Supplementary data for

Binding of ankaflavin with bovine serum albumin (BSA) in the

presence of carrageenan and protective effects of Monascus

yellow pigments against oxidative damage to BSA after forming

the complex with carrageenan

Shufen Wu^{ab}, Wenyu Wang^a, Jingwen Lu^a, Weili Deng^a, Nan Zhao^a, Yue Sun^a, Huanhuan Liu^a, Zhenjing Li^a, Mianhua Chen^a, Lei Cheng^b, Qingbin Guo^{a*}, Changlu Wang^{a*}, Xin Peng^{cd*}

^aKey Laboratory of Food Nutrition and Safety, Ministry of Education, College of Food Science and Engineering, Tianjin University of Science and Technology, Tianjin 300457, PR China ^bBeijing Engineering and Technology Reserch Center of Food Additives, Beijing Technology & Business University (BTBU), Beijing 100048, PR China ^cSchool of Life Sciences, Tianjin University, Tianjin 300072, PR China ^dState Key Laboratory for Chemistry and Molecular Engineering of Medicinal Resources, Guangxi Normal University, Guilin 541004, PR China

^{*} Corresponding author

E-mail address: pengxin5403@tju.edu.cn(X. Peng).



Fig. S1. The chemical structures of κ -Car and ι -Car.



Fig. S2. The fluorescence spectra of AK at 298 K, $\lambda_{ex} = 280$ nm. The insert shows the chemical structure of AK.



Fig. S3. Plot of ΔS vs ΔH .



Fig. S4. The most favorable docking poses of BSA-1-Car complex (A) and BSA- κ -Car complex (B) by blind docking. The 2D detailed view shows the interactions between 1-Car (C) or κ -Car (D) and the neighboring residues. (For interpretation of the references to color in this figure legend, the reader is referred to the web version of this article.)



Fig. S5. Calculated interaction energy components $(\Delta G_{vdw} + \Delta G_{hbond} + \Delta G_{solvation})$ (A) and ΔG_{elec} (B) of BSA- κ -Car, BSA-AK- κ -Car, BSA- ι -Car, and BSA-AK- ι -Car complexes.



Fig. S6. HPLC profile of Mps rich in MS and AK¹.

References

 Chen, C. Xue, M. Chen, S. Wu, Z. Li and C. Wang, Effects of blue light on pigment biosynthesis of Monascus, J. Microbiol., 2016, 54, 305-310.



Fig. S7. DPPH radical scavenging activity of κ -Car and ι -Car, condition: C_{ι -Car/ C_{κ -Car} = 1.5 g/L.