Flow Technology Enabled Preparation of C3-Heterosubstituted 1azabicyclo[1.1.0]butanes and Azetidines: Accessing Unexplored Chemical Space in Strained Heterocyclic Chemistry

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Supporting Information

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1. General methods

Infrared spectra of the compounds were recorded in reciprocal centimeters (cm⁻¹) by using a PerkinElmer 283 spectrometer. Melting points were measured with Büchi melting point B-545. ¹H, ¹³C and ¹⁹F NMR spectra were recorded with a Varian Mercury 300 spectrometer (300 MHz for ¹H, 75 MHz for ¹³C, 282 MHz for ¹⁹F) and an Agilent 500 spectrometer (500 MHz for ¹H, 126 MHz for ¹³C, 470 MHz for ¹⁹F). The center of the (residual) solvent signal was used as an internal standard which was related to TMS with δ 7.26 ppm (¹H in CDCl₃), δ 77.00 ppm (¹³C in CDCl₃). Spin-spin coupling constants (*J*) are given in Hz. As far as possible, unambiguous assignment of all resonances was performed by combined application of 2D NMR techniques, *i.e.* HSQC and COSY experiments. Data are reported as follows: chemical shift [multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, p = pentet, m = multiplet and bs = broad singlet), coupling constant (in Hz), integration and assignment]. NOESY experiments were performed on Agilent 6530 accurate mass Q-TOF instrument and Excalibur data system. Diastereomeric ratio was assessed by ¹H NMR analysis on the reaction crude. Silica (70–230 mesh and 230–400 mesh) was used for flash chromatography on glass columns. TLC was carried out on a 0.25 mm precoated silica gel thick plates (Merck) with a fluorescence indicator F-254; the spots were visualized under UV light (λ = 254 nm) and/or KMnO4 (aq.) was used as revealing system.

Chemicals were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich, Fluorochem, TCI Europe and Alfa Aesar unless otherwise specified. THF was distilled prior to use. Organolithium reagents were titrated prior to use (using N-benzylbenzamide as titrating agent).¹

Flow equipment: General fluidic connections were achieved using PFA tubing (Bola), with PEEK or PTFE fittings (Idex). Stainless steel microtube reactors (1.0 mm ID, length R1 250 cm and R2 200 cm) and stainless-steel T-connectors (M1 0.5 mm and M2 1.0 mm through hole) were employed. Flow microreactor systems were immersed in a cooling bath (0 °C). Solutions of the reaction components were pumped using syringe pumps Harvard PHD 2000, equipped with gastight syringes purchased from SGE.

2. Electrophiles collection

The following compounds are available from Sigma-Aldrich, TCI Europe, Fluorochem and Alfa Aesar except for **12h**, **12i**, **12j**, **12m**, **12n**, **12p**, **12s**, **12t**, **12u** and **16** which have been prepared.



2.1 Procedure for the preparation of 2,4-dibromo-1-phenylbutan-1-one 12h



To a solution of cyclopropyl(phenyl)methanone (585 mg, 4 mmol) in diethyl ether (4 mL) at 0°C, Br₂ (230 μ L, 4.5 mmol) was added dropwise. The reaction was allowed to warm. After stirring for 2 hours, the crude was poured into a solution of Na₂S₂O₅ (1M, 5 mL). The mixture was extracted with Et₂O (3 x 5 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The product was obtained as colourless oil (923 mg, 75%) and used without further purifications. The data are consistent with literature.²

2.2 Procedure for the preparation of 2-bromo-1-phenyldecan-1-one 12i



To a solution of 1-phenyldecan-1-one (930 mg, 4 mmol) in DCM (7 mL), Br_2 (205 μ L, 4 mmol) was added dropwise. After stirring for 2 hours at room temperature, the crude was poured in a solution of $Na_2S_2O_5$ (1M,

7 mL). The mixture was extracted with DCM (3 x 5 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Column chromatography on silica gel afforded the desired product (859 mg, 69%) as pale yellow oil. $R_f = 0.4$ (Hexane/EtOAc 9:1). The data are consistent with literature.³



2.3 Flow procedure for the preparation of (E)-1-Chloro-4-phenylbut-3-en-2-one 12j

Compound **12j** was synthetized following a reported flow procedure,⁴ starting from chloroiodomethane, MeLi and *N*-methoxy-*N*-methylcinnamamide. Compound **12j** was obtained as yellow oil (70 %). The data are consistent with literature.⁴

2.4 General procedure for the preparation of ketones 12m, 12n, 12p, 12s, 12t, 12u (Friedel-Craft acylation)

To a stirring suspension of AlCl₃ (6.6 mmol, 1.1 equivalent) in DCM (20 mL), 3-chloropropionyl chloride or 4chlorobutyryl chloride (6.6 mmol, 1.1 equivalent) was added dropwise at 0°C. After 10 minutes, a solution of aromatic substrate (6 mmol, 1 equivalent) in DCM (15 mL) was added to the suspension. The crude was warmed at room temperature and stirred for 2-6 hours. The reaction was monitored by TLC. After the completion of the reaction, the crude was diluted with ice cold water (20 mL). The organic phase was washed with HCl 1M (15 mL), NaHCO₃ sat (15 mL) and brine (15 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Colum chromatography on silica gel afforded the desired product.

3-chloro-1-(p-tolyl)propan-1-one 12m



Starting from 3-chloropropionyl chloride and toluene, **12m** was obtained as pale yellow oil (668 mg, 61 %) after column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/EtOAc 9:1, R_f 0.4). The data are consistent with literature.⁵

3-chloro-1-(naphthalen-1-yl)propan-1-one 12n



Starting from 3-chloropropionyl chloride and naphthalene, **12n** was obtained as yellow oil (722 mg, 55 %) after column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/EtOAc 8:2, $R_f 0.5$). The data are consistent with literature.⁶

3-chloro-1-(5-iodothiophen-2-yl)propan-1-one 12p



Starting from 3-chloropropionyl chloride and thiophene, **12p** was obtained as waxy yellow solid (1.28 g, 71 %) after column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/EtOAc 8:2, R_f 0.5). The data are consistent with literature.⁷

4-chloro-1-(p-tolyl)butan-1-one 12s



Starting from 4-chlorobutyryl chloride and toluene, **12s** was obtained as white solid (696 mg, 59 %) after column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/EtOAc 9:1, R_f 0.5). The data are consistent with literature.⁸

4-chloro-1-(naphthalen-1-yl)butan-1-one 12t and 4-chloro-1-(naphthalen-2-yl)butan-1-one 12u



Starting from 4-chlorobutyryl chloride and naphtalene, mixture of **12t** and **12u** was obtained. After column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/EtOAc 9:1) **12t** (R_f 0.55, 810 mg, 58 %) and **12u** (R_f 0.45, 475 mg, 34 %) were obtained as colorless oils. The data are consistent with literature.⁹

2.5 Procedure for the preparation of 2-butyl-2-chloro-N-phenylhexan-1-imine 16



Imine **16** was prepared with a flow-batch approach. 2-Butyl-2-chlorohexanal was prepared following a reported flow procedure,¹⁰ starting from chloroiodomethane, LDA and nonan-5-one, and obtained as yellow oil (91 %). The data are consistent with literature.¹⁰ The crude was used without further purification. To a solution of the aldehyde (763 mg, 4 mmol) in DCM (10 mL), aniline (0.364 mL, 4 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (663 mg, 4.8 mmol) were added, and the mixture was refluxed for 24 hours. The crude was diluted with water (10 mL) and extracted with DCM (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The product was obtained as a colorless oil (776 mg, 73 %) and used without further purification.

3. General procedures for the preparation of C3-functionalized ABBs and azetidines

3.1 <u>General procedure 1 (GP1) for the preparation of 3-(oxiran-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butanes 5 and 1-(1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butan-3-yl)-chloroalcohol 13</u>



3-(oxiran-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butanes **5a-j** and 1-(1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butan-3-yl)-chloroalcohol **13a-m** were prepared following the reported flow procedure,¹¹ starting from sec-BuLi, 2,3-dibromopropan-1-amine and the corresponding haloketone. After steady state was reached, the crude was collected for 3 minutes while being quenched with water. The desired product was obtained washing the crude with ethyl ether or after column chromatography on silica gel.

3.2 <u>General procedure 2 (GP2) for the preparation of 3-(oxetan-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butanes 6 and 3-(tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butanes 7</u>



To a solution of alcohol **13** (0.2 mmol) in THF (2 mL), potassium *tert*-butoxide (0.6 mmol, 67 mg) was added. After stirring for 2 hours, the reaction crude was diluted with water (1 mL). The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 3 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure.

3.3 General procedure 3 (GP3) for the C3 halogenation of ABBs



To a solution of ABB **5-7** (0.25 mmol) in acetonitrile (2.5 mL), lithium salt (0.75 mmol, unless otherwise specified) and electrophile (Boc₂O or tosyl chloride, 0.5 mmol) were added. After stirring for 16 hours, the reaction crude was diluted with water (2 mL). The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 3 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. Column chromatography on silica gel afforded the desired product.

3.4 General procedure 4 (GP4) for the C3 thiolation of ABBs



To a solution of ABB **5-7** (0.25 mmol) in ethyl ether (2.5 mL), aromatic thiol (0.75 mmol), Boc_2O (0.5 mmol) and $Cu(OTf)_2$ (0.0075 mmol) were added. After stirring for 16 hours, the reaction crude was diluted with water (2 mL). The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 3 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. Column chromatography on silica gel afforded the desired product.

4. Optimization of C3 thiolation

Table S1

Optimization of the C3 thiolation of ABBs involving **6a** and thiophenol.

	N N N	Ph-SH (3 equi Boc ₂ O (2 equi	iv) Boc iv) SPh	
	Ph	catalyst r.t., 16h, solve	ent Ph	
	6a		9e	
Entry	Catalyst	Solvent	Variation of conditions	9e NMR yield ^a
1	FeCl ₃ (20%)	DCM	Ph-SH (1 equiv), reflux	0 %
2 ^b	FeCl ₃ (20%)	DCM	Ph-SH (1 equiv), reflux	7 %
3 ^b	Na ₂ CO ₃ (1 equiv)	MeCN	Ph-SH (1 equiv), reflux	S.M.
4 ^b	Cs ₂ CO ₃ (2 equiv)	MeCN	Ph-SH (1 equiv), reflux	S.M.
5 ^b	BF₃ (2 equiv)	MeCN	Ph-SH (1 equiv), reflux	0 %
6 ^b	/	DCM	Ph-SH (1 equiv), reflux	S.M.
7 ^b	Cu(OTf) ₂ (0.03 equiv)	Et ₂ O	Ph-SH (1 equiv)	32 %
8	Cu(OTf) ₂ (0.03 equiv)	Et ₂ O	/	84 %

^a Dibromomethane was used as internal standard. ^b Two-steps reaction: a solution of **6a**, Ph-SH and catalyst was stirred for 16 h; then Boc₂O was added, and the solution was stirred for 1h.

5. <u>Characterization of compounds</u>

3-(2-phenyloxiran-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butane 5a

Following the GP1 with **12a** as electrophile, **5a** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (47 mg, 65 %). The data are consistent with literature.¹¹

4-(2-(1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butan-3-yl)oxiran-2-yl)benzonitrile 5b



Following the GP1 with **12b** as electrophile, **5b** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (41 mg, 50%) after column chromatography ($R_f = 0.3$, hexane/EtOAc 7:3). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 2917, 2849, 2230, 1610, 1505, 1403, 1221, 1122, 1047, 916, 836, 733. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.69 – 7.62 (m, 4H, Ar-H), 3.19 (d, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H, OCH₂), 2.88 (d, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H, OCH₂), 2.40 (s, 2H, NCH₂), 1.46 (s, 1H, NCH₂), 1.36 (s, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.8 (Ar-C_q), 132.4 (2 x Ar-C), 127.3 (2 x Ar-C), 118.6 (CN), 112.4 (Ar-C_q), 57.0 (Oxiranyl-C_q), 55.2 (OCH₂), 54.15 (NCH₂), 54.04 (NCH₂), 30.8 (NC_q). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₂H₁₀N₂NaO [M+Na]⁺ 221.0691; found 221.0686.

3-(2-(3-chlorophenyl)oxiran-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butane 5c



Following the GP1 with **12c** as electrophile, **5c** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (51 mg, 60 %) after column chromatography ($R_f = 0.4$, hexane/EtOAc 8:2). FT-IR v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 3061, 2953, 1694, 1599, 1573, 1476, 1428, 1336, 1220, 1079, 929, 882, 787, 691. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51 – 7.49 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 7.41 – 7.38 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 7.31 – 7.28 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 3.13 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H, OCH₂), 2.89 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H, OCH₂), 2.43 – 2.35 (m, 2H, NCH₂), 1.44 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.34 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.6 (Ar-C_q), 134.6 (Ar-C_q), 129.9 (Ar-C), 128.6 (Ar-C), 126.8 (Ar-C), 124.8 (Ar-C), 56.9 (Oxiranyl-C_q), 54.9 (OCH₂), 54.1 (NCH₂), 54.0 (NCH₂), 31.1 (NC_q). HRMS *m*/*z* calculated for C₁₁H₁₀CINNaO [M+Na]⁺ 230.0349; found 230.0345.

3-(2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)oxiran-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butane 5d



Following the GP1 with **12d** as electrophile, **5d** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (70 mg, 70%) after column chromatography ($R_f = 0.3$, hexane/EtOAc 8:2). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3430, 2917, 1620, 1407, 1325, 1223, 1166, 1122, 1068, 1016, 924, 842, 730. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.68 – 7.58 (m, 4H, Ar-H), 3.18 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H, OCH₂), 2.89 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H, OCH₂), 2.45 – 2.36 (m, 2H, NCH₂), 1.44 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.35 (d, *J* = 1.7

Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.5 (Ar-C_q), 130.6 (q, ²J_{C-F} = 32.5 Hz, Ar-C_q), 127.0 (2 x Ar-C), 125.5 (q, ³J_{C-F} = 3.8 Hz, 2 x Ar-C), 124.1 (q, J = 272.1 Hz, CF₃), 57.1 (Oxiranyl-C_q), 55.0 (OCH₂), 54.1 (NCH₂), 53.9 (NCH₂), 31.1 (NC_q). ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -62.68 (3F). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₂H₁₀F₃NNaO [M+Na]⁺ 264.0612; found 264.0622.

3-(2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)oxiran-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butane 5e

Following the GP1 with **12e** as electrophile, **5e** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (55 mg, 64 %) after column chromatography ($R_f = 0.4$, hexane/EtOAc 8:2). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3062, 2924, 1615, 1505, 1427, 1349, 1271, 1141, 1101, 966, 930, 851, 819, 615. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.43 (td, J = 8.3, 6.5 Hz, 1H, Ar-H), 6.88 (td, J = 8.4, 2.4 Hz, 1H, Ar-H), 6.85 – 6.79 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 3.18 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H, OCH₂), 2.99 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H, OCH₂), 2.41 (dd, J = 6.4, 2.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.27 (dd, J = 6.4, 2.5 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.30 (t, J = 3.1 Hz, 2H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.2 (dd, ¹ $_{J_{CF}} = 250.1$, ³ $_{J_{CF}} = 11.6$ Hz, Ar-CF), 160.8 (dd, ¹ $_{J_{CF}} = 250.3$, ³ $_{J_{CF}} = 12.1$ Hz, Ar-CF), 130.4 (dd, ³ $_{J_{CF}} = 9.8$, 5.4 Hz, Ar-C), 120.4 (dd, ² $_{J_{CF}} = 15.2$, ⁴ $_{J_{CF}} = 3.8$ Hz, Ar-C_q), 111.66 (dd, ² $_{J_{CF}} = 21.4$, ⁴ $_{J_{CF}} = 3.7$ Hz), 104.0 (t, ² $_{J_{CF}} = 25.3$ Hz, Ar-C), 54.7 (Oxiranyl-C_q), 54.0 (NCH₂), 53.6 (NCH₂), 53.4 (OCH₂), 32.1 (NC_q). ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -108.96 – -109.23 (m, 1F), -111.51 (q, J = 8.2 Hz, 1F). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₁H₉F₂NNaO [M+Na]⁺ 232.0550; found 232.0545.

3-(2-(p-tolyl)oxiran-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butane 5f



Following the GP1 with **12f** as electrophile, **5f** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (55 mg, 71 %) after column chromatography ($R_f = 0.4$, hexane/EtOAc 7:3). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3233, 2920, 1666, 1513, 1417, 1255, 1218, 1182, 1097, 1073, 912, 820, 720. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.44 – 7.37 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 3.12 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H, OCH₂), 2.92 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H, OCH₂), 2.40 – 2.37 (m, 2H, NCH₂), 2.35 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.41 – 1.39 (m, 1H, NCH₂), 1.31 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 138.2 (Ar-C_q), 134.4 (Ar-C_q), 129.2 (2 x Ar-C), 126.5 (2 x Ar-C), 57.2 (Oxiranyl-C_q), 54.7 (OCH₂), 53.94 (NCH₂), 53.93 (NCH₂), 31.6 (NC_q), 21.3 (CH₃). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₂H₁₃NNaO [M+Na]⁺ 210.0895; found 210.0892.

3-((2S*,3S*)-3-methyl-2-phenyloxiran-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butane 5g



Following the GP1 with **12g** as electrophile, **5g** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (dr > 95:5, 50 mg, 64 %) after column chromatography (R_f = 0.4, hexane/EtOAc 7:3). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3433, 1638, 1447, 1275, 1261, 1044, 934, 815, 764, 750, 700. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.32 – 7.28 (m, 1H), 3.37 (q, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H, OCH), 2.31 (s, 2H, NCH₂), 1.27 (s, 1H, NCH₂), 1.23 (s, 1H, NCH₂) 1.04 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 135.1 (Ar-C_q), 128.3 (2 x Ar-C), 128.1 (Ar-C), 127.6 (2 x Ar-C), 62.4

(Oxiranyl-C_q), 59.5 (OCHCH₃), 53.7 (NCH₂), 53.1 (NCH₂), 32.9 (NC_q), 14.3 (OCH*C*H₃). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₂H₁₃NNaO [M+Na]⁺ 210.0895; found 210.0906.

3-((2S*,3S*)-3-(2-bromoethyl)-2-phenyloxiran-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butane 5h



Following the GP1 with **12h** as electrophile, **5h** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (dr > 95:5, 53 mg, 46 %) after column chromatography (R_f = 0.3, hexane/EtOAc 8:2). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3056, 2918, 2849, 1494, 1448, 1266, 1219, 1127, 1076, 1046, 939, 909, 735, 701. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 7.39 – 7.30 (m, 3H, Ar-H), 3.47 – 3.43 (m, 1H, OCH), 3.42 – 3.33 (m, 2H, CH₂Br), 2.40 – 2.32 (m, 2H, NCH₂), 1.91 – 1.83 (m, 1H, *CH*₂CH₂Br), 1.76 – 1.68 (m, 1H, *CH*₂CH₂Br), 1.33 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.27 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 134.7 (Ar-C_q), 128.44 (2 x Ar-C), 128.37 (Ar-C), 127.4 (2 x Ar-C), 62.5 (Oxiranyl-C_q), 62.1 (OCH), 53.9 (NCH₂), 53.4 (NCH₂), 32.7 (NC_q), 31.6 (*C*H₂CH₂Br), 29.2 (CH₂Br). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₂₆H_cBr₂N₂NaO₂ [2M+Na]⁺ 583.0415 ; found 583.0407.

3-((2S*,3S*)-3-octyl-2-phenyloxiran-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butane 5i



Following the GP1 with **12i** as electrophile, **5i** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (dr > 95:5, 78 mg, 66 %) after column chromatography (R_f = 0.3, hexane/EtOAc 8:2). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 2925, 2855, 1604, 1495, 1449, 1400, 1217, 1126, 1075, 929, 907, 767, 734, 700. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.44 – 7.27 (m, 5H, Ar-H), 3.23 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H, OCH), 2.34 – 2.31 (m, 2H, NCH₂), 1.45 – 1.15 (m, 16H, 14 x (CH₂)₇ and 2 x NCH₂), 0.85 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 135.4 (Ar-C_q), 128.2 (2 x Ar-C), 128.0 (Ar-C), 127.4 (2 x Ar-C), 63.9 (OCH), 62.2 (Oxiranyl-C_q), 53.7 (NCH₂), 53.3 (NCH₂), 32.9 (NC_q), 31.9 (CH₂), 29.4 (CH₂), 29.3 (CH₂), 29.2 (CH₂), 28.3 (CH₂), 26.1 (CH₂), 22.7 (CH₂), 14.2 (CH₃). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₉H₂₈NO [M+H]⁺ 286.2171; found 286.2177.

(E)-3-(2-styryloxiran-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butane 5j



Following the GP1 with **12j** as electrophile, **5j** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (41 mg, 50 %) after column chromatography ($R_f = 0.2$, hexane/EtOAc 7:3). FT-IR v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 2919, 2111, 1645, 1494, 1449, 1261, 1157, 1074, 968, 749, 695. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41 – 7.38 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.35 – 7.30 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.29 – 7.25 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 6.94 (d, J = 16.1 Hz, 1H, CH=CH), 6.24 (d, J = 16.1 Hz, 1H, CH=CH), 3.07 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H, OCH₂), 2.91 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H, OCH₂), 2.48 (dd, J = 6.4, 2.7 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.42 (dd, J = 6.4, 2.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.42 (dd, J = 2.6, 0.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.37 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 136.1 (Ar-C_q), 133.7 (CH=CH), 128.8 (2 x Ar-C), 128.4 (Ar-C), 126.7 (2 x Ar-C), 125.8 (CH=CH), 56.4 (Oxiranyl-C_q), 54.8 (OCH₂), 54.0 (NCH₂), 34.0 (NC_q). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₃H₁₃NNaO [M+Na]⁺222.0895; found 222.0894.

1-(1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butan-3-yl)-3-chloro-1-phenylpropan-1-ol 13a



Following the GP1 with **12k** as electrophile, **13a** was obtained as a waxy yellow solid (74 mg, 80%) after washing the crude with ethyl ether (4 mL). FT-IR v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 3177, 2930, 1634, 1446, 1255, 1446, 1255, 1213, 1066, 912, 829, 747, 703, 670. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48 – 7.46 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.38 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 7.31 – 7.28 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 3.63 (td, *J* = 11.0, 5.2 Hz, 1H, CH₂CH₂Cl), 3.23 (td, *J* = 11.0, 5.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂CH₂Cl), 2.61 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 2.5 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.49 (ddd, *J* = 13.6, 11.3, 5.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂CH₂Cl), 2.33 (ddd, *J* = 13.6, 11.3, 5.2 Hz, 1H, CH₂CH₂Cl), 2.28 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 2.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.42 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.27 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.8 (Ar-C_q), 128.6 (2 x Ar-C), 127.7 (Ar-C_q), 125.6 (2 x Ar-C), 72.8 (COH), 54.4 (NCH₂), 53.9 (NCH₂), 44.0 (CH₂CH₂Cl), 39.7 (CH₂CH₂Cl), 37.9 (NC_q). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₂H₁₅ClNO [M+H]⁺ 224.0842; found 224.1436.

3-(2-phenyloxetan-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butane 6a



Following the GP2 with **13a**, **6a** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (29 mg, 78 %) without further purification. FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3058, 2948, 2888, 1492, 1448, 1259, 1134, 1075, 1000, 967, 880, 816, 765, 699. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.46 – 7.41 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.40 – 7.35 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.30 – 7.26 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 4.63 – 4.57 (m, 1H, OCH₂), 4.56 – 4.50 (m, 1H, OCH₂), 2.93 – 2.85 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.80 – 2.72 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.54 - 2.50 (m, 1H, NCH₂), 2.42 – 2.38 (m, 1H, NCH₂), 1.31 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.25 (t, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H, NCH₂).¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.1 (Ar-C_q), 128.3 (2 x Ar-C), 127.5 (Ar-C), 124.6 (2 x Ar-C), 84.5 (OC_q), 65.9 (OCH₂CH₂), 53.1 (NCH₂), 52.2 (NCH₂), 35.3 (NC_q), 31.6 (OCH₂CH₂). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₂H₁₄NO [M+H]⁺ 188.1075; found 188.1067.

1-(1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butan-3-yl)-1-(4-bromophenyl)-3-chloropropan-1-ol 13b



Following the GP1 with **12I** as electrophile, **13b** was obtained as a waxy yellow solid (87 mg, 70 %) after washing the crude with ethyl ether (4 mL). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3400, 1642, 1487, 1448, 1397, 1255, 1132, 1073, 826, 702, 684. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 – 7.48 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.38 – 7.34 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 3.62 (td, *J* = 11.0, 5.2 Hz, 1H, CH₂CH₂Cl), 3.24 (s, OH), 3.20 (td, *J* = 10.9, 5.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂CH₂Cl), 2.61 (dd, *J* = 6.7, 2.3 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.47 – 2.39 (m, 1H, CH₂CH₂Cl), 2.33 - 2.28 (m, 2H, 1H CH₂CH₂Cl and 1H NCH₂), 1.43 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.26 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.1 (Ar-C_q), 131.7 (2 x Ar-C), 127.5 (2 x Ar-C), 121.8 (Ar-C_q), 72.6 (COH), 54.02 (NCH₂), 53.91 (NCH₂), 43.8 (CH₂CH₂Cl), 39.4 (CH₂CH₂Cl), 37.8 (NC_q). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₂H₁₃BrCl₂NO [M+Cl]⁻ 337.9543; found 337.9533.

3-(2-(4-bromophenyl)oxetan-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butane 6b



Following the GP2 with **13b**, **6b** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (34 mg, 65 %) without further purification. FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 2950, 2888, 1486, 1448, 1395, 1134, 1072, 1009, 967, 881, 820, 700. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.55 – 7.49 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.35 – 7.29 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 4.67 – 4.49 (m, 2H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.91 (ddd, *J* = 10.9, 8.7, 6.6 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.73 (ddd, *J* = 10.9, 8.8, 6.8 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.52 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 2.9 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.39 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 2.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.34 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.28 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.2 (Ar-C_q), 131.6 (2 x Ar-C), 126.6 (2 x Ar-C), 121.7 (Ar-C_q), 84.4 (OC_q), 66.0 (OCH₂CH₂), 53.2 (NCH₂), 52.4 (NCH₂), 35.1 (NC_q), 31.7 (OCH₂CH₂). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₂H₁₂BrNNaO [M+Na]⁺ 288.0000; found 287.9994.

1-(1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butan-3-yl)-3-chloro-1-(p-tolyl)propan-1-ol 13c



Following the GP1 with **12m** as electrophile, **13c** was obtained as a waxy yellow solid (79 mg, 80 %) after washing the crude with ethyl ether (4 mL). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3270, 2951, 2920, 1674, 1606, 1513, 1450, 1208, 1182, 1098, 914, 821, 721. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 3.64 (td, *J* = 11.1, 5.1 Hz, 1H, CH₂CH₂Cl), 3.23 (td, *J* = 11.1, 4.9 Hz, 1H, CH₂CH₂Cl), 2.62 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 2.4 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.49 – 2.41 (m, 1H, CH₂CH₂Cl), 2.37 – 2.26 (m, 1H NCH₂ and 1H CH₂CH₂Cl), 2.35 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.41 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.24 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 138.9 (Ar-C_q), 137.3 (Ar-C_q), 129.2 (2 x Ar-C), 125.5 (2 x Ar-C), 72.6 (COH), 53.8 (NCH₂), 53.6 (NCH₂), 43.8 (CH₂CH₂Cl), 39.8 (CH₂CH₂Cl), 38.2 (NCq), 21.1 (CH₃). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₃H₁₆CINNaO [M+Na]⁺ 260.0818; found 260.0818.

3-(2-(p-tolyl)oxetan-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butane 6c



Following the GP2 with **13c**, **6c** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (23 mg, 56 %) without further purification. FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3432, 2949, 29191673, 1513, 1448, 1225, 1181, 1134, 1019, 968, 817, 726. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.37 – 7.32 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 4.61 (ddd, *J* = 8.7, 6.8, 5.7 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 4.57 – 4.52 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.88 (ddd, *J* = 10.8, 8.7, 6.5 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.76 (ddd, *J* = 10.8, 8.8, 6.8 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.54 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 3.0 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.41 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 2.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.36 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.33 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.26 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.3 (Ar-C_q), 137.3 (Ar-C_q), 129.1 (2 x Ar-C), 124.6 (2 x Ar-C), 84.6 (OC_q), 66.0 (OCH₂), 53.2 (NCH₂), 52.3 (NCH₂), 35.5 (NC_q), 31.7 (OCH₂CH₂), 21.3 (CH₃). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₃H₁₅NNaO [M+Na]⁺ 224.1051; found 224.1049.

1-(1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butan-3-yl)-3-chloro-1-(naphthalen-1-yl)propan-1-ol 13d



Following the GP1 with **12n** as electrophile, **13d** was obtained as a waxy yellow solid (96 mg, 85 %) after washing the crude with ethyl ether (4 mL). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3400, 2918, 1723, 1674, 1509, 1325, 1278, 1133, 909, 803, 779, 733. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.41 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H, Ar-H), 7.92 – 7.87 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H, Ar-H), 7.54 – 7.44 (m, 3H, Ar-H), 3.61 (ddd, *J* = 11.2, 10.4, 5.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂CH₂Cl), 3.06 – 2.94 (m, 1H CH₂CH₂Cl and 1H CH₂CH₂Cl), 2.92 (dd, *J* = 6.5, 2.4 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.74 (bs, 1H, OH), 2.50 (ddd, *J* = 12.6, 11.0, 5.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂CH₂Cl), 2.10 (dd, *J* = 6.5, 2.4 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.70 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.43 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR δ (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.4 (Ar-C_q), 134.6 (Ar-C_q), 130.0 (Ar-C_q), 129.6 (Ar-C), 129.3 (Ar-C), 125.8 (Ar-C), 125.5 (Ar-C), 125.4 (Ar-C), 125.3 (Ar-C), 124.7 (Ar-C), 72.9 (COH), 57.9 (NCH₂), 55.5 (NCH₂), 43.9 (CH₂CH₂Cl), 40.1 (CH₂CH₂Cl), 38.5 (NC_q). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₆H₁₆ClNNaO [M+Na]⁺ 296.0818; found 296.0830.

3-(2-(naphthalen-1-yl)oxetan-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butane 6d



Following the GP2 with **13d**, **6d** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (43 mg, 90 %) without further purification. FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 2921, 2103, 1644, 1463, 1393, 1248, 1133, 965, 802, 778, 735. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.93 – 7.85 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 7.81 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H, Ar-H), 7.55 – 7.45 (m, 3H, Ar-H), 4.72 (dd, *J* = 14.1, 7.0 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 4.57 (dd, *J* = 14.8, 6.3 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 3.28 (dd, *J* = 17.1, 8.8 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 3.15 (dd, *J* = 17.7, 9.0 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.63 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.21 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.43 (s, 1H, NCH₂), 1.36 (s, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.2 (Ar-C_q), 134.1 (Ar-C_q), 129.3 (Ar-C_q), 129.1 (Ar-C), 128.5 (Ar-C), 125.8 (Ar-C), 125.6 (Ar-C), 125.4(Ar-C), 124.9 (Ar-C), 123.2 (Ar-C), 84.8 (OC_q), 66.7 (OCH₂CH₂), 54.21 (NCH₂), 53.39 (NCH₂), 35.7 (NC_q), 32.7 (OCH₂CH₂). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₆H₁₅NNaO [M+Na]⁺ 260.1051; found 260.1046.

1-(1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butan-3-yl)-3-chloro-1-(4-fluorophenyl)propan-1-ol 13e



Following the GP1 with **12o** as electrophile, **13e** was obtained as a waxy yellow solid (84 mg, 84 %) after washing the crude with ethyl ether (4 mL). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3272, 2954, 1603, 1508, 1412, 1225, 1159, 1078, 915, 838, 816, 721 ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48– 7.43 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.08 – 7.04 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 3.62 (td, *J* = 11.0, 5.2 Hz, 1H, ClCH₂), 3.22 (td, *J* = 11.0, 5.1 Hz, 1H, ClCH₂), 2.59 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 2.4 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.44 (ddd, *J* = 13.6, 11.2, 5.1 Hz, 1H, ClCH₂CH₂), 2.34 – 2.23 (m, 1H NCH₂ and 1H ClCH₂CH₂), 1.43 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.27 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.3 (d, ¹*J*_{C-F} = 246.5 Hz, Ar-C_q), 137.7 (d, ⁴*J*_{C-F} = 3.1 Hz, Ar-C_q), 127.4 (d, ³*J*_{C-F} = 8.0 Hz, 2 x Ar-C), 115.4 (d, ²*J*_{C-F} = 21.4 Hz, 2 x Ar-C), 72.6 (COH), 54.1 (NCH₂), 53.9 (NCH₂), 44.0 (ClCH₂CH₂), 39.5 (ClCH₂CH₂), 37.8 (NC_q). ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) -114.96 – -115.15 (m, 1F). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₂H₁₄ClFNO [M+H]⁺ 242.0748; found 242.0740.

3-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)oxetan-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butane 6e



Following the GP2 with **13e**, **6e** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (32 mg, 79 %) without further purification. FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3391, 2954, 2891, 1602, 1508, 1411, 1226, 1157, 1134, 969, 837, 817. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.44 – 7.39 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.10 – 7.04 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 4.64 – 4.59 (m, 1H, OCH₂), 4.57 – 4.51 (m, 1H, OCH₂), 2.94 – 2.87 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.78 – 2.71 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.51 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 2.9 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.39 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 2.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.34 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.28 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.3 (d, ¹*J*_{C-F} = 246.0 Hz, Ar-C_q), 139.9 (d, ⁴*J*_{C-F} = 3.2 Hz, Ar-C_q), 126.5 (d, ³*J*_{C-F} = 8.1 Hz, 2 x Ar-C), 115.3 (d, ²*J*_{C-F} = 21.5 Hz, 2 x Ar-C), 84.4 (OC_q), 66.0 (OCH₂), 53.2 (NCH₂), 52.3 (NCH₂), 35.3 (NC_q), 31.7 (OCH₂CH₂). ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -115.02 -115.10 (m, 1F). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₂H₁₃FNO [M+H]⁺ 206.0981; found 206.1015.

1-(1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butan-3-yl)-3-chloro-1-(thiophen-2-yl)propan-1-ol 13f



Following the GP1 with **12p** as electrophile, **13f** was obtained as a waxy yellow solid (76 mg, 80 %) after column chromatography ($R_f = 0.3$, hexane/EtOAc 7:3). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3400, 1651, 1404, 1233, 1190, 1077, 893, 848, 829, 701. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.28 – 7.26 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 7.03 – 6.99 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 3.71 (td, J = 10.8, 5.6 Hz, 1H, ClCH₂), 3.48 (td, J = 10.8, 5.2 Hz, 1H, ClCH₂), 2.57 – 2.50 (m, 2H, 1H ClCH₂CH₂ and 1H NCH₂), 2.48 – 2.41 (m, 1H, ClCH₂CH₂), 2.35 (dd, J = 6.6, 2.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.38 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.33 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 146.6 (Ar-C_q), 127.2 (Ar-C), 125.1 (Ar-C), 124.0 (Ar-C), 72.5 (COH), 54.4 (NCH₂), 53.3 (NCH₂), 44.4 (ClCH₂CH₂), 39.6 (ClCH₂CH₂), 37.9 (NC_q).

3-(2-(thiophen-2-yl)oxetan-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butane 6f



Following the GP2 with **13f**, **6f** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (32 mg, 82 %) without further purification. FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 2917, 2849, 2099, 1644, 1435, 1241, 1132, 949, 868, 818, 702. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34 (dd, *J* = 5.0, 1.3 Hz, 1H, Ar-H), 7.15 (dd, *J* = 3.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H, Ar-H), 7.04 (dd, *J* = 5.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H, Ar-H), 4.67 – 4.60 (m, 1H, OCH₂), 4.59 – 4.53 (m, 1H, OCH₂), 2.90 – 2.84 (m, 2H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.70 (dd, *J* = 6.5, 3.0 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.48 (dd, *J* = 6.5, 2.5 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.42 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.38 (d, *J* = 3.1 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.4 (Ar-C_q), 127.2 (Ar-C), 125.8 (Ar-C), 124.0 (Ar-C), 82.6 (OC_q), 66.0 (OCH₂), 53.6 (NCH₂), 52.3 (NCH₂), 35.1 (NC_q), 32.7 (OCH₂CH₂). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₀H₁₁NNaOS [M+Na]⁺ 216.0459; found 216.0454.

1-(1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butan-3-yl)-4-chloro-1-phenylbutan-1-ol 13g



Following the GP1 with **12q** as electrophile, **13g** was obtained as a waxy white solid (93 mg, 95 %) after washing the crude with ethyl ether (4 mL). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3400, 1654, 1637, 1447, 1310, 1131, 1068, 910, 824, 768, 704, 616. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.50 – 7.46 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.38 – 7.35 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.29 – 7.26 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 3.46 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H, CH₂CH₂Cl₂Cl), 2.81 (bs, OH), 2.63 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 2.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.30 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 2.7 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.19 – 2.11 (m, 1H, CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl), 1.99 – 1.86 (m, 1H CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl and 1H CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl), 1.60 – 1.51 (m, 1H, CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl), 1.41 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.24 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C-NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.8 (Ar-C_q), 128.3 (2 x Ar-C), 127.4 (Ar-C), 125.7 (2 x Ar-C), 73.0 (OH-C_q), 54.1 (NCH₂), 53.96 (NCH₂), 45.6 (CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl), 38.1 (CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl), 31.7 (NC_q), 26.7 (CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₃H₁₇CINO [M+H]⁺ 238.0999; found 238.0995.

3-(2-phenyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butane 7a



Following the GP2 with **13g**, **7a** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (27 mg, 67 %) without further purification. FT-IR $v_{max}/cm^{-1}3434$, 3058, 2947, 1668, 1448, 1386, 1225, 1132, 1057, 992, 820, 768, 703. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.47 – 7.44 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.36 – 7.32 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.29 – 7.24 (m, 1H, Ar-H overlapping CHCl₃), 4.06 (dd, *J* = 14.4, 7.6 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 3.99 (td, *J* = 7.8, 6.0 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 2.36 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 3.0 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.31 – 2.25 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 2.23 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 2.8 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.21 – 2.14 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 2.09 – 2.01 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.94 – 1.85 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.17 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.13 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.1 (Ar-C_q), 128.3 (2 x Ar-C), 127.3 (Ar-C), 125.7 (2 x Ar-C), 83.4 (OC_q) 68.9 (OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 52.8 (NCH₂), 52.3 (NCH₂), 36.3 (OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 35.9 (NC_q), 26.0 (OCH₂CH₂CH₂). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₃H₁₆NO [M+H]⁺ 202,1232; found 202.1225.

1-(1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butan-3-yl)-4-chloro-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)butan-1-ol 13h



Following the GP1 with **12r** as electrophile, **13h** was obtained as a waxy white solid (109 mg, 99 %) after washing the crude with ethyl ether (4 mL). FT-IR $v_{max}/cm^{-1}3293$, 2956, 1722, 1610, 1512, 1462, 1250, 1175, 1101, 1033, 913, 833, 764, 748. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.39 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 3.81 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.46 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H, CH₂Cl), 2.58 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 2.5 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.29 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 2.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.14 - 2.06 (m, 1H, CH₂CH₂Cl), 1.98 - 1.84 (m, 2H, 1H CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl and 1H CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl), 1.62 - 1.53 (m, 1H, CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl), 1.38 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.22 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.8 (Ar-C_q), 135.9 (Ar-C_q), 126.9 (2 x Ar-C), 113.7 (2 x Ar-C), 72.6 (COH), 55.4 (OCH₃), 53.8 (bs, NCH₂), 53.7 (bs, NCH₂), 45.6 (CH₂Cl), 38.2 (NC_q), 38.0 (CH₂CH₂Cl), 26.8 (CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₄H₁₈CINNaO₂ [M+Na]⁺ 290.0918; found 290.0867.

3-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butane 7b



Following the GP2 with **13h**, **7b** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (36 mg, 77 %) without further purification. FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 2949, 1722, 1610, 1510, 1462, 1247, 1175, 1100, 1057, 1034, 960, 832, 730. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 6.87 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 4.05 – 4.00 (m, 1H, OCH₂), 3.99 – 3.92 (m, 1H, OCH₂), 3.79 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.32 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 3.0 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.28 – 2.17 (m, 2H, 1H OCH₂CH₂ and 1H, NCH₂), 2.18 – 2.11 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.08 – 1.98 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.94 – 1.84 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.14 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.12 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.8 (Ar-C_q), 136.1 (Ar-C_q), 126.9 (2 x Ar-C), 113.6 (2 x Ar-C), 83.1 (OC_q), 68.7 (OCH₂), 55.4 (OCH₃), 52.7 (NCH₂), 52.3 (NCH₂), 36.2 (OCH₂CH₂), 35.9 (NC_q), 26.0 (OCH₂CH₂CH₂). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₄H₁₇NNaO₂ [M+Na]⁺ 254.1151; found 254.1156.

1-(1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butan-3-yl)-4-chloro-1-(p-tolyl)butan-1-ol 13i



Following the GP1 with **12s** as electrophile, **13i** was obtained as a white solid (62 mg, 60 %) after washing the crude with ethyl ether (4 mL). M.p. 110-112°C. FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3247, 2920, 2851, 1661, 1510, 1439, 1384, 1218, 1105, 1043, 820, 740. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 3.45 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H, CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl), 2.64 – 2.60 (m, 1H, NCH₂), 2.34 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.32 – 2.28 (m, 1H, NCH₂), 2.11 (ddd, *J* = 14.5, 11.6, 4.7 Hz, 1H, CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl), 1.97 – 1.85 (m, 1H CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl and 1H CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl), 1.62 – 1.52 (m, 1H, CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl), 1.39 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.21 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.9 (Ar-C_q), 136.9 (Ar-C_q), 129.0 (2 x Ar-C), 125.6 (2 x Ar-C), 72.8 (COH), 53.72 (NCH₂), 53.70 (NCH₂), 45.6 (CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl), 38.3 (NC_q), 37.9 (CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl), 26.7 (CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl), 21.1 (CH₃). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₄H₁₈ClNNaO [M+Na]⁺ 274.0975; found 274.0978.

3-(2-(p-tolyl)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butane 7c



Following the GP2 with **13i**, **7c** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (33 mg, 77 %) without further purification. FT-IR $v_{max}/cm^{-1}2945$, 2874, 1721, 1667, 1511, 1455, 1408, 1183, 1131, 1058, 1021, 959, 816. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36 – 7.32 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 4.04 (dd, *J* = 14.3, 7.6 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 3.97 (td, *J* = 7.8, 5.9 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 2.36 – 2.32 (m, 1H, NCH₂), 2.34 (s, 3H, CH₃) 2.28 – 2.21 (m, 1H NCH₂ and 1H OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 2.16 (ddd, *J* = 12.3, 7.9, 6.0 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 2.08 – 1.99 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.94 – 1.84 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.16 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.12 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.1 (Ar-C_q), 136.8 (Ar-C_q), 128.9 (2 x Ar-C), 125.6 (2 x Ar-C), 83.3 (OC_q), 68.8 (OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 52.7 (NCH₂), 52.3 (NCH₂), 36.2 (OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 35.9 (NC_q), 26.0 (OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 21.2 (CH₃). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₄H₁₇NNaO [M+Na]⁺ 238.1208; found 238.1209.

1-(1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butan-3-yl)-4-chloro-1-(naphthalen-1-yl)butan-1-ol 13j



Following the GP1 with **12t** as electrophile, **13j** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (77 mg, 65 %) after column chromatography ($R_f = 0.4$, hexane/EtOAc 8:2). FT-IR v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 3429, 2091, 1644, 1509, 1444, 1389, 1280, 1216, 1174, 1133, 1074, 904, 802, 779. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.45 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H, Ar-H), 7.91 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H, Ar-H), 7.89 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, Ar-H), 7.80 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H, Ar-H), 7.53 – 7.43 (m, 3H, Ar-H), 3.42 – 3.31 (m, 2H, CH₂Cl), 2.94 (dd, J = 6.5, 2.2 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.69 – 2.62 (m, 1H, CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl), 2.20 – 2.11 (m, 2H, 1H CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl and 1H NCH₂), 1.90 – 1.79 (m, 1H, CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl), 1.68 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.40 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.37 – 1.28 (m, 1H, CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 138.4 (Ar-C_q), 134.6 (Ar-C_q), 130.1 (Ar-C_q), 129.5 (Ar-C), 125.8 (Ar-C), 125.6 (Ar-C), 125.3 (Ar-C), 125.2 (Ar-C), 125.0 (Ar-C), 73.3 (COH), 57.3 (NCH₂), 55.6 (NCH₂), 45.4 (CH₂Cl), 38.6 (NC_q), 38.1 (CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl), 27.4 (CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₇H₁₈CINNAO [M+Na]⁺ 310.0975; found 310.0969.

3-(2-(naphthalen-1-yl)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butane 7d



Following the GP2 with **13j**, **7d** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (45 mg, 90 %) without further purification. FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3433, 2102, 1645, 1509, 1393, 1297, 1252, 1132, 1072, 1054, 920, 821, 802, 778, 732. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.29 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H, Ar-H), 7.88 – 7.83 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.77 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H, Ar-H), 7.50 – 7.43 (m, 3H, Ar-H), 4.12 (td, *J* = 7.7, 5.6 Hz, 1H, OCH₂), 3.97 (dd, *J* = 15.1, 7.0 Hz, 1H, OCH₂), 2.69 (ddd, *J* = 12.6, 8.3, 6.0 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 2.60 – 2.53 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 2.47 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 2.9 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.13 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 2.9 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.12 – 2.04 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.96 – 1.86 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.25 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.16 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.7 (Ar-C_q), 134.6 (Ar-C_q), 130.6 (Ar-C_q), 129.1 (Ar-C), 128.6 (Ar-C), 126.4 (Ar-C), 125.39 (Ar-C), 125.37 (Ar-C), 125.22 (Ar-C), 123.9 (Ar-C), 83.9 (OC_q), 68.3 (OCH₂), 53.99 (NCH₂), 53.14 (NCH₂), 37.4 (OCH₂CH₂), 36.4 (NC_q), 26.7 (OCH₂CH₂CH₂). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₇H₁₇NNaO [M+Na]⁺ 274.1208; found 274.1214.

1-(1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butan-3-yl)-4-chloro-1-(naphthalen-2-yl)butan-1-ol 13k



Following the GP1 with **12u** as electrophile, **13k** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (89 mg, 75 %) after column chromatography (R_f = 0.3, hexane/EtOAc 8:2). FT-IR v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 3400, 2099, 1508, 1445, 1309, 1178, 1131, 902, 857, 819, 752, 647. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.00 (s, 1H, Ar-H), 7.92 – 7.80 (m, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 3H, Ar-H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H, Ar-H), 7.52 – 7.46 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 3.55 – 3.38 (m, 2H, CH₂Cl), 2.68 (dd, *J* = 6.5, 2.7 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.33 – 2.24 (m, 2H, 1H NCH₂ and 1H CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl), 2.08 – 2.01 (m, 1H, CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl), 1.98 – 1.88 (m, 1H, CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl), 1.60 – 1.49 (m, 1H, CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl), 1.46 (s, 1H, NCH₂), 1.28 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 140.2 (Ar-C_q), 133.2 (Ar-C_q), 132.7 (Ar-C_q), 128.4 (Ar-C), 128.1 (Ar-C), 127.7 (Ar-C), 126.4 (Ar-C), 126.2 (Ar-C), 124.6 (Ar-C), 124.0 (Ar-C), 73.2 (COH), 54.4 (NCH₂), 54.1 (NCH₂), 45.5 (CH₂Cl), 38.2 (NC_q), 37.9 (CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl), 26.8 (CH₂CH₂Cl). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₇H₁₈ClNNaO [M+Na]⁺ 310.0975; found 310.0976.

3-(2-(naphthalen-2-yl)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butane 7e



Following the GP2 with **13k**, **7e** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (45 mg, 90 %) without further purification. FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3432, 2110, 1647, 1507, 1462, 1272, 1193, 1131, 1058, 906, 857, 820, 749. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.96 (s, 1H, Ar-H), 7.88 – 7.80 (m, 3H, Ar-H), 7.54 (dd, *J* = 8.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H, Ar-H), 7.51 – 7.43 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 4.15 – 4.04 (m, 2H, OCH₂), 2.39 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 3.0 Hz, 1H, NCH₂) 2.38 – 2.33 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.32 – 2.25 (m, 2H, 1H OCH₂CH₂ and 1H NCH₂), 2.13 – 2.05 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.98 – 1.88 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.20 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.16 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.5 (Ar-C_q), 133.2 (Ar-C_q), 132.7 (Ar-C_q), 128.3 (Ar-C), 128.0 (Ar-C), 127.7 (Ar-C), 126.2 (Ar-C), 126.0 (Ar-C), 124.3 (Ar-C), 124.2 (Ar-C), 83.6 (OC_q), 69.0 (OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 52.8 (NCH₂), 52.5 (NCH₂), 36.2 (OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 35.9 (NC_q), 26.1 (OCH₂CH₂CH₂). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₇H₁₇NNaO [M+Na]⁺ 274.1208; found 274.1209.

1-(1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butan-3-yl)-4-chloro-1-(4-fluorophenyl)butan-1-ol 13l



Following the GP1 with **12v** as electrophile, **13I** was obtained as a pale yellow waxy solid (86 mg, 81 %) after washing the crude with ethyl ether (4 mL). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 2956, 2917, 1686, 1601, 1506, 1414, 1306, 1225, 1157, 1012, 908, 834. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.50 – 7.43 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.04 (t, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 3.46 (t, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 2H, CH₂Cl), 2.61 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 2.5 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.33 – 2.30 (m, 1H, NCH₂), 2.14 – 2.05 (m, 1H, CH₂CH₂Cl), 1.97 – 1.85 (m, 2H, 1H CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl and 1H CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl), 1.58 – 1.47 (m, 1H, CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl), 1.41 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.23 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.1 (d, ¹*J*_{C-F} = 245.7 Hz, Ar-CF), 138.7 (d, ⁴*J*_{C-F} = 3.1 Hz, Ar-Cq), 127.5 (d, ³*J*_{C-F} = 8.0 Hz, 2 x Ar-C), 115.2 (d, ²*J*_{C-F} = 21.4 Hz, 2 x Ar-C), 72.6 (COH), 53.9 (NCH₂), 53.6 (NCH₂), 45.4 (CH₂Cl), 38.2 (NCq), 38.0 (CH₂CH₂Cl), 26.6 (CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl). ¹⁹F NMR (470 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -115.63 – -115.75 (m, 1F).

3-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butane 7f



Following the GP2 with **13I**, **7f** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (43 mg, 99 %) without further purification. FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 1644, 1506, 1296, 1221, 1157, 1131, 1055, 1015, 960, 835, 744. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.47 – 7.34 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.07 – 6.95 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 4.09 – 3.91 (m, 2H, OCH₂), 2.35 – 1.81 (m, 6H, 4H $CH_2CH_2CH_2O$ and 2H NCH₂), 1.16 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.13 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz, 1H, NCH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.1 (d, ¹*J*_{C-F} = 245.2 Hz, Ar-C_q), 139.8 (d, ⁴*J*_{C-F} = 3.1 Hz, Ar-C_q), 127.4 (d, ³*J*_{C-F} = 8.0 Hz, 2 x Ar-C), 115.0 (d, ²*J*_{C-F} = 21.3 Hz, Ar-C), 83.2 (OC_q), 68.8 (OCH₂), 52.7 (bs, NCH₂), 52.3 (bs, NCH₂), 36.4 (OCH₂CH₂), 35.7 (NC_q), 26.0 (OCH₂CH₂CH₂). ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -115.93 – -116.03 (m, 1F). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₃H₁₄FNNaO [M+Na]⁺ 242.0957; found 242.0958.

tert-butyl 3-chloro-3-(2-phenyloxiran-2-yl)azetidine-1-carboxylate 8a



Following the GP3 with **5a**, LiCl (0.25 mmol) and Boc₂O, **8a** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (70 mg, 90 %) after column chromatography (R_f = 0.55, hexane/EtOAc 7:3). **FT-IR** v_{max}/cm^{-1} 2979, 1809, 1706, 1394, 1368, 1258, 1156, 1119, 1073, 912, 734, 700. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 – 7.48 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.39 - 7.34 (m, 3H, Ar-H), 4.34 (d, *J* = 9.4 Hz, 2H, NCH₂), 4.02 (d, *J* = 9.2, 2H, NCH₂), 3.05 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H, OCH₂), 3.02 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H, OCH₂), 1.44 (s, 9H, 3 x CH₃). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.1 (C=O), 135.0 (Ar-C_q), 128.8 (Ar-C), 128.4 (2 x Ar-C), 127.9 (2 x Ar-C), 80.5 (OC(CH₃)₃), 63.4, 61.1, 60.6, 52.8 (OCH₂), 28.5 (3 x CH₃). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₆H₂₀CINNaO₃ [M+Na]⁺ 332.1024; found 332.1030.

tert-butyl 3-bromo-3-(2-phenyloxiran-2-yl)azetidine-1-carboxylate 8b



Following the GP3 with **5a**, LiBr (0.25 mmol) and Boc₂O, **8b** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (78 mg, 88 %) after column chromatography (R_f = 0.5, hexane/EtOAc 7:3). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 2979, 1809, 1718, 1455, 1407, 1372, 1263, 1118, 1101, 872, 845, 728. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.54 – 7.51 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.40 – 7.32 (m, 3H, Ar-H), 4.49 (d, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 2H, NCH₂), 4.21 – 4.15 (m, 2H, NCH₂), 3.11 – 3.03 (m, 2H, OCH₂), 1.45 (s, 9H, 3 x CH₃). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.2 (C=O), 146.9 (Ar-Cq), 128.8 (2 x Ar-C), 128.4 (2 x Ar-C), 128.1 (Ar-C), 85.3 (OC_q), 80.5 (OC(CH₃)₃), 61.5 (2 x NCH₂), 54.8 (CBr), 53.7 (OCH₂), 28.5 (3 x CH₃). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₆H₂₀BrNNaO₃ [M+Na]⁺ 376.0524; found 376.0518.

tert-butyl 3-iodo-3-(2-phenyloxiran-2-yl)azetidine-1-carboxylate 8c



Following the GP3 with **5a**, Lil (0.25 mmol) and Boc₂O, **8c** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (75 mg, 75 %) after column chromatography (R_f = 0.4, hexane/EtOAc 8:2). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 2976, 2931, 1713, 1448, 1392, 1280, 1256, 1163, 1063, 859, 756, 699. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.54 – 7.49 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.40 – 7.33 (m, 3H, Ar-H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 4.64 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 4.32 (dd, *J* = 9.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 4.27 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 3.13 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H, OCH₂), 3.04 (d, *J* = 4.3 Hz, 1H, OCH₂), 1.45 (s, 9H, 3 x CH₃).¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.3 (C=O), 136.2 (Ar-C_q), 128.8 (2 x Ar-C), 128.5 (Ar-C), 128.3 (2 x Ar-C), 80.5 (OC(CH₃)₃), 63.7 (bs, NCH₂), 62.9 (Oxiranyl-C_q), 54.8 (OCH₂), 31.0 (C_qI), 28.5 (3 x CH₃). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₆H₂₀INNaO₃⁺ [M+Na]⁺ 424.0386; found 424.0380.

tert-butyl 3-(2-phenyloxiran-2-yl)-3-(phenylthio)azetidine-1-carboxylate 8d



Following the GP4 with **5a** and thiophenol, **8d** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (81 mg, 85 %) after column chromatography ($R_f = 0.4$, hexane/EtOAc 7:3). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 2976, 1703, 1474, 1392, 1367, 1256, 1140, 1025, 915, 859, 752, 697. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 7.52 – 7.48 (m, 2H, Ar-H),

7.39 – 7.31 (m, 6H, Ar-H), 4.19 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 4.09 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 3.95 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂) 3.82 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.86 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 1H, OCH₂), 2.66 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H, OCH₂), 1.40 (s, 9H, CH₃).¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.2 (C=O), 136.6 (Ar-C_q), 135.7 (2 x Ar-C), 130.9 (Ar-C_q), 129.4 (Ar-C), 129.2 (2 x Ar-C), 128.4 (Ar-C), 128.3 (2 x Ar-C), 128.0 (2 x Ar-C), 80.0 (OC(CH₃)₃), 74.2 (OC_qPh), 57.7 (NCH₂), 56.6 (NCH₂), 52.5 (OCH₂), 49.9 (SC_q), 28.5 (3 x CH₃). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₂₂H₂₅NNaO₃S [M+Na]⁺ 406.1453; found 406.1442.

tert-butyl 3-(naphthalen-2-ylthio)-3-((2S*,3R*)-3-octyl-2-phenyloxiran-2-yl)azetidine-1-carboxylate 8e



Following the GP4 with **5i** and naphthalene-2-thiol, **8e** was obtained as a waxy yellow solid (99 mg, 73 %) after column chromatography ($R_f = 0.4$, hexane/EtOAc 7:3). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3056, 2925, 1704, 1698, 1455, 1393, 1255, 1150, 1078, 943, 915, 859, 816, 746. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.03 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H, Ar-H), 7.82 (td, *J* = 9.1, 8.5, 4.1 Hz, 3H, Ar-H), 7.66 – 7.61 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.57 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 1.8 Hz, 1H, Ar-H), 7.55 – 7.50 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.42 – 7.34 (m, 3H, Ar-H), 4.18 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 4.14 (bs, 1H, NCH₂), 4.04 (bs, 1H, NCH₂), 3.68 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.88 – 2.82 (m, 1H, OCH), 1.34 (s, 9H, 3 x CH₃), 1.29 – 1.00 (m, 14H, (CH₂)₇), 0.87 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H, (CH₂)₇CH₃).¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.2 (C=O), 134.6 (Ar-C), 133.6 (Ar-C_q), 133.2 (Ar-C_q), 131.4 (Ar-C), 129.0 (2 x Ar-C), 128.8 (2 x Ar-C), 128.2 (Ar-C_q), 128.0 (3 x Ar-C), 127.9 (Ar-C_q), 127.8 (Ar-C), 127.1 (Ar-C), 126.9 (Ar-C), 79.8 (OC(CH₃)₃), 65.5 (OC_qPh), 61.7 (OCH), 57.3 (bs, 2 x NCH₂), 51.2 (SC_q), 31.9 ((CH₂)₇), 29.4 ((CH₂)₇), 29.3 ((CH₂)₇), 29.2 ((CH₂)₇), 29.1 ((CH₂)₇), 28.4 (3 x CH₃), 26.1 ((CH₂)₇), 22.7 ((CH₂)₇), 14.2 (CH₂CH₃). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₃₄H₄₃NNaO₃S [M+Na]⁺ 568.2861; found 568.2864.

tert-butyl 3-chloro-3-(2-phenyloxetan-2-yl)azetidine-1-carboxylate 9a



Following the GP3 with **6a**, LiCl and Boc₂O, **9a** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (74 mg, 92 %) after column chromatography ($R_f = 0.4$, hexane/EtOAc 7:3). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 2974, 2890, 1706, 1448, 1392, 1366, 1275, 1159, 997, 965, 859, 753, 704. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.49 – 7.44 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.40 – 7.35 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.35 – 7.30 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 4.86 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 4.60 – 4.51 (m, 2H, OCH₂), 4.41 (d, *J* = 10.1 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 4.22 (dd, *J* = 9.3, 1.0 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 3.75 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.99 (dd, *J* = 9.8, 1.9 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.86 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 6.0 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 1.46 (s, 9H, 3 x CH₃). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.3 (CCl) 65.3 (OCH₂), 60.5 (bs, NCH₂), 59.2 (bs, NCH₂) 30.6 (OCH₂CH₂), 28.5 (3 x CH₃). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₇H₂₂ClNNaO₃ [M+Na]⁺ 346.1180; found 346.1185.

tert-butyl 3-bromo-3-(2-phenyloxetan-2-yl)azetidine-1-carboxylate 9b



Following the GP3 with **6a**, LiBr and Boc₂O, **9b** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (78 mg, 85 %) after column chromatography ($R_f = 0.5$, hexane/EtOAc 7:3). FT-IR v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 2975, 2888, 1706, 1448, 1390, 1366, 1274, 1161, 962, 859, 751, 702. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.50 – 7.47 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.40 – 7.36 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.35 – 7.32 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 4.98 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 4.59 (d, J = 10.3 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 4.56 – 4.48 (m, 2H, OCH₂), 4.37 (dt, J = 23.2, 11.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 3.92 (d, J = 10.3 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 3.02 - 2.96 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.91 - 2.86 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 1.46 (s, 9H, 3 x CH₃). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.4 (C=O), 141.3 (Ar-C_q), 128.0 (Ar-C), 127.7 (2 x Ar-C), 126.8 (2 x Ar-C), 87.4 (oxetanyl-OC_q), 80.4 (OC(CH₃)₃), 64.7 (OCH₂), 61.7 (bs, NCH₂) 59.9 (CBr), 59.4 (bs, NCH₂), 31.2 (OCH₂CH₂), 28.5 (3 x CH₃). HRMS *m*/*z* calculated for C₁₇H₂₂BrNNaO [M+Na]⁺ 390.0675; found 390.0667.

tert-butyl 3-iodo-3-(2-phenyloxetan-2-yl)azetidine-1-carboxylate 9c



Following the GP3 with **6a**, Lil and Boc₂O, **9c** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (74 mg, 71 %) after column chromatography (R_f = 0.5, hexane/EtOAc 8:2). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 3422, 2975, 2887, 1704, 1968 1448, 1392, 1271, 1161, 959, 859, 749, 702, 607. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51 - 7.47 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.39 – 7.36 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.34 – 7.30 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 5.09 (d, *J* = 9.3 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 4.80 (d, *J* = 10.3 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 4.50 (dd, *J* = 9.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 4.48 – 4.44 (m, 1H, OCH₂), 4.43 – 4.36 (m, 1H, OCH₂), 4.07 (dd, *J* = 10.3 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 3.01 – 2.93 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.93 – 2.86 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 1.46 (s, 9H, 3 x CH₃). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.4 (C=O), 142.3 (Ar-C_q), 128.0 (Ar-C), 127.7 (2 x Ar-C), 127.0 (2 x Ar-C), 88.7 (oxetanyl-OC_q), 80.4 (OC(CH₃)₃), 64.5 (bs, NCH₂), 63.8 (OCH₂), 62.1 (bs, NCH₂), 40.5 (C_qI), 31.9 (OCH₂CH₂), 28.5 (3 x CH₃). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₇H₂₂INNaO₃ [M+Na]⁺ 438.0537; found 438.0537.

3-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)oxetan-2-yl)-3-iodo-1-tosylazetidine 9d



Following the GP3 with **6e**, Lil and tosyl chloride, **9d** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (110 mg, 90 %) after column chromatography (R_f = 0.4, hexane/EtOAc 8:2). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 2917, 1735, 1599, 1508, 1347, 1223, 1159, 1094, 958, 816, 676. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.77 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 7.34 – 7.29 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.04 – 6.97 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 4.88 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 4.59 (d, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 4.29 – 4.21 (m, 3H, 1H NCH₂ and 2H OCH₂), 3.86 (d, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.88 (dt, *J* = 11.8, 8.5 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.78 – 2.71 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.46 (s, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.4 (d, ¹*J*_{C-F} = 247.6 Hz, Ar-C_q), 144.7 (Ar-C_q), 137.8 (d, ⁴*J*_{C-F} = 3.2 Hz, Ar-C_q), 131.7 (Ar-C_q), 129.9 (2 x Ar-C), 128.6 (d, ³*J*_{C-F} = 8.2 Hz, 2 x Ar-C), 128.5 (2 x Ar-C), 114.7 (d, ²*J*_{C-F} = 21.6 Hz, 2 x Ar-C), 87.9 (OC_q), 64.1 (NCH₂), 63.5 (OCH₂), 62.1 (NCH₂), 38.5 (C_qI), 31.5 (OCH₂CH₂), 21.8 (CH₃). ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) -113.93 – -114.03 (m, 1F). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₉H₁₉FINNaO₃S [M+Na]⁺ 510.0012; found 510.0014.

tert-butyl 3-(2-phenyloxetan-2-yl)-3-(phenylthio)azetidine-1-carboxylate 9e



Following the GP4 with **6a** and thiophenol, **9e** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (77 mg, 78 %) after column chromatography ($R_f = 0.4$, hexane/EtOAc 7:3). FT-IR v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 3435, 2529, 2080, 1645, 1447, 1393, 1366, 1257, 1145, 963, 750, 666. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 – 7.50 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.42 – 7.38 (m, 4H, 4 x Ar-H), 7.36 – 7.31 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.31 – 7.27 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 4.62 – 4.46 (m, 3H, 2H OCH₂ and 1H NCH₂), 4.40 (d, *J* = 9.7 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 4.04 – 3.92 (m, 1H, NCH₂), 3.77 – 3.63 (m, 1H, NCH₂), 3.07 (bs, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.86 – 2.81 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 1.34 (s, 9H, 3 x CH₃). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.1 (C=O), 142.5 (Ar-Cq), 136.3 (2 x Ar-C), 131.1 (Ar-Cq), 129.2 (Ar-C), 129.1 (2 x Ar-C), 127.9 (2 x Ar-C), 127.8 (Ar-C) 126.3 (2 x Ar-C), 88.4 (oxetanyl-OCq), 79.7 (OC(CH₃)₃), 65.4 (OCH₂), 56.1 (bs, NCH₂), 54.2 (CqSPh), 31.4 (OCH₂CH₂), 28.5 (3 x CH₃). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₂₃H₂₇NO₃S [M+Na]⁺ 420.1604; found 420.1611.

tert-butyl 3-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)oxetan-2-yl)-3-((4-nitrophenyl)thio)azetidine-1-carboxylate 9f



Following the GP4 with **6e** and 4-nitrobenzenethiol, **9f** was obtained as a waxy yellow solid (75 mg, 65 %) after column chromatography (R_f = 0.4, hexane/EtOAc 7:3). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 2976, 2250, 1699, 1597, 1578, 1513, 1393, 1342, 1157, 964, 853, 731. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.08 – 8.01 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.43 – 7.36 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.31 – 7.24 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.04 (t, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 4.64 – 4.47 (m, 4H, 2H NCH₂ and 2H OCH₂), 3.97 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 3.87 (bs, 1H, NCH₂), 3.22 – 3.12 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.84 (ddd, *J* = 11.5, 8.4, 5.6 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 1.40 (s, 9H, 3 x CH₃). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.5 (d, ¹*J*_{C-F} = 247.6 Hz, C-F), 155.9 (C=O), 146.8 (Ar-C_q), 142.3 (Ar-C_q), 138.3 (d, ⁴*J*_{C-F} = 3.3 Hz, Ar-C_q), 131.7 (2 x Ar-C), 127.8 (d, ³*J*_{C-F} = 8.1 Hz, 2 x Ar-C), 123.8 (2 x Ar-C) 115.2 (d, ²*J*_{C-F} = 21.5 Hz, 2 x Ar-C), 88.5 (oxetanyl-OC_q), 80.6 (OC(CH₃)₃), 65.3 (OCH₂), 57.0 (bs, NCH₂), 55.6 (bs, NCH₂), 54.1 (C_qSAr), 31.5 (OCH₂CH₂), 28.5 (3 x CH₃). ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ - 113.82 – -113.99 (m, 1F). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₂₃H₂₅FN₂NaO₅S [M+Na]⁺ 483.1366; found 483.1363.

tert-butyl 3-chloro-3-(2-phenyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)azetidine-1-carboxylate 10a



Following the GP3 with **7a**, ZnCl₂ and Boc₂O, **10a** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (80 mg, 95 %) after column chromatography ($R_f = 0.4$, hexane/EtOAc 8:2). FT-IR v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 2980, 1703, 1447, 1416, 1365, 1255, 1161, 1139, 1056, 859, 754, 707. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60 – 7.55 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.36 – 7.28 (m, 3H, Ar-H), 4.49 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 4.42 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 4.10 – 4.02 (m, 2H, 1H NCH₂ and 1H OCH₂), 3.94 (td, J = 8.3, 4.7 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 3.67 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.53 (ddd, J = 12.4, 7.7, 3.0 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 2.12 – 2.04 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 2.03 – 1.92 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.80 – 1.69 (m, Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.45 (s, 9H, 3 x CH₃). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.4 (C=O), 140.2 (Ar-C_q), 127.9 (2 X Ar-C), 127.8 (Ar-C), 127.6 (2 x Ar-C), 87.6 (tetrahydrofuranyl-OC_q), 80.0 (OC(CH₃)₃), 69.1 (OCH₂), 67.4 (CCl), 61.0 (bs, NCH₂), 34.4 (OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 28.5 (3 x CH₃), 25.7 (OCH₂CH₂CH₂). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₉H₂₆BrNNaO₃ [M+Na]⁺ 360.1342; found 360.1331.

tert-butyl 3-bromo-3-(2-phenyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)azetidine-1-carboxylate 10b



Following the GP3 with **7a**, LiBr and Boc₂O, **10b** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (81 mg, 85 %) after column chromatography ($R_f = 0.4$, hexane/EtOAc 8:2). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 2965, 1720, 1578, 1455, 1408, 1455, 1263, 1117, 1100, 1017, 874, 727. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.59 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 7.38 – 7.28 (m, 3H, Ar-H), 4.61 (dd, J = 20.7, 9.7 Hz, 2H, NCH₂), 4.25 (d, J = 9.4, 1H, NCH₂), 4.08 (q, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 3.96 (td, J = 8.3, 4.6 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 3.87 (d, J = 10.1 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.62 – 2.55 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 2.15 – 2.05 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 2.03 – 1.94 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.79 – 1.70 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.45 (s, 3 x CH₃). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.5 (C=O) 140.5 (Ar-Cq), 127.9 (Ar-C), 127.8 (2 x Ar-C), 127.7 (2 x Ar-C), 87.8 (OC_qPh), 80.1 (OC(CH₃)₃), 69.2 (OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 62.0 (bs, 2 x NCH₂), 60.9 (CBr), 35.0 (OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 28.5 (3 x CH₃), 25.7 (OCH₂CH₂CH₂). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₈H₂₄BrNNaO₃ [M+Na]⁺ 404.0832; found 404.0833.

tert-butyl 3-iodo-3-(2-phenyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)azetidine-1-carboxylate 10c



Following the GP3 with **7a**, Lil and Boc₂O, **10c** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (84 mg, 78 %) after column chromatography ($R_f = 0.4$, hexane/EtOAc 7:3). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 2974, 1718, 447, 1407, 1263, 1119, 1100, 1047, 1018, 913, 727, 702. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.57 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 7.38 – 7.28 (m, 3H Ar-H), 4.81 – 4.75 (m, 2H, NCH₂), 4.41 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 4.13 – 4.04 (m, 2H, 1H NCH₂ and 1H OCH₂), 3.97 (td, *J* = 8.3, 4.6 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.62 (ddd, *J* = 12.3, 7.7, 2.8 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.18 – 2.09 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.06 – 1.96 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.84 – 1.72 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.45 (s, 9H, CH₃). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.5 (C=O), 141.6 (Ar-C_q), 127.9 (3 x Ar-C), 127.7 (2 x Ar-C), 88.4 (tetrahydrofuranyl-OC_q), 80.1 (OC(CH₃)₃), 69.3 (OCH₂), 64.6 (bs, 2 x NCH₂), 40.9 (IC), 35.5 (OCH₂CH₂), 28.5 (3 x CH₃), 25.8 (OCH₂CH₂CH₂). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₈H₂₄INNaO₃ [M+Na]⁺ 452.0693; found 452.0692.

tert-butyl 3-bromo-3-(2-(p-tolyl)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)azetidine-1-carboxylate 10d



Following the GP3 with **7c**, LiBr and Boc₂O, **10d** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (91 mg, 92 %) after column chromatography (R_f = 0.4, hexane/EtOAc 7:3). FT-IR v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 3419, 1702, 1409, 1365, 1225, 1156, 1050, 975, 938, 860, 805, 767. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.47 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 4.60 (dd, *J* = 15.2, 9.8 Hz, 2H, NCH₂), 4.24 (dd, *J* = 9.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 4.06 (dd, *J* = 15.5, 7.8 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 3.94 (td, *J* = 8.3, 4.6 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 3.87 (d, *J* = 10.1 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.56 (ddd, *J* = 12.5, 7.7, 2.9 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 2.34 (s, 3H, Ar-CH₃), 2.11 – 2.02 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 2.01 – 1.93 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.80 – 1.70 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.44 (s, 9H, 3 x CH₃). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.5 (C=O), 137.6 (Ar-C_q), 137.5 (Ar-C_q), 128.6 (2 x Ar-C), 127.6 (2 x Ar-C), 87.7 (OC_qAr), 80.0 (OC(CH₃)₃), 69.2 (OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 61.9 (bs, 2 x NCH₂), 61.1 (CBr), 35.0 (OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 28.5 (3 x CH₃), 25.7 (OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 21.2 (Ar-CH₃). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₉H₂₆BrNNaO₃ [M+Na]⁺ 418.0994; found 418.1007.

tert-butyl-3-(2-phenyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)-3-(phenylthio)azetidine-1-carboxylate 10e



Following the GP4 with **7a** and thiophenol, **10e** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (92 mg, 90 %) after column chromatography ($R_f = 0.4$, hexane/EtOAc 7:3). **FT-IR** v_{max}/cm^{-1} 2979, 1810, 1719, 1450, 1408, 1372, 1263, 1213, 1119, 912, 730. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.59 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 7.52 – 7.47 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 7.39 – 7.19 (m, 7H, Ar-H overlapping CHCl₃ signal), 4.35 – 4.22 (m, 2H, NCH₂), 4.04 (q, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H, OCH₂), 3.97 – 3.83 (m, 2H, 1H NCH₂ and 1H OCH₂), 3.71 – 3.54 (m, 1H, NCH₂), 2.59 – 2.51 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.20 – 2.09 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.02 - 1.94 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.81 – 1.69 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.30 (s, 9H, 3 x CH₃). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.1 (C=O), 141.7 (Ar-Cq), 136.5 (2 x Ar-C), 131.3 (Ar-Cq), 129.2 (Ar-C), 129.0 (2 x Ar-C), 128.0 (Ar-C), 127.7 (2 x Ar-C), 127.3 (2 x Ar-C), 88.4 (tetrahydrofuranyl-OCq), 79.4 (OC(CH₃)₃), 68.3 (OCH₂), 57.3 (bs, 2 x NCH₂), 54.9 (CqSPh), 34.6 (OCH₂CH₂), 28.4 (3 x CH₃), 25.7 (OCH₂CH₂CH₂). **HRMS** *m/z* calculated for C₂₄H₂₉NNaO₃S [M+H]⁺ 434.1760; found 434.1763.

tert-butyl 3-((2-bromophenyl)thio)-3-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)azetidine-1-carboxylate 10f



Following the GP4 with **7b** and 2-bromothiophenol, **10f** was obtained as a waxy yellow solid (108 mg, 83 %) after column chromatography ($R_f = 0.4$, hexane/EtOAc 7:3). FT-IR v_{max}/cm^{-1} 2975, 1698, 1609, 1510, 1444, 1299, 1250, 1177, 1054, 912, 829, 755, 732. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.64 (dd, *J* = 6.8, 2.6 Hz, 1H, Ar-H), 7.54 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 7.30 – 7.25 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 7.19 – 7.12 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 6.89 – 6.85 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 4.37 (d, *J* = 9.7 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 4.25 – 4.17 (m, 1H, NCH₂), 4.04 (q, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H, OCH₂), 3.87 (td, *J* = 8.3, 5.0 Hz, 1H, OCH₂), 3.84 – 3.63 (m, 5H, 2H NCH₂ and 3H OCH₃), 2.60 (ddd, *J* = 12.7, 7.9, 3.1 Hz, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.28 – 2.17 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂), 2.05 – 1.95 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.82 – 1.70 (m, 1H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.31 (bs, 9H, 3 x CH₃). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.3 (C=O), 156.1 (Ar-C_q), 137.2 (Ar-C), 133.7 (Ar-C), 133.2 (Ar-C_q), 131.4 (Ar-C_q), 130.3 (Ar-C), 128.6 (2 x Ar-C), 127.9 (Ar-C), 113.4 (2 x Ar-C), 88.2 (tetrahydrofuranyl-OC_q), 79.4 (OC(CH₃)₃), 68.3 (OCH₂), 57.8 (bs, NCH₂), 56.8 (bs, NCH₂), 56.2 (C_qSPh), 55.3 (OCH₃), 34.3 (OCH₂CH₂), 28.5 (3 x CH₃), 25.8 (OCH₂CH₂CH₂). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₂₅H₃₀BrNNaO₄S [M+H]⁺ 542.0977; found 542.0966.

1-(1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butan-3-yl)-1-phenylhexan-1-ol 14



To a stirred solution of **5a** (40 mg, 0.23 mmol) in dry ethyl ether (3 mL) at -78°C, butylmagnesium chloride (2.0 M in ethyl ether, 0.138 mL) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm at room temperature in 15 minutes and quenched with water (1 mL). The crude was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 3 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. Compound **14** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (29 mg, 55 %) after column chromatography (R_f = 0.6, hexane/EtOAc 6:4). FT-IR v_{max}/cm⁻¹ 3270, 2928, 1494, 1447, 1217, 1129, 1068, 1034, 920, 825, 705. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.50 – 7.46 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.38 – 7.33 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.29 – 7.24 (m, 1H, Ar-H overlapping CHCl₃), 2.56 (dd, *J* = 6.7, 2.7 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.27 (dd, *J* = 6.7, 2.8 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.96 (ddd, *J* = 13.7, 12.1, 4.5

Hz, 1H, pentyl-CH₂), 1.80 (ddd, J = 13.7, 11.9, 4.5 Hz, 1H, pentyl-CH₂), 1.46 – 1.34 (m, 2H, 1H pentyl-CH₂ and 1H NCH₂), 1.30 – 1.15 (m, 5H, 4H pentyl-CH₂ and 1H NCH₂), 1.10 – 1.00 (m, 1H, pentyl-CH₂), 0.82 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, pentyl-CH₃). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.5 (Ar-C_q), 128.2 (2 x Ar-C), 127.1 (Ar-C), 125.8 (2 x Ar-C), 73.3 (C_qOH), 54.1 (NCH₂), 54.0 (NCH₂), 40.8 (pentyl-CH₂), 38.0 (NC_q), 32.2 (pentyl-CH₂), 22.9 (pentyl-CH₂), 22.6 (pentyl-CH₂), 14.1 (pentyl-CH₃). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₅H₂₂NO [M+H]⁺ 232.1701; found 232.1702.

tert-butyl 4-(hydroxydiphenylmethyl)-3-(2-(p-tolyl)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)azete-1(2H)-carboxylate 15



To a stirred solution of **10d** (60 mg, 0.15 mmol) and benzophenone (55 mg, 0.3 mmol) in dry THF (2 mL) at -78°C, LDA (2.0 M in THF/heptane/ethylbenzene, 0.175 mL) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm at room temperature in 15 minutes and quenched with water (1 mL). The crude was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 3 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. Compound **15** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (63 mg, 85 %) after column chromatography (R_f = 0.6, hexane/EtOAc 8:2). FT-IR v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 3272, 1673, 1448, 1416, 1368, 1239, 1156, 1047, 910, 873, 813, 758, 700. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48 – 7.44 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.35 – 7.23 (m, 8H, Ar-H), 7.09 (s, 4H, Ar-H), 4.10 (s, 1H, NCH₂), 3.66 – 3.52 (m, 2H, OCH₂), 2.33 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.67 – 1.46 (m, 4H, OCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.28 (s, 9H, 3 x CH₃). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.1 (C=O), 145.8 (C_q), 144.2 (C_q), 143.6 (C_q), 141.3 (C_q), 136.8 (C_q), 128.9 (2 x Ar-C), 128.5 (2 x Ar-C), 128.2 (2 x Ar-C), 128.0 (2 x Ar-C), 127.9 (C_q), 127.8 (2 x Ar-C), 127.7 (Ar-C), 125.5 (2 x Ar-C), 83.8 (C_q), 81.3 (C_q), 77.6 (C_q), 66.6 (OCH₂), 55.0 (NCH₂), 36.2 (OCH₂CH₂), 28.3 (3 x CH₃), 25.7 (OCH₂CH₂), 21.2 (Ar-CH₃). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₃₂H₃₅NNaO₄ [M+Na]⁺ 520.2464; found 520.2475.

3-(3,3-dibutyl-1-phenylaziridin-2-yl)-1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butane 18



Following the GP1 with **16** as electrophile, **18** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (94 mg, 80 %) after column chromatography ($R_f = 0.6$, hexane/EtOAc 8:2). FT-IR v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 2956, 2930, 1598, 1488, 1455, 1287, 1263, 1172, 1127, 946, 765, 696. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.23 – 7.15 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 6.93 (tt, *J* = 7.4, 1.1 Hz, 1H, Ar-H), 6.87 – 6.83 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 2.53 (dd, *J* = 6.4, 2.9 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.45 (dd, *J* = 6.4, 2.5 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.33 (s, 1H, aziridinyl-CH), 1.89 – 1.78 (m, 2H, butyl-CH₂), 1.65 – 1.57 (m, 2H, butyl-CH₂), 1.53 – 1.15 (m, 9H, 7H butyl-CH₂ and 2H NCH₂), 0.97 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H, butyl-CH₃), 0.84 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H, butyl-CH₃), 0.56 – 0.48 (m, 1H, butyl-CH₂). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.0 (Ar-C_q), 128.9 (2 x Ar-C), 121.9 (Ar-C), 120.5 (2 x Ar-C), 54.5 (NCH₂), 54.1 (NCH₂), 50.5 (aziridinyl-C_q), 48.1 (aziridinyl-CH), 31.69 (butyl-CH₂), 31.65 (butyl-CH₂), 29.2 (ABB-C_q), 29.0 (butyl-CH₂), 28.4 (butyl-CH₂), 23.3 (butyl-CH₂), 22.8 (butyl-CH₂), 14.3 (butyl-CH₃), 14.2 (butyl-CH₃). HRMS *m/z* calculated for C₁₉H₂₉N₂ [M+H]⁺ 285.2331; found 285.2340.

N-((1-azabicyclo[1.1.0]butan-3-yl)(phenyl)methyl)-N-(tert-butyl)hydroxylamine 19



Following the GP1 with **17** as electrophile, **19** was obtained as a white waxy solid (91 mg, 95%) after washing the crude with ethyl ether (4 mL). FT-IR v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 2971, 2934, 1703, 1453, 1363, 1327, 1219, 1075, 1028, 939, 901, 833, 701. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51 – 7.45 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.34 – 7.22 (m, 3H, Ar-H), 5.16 (bs, 1H, OH), 4.47 (s, 1H, CHPh), 2.38 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 2.8 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 2.15 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 2.8 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.29 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.12 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.07 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 138.6 (Ar-C_q), 128.9 (2 x Ar-C), 127.3 (2 x Ar-C), 126.6 (Ar-C), 63.2 (CHPh), 59.0 (*C*(CH₃)₃), 54.6 (NCH₂), 51.9 (NCH₂), 32.2 (NC_q), 26.1 (C(*C*H₃)₃). HRMS *m*/z calculated for C₁₄H₂₁N₂O [M+H]⁺ 233.1654; found 233.1646.

tert-butyl 2-(tert-butyl)-3-phenyl-1-oxa-2,6-diazaspiro[3.3]heptane-6-carboxylate 20



To a stirred solution of **19** (60 mg, 0.26 mmol) and Boc₂O (85 mg, 0.39 mmol) in DCM (2.5 mL), Amberlyst 15 (40 mg) was added. After stirring for 16h at room temperature, the mixture was filtered and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Compound **20** was obtained as a pale yellow oil (64 mg, 74 %) after column chromatography ($R_f = 0.3$, hexane/EtOAc 9:1). FT-IR v_{max} /cm⁻¹ 2974, 2934, 1704, 1478, 1455, 1393, 1366, 1173, 1100, 898, 766, 700. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.47 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 7.41 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H, Ar-H), 7.36 – 7.31 (m, 1H, Ar-H), 4.91 (s, 1H, CHPh), 4.21 (dd, *J* = 10.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 4.06 (dd, *J* = 10.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 3.90 (dd, *J* = 10.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 3.65 (d, *J* = 10.3 Hz, 1H, NCH₂), 1.36 (s, 9H, OC(CH₃)₃), 1.07 (s, 9H, NC(CH₃)₃). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.2 (C=O), 137.4 (Ar-C_q), 129.0 (2 x Ar-C), 128.6 (Ar-C), 127.6 (2 x Ar-C), 80.9 (OC(CH₃)₃), 79.9 (spiro-C_q), 68.2 (CHPh), 62.7 (bs, NCH₂), 59.2 (N*C*(CH₃)₃), 59.1 (bs, NCH₂), 28.4 (OC(*C*(H₃)₃), 23.4 (NC(*C*(H₃)₃). HRMS *m*/z calculated for C₁₉H₂₈N₂NaO₃ [M+Na]⁺ 355.1998; found 355.2003.

6. Copy of NMR spectra





(500 MHz, CDCl₃)





S29



S30





S32







¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃)










¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃)







6a ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃)





13b ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃)





¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃)



 $\sum_{7.35}^{7.37}$ $\sum_{7.35}^{7.18}$





8.42 9.46 9.47 9.47 9.49 9.59



































¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃)









7.47 7.46 7.46 7.45 7.45 7.45 7.04 7.03



¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃)



-115.68 -115.69 -115.70 -115.71 -115.71


























-1.46











7,752 7,752 7,752 7,7557 7,7557 7,7557 7,7557 7,7557 7,7557 7,7557 7,7557 7,7557 7,7



S78

-1.34







0 20 10 0 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 -80 -90 f1 (ppm) -60 -70 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -2





7.59 7.35 7.33 7.33 7.33 7.33 7.29 4.04 4.05 4.05 4.05 3.39

















0.0882 0.0882













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