## **Supporting Information**

# Investigating the Local Structure of Ti Based MXene Materials by Temperature Dependent X-Ray Absorption Spectroscopy

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#### **X-RAY DIFFRACTION MEASUREMENTS**

X-ray diffraction (XRD) measurements were performed using a Rigaku RINT-TTR III powder diffractometer with Cu K $\alpha$  radiation ( $\lambda = 1.5406$  Å) in Bragg-Brentano geometry. A scattered intensity was recorded within a  $2\theta$  range of 5-80° with a step of 0.02°. Obtained XRD patterns are shown in Figure S1.



**Figure S1:** Powder X-ray diffraction patterns for a)  $Ti_2AlC$ ,  $Ti_2CT_x$  (LiF/HCl etched); b)  $Ti_3AlC_2$ ,  $Ti_3C_2T_x$  (LiF/HCl etched),  $Ti_3C_2T_x$  (HF etched) [S1-S3]

Obtained patterns confirm the successful synthesis of phase-pure samples and are similar to the ones reported in the literature for the same systems [S4-7].

### **EXAFS ANALYSIS**

The Ti K-edge EXAFS signals analysis was based on the ab-initio real-space multiple scattering theory. Calculations of the scattering amplitude and phase shift functions were

performed, by the FEFF6 code, centred on a Ti atom and having a radius of 6 Å. The fits to experimental spectra were performed in the back-transformed k space by the means of FEFFIT code.

Initially, the fitting has been limited to the first two coordination shells around titanium atoms (Ti-C and Ti-Al or Ti-T<sub>x</sub>), where the distances ( $R_i$ ) and its corresponding Debye–Waller factor ( $\sigma_i^2$ ), as well as, the coordination number (x) for Ti-T<sub>x</sub> were the fitted parameters in the model. Successively, by fixing the obtained two first shells parameters, the next shells have been fitted, always keeping the number of free parameters below the maximum allowed number for an EXAFS fitting.

For all the scattering paths, except the Ti-T<sub>x</sub>, the coordination numbers  $N_i$  were fixed to the average values known from diffraction studies [S8,S9].  $E_0$  and  $S_0^2$  were empirically chosen by a number of fits on different scans done at lowest temperature. Then, during the temperature-dependent analysis, they were fixed to 1.3 eV and 0.55, respectively for all the samples.

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