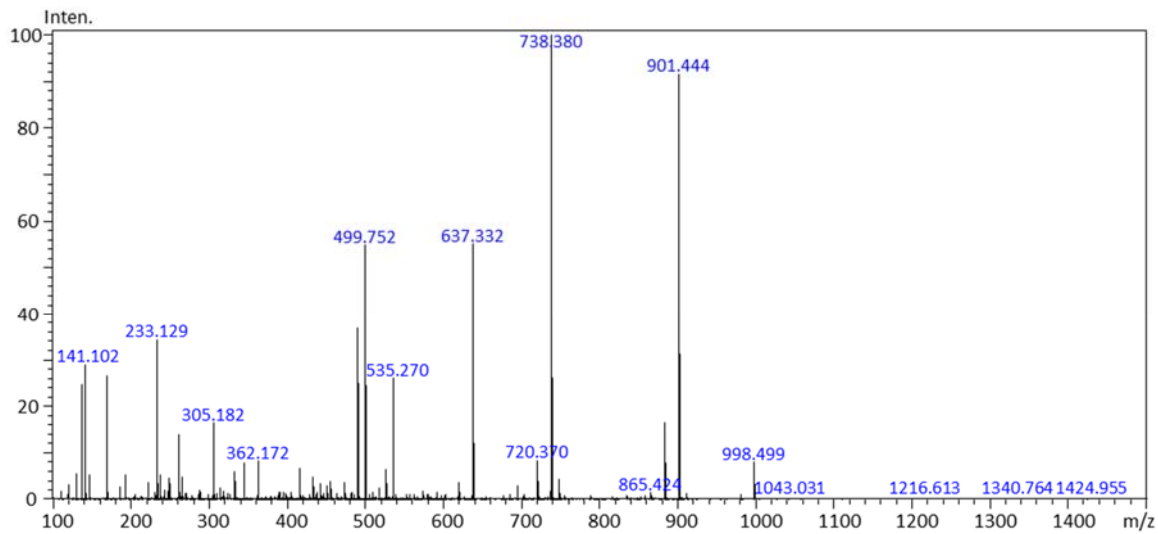
O) Niv, ASGITFSNSGMHWVR (prec. m/z 550.5323)



P) Ram, AFPPTFGGGTK (prec. m/z 540.2824)



Q) Ada, APYTFGQGTK (prec. m/z 535.2791)



R) Gol, SNWPPFTFGPGTK (prec. m/z 718.3620)

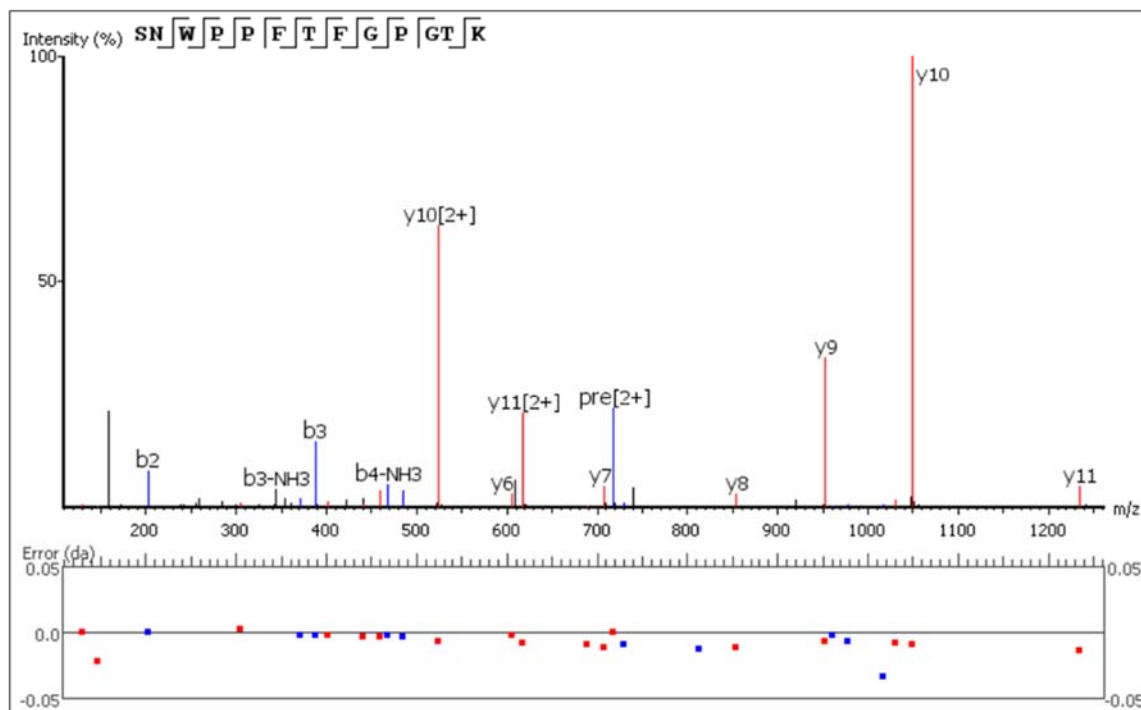
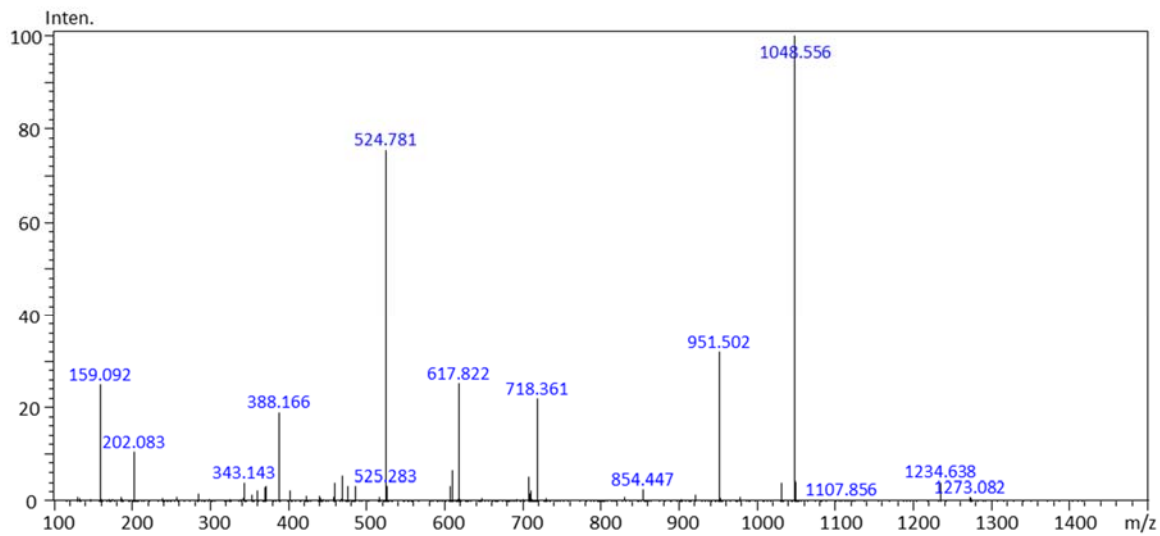
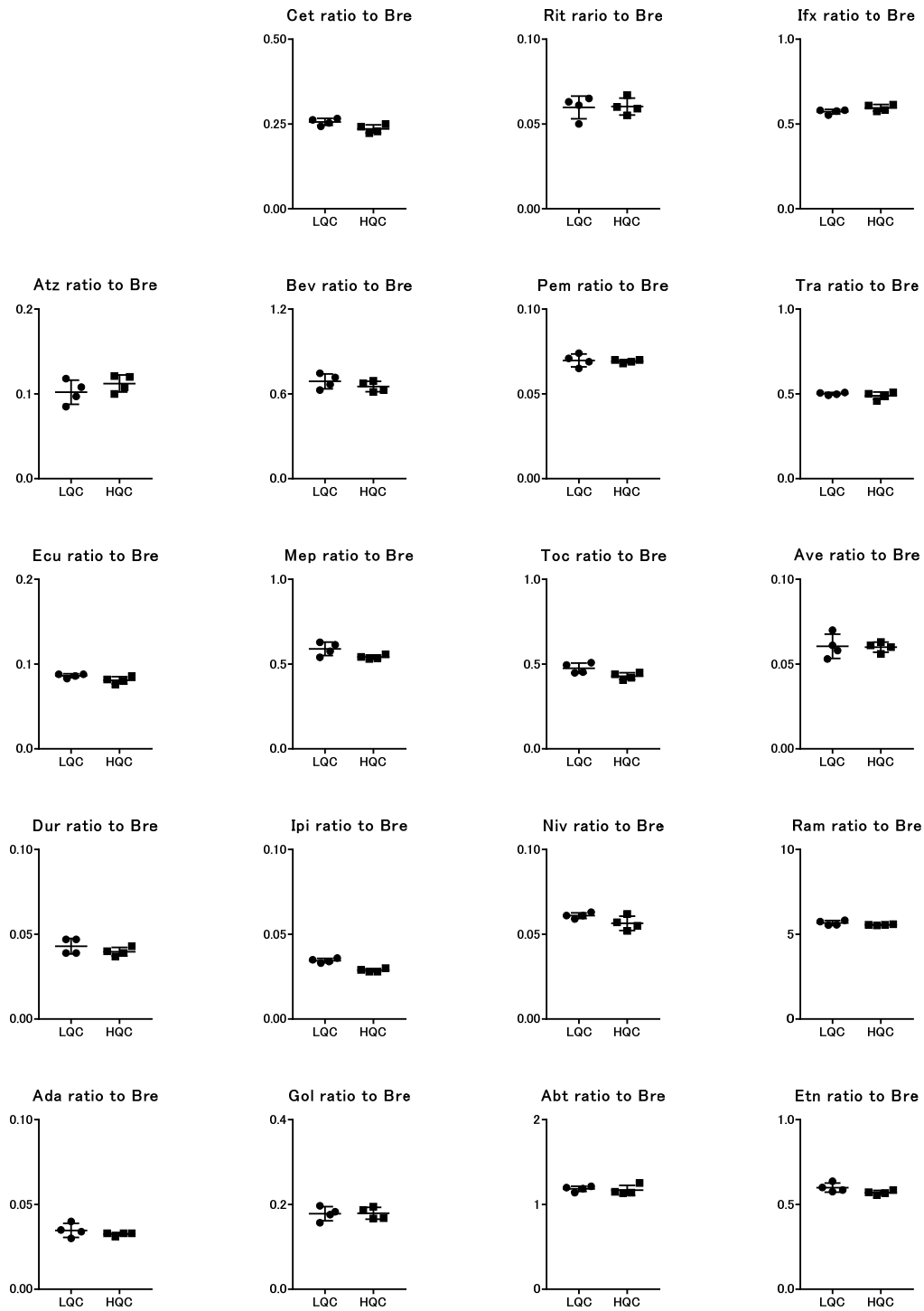
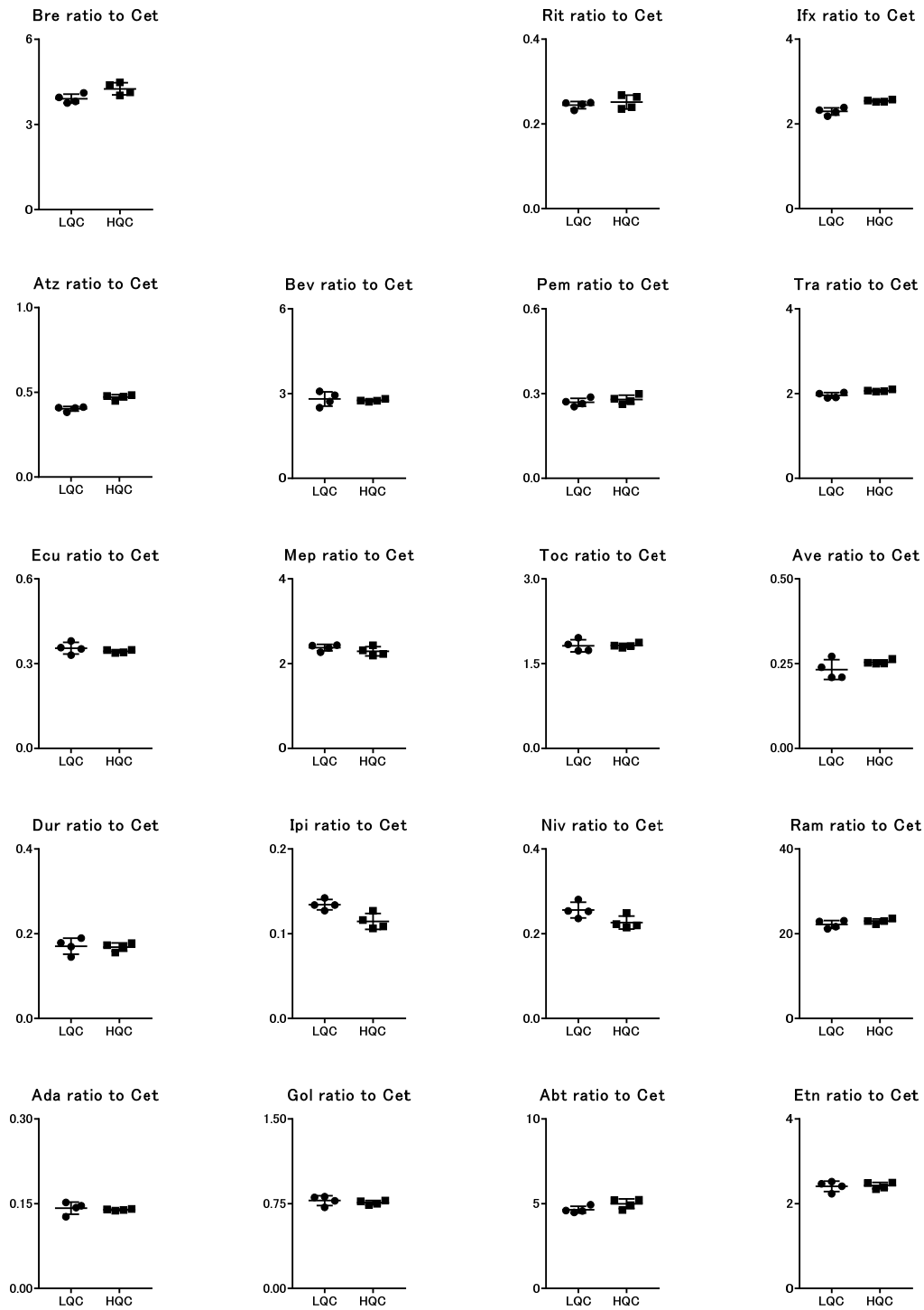


Figure S3. MS/MS spectra and sequence assignment of each signature peptide on 18-plex refmAb-Q nSMOL analysis using Q-TOF-MS. Top box shows the MS/MS spectra, and middle box is the assignment of ion series of y- (red) and b- (blue) ions. Bottom box shows the error distribution of fragment ions (Da). A) Bre, VLIYAASNLESGIPAR (precursor m/z 837.5009), B) Cet, SQVFFK (prec. m/z 378.2106), C) Rit, ASGYTFTSYNMHWVK (prec. m/z 597.9327), D) Ifx, SINSATHYAESVK (prec. m/z 703.8737), E) Atz, RHWPGGFDYWGQGTLVTVSSASTK (prec. m/z 660.1810), F) Bev, FTFSLDTSK (prec. m/z 523.2654), G) Pem, LLIYLASYLESGVPAR (prec. m/z 883.0929), H) Tra, IYPTNGYTR (prec. m/z 542.7740), I) Ecu, LLIYGATNLADGVPSR (prec. m/z 830.4581), J) Mep, DPPSSLLR (prec. m/z 442.7524), K) Toc, VTMLR (prec. m/z 310.1837), L) Ave, LGTVTTVDYWGQGTLVTVSSASTK (prec. m/z 824.7394), M) Dur, VSSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPR (prec. m/z 689.3567), N) Ipi, TGWLGPFDYWGQGTLVTVSSASTK (prec. m/z 853.5245), O) Niv, ASGITFSNSGMHWVR (prec. m/z 550.5323), P) Ram, AFPPTFGGGTK (prec. m/z 540.2824), Q) Ada, APYTFGQGTK (prec. m/z 535.2791), R) Gol, SNWPPFTFGPGTK (prec. m/z 718.3620).

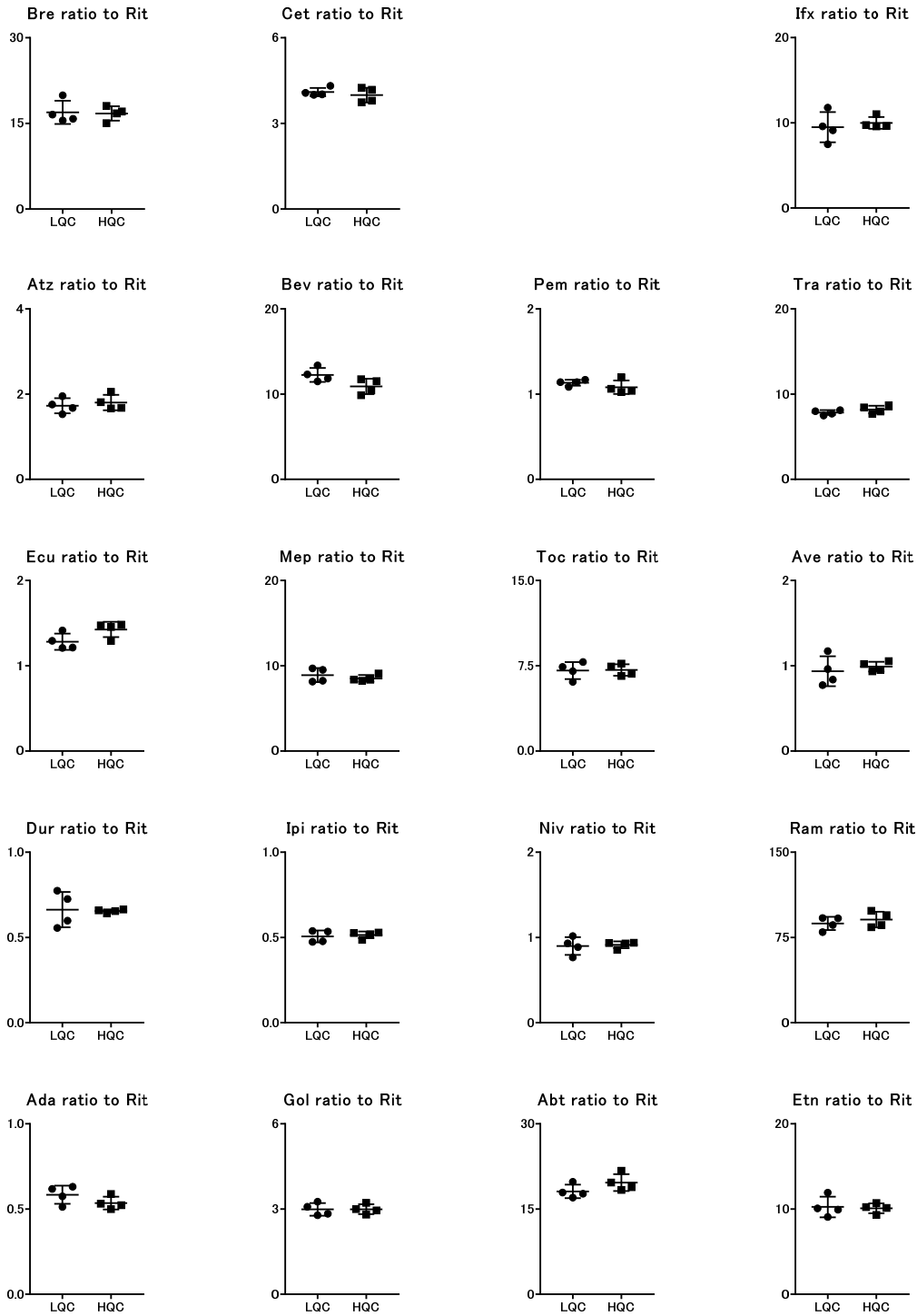
A) The ratio to brezuximab



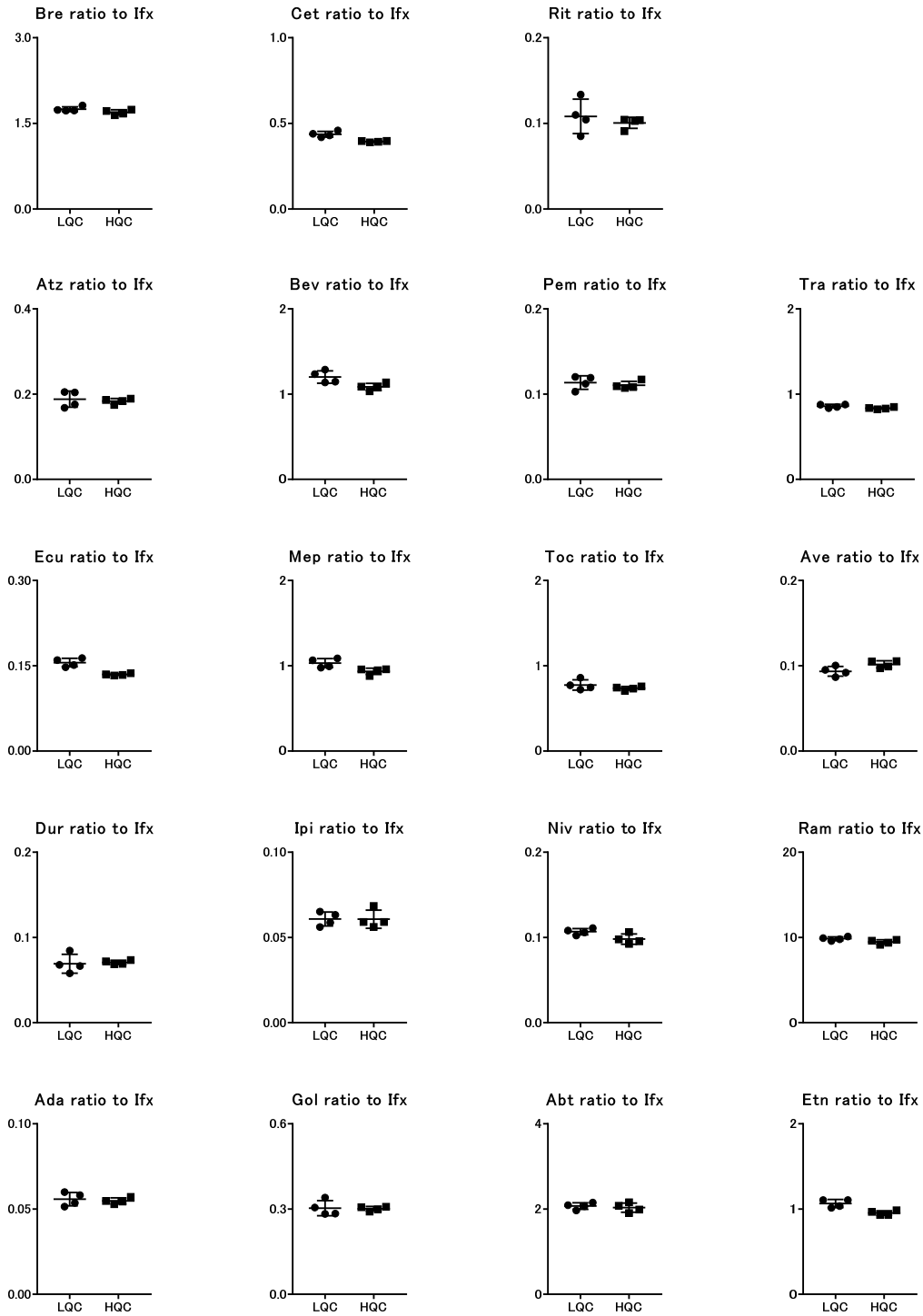
B) The ratio to cetuximab



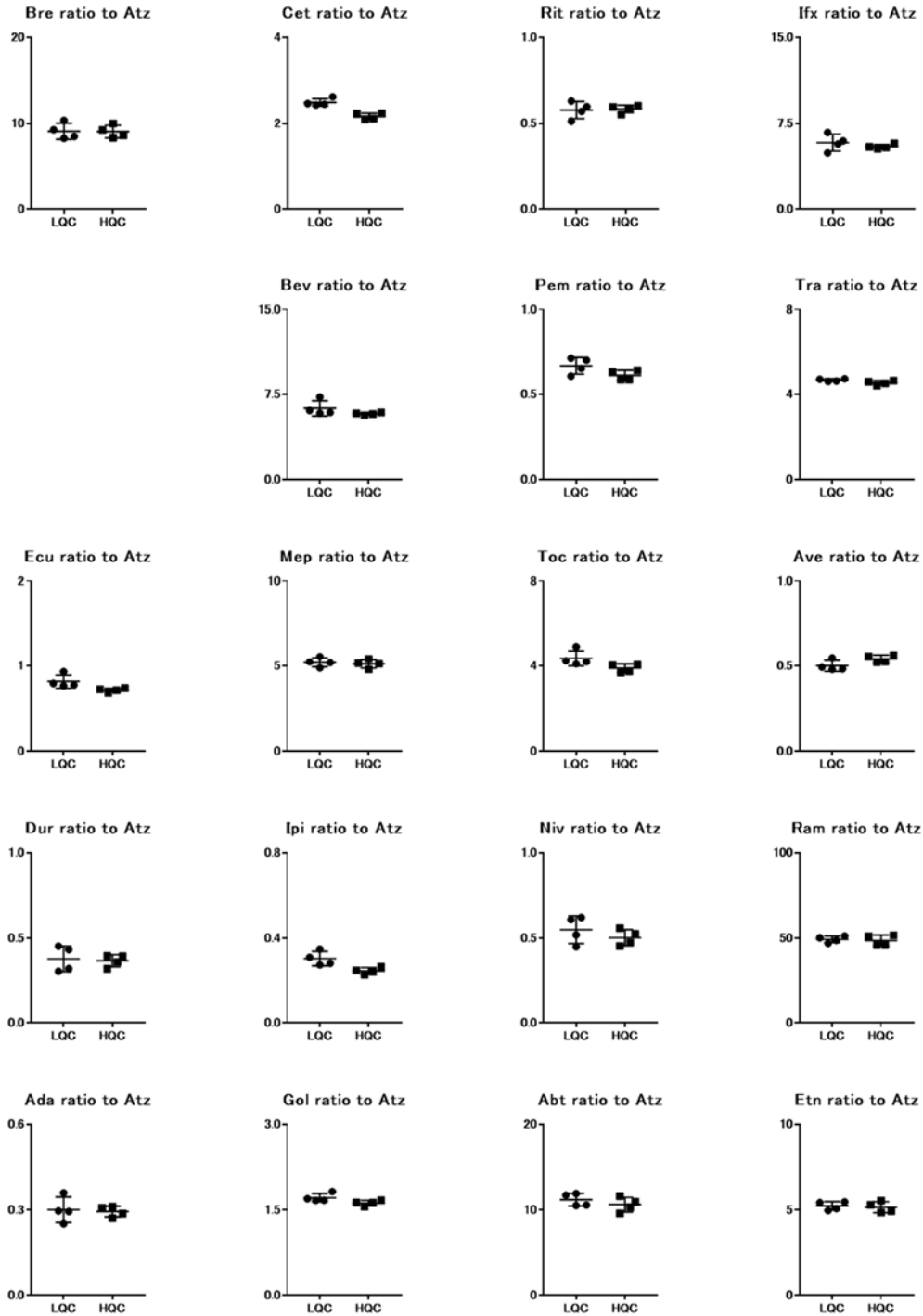
C) The ratio to rituximab



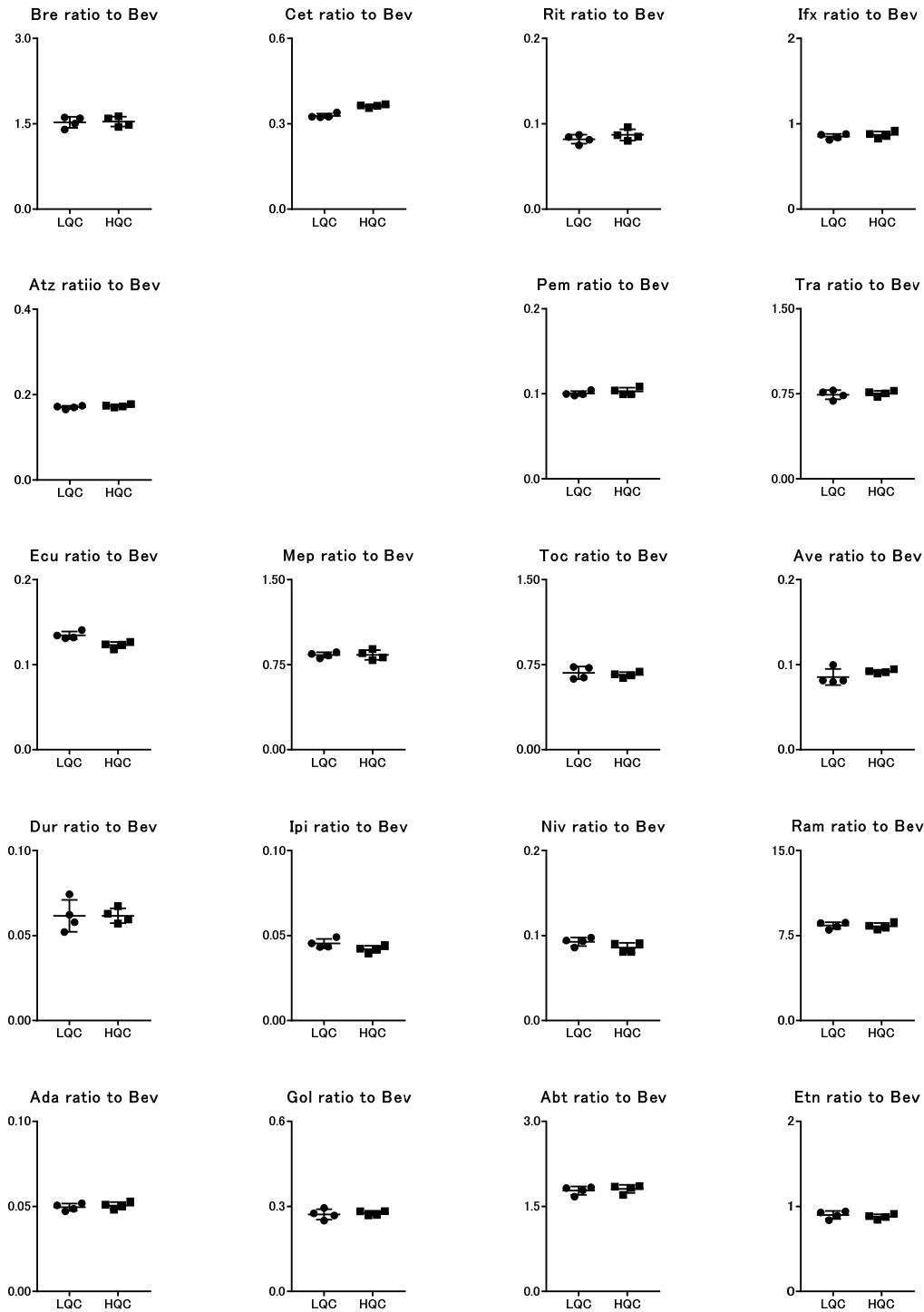
D) The ratio to infliximab



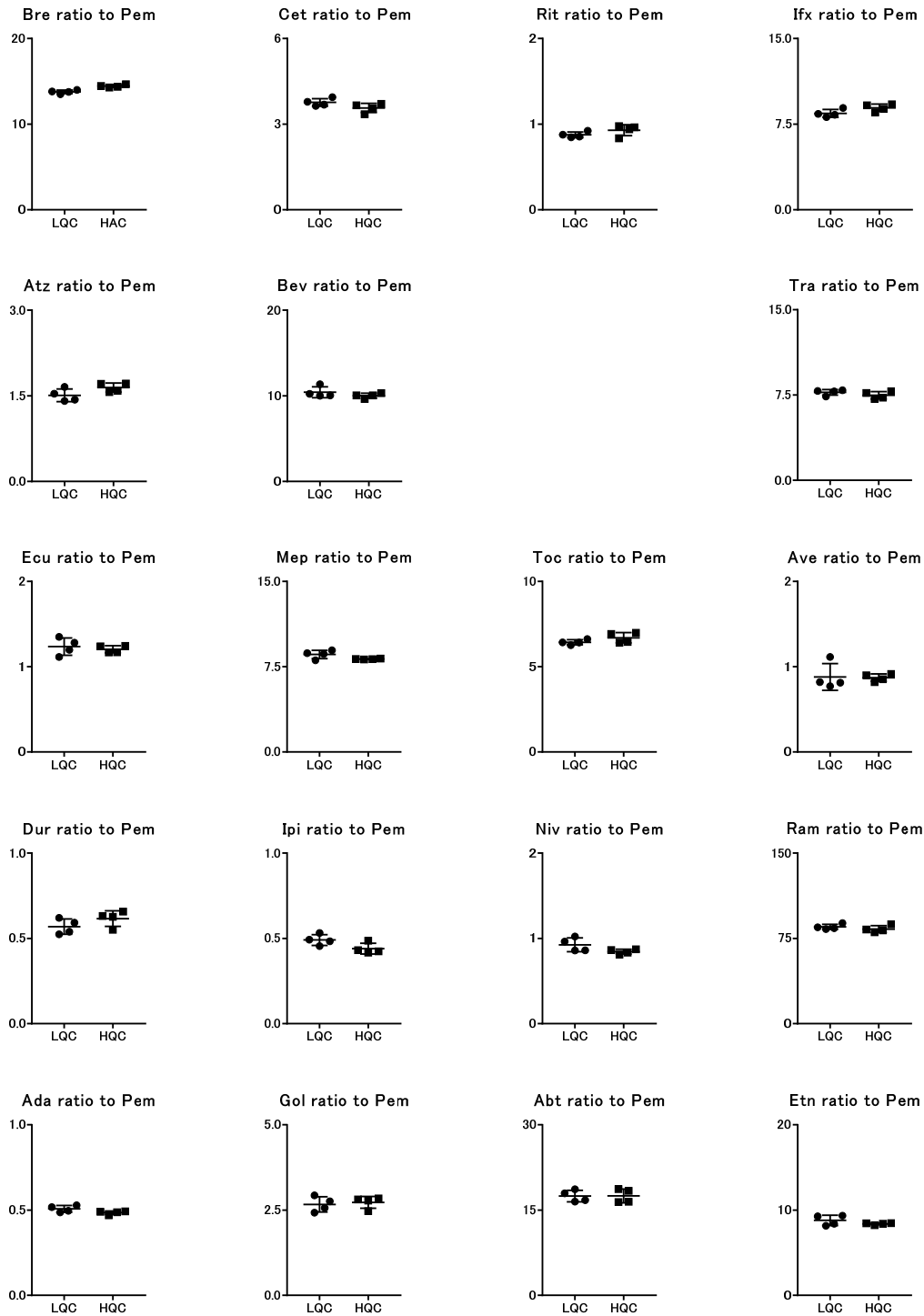
E) The ratio to atezolizumab



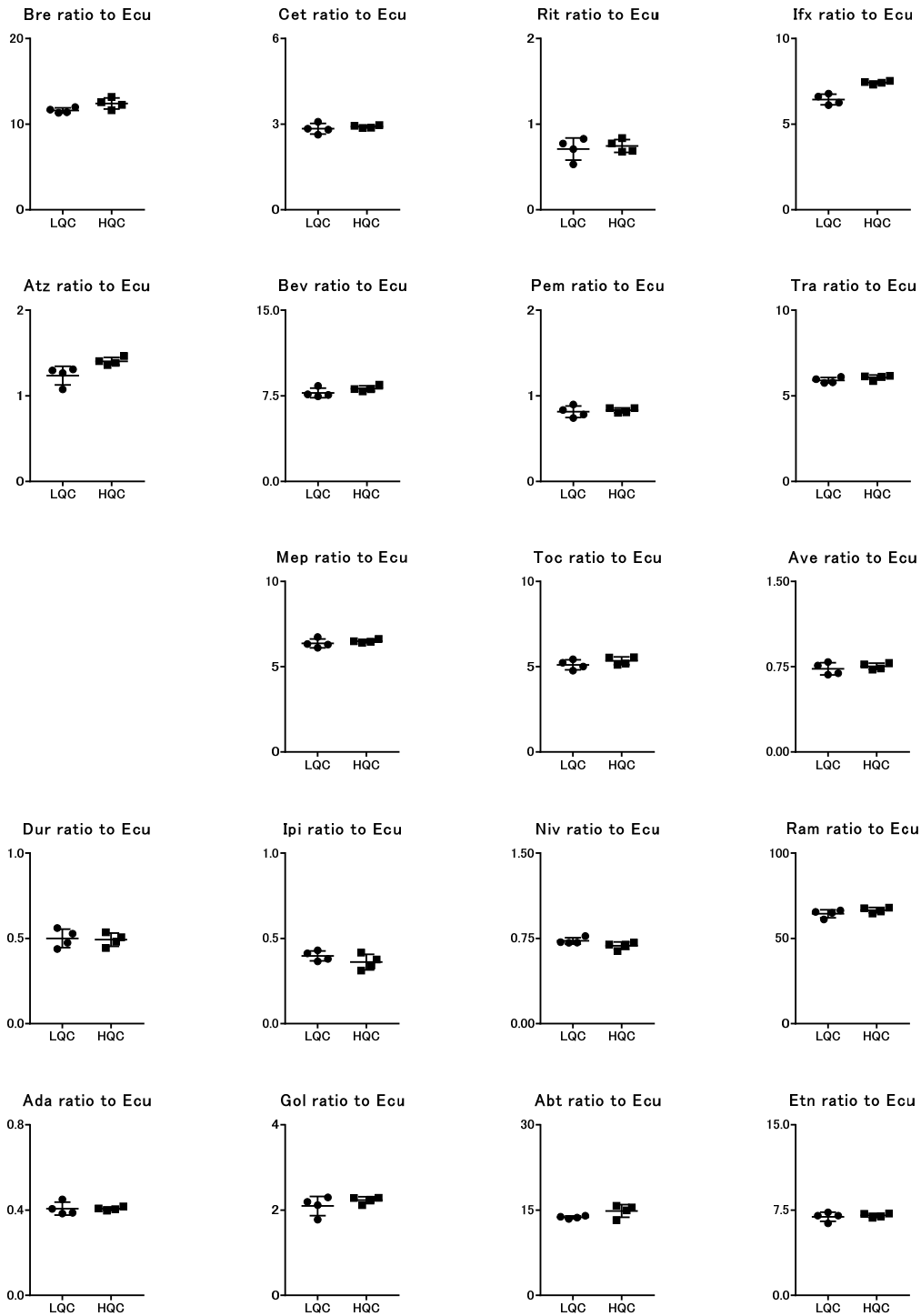
F) The ratio to bevacizumab



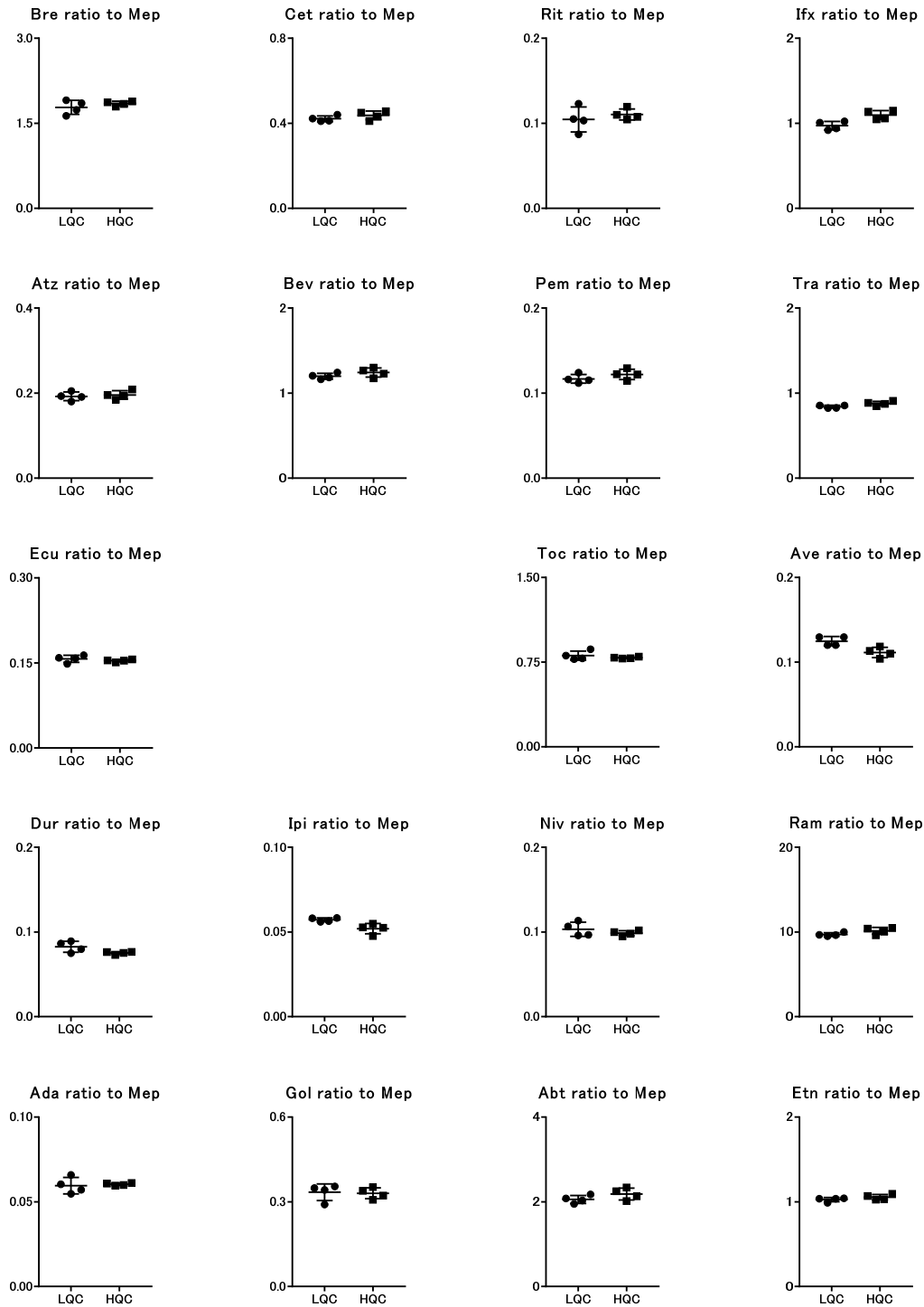
G) The ratio to pembrolizumab



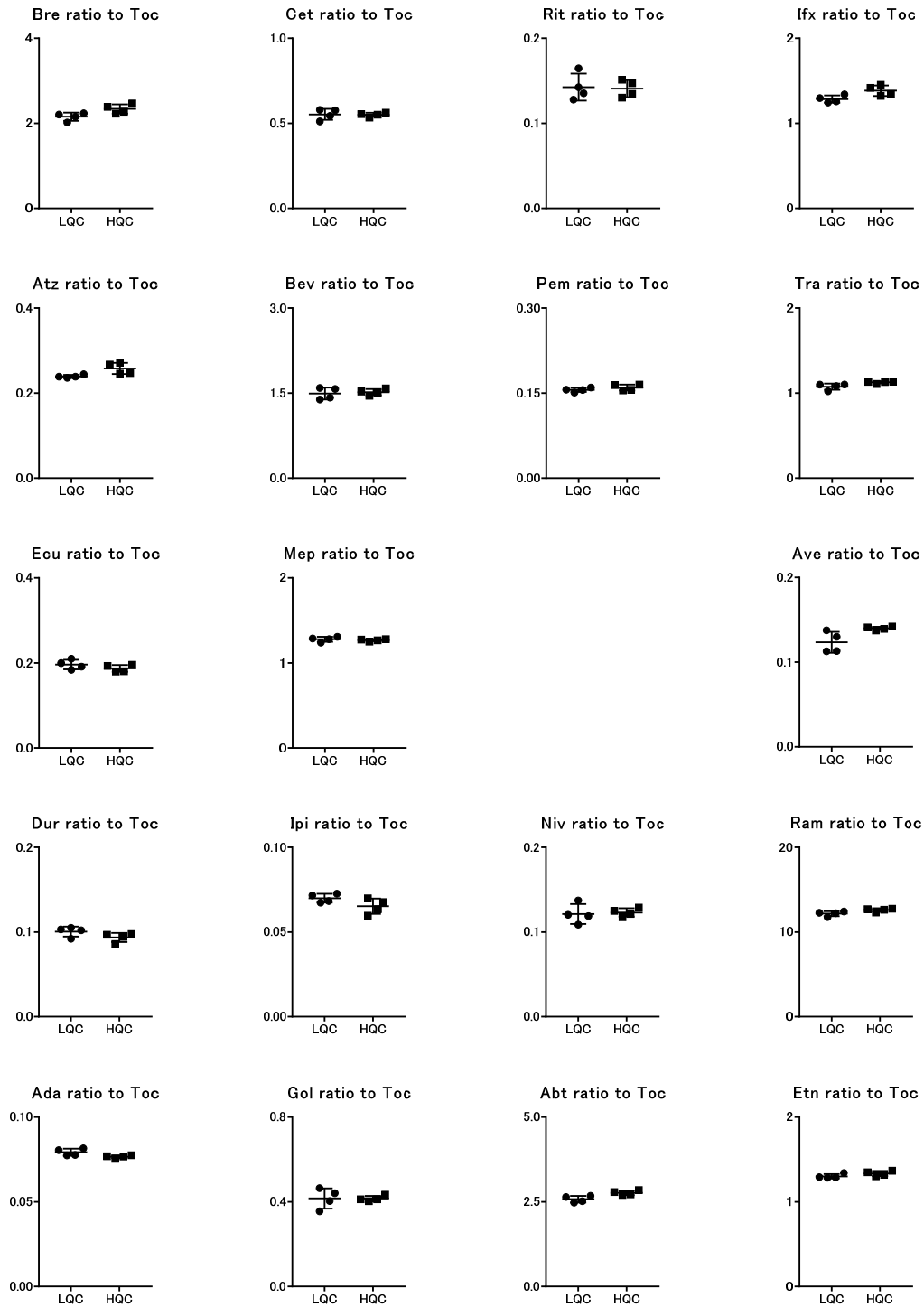
H) The ratio to eculizumab



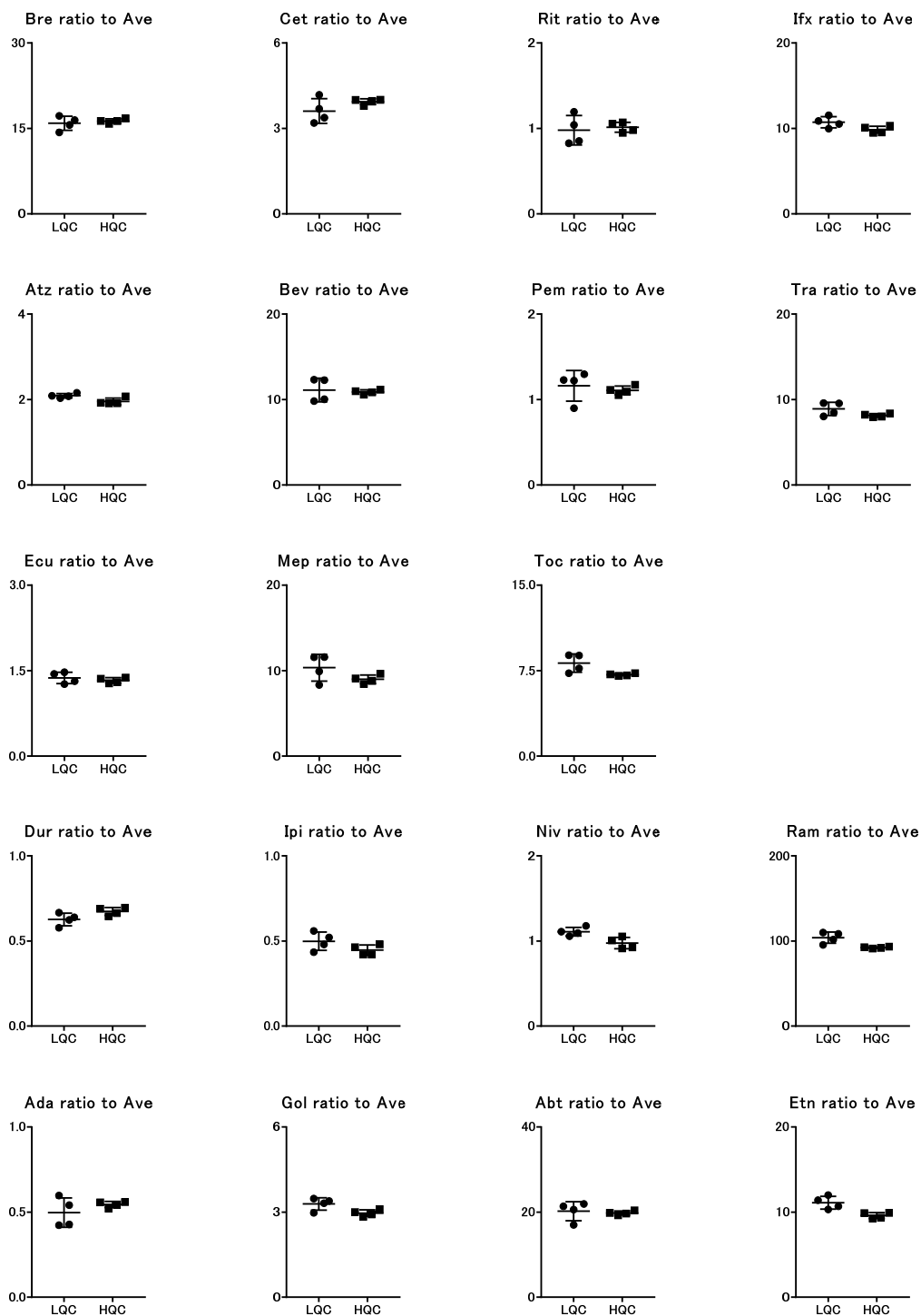
I) The ratio to mepolizumab



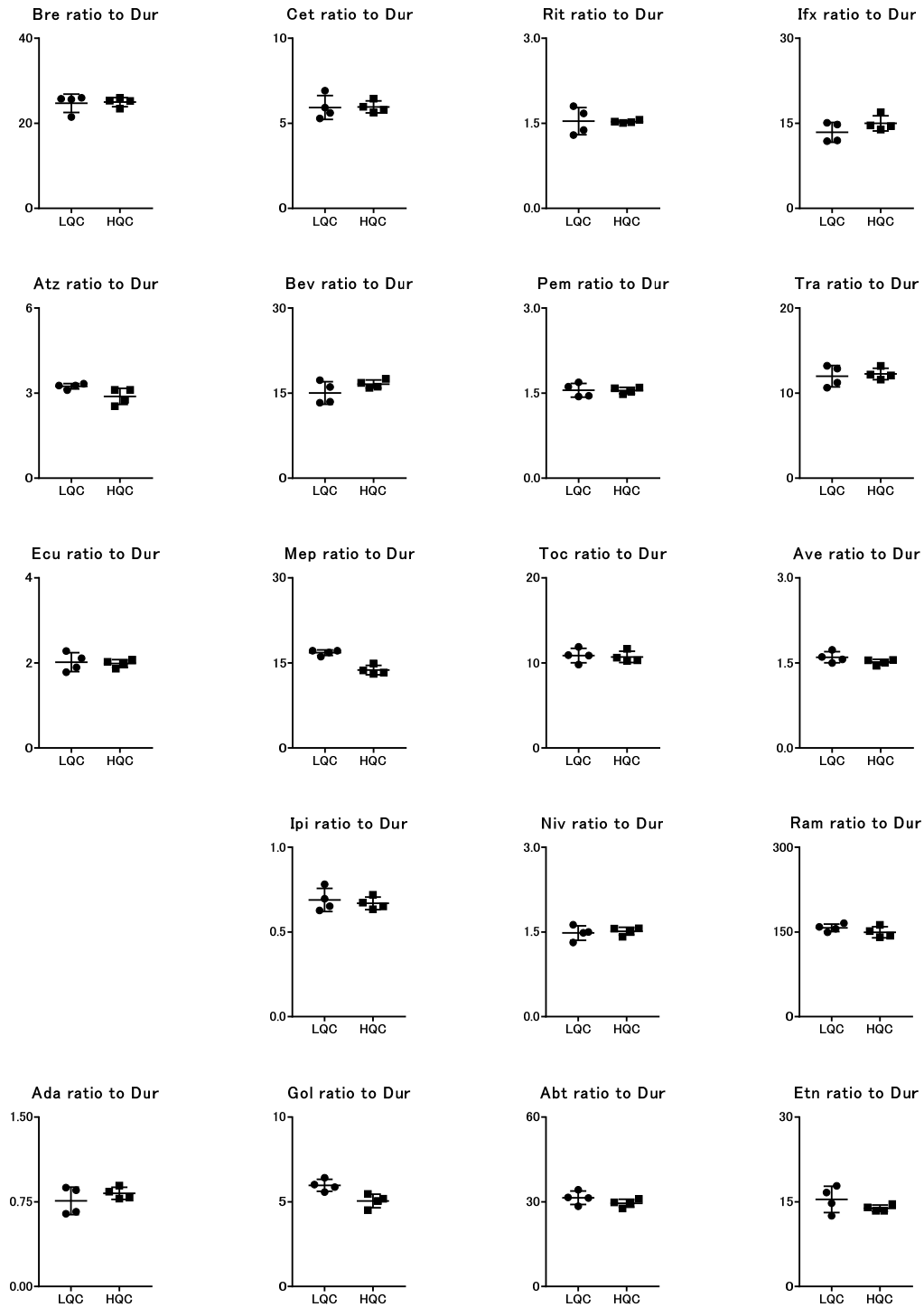
J) The ratio to tocilizumab



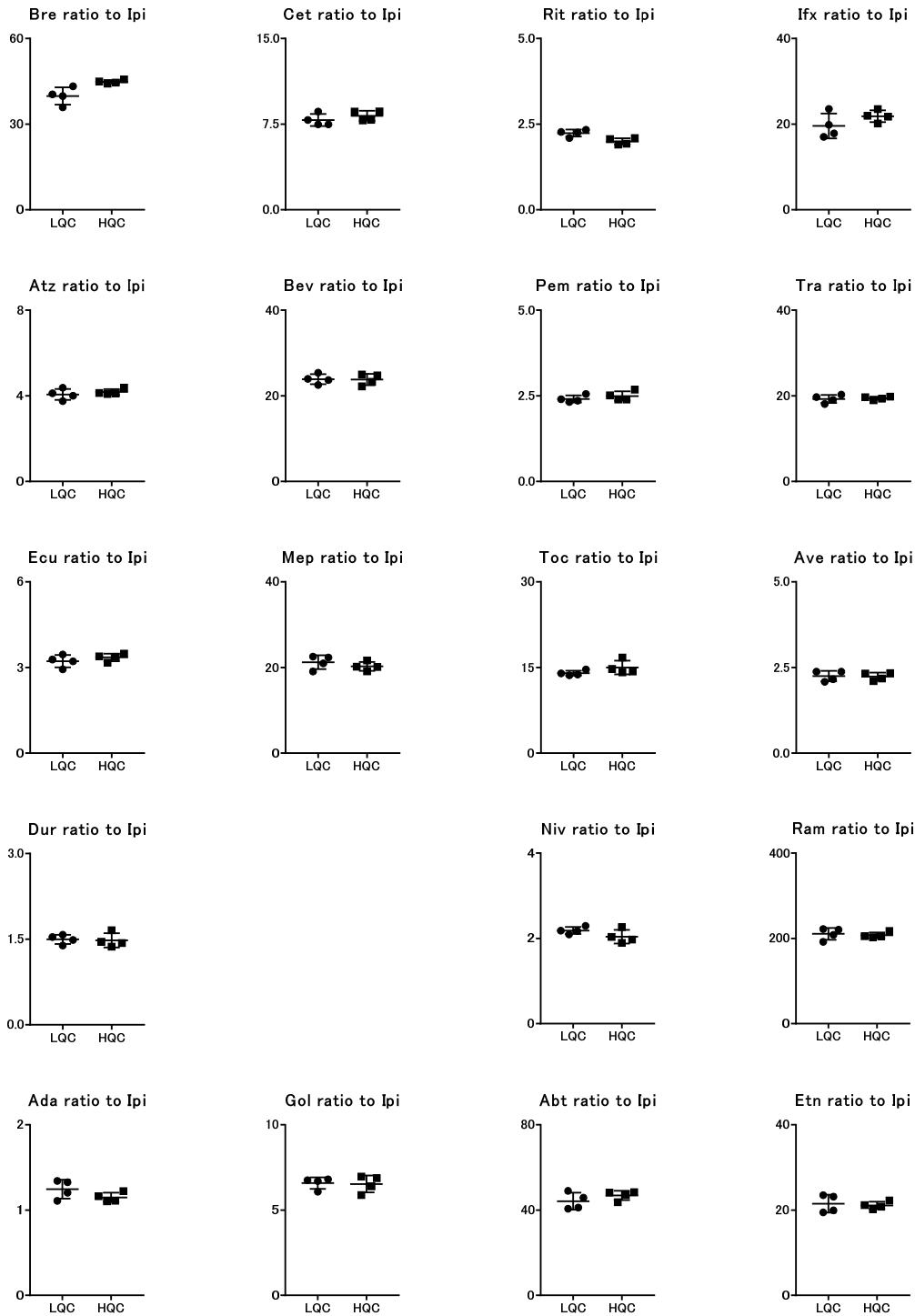
K) The ratio to avelumab



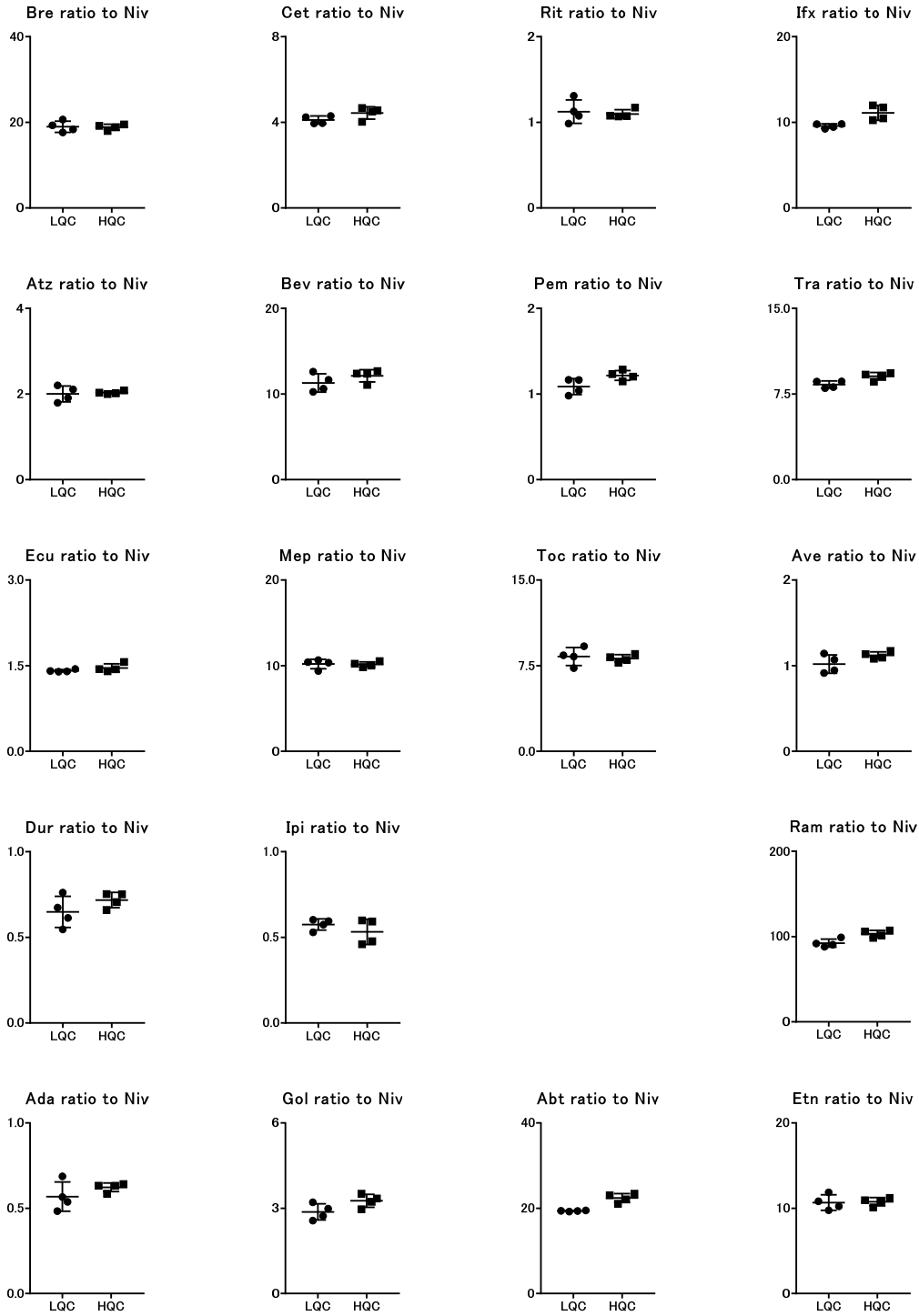
L) The ratio to durvalumab



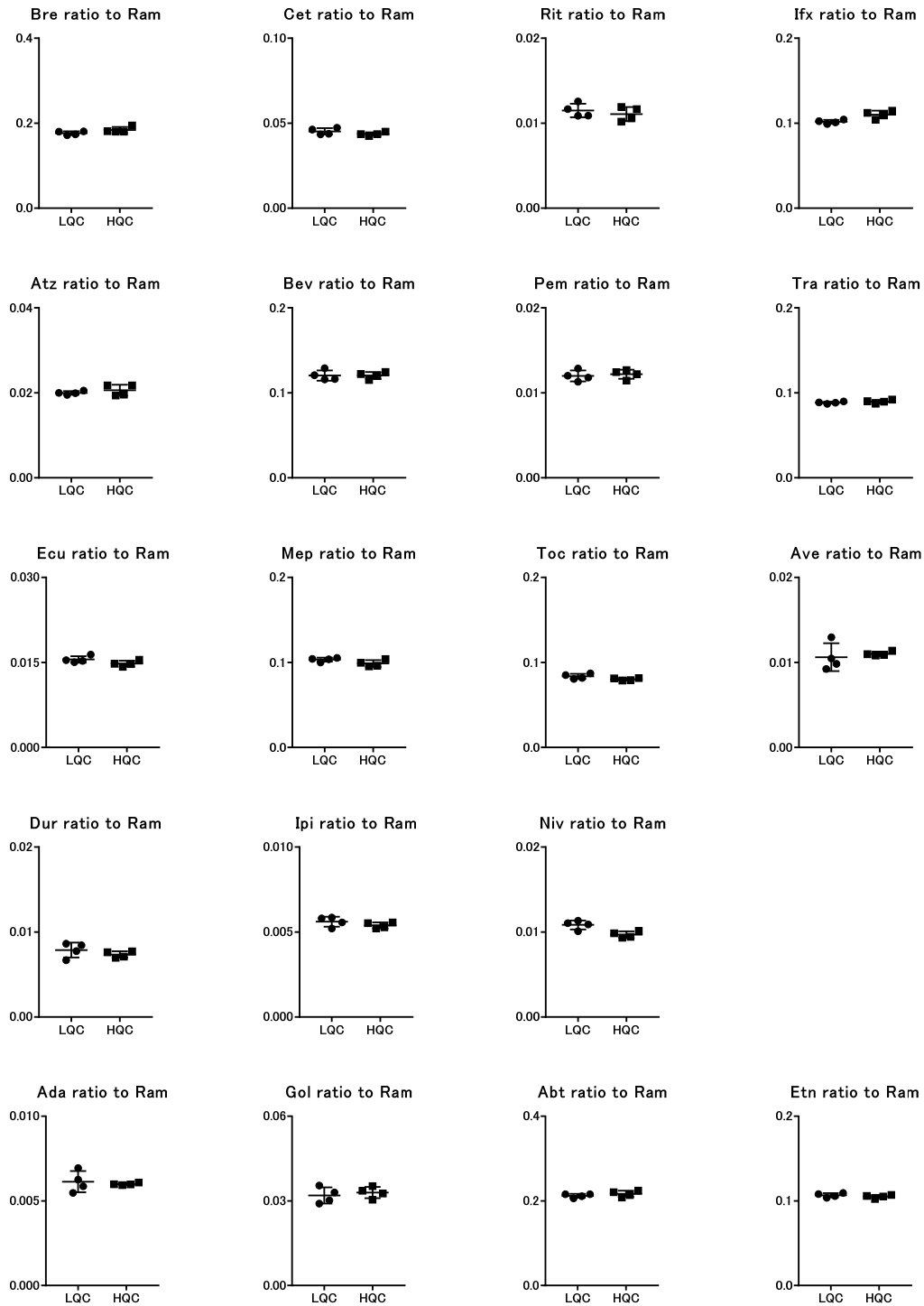
M) The ratio to ipilimumab



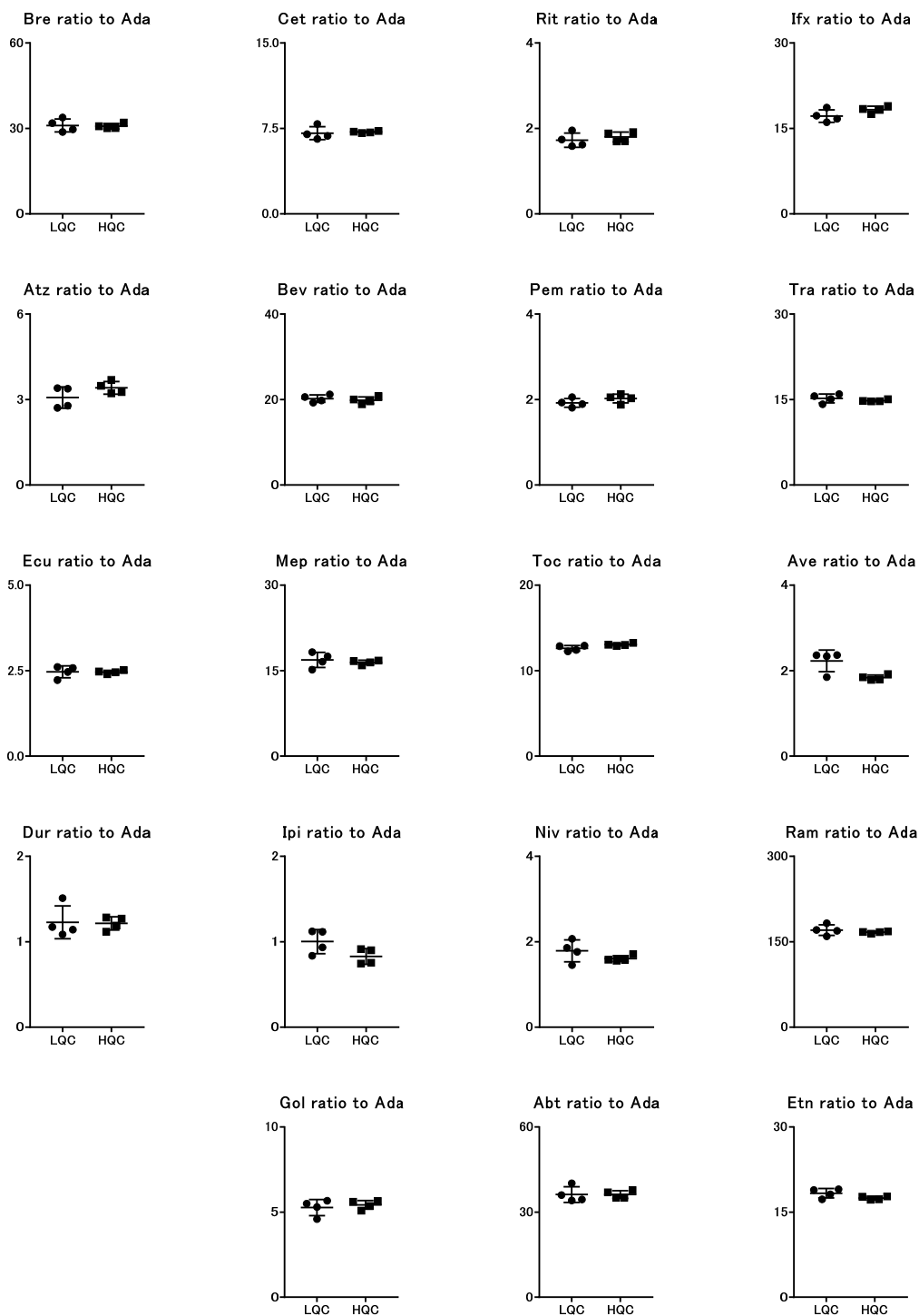
N) The ratio to nivolumab



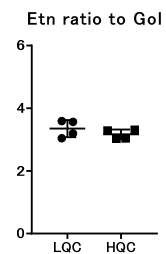
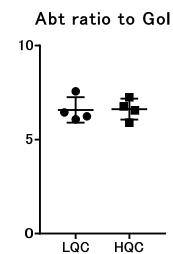
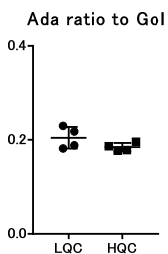
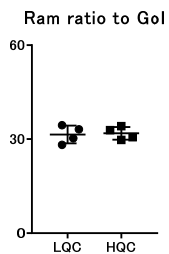
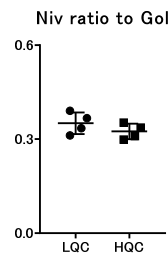
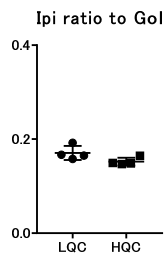
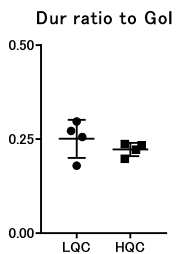
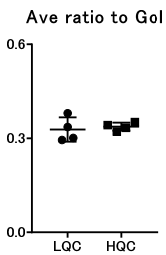
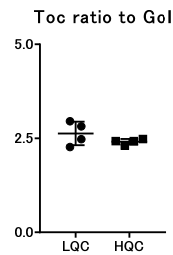
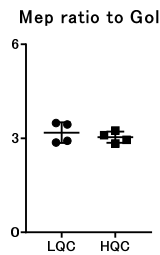
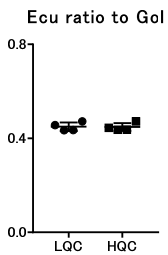
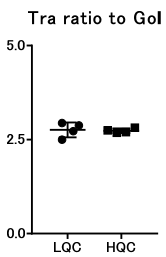
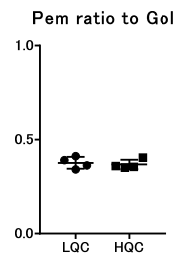
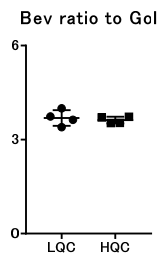
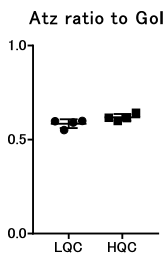
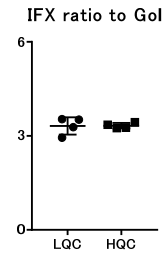
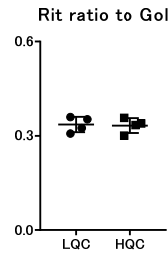
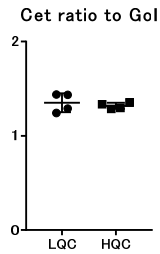
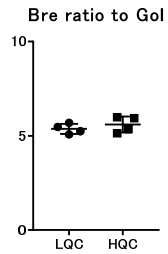
O) The ratio to ramucilumab



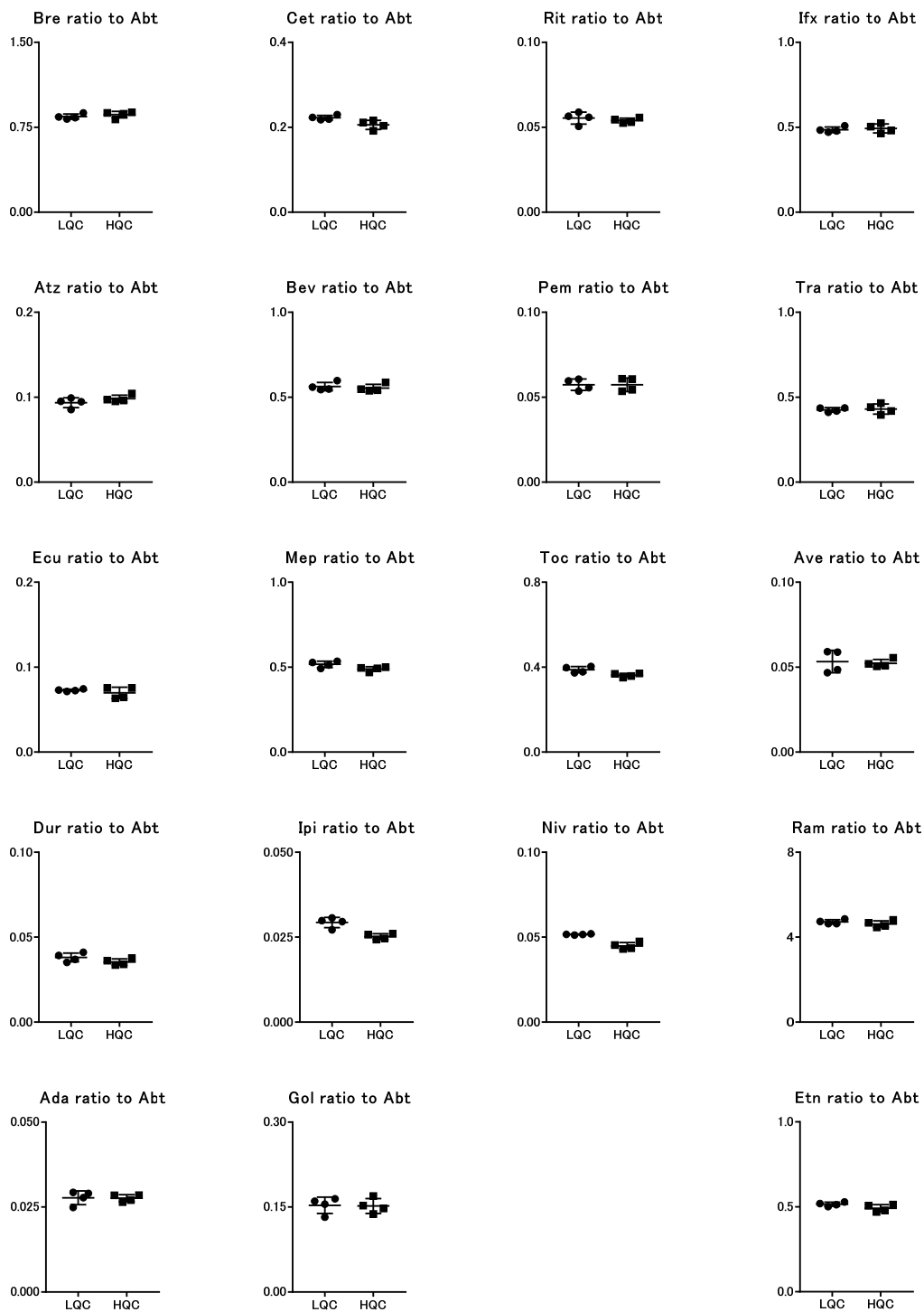
P) The ratio to adalimumab



Q) The ratio to golimumab



R) The ratio to abatacept



S) The ratio to etanercept

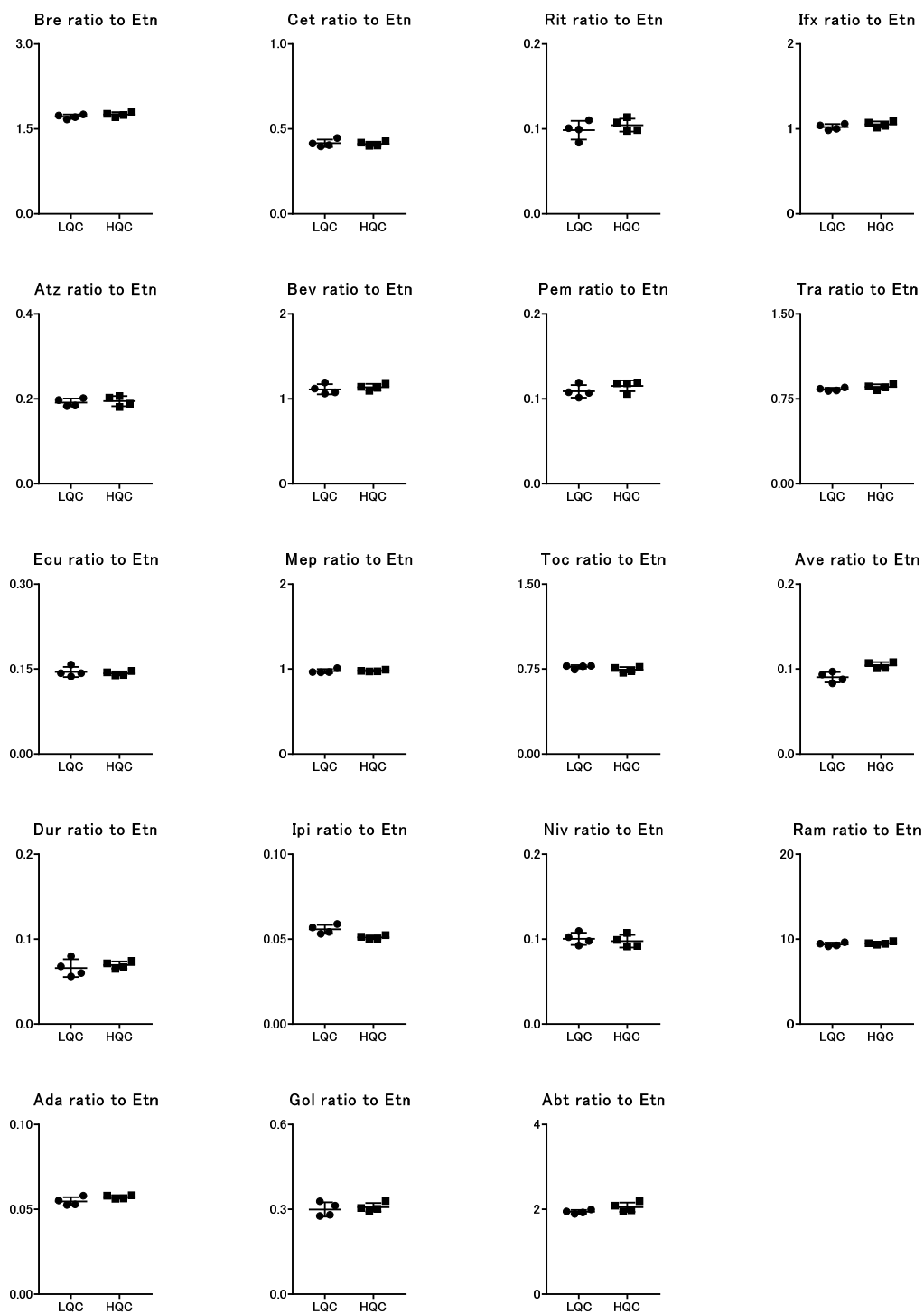


Figure S4. The CPS ratio between each signature peptide of mAbs at low QC and high QC concentration points. The CPS value ratio of each monoclonal antibody are shown (n = 4) for the ratio to a) Bre, b) Cet, c) Rit, d) Ifx, e) Atz, f) Bev, g) Pem, h) Ecu, i) Mep, j) Toc, k) Ave, l) Dur, m) Ipi, n) Niv, o) Ram, p) Ada, q) Gol, r) Abt, and s) Etn as a reference Ab. The y axis shows the CPS ratio (each Ab/reference Ab).

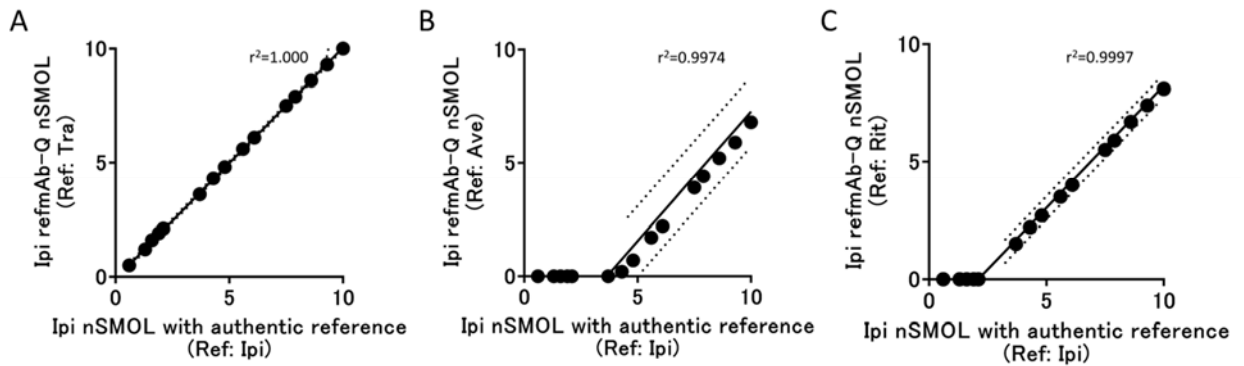
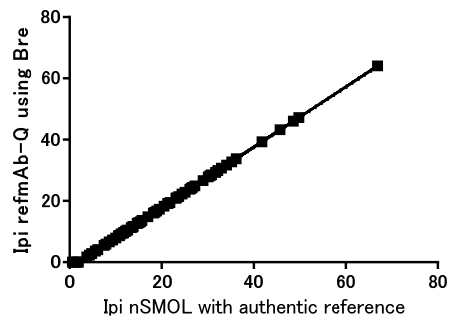
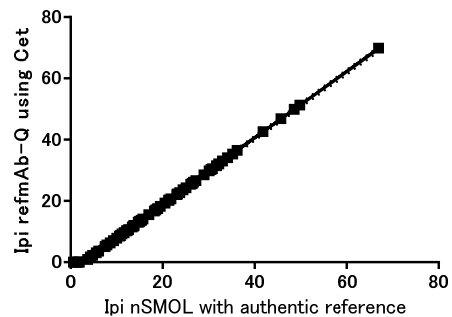


Figure S5. Concordance between the conventional nSMOL and refmAb-Q nSMOL using preferential choice and low-sensitivity references. Concordance between the conventional nSMOL assay (x-axis, $\mu\text{g/ml}$) and refmAb-Q nSMOL assay (y-axis, $\mu\text{g/ml}$) with A) Tra, B) Ave, or C) Rit as a reference mAb for the quantitation of ipilimumab. Tra was classified as a preferential choice mAb whereas Ave and Rit were designated as low sensitivity mAbs in Figure 3.

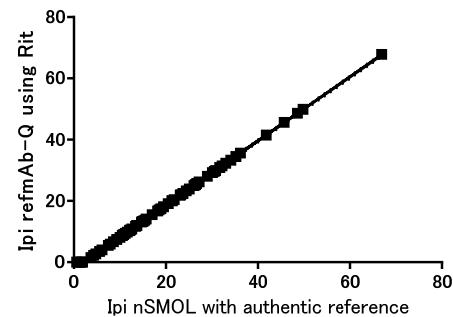
a) Ref mAb: Bre



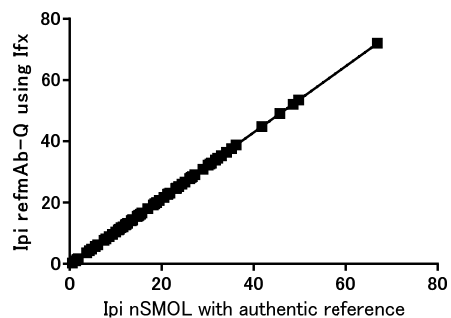
b) Ref mAb: Cet



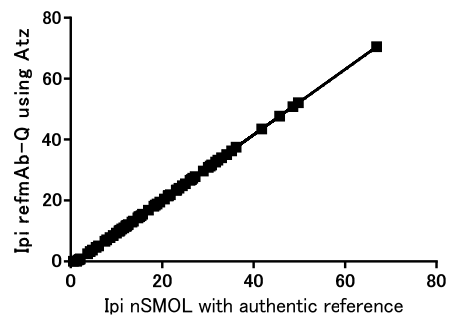
c) Ref mAb: Rit



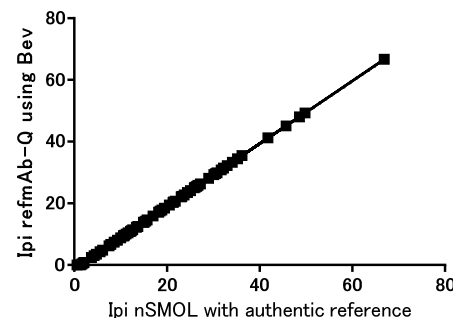
d) Ref mAb: Ifx



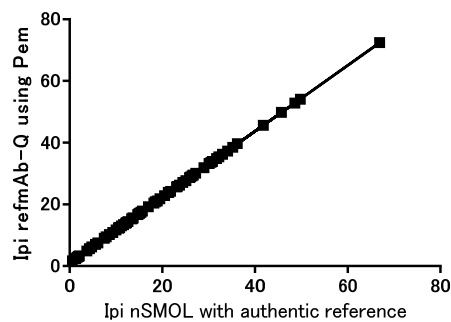
e) Ref mAb: Atz



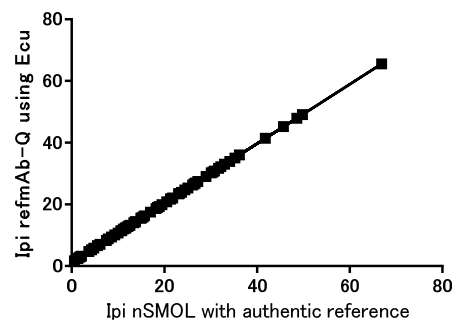
f) Ref mAb: Bev



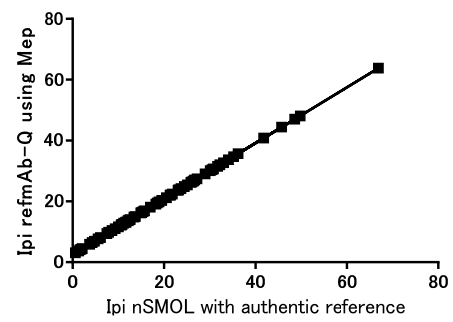
g) Ref mAb: Pem



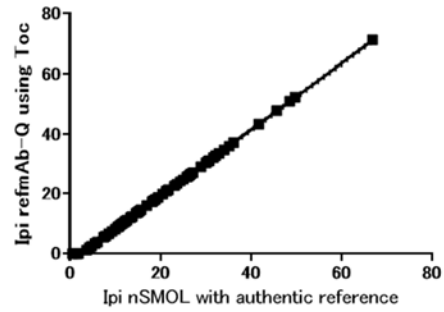
h) Ref mAb: Ecu



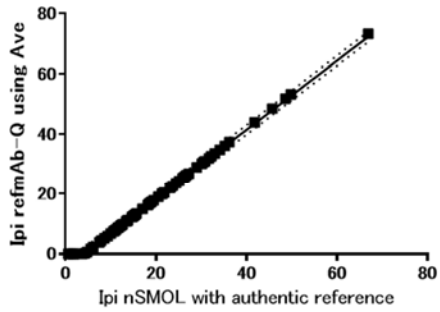
i) Ref mAb: Mep



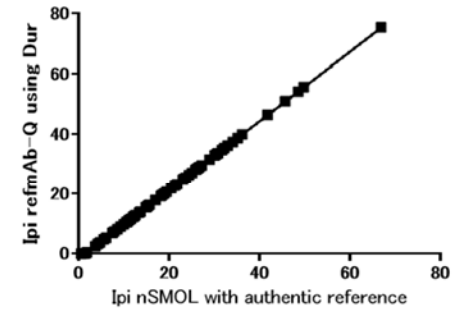
j) Ref mAb: Toc



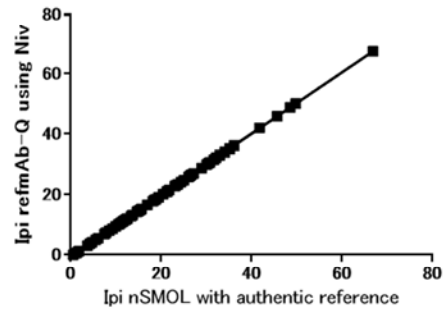
k) Ref mAb: Ave



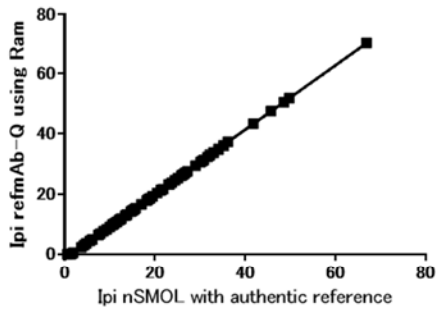
l) Ref mAb: Dur



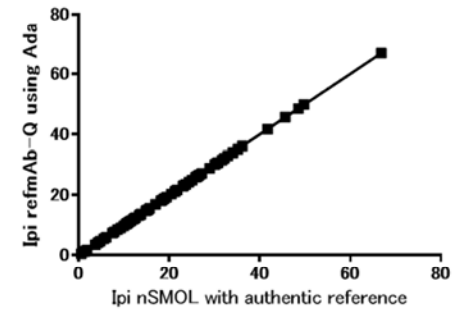
m) Ref mAb: Niv



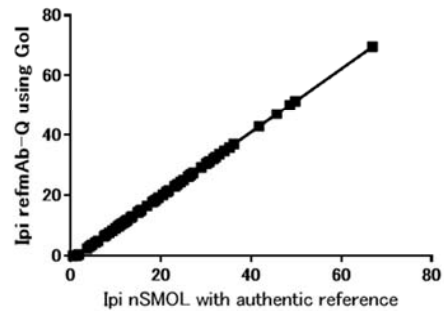
n) Ref mAb: Ram



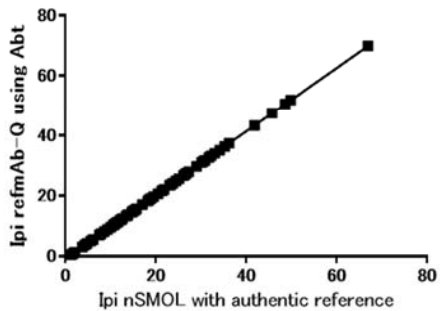
o) Ref mAb: Ada



p) Ref mAb: Gol



q) Ref mAb: Abt



r) Ref mAb: Etn

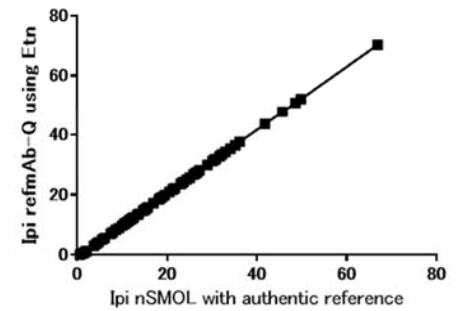
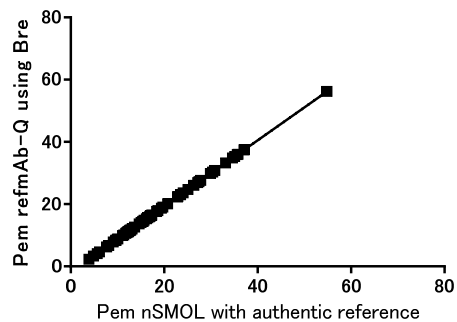
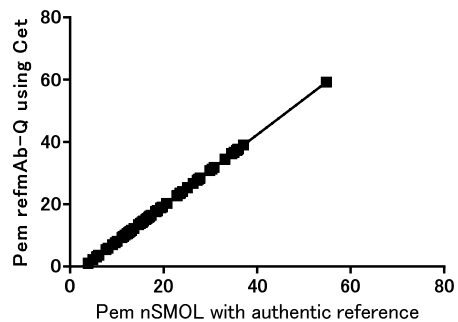


Figure S6. Pearson correlation analyses between nSMOL assay data with the authentic reference and refmAb-Q nSMOL assay data with the indicated reference antibody for clinical serum samples from patients treated with ipilimumab (n=71). The reference antibody used was a) Bre, b) Cet, c) Rit, d) Ifx, e) Atz, f) Bev, g) Pem, h) Ecu, i) Mep, j) Toc, k) Ave, l) Dur, m) Niv, n) Ram, o) Ada, p) Gol, q) Abt, or r) Etn, respectively. The dashed line shows the 95% confidence interval. The coefficients are summarized in Table S4a.

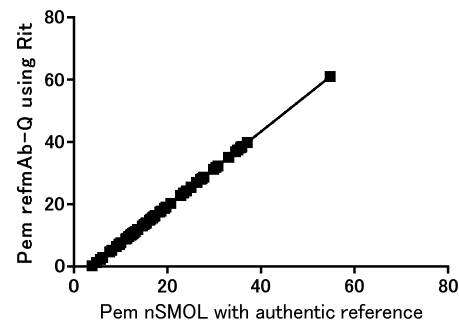
a) Ref mAb: Bre



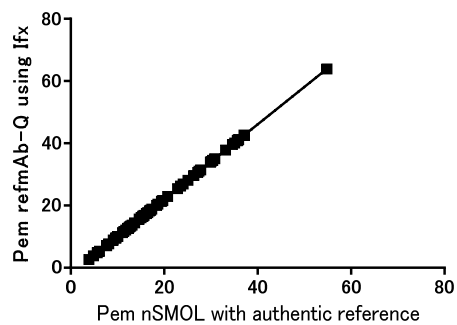
b) Ref mAb: Cet



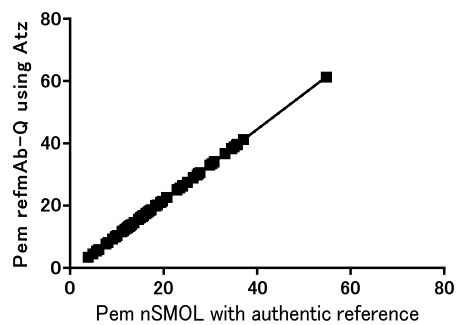
c) Ref mAb: Rit



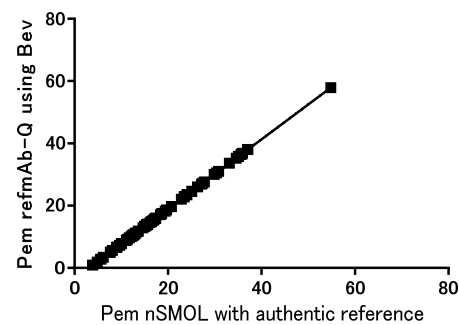
d) Ref mAb: Ifx



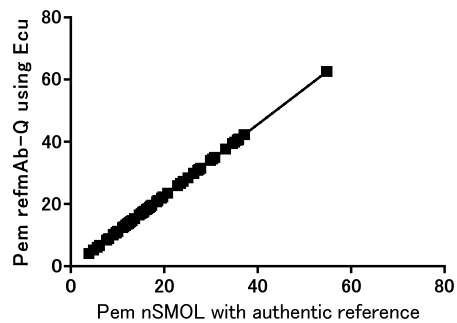
e) Ref mAb: Atz



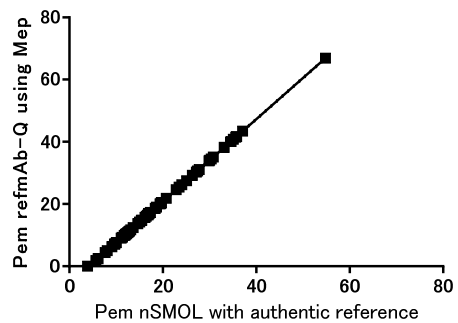
f) Ref mAb: Bev



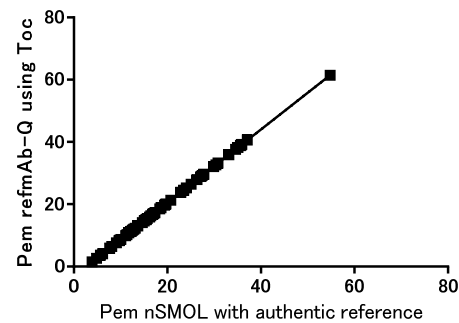
g) Ref mAb: Ecu



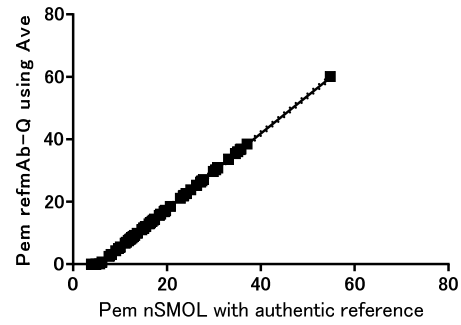
h) Ref mAb: Mep



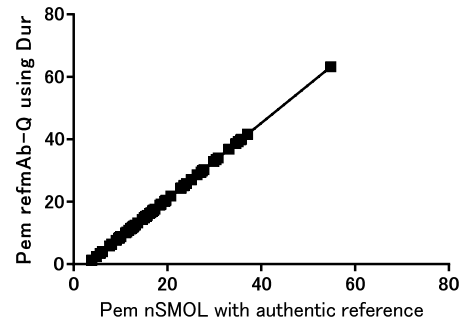
i) Ref mAb: Toc



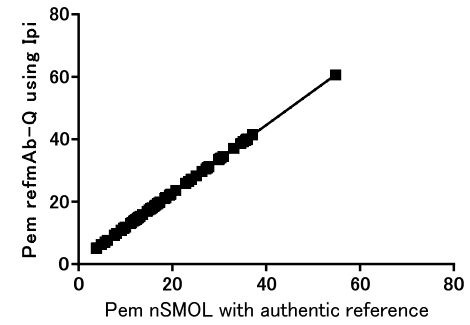
j) Ref mAb: Ave



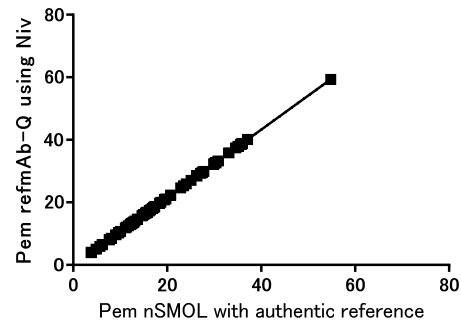
k) Ref mAb: Drl



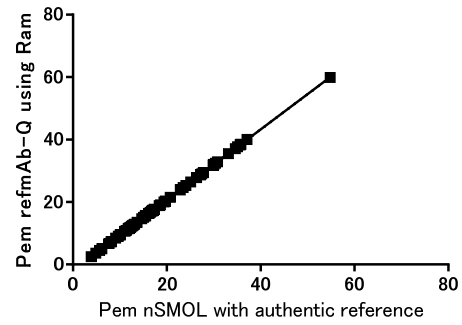
l) Ref mAb: Ipi



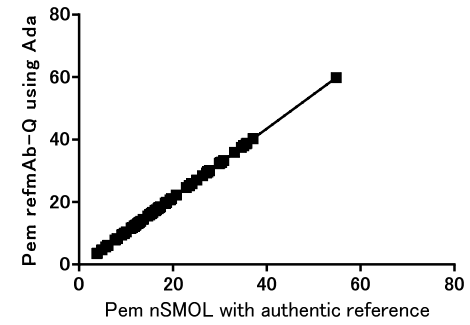
m) Ref mAb: Niv



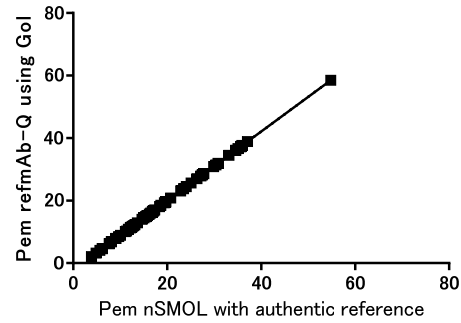
n) Ref mAb: Ram



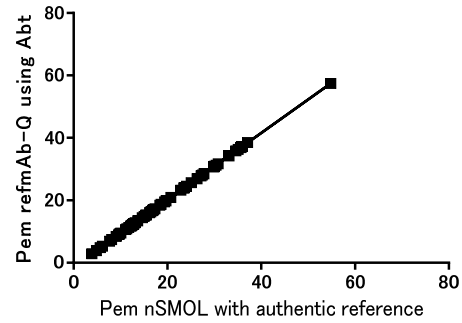
o) Ref mAb: Ada



p) Ref mAb: Gol



q) Ref mAb: Abt



r) Ref mAb: Etn

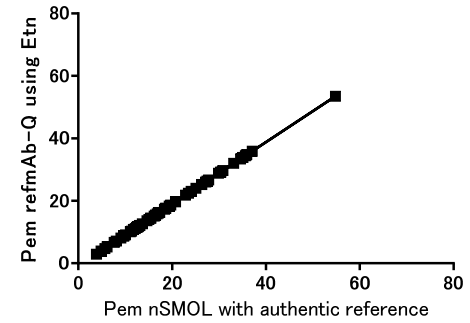
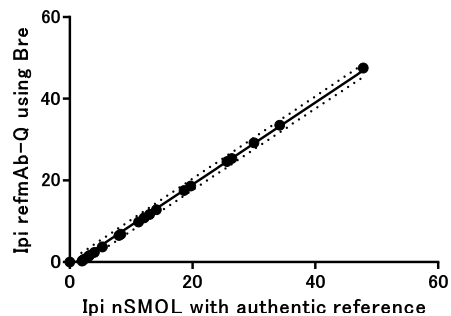
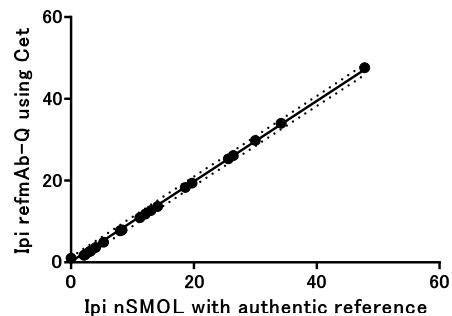


Figure S7. Pearson correlation analyses between nSMOL assay data with the authentic reference and refmAb-Q nSMOL assay data with the indicated reference antibody for clinical serum samples from patients treated with pembrolizumab (n=74). The reference antibody used was a) Bre, b) Cet, c) Rit, d) Ifx, e) Atz, f) Bev, g) Ecu, h) Mep, i) Toc, j) Ave, k) Dur, l) Ipi, m) Niv, n) Ram, o) Ada, p) Gol, q) Abt, or r) Etn, respectively. The dashed line shows the 95% confidence interval. The coefficients are summarized in Table S4b.

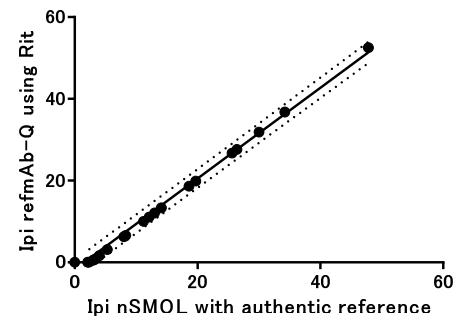
a) Ref mAb: Bre



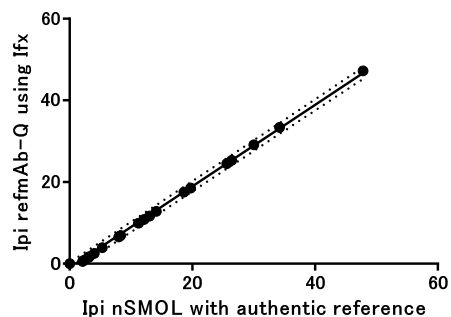
b) Ref mAb: Cet



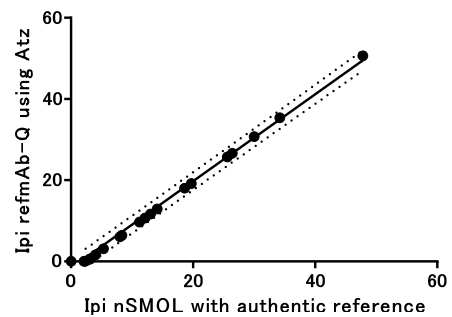
c) Ref mAb: Rit



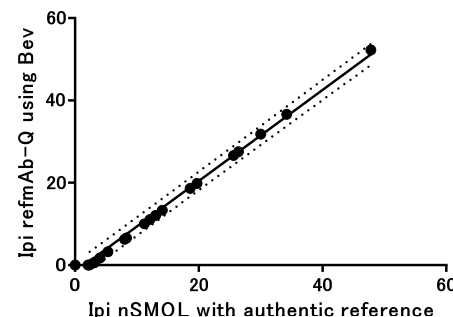
d) Ref mAb: Ifx



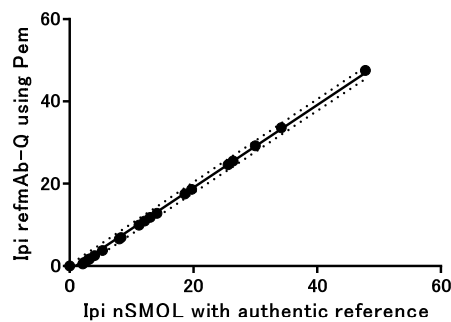
e) Ref mAb: Atz



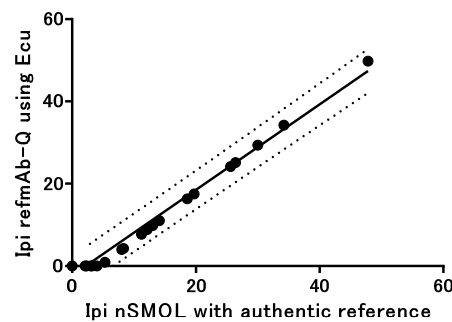
f) Ref mAb: Bev



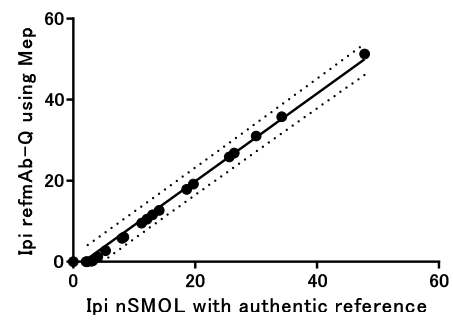
g) Ref mAb: Pem



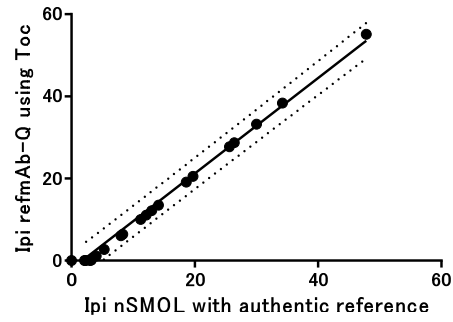
h) Ref mAb: Ecu



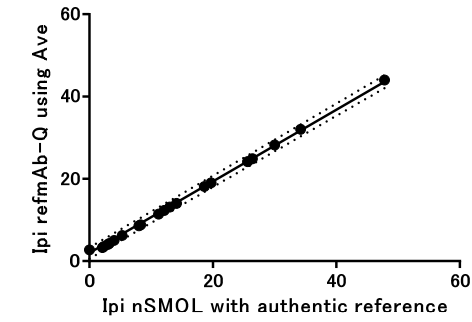
i) Ref mAb: Mep



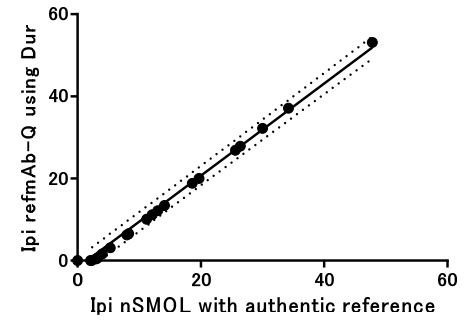
j) Ref mAb: Toc



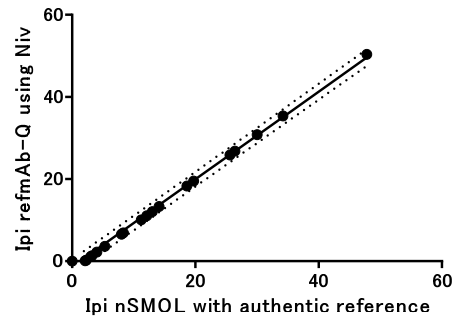
k) Ref mAb: Ave



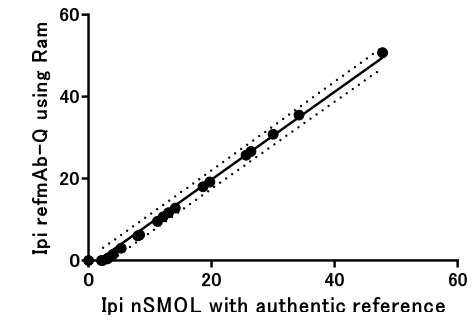
l) Ref mAb: Dur



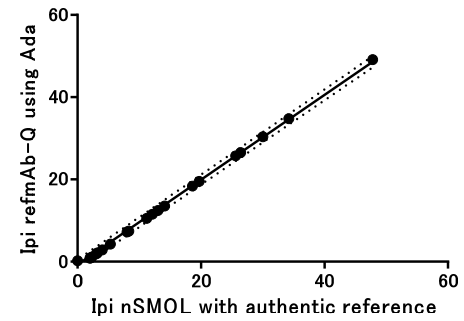
m) Ref mAb: Niv



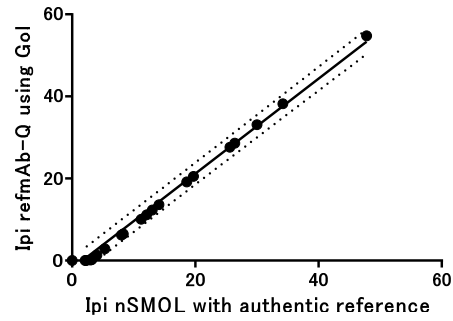
n) Ref mAb: Ram



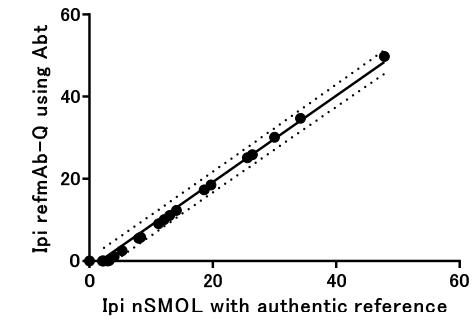
o) Ref mAb: Ada



p) Ref mAb: Gol



q) Ref mAb: Abt



r) Ref mAb: Etn

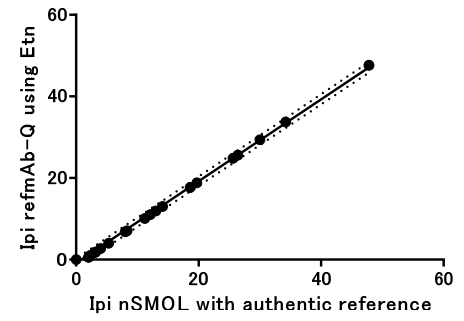
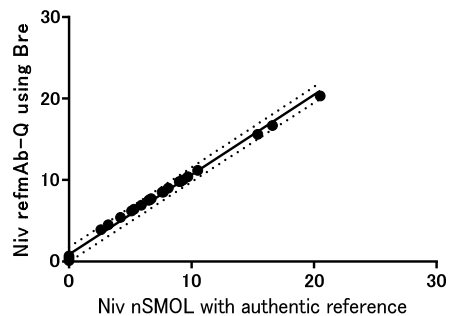
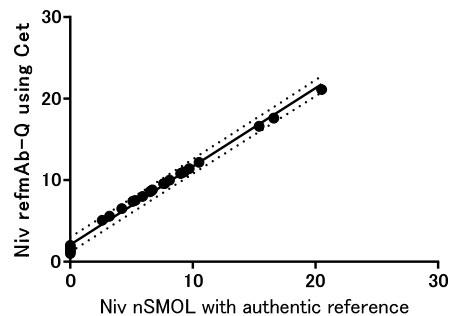


Figure S8. Pearson correlation analyses of ipilimumab data between nSMOL assay data with the authentic reference and refmAb-Q nSMOL assay data with the indicated reference antibody for clinical serum samples from patients treated with ipilimumab plus nivolumab combination therapy (n =27). The reference antibody used was a) Bre, b) Cet, c) Rit, d) Ifx, e) Atz, f) Bev, g) Pem, h) Ecu, i) Mep, j) Toc, k) Ave, l) Dur, m) Niv, n) Ram, o) Ada, p) Gol, q) Abt, or r) Etn, respectively. The dashed line shows the 95% confidence interval. The coefficients are summarized in Table S4c.

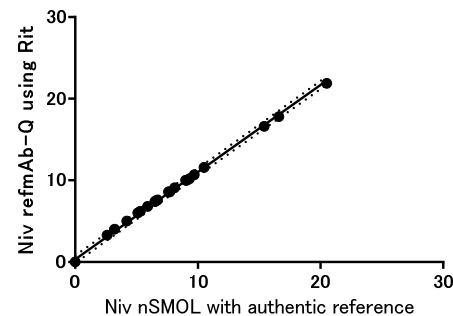
a) Ref mAb: Bre



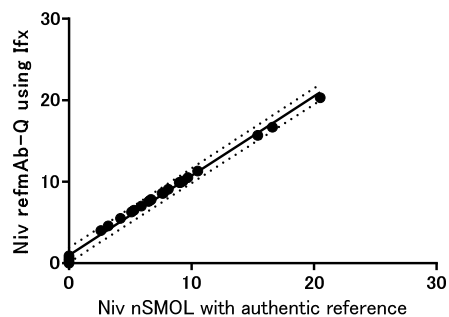
b) Ref mAb: Cet



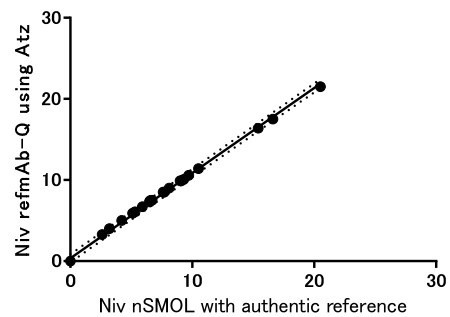
c) Ref mAb: Rit



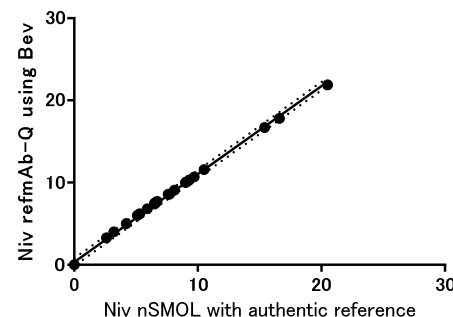
d) Ref mAb: Ifx



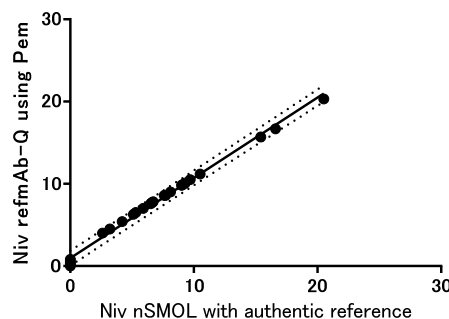
e) Ref mAb: Atz



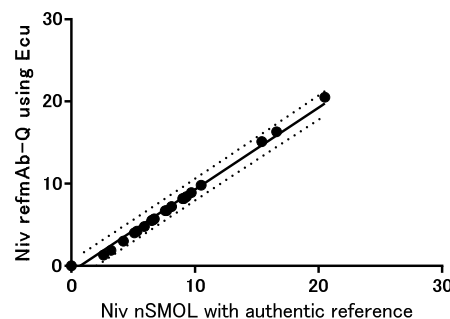
f) Ref mAb: Bev



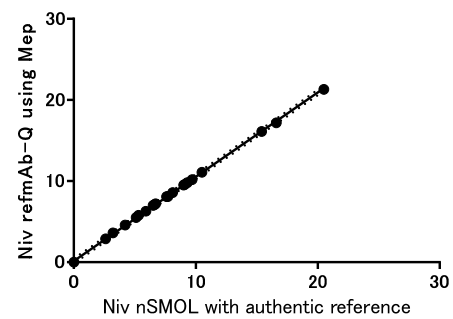
g) Ref mAb: Pem



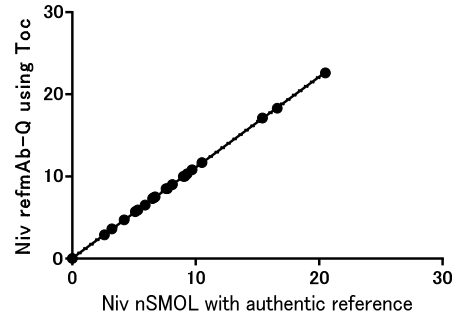
h) Ref mAb: Ecu



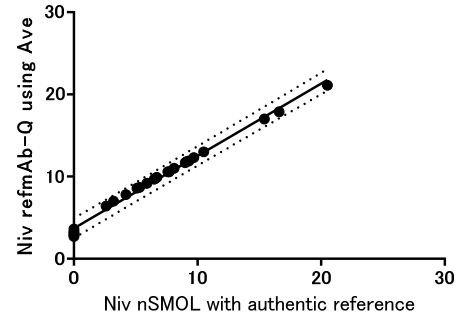
i) Ref mAb: Mep



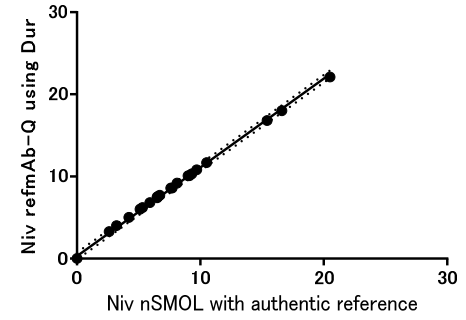
j) Ref mAb: Toc



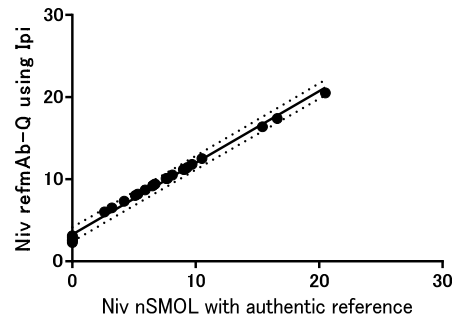
k) Ref mAb: Ave



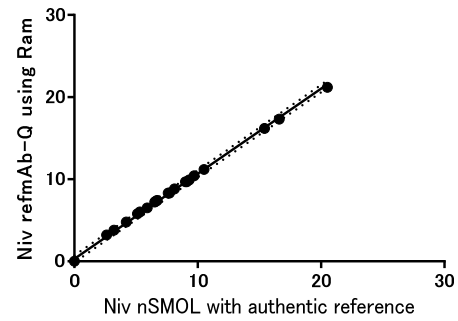
l) Ref mAb: Dur



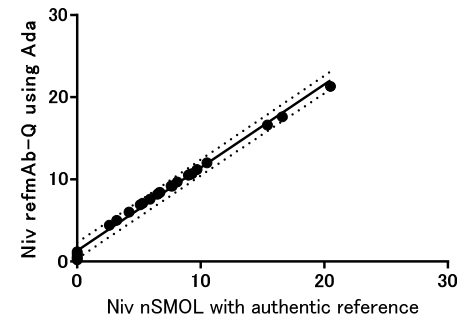
m) Ref mAb: Ipi



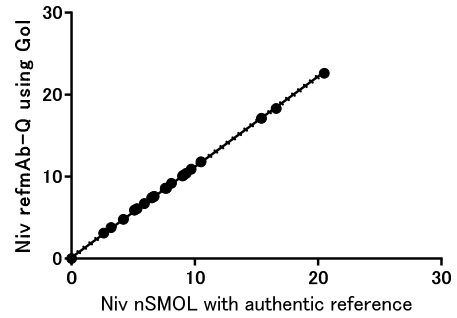
n) Ref mAb: Ram



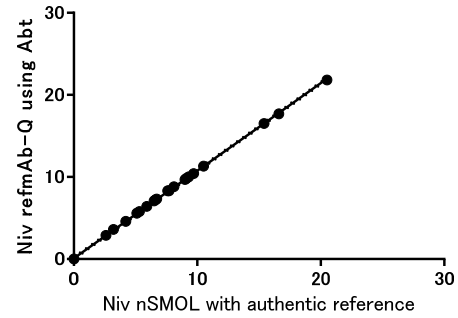
o) Ref mAb: Ada



p) Ref mAb: Gol



q) Ref mAb: Abt



r) Ref mAb: Etn

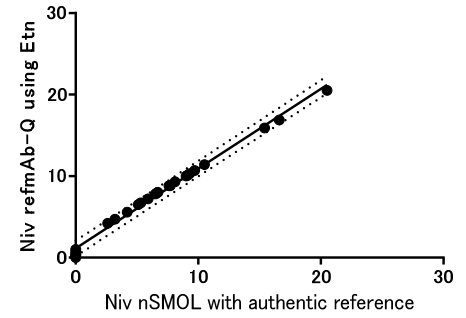


Figure S9. Pearson correlation analyses of nivolumab data between nSMOL assay data with the authentic reference and refmAb-Q nSMOL assay data with the indicated reference antibody for clinical serum samples from patients treated with ipilimumab plus nivolumab combination therapy (n =27). The reference antibody used was a) Bre, b) Cet, c) Rit, d) Ifx, e) Atz, f) Bev, g) Pem, h) Ecu, i) Mep, j) Toc, k) Ave, l) Dur, m) Ipi, n) Ram, o) Ada, p) Gol, q) Abt, or r) Etn, respectively. The dashed line shows the 95% confidence interval. The coefficients are summarized in Table S4d.

Table S1. MRM transition of each signature peptide of mAbs and Fc-fusion proteins.

mAb/Fc-fusion protein*	Signature peptide	MRM transition	Valency of parent ion	Ion series of fragment ion
Brentuximab vedotin ^{o)}	VLIYAASNLESGIPAR	837.55>343.10	+2	y3+
Cetuximab ^{a)}	SQVFFK	378.20>540.30	+2	y4+
Rituximab ^{b)}	ASGYTFTSYNMHWVK	598.05>817.45	+3	y13++
Infliximab ^{c, d)}	SINSATHYAESVK	469.45>603.90	+3	y11++
Atezolizumab ^{o)}	RHWPGGFYWGQGLVTVS SASTK	660.10>780.30	+4	y8+
Bevacizumab ^{e, f, g)}	FTFSLDTSK	523.40>797.20	+2	y7+
Pembrolizumab ^{h)}	LLIYLASYLESVGPARG	882.60>343.20	+2	y3+
Trastuzumab ^{f, i, j)}	IYPTNGYTR	542.80>404.70	+2	y7++
Eculizumab ^{d)}	LLIYGATNLADGVPSR	830.45>515.10	+2	y5+
Mepolizumab ^{d)}	DPPSSLLR	442.70>672.40	+2	y6+
Tocilizumab ^{d, k)}	VTMLR	310.10>520.20	+2	y4+
Avelumab ^{o)}	LGTVTTVDYWGQGLVTVSS ASTK	824.75>780.30	+3	y8+
Durvalumab ^{o)}	VSSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPR	689.35>625.25	+3	y6+
Ipilimumab ^{p)}	TGWLGPFDYWGQGLVTVSS ASTK	853.50>780.40	+3	y8+
Nivolumab ^{f, l, m)}	ASGITFSNSGMHWVR	550.75>661.50	+3	y11++
Ramucirumab ^{o)}	AFPPTFGGGTK	540.25>431.30	+2	y9++
Adalimumab ^{d)}	APYTFGQGTK	535.30>901.40	+2	y8+
Golimumab ^{d)}	SNWPPFTFGPGTK	718.35>524.80	+2	y10++
Abatacept ^{d, n)}	MHVAQPAVVLASSR	489.25>420.20	+3	y4+
Etanercept ^{d, n)}	VFCTK	299.15>498.05	+2	y4+
P14R IS	PPPPPPPPPPPPPPR	512.10>292.30	+3	b3+

For the charge selection of fragment ions, the actual measurement data have previously been confirmed. And the doubly charged fragment ions have been selected only when they yield stronger peak intensity than single charged ions and fully validated the assay method.

* Assay methods and conditions of each mAbs are available in the following publications.

Only DOI numbers are listed below.

- a) 10.4155/bio-2016-0018; b) 10.1248/bpb.b16-00230; c) 10.2174/1389201019666180703093517;
d) 10.1016/j.jim.2019.06.014; e) 10.1016/j.dmpk.2015.11.004; f) 10.1016/j.ab.2017.11.002;
g) 10.1208/s12248-019-0369-z; h) 10.1136/jitc-2021-002371; i) 10.1039/C5AY01588J;
j) 10.1016/j.jpba.2017.06.032; k) 10.1016/j.jpba.2018.11.019; l) 10.1016/j.jchromb.2016.04.038;
m) 10.1016/j.jchromb.2020.122489; n) 10.1002/prp2.422; o) 10.1007/978-1-0716-1450-1_11;
p) 10.1136/jitc-2021-002663

Table S2. Comparison between ELISA and refmAb-Q nSMOL for detection of mAbs.

	ELISA	refmAb-Q nSMOL platform
Detection principle	Absorbance, fluorescence, chemiluminescence, radiation	Triple quadrupole LC-MS/MS
Capture/detection Ab	Direct ELISA requires an idiotypic Ab for capture and anti-human Ab for detection, indirect ELISA uses target molecule with potential cross reactivity or masking by anti-drug Ab	No
Reagents	Sandwich, detection Ab, Buffers and reagents	Protein A resin, Nanoparticle trypsin beads Buffers, column, and solvents
Sample volume	50-100 μ L	5 μ L
Diluent	Requires pH optimization and protein additive for blocking	PBS
Cross reactivity	Dependent on Abs, biological samples, and animals	No
Reaction selectivity and specificity	Cross-reactivity can be an issue due to indirect detection	By signature peptide structure (physicochemical), Direct structure determination
Assay interference from anti-drug antibodies	Interfered	No*
Assay development time	Several months	Within a week, can be shorter if antibody sequence is available
Internal standard	Individual Ab	Universal one peptide (P14R)
Calibrant	Unique authentic	One reference protein
Linearity	Narrow, sigmoid	Wide, linear
Intra-assay error	Typically within 20-25%	Within 5-15%
Multiplexed	Requires special arrangement (Luminex-type assay)	Compatible
Operational expertise	Basic wet lab skills	HPLC and MS expertise
Preparation time	3-6 hours	5-7 hours
Automation	Compatible	Compatible

* Iwamoto N et.al., Antibody drug quantitation in coexistence with anti-drug antibodies on nSMOL bioanalysis. DOI: 10.1016/j.ab.2017.11.002

Table S3. Signature peptide sequences identified by 18-plex monoclonal antibody analysis and Peaks DB search scores using refmAb-Q nSMOL coupled with Q-TOF-MS analysis. Peptide and protein score is $-10 \cdot \log(P)$, where P is the probability that the observed match is a random event. Peptide score P means the peptide spectrum match (PSM) and greater than 25 are within the threshold of 1% false discovery rate (FDR) in this DB search. Protein scores greater than 20 are of relatively high confidence.

Antibody	Signature peptide	Region	Peptide score	HC protein score	LC protein score
Brentuximab vedotin	VLIYAASNLESGIPAR	L-CDR2	77.4	288	273
Cetuximab	SQVFFK	H-CDR2	95.0	280	267
Rituximab	ASGYTFTSYNMHWVK	H-CDR1	62.7	286	267
Infliximab	SINSATHYAESVK	H-CDR2	72.4	312	268
Atezolizumab	RHWPGGFDYWGQGTLVT VSSASTK	H-CDR3	76.5	304	267
Bevacizumab	FTFSLDTSK	H-CDR2	42.9	296	188
Pembrolizumab	LLIYLASYLESGVPAR	L-CDR2	73.9	295	276
Trastuzumab	IYPTNGYTR	H-CDR2	45.7	295	269
Eculizumab	LLIYGATNLADGVPSR	L-CDR2	70.0	272	261
Mepolizumab	DPPSSLLR	H-CDR3	41.2	274	261
Tocilizumab	VTMLR	H-CDR2	71.0	276	260
Avelumab	LGTVTTVDYWGQGTLVT VSSASTK	H-CDR3	73.0	286	147
Durvalumab	VSSSYLAWYQKPGQAPR	L-CDR1	50.0	297	280
Ipilimumab	TGWLGPFDYWGQGTLVT VSSASTK	H-CDR3	85.8	305	280
Nivolumab	ASGITFSNSGMHWVR	H-CDR1	54.9	277	267
Ramucirumab	AFPPTFGGGTK	L-CDR3	54.4	302	269
Adalimumab	APYTFGQGTK	L-CDR3	44.5	294	270
Golimumab	SNWPPFTFGPGTK	L-CDR3	53.0	295	272

Table S4. A) Pearson correlation analyses for clinical samples of ipilimumab (n = 71) between refmAb-Q nSMOL with the indicated antibody as the universal reference standard and original data obtained by the conventional nSMOL assay with the authentic reference standard.

Reference mAb	Goodness of fit r^2	Best fit slope
Brenzixumab vedotin	0.998	0.983 ± 0.001655
Cetuximab	0.9993	1.08 ± 0.003505
Rituximab	0.9997	1.042 ± 0.002249
Infliximab	1	1.081 ± 0.0004027
Atezolizumab	0.9999	1.074 ± 0.0009812
Bevacizumab	0.9999	1.016 ± 0.0009297
Pembrolizumab	1	1.066 ± 0.0004455
Trastuzumab	1	1.013 ± 0.0004117
Eculizumab	1	0.9631 ± 0.0004318
Mepolizumab	1	0.9152 ± 0.0003888
Tocilizumab	0.9995	1.099 ± 0.00301
Avelumab	0.9974	1.144 ± 0.007094
Durvalumab	0.9999	1.15 ± 0.001206
Nivolumab	1	1.02 ± 0.0004209
Ramucirumab	0.9999	1.071 ± 0.00112
Adalimumab	1	1.004 ± 0.0003909
Golimumab	0.999	1.061 ± 0.001055
Abatacept	1	1.058 ± 0.0003952
Etanercept	1	1.064 ± 0.0005331

Table S4. B) Pearson correlation analyses for clinical samples of pembrolizumab (n = 74) between refmAb-Q nSMOL with the indicated antibody as the universal reference standard and data obtained by the conventional nSMOL assay with the authentic reference standard.

Reference mAb	Goodness of fit r^2	Best fit slope
Brenzuximab vedotin	1	1.059 ± 0.0003607
Cetuximab	1	1.142 ± 0.0003428
Rituximab	1	1.194 ± 0.0003085
Infliximab	1	0.9536 ± 0.0003484
Atezolizumab	1	1.077 ± 0.0003537
Bevacizumab	1	1.12 ± 0.0003395
Trastuzumab	1	1.077 ± 0.0005767
Eculizumab	1	1.021 ± 0.000366
Mepolizumab	0.9999	1.322 ± 0.001245
Tocilizumab	1	1.177 ± 0.0003459
Avelumab	0.9991	1.209 ± 0.004242
Durvalumab	1	1.195 ± 0.0003061
Ipilimumab	1	1.089 ± 0.0003753
Nivolumab	1	1.079 ± 0.0003388
Ramucirumab	1	1.129 ± 0.0003513
Adalimumab	1	1.103 ± 0.0003304
Golimumab	1	1.108 ± 0.000402
Abatacept	1	1.071 ± 0.0003572
Etanercept	1	0.9932 ± 0.0003678

Table S4. C) Pearson correlation analysis for clinical samples of ipilimumab (n = 27) in the combination therapy treated with ipilimumab and nivolumab between refmAb-Q nSMOL with the indicated antibody as the universal reference standard and original data obtained by the conventional nSMOL assay with the authentic reference standard.

Reference mAb	Goodness of fit r^2	Best fit slope
Brenzuximab vedotin	0.9974	1.003 ± 0.01025
Cetuximab	0.9982	0.9829 ± 0.008363
Rituximab	0.9942	1.11 ± 0.01692
Infliximab	0.9979	0.9955 ± 0.00924
Atezolizumab	0.9944	1.069 ± 0.01603
Bevacizumab	0.9944	1.105 ± 0.0166
Pembrolizumab	0.9977	1.002 ± 0.009586
Trastuzumab	0.9955	1.085 ± 0.01454
Eculizumab	0.9851	1.038 ± 0.02556
Mepolizumab	0.9929	1.083 ± 0.01836
Tocilizumab	0.9921	1.162 ± 0.02073
Avelumab	0.9982	0.8713 ± 0.00747
Durvalumab	0.994	1.121 ± 0.01739
Nivolumab	0.9962	1.065 ± 0.01316
Ramucirumab	0.994	1.071 ± 0.01658
Adalimumab	0.9981	1.031 ± 0.008942
Golimumab	0.9928	1.156 ± 0.01964
Abatacept	0.9923	1.051 ± 0.01857
Etanercept	0.9982	1.003 ± 0.008425

Table S4. D) Pearson correlation analysis for clinical samples of nivolumab (n = 27) in the combination therapy treated with ipilimumab and nivolumab between refmAb-Q nSMOL with the indicated antibody as the universal reference standard and original data obtained by the conventional nSMOL assay with the authentic reference standard.

Reference antibody	Goodness of fit r^2	Best fit slope
Brenzuximab vedotin	0.9932	0.9796 ± 0.01622
Cetuximab	0.9928	0.9595 ± 0.01637
Rituximab	0.9985	1.068 ± 0.008222
Infliximab	0.9929	0.9741 ± 0.01649
Atezolizumab	0.9982	1.051 ± 0.00897
Bevacizumab	0.9984	1.07 ± 0.008463
Pembrolizumab	0.9931	0.9759 ± 0.01628
Trastuzumab	0.9966	1.055 ± 0.01228
Eculizumab	0.9921	0.9981 ± 0.01783
Mepolizumab	0.9996	1.038 ± 0.004004
Tocilizumab	0.9999	1.105 ± 0.002026
Avelumab	0.9919	0.88 ± 0.01586
Durvalumab	0.9987	1.08 ± 0.007665
Ipilimumab	0.9923	0.873 ± 0.01542
Ramucirumab	0.9987	1.037 ± 0.007558
Adalimumab	0.9924	1.011 ± 0.01768
Golimumab	0.9997	1.104 ± 0.003991
Abatacept	0.9998	1.065 ± 0.002897
Etanercept	0.9922	0.9792 ± 0.01732