Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for CrystEngComm. This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry 2023

Supporting information

Polymorphs, Ionic-Cocrystal and Inclusion Complex of N-Amino-1,8-Naphthalimide

Jagajiban Sendh, Jubaraj B. Baruah*

Content List

Figure S1	(a) ORTEP diagram of L-1 (thermal ellipsoids drawn with 50% probability); (b) Stacking between the naphthalimide rings of L-1.
Figure S2	Experimental (top) and simulated (bottom) PXRD patterns of L-1.
Figure S3	 (a) ORTEP diagram of L-2 (thermal ellipsoids drawn with 50% probability); (b) Stacking between the naphthalimide rings of L-2.
Figure S4	PXRD patterns of L-2 (top experimental, bottom simulated from CIF file).
Figure S5	Isothermal calorimetric titration of compound L (5×10^{-6} M) (a) with Zn(NO ₃) ₂₆ H ₂ O (2.5×10^{-4} M) (each time 2 µL addition for 20 times) in miliQ water; and graph fitted to two sequential equilibrium K ₁ = (3.29 ± 0.78) × 10^3 M ⁻¹ , K ₂ = (0.71 ± 0.13) × 10^3 M ⁻¹ , with entropy change for the first equilibrium -439 cal/mol/deg, and -1.14 cal/mol/deg for second equilibrium. (b) Isothermal calorimetric titration of compound L (0.02 mM) with Cu(NO ₃) _{2.3} H ₂ O (1mM) (each time 2µL addition for 20 times) in miliQ water; and graph was fitted to four sequential equilibrium K ₁ = (12.1 ± 9.6) × 10^5 M ⁻¹ , K ₂ = (3.79 ± 7.4) × 10^4 M ⁻¹ , K ₃ = (2.43 ± 4.2) × 10^6 M ⁻¹ , K ₄ = (2.88 ± 1.7) × 10^3 M ⁻¹ with entropy change for the first equilibrium 35.9 cal/mol/deg, second equilibrium -1.67 cal/mol/deg, third equilibrium 47.0 cal/mol/deg, fourth equilibrium -22.2 cal/mol/deg.
Figure S6	(a)The structure of [HL]NO ₃ .H ₂ O (thermal ellipsoids are with 50% probability), (b) stacking among the HL ⁺ ions (viewed along the c-axis).
Figure S7	 (a) Structure of [HL]NO₃.L.H₂O ionic co-crystal (thermal ellipsoids are with 50% probability) (b) Packing showing the π-stacks among the cations and neutral L.
Figure S8	Packing of the $[Cd(L)_3(NO_3)]$ (NO ₃).2L showing the sandwiched L in the self-assembly. (thermal ellipsoids are with 50% probability).
Figure S9	Powder-XRD patterns of the $[Cd(L)_3(NO_3)]$ $L_2(NO_3)$ complex (top experimental, bottom simulated from CIF file).
Figure S10	Powder-XRD patterns of the $[CuL_2(NO_3)_2]$ complex (top experimental, bottom simulated from CIF file).
Figure S11	Room temperature X-band ESR spectrum of solid sample of the [CuL ₂ (NO ₃) ₂] complex.
Figure S12	Asymmetric unit of the $[CuL_4](NO_3)_2$ complex (thermal ellipsoids are with 50% probability).
Figure S13	Powder XRDs of [CuL4](NO3)2 complex(top experimental, bottom simulated from CIF file).
Figure S14	Room temperature X-band ESR spectra of the [CuL ₄](NO ₃) ₂ complex.
Figure S15	Differential scanning calorimetry plots of the (i) [HL]NO ₃ .H ₂ O salt; (ii) [HL]NO ₃ .L.H ₂ O; (iii) [Cd(L) ₃ (NO ₃)](NO ₃)2L complex; (iv) [CuL ₂ (NO ₃) ₂] complex and (v) [CuL ₄](NO ₃) ₂ complex. (Hasting rate 10 °C/min under nitrogen entropy.
Figure S16	Thermogram of the (a) [HL]NO ₃ .H ₂ O co-crystal; (b) [CdL ₃ (NO ₃)](NO ₃).2L complex; (c) [CuL ₄](NO ₃) ₂ and (d) [CuL ₂ (NO ₃) ₂] complex (heating rate at 10 °C/min under nitrogen atmosphere).
Figure S17	SEM images of (i) L-1 (ii) L-2 (iii) [HL]NO ₃ .H ₂ O; (iv) [HL]NO ₃ .L.H ₂ O; (v) [CdL ₃ (NO ₃)] (NO ₃).2L complex.
Figure S18	FT-IR spectra of the L-1 (top) and L-2 (bottom).
Figure S19 Figure S20	FT-IR spectra of the $[CuL_2(NO_3)_2]$ (top) and $[CuL_4](NO_3)_2$ (bottom) complex. FT-IR spectra of the compound L and the $[CuL_2(NO_3)_2]$ complex.
Figure S21	FT-IR spectra of (a) [HL]NO ₃ .L.H ₂ O and (b) salt [HL]NO ₃ .H ₂ O.
Figure S22	FT-IR spectra of the compound L (top) and [CuL ₄](NO ₃) ₂ (bottom)complex.

Figure S23	: Experimental powder XRD patterns of the $[CuL_2(NO_3)_2]$ (top) and $[CuL_4](NO_3)_2$ (bottom) complex.
Figure S24	Zeta-potential plots of aqueous solution of (i) [HL]NO ₃ .H ₂ O (1360 μ M) salt; (ii) [HL]NO ₃ .L.H ₂ O (330 μ M) ionic co-crystal; (iii) [CuL ₂ (NO ₃) ₂] (540 μ M) complex; (iv) [CuL ₄](NO ₃) ₂ (225 μ M) complex and (v) [CdL ₃ (NO ₃)](NO ₃).2L (257 μ M) complex. (vi) L (1 mM aqueous solution). In each case 0.5 ml were taken for the respective measurement.
Figure S26	The excitation and emission spectra of (a) L; (b) $[LH]NO_3.H_2O$; (c) $[LH]NO3.L.H_2O$; (d) $CdL_3(NO_3)](NO_3).2L$ (in each case 3ml solution of 10 mM conc. in methanol, $\lambda ex = 380$ nm in each case).
Table 1S	Hydrogen bond parameters of polymorph, ionic-crystal and metal complexes.



Figure S1: (a) ORTEP diagram of L-1 (thermal ellipsoids drawn with 50% probability); (b) Stacking between the naphthalimide rings of L-1.



Figure S2: Experimental (top) and simulated (bottom) PXRD patterns of L-1.



Figure S3: (a) ORTEP diagram of L-2 (thermal ellipsoids drawn with 50% probability); (b) Stacking between the naphthalimide rings of L-2.



Figure S4: PXRD patterns of L-2 (top experimental, bottom simulated from CIF file).



Figure S5: Isothermal calorimetric titration of compound L (5×10^{-6} M) (a) with Zn(NO₃)_{2..6}H₂O (2.5×10^{-4} M) (each time 2 µL addition for 20 times) in milliQ water; and graph fitted to two sequential equilibrium K₁ = (3.29 ± 0.78) × 10³ M⁻¹, K₂ = (0.71 ± 0.13) × 10³ M⁻¹, with entropy change for the first equilibrium -439 cal/mol/deg, and -1.14 cal/mol/deg for second equilibrium. (b) Isothermal calorimetric titration of compound L (0.02 mM) with Cu(NO₃)₂.3H₂O (1mM) (each time 2µL addition for 20 times) in milliQ water; and graph was fitted to four sequential equilibrium K₁= (12.1 ± 9.6) × 10⁵ M⁻¹, K₂ = (3.79 ± 7.4) × 10⁴ M⁻¹, K₃ = (2.43 ± 4.2) × 10⁶ M⁻¹, K₄ = (2.88 ± 1.7) × 10³ M⁻¹ with entropy change for the first equilibrium 35.9 cal/mol/deg, second equilibrium -1.67 cal/mol/deg, third equilibrium 47.0 cal/mol/deg, fourth equilibrium -22.2 cal/mol/deg.



Figure S6: (a) The structure of $[HL]NO_3$, H_2O (thermal ellipsoids are with 50% probability), (b) stacking among the HL^+ ions (viewed along the c-axis).



Figure S7: (a) Structure of the [HL]NO₃.L.H₂O ionic co-crystal (thermal ellipsoids are with 50% probability) (b) Packing showing the π -stacks among the cations and neutral L.



Figure S8: Packing of the [Cd(L)₃(NO₃)] (NO₃).2L showing the sandwiched L in the self-assembly. (thermal ellipsoids are with 50% probability).



Figure S9: Powder-XRD patterns of the [Cd(L)₃(NO₃)] L₂(NO₃) complex (top experimental, bottom simulated from CIF file).



Figure S10: Powder-XRD patterns of the [CuL₂(NO₃)₂] complex (top experimental, bottom simulated from CIF file).



Figure S11: Room temperature X-band ESR spectrum of solid sample of the [CuL₂(NO₃)₂] complex.



Figure S12: Asymmetric unit of the [CuL₄](NO₃)₂ complex (thermal ellipsoids are with 50% probability).



Figure S13: Powder XRDs of [CuL₄](NO₃)₂ complex(top experimental, bottom simulated from CIF file).



Figure S14: Room temperature X-band ESR spectra of the [CuL₄](NO₃)₂ complex.



Figure S15: Differential scanning calorimetry plots of the (i) [HL]NO₃.H₂O salt; (ii) [HL]NO₃.L.H₂O; (iii) [Cd(L)₃(NO₃)](NO₃)2L complex; (iv) [CuL₂(NO₃)₂] complex and (v) [CuL₄](NO₃)₂ complex. (Heating rate 10°C/min under nitrogen atmosphere.



Figure S16: Thermogram of the (a) [HL]NO₃.H₂O co-crystal; (b) [CdL₃(NO₃)](NO₃).2L complex; (c) [CuL₄](NO₃)₂ and (d) [CuL₂(NO₃)₂] complex (heating rate at 10 °C/min under nitrogen atmosphere).









(iii)

8.451 µm







Figure S17: SEM images of (i) L-1 (ii) L-2 (iii) [HL]NO₃.H₂O; (iv) [HL]NO₃.L.H₂O; (v) [CdL₃(NO₃)] (NO₃).2L complex.



Figure S18: FT-IR spectra of the L-1 (top) and L-2 (bottom).



Figure S19: FT-IR spectra of the $[CuL_2(NO_3)_2]$ (top) and $[CuL_4](NO_3)_2$ (bottom) complex.



Figure S20: FT-IR spectra of the compound L and the $[CuL_2(NO_3)_2]$ complex.



Figure S21: FT-IR spectra of (a) $[HL]NO_3.L.H_2O$ and (b) salt $[HL]NO_3.H_2O$.



Figure S22: FT-IR spectra of the compound L (top) and [CuL₄](NO₃)₂ (bottom)complex.



Figure S23: Experimental powder XRD patterns of the [CuL₂(NO₃)₂] (top) and [CuL₄](NO₃)₂ (bottom) comple



Figure S24: Zeta-potential plots of aqueous solution of (i) [HL]NO₃.H₂O (1360 μ M) salt; (ii) [HL]NO₃.L.H₂O (330 μ M) ionic co-crystal; (iii) [CuL₂(NO₃)₂] (540 μ M) complex; (iv) [CuL₄](NO₃)₂ (225 μ M) complex and (v) [CdL₃(NO₃)](NO₃).2L (257 μ M) complex. (vi) L (1 mM aqueous solution). In each case 0.5 ml were taken for the respective measurement.



Figure S25: The excitation and emission spectra of (a) L; (b) [LH]NO₃.H₂O ; (c) [LH]NO₃.L.H₂O ; (d) CdL₃(NO₃)](NO₃).2L (in each case 3 ml solution of 10 mM conc. In methanol, $\lambda ex = 388$ in each case).

Compound	H-bond	d _{D-H} (Å)	d _{HA} (Å)	d _{DA} (Å)	∠DHA (°)
L-2	$\begin{array}{l} N(2)-H(2A)\cdots O(1) \ [1-x, \ 3-y, -z] \\ N(2)-H(2B)\cdots O(3) \ [x,1+y,z] \\ N(4) -H(4A)\cdots O(2) [x, -1+y,z] \\ N(4)-H(4B)\cdots O(4) \ \ [1-x, -y, 1-z] \end{array}$	0.86(3) 1.00(4) 0.89(3) 0.90(3)	2.31(3) 2.35(4) 2.27(3) 2.21(3)	3.073(3) 3.183 (3) 3.144(3) 3.038(3)	148(2) 141(3) 165(2) 154(2)
[HL]NO3.H2O	N(2)-H(2B) •••O(6) [x, y, 1+z]	0.86	1.83	2.691(3)	171
	N(2)-H(2C) •••O(5) [x, y, 1+z]	0.99	1.76	2.745(3)	174
	O(6)-H(6A) •••O(3) [x, y, z]	0.85	2.47	3.159(3)	139
	O(6)-H(6A) •••O(5) [x, y, z]	0.85	2.04	2.867(3)	164
	O(6)-H(6B) ···O(2) [-x 1-y, 1-z.]	0.85	2.12	2.957(3)	171
[HL]NO3L,H2O	N(2)-H(2A) •••O(8) [-1+x, y, -1+z]	0.87	1.86	2.726(4)	175
	N(2)-H(2B) ····N(5) [x, y, -1+z]	0.87	2.12	2.890(3)	148
	N(2)-H(2C) •••O(4) [1-x, ½+y, -z]	1.04(5)	1.93(5)	2.847(5)	147(4)
	O(8)-H(8A) •••O(7) [1-x, -1/2+y, 1-z]	0.85	2.00	2.836(4)	166
	O(8)-H(8B) •••O(4) [1-x, ½+y, 1-z]	0.85	2.13	2.915(4)	153
	O(8)-H(8B) •••O(5) [1-x, ¹ / ₂ +y, 1-z]	0.85	2.32	3.056(5)	145
[CuL4](NO3)2	N(2)-H(2A) •••O(4) [1+x, y, z]	0.89	2.40	3.050(4)	130
	N(2)-H(2B) •••O(5) [1-x, 1-y, 1-z]	0.89	1.99	2.873(5)	171
	N(4)-H(4A) •••O(1) [-1+x, y, z]	0.89	2.10	2.994(4)	176
	N(4)-H(4B) •••O(5) [1-x, 1-y, 1-z]	0.89	2.20	2.935(6)	139

Table 1S: Hydrogen bond parameters of polymorph, ionic-crystal and metal complexes.