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Supporting information

Antibiotic-resistant bacteria disinfection in untreated hospitals wastewater

using peracetic acid with short contact time

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Figure S1: Concentration profiles of PAA in raw municipal wastewater from SK forsyning in the pilot-scale experiment (A), and from the batch experiment (B). The removal of ciprofloxacin-resistant bacteria in the raw municipal wastewater from SK forsyning after disinfection using different PAA concentrations in the pilot-scale experiment (C) and from the batch experiment (D). The logarithm removal of ciprofloxacin-resistant bacteria is indicated above each bar in the graph. The range of the duplicate analysis is indicated by T-bars.



Figure S2: Concentration profiles of PAA in raw wastewater from Slagelse hospital in the pilot-scale experiment (A), and from the batch experiment (B). The removal of ciprofloxacin-resistant bacteria in the raw wastewater from Slagelse hospital after disinfection using different PAA concentrations in the pilot-scale experiment (C) and from the batch experiment (D). The logarithm removal of ciprofloxacin-resistant bacteria is indicated above each bar in the graph. The range of the duplicate analysis is indicated by T-bars.



Figure S3: Concentration profile of PAA and hydrogen peroxide (H_2O_2) in the wastewater from SK forsyning in the second pilot experiment (A) and batch experiment (B).



Figure S4: Concentration profile of PAA and H_2O_2 in the wastewater from Slagelse Hospital in the first and second pilot experiment (A and C) and batch experiments (B and D).