

## Supporting information

# Facile preparation, catalytic performance and reaction mechanism of $Mn_xCo_{1-x}O_\delta/3DOM\text{-}m$ $Ti_{0.7}Si_{0.2}W_{0.1}O_y$ catalysts for the simultaneous removal of soot and $NO_x$

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(Reaction conditions: 1000 ppm NO, 1000 ppm NH<sub>3</sub>, 5% O<sub>2</sub>, 5% H<sub>2</sub>O, balance N<sub>2</sub>.)

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**Fig. S7.** (A) NO conversion and (B) Soot conversion of the catalysts

(Reaction conditions: (A) 1000 ppm NO, 1000 ppm NH<sub>3</sub>, 5% O<sub>2</sub>, 5% H<sub>2</sub>O, balance N<sub>2</sub>, flow rate = 300 ml min<sup>-1</sup>; (B) 1000 ppm NO, 1000 ppm NH<sub>3</sub>, 5% O<sub>2</sub>, 5% H<sub>2</sub>O, balance N<sub>2</sub>, flow rate = 100 ml min<sup>-1</sup>)..... **S16**

**Table S1** Textural properties of as-prepared catalysts

Catalyst	Surface area( $\text{m}^2 \text{ g}^{-1}$ ) <sup>a</sup>	Total pore volume( $\text{cm}^3 \text{ g}^{-1}$ ) <sup>b</sup>	Pore size(nm) <sup>c</sup>
3DOM-m TiSiWO	167.7	0.260	6.3
MnO <sub>δ</sub> /3DOM-m TiSiWO	56.2	0.109	7.2
Mn <sub>0.8</sub> Co <sub>0.2</sub> O <sub>δ</sub> /3DOM-m TiSiWO	57.9	0.118	7.3
Mn <sub>0.6</sub> Co <sub>0.4</sub> O <sub>δ</sub> /3DOM-m TiSiWO	58.2	0.117	7.3
Mn <sub>0.5</sub> Co <sub>0.5</sub> O <sub>δ</sub> /3DOM-m TiSiWO	56.5	0.114	7.4
Mn <sub>0.4</sub> Co <sub>0.6</sub> O <sub>δ</sub> /3DOM-m TiSiWO	59.1	0.134	8.6
Mn <sub>0.2</sub> Co <sub>0.8</sub> O <sub>δ</sub> /3DOM-m TiSiWO	62.9	0.161	9.8
Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> /3DOM-m TiSiWO	61.5	0.125	7.9

<sup>a</sup>Calculated by BET method. <sup>b</sup>Calculated by BJH desorption cumulative volume of pores between 1.7 nm and 300 nm diameter. <sup>c</sup>Calculated by BJH desorption average pore diameter.

**Table S2.** Performance of various catalysts for SCR reaction

Catalyst	Feed composition				GHSV (h <sup>-1</sup> )	TOF(s <sup>-1</sup> ) ×10 <sup>-3</sup>	Temperature (°C) <sup>a</sup>	$X_{NO}$ (%)	Ref.
	NO (ppm)	NH <sub>3</sub> (ppm)	O <sub>2</sub> (vol %)	H <sub>2</sub> O (vol %)					
Co-Mn/TiO <sub>2</sub>	500	500	5	5	120,000	-	150-200	80	[1]
							200 <sup>b</sup>	92 <sup>b</sup>	
17%Mn <sub>7</sub> Ce <sub>3</sub> -CM	500	550	5	10	20,000	-	125-225	80	[2]
							175 <sup>b</sup>	75 <sup>b</sup>	
Mn8/SEP-S	600	600	3		30,000	0.3 (200 °C)	-	-	[3]
Hierc-MnFe <sub>0.6</sub> Co <sub>0.4</sub> O <sub>x</sub>	500	500	5	5	60,000	0.583 (100 °C)	110-250	90	[4]
							180 <sup>b</sup>	90 <sup>b</sup>	
MnO <sub>2</sub> -Co-0.8	500	500	5	5	50000	-	240-280	100	[5]
							110 <sup>b</sup>	75 <sup>b</sup>	
$\alpha$ -Mn <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> (111)	500	500	5	-	36000	3.5 (510 °C)	480-620	80	[6]
MnO <sub>x</sub> -ZSM-5 (150)	500	500	4	-	30000	0.293 (100 °C)	190-290	100	[7]
Mn/TiSi(3:1) 900+ 100N O <sub>2</sub>	1000	1000	10		80000	-	250	75	[8]
MnO <sub>x</sub> /TiO <sub>2</sub> (NS)	1000	1100	4	2.5	50000	0.7 (160 °C)	150 <sup>b</sup>	62 <sup>b</sup>	[9]
CoMn/ZSM-5	500	500	5	5	50000	-	100-250 <sup>b</sup>	80 <sup>b</sup>	[10]
Mn <sub>0.5</sub> Co <sub>0.5</sub> O <sub>δ</sub> /3DOM-m TiSiWO	1000	1000	5	5	20000	0.57 (100 °C)	216-426	90	This work

a. Temperature or temperature window corresponding to conversion of NO.

b. NO conversion and corresponding temperature window of the catalysts in the presence of water.

**Table S3.** Performance of various catalysts for soot removal

Catalyst	Feed composition			Flow rate (ml min <sup>-1</sup> )	Catal/ soot	TOF(s <sup>-1</sup> ) ×10 <sup>-3</sup>	T <sub>10</sub> <sup>a</sup> (°C)	T <sub>50</sub> <sup>a</sup> / T <sub>m</sub> <sup>b</sup> (°C)	T <sub>90</sub> <sup>a</sup> (°C)	Ref
	NO (ppm)	O <sub>2</sub> (vol%)	H <sub>2</sub> O (vol%)							
Mn <sub>x</sub> Ce <sub>1-x</sub> O <sub>δ</sub> /SiO <sub>2</sub>	2000	10	10	50	10		-	350	-	[11]
α-Mn <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	2500	5	10	80	10		-	420	-	[12]
α-MnO <sub>2</sub> -Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> / AISI304	500	6	10	100	2.5		302	354	395	[13]
Ce <sub>1</sub> MnO <sub>x</sub>	2000	10	10	50	10	0.89 (250 °C)	272	329	362	[14]
K-OMS-2-M2	2000	10	10	50	10	0.91 (253 °C)	266	332	428	[15]
Ag/SmMn <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	500	10	5	500	10		350			[16]
Mn <sub>0.5</sub> Co <sub>0.5</sub> O <sub>δ</sub> /3DOM- m TiSiWO	1000	5	5	100	10	1.47 (350 °C)		448		This work

a. T<sub>10</sub>, T<sub>50</sub> and T<sub>90</sub> represented temperatures for soot conversion at 10%, 50% and 90%, respectively.b. T<sub>m</sub> represented the temperature of the maximum CO<sub>2</sub> concentration.

**Table S4.** Performance of various catalysts for simultaneous removal of soot and NO<sub>x</sub>

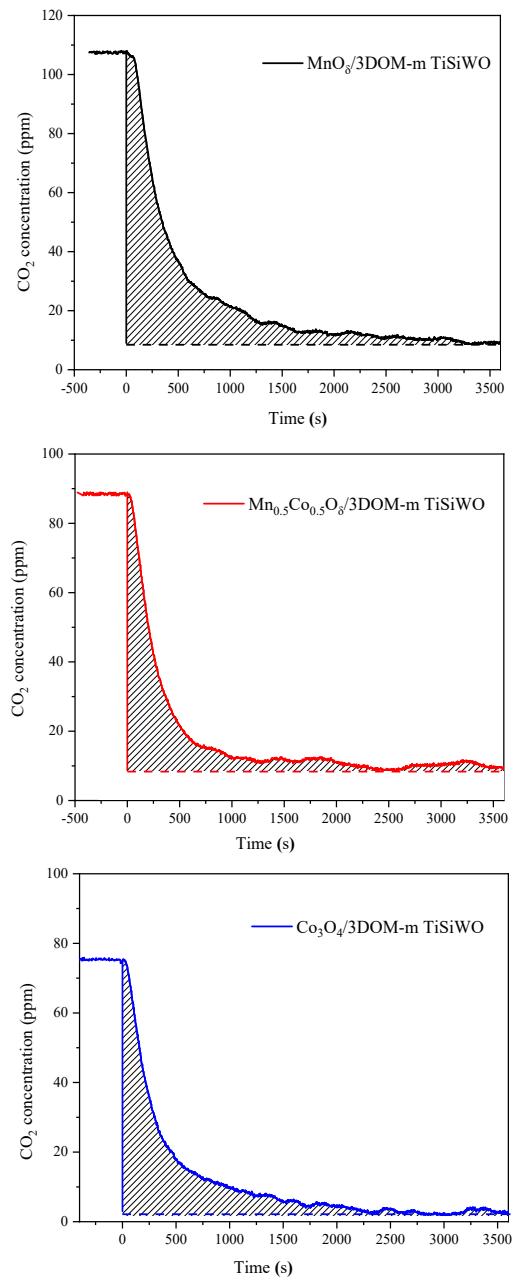
Catalyst	Feed composition				Flow rate (ml min <sup>-1</sup> )	Catal /soot	T(°C) <sup>a</sup>	X <sub>NO</sub> (%)	T <sub>m</sub> (%)	Ref.
	NO (ppm)	NH <sub>3</sub> (ppm)	O <sub>2</sub> (vol%)	H <sub>2</sub> O (vol%)						
La <sub>0.7</sub> Ag <sub>0.3</sub> MnO <sub>3</sub> -MW	2000	-	10	-	100	9/1	325	60	400	[17]
4CoAlO-800	2500	-	5	-	80	20/1	318 <sup>c</sup>	3.5 <sup>c</sup>	290 (T <sub>i</sub> ) <sup>b</sup>	[18]
Co <sub>2.5</sub> Mg <sub>0.5</sub> Al <sub>0.92</sub> Ce <sub>0.08</sub>	600		20		150	20/1			449	[19]
Ce <sub>0.8</sub> Mn <sub>0.1</sub> Zr <sub>0.1</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	1000	1000	3	-	100	10/1	374–512	100	402	[20]
Fe <sub>1</sub> –Mn <sub>3</sub> –O <sub>x</sub>	1000	1000	3	-	50	10/1	302–485	80	487	[21]
(La <sub>1.7</sub> Rb <sub>0.3</sub> CuO <sub>4</sub> )20 /nmCeO <sub>2</sub>	2000	-	5	-	50	5/1	401 <sup>c</sup>	26.8 <sup>c</sup>	401	[22]
La <sub>1-x</sub> K <sub>x</sub> MnO <sub>3</sub>	1000	-	0.5	-	70	10/1	300	53	270	[23]
Mn <sub>0.5</sub> Co <sub>0.5</sub> O <sub>6</sub> /3 DOM-m TiSiWO	1000	1000	5	5	100	10/1	216–426	97	470	This work

a. Temperature or temperature window corresponding to conversion of NO.

b. T<sub>i</sub> and T<sub>m</sub> represented initial combustion temperature and the temperature of the maximum CO<sub>2</sub> concentration.c. N<sub>2</sub> formation of related catalyst and corresponding to temperature.

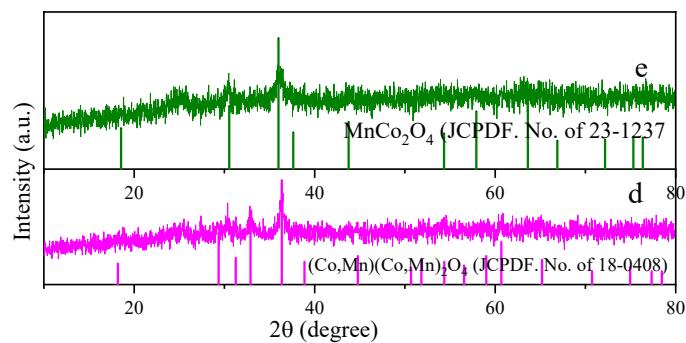
**Table S5** The reaction rate ( $r$ ) for NH<sub>3</sub>-SCR/soot combustion and the amount of active oxygen species (O<sub>amount</sub>) for soot combustion

Catalyst	$r_{NO} \times 10^{-5}$ (mol g <sup>-1</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> )	$r_{soot} \times 10^{-8}$ (mol g <sup>-1</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> )	O <sub>amount</sub> × 10 <sup>-5</sup> (mol g <sup>-1</sup> )
	0.71 (100 °C)		
MnO <sub>δ</sub> /3DOM-m TiSiWO	1.60 (125 °C)	5.35	4.86
	2.59 (150 °C)		
Mn <sub>0.5</sub> Co <sub>0.5</sub> O <sub>δ</sub> /3DOM-m TiSiWO	1.08 (100 °C) 2.14 (125 °C) 3.13 (150 °C)	4.45	3.02
	0.76 (100 °C)		
Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> /3DOM-m TiSiWO	1.75 (125 °C) 2.75 (150 °C)	3.75	3.01

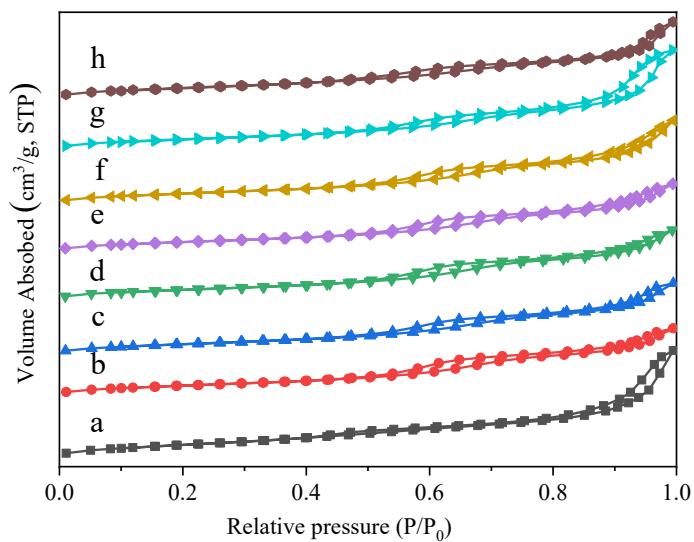


**Fig. S1**  $\text{CO}_2$  concentrations at 350 °C as a function of time over catalysts before and after  $\text{O}_2$  is removed from the reactant feed.

(Reaction conditions: 1000 ppm NO, 1000 ppm  $\text{NH}_3$ , 5%  $\text{O}_2$ , 5%  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , balance  $\text{N}_2$ , flow rate = 150  $\text{ml min}^{-1}$ )

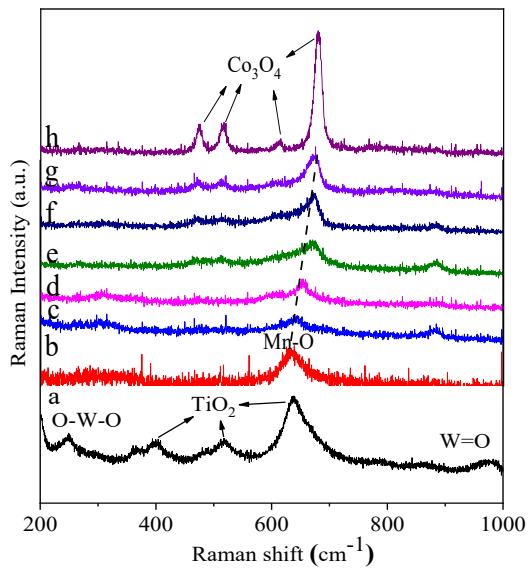


**Fig. S2.** X-ray diffraction patterns of  $Mn_xCo_{1-x}O_\delta/3DOM-m$  TiSiWO catalysts with different  $x$  values. (d:  $Mn_{0.6}Co_{0.4}O_\delta/3DOM-m$  TiSiWO, e:  $Mn_{0.5}Co_{0.5}O_\delta/3DOM-m$  TiSiWO)

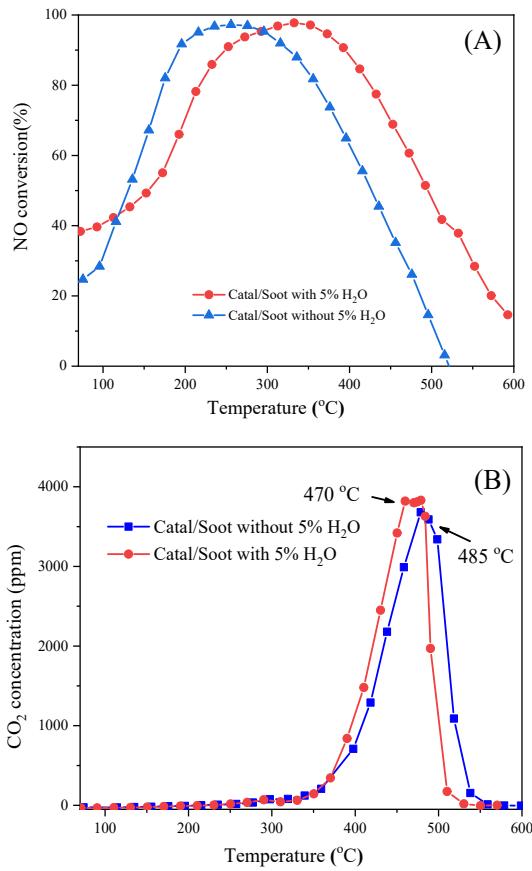


**Fig. S3.** Nitrogen adsorption-desorption isotherms of Mn<sub>x</sub>Co<sub>1-x</sub>O<sub>δ</sub>/3DOM-m TiSiWO catalysts with different x values

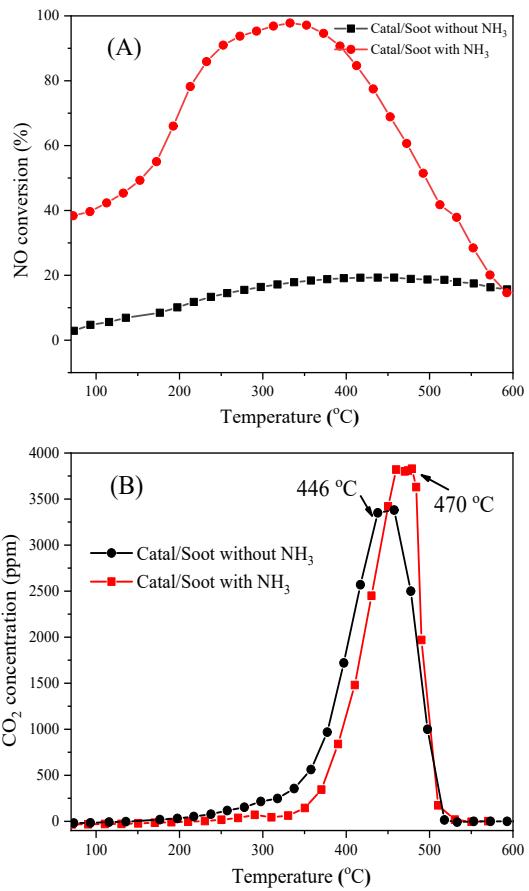
(a: 3DOM-m TiSiWO, b: MnO<sub>δ</sub>/3DOM-m TiSiWO, c: Mn<sub>0.8</sub>Co<sub>0.2</sub>O<sub>δ</sub>/3DOM-m TiSiWO, d: Mn<sub>0.6</sub>Co<sub>0.4</sub>O<sub>δ</sub>/3DOM-m TiSiWO, e: Mn<sub>0.5</sub>Co<sub>0.5</sub>O<sub>δ</sub>/3DOM-m TiSiWO, f: Mn<sub>0.4</sub>Co<sub>0.6</sub>O<sub>δ</sub>/3DOM-m TiSiWO, g: Mn<sub>0.2</sub>Co<sub>0.8</sub>O<sub>δ</sub>/3DOM-m TiSiWO, h: Co<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>/3DOM-m TiSiWO)



**Fig. S4.** Raman spectra of  $\text{Mn}_x\text{Co}_{1-x}\text{O}_\delta/3\text{DOM-m TiSiWO}$  catalysts with different  $x$  values  
(a: 3DOM-m TiSiWO, b:  $\text{MnO}_\delta/3\text{DOM-m TiSiWO}$ , c:  $\text{Mn}_{0.8}\text{Co}_{0.2}\text{O}_\delta/3\text{DOM-m TiSiWO}$ , d:  
 $\text{Mn}_{0.6}\text{Co}_{0.4}\text{O}_\delta/3\text{DOM-m TiSiWO}$ , e:  $\text{Mn}_{0.5}\text{Co}_{0.5}\text{O}_\delta/3\text{DOM-m TiSiWO}$ , f:  $\text{Mn}_{0.4}\text{Co}_{0.6}\text{O}_\delta/3\text{DOM-m}$   
TiSiWO, g:  $\text{Mn}_{0.2}\text{Co}_{0.8}\text{O}_\delta/3\text{DOM-m TiSiWO}$ , h:  $\text{Co}_3\text{O}_4/3\text{DOM-m TiSiWO}$ )

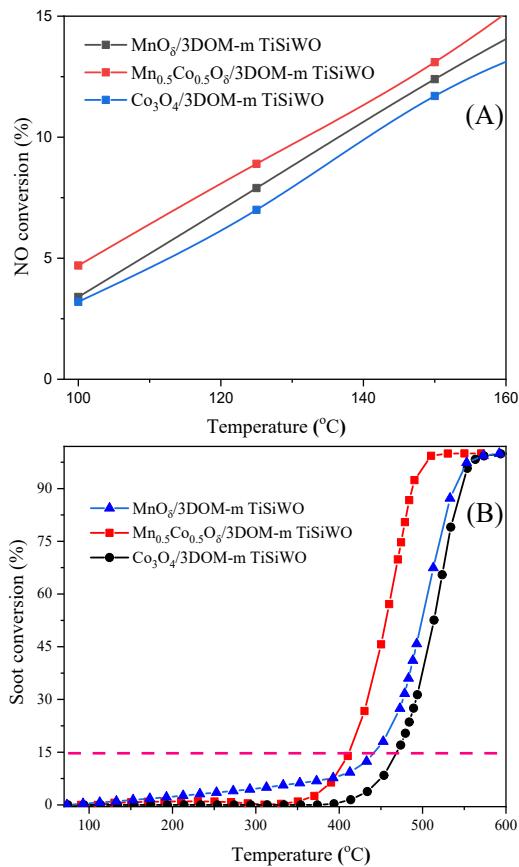


**Fig. S5.** (A) NO conversion and (B)  $\text{CO}_2$  concentration of  $\text{Mn}_{0.5}\text{Co}_{0.5}\text{O}_\delta$ /3DOM-m TiSiWO catalyst in the presence or absence of water vapor.  
(Reaction conditions: 1000 ppm NO, 1000 ppm  $\text{NH}_3$ , 5%  $\text{O}_2$ , 5%  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , balance  $\text{N}_2$ .)



**Fig. S6. (A)** NO conversion and **(B)**  $\text{CO}_2$  concentration of  $\text{Mn}_{0.5}\text{Co}_{0.5}\text{O}_\delta/\text{3DOM-m TiSiWO}$  catalyst in the presence or absence of  $\text{NH}_3$ .

(Reaction conditions: 1000 ppm NO, 1000 ppm  $\text{NH}_3$ , 5%  $\text{O}_2$ , 5%  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , balance  $\text{N}_2$ .)



**Fig. S7.** (A) NO conversion and (B) Soot conversion of the catalysts

(Reaction conditions: (A) 1000 ppm NO, 1000 ppm NH<sub>3</sub>, 5% O<sub>2</sub>, 5% H<sub>2</sub>O, balance N<sub>2</sub>, flow rate = 300 ml min<sup>-1</sup>; (B) 1000 ppm NO, 1000 ppm NH<sub>3</sub>, 5% O<sub>2</sub>, 5% H<sub>2</sub>O, balance N<sub>2</sub>, flow rate = 100 ml min<sup>-1</sup>;

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