Supporting Information

Ru(II)-Catalyzed External Auxiliary Free Primary Amide Directed Inverse

Sonogashira Reaction on (Hetero)Aryl-Amides

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General Consideration. Unless otherwise noted, all reagents were purchased from a commercial supplier and used without further purification. All the benzamides were prepared by following the reported procedure in literature,¹ and TIPS-protocted bromoacetylene were purchased from Sigma Aldrich and Alfa Aeser. All the reactions were run in sealed tubes, and the indicated temperature was that of an oil bath. 1,2-dichloroethane was dried prior to use. ¹H NMR spectra were recorded at 400 MHz and ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectra were recorded at 100 MHz, CDCl₃ and DMSO- d_6 were used as a solvent. Chemical shifts are reported in (δ) ppm referenced to CDCl₃ (δ 7.26), DMSO- d_6 (δ 2.50) for ¹H NMR and CDCl₃ (δ 77.0), DMSO- d_6 (δ 39.5) for ¹³C NMR. The following abbreviations were used to explain multiplicities: (s, singlet; d, doublet; t, triplet; q, quartet; m, multiple, br, broad singlet), coupling constant (Hertz). Infrared spectra were recorded by FT-IR apparatus. Highresolution mass spectra (HRMS) spectra were obtained on ESI-TOF (electron spray ionization-time of flight) spectrometer and acetonitrile was used to dissolve the sample. Melting points were recorded with an automated melting point apparatus without correction. Column chromatography was performed on silica gel (100-200) mesh using ethyl acetate and hexanes as eluents in different ratios.

2. Table S1: Optimization table for mono-alkynylated arylamides

O NH ₂ +		$\begin{array}{c c} Br & [RuCl_2(p\text{-cymene})]_2 \ (5 \ mol \ \%) \\ & AgSbF_6 \ (20 \ mol \ \%) \\ \hline & Ag2CO_3(x \ equiv) \\ TIPS & NaOAc \ (20 \ mol \ \%) \end{array}$		NH ₂	
		solvent,	12 n	1122	
entry	solvent	additive (1: 1)	temperature (°C)	yield (%) ^b	
1.	DCE	NaOAc : AgSbF ₆	110	80	
2.	Chloroform	NaOAc : AgSbF ₆	110	60	
3.	Toluene	NaOAc : AgSbF ₆	110	18	
4.	THF	NaOAc : AgSbF ₆	110	38	
5.	DCE	NaOAc : AgSbF ₆	110	78 ^c	
6.	DCE	$NaOAc: AgSbF_6$	110	75 ^d	
7.	DCE	NaOAc : AgSbF ₆	110	80 ^e	
8.	DCE	$NaOAc : AgSbF_6$	110	72	
9.	DCE	NaOAc : AgSbF ₆	rt	16	
10.	DCE	NaOAc : AgSbF ₆	60	83	
11.	DCE	NaOAc : AgSbF ₆	80	75	
12.	DCE	NaOAc : AgSbF ₆	60	96 ^f	
13.	DCE	NaOAc ÷	60	60	
14.	DCE	– : AgSbF ₆	60	30	
15.	DCE	NaOAc : AgSbF ₆	110	14 ^g	
16.	DCE	$NaOAc: AgSbF_6$	110	trace ^h	

^aReaction conditions: 1a (0.1 mmol), 2a (0.22 mmol), [RuCl₂(*p*-cymene)]₂ (5 mol %), additive (1:1) (20.0 mol %), Ag₂CO₃ (1.0 equiv), solvent (1.5 mL) at 110 °C for 12 h. ^bIsolated yield of product. ^c1.2 equiv of 2a was used, ^d2.5 mol% of Ru catalyst was used. ^e0.5 equiv of Ag₂CO₃ was used. ^f2.5 mol% of Ru catalyst. 0.5 equiv of Ag_2CO_3 at 60° C was used.^{*g*} Without Ag_2CO_3 . ^{*h*}Without Ru catalyst.





entry	solvent	additive	temperature	temperature yield (%) ^b	
		(1:1)	(°C)	5a	5aa
1.	DCE	NaOAc : AgSbF ₆	RT	6	23
2.	DCE	NaOAc : AgSbF ₆	60	52	19
3.	DCE	$NaOAc: AgSbF_{6}$	60	53	40 ^c
4.	DCE	$NaOAc : AgSbF_{6}$	110	92 ^c	trace
5	DCE	NaOAc: -	60	-	20 ^d
6.	DCE	-	60	-	70 ^e

^{*a*}Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.1 mmol), **2a** (0.1 mmol), [RuCl₂(p-cymene)]₂ (2.5 mol %), additive (20.0 mol %), Ag₂CO₃ (0.5 equiv), solvent (1.5 mL) for 12 hr. ^{*b*}Isolated yield of product. ^{*c*} 5.0 mol% of Ru catalyst, 1.0 equiv of Ag₂CO₃, 2.2 equiv of **2a** was used. ^{*d*} 5.0 mol% of Ru catalyst, 1.0 equiv of NaOAc was used, ^{*e*} 5.0 mol% of Ru catalyst, 1.0 equiv of Ag₂CO₃ was used.

3. General procedure for the synthesis of *ortho*-mono-alkynylated arylamide derivatives (GP-A, 3a-3g).

To a clean oven-dried 15 mL sealed tube equipped with magnetic stir bar was sequentially added benzamide (0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv), [RuCl₂(*p*-cymene]₂ (2.5 mol %, 1.56 mg), NaOAc (20 mol %), Ag₂CO₃ (0.5 equiv). Then DCE (1.5 mL) was added followed by addition of 1-bromo-2-(triisopropylsilyl)acetylene (2.2 equiv) into reaction mixture. Subsequently, AgSbF₆ (20 mol %) was added under a nitrogen atmosphere and the reaction tube was flushed with nitrogen. The tube was tightly closed and placed in a preheated oil bath at 60 °C and was stirred for 12 h according to the conversion estimated by TLC. The reaction was monitored by TLC and after completion, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, and diluted with DCM (10 mL), then filtered through a short pad of celite, and washed with DCM (20 mL x 3). The filtrate was concentrated and the product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (100-200 mess) using ethyl acetate/hexanes as eluent.

4. General procedure for the synthesis of *ortho*-di-alkynylated arylamide derivatives (GP-B, 5a-5z).

To a clean oven-dried 15 mL sealed tube equipped with magnetic stir bar was sequentially added benzamide (0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv), [RuCl₂(*p*-cymene]₂ (5 mol %, 3.05 mg), NaOAc (20 mol %), Ag₂CO₃ (1.0 equiv). Then DCE (1.5 mL) was added followed by addition of 1-bromo-2-(triisopropylsilyl)acetylene (2.2 equiv) into reaction mixture. Subsequently, AgSbF₆ (20 mol %) was added under a nitrogen atmosphere and the reaction tube was flushed with nitrogen. The tube was tightly closed and placed in a preheated oil bath at 110 °C and was stirred for 12 h according to the conversion estimated by TLC. The reaction was monitored by TLC and after completion, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, and diluted with DCM (10 mL), then filtered through a short pad of celite and washed with DCM (20 mL x 3). The filtrate was concentrated and the product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (100-200 mess) using ethyl acetate/hexanes as eluent.

5. General procedure for the synthesis of mono-alkynylated arylamide derivatives (GP-C,

5ab-5ag)

To a clean oven-dried 15 mL sealed tube equipped with magnetic stir bar was sequentially added benzamide (0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv), [RuCl₂(*p*-cymene]₂ (5 mol %, 3.05 mg), Ag₂CO₃ (1.0 equiv). Then DCE (1.5 mL) was added followed by addition of 1-bromo-2-(triisopropylsilyl)acetylene

(1.0 equiv) into reaction mixture. Subsequently, the reaction tube was flushed with nitrogen. The tube was tightly closed and placed in a preheated oil bath at 60 °C and was stirred for 12 h according to the conversion estimated by TLC. The reaction was monitored by TLC and after completion, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, and diluted with DCM (10 mL), then filtered through a short pad of celite and washed with DCM (20 mL x 3). The filtrate was concentrated and the product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (100-200 mess) using ethyl acetate/hexanes as eluent.

5. Characterization of products:

2-Methyl-6-((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (3a)

Following GP-A, **3a** was isolated as white solid (30.2 mg, 96% yield); Mp 123-125 °C; R_f (8:2 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3450, 3161, TIPS 2940, 2863, 2147, 1609, 1455, 1382, 1066, 1015 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.24 – 7.15 (m, 2H), 6.22 (s, 1H), 5.88 (s, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 1.11 (s, 21H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.7, 138.8, 135.4, 130.5, 130.3, 128.8, 120.3, 104.2, 95.1, 19.5, 18.6, 11.2. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₉NOSi [M+ H]⁺ 316.2091 found 316.2096.

2-Methoxy-6-((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (3b)

Following GP-A, **3b** was isolated as white solid (30.6 mg, 93% yield); Mp 122-123 °C; R_f (7:3 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3491, 3118, 2938, 2863, 2144, 1678, 1571, 1464, 1383, 1279, 1074 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.25 – 7.21 (m, 1H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (d, *J* = 8.3

Hz, 1H), 5.93 (s, 1H), 5.82 (s, 1H, 3.82 (s, 3H), 1.08 (s, 21H).¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ

168.2, 156.1, 130.1, 128.3, 125.4, 122.2, 111.5, 103.6, 95.5, 56.0, 18.6, 11.2. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₉NO₂Si [M+ H]⁺ 332.2040. found 332.2044.

2-Fluoro-6-((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (3c)

Following GP-A, **3c** was isolated as white solid (29.7 mg, 94% yield); Mp 99-101 °C; R_f (8:2 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3466, 3170, 2865, 2942, 2153, 1659, 1611, ,1456, 1397, 1366, 1234, 991 cm^{-1.1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34 – 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.12 – 7.06 (m, 1H), 6.31 (s, 1H), 6.01 (s, 1H), 1.12 (s, 21H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.7, 159.2(d, ¹J_{C-F} = 249.0 Hz), 130.9 (d, ³J_{C-F} = 9.0 Hz), 129.2 (d, ⁴J_{C-F} = 3.0 Hz), 126.49, 126.32, 123.0(d, ⁴J_{C-F} = 4.0 Hz), 116.4 (d, ²J_{C-F} = 22.0 Hz), 102.6 (d, ⁴J_{C-F} = 4.0 Hz), 97.48, 18.58, 11.20. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₈H₂₆FNOSi [M+ H]⁺ 320.1840 found 320.1835.

2-Chloro-6-((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (3d)

Following GP-A, **3d** was isolated as white solid (31.0 mg, 93% yield); Mp 123-125 °C; R_f (8:2 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3446, 3157, 2939, 2862, 2160, 1648, 1611, 1462, 1439, 1385, 1073 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.44 (dd, J = 7.7, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (dd, J = 8.1, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.31 – 7.27 (m, 1H), 6.38 (s, 1H), 5.84 (s, 1H), 1.14 (s, 21H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.7, 138.4, 131.2, 130.9, 129.8, 129.6, 122.6, 102.5, 96.9, 18.6, 11.2. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z calcd for $C_{18}H_{26}CINOSi [M+H]^+$ 336.1545 found 336.1551.

2-Bromo-6-((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (3e)

Br O Following GP-A, **3e** was isolated as white solid(31.0 mg, 83% yield); Mp 147-148 °C; R_f (8:2 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3446, 3160, TIPS 2939, 2862, 2162, 1649, 1610, 1597, 1462, 1436, 1382, 1073 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.53 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (s, 1H), 5.77 (s, 1H), 1.11 (s, 21H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.4, 140.4, 132.8, 131.7, 129.9, 122.6, 119.2, 102.6, 96.9, 18.6, 11.2. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z calcd for C₁₈H₂₆BrNOSi [M+ H]⁺ 380.1040 found 380.1047.

2-(Trifluoromethyl)-6-((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (3f)

Following GP-A, **3f** was isolated as white solid (26 mg, 70% yield); Mp 103-105 °C; R_f (9:1 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3447, 3163, 2939, 2864, 2169, 1651, 1606, ,1463, 1390, 1320, 1169, 1119, 908 cm-¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.70 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.15 (s, 1H), 5.79 (s, 1H), 1.12 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz, 21H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.8, 137.5(q, ⁴*J*_{C-F} = 2.0 Hz), 136.2, 129.1, 127.7 (d, ²*J*_{C-F} = 32.0 Hz), 125.8 (q, ³*J*_{C-F} = 5.0 Hz), 123.1 (d, ¹*J*_{C-F} = 273.0 Hz), 122.7, 102.2, 97.7, 18.6, 11.2. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₆F₃NOSi [M+ H]⁺ 370.1809. found 370.1814.

3-Chloro-2-fluoro-6-((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (3g)



1H), 1.12 (d, J = 2.9 Hz, 21H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.5, 154.7 (d, ¹ $J_{C-F} = 251.0$ Hz),

131.3, 129.4 (d, ${}^{4}J_{C-F} = 4.0 \text{ Hz}$), 127.9 (d, ${}^{2}J_{C-F} = 18.0 \text{ Hz}$), 122.2 (d, ${}^{2}J_{C-F} = 18.0 \text{ Hz}$),121.3 (d, ${}^{4}J_{C-F} = 4.0 \text{ Hz}$), 101.7 (d, ${}^{4}J_{C-F} = 4.0 \text{ Hz}$), 98.40, 18.56, 11.17. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₈H₂₆ClFNOSi [M+ H]⁺ 354.1451 found 354.1456.

2,6-Bis((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (5a)

TIPSFollowing GP-B, **5a** was isolated as white solid (43 mg, 92% yield); Mp 113-0115 °C; R_f (9.5:0.5 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.5; IR(ATR): 3490, 3150, 2941,2863, 2148, 1686, 1452, 1360, 1072, 982, 881, 752 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz,TIPSCDCl₃) δ 7.45 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.79 (s, 1H), 5.75

(s, 1H),1.11 (s, 42H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.7, 141.8, 132.6, 128.7, 121.1, 103.1, 95.9, 18.6, 11.2. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* calcd for C₂₉H₄₇NOSi₂ [M+ H]⁺ 482.3269 found 482.3275.

4-Methyl-2,6-bis((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (5b)

Following GP-B, **5b** was isolated as white solid (42 mg, 85% yield); Mp 151-153 °C; R_f (9.5:0.5 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3490, 3139, 2940, 2863, 2148, 1686, 1459, 1361, 1018, 881, 669 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.27 (s, 2H), 5.79 (s, 1H), 5.76 (s, 1H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 1.10 (s, 42H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.9, 139.1, 138.9, 133.3, 121.0, 103.4, 95.4, 20.7, 18.6, 11.3. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* calcd for C₃₀H₄₉NOSi₂ [M+ H]⁺ 496.3425 found 496.3439.

4-Methoxy-2,6-bis((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (5c)

TIPS

TIPS

Following GP-B, **5c** was isolated as white solid (43 mg, 85% yield); Mp 153-155 °C; R_f (9.5:0.5 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3490, NH₂ 3128, 2940, 2863, 2151, 1685, 1459, 1358, 1323, 1163, 1007 cm⁻¹¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.96 (s, 2H), 5.81 (s, 1H), 5.77 (s, 1H)3.81 (s, 3H), 1.10 (s, 42H).¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.7, 159.2, 134.7, 122.5, 118.3, 103.2, 95.8, 55.6, 18.6, 11.2. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₃₀H₄₉NO₂Si₂ [M+ H]⁺ 512.3375 found 512.3383.

4,6-Bis((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzo[d][1,3]dioxole-5-carboxamide (5d)



Following GP-B, **5d** was isolated as white solid (49.5 mg, 94% yield); Mp 128-130 °C; R_f (9.5:0.5 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3486, 3129, 2941, 2863, 2158, 1682, 1459, 1381, 1342, 1224, 1070, 1030, 882.

cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.85 (s, 1H), 6.06 (s, 2H), 5.93 (s,

1H), 5.82 (s, 1H),1.10 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 42H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.3, 149.8, 147.7, 136.3, 114.8, 112.0, 103.4, 102.3, 100.5, 96.7, 94.2,18.6, 18.56, 11.2, 11.2. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z calcd for C₃₀H₄₇NO₃Si₂ [M+H]⁺ 526.3167 found 526.3172.

3-Methyl-2,6-bis((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (5e)



1H), 5.84 (s, 1H), 5.75 (s, 1H), 2.46 (s, 3H), 1.11 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 42H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.4, 142.2, 141.6, 132.1, 129.9, 120.9, 118.3, 103.3, 101.6, 100.4, 94.8, 21.2, 18.6, 18.6, 11.3. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* calcd for C₃₀H₄₉NOSi₂ [M+ H]⁺ 496.3425 found 496.3430.

5-Methyl-2-((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (5ee)

Following GP-B, **5ee** was isolated as white solid (11.5 mg, 37% yield); Mp 75-76 °C; R_f (8:2 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3423, 3139, 2941, TIPS 2864, 2145, 1679, 1601, 1460, 1416, 1354, 1209, 1018, 882 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.47 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.90 (s, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 1.15 – 1.11 (m, 21H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.8, 139.5, 134.4, 133.8, 131.83, 131.0, 117.3, 105.9, 98.3, 21.4, 18.6, 11.2. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₉NOSi [M+ H]⁺ 316.2091 found 316.2094.

3-Methoxy-2,6-bis((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (5f)



Following GP-B, **5f** was isolated as white solid (44.5 mg, 86% yield); Mp 108-110 °C; R_f (9.5:0.5 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3486, 3146, 2941, 2864, 2151, 1680, 1464, 1364, 1278, 1057, 996, 881 cm⁻¹.¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, *J* =

8.7 Hz, 1H), 5.95 (s, 1H), 5.76 (s, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 1.11 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 42H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.8, 160.7, 143.6, 134.0, 113.0, 111.2, 110.8, 103.2, 100.7, 98.8, 93.5, 56.2, 18.6, 11.2. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z calcd for C₃₀H₄₉NO₂Si₂ [M+H]⁺ 512.3375 found 512.3381.

1,3-Bis((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)-2-naphthamide (5g)



Following GP-B, **5g** was isolated as white solid (32 mg, 62% yield); Mp 160-162 °C; R_f (9.5:0.5 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3490, 3143, 2941, 2863, 2145, 1681, 1461, 1355, 1072, 1019, 881cm⁻¹.¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.37 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.00 (s, 1H), 7.79 (d,

J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.66 – 7.50 (m, 2H), 5.97 (s, 1H), 5.86 (s, 1H), 1.19 – 1.13 (m, 42H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.3, 139.8, 133.3, 132.5, 128.3, 127.9, 127.7, 126.7, 118.8, 117.8, 103.5,

S12

101.9, 100.9, 95.2, 18.7, 18.6, 11.3, 11.3. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* calcd for C₃₃H₄₉NOSi₂ [M+H]⁺ 532.4325 found 532.3431.

2-((Triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)-1-naphthamide (5h)

O NH₂ TI

Following GP-B, **5h** was isolated as white solid (24.5 mg, 69% yield); Mp 168-170 °C; R_f (8.5:1.5 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3425, 3160, 2941, 2863, 2145, 1674, 1655, 1607, 1463, 1321, 1267,

1016, 993 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.08 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 4.9 Hz, 2H), 7.59 – 7.46 (m, 3H), 6.34 (s, 1H), 6.07 (s, 1H), 1.16 (s, 21H).¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.1, 137.2, 132.8, 129.6, 129.3, 128.7, 127.9, 127.6, 127.1, 125.6, 117.9, 104.5, 96.9, 29.7, 18.7, 11.3.. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* calcd for C₂₂H₂₉NOSi [M+ H]⁺ 352.2091 found 352.2096.

3,5-Bis((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-carboxamide (5i)

TIPSFollowing GP-B, **5i** was isolated as white solid (43 mg, 77% yield); Mp0194-196 °C; R_f (9.5:0.5 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3494,194-196 °C; R_f (9.5:0.5 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3494,3147, 2941, 2863, 2156, 1682, 1584, 1460, 1366, 1072 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR(400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.65 (s, 2H), 7.57 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.49 – 7.36 (m,

3H), 5.85 (s, 1H), 5.79 (s, 1H), 1.13 (s, 42H).¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.6, 142.1, 140.4, 138.8, 131.3, 128.9, 128.3, 127.1, 121.7, 103.2, 96.0, 18.6, 11.3..HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₃₅H₅₁NOSi₂ [M+ H]⁺ 558.3582 found 558.3583.

4-Fluoro-2,6-bis((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (5j)

TIPS Following GP-B, 5j was isolated as white solid (43 mg, 86% yield); Mp 124-126 °C; R_f (9.5:0.5 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3489, 3146, 2942, 2864, 2165, 1686, 1580, 1462, 1359, 1141, 1009, 881 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.15 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 5.76 (s, 2H), 1.11 (s, 42H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.0, 161.7(d, ¹J_{C-F} = 248.0 Hz), 138.4 (d, ⁴J_{C-F} = 3.0

Hz), 123.3(d, ${}^{3}J_{C-F} = 11.0$ Hz), 119.7 (d, ${}^{2}J_{C-F} = 23.0$ Hz), 102.0 (d, ${}^{4}J_{C-F} = 3.0$ Hz), 97.5, 18.6, 11.2. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₂₉H₄₆FNOSi₂ [M+ H]⁺ 500.3175 found 500.3184.

4-Chloro-2,6-bis((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (5k)



Following GP-B, **5k** was isolated as white solid (33 mg, 64% yield); Mp 142-144 °C; R_f (9.5:0.5 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3469, 3145, 2940, 2863, 2160, 1659, 1559, 1462, 1369, 1072, 1005, 881 cm⁻¹.¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.43 (s, 2H), 5.78 (s, 2H), 1.10 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 42H).¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.9, 140.2, 134.5, 132.3, 122.7, 101.8, 97.7, 18.6, 11.20. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z calcd for C₂₉H₄₆ClNOSi₂ [M+H]⁺ 516.2879 found 516.2888.

4-Bromo-2,6-bis((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (5l)



Following GP-B, 51 was isolated as white solid (48.4 mg, 87% yield); Mp 170-172 °C; R_f (9.5:0.5 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3469, 3145, 2940, 2863, 2153, 1660, 1556, 1462, 1390, 1370, 1004, 855 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58 (s, 2H), 5.84 (s, 1H), 5.79 (s,1H). 1.10 (d,

J = 2.3 Hz, 42H).¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.9, 140.6, 135.1, 122.8, 122.3, 101.6, 97.8, 18.6, 11.2. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₂₉H₄₆BrNOSi₂ [M+ H]⁺ 560.2374 found 560.2381.

4-Nitro-2,6-bis((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (5m)



(d, J = 3.6 Hz, 42H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.9, 147.5, 146.8, 126.7, 122.9, 100.7, 99.7, 18.5, 11.1. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z calcd for C₂₉H₄₆N₂O₃Si₂ [M+ H]⁺ 527.3120 found 527.3129.

4-Acetyl-2,6-bis((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (5n)

Following GP-B, **5n** was isolated as white solid (43 mg, 82% yield); Mp 170-172 °C; R_f (9.5:0.5 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3406, 3178, 2942, 2864, 2157, 1682, 1461, 1354, 1308, 1200, 1012, 882 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.96 (s, 2H), 5.79 (s, 2H), 2.61 (s, 3H), 1.12 (s, 42H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 196.3, 167.9, 145.4, 137.2, 131.9, 121.9, 102.1, 97.5, 26.8, 18.6, 11.3. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* calcd for C₃₁H₄₉NO₂Si₂ [M+ H]⁺ 524.3375 found 524.3387.

4-(Trifluoromethyl)-2,6-bis((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (50)



Following GP-B, **50** was isolated as white solid (48.7 mg, 89% yield); Mp 158-159 °C; R_f (9.5:0.5 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3492, 3127, 2944, 2865, 2150, 1693, 1458, 1411, 1345, 1168, 1127, 1003, 881 cm⁻¹.¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.66 (s, 2H), 5.79 (s, 2H), 1.11 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 42H).¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.56, 144.72, 131.5 (d, ² $J_{C-F} = 33.0$ Hz), 128.9 (q, ³ $J_{C-F} = 5.0$ Hz), 122.9 (d, ¹ $J_{C-F} = 271.0$ Hz), 122.2, 101.6, 98.3, 18.6, 11.2. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z calcd for C₃₀H₄₆F₃NOSi₂ [M+ H]⁺ 550.3143 found 550.3157.

.3-Chloro-2,6-bis((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (5p)

Following GP-B, **5p** was isolated as white solid (26.2 mg, 48% yield); Mp 125-127 °C; R_f (9.5:0.5 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3483, 3147, 2941, 2864, 2151, 1682, 1462, 1352, 1207, 1073, 1015, 991, 881 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36 (s, 2H), 5.99 (s, 1H), 5.76 (s, 1H), 1.11 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 42H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.2, 143.5, 136.9, 132.9, 129.7, 121.0, 119.5, 102.8, 102.1, 99.3, 96.9, 18.6, 11.2. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₂₉H₄₆ClOSi₂ [M+ H]⁺ 516.2879 found 516.2896.

3-(Trifluoromethyl)-2,6-bis((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (5q)

Following GP-B, **5q** was isolated as Yellow viscous liquid (22 mg, 60% F_3C Vielowing GP-B, **5q** was isolated as Yellow viscous liquid (22 mg, 60% yield); R_f (9:1 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3441, 3177, 2944, TIPS 2866, 2169, 1682, 1602, 1462, 1318, 1172, 1130, 1092, 881 cm⁻¹.¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.38 (s, 1H), 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.62 (s, 2H), 6.19 (s, 1H), 1.07 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 21H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.2, 134.92, 134.9, 130.9 (d, ²*J*_{C-F} = 33.0 Hz), 127.7 (q, ³*J*_{C-F} = 4.0 Hz), 127.4 (q, ³*J*_{C-F} = 3.0 Hz), 123.71, 123.4 (d, ¹*J*_{C-F} = 271.0 Hz), 104.2, 102.6, , 18.6, 11.2. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₆F₃NOSi [M+ H]⁺ 370.1809 found 370.1813..

1-Methyl-2,4-bis((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide (5r)



(m, 2H), 6.74 (s, 1H), 5.53 (s, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 1.1 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 42H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.0, 137.0, 129.2, 125.6, 123.3, 114.9, 110.5, 105.9, 104.5, 96.9, 96.1, 30.9, 18.7, 18.6, 11.4, 11.2. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z calcd for C₃₂H₅₀N₂OSi₂ [M+ H]⁺ 535.3534 found 535.3541.

1-ethyl-2,4-bis((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide (5s)



1H), 7.31 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.25 – 7.20 (m, 1H), 6.75 (s, 1H), 5.61 (s, 1H), 4.35 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.38 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.16 (dd, J = 8.9, 3.3 Hz, 42H).). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.2, 135.9, 129.1, 124.5, 123.6, 123.3, 116.1, 115.2, 110.4, 105.9, 104.2, 96.9, 95.9, 39.5, 18.7, 18.6, 14.9, 11.4, 11.3. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* calcd for C₃₃H₅₂N₂OSi₂ [M+ H]⁺ 549.3691 found 549.3696.

1-benzyl-2,4-bis((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide (5t)



1071, 995, 881 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.43 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.27 – 7.08 (m, 7H), 6.79 (s, 1H), 5.64 (s, 1H), 5.51 (s, 2H), 1.18 – 1.05 (m, 42H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.0, 136.6, 136.2, 129.3, 128.7, 127.6, 126.5, 125.2, 123.6, 116.6, 115.2, 111.1, 105.7, 104.8, 97.1, 96.0, 48.1, 18.7, 18.6, 11.4, 11.2. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* calcd for C₃₈H₅₄N₂OSi₂ [M+ H]⁺ 611.3847 found 611.3852.

3-((Triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)thiophene-2-carboxamide (5u)

Following GP-B, **5u** was isolated as white solid (24.5 mg, 82% yield); Mp 123-125 °C; R_f (8.5:1.5 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3434, 3142, 2940, 2863, 2147, 1656, 1601, 1457, 1427, 1386, 1125, 993 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.67 (s, 1H), 7.44 (d, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 5.97 (s, 1H), 1.12 (d, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 21H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.8, 141.2, 132.1, 129.8, 121.6, 100.9, 99.8, 18.6, 11.1. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₆H₂₅NOSSi [M+ H]⁺ 308.1499 found 308.1506.

2,4-Bis((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)thiophene-3-carboxamide (5v)



Following GP-B, **5v** was isolated as white solid (38.2 mg, 80% yield); Mp 165-167 °C; R_f (9.5:0.5 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3441, 3147, 2942, 2863, 2140, 1681, 1610, 1504, 1460,

1383, 1329, 1042, 994, 880 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.37 (s, 1H), 7.02 (s, 1H), 5.72 (s, 1H), 1.11 (t, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 42H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.8, 137.9, 131.2, 126.7, 121.6, 103.5, 100.2, 97.5, 95.2, 18.6, 11.2. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* calcd for C₂₇H₄₅NOSSi₂ [M+H]⁺ 488.2833 found 488.2845.

2-((Triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)furan-3-carboxamide (5w)

Following GP-B, **5w** was isolated white solid (9.5 mg, 33% yield); Mp 74-76 °C; R_f (8.5:1.5 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3429, 3179, 2942, 2864, 2159, 1672, 1612, 1461, 1424, 1345, 1261, 1212, 1071, 995 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.50 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (s, 1H), 6.55 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.84 (s, 1H), 1.12 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 21H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.1, 148.4, 144.6, 114.8, 110.6, 101.36, 97.4, 29.7, 18.6, 11.13. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z calcd for C₁₆H₂₅NO₂Si [M+ H]⁺ 292.1727 found 292.1728.

2,6-bis((triethylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (5x)

Following GP-B, **5x** was isolated as viscous liquid (6 mg, 15% yield); R_f (9.5: 1.5 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3442, 3183, 2931, 2863, 2150, 1691, 1665, 1453, 1352, 1264, 1179, 1104, 895 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, TES CDCl₃) δ 7.39 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.24 – 7.16 (m, 1H), 5.74 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 1.01 – 0.89 (m, 18H), 0.64 – 0.54 (m, 12H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz) δ 168.7, 141.9, 132.7, 132.7, 132.7, 128.8, 121.0, 102.60, 97.1, 29.7, 7.4, 4.3. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z calcd for C₂₃H₃₅NOSi₂[M+ H]⁺ 398.2330 found 398.2329.

2-((Triethylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (5xx)

Following GP-B, **5xx** was isolated as yellow solid (14 mg, 54% yield); Mp 76-NH₂ 78 °C; R_f (8:2 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3371, 3184, 2915, TES 2850, 2153, 1729, 1642, ,1469, 1424, 1393, 1260, 1179, 1104, 847 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.16 (dd, *J* = 6.1, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.92 – 7.77 (m, 1H), 7.57 (dd, *J* = 5.9, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (dd, *J* = 5.2, 3.9 Hz, 2H), 6.16 (s, 1H), 1.05 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 9H), 0.71 (q, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.7, 134.3, 134.2, 131.0, 130.5, 129.1, 120.1, 105.0, 100.1, 7.5, 4.2. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₅H₂₁NOSi[M+ H]⁺ 260.1465 found 260.1469.

4-Methyl-2,6-bis((triethylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (5y)



Following GP-B, **5y** was isolated as yellow solid (11 mg, 33% yield); Mp 125-127 °C; R_f (9.5:0.5 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3487, 3228, 2955, 2915, 2158, 1729, 1683, 1455, 1362, 1261, 1178, 1016, 862 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.21 (s, 2H), 5.75 (s,

1H), 5.67 (s, 1H), 2.23 (s, 3H), 0.96 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 18H), 0.59 (q, J = 7.9 Hz, 12H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.8, 139.1, 138.9, 133.4, 120.9, 102.9, 96.6, 20.7, 7.5, 4.3. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z calcd for C₂₄H₃₇NOSi₂[M+ Na]⁺ 434.2306 found 434.2306.

4-Chloro-2,6-bis((triethylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (5z)



Following GP-B, **5z** was isolated as yellow solid (8 mg, 22% yield); Mp 112-114 °C; R_f (9.5:0.5 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3467, 3248, 2915, 28, 2155, 1730, 1661, 1562, 1457, 1395, 1369, 1262, 1179, 1007, 867 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.43 (s, 2H),

5.77 (s, 2H), 1.02 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 18H), 0.66 (q, J = 7.9 Hz, 12H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.79, 140.24, 134.59, 132.35, 122.63, 101.26, 98.80, 7.42, 4.20. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z calcd for C₂₃H₃₄ClNOSi₂[M+ H]⁺ 432.1940 found 432.1942.

2-((Triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (5ab)

NH₂

Following GP-C, **5ab** was isolated as viscous liquid (70%, yield); R_f (8:2 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.5; IR(ATR): 3440, 3196, 2941, 2863, 2158, 1664, 1462, 1384, 1116, 1014, 994, 880 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.16 (dd, J = 6.0, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (s, 1H), 7.63 – 7.55 (m, 1H), 7.50 – 7.38 (m, 2H), 6.02 (s, 1H), 1.13 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 21H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.6, 134.4, 134.1, 131., 130.5, 129.0, 120.3, 105.7, 99.2, 29.7, 18.6, 11.2, .HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z calcd for C₁₈H₂₇NOSi [M+ H]⁺ 302.1935 found 302.1934.

4-methyl-2-((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (5ac)

Following GP-C, **5ac** was isolated as white solid (13.3 mg, 40% yield); Mp 109-111 °C; R_f (8.5:1.5 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3435, 3136, 2945, 2866, 2143, 1675, 1600, 1463, 1366, 1013, 884, 669 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.08 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.37 (s, 1H), 7.25 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 5.88 (s, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.13 (d, J = 4.2 Hz, 21H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.6, 141.6, 134.7, 131.3, 130.7, 130.0, 120.1, 106.0, 98.7, 21.0, 18.6, 11.2. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/zcalcd for C₁₉H₂₉NOSi [M+ H]⁺ 316.2091 found 316.2094.

4-Methoxy-2-((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (5ad)



^{1.1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.09 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (s, 1H), 6.96 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 5.83 (s, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 1.09 – 1.04 (m, 21H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.3, 161.3, 132.8, 126.5, 121.7, 119.1, 114.8, 105.8, 99.1, 55.5, 18.6, 11.2. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₉NO₂Si [M+ H]⁺ 332.2040 found 332.2048.

4-Chloro-2-((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)benzamide (5ae)

Following GP-C, **5ae** was isolated as white solid (23.3 mg, 70% yield); Mp 93-95 °C; R_f (8.5:1.5 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3438, 3140, 2920, 2866, 2150, 1679, 1585, 1459, 1402, 1359, 1075, 1017, 880 cm^{-1.1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.47 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (dd, *J* = 8.6, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (s, 1H), 1.06 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 21H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.6, 137.2, 133.7, 132.5, 132.1, 129.3, 121.8, 104.2, 100.9, 18.6, 11.2. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₈H₂₆CINOSi [M+ H]⁺ 336.1545 found 336.1546.

1-Methyl-2-((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide (5af)



(400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.38 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.30 – 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.20 (m, 2H), 7.09 (s, 1H), 5.52 (s, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 1.10 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 21H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.9, 136.8, 126.3, 124.5, 123.1, 122.4, 122.2, 113.4, 109.3, 106.6, 97.0, 31.0, 18.6, 11.2. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z calcd for C₂₁H₃₀N₂OSi [M+ H]⁺ 355.2200 found 355.2220.

2-((Triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)thiophene-3-carboxamide (5ag)

Following GP-C, **5av** was isolated as white solid (19 mg, 62% yield); Mp 70-72 °C; R_f (7:3 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4; IR(ATR): 3440, 3145, 2940, 2863, 2140, 1679, 1507, 1459, 1379, 1329, 1040, 880 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.56 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (s, 1H), 7.19 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 5.79 (s, 1H), 1.12 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 21H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.5, 138.7, 129.4, 126.0, 123.6, 104.6, 98.2, 18.6, 11.2. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z calcd for C₁₆H₂₅NOSSi [M+ H]⁺ 308.1499 found 308.1523.

6. Scale up synthesis and derivatization



To a clean oven-dried 15 mL sealed tube equipped with magnetic stir bar was sequentially added benzamide (2.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv), [RuCl₂(*p*-cymene]₂ (5 mol %, 76.5 mg), NaOAc (20 mol % 41 mg), Ag₂CO₃ (1.0 equiv, 689 mg). Then DCE (20 mL) was added followed by addition of 1bromo-2- (triisopropylsilyl)acetylene (5.5 mmol, 2.2 equiv) into reaction mixture. Subsequently, AgSbF₆ (20 mol %, 172 mg) was added under a nitrogen atmosphere and the reaction tube was flushed with nitrogen. The tube was tightly closed and placed in a preheated oil bath at 110°C

and was stirred for 12 h according to the conversion estimated by TLC. The reaction was monitored by TLC and after completion, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, and diluted with DCM (10 mL), then filtered through a short pad of celite, and washed with DCM (20 mL x 3). The filtrate was concentrated and the product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (100-200 mess) using ethyl acetate/hexanes as eluent. The desired product was isolated in 83% yield (1g).

Procedure for the Synthesis 7-Ethynyl-3-methyleneisoindolin-1-one, 6a (*via* deprotection of TIPS group)



By following a reported procedure,² one equivalent of alkynylamide(0.20 mmol) was dissolved in anhydrous THF at rt. Tetrabutylammonium fluoride (1.1–3 equiv) was added and the reaction was allowed to stir at the room temperature until TLC analysis indicated reaction completion (5 min–12 h). Saturated NH₄Cl_(aq) was added to the solution, and the organic phase was extracted with Et₂O, dried over MgSO₄, and filtered. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel to afford **6a** (32 mg, 94% yield). Charred at 192°C; R_f (8.5:1.5 Hexane /Ethyl acetate) = 0.4. IR(ATR): 3237, 2962, 2107, 1708, 1653, 1474, 1361, 1277, 1118, 847 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.08 (s, 1H), 7.67 – 7.44 (m, 3H), 5.13 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 3.45 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.1, 138.8, 137.8, 134.8, 131.8, 129.8, 120.6, 118.7, 90.8, 83.6, 79.4. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z calcd for C₁₁H₇NO [M+ Na]⁺ 192.0420 found 192.0421.

Procedure for the Synthesis 7-(1-Benzyl-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)-3-methyleneisoindolin-1one(7a)



By following a reported procedure,³ To a clean oven-dried 15 mL sealed tube equipped with magnetic stir bar (0.2 mmol) followed by CuI(10 mol%), BnN₃ (0.4 mmol) and DMF (1 mL). The Reaction tube was sealed and the reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 14 h after which it was diluted with water (5 mL) and extracted by ethyl acetate (5 mL x 3). The organic phase was combined and washed with aqueous HCl (1.0 N, 5 mL) and brine (5 mL) concentrated in vaccum. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel to afford **7a** (55 mg, 91%). Mp 208-210 °C; R_f (8:2 Hexane /Ethyl acetate)= 0.4; IR(ATR): 3145, 2922, 2105, 1706, 1644, 1455, 1370, 1257, 1224, 1119, 1051, 815 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 10.75 (s, 1H), 9.22 (s, 1H), 8.39 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.80 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.47 – 7.38 (m, 5H), 5.79 (s, 2H), 5.41 (s, 1H), 4.95 (d, *J* = 0.8 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO) δ 167.7, 142.1, 139.7, 138.4, 136.1, 132.3, 128.8, 128.2, 128.1, 127.9, 126.6, 124.4, 120.1, 90.1, 52.9. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C₁₈H₁₄N₄O [M+ Na]⁺ 325.1060 found 325.1062

Synthesis (Z)-7-((triisopropylsilyl)ethynyl)-3 ((triisopropylsilyl)methylene)isobenzofuran-1(3H)-one (8a)



By following a reported procedure.² To a clean oven-dried 15 mL sealed tube equipped with magnetic stir bar, alkynylated amide (0.20 mmol) and 1.25 M HCl in MeOH (2 mL) were added. The mixture was stirred for 24 hrs at 80 °C (bath temperature) followed by cooling to room temperature. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo followed by the addition of EtOAc (15 mL) and saturated aq. NaHCO₃ (10 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine solution (10 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuum. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel to afford 8**a** (58.5 mg, 62% yield). Mp 100-102°C; R_f (Hexane) = 0.8; IR(ATR): 2940, 2863, 2147, 1785, 1641, 1588, 1460, 1237, 972 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.67 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 4.1 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 2H), 5.56 (s, 1H), 1.20 – 1.06 (m, 42H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.3, 155.7, 139.8, 134.8, 133.5, 124.6, 121.7, 120.3, 100.9, 100.7, 100.5, 18.8, 18.6, 11.6, 11.3. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* calcd for C₂₉H₄₆O₂Si₂ [M+ H]⁺ 483.3109 found 483.3111.

8. Procedure for Intermolecular Competition Experiment.

To a clean oven-dried 15 mL sealed tube equipped with magnetic stir bar was sequentially electron withdrawing benzamide (0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv), electron donating benzamide (0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv), [RuCl₂(*p*-cymene]₂ (2.5 mol %), NaOAc (20 mol %), Ag₂CO₃ (0.5 equiv). Then DCE

(1.5 mL) was added followed by addition of 1-bromo-2- (triisopropylsilyl)acetylene (1.2 equiv) into reaction mixture. Subsequently, AgSbF₆ (20 mol %) was added under a nitrogen atmosphere and the reaction tube was flushed with nitrogen. The tube was tightly closed and placed in a preheated oil bath at 60 °C and was stirred for 12h according to the conversion estimated by TLC. The reaction was monitored by TLC and after completion, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, and diluted with DCM (10 mL), then filtered through a short pad of celite, and washed with DCM (20 mL x 3). The filtrate was concentrated and the product was purified by column chromatography using silica gel (100-200 mess) using ethyl acetate/hexanes as eluent.



9. Procedure for Intermolecular Competition Experiment between (1a and 1a-D5).

To a clean oven-dried 15 mL sealed tube equipped with magnetic stir bar was sequentially added benzamide (0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv), deuterated benzamide (**1a-D**₅) (0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) $[RuCl_2(p-cymene]_2 (5 mol \%), NaOAc (20 mol \%), Ag_2CO_3 (1.0 equiv).$ Then DCE (1.5 mL) was added followed by addition of 1-bromo-2-(triisopropylsilyl)acetylene (2.2 equiv) into reaction mixture. Subsequently, AgSbF₆ (20 mol %) was added under a nitrogen atmosphere and the reaction tube was flushed with nitrogen. The tube was tightly closed and placed in a preheated oil bath and was stirred for 2h. After completion, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, and diluted with DCM (10 mL), then filtered through a short pad of celite, and washed with DCM (20 mL x 3). The filtrate was concentrated and the product was purified by column chromatography using silica gel (100-200 mess) using ethyl acetate/hexanes as eluent to give 62% of the product in combined yield. The ratio of **5a** and **5a-D**₃ was determined by ¹H NMR analysis, found to be $k_H/k_D \approx 2.84$:1



10. Procedure for H/D exchange experiment with TIPS-protected Bromoacetylene in CD₃COOD:

To a clean oven-dried 15 mL sealed tube equipped with magnetic stir bar was sequentially added benzamide (0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv), [RuCl₂(*p*-cymene]₂ (5 mol %, 7.6 mg), NaOAc (20 mol %), Ag₂CO₃ (1.0 equiv). Then, DCE (1.5 mL) was added followed by addition of 1-bromo-2-(triisopropylsilyl)acetylene (2.2 equiv) and CD₃COOD (150 μ L) into reaction mixture. Subsequently, AgSbF₆ (20 mol %) was added under a nitrogen atmosphere and the reaction tube was flushed with nitrogen. The tube was tightly closed and placed in a preheated oil bath and was stirred for 12. The reaction was monitored by TLC and after completion, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, and diluted with DCM (10 mL), then filtered through a short pad of celite, and washed with DCM (20 mL x 3). The filtrate was concentrated and the product was purified by column chromatography using silica gel (100-200 mess) using ethyl acetate/hexanes as eluent. The amount of deuterium incorporation was determined by ¹H NMR analysis. The di-alkynylated product was observed in 41% along with 24% mono-alkynylated product. The amount of deuterium incorporation in mono-alkynylated product was found to be 69%.



11. Procedure for H/D exchange experiment without TIPS-protected Bromoacetylene in CD₃COOD.

To a clean oven-dried 15 mL sealed tube equipped with magnetic stir bar was sequentially added benzamide (0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv), $[RuCl_2(p-cymene]_2 (5 mol \%, 3.05 mg), NaOAc (20 mol \%), Ag_2CO_3 (1.0 equiv).$ Then DCE (2.0 mL) was added followed by addition of

 $CD_3COOD (150 \ \mu L)$ into reaction mixture. Subsequently, AgSbF₆ (20 mol %) was added under a nitrogen atmosphere and the reaction tube was flushed with nitrogen. The tube was tightly closed and placed in a preheated oil bath and was stirred for 12h. The reaction was monitored by TLC and after completion, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, and diluted with DCM (10 mL), then filtered through a short pad of celite, and washed with DCM (20 mL x 3). The filtrate was concentrated and the product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (100-200 mess) using ethyl acetate/hexanes as eluent to give 61% of *ortho*-deuterated starting material. The amount of deuterium incorporation was determined by ¹H NMR analysis.



12. Procedure for radical inhibition experiment:

To a clean oven-dried 15 mL sealed tube equipped with magnetic stir bar was sequentially added benzamide (0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv), [RuCl₂(*p*-cymene]₂ (5 mol %,), NaOAc (20 mol %), Ag₂CO₃ (1.0 equiv) and TEMPO/BHT (0.15 mmol 1.5 equiv). Then DCE (1.5 mL) was added followed

by addition of 1-bromo-2- (triisopropylsilyl)acetylene (2.2 equiv) into reaction mixture. Subsequently, AgSbF₆ (20 mol %) was added under a nitrogen atmosphere and the reaction tube was flushed with nitrogen. The tube was tightly closed and placed in a preheated oil bath and was stirred for 12h. The reaction was monitored by TLC and after completion, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, and diluted with DCM (10 mL), then filtered through a short pad of celite, and washed with DCM (20 mL x 3). The filtrate was concentrated and the product was purified by column chromatography using silica gel (100-200 mess) using ethyl acetate/hexanes as eluent. The desired product **5a** was obtained in 52% and 46% yield respectively, with TEMPO and BHT along with mono-alkynylated products.

13. References

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14. NMR Data

$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of ~3a in CDCl_3 ~



$^{1}H(400 \text{ MHz})$ and $^{13}C\{^{1}H\}(100 \text{ MHz})$ spectra of 3b in CDCl₃



$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of ~3c in CDCl_3 ~










$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of ~3f in CDCl_3 ~



¹H(400 MHz) and ¹³C{¹H}(100 MHz) spectra of 3g in CDCl₃



$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of ~5a in CDCl_3 ~



$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of 5b in CDCl3



$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of ~5c in CDCl_3 ~



$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of 5d in CDCl3



$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of $~5e~in~CDCl_3$



$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of 5ee in CDCl3



$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of ~5f in CDCl_3 ~



$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of ~5g in CDCl_3 ~





1 H(400 MHz) and 13 C{ 1 H}(100 MHz) spectra of 5h in CDCl₃

$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of ~5i in CDCl_3 ~



$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of ~5j in CDCl3 ~



$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of ~5k in CDCl_3 ~





$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of ~5l in CDCl3 ~



$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of ~5m in CDCl_3 ~

$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of $~5n~in~CDCl_3$



$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of ~50 in CDCl_3 $\,$



$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of ~5p in CDCl_3 ~



$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of ~5q~ in $CDCl_3$



$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of ~5r in CDCl_3 ~









¹H(400 MHz) and ¹³C{¹H}(100 MHz) spectra of 5t in CDCl₃

$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of 5u in CDCl3



$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of ~5v in CDCl_3 ~



$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of ~5w in CDCl_3 ~



$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of ~5x in CDCl_3 ~



8.17 8.15 8.15 8.15 7.53 7.53 7.54 7.57 7.57 7.54 7.54 7.45 7.54 7.45 7.26 7.26 7.26 7.26 --- 6.10 L1.07 1.05 0.74 0.72 0.68 - 10000 - 9000 - 8000 ر ر ر ſ 7000 0 - 6000 $\rm NH_2$ - 5000 TES 4000 - 3000 - 2000 - 1000 -0 9.13H 6.10H 1.03H 1.13<u>H</u> 2.09<u>H</u> 0.85-Ľ. -1000 9.0 8.5 7.5 6.5 6.0 5.0 4.5 4.0 f1 (ppm) 3.5 3.0 2.5 2.0 1.5 1.0 0.5 0.0 8.0 7.0 5.5 - 120.12 134.27 134.17 131.01 131.01 130.52 129.06 - 77.32 7000 6500 6000 5500 5000 4500 4000 3500 3000 2500 2000 1500 1000 500 0 -500 0 180 . 170 . 160 . 150 140 130 . 120 . 110 100 80 . 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 90 f1 (ppm)

$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of ~5xx in CDCl_3 ~

$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of ~5y in CDCl_3 ~



$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of ~5z in CDCl_3 ~





$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of 5ab in CDCl₃

$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of $\ 5ac\ in\ CDCl_3$



- 1.68 - 1.68 - 1.109 8500 ₹ 8.11 8.08 7.86 --- 5.83 7.19 76.97 76.96 6.91 -6.90 -6.89 8000 7500 7000 6500 0 - 6000 NH_2 5500 - 5000 - 4500 TIPS - 4000 - 3500 - 3000 - 2500 - 2000 1500 - 1000 500 -0 F 1111 0.97] 1.03 ¥ 3.17 -* 21.30H -500 7.0 8.0 5.0 4.5 f1 (ppm) 0.0 8.5 7.5 5.5 4.0 3.5 3.0 2.5 2.0 1.5 0.5 9.0 6.5 6.0 1.0 ---- 99.05 77.32 77.00 76.68 8500 8000 7500 7000 6500 6000 5500 5000 4500 4000 3500 3000 2500 2000 1500 1000 - 500 0 -500 90 f1 (ppm) 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0

$^1H(400\ MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100\ MHz)$ spectra of 5ad in CDCl3

$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of 5ae in CDCl3



$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of 5af in CDCl₃





$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of 5ag in CDCl3
$^1H(400\ MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100\ MHz)$ spectra of 6a in CDCl₃



$^1H(400\ MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100\ MHz)$ spectra of 7a in DMSO



$^1H(400~MHz)$ and $^{13}C\{^1H\}(100~MHz)$ spectra of 8a in CDCl3

