## Supporting Information

## Significant Anti-inflammatory Aziridne-containing Indole Alkaloids from the Chinese Medicinal Plant

 Alstonia scholarisBin-Yuan Hu, ${ }^{\text {a, }} \dagger$ Yun-Li Zhao, ${ }^{\text {a, }} \dagger$ Zhong-Shun Zhou, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Yan-Yan Zhu, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ and Xiao-Dong Luo ${ }^{\text {a,b,* }}$<br>${ }^{\text {a }}$ Yunnan Characteristic Plant Extraction Laboratory, Key Laboratory of Medicinal Chemistry for Natural Resource, Ministry of Education and Yunnan Province, School of Chemical Science and Technology, Yunnan University, Kunming, 650501, P. R. China<br>${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ State Key Laboratory of Phytochemistry and Plant Resources in West China, Kunming Institute of Botany, Chinese Academy of Sciences Kunming, 650201, P. R. China

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## 1. Experimental Section

## General experimental procedure

Optical rotations were recorded on an Autopol VI, Serial \#91058. UV spectra were obtained on a Shimadzu UV-2700 spectrometer. CD spectra were determined on a chiral scan instrument. IR spectra were obtained on a NICOLET iS10 infrared spectrophotometer using KBr pellets. NMR spectra were measured on a Bruker AVANCE NEO 400MHz spectrometer, with TMS as an internal standard. HRESIMS analyses were measured on Agilent 1290 UPLC/6545 Q-TOF mass spectrometer. Silica gel (200-300 mesh; Qingdao Marine Chemical Inc., PR China), C-18 silica gel (40-60 $\mu \mathrm{m}$; Daiso Co., Japan), and Sephadex LH-20 (Amersham Pharmacia, Sweden) were used for column chromatography. Fractions were monitored by TLC on silica gel plates (GF254, Qing-dao Haiyang Chemical Co., Ltd.).

## Extraction and isolation

The leaves of Alstonia scholaris were collected in June 2013 from Pu'er city, Yunnan Province, P. R. China. The dried and powdered leaves of A. scholaris ( 10.0 kg ) were extracted with $\mathrm{EtOH}(300 \mathrm{~L} \times 3)$ at room temperature for three times ( $48 \mathrm{~h} \times 3$ ), and the solvent was evaporated under vacuo. The residue was dissolved in $0.3 \% \mathrm{HCl}$ and then adjusted to $\mathrm{pH} 2-3$. Then the solution was adjusted to $\mathrm{pH} 9-10$ with $10 \%$ ammonia. The basic solution was subsequently partitioned with EtOAc to afford the alkaloidal extract. Then the extract ( 300 g ) was obtained and subjected to column chromatography (CC) over a silica gel eluting with $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}-\mathrm{MeOH}$ (from $50: 1$ to $1: 1, \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v}$ ) to afford eight fractions (Fr. A-H). Fr. B (21.0 g) and Fr. C (8.2 g) was merged and subjected to a C18 column eluted with aqueous MeOH (from 30:70 to 100:0, v/v) to yield ten fractions (Fr. BC.1-10). Fr.BC.4 (3.0 g) was submitted to Sephadex LH-20 (MeOH) to produce three fractions Fr.BC.4.1-Fr.BC.4.3. Fr.BC. 4.2 ( 847.6 mg ) was purified by a silica gel eluting with $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}-\mathrm{MeOH}$ (from 1:0 to $0: 1, \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v}$ ) and following re-crystal method to
afforded compound $2(9.8 \mathrm{mg})$. Fr.BC. 5 ( 3.1 g ) was submitted to Sephadex LH-20 $(\mathrm{MeOH})$ to produce three fractions Fr.BC.5.1-Fr.BC.5.3. Compound $1(15.8 \mathrm{mg})$ was purified from Fr.BC.5.2 $(2.5 \mathrm{~g})$ by a silica gel eluting with $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$-acetone (from 25:1 to $1: 1, \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v}$ ).

Alstolactine D (1): colorless block; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}-95.0(c 0.10, \mathrm{MeOH}) ; \mathrm{UV}(\mathrm{MeOH}) \lambda_{\max }(\log \varepsilon) 300$ (3.48), 240 (3.89), $200(4.46)$; $\mathrm{CD}(\mathrm{MeOH}) \lambda_{\max }(4 \varepsilon) 307(-0.84), 275(+0.28), 225(-$ 12.57), 205 (+ 11.34); $\mathrm{IR}(\mathrm{KBr}) v_{\text {max }} 3235,2934,1723,1608,1484,1213,1041 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; HRESIMS $m / z: 377.1471[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}\left(\right.$calcd for $\left.\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{Na}, 377.1472\right) ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR data, see Table 1.

Alstolactine E (2): colorless block; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}-197.2(c 0.10, \mathrm{MeOH}) ; \mathrm{UV}(\mathrm{MeOH}) \lambda_{\max }(\log \varepsilon) 300$ (3.64), $240(4.03), 200(4.61) ; \mathrm{CD}(\mathrm{MeOH}) \lambda_{\max }(\Delta \varepsilon) 290(+1.06), 261(+0.18), 220(-$ 14.72), 204 (+ 12.26); IR (KBr) $v_{\text {max }} 3439,2952,1725,1634,1485,1214,1039 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; HRESIMS $m / z: 377.1464[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$(calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{Na}, 377.1472$ ); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR data, see Table 1.

## 2. Table of the 2D NMR correlations data for compounds 1 and 2

Table S1. 2D NMR correlations data for compound 1

| $\delta_{\text {H }}$ | HSQC | ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ COSY | HMBC | ROESY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\delta_{\text {H }} 4.43$ (N-H) |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \delta_{\mathrm{C}} 51.7(\mathrm{C}-7), 135.2(\mathrm{C}-8), \\ & 109.4(\mathrm{C}-12), 146.5(\mathrm{C}-13) \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\delta_{\text {H }} 3.47$ (H-3) | $\delta_{\text {C }} 63.7$ (C-3) | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 1.70\left(\mathrm{H}_{2}-14\right)$ | $\begin{aligned} & \delta_{\mathrm{C}} 102.4(\mathrm{C}-2), 51.7(\mathrm{C}-7), \\ & 29.2(\mathrm{C}-15), 47.1(\mathrm{C}-20) \end{aligned}$ | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.00$ (Ha-21) |
| $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 4.75$ (H-5) | $\delta_{\text {c }} 105.6$ (C-5) | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.43$ (Ha-6) | $\delta_{\text {c }} 102.4$ (C-2) | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.43$ (Ha-6) |
| $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.43$ (Ha-6) | $\delta_{\text {C }} 43.3$ (C-6) | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 4.75$ (H-5) | $\begin{aligned} & \delta_{\mathrm{C}} 102.4(\mathrm{C}-2), 51.7(\mathrm{C}-7), \\ & 135.2(\mathrm{C}-8) \end{aligned}$ | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 7.50$ (H-9), 4.75 (H-5) |
| $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.22$ (Hb-6) | $\delta_{\text {C }} 43.3$ (C-6) | $\delta_{\text {H }} 4.75$ (H-5) |  | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 3.44$ ( $\mathrm{H}_{3}-1{ }^{\prime}$ ), 4.62 ( $\left.\mathrm{H}-19\right)$ |
| $\delta_{\text {H }} 7.50$ (H-9) | $\delta_{\mathrm{C}} 124.4$ (C-9) | $\delta_{\text {H }} 6.86$ ( $\mathrm{H}-10$ ) | $\delta_{\mathrm{C}} 51.7$ (C-7), 146.5 (C-13) | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.43$ (Ha-6) |
| $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 6.86$ ( $\left.\mathrm{H}-10\right)$ | $\delta_{\text {C }} 120.6$ (C-10) | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 7.50$ (H-9), 7.12 (H-11) |  |  |
| $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 7.12(\mathrm{H}-11)$ | $\delta_{\text {c }} 128.8$ (C-11) | $\delta_{\text {H }} 6.86(\mathrm{H}-10), 6.60$ (H-12) |  |  |
| $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 6.60$ (H-12) | $\delta_{\text {c }} 109.4$ (C-12) | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 7.12(\mathrm{H}-11)$ | $\delta_{\text {c }} 135.2$ (C-8) |  |
| $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 1.70$ ( $\left.\mathrm{H}_{2}-14\right)$ | $\delta_{\mathrm{C}} 24.1$ (C-14) | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 3.47$ (H-3), 2.59 (H-15) | $\delta_{\text {c }} 51.2$ (C-16) | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.00$ (Ha-21) |
| $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.59$ ( $\left.\mathrm{H}-15\right)$ | $\delta_{\mathrm{C}} 29.2$ (C-15) | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 1.70$ ( $\left.\mathrm{H}_{2}-14\right), 2.99$ (H-16) |  | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 1.48$ ( $\left.\mathrm{H}_{3}-18\right), 2.00$ (Ha-21) |
| $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.99$ (H-16) | $\delta_{\mathrm{C}} 51.2$ (C-16) | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.59$ (H-15) | $\begin{aligned} & \delta_{\mathrm{C}} 102.4 \text { (C-2), } 51.7 \text { (C-7), } \\ & 135.2(\mathrm{C}-8), 170.9(\mathrm{C}-17) \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 1.48\left(\mathrm{H}_{3}-18\right)$ | $\delta_{\text {C }} 21.6$ (C-18) | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 4.62(\mathrm{H}-19)$ | $\delta_{\text {C }} 47.1$ (C-20) | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.59$ ( $\left.\mathrm{H}-15\right)$ |
| $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 4.62$ (H-19) | $\delta_{\mathrm{C}} 79.4$ (C-19) | $\delta_{\text {H }} 1.48\left(\mathrm{H}_{3}-18\right)$ | $\begin{aligned} & \delta_{\mathrm{C}} 170.9 \text { (C-17), } 47.1 \text { (C- } \\ & 20), 29.4(\mathrm{C}-21) \end{aligned}$ | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.22(\mathrm{Hb}-6), 1.78(\mathrm{Hb}-21)$ |
| $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.00$ (Ha-21) | $\delta_{\text {C }} 29.4$ (C-21) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \delta_{\mathrm{C}} 63.7(\mathrm{C}-3), 29.2(\mathrm{C}-15), \\ & 47.1(\mathrm{C}-20) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \delta_{\mathrm{H}} 3.47(\mathrm{H}-3), 2.59(\mathrm{H}-15), 1.70 \\ & \left(\mathrm{H}_{2}-14\right) \end{aligned}$ |


| $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 1.78(\mathrm{Hb}-21)$ | $\delta_{\mathrm{C}} 29.4(\mathrm{C}-21)$ | $\delta_{\mathrm{C}} 63.7(\mathrm{C}-3), 29.2(\mathrm{C}-15)$, | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 4.62(\mathrm{H}-19)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | $47.1(\mathrm{C}-20)$ |  |
| $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 3.44\left(\mathrm{H}_{3}-1^{\prime}\right)$ | $\delta_{\mathrm{C}} 58.1\left(\mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}\right)$ | $\delta_{\mathrm{C}} 105.6(\mathrm{C}-5)$ | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.22(\mathrm{Hb}-6)$ |

Table S2. 2D NMR correlations data for compound 2

| $\delta_{\mathrm{H}}$ | HSQC | ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ COSY | HMBC | ROESY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\delta_{\text {H }} 4.39$ (N-H) |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \delta_{\mathrm{c}} 52.2(\mathrm{C}-7), 137.5(\mathrm{C}-8), \\ & 109.0(\mathrm{C}-12), 145.8(\mathrm{C}-13) \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\delta_{\text {H }} 3.39$ (H-3) | $\delta_{\text {C }} 64.0$ (C-3) | $\delta_{\text {C }} 23.5$ (C-14) | $\begin{aligned} & \delta_{\mathrm{C}} 105.3(\mathrm{C}-2), 52.2(\mathrm{C}-7), \\ & 28.9(\mathrm{C}-15), 46.9(\mathrm{C}-20) \end{aligned}$ | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 1.93$ (Ha-21) |
| $\delta_{\text {H }} 5.09$ (H-5) | $\delta_{\text {C }} 104.4$ (C-5) | $\delta_{\text {C }} 45.0$ (C-6) | $\delta_{\text {c }} 105.3$ (C-2) | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.27$ (Hb-6), 4.42 (H-19) |
| $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.32$ (Ha-6) | $\delta_{\text {C }} 45.0$ (C-6) | $\delta_{\text {C }} 104.4$ (C-5) | $\begin{aligned} & \delta_{\mathrm{C}} 105.3(\mathrm{C}-2), 52.2(\mathrm{C}-7), \\ & 137.5(\mathrm{C}-8) \end{aligned}$ | $\delta_{\text {H }} 7.42(\mathrm{H}-9), 2.97\left(\mathrm{H}_{3}-1{ }^{\prime}\right)$ |
| $\delta_{\text {H }} 2.27$ (Hb-6) | $\delta_{\text {C }} 45.0$ (C-6) | $\delta_{\text {C }} 104.4$ (C-5) |  | $\delta_{\text {H }} 5.09$ (H-5), 4.42 (H-19) |
| $\delta_{\text {H }} 7.42$ (H-9) | $\delta_{\mathrm{C}} 123.8$ (C-9) | $\delta_{\text {C }} 120.5$ (C-10) | $\delta_{\text {C }} 52.2$ (C-7), 145.8 (C-13) | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.32$ (Ha-6) |
| $\delta_{\text {H }} 6.78$ (H-10) | $\delta_{\text {C }} 120.5$ (C-10) | $\delta_{\text {C }} 123.8$ (C-9), 128.2 (C-11) |  |  |
| $\delta_{\text {H }} 6.99$ (H-11) | $\delta_{\text {C }} 128.2$ (C-11) | $\delta_{\text {C }} 120.5$ (C-10), 109.0 (C- |  |  |
| $\delta_{\text {H }} 6.49$ (H-12) | $\delta_{\mathrm{C}} 109.0$ (C-12) | $\delta_{\mathrm{C}} 128.2$ (C-11) | $\delta_{\mathrm{C}} 137.5$ (C-8) |  |
| $\delta_{\text {H }} 1.61$ (Ha-14) | $\delta_{\text {c }} 23.5$ (C-14) | $\delta_{\text {C }} 64.0$ (C-3), 28.9 (C-15) | $\delta_{\text {C }} 51.9$ (C-16) | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 1.93$ (На-21) |
| $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 1.53$ ( $\left.\mathrm{Hb}-14\right)$ |  |  |  |  |
| $\delta_{\text {H }} 2.53$ (H-15) | סc 28.9 (C-15) | $\delta_{\text {c }} 23.5$ (C-14), 51.9 (C-16) |  | $\delta_{\text {H }} 1.93$ (Ha-21), 1.41 ( $\left.\mathrm{H}_{3}-18\right)$ |
| $\delta_{\text {H }} 3.07$ (H-16) | $\delta_{\text {C }} 51.9$ (C-16) | $\delta_{\text {c }} 28.9$ (C-15) | $\begin{aligned} & \delta_{\mathrm{C}} 105.3(\mathrm{C}-2), 52.2(\mathrm{C}-7), \\ & 137.5(\mathrm{C}-8), 170.8(\mathrm{C}-17) \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 1.41$ ( $\left.\mathrm{H}_{3}-18\right)$ | $\delta_{\text {C }} 21.7$ (C-18) | $\delta_{\text {C }} 79.4$ (C-19) | $\delta_{\mathrm{C}} 46.9$ (C-20) | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.53$ ( $\left.\mathrm{H}-15\right)$ |
| $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 4.42$ (H-19) | $\delta_{\text {C }} 79.4$ (C-19) | $\delta_{\text {C }} 21.7$ (C-18) | $\begin{aligned} & \delta_{\mathrm{C}} 170.8 \text { (C-17), } 46.9 \text { (C-20), } \\ & 29.1(\mathrm{C}-21) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \delta_{\mathrm{H}} 5.09(\mathrm{H}-5), 2.27(\mathrm{Hb}-6), \\ & 1.63(\mathrm{Hb}-21) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 1.93$ (Ha-21) | סc 29.1 (C-21) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \delta_{\mathrm{C}} 64.0(\mathrm{C}-3), 28.9(\mathrm{C}-15), \\ & 46.9(\mathrm{C}-20) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \delta_{\mathrm{H}} 3.39 \text { (H-3), } 2.53 \text { (H-15), } \\ & 1.61(\mathrm{Ha}-14) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 1.63$ (Hb-21) | $\delta_{\mathrm{C}} 29.1$ (C-21) |  |  | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 4.42$ (H-19) |
| $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.97\left(\mathrm{H}_{3}-1{ }^{\prime}\right)$ | $\delta_{\text {C }} 54.5$ (C-1') |  | $\delta_{\text {C }} 104.4$ (C-5) | $\delta_{\mathrm{H}} 2.32$ (Ha-6) |

## 3. Detection of 1 and 2 in the fresh leaves of Alstonia scholaris by UPLC-ESI-Q-TOF-MS




Solvent Composition

|  | Channel | Ch. 1 Solv. | Name 1 | Ch2 Solv. | Name 2 | Selected | Used | Percent |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | A | $100.0 \%$ Water <br> V.03 |  | $100.0 \%$ Water <br> V.03 |  | Ch. 1 | Yes | $96.00 \%$ |
| 2 | B | $100.0 \%$ <br> Acetonitrile <br> V.03 | $100.0 \%$ <br> Methanol V.03 |  | Ch. 1 | Yes | $4.00 \%$ |  |

Timetable

|  | Time | A | B | Flow | Pressure |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 7.00 min | $88.00 \%$ | $12.00 \%$ | $--\mathrm{mL} / \mathrm{min}$ | --- bar |
| 2 | 12.00 min | $83.00 \%$ | $17.00 \%$ | $--\mathrm{mL} / \mathrm{min}$ | --- bar |
| 3 | 16.00 min | $83.00 \%$ | $17.00 \%$ | $--\mathrm{mL} / \mathrm{min}$ | --- bar |
| 4 | 23.00 min | $70.00 \%$ | $30.00 \%$ | $--\mathrm{mL} / \mathrm{min}$ | --- bar |
| 5 | 28.00 min | $55.00 \%$ | $45.00 \%$ | $--\mathrm{mL} / \mathrm{min}$ | -- bar |
| 6 | 35.00 min | $35.00 \%$ | $65.00 \%$ | $--\mathrm{mL} / \mathrm{min}$ | -- bar |
| 7 | 40.00 min | $2.00 \%$ | $98.00 \%$ | $--\mathrm{mL} / \mathrm{min}$ | --- bar |
| 8 | 45.00 min | $2.00 \%$ | $98.00 \%$ | $--\mathrm{mL} / \mathrm{min}$ | -- bar |

Figure S1. Detection of $\mathbf{1}$ and $\mathbf{2}$ in the fresh leaves of Alstonia scholaris

## 4. Computational data of 2

ECD calculation for compounds 2
To establish the absolute configurations for the isolated compounds, the theoretical ECD calculations were carried out using Gaussian $09^{1}$. The selected conformers 2-1 (98.54\%), 2-2 (0.03\%), 2-3 (1.43\%) were conducted at B3LYP/6-31(d, p) level for the ECD calculations. The solvent effects were taken into account by the polarizableconductor calculation model (PCM, methanol as the solvent). The final calculated ECD spectra was simulated using the ECD/UV analysis tool according to the Boltzmanncalculated contribution of each conformer. As a result, the overall pattern of calculated ECD spectra of $(2 R, 3 S, 5 R, 7 S, 15 R, 16 R, 19 S, 20 S)-\mathbf{2}$ well match the experimental data of
2. Therefore, qualitative analysis of the predicted and experimental ECD spectra allow the assignments of the absolute configurations of compounds 2.
(1) Gaussian 09, Revision C.01,M. J. Frisch, G. W. Trucks, H. B. Schlegel, G. E. Scuseria, M. A. Robb, J. R. Cheeseman, G. Scalmani, V. Barone, B. Mennucci, G. A. Petersson, H. Nakatsuji, M. Caricato, X. Li, H. P. Hratchian, A. F. Izmaylov, J. Bloino, G. Zheng, J. L. Sonnenberg, M. Hada, M. Ehara, K. Toyota, R. Fukuda, J. Hasegawa, M. Ishida, T. Nakajima, Y. Honda, O. Kitao, H. Nakai, T. Vreven, J. A. Montgomery, Jr., J. E. Peralta, F. Ogliaro, M. Bearpark, J. J. Heyd, E. Brothers, K. N. Kudin, V. N. Staroverov, T. Keith, R. Kobayashi, J. Normand, K. Raghavachari, A. Rendell, J. C. Burant, S. S. Iyengar, J. Tomasi, M. Cossi, N. Rega, J. M. Millam, M. Klene, J. E. Knox, J. B. Cross, V. Bakken, C. Adamo, J. Jaramillo, R. Gomperts, R. E. Stratmann, O. Yazyev, A. J. Austin, R. Cammi, C. Pomelli, J. W. Ochterski, R. L. Martin, K. Morokuma, V. G. Zakrzewski, G. A. Voth, P. Salvador, J. J. Dannenberg, S. Dapprich, A. D. Daniels, O. Farkas, J. B. Foresman, J. V. Ortiz, J. Cioslowski, and D. J. Fox, Gaussian, Inc., Wallingford CT, 2010.

Table S3. Extracted heats and weighting factors of the optimized conformers of 2-1, 2-2, and 2-3 at B3LYP/6-

| 31(d, p) level |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| compound | Conformer | Extracted heats | Boltzmann-calculated contribution <br> $(\%)$ |
|  |  |  | $98.54 \%$ |
|  | $\mathbf{2 - 1}$ | -1185.692251 | $0.03 \%$ |
|  | $\mathbf{2 - 2}$ | -1185.684668 | $1.43 \%$ |
|  | $\mathbf{2 - 3}$ | -1185.688256 | B3LYP |

Table S4. The Cartesian coordinates of the lowest energy conformers for 2-1, 2-2, 2-3

| $\mathbf{2 - 1}$ | X axis $(\AA)$ | $\mathrm{Y} \operatorname{axis}(\AA)$ | Z axis $(\AA)$ | $\mathbf{2 - 2}$ | X axis $(\AA)$ | $\mathrm{Y} \operatorname{axis}(\AA)$ | $\mathrm{Z} \operatorname{axis}(\AA)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C | 3.4392 | 2.4414 | -0.1391 | C | 3.6027 | 2.2398 | -0.0194 |
| C | 4.1051 | 1.6858 | -1.1156 | C | 4.2364 | 1.5047 | -1.032 |
| C | 3.5373 | 0.5104 | -1.615 | C | 3.6107 | 0.3923 | -1.6012 |
| C | 2.3169 | 0.1007 | -1.114 | C | 2.3668 | 0.0205 | -1.1302 |
| C | 1.642 | 0.868 | -0.1641 | C | 1.7266 | 0.765 | -0.1396 |
| C | 2.1938 | 2.0366 | 0.3425 | C | 2.3332 | 1.8761 | 0.4308 |
| N | 1.5891 | -1.0144 | -1.5235 | N | 1.5811 | -1.0242 | -1.6069 |
| C | 0.4523 | -1.1343 | -0.6094 | C | 0.4495 | -1.1522 | -0.6888 |
| C | 0.2998 | 0.231 | 0.1515 | C | 0.3468 | 0.1851 | 0.1289 |
| O | 0.7854 | -2.1653 | 0.3273 | O | 0.7862 | -2.2217 | 0.1929 |


| C | 0.9349 | -1.5806 | 1.6188 | C | 0.5396 | -1.8062 | 1.5292 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C | 0.2066 | -0.2436 | 1.6026 | C | 0.2201 | -0.3133 | 1.5694 |
| C | -0.8409 | 1.1772 | -0.3717 | C | -0.7308 | 1.2064 | -0.3921 |
| C | -0.8343 | -1.5333 | -1.3908 | C | -0.8623 | -1.4772 | -1.4627 |
| C | -1.8898 | 0.5429 | -1.3008 | C | -1.8161 | 0.6455 | -1.3291 |
| C | -1.2039 | -0.36 | -2.3102 | C | -1.1841 | -0.2725 | -2.3592 |
| C | -3.2945 | -1.7073 | -1.0445 | C | -3.3231 | -1.5432 | -1.0944 |
| N | -1.982 | -1.6924 | -0.4233 | N | -2.0069 | -1.5937 | -0.4853 |
| C | -2.7142 | -0.4063 | -0.4828 | C | -2.6829 | -0.2745 | -0.5219 |
| O | -2.6472 | 1.332 | 1.2752 | O | -2.5639 | 1.4935 | 1.2044 |
| C | -1.5269 | 1.884 | 0.7674 | C | -1.3821 | 1.9503 | 0.7431 |
| O | -1.0536 | 2.9006 | 1.2676 | O | -0.838 | 2.9159 | 1.2712 |
| O | 2.3008 | -1.3637 | 1.9566 | O | 1.5639 | -2.1966 | 2.4381 |
| C | -3.3589 | 0.1844 | 0.7382 | C | -3.2861 | 0.3291 | 0.7154 |
| C | -4.7744 | 0.6686 | 0.4353 | C | -4.714 | 0.8046 | 0.46 |
| C | 3.0346 | -2.5766 | 2.0243 | C | 2.8706 | -1.7853 | 2.0674 |
| H | -0.3945 | 1.9778 | -0.9813 | H | -0.2321 | 1.9804 | -0.9958 |
| H | -3.4051 | -0.555 | 1.5463 | H | -3.2977 | -0.3969 | 1.5367 |
| H | 3.894 | 3.3528 | 0.2413 | H | 4.0992 | 3.1074 | 0.409 |
| H | 5.0706 | 2.0188 | -1.4876 | H | 5.2199 | 1.8084 | -1.3824 |
| H | 4.0499 | -0.0672 | -2.3758 | H | 4.0966 | -0.1653 | -2.3943 |
| H | 1.674 | 2.6299 | 1.0892 | H | 1.8359 | 2.4607 | 1.1999 |
| H | 2.0836 | -1.8529 | -1.7921 | H | 2.0236 | -1.8663 | -1.948 |
| H | 0.4891 | -2.2455 | 2.3677 | H | -0.3508 | -2.3527 | 1.8609 |
| H | -0.8333 | -0.4423 | 1.8762 | H | -0.8034 | -0.2266 | 1.9436 |
| H | 0.6168 | 0.4689 | 2.3259 | H | 0.84 | 0.235 | 2.2865 |
| H | -0.6809 | -2.464 | -1.9487 | H | -0.7588 | -2.405 | -2.0364 |
| H | -2.5123 | 1.3026 | -1.786 | H | -2.4015 | 1.4452 | -1.7959 |
| H | -1.8969 | -0.6735 | -3.099 | H | -1.8989 | -0.5397 | -3.1456 |
| H | -0.3559 | 0.1219 | -2.806 | H | -0.3194 | 0.1771 | -2.8562 |
| H | -3.3766 | -1.8711 | -2.1115 | H | -3.4224 | -1.6883 | -2.1627 |
| H | -4.064 | -2.2241 | -0.4791 | H | -4.1082 | -2.0366 | -0.5292 |
| H | -5.2255 | 1.1171 | 1.3271 | H | -5.1287 | 1.2745 | 1.3586 |
| H | -5.418 | -0.1473 | 0.0931 | H | -5.371 | -0.0189 | 0.1653 |
| H | -4.765 | 1.4445 | -0.3387 | H | -4.7372 | 1.5612 | -0.3325 |
| H | 4.0545 | -2.342 | 2.3411 | H | 3.5723 | -2.1955 | 2.7995 |
| H | 2.5915 | -3.2572 | 2.7578 | H | 3.1456 | -2.1747 | 1.0833 |
| H | 3.0828 | -3.0576 | 1.0428 | H | 2.9634 | -0.6977 | 2.0917 |
| 2-3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| C | 3.5603 | 2.1784 | -0.516 |  |  |  |  |
| C | 4.1612 | 1.2935 | -1.4234 |  |  |  |  |
| C | 3.5226 | 0.1042 | -1.786 |  |  |  |  |
| C | 2.2971 | -0.1881 | -1.2196 |  |  |  |  |



| H | 2.3605 | -2.0809 | 3.8685 |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## 5. Biological evaluation

## Chemicals

Lipopolysaccharide (LPS; Escherichia coli) was obtained from Sigma-Aldrich (St. Louis, MO, USA). Human bronchial epithelial (16HBE) cells were supplied from American Type Culture Collection (Manassas, VA, USA). Antibodies against p-p65, caspase-1 and IL-18 were obtained by Cell Signalling Technology (Danvers, MA, USA). Anti- $\beta$-tubulin was purchased from Proteintech (Rosemont, IL, USA). Enzymelinked immune-sorbent assay (ELISA) reagents sets for IL-6 and TNF- $\alpha$ were purchased from R\&D Systems (Minneapolis, MN, USA). All the other chemicals and solvents were of the highest purity grade available.

## Animals

Pathogen-free ICR male mice ( $22-24 \mathrm{~g}$ ) were purchased from Kunming Medical University (License SCXK, 2020-0004). All mice were kept in room temperature (20$25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) and constant humidity (40-70\%) SPF grade laboratory, under a 12 h light-dark cycle. Standard diet and water were free access. According to the international rules considering animal experiments and the internationally accepted ethical principles for laboratory animal use and care, the animal study was performed. This study was reviewed and approved (No. Kib202107007) by the Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee of Kunming Institute of Botany, Chinese Academy of Sciences (SYXK, 2018-0005).

## Anti-inflammatory activity against LPS-induced 16HBE Cells

LPS-induced 16 HBE cells inflammation model was set up as previously reported with slight modifications ${ }^{2}$. 16 HBE cells in the logarithmic growth phase were harvested and diluted in Dulbecco's modified Eagle's medium (DMEM) and seeded on 6-well plates at $4 \times 10^{5}$ cells/well overnight. Then the supernatant was discarded and the stimulation of LPS (final concentration $1 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{ml}$ ) was added in each well accompanied by the addition of compounds 1 and $2(5 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{ml})$ and positive control dexamethasone (DEX, $5 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{ml}$ ). Subsequently, ATP (final concentration 1 mmol ) was supplemented
into wells after 24 h of incubation. After 1.5 h , the PCT and CRP levels from the cellfree supernatant were determined using commercial ELISA kits (Shanghai Jining Industrial Co., Ltd., Chengdu, China) according to the protocols of the manufacturer, and cellular protein was extracted for western blot analysis.

## Western blot analysis

Total protein was extracted from the 16 HBE cells using lysis buffer. The protein concentration of the supernatant was measured and quantified using the BCA kit. Pp65, caspase-1, IL-18 and $\beta$-tubulin were detected. The transferred proteins were visualized with an enhanced chemiluminescence detection kit (Tiangen Biotech, Beijing, China) on a FluorChem E System (Protein Simple, Santa Clara, CA, USA).

## LPS-induced Acute lung injury (ALI) model in mice

The LPS-induced ALI mice model was set up as described in literature ${ }^{3}$. Specifically, the male mice aged $6-8$ weeks were randomly divided into 7 groups ( 10 ones each group). (1) Control group: sham sensitization with saline via intranasal (i.n.); (2) LPS: sensitization with LPS via i.n.; (3) DXM: dexamethasone via intragastrical (i.g.) 5 $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ plus challenge with LPS via i.n.; (4-7) Testing groups: Compound $\mathbf{1}$ and $\mathbf{2}$ at dose of $2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ and $5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ plus challenge with LPS via i.n.. Mice were preadministrated with DEX and/or different tested articles daily for 2 days by intraperitoneal injection, while those in the other groups were treat with $0.1 \%$ dimethylsulfoxide ( $10 \mathrm{ml} / \mathrm{kg}$ ) every day. On the $3^{\text {rd }}$ day, mice were administrated with DXM and/or tested articles after LPS stimulation ( $60 \mu \mathrm{~g} /$ mice, i.n.) for 1 h , except for mice in the sham group, which were administered with normal saline. After 6 h, the animals were euthanized, closely followed by lungs harvest, which were used for detection of cytokines and histopathological analysis.

## Detection of cytokines in lung homogenate

The lung tissue supernatants were prepared as described previously ${ }^{4} .50 \mathrm{mg}$ lungs were homogenized in 0.45 ml of ice-cold phosphate-buffered saline using tissue homogenizer (SurgiVet, Madison, WI, USA) to obtain the lung homogenate, and was cooled on ice. Then the lung homogenate was centrifuged at $1000 \times \mathrm{g}$ for 10 minutes at $4{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to obtain the supernatant, and stored at $-80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IL- 6 and TNF- $\alpha$ levels in the
lung homogenate were measured using commercially ELISA kits.

## Histological examination of lungs

To histologically analyze the mice lungs, the histological examination was investigated as previously reported ${ }^{5}$. The right upper lobes of lung were removed when the mice under terminal anesthesia. Then the tissue was washed in phosphate buffer, and fixed in $4 \%$ formaldehyde buffered with a phosphate solution ( $0.1 \mathrm{M}, \mathrm{pH} 7.4$ ) at room temperature. The lung fragments were dehydrated in graded concentrations of ethanol, embedded in paraffin, and cut into $5-\mu \mathrm{m}$-thick sections. Then tissue sections were prepared and stained with hematoxylin and eosin to evaluate the general morphology. The lung index was also detected.

## Statistical Analysis.

Results were expressed as the mean $\pm$ standard error of the mean (SD). Statistical significance was determined using one-way ANOVA, with $\left({ }^{(\#)}\right) p<0.01,(* *) p<0.01$ or $(*) p<0.05$ accepted as the significance value.
(2) G. M. Liu, Q. F. Wan, J. W. Li, X. Y. Hu, X. L. Gu, S. C. Xu, Thorac. Cancer. 2020, ll, 1297-1308.
(3) K. Zhao, X. T. Li, J. R. Yang, Z. B. Huang, C. L. Li, H. R. Huang, K. Zhang, D. L. Li, L. Y. Zhang, X. Zheng, J. Ethnopharmacol. 2022, 290, 115119.
(4) Y. L. Zhao, Z. F. Yang, B. F. Wu, J. H. Shang, X. D. Luo, J. Ethnopharmacol. 2022, 259, 112949.
(5) Y. L. Zhao, S. B. Pu, Y. Qi, B. F. Wu, X. D. Luo, J. Ethnopharmacol. 2020, $267,113506$.

## 6. NMR, HRESIMS, IR, UV ORD and CD of 1

## 



Figure S2. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz})$ spectrum of compound $\mathbf{1}$ in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$.


Figure S3. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $(100 \mathrm{MHz})$ and DEPT spectra of compound $\mathbf{1}$ in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$.


Figure S4. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ COSY spectrum of compound $\mathbf{1}$ in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$.


Figure S5. HSQC spectrum of compound $\mathbf{1}$ in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$.


Figure S6. HMBC spectrum of compound $\mathbf{1}$ in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$.


Figure S7. ROESY spectrum of compound $\mathbf{1}$ in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$.

## Qualitative Analysis Report

| Data File | ASA-29.d | Sample Name | ASA-29 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sample Type | Sample | Position | P2-E2 |
| Instrument Name | Instrument 1 | User Name |  |
| Acq Method | 20210527-DTY-MSMS.m | Acquired Time | 2021/5/31 11:03:22 (UTC+08:00) |
| IRM Calibration Status | Success | DA Method | Defaul.m |
| Comment |  |  |  |
| Sample Group |  | Info. |  |
| Stream Name | LC 1 | Acquisition Time (Local) | 2021/5/31 11:03:22 (UTC+08:00) |
| Acquisition SW Version | 6200 series TOF/6500 series Q-TOF B. 09.00 (B9044.0) | QTOF Driver Version | 8.00.00 |
| QTOF Firmware Version | 25.723 | DDE Mode | 1 |
| Tune Mass Range Max. | 3200 |  |  |

Spectra

Fragmentor Voltage Collision Energy Ionization Mode
150
0
ESI



--- End Of Report ---

## Spectrum Identification Results: + Scan (rt: 23.089 min ) (ASA-29.d)



Figure S8. HRESIMS of compound 1.


Figure S9. IR spectrum of compound 1.


Figure S10. UV spectrum of compound $\mathbf{1}(0.1372 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL} \mathrm{MeOH})$.

## Rudolph Research Analytical

This sample was measured on an Autopol VI, Serial \#91058
Manufactured by Rudolph Research Analytical, Hackettstown, NJ, USA
Measurement Date : Thursday, 11-MAR-2021
Set Temperature : OFF
Time Delay: Disabled
Delay between Measurement : Disabled

| $\frac{n}{5}$ | $\frac{\text { Average }}{-95.00}$ | $\frac{\text { Std.Dev. }}{0.20} \quad \frac{\% \text { RS }}{-0.21}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{Ma}}{-94.8}$ | $\text { Im } \frac{\mathrm{Min}}{-95.3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S.No | Sample ID | Time | Result | Scale | OR ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{Arc}$ | WLG.nm | Lg.mm | Conc.g/100ml | Temp. |
| 1 | WASA29 | 04:43:32 PM | -95.31 | SR | -0.0934 | 589 | 100.00 | 0.098 | 23.3 |
| 2 | WASA29 | 04:43:41 PM | -94.80 | SR | -0.0929 | 589 | 100.00 | 0.098 | 23.3 |
| 3 | WASA29 | 04:43:49 PM | -94.90 | SR | -0.0930 | 589 | 100.00 | 0.098 | 23.3 |
| 4 | WASA29 | 04:43:57 PM | -95.10 | SR | -0.0932 | 589 | 100.00 | 0.098 | 23.3 |
| 5 | WASA29 | 04:44:05 PM | -94.90 | SR | -0.0930 | 589 | 100.00 | 0.098 | 23.3 |

Figure S11. Experimental ORD compound 1.


Figure S12. Experimental CD compound 1.

## 7. NMR, HRESIMS, IR, UV, ORD and CD of 2





Figure S13. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ) spectrum of compound $\mathbf{2}$ in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$.


Figure S14. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $(100 \mathrm{MHz})$ and DEPT spectra of compound $\mathbf{2}$ in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$.


Figure S15. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ COSY spectrum of compound $\mathbf{2}$ in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$.


Figure S16. HSQC spectrum of compound $\mathbf{2}$ in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$.


Figure S17. HMBC spectrum of compound $\mathbf{2}$ in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$.


Figure S18. ROESY spectrum of compound $\mathbf{2}$ in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$.

## Qualitative Analysis Report

| Data File | ASA-9.d | Sample Name | ASA-9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sample Type | Sample | Position | P2-D5 |
| Instrument Name | Instrument 1 | User Name |  |
| Acq Method | 20210527-DTY-MSMS.m | Acquired Time | 2021/5/31 6:01:16 (UTC+08:00) |
| IRM Calibration <br> Status | Success | DA Method | Default.m |
| Comment |  | Info. |  |
| Sample Group |  | Acquisition Time | 2021/5/31 6:01:16 (UTC+08:00) |
| (Local) |  |  |  |

## Spectra

$\qquad$

Fragmentor Voltage Collision Energy Ionization Mode
150
0
ESI

Peak List

| $\boldsymbol{m} / \boldsymbol{z}$ | $\mathbf{z}$ | Abund | Formula | Ion |
| ---: | :---: | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| 108.0804 |  | 33047.37 |  |  |
| 130.065 |  | 17537.05 |  |  |
| 216.065 |  | 1782.22 |  |  |
| 279.1485 |  | 31859.3 |  |  |
| 295.1438 |  | 21459.55 |  |  |
| 323.1392 | 1 | 749140.5 |  |  |
| 324.1425 | 1 | 143036.09 |  |  |
| 355.1658 | 1 | 41669.63 |  |  |
| 356.1686 | 1 | 95170.41 |  |  |
| 377.1464 | 1 | 23307.05 | C20 H22 N2 O4 | $(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na})+$ |


--- End Of Report ---

Spectrum Identification Results: + Scan (rt: 20.237 min) (ASA-9.d)


```
| | MFG C20 H22 N2 O4 (M+Na)+
```



```
*(M+Na)+ 377.145 76.59 lllllllllll
```



```
        22156.9 70.3 [100 
```

Figure S19. HRESIMS of compound 2.


Figure S20. IR spectrum of compound 2.


Figure S21. UV spectrum of compound $2(0.1428 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL} \mathrm{MeOH})$.

## Rudolph Research Analytica

This sample was measured on an Autopol VI, Serial \#91058
Manufactured by Rudolph Research Analytical, Hackettstown, NJ, USA
Measurement Date : Thursday, 11-MAR-2021
Set Temperature : OFF
Time Delay : Disabled
Delay between Measurement : Disabled

| $\frac{\mathbf{n}}{5}$ | Average | Std.Dev. | Maximum Minimum |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | -197.20 | 0.44 -0.22 | -196. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| S.No | Sample ID | Time | Result | Scale | OR ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{Arc}$ | WLG.nm | Lg.mm | Conc.g/100ml | Temp. |
| 1 | WASA9 | 04:55:31 PM | -197.75 | SR | -0.2017 | 589 | 100.00 | 0.102 | 23.4 |
| 2 | WASA9 | 04:55:39 PM | -197.55 | SR | -0.2015 | 589 | 100.00 | 0.102 | 23.4 |
| 3 | WASA9 | 04:55:47 PM | -196.96 | SR | -0.2009 | 589 | 100.00 | 0.102 | 23.4 |
| 4 | WASA9 | 04:55:56 PM | -197.06 | SR | -0.2010 | 589 | 100.00 | 0.102 | 23.4 |
| 5 | WASA9 | 04:56:04 PM | -196.67 | SR | -0.2006 | 589 | 100.00 | 0.102 | 23.4 |

Figure S22. Experimental ORD of compound 2.


Figure S23. CD spectrum of compound $2(0.1428 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL} \mathrm{MeOH})$.

## 8. Crystal data and structure refinement for 1

Crystal data for wasa29: $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}, M=354.39, a=8.9449(2) \AA, b=13.8365(4)$
$\AA, c=13.8542(4) \AA, \alpha=90^{\circ}, \beta=90^{\circ}, \gamma=90^{\circ}, V=1714.68(8) \AA^{3}, T=100 .(2) \mathrm{K}$, space group $P 2$ 12121, $Z=4, \mu(\mathrm{Cu} \mathrm{K} \alpha)=0.787 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}, 30048$ reflections measured, 3373 independent reflections ( $R_{\text {int }}=0.0388$ ). The final $R_{I}$ values were $0.0308(I>2 \sigma(I))$. The final $w R\left(F^{2}\right)$ values were $0.0814(I>2 \sigma(I))$. The final $R_{l}$ values were 0.0309 (all data). The final $w R\left(F^{2}\right)$ values were 0.0815 (all data). The goodness of fit on $F^{2}$ was 1.054. Flack parameter $=0.02(4)$.


View of a molecule of wasa29 with the atom-labelling scheme.
Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the $30 \%$ probability level.


View of the pack drawing of wasa 29 .
Hydrogen-bonds are shown as dashed lines.

Table 1. Crystal data and structure refinement for wasa29_0m.

| Identification code | global |
| :---: | :---: |
| Empirical formula | C20 H22 N2 O4 |
| Formula weight | 354.39 |
| Temperature | 100(2) K |
| Wavelength | 1.54178 A |
| Crystal system | Orthorhombic |
| Space group | P2 2 $_{1} 2_{1}$ |
| Unit cell dimensions | $a=8.9449(2) \AA$ ¢ $\quad \alpha=90^{\circ}$. |
|  | $b=13.8365(4) \AA$ A $\quad \beta=90^{\circ}$. |
|  | $\mathrm{c}=13.8542(4) \AA \AA^{\text {A }}$, $\gamma=90^{\circ}$. |
| Volume | $1714.68(8) \AA^{3}$ |
| Z | 4 |
| Density (calculated) | $1.373 \mathrm{Mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |
| Absorption coefficient | $0.787 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$ |
| F(000) | 752 |
| Crystal size | $0.520 \times 0.480 \times 0.380 \mathrm{~mm}^{3}$ |
| Theta range for data collection | 5.89 to $72.45{ }^{\circ}$. |
| Index ranges | $-11<=\mathrm{h}<=11,-17<=\mathrm{k}<=17,-15<=1<=17$ |
| Reflections collected | 30048 |
| Independent reflections | $3373[\mathrm{R}(\mathrm{int})=0.0388]$ |
| Completeness to theta $=72.45^{\circ}$ | 99.2 \% |
| Absorption correction | Semi-empirical from equivalents |
| Max. and min. transmission | 0.75 and 0.56 |
| Refinement method | Full-matrix least-squares on $\mathrm{F}^{2}$ |
| Data / restraints / parameters | 3373 / 0 / 237 |
| Goodness-of-fit on $\mathrm{F}^{2}$ | 1.054 |
| Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)] | $\mathrm{R} 1=0.0308, \mathrm{wR} 2=0.0814$ |
| R indices (all data) | $\mathrm{R} 1=0.0309, \mathrm{wR} 2=0.0815$ |
| Absolute structure parameter | 0.02(4) |
| Largest diff. peak and hole | 0.340 and -0.399 e. $\AA^{-3}$ |

