## Supporting Information: Polymorphism and solid solutions of trimethylammonium monocarboranes

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**Figure S1.** <sup>11</sup>B NMR spectra of  $[NH(CH_3)_3][arachno-6-CH_2B_9H_{12}]$  (d) heated to either T = 433, 453, 473 or 493 K for 2 hours under dynamic vacuum, resulting in solid solutions of  $[NH(CH_3)_3][(CB_8H_9)_x(CB_9H_{10})_y(CB_{11}H_{12})_z]$ , containing the anions  $[closo-1-CB_9H_{10}]^-$ ,  $[closo-4-CB_8H_9]^-$  and  $[closo-1-CB_{11}H_{12}]^-$ , denoted a, b and c, respectively. '\*' marks unknown B-species.



**Figure S2.** Rietveld refinement of the structural model of  $\alpha$ -[NH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>][CB<sub>9</sub>H<sub>10</sub>] from SR PXRD data measured at T = 273 K,  $\lambda = 0.6063$  Å, showing experimental (red circles) and calculated (black line) PXRD patterns, and a difference plot below (blue line). Final discrepancy factors: R<sub>p</sub> = 0.756 %, R<sub>wp</sub> = 1.07 %, R<sub>exp</sub> = 0.08 % (not corrected for background), R<sub>p</sub> = 17.3 %, R<sub>wp</sub> = 11.0

%,  $R_{exp} = 0.77$  % (conventional Rietveld R-factors),  $R_{Bragg}(\alpha - [NH(CH_3)_3][CB_9H_{10}]) = 9.80$  % and global  $\chi^2 = 203$ .



**Figure S3.** Rietveld refinement of the structural model of  $\beta$ -[NH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>][CB<sub>9</sub>H<sub>10</sub>] from SR PXRD data measured at T = 293 K,  $\lambda = 0.6063$  Å, showing experimental (red circles) and calculated (black line) PXRD patterns, and a difference plot below (blue line). Final discrepancy factors: R<sub>p</sub> = 1.03 %, R<sub>wp</sub> = 1.63 %, R<sub>exp</sub> = 0.08 % (not corrected for background), R<sub>p</sub> = 23.7 %, R<sub>wp</sub> = 13.6 %, R<sub>exp</sub> = 0.66 % (conventional Rietveld R-factors), R<sub>Bragg</sub>( $\beta$ -[NH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>][CB<sub>9</sub>H<sub>10</sub>]) = 12.6 % and global  $\chi^2 = 422$ .



**Figure S4.** Rietveld refinement of the disordered structural model of  $\beta$ -[NH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>][CB<sub>9</sub>H<sub>10</sub>] from SR PXRD data measured at T = 293 K,  $\lambda = 0.6063$  Å, showing experimental (red circles) and calculated (black line) PXRD patterns, and a difference plot below (blue line). Final discrepancy factors: R<sub>p</sub> = 0.799 %, R<sub>wp</sub> = 1.20 %, R<sub>exp</sub> = 0.08 % (not corrected for background), R<sub>p</sub> = 19.5 %,





**Figure S5.** Rietveld refinement of the structural model of  $\gamma$ -[NH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>][CB<sub>9</sub>H<sub>10</sub>] from SR PXRD data measured at T = 340 K,  $\lambda = 0.6063$  Å, showing experimental (red circles) and calculated (black line) PXRD patterns, and a difference plot below (blue line). Final discrepancy factors: R<sub>p</sub> = 1.42 %, R<sub>wp</sub> = 2.35 %, R<sub>exp</sub> = 0.08 % (not corrected for background), R<sub>p</sub> = 30.3 %, R<sub>wp</sub> = 18.7 %, R<sub>exp</sub> = 0.60 % (conventional Rietveld R-factors), R<sub>Bragg</sub>( $\gamma$ -[NH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>][CB<sub>9</sub>H<sub>10</sub>]) = 14.7 % and global  $\chi^2 = 972$ .



**Figure S6.** Rietveld refinement of the disordered structural model of  $\gamma$ -[NH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>][CB<sub>9</sub>H<sub>10</sub>] from SR PXRD data measured at *T* = 340 K,  $\lambda$  = 0.6063 Å, showing experimental (red circles) and calculated (black line) PXRD patterns, and a difference plot below (blue line). Final discrepancy

factors:  $R_p = 0.742$  %,  $R_{wp} = 1.11$  %,  $R_{exp} = 0.08$  % (not corrected for background),  $R_p = 16.4$  %,  $R_{wp} = 8.85$  %,  $R_{exp} = 0.60$  % (conventional Rietveld R-factors),  $R_{Bragg}(\gamma - [NH(CH_3)_3][CB_9H_{10}]) = 5.52$  % and global  $\chi^2 = 217$ .



**Figure S7.** Rietveld refinement of the structural model of  $\delta$ -[NH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>][CB<sub>9</sub>H<sub>10</sub>] from SR PXRD data measured at T = 500 K,  $\lambda = 0.6063$  Å, showing experimental (red circles) and calculated (black line) PXRD patterns, and a difference plot below (blue line). Blue ticks:  $\gamma$ -[NH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>][CB<sub>9</sub>H<sub>10</sub>] (99.6 %), red ticks:  $\delta$ -[NH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>][CB<sub>9</sub>H<sub>10</sub>] 0.4 %. Final discrepancy factors: R<sub>p</sub> = 1.06 %, R<sub>wp</sub> = 1.84 %, R<sub>exp</sub> = 0.07 % (not corrected for background), R<sub>p</sub> = 27.4 %, R<sub>wp</sub> = 16.6 %, R<sub>exp</sub> = 0.68 % (conventional Rietveld R-factors), R<sub>Bragg</sub>( $\gamma$ -[NH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>][CB<sub>9</sub>H<sub>10</sub>]) = 13.2 %, R<sub>Bragg</sub>( $\delta$ -[NH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>][CB<sub>9</sub>H<sub>10</sub>]) = 6.40 % and global  $\chi^2 = 606$ .



**Figure S8.** Rietveld refinement of the structural model of  $\alpha$ -[NH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>][(CB<sub>8</sub>H<sub>9</sub>)<sub>0.26</sub>(CB<sub>9</sub>H<sub>10</sub>)<sub>0.66</sub>(CB<sub>11</sub>H<sub>12</sub>)<sub>0.08</sub>] from SR PXRD data measured at T = 273 K,  $\lambda = 0.62028$  Å, showing experimental (red circles) and calculated (black line) PXRD patterns, and

a difference plot below (blue line). Final discrepancy factors:  $R_p = 0.983$  %,  $R_{wp} = 1.54$  %,  $R_{exp} = 0.10$  % (not corrected for background),  $R_p = 12.7$  %,  $R_{wp} = 9.61$  %,  $R_{exp} = 0.65$  % (conventional Rietveld R-factors),  $R_{Bragg}(\alpha$ -[NH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>][(CB<sub>8</sub>H<sub>9</sub>)<sub>0.26</sub>(CB<sub>9</sub>H<sub>10</sub>)<sub>0.66</sub>(CB<sub>11</sub>H<sub>12</sub>)<sub>0.08</sub>]) = 7.16 % and global  $\chi^2 = 218$ .



Figure **S9**. Rietveld refinement of the structural model of β- $[NH(CH_3)_3][(CB_8H_9)_{0.26}(CB_9H_{10})_{0.66}(CB_{11}H_{12})_{0.08}]$  from SR PXRD data measured at T = 293 K,  $\lambda$ = 0.62028 Å, showing experimental (red circles) and calculated (black line) PXRD patterns, and a difference plot below (blue line). Final discrepancy factors:  $R_p = 1.66$  %,  $R_{wp} = 2.40$  %,  $R_{exp} =$ 0.11 % (not corrected for background),  $R_p = 22.3$  %,  $R_{wp} = 14.8$  %,  $R_{exp} = 0.65$  % (conventional Rietveld R-factors),  $R_{Bragg}(\beta - [NH(CH_3)_3][(CB_8H_9)_{0.26}(CB_9H_{10})_{0.66}(CB_{11}H_{12})_{0.08}]) = 12.4 \%$  and global  $\chi^2 = 519$ .



**Figure S10.** Rietveld refinement of the structural model of  $\gamma$ -[NH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>][(CB<sub>8</sub>H<sub>9</sub>)<sub>0.26</sub>(CB<sub>9</sub>H<sub>10</sub>)<sub>0.66</sub>(CB<sub>11</sub>H<sub>12</sub>)<sub>0.08</sub>] from SR PXRD data measured at T = 340 K,  $\lambda$ 

= 0.62028 Å, showing experimental (red circles) and calculated (black line) PXRD patterns, and a difference plot below (blue line). Final discrepancy factors:  $R_p = 1.82$  %,  $R_{wp} = 2.80$  %,  $R_{exp} = 0.11$  % (not corrected for background),  $R_p = 26.1$  %,  $R_{wp} = 17.6$  %,  $R_{exp} = 0.66$  % (conventional Rietveld R-factors),  $R_{Bragg}(\gamma - [NH(CH_3)_3][(CB_8H_9)_{0.26}(CB_9H_{10})_{0.66}(CB_{11}H_{12})_{0.08}]) = 11.8$  % and global  $\chi^2 = 710$ .



Rietveld refinement Figure **S11**. of the structural model of δ- $[NH(CH_3)_3][(CB_8H_9)_{0.26}(CB_9H_{10})_{0.66}(CB_{11}H_{12})_{0.08}]$  from SR PXRD data measured at T = 500 K,  $\lambda$ = 0.62028 Å, showing experimental (red circles) and calculated (black line) PXRD patterns, and a difference plot below (blue line). Final discrepancy factors:  $R_p = 0.931$  %,  $R_{wp} = 1.70$  %,  $R_{exp} =$ 0.10 % (not corrected for background),  $R_p = 16.2$  %,  $R_{wp} = 9.61$  %,  $R_{exp} = 0.54$  % (conventional Rietveld R-factors),  $R_{Bragg}(\delta - [NH(CH_3)_3][(CB_8H_9)_{0.26}(CB_9H_{10})_{0.66}(CB_{11}H_{12})_{0.08}]) = 1.11 \%$  and global  $\chi^2 = 315$ .



Figure S12. Rietveld refinement of the model structural of **-**3  $[NH(CH_3)_3][(CB_8H_9)_{0.26}(CB_9H_{10})_{0.66}(CB_{11}H_{12})_{0.08}]$  from SR PXRD data measured at T = 637 K,  $\lambda$ = 0.826366 Å, showing experimental (red circles) and calculated (black line) PXRD patterns, and a difference plot below (blue line). Final discrepancy factors:  $R_p = 0.418$  %,  $R_{wp} = 0.540$  %,  $R_{exp}$ = 0.52 % (not corrected for background),  $R_p = 67.4$  %,  $R_{wp} = 15.4$  %,  $R_{exp} = 14.89$  % (conventional Rietveld R-factors),  $R_{Bragg}(\epsilon - [NH(CH_3)_3][(CB_8H_9)_{0.26}(CB_9H_{10})_{0.66}(CB_{11}H_{12})_{0.08}]) = 2.81 \%$  and global  $\chi^2 = 1.13$ .

 $[NH(CH_3)_3]^+$ 

[CB<sub>9</sub>H<sub>10</sub>]<sup>-</sup>



**Figure S13.** Disorder in  $\beta$ - and  $\gamma$ -[NH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>][CB<sub>9</sub>H<sub>10</sub>] is observed for both the  $\gamma$ -[NH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>]<sup>+</sup> cation and the [CB<sub>9</sub>H<sub>10</sub>]<sup>-</sup>, around a mirror-plane symmetry element with 50 % occupancy for each unit. Color scheme: B (blue/green), C (black/purple). N (red). H is omitted for clarity.



**Figure S14.** <sup>11</sup>B NMR spectra of  $[NH(CH_3)_3][CB_9H_{10}]$  heated to T = 453 and 550 K for 2 hours under dynamic vacuum.