

## Supplementary Information

### Red and near-infrared emitting phosphors based on Eu<sup>3+</sup>- or Nd<sup>3+</sup>-doped lanthanum niobates prepared by the sol-gel route

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#### Table of contents

<b>Equation S1.</b> Probability of transition $^5D_0 \rightarrow ^7F_1 (A_{01})$ .....	2
<b>Equation S2.</b> Probability of transition $^5D_0 \rightarrow ^7F_2 (A_{02})$ .....	3
<b>Equation S3.</b> Probability of transition $^5D_0 \rightarrow ^7F_4 (A_{02})$ .....	4
<b>Equation S4.</b> $^5D_0$ radiative transition probability ( $A_T$ ).....	5
<b>Equation S5.</b> Radiative Lifetime ( $t_{rad}$ ).....	6
<b>Equation S6.</b> Quantum Efficiency ( $q$ ).....	7
<b>Figure S1.</b> Color tunability for sample E05.....	8
<b>References</b> .....	8

**Equation S1.** Probability of transition  ${}^5D_0 \rightarrow {}^7F_1$  ( $A_{01}$ )

$$A_{01} = 3.1 \cdot 10^{-12} \gamma_{01}^3 n^3$$

where  $\gamma_{01}$  is the baricenter of the  ${}^5D_0 \rightarrow {}^7F_1$  transition and  $n$  the refractive index<sup>1,2</sup>.

**Equation S2.** Probability of transition  ${}^5D_0 \rightarrow {}^7F_2$  ( $A_{02}$ )

$$A_{02} = \frac{S_{02}\gamma_{01}A_{01}}{S_{01}\gamma_{02}}$$

where  $S_{02}$  is the integrated area of the  ${}^5D_0 \rightarrow {}^7F_2$  transition,  $S_{01}$  the integrated area of the  ${}^5D_0 \rightarrow {}^7F_1$  transition,  $A_{01}$  is the probability of the transition  ${}^5D_0 \rightarrow {}^7F_1$ ,  $\gamma_{01}$  the baricenter of the  ${}^5D_0 \rightarrow {}^7F_1$  transition and  $\gamma_{02}$  the baricenter of the  ${}^5D_0 \rightarrow {}^7F_2$  transition<sup>1,2</sup>.

**Equation S3.** Probability of transition  ${}^5D_0 \rightarrow {}^7F_4$  ( $A_{04}$ )

$$A_{04} = \frac{S_{04}\gamma_{01}A_{01}}{S_{01}\gamma_{04}}$$

where  $S_{04}$  is the integrated area of the  ${}^5D_0 \rightarrow {}^7F_4$  transition,  $S_{01}$  the integrated area of the  ${}^5D_0 \rightarrow {}^7F_1$  transition,  $A_{01}$  is the probability of the transition  ${}^5D_0 \rightarrow {}^7F_1$ ,  $\gamma_{01}$  the baricenter of the  ${}^5D_0 \rightarrow {}^7F_1$  transition and  $\gamma_{04}$  the baricenter of the  ${}^5D_0 \rightarrow {}^7F_4$  transition<sup>1,2</sup>.

**Equation S4.**  ${}^5D_0$  radiative transition probability ( $A_T$ )

$$A_T = A_{01} + A_{02} + A_{04}$$

where  $A_{01}$  is the probability of the transition  ${}^5D_0 \rightarrow {}^7F_1$ ,  $A_{02}$  is the probability of the transition  ${}^5D_0 \rightarrow {}^7F_2$  and  $A_{04}$  is the probability of the transition  ${}^5D_0 \rightarrow {}^7F_4^{1,2}$ .

**Equation S5. Radiative Lifetime ( $t_{rad}$ )**

$$t_{rad} = \frac{1}{A_T}$$

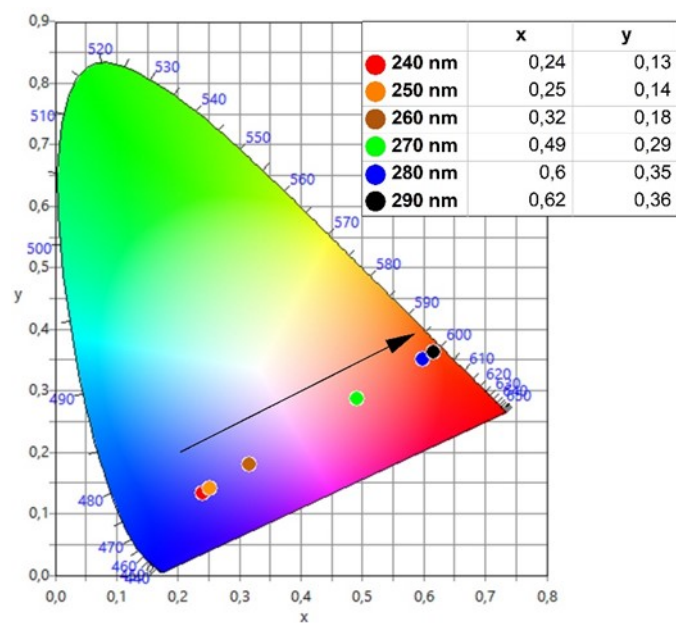
where  $A_T$  is the  ${}^5D_0$  radiative transition probability<sup>1,2</sup>.

**Equation S6.** Quantum Efficiency ( $q$ )

$$q = \frac{t_{exp}}{t_{rad}}$$

where  $t_{exp}$  is the experimental lifetime and  $t_{rad}$  the radiative lifetime<sup>1,2</sup>.

**Figure S1-** Color tunability for sample E05



### References

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