

## Supporting information for

### Two-dimensional Layered Lithium Lanthanum Titanium Oxide/Graphene-like Composites as Electrodes for Lithium-Ion Batteries

Bo Gu,<sup>a,b,c</sup> Chenyang Zhan,<sup>b,c</sup> BingHeng Liu,<sup>b,c</sup> Gang Wang,<sup>b,c</sup>, Qian Zhang,<sup>\*,a</sup> Ming  
Zhang,<sup>\*,b,c</sup> and Zhongrong Shen<sup>\*,b,c</sup>

<sup>a</sup> *School of Materials Science and Engineering, Key Laboratory of Power Batteries and Relative Materials, Jiangxi University of Science and Technology, Ganzhou 341000, China.*

<sup>b</sup> *CAS Key Laboratory of Design and Assembly of Functional Nanostructures, and Fujian Key Laboratory of Nanomaterials, Fujian Institute of Research on the Structure of Matter, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Fuzhou 350002, China.*

<sup>c</sup> *The Laboratory of Rare-earth Functional Materials and Green Energy, Xiamen Institute of Rare-Earth Materials, Haixi Institutes, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Xiamen 361021, China.*

*\*Correspondence:*

*zhangqian@jxust.edu.cn (Q.Z.);*

*mingzhang@fjirsm.ac.cn (M.Z.);*

*z-shen@fjirsm.ac.cn (Z.S.)*

#### Contents

**Supporting Figures S1-S9...** pages 2-4

**Supporting Tables...** page 5

## Supporting Figures

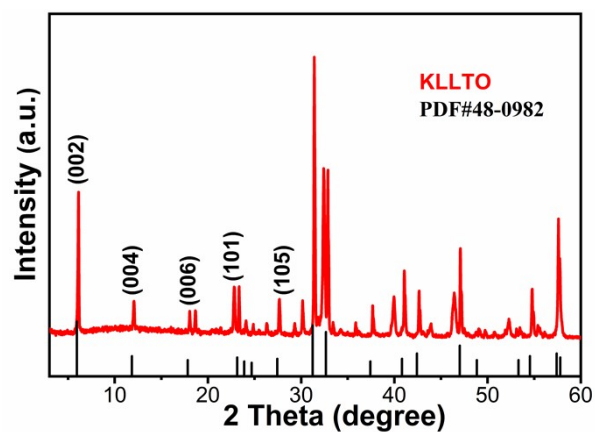


Fig. S1 XRD patterns of KLLTO

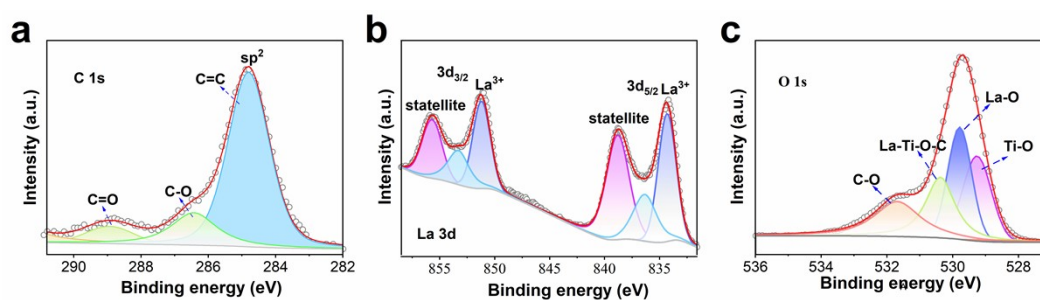


Fig. S2 a) C1s, b) O1s and c) La 3d XPS spectra for the LLTO@C-600.

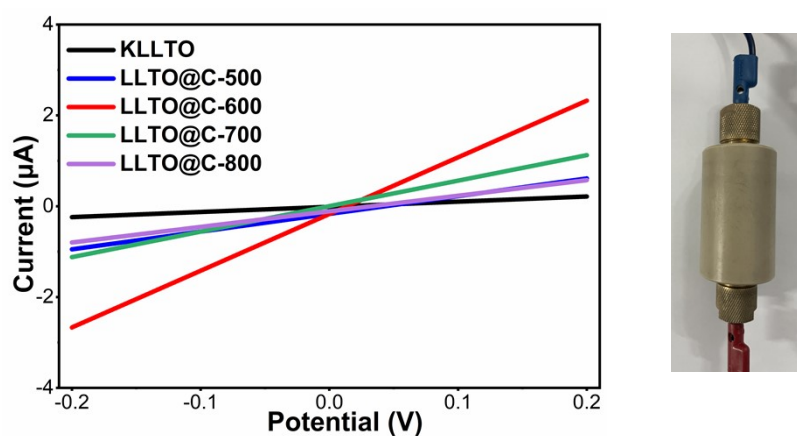


Fig. S3 electrical conductivity of KLLTO and LLTO@C.

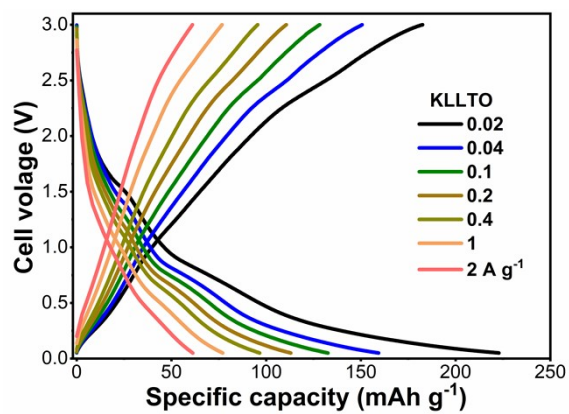


Fig. S4 different current densities of KLLTO

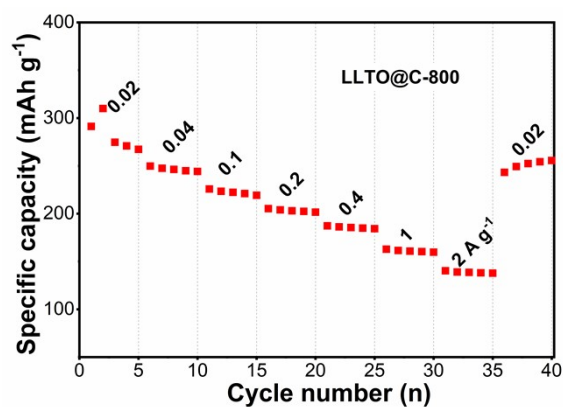


Fig. S5 rate capability of the LLTO@C-800 at various current densities.

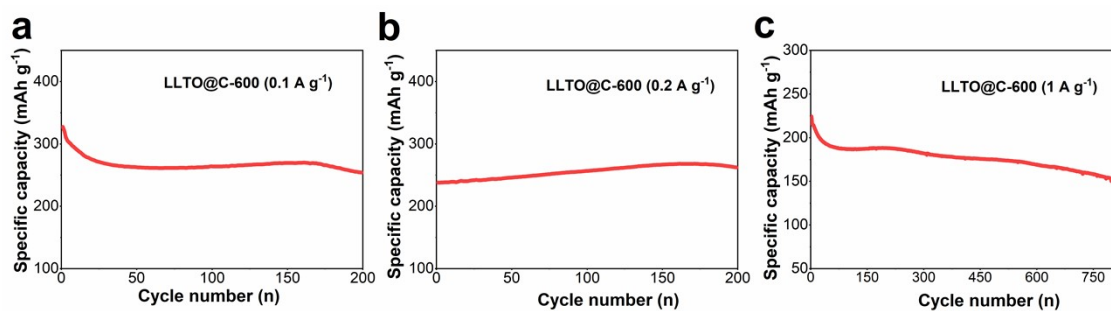


Fig. S6 Cycling performance of the coin cells with LLTO@C-600 at various currents.

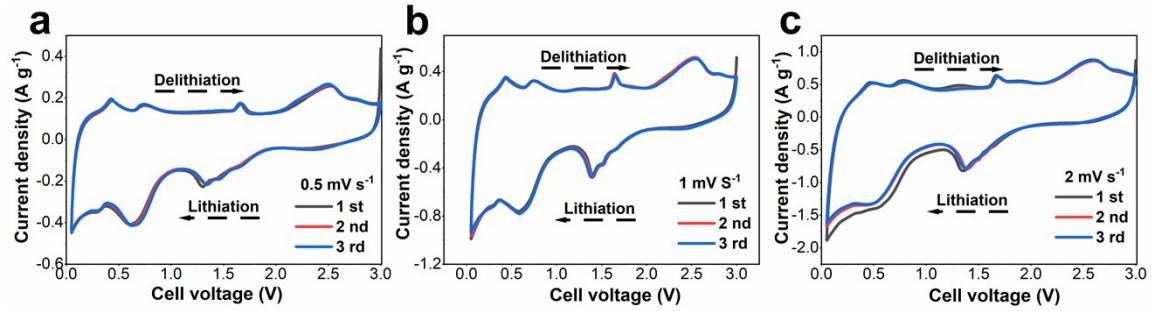


Fig. S7 Cyclic voltammetry curves of the LLTO@C-600 at a)  $0.5 \text{ mV s}^{-1}$ , b)  $1 \text{ mV s}^{-1}$ , c)  $2 \text{ mV s}^{-1}$ .

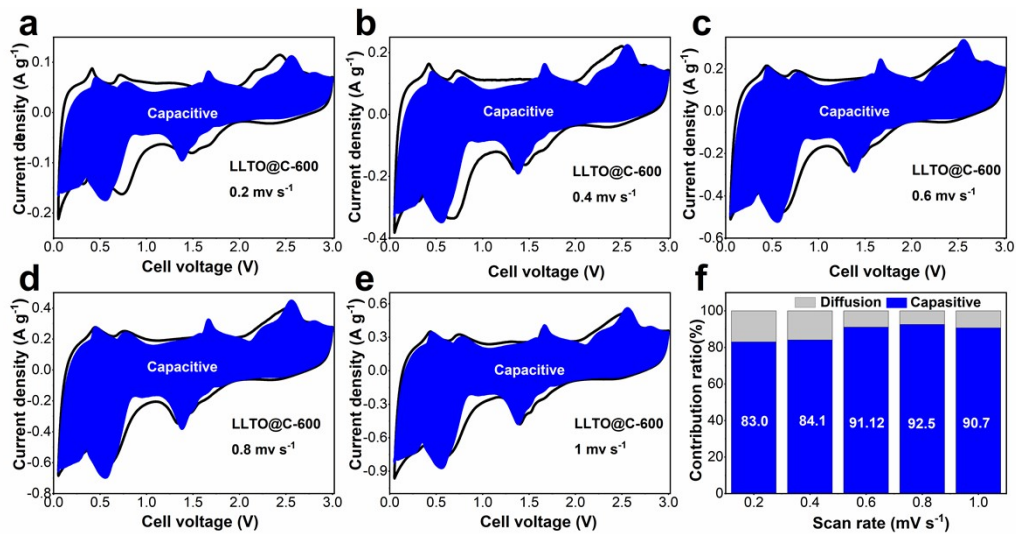


Fig. S8 Differential  $dQ/dV$  versus voltage plots of the LLTO@C-600 nanosheet composite at a)  $0.2 \text{ mV s}^{-1}$ , b)  $0.4 \text{ mV s}^{-1}$ , c)  $0.6 \text{ mV s}^{-1}$ , d)  $0.8 \text{ mV s}^{-1}$ , e)  $1 \text{ mV s}^{-1}$ ; f) contribution ratio of the capacitive and diffusion-controlled charge storage at different scan rates for the LLTO@C-600.

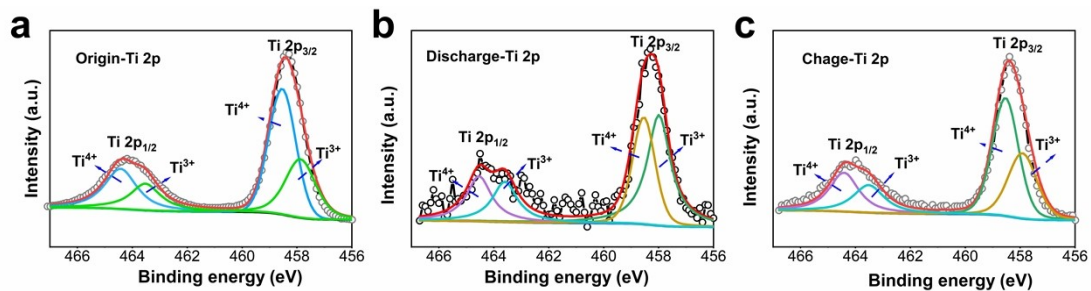


Fig. S9 a-c) the ex situ Ti 2p XPS spectra at different charge/discharge states of the LLTO@C-600.

Table S1. Electrochemical performance of lithium ion batteries with various TiO<sub>2</sub> based electrode

materials	Synthesis of LLTO	structure types of LLTO	current density	specific discharge capacity	Ref.
LLTO/C	sol-gel	Single Perovskite	0.05 mA cm <sup>-2</sup>	145 mAh g <sup>-1</sup>	1
P-LLTO/C	electro-spinning	Single Perovskite (Nanowires)	100 mA g <sup>-1</sup>	210 mAh g <sup>-1</sup>	2
LLTO/C@Au	electro-spinning	Single Perovskite (Nanowires)	2 mA cm <sup>-2</sup>	10 mA h cm <sup>-2</sup>	3
LLTO@C	sol-gel	Single Perovskite	100 mA g <sup>-1</sup>	140 mAh g <sup>-1</sup>	4
LLTO@C-600	high temperature solid-phase	Layered perovskite	100 mA g <sup>-1</sup>	285 mAh g <sup>-1</sup>	Our work

### References:

- 1 C.-X. Hua, X.-P. Fang, Z.-X. Wang and L.-Q. Chen, Lithium storage in perovskite lithium lanthanum titanate, *Electrochemistry Communications*, 2012, **32**, 5-8.
- 2 N. Zheng, C. Zhang, Y. Lv and et al. Low-Temperature Synthesis of Lithium Lanthanum Titanate/Carbon Nanowires for Fast-Charging Li-Ion Batteries, *ACS Applied Materials & Interfaces*, 2022.
- 3 N. Zheng, C. Liang, C. Wu and et al. Circumferential Li metal deposition at high rates enabled by the synergistic effect of a lithiophilic and ionic conductive network, *J. Mater. Chem. A*, 2022, **10**,5391.
- 4 J.-R. Wang, M.-M. Wang, J.-C. Xiao and et al, A microstructure engineered perovskite super anode with Li-storage life of exceeding 10,000 cycles, *Nano Energy*, 2022, **94**, 106972.