## Fundamental Understanding of the Synthesis of Well-Defined Supported Non-noble Metal Intermetallic Compounds Nanoparticles

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Figure S1. EDX-mappings of SiO<sub>2</sub> supported a) Ni<sub>3</sub>Ga and b) Ni<sub>5</sub>Ga<sub>3</sub> (nominal loadings of Ni:Ga were 3:1 and 5:3 respectively), which were synthesized using incipient wetness impregnation method and reduced at 700°C with pure H<sub>2</sub> for 2hrs. The elements were color coded as: Ni (red), Ga (green), and Si (blue).

**Figure S2.** Phase pure supported IMCs synthesized in this study: a) SiO<sub>2</sub> supported Ni<sub>3</sub>Ga, Ni<sub>5</sub>Ga<sub>3</sub>, NiGa, and Ni<sub>2</sub>Ga<sub>3</sub>; b) Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> supported Ni<sub>3</sub>Ga, Ni<sub>5</sub>Ga<sub>3</sub>, NiGa, and Ni<sub>2</sub>Ga<sub>3</sub>; c) SiO<sub>2</sub> supported CoGa; and d) SiO<sub>2</sub> supported Ni<sub>2</sub>In and Ni<sub>2</sub>In<sub>3</sub>.

**Table S1.** Summary of percentage of targeted phase (NiGa) of reduced 1:1 Ni:Ga/C, 1:1 Ni:Ga/SiO<sub>2</sub>, and 1:1 Ni:Ga/Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> with different H<sub>2</sub> chemical potential. The minimum required H<sub>2</sub> chemical potential to produce pure NiGa phase for each catalyst is highlighted with red color.



**Figure S1:** EDX-mappings of SiO<sub>2</sub> supported a) Ni<sub>3</sub>Ga and b) Ni<sub>5</sub>Ga<sub>3</sub> (nominal loadings of Ni:Ga were 3:1 and 5:3 respectively), which were synthesized using incipient wetness impregnation method and reduced at 700°C with pure H<sub>2</sub> for 2hrs. The elements were color coded as: Ni (red), Ga (green), and Si (blue).



**Figure S2:** Phase pure supported IMCs synthesized in this study: a)  $SiO_2$  supported  $Ni_3Ga$ ,  $Ni_5Ga_3$ , NiGa, and  $Ni_2Ga_3$ ; b)  $Al_2O_3$  supported  $Ni_3Ga$ ,  $Ni_5Ga_3$ , NiGa, and  $Ni_2Ga_3$ ; c)  $SiO_2$  supported CoGa; and d)  $SiO_2$  supported  $Ni_2In$  and  $Ni_2In_3$ .

Table 1: Summary of percentage of targeted phase (NiGa) of reduced 1:1 Ni:Ga/C, 1:1 Ni:Ga/SiO<sub>2</sub>, and 1:1 Ni:Ga/Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> with different H<sub>2</sub> chemical potential. The minimum required H<sub>2</sub> chemical potential to produce pure NiGa phase for each catalyst is highlighted with red color.

Catalyst	$H_2$ Chemical Potential					
	2%	5%	10%	30%	50%	100%
1:1 NiGa/C	68%	100%	NA	NA	NA	100%
$1:1 \text{ NiGa/SiO}_2$	0	55%	100%	NA	NA	100%
1:1 NiGa/Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0	0	0	0	100%	100%