

Supporting Information

Cocrystal Engineering Strategy for Sustained Release and Leaching Reduction of Herbicides: A Case Study of Metamitron

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Table S1. Overview of Screening Experiments

Agrichemical name	Coformer name	Result
Metamitron	Cinnamic acid	√√
Metamitron	Ferulic acid	×
Metamitron	Syringic acid	×
Metamitron	Vanillic acid	×
Metamitron	P-coumaric acid	×
Metamitron	Hesperetin	×
Metamitron	Gallic acid	×
Metamitron	Salicylic acid	×
Metamitron	Ellagic acid	×
Metamitron	Quercetin	×
Metamitron	Hesperetin	×
Metamitron	Kaempferol	×
Metamitron	Baicalein	√√
Metamitron	Resveratrol	√
Metamitron	Naringenin	√√
Metamitron	Catechins	×
Metamitron	Glycolic acid	×

√ represents a new cocrystal/salt determined by PXRD; √√ represents a new cocrystal/salt determined by PXRD and its structure is determined by SCXRD; × represents no new cocrystal/salt found by PXRD

Table S2. HPLC method parameters for MET

Parameter	Details
System	Agilent 1260 LC
Column	C18 column (6 μm , 4.6 mm \times 150 mm)
Mobile phase	Methanol-water (70:30)
Flow rate	1 mL/min
Inject volume	20 μL
Column temperature	25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
Sample temperature	25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
λ_{max}	254 nm
Retention time	4.6 min
Equation	$y = 22311.5587x + 21.10418$
Regression coefficient (R^2)	0.99999
Calibration range	0.01 – 0.4 mg/mL

Table S3. Physical and chemical parameters of the soil column

Properties	Indicators
Soli particle size (mm)	≤ 2
Weight (g)	250
Volumetric weight (g/cm^3)	1.29 ± 0.02
Loading height (cm)	16.0 ± 0.3
Pore volume (mL)	116.2 ± 3.1
Flow velocity (mL/min)	1.0

Table S4. UPLC method parameters for MET

Parameter	Details
System	Waters ACQUITY
Column	C18 column (6 μm , 4.6 mm \times 150 mm)
Mobile phase	Methanol-water (70:30)
Flow rate	1 mL/min
Inject volume	20 μL
Column temperature	25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
Sample temperature	25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
λ_{max}	254 nm
Retention time	4.2 min
Equation	$y = 111.1247x + 0.35979$
Regression coefficient (R^2)	0.99998
Calibration range	0.1 – 1.0 $\mu\text{g/mL}$

Table S5. Hydrogen bond geometrical parameters of cocrystals

Compound	D–H \cdots A	d(H \cdots D)/ \AA	d(H \cdots A)/ \AA	d(D \cdots A)/ \AA	$\theta(\text{D–H}\cdots\text{A})/^{\circ}$	symmetry code
MET-CA	N(4)-H(4A) \cdots N(1)	0.865	2.481	3.121	131.34	$x+1/2, -y+3/2, z+1/2$
	N(4)-H(4A) \cdots O(3)	0.865	2.397	3.012	128.51	$x+1/2, -y+3/2, z+1/2$
	N(4)-H(4B) \cdots O(1)	0.924	2.209	2.698	112.26	$x-1, y, z$
	N(4)-H(4B) \cdots O(6)	0.924	2.453	3.189	136.67	$x+2, y, z+1$
	O(2)-H(2) \cdots N(2)	0.840	1.828	2.656	168.41	

	N(8)-H(8A)···O(3)	0.860	2.291	3.037	145.12	
	N(8)-H(8A)···O(4)	0.860	2.264	2.688	110.39	
	O(5)-H(5)···N(6)	0.840	1.857	2.683	167.21	
MET-NA	N(1)-H(1A)···O(6)	0.865	2.213	2.902	136.43	x+1, -y+1, z+1/2
	N(1)-H(1B)···O(4)	0.865	2.126	2.869	143.70	x, y+1, z
	O(2)-H(2)···N(3)	0.840	1.811	2.632	165.37	
	O(3)-H(3)···O(4)	0.840	1.846	2.586	146.24	
	O(3)-H(3)···O(6)	0.840	2.540	3.042	119.48	x+1, -y, z+1/2
	O(6)-H(6)···O(3)	0.840	1.922	2.734	162.21	x-1, y, z-1
MET-BA	N(4)-H(4A)···O(1)	0.945	2.219	2.709	111.31	
	N(4)-H(4A)···O(3)	0.945	2.376	3.223	149.00	-x+3/2, y+1/2, -z+3/2
	N(4)-H(4B)···O(2)	0.961	2.002	2.954	170.83	-x+1/2, y+1/2, -z+3/2
	O(2)-H(2B)···O(6)	0.894	1.715	2.560	156.64	
	O(3)-H(3B)···O(1)	0.891	1.976	2.782	149.56	-x+3/2, y-1/2, -z+3/2
	O(3)-H(3B)···O(4)	0.891	2.189	2.678	113.94	
	O(4)-H(4C)···N(2)	0.952	2.623	3.519	157.00	
	O(4)-H(4C)···N(1)	0.952	1.725	2.673	173.54	

Table S6. Summary tables of significance analysis of leaching behavior

MET - CA:

Analysis of variance: one-way analysis of variance

SUMMARY

<i>Groups</i>	<i>Counts</i>	<i>Sum</i>	<i>Average</i>	<i>Variance</i>
<i>Column 1</i>	12	1053.86658	87.822215	437.199827

		9	7	4
<i>Column 2</i>	12	850.035210 2	70.836267 5	939.498210 9

ANOVA

<i>Source of Variation</i>	<i>SS</i>	<i>df</i>	<i>MS</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>P-value</i>	<i>F crit</i>
<i>Between Groups</i>	1731.13461 9	1	1731.1346 2	2.51490823 9	0.12704 4	4.3009 5
<i>With Groups</i>	15143.6784 2	22	688.34901 9			
<i>Total</i>	16874.8130 4	23				

MET - NA:

Analysis of variance: one-way analysis of variance

SUMMARY

<i>Groups</i>	<i>Counts</i>	<i>Sum</i>	<i>Average</i>	<i>Variance</i>
<i>Column 1</i>	12	1053.867	87.82222	437.1998
<i>Column 2</i>	12	97.84546	8.153788	43.03884

ANOVA

<i>Source of Variation</i>	<i>SS</i>	<i>df</i>	<i>MS</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>P-value</i>	<i>F crit</i>
<i>Between Groups</i>	38082.35	1	38082.35	158.5976	1.56E-11	4.30095
<i>With Groups</i>	5282.625	22	240.1193			
<i>Total</i>	43364.98	23				

MET - BA:

Analysis of variance: one-way analysis of variance

SUMMARY

<i>Groups</i>	<i>Counts</i>	<i>Sum</i>	<i>Average</i>	<i>Variance</i>
<i>Column 1</i>	12	1053.867	87.82222	437.1998
<i>Column 2</i>	12	165.6016	13.80014	85.86715

ANOVA

<i>Source of Variation</i>	<i>SS</i>	<i>df</i>	<i>MS</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>P-value</i>	<i>F crit</i>
<i>Between Groups</i>	32875.61	1	32875.61	125.7033	1.45E-10	4.30095
<i>With Groups</i>	5753.737	22	261.5335			
<i>Total</i>	38629.35	23				

Table S7. Analysis of significant differences between different cocystal treatment groups

Post Hoc Tests

Homogeneous Subsets

Duncan

treatment	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05		
		1	2	3
MET	74	3.4789	66.9409	82.1775
MET-CA	72	4.8593		
MET-BA	74			
MET-NA	71			
Sig.		0.823	1.000	1.000

Table S8. Relevant properties such as soil pH and CEC after all kinds of herbicides have been applied.

Compound	pH	CEC [mmol/kg]
MET	6.95±0.16	171±4
MET-CA	6.89±0.12	182±2
MET-NA	7.06±0.01	174±11
MET-BA	7.04±0.12	181±7

Supporting Figures:

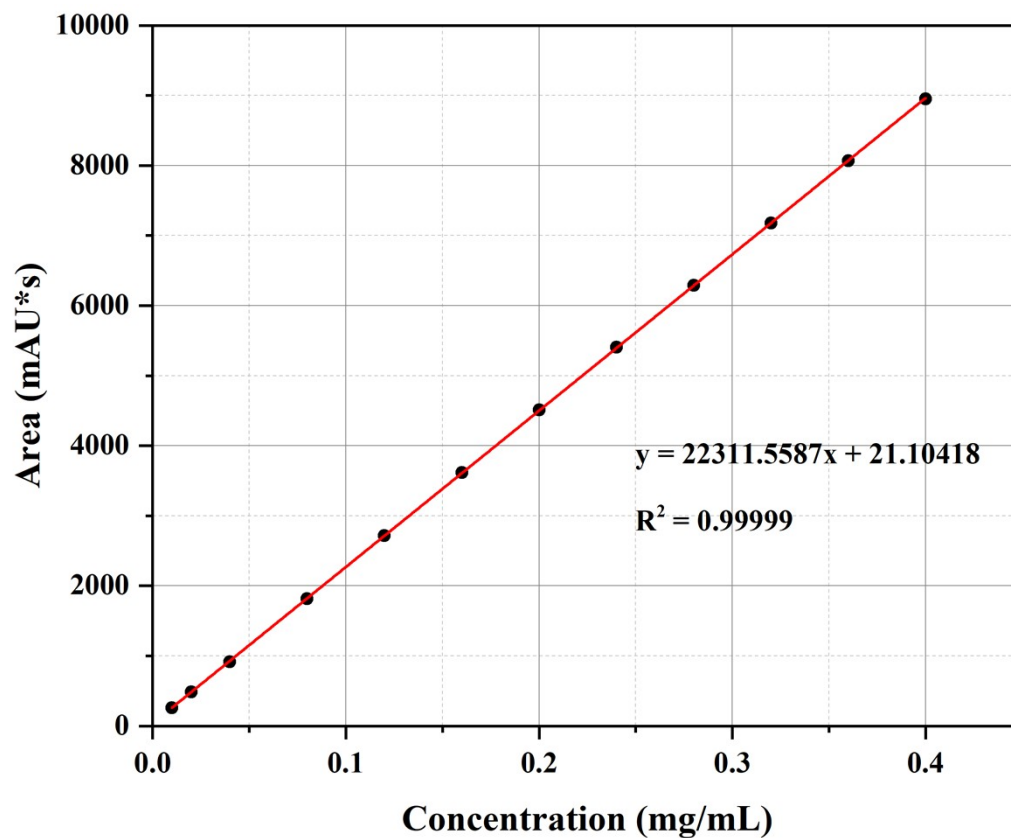


Figure S1. Standard curve of MET content (concentration-peak area) determined by HPLC.

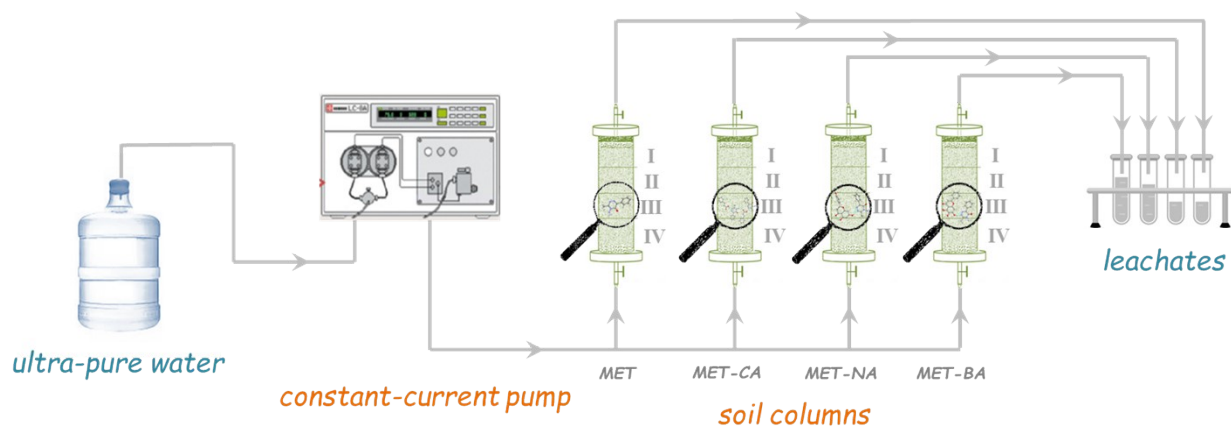


Figure S2. Schematic diagram of the soil column experiment.

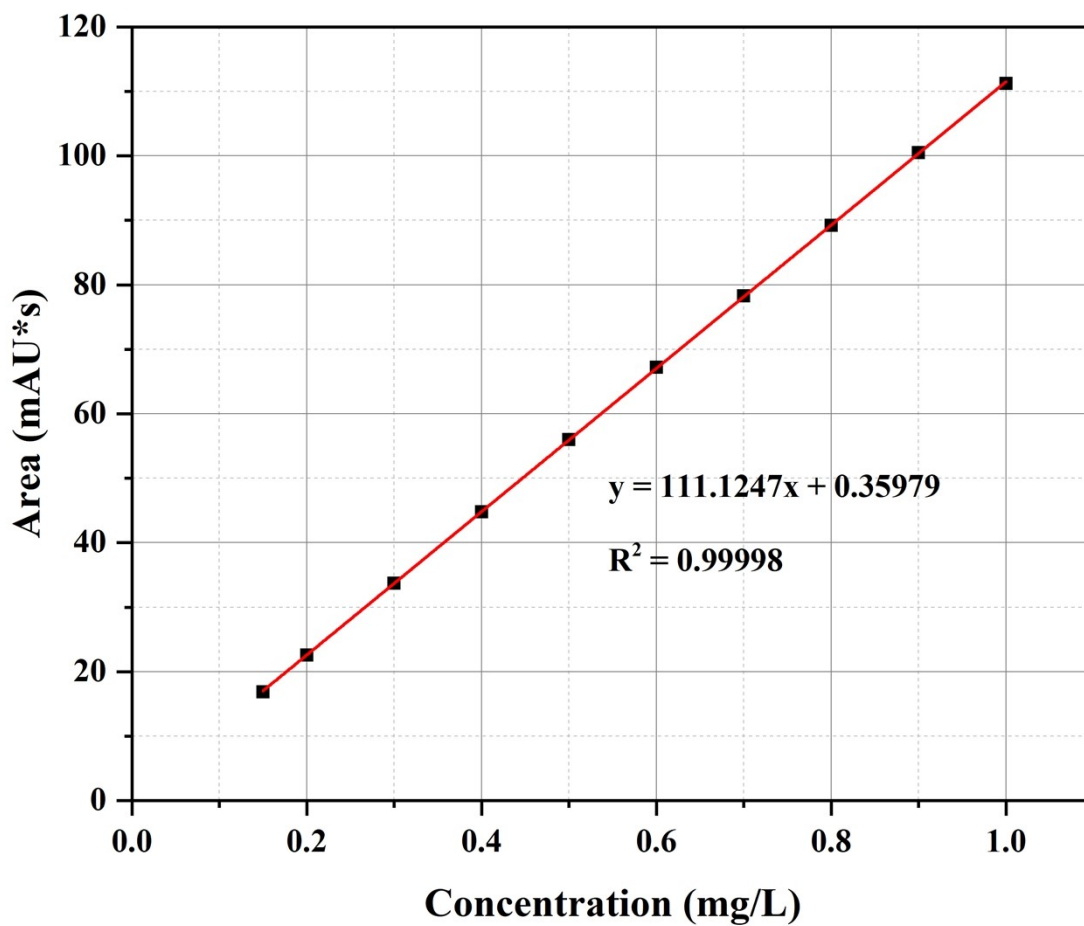


Figure S3. Standard curve of MET content (concentration-peak area) determined by UPLC.

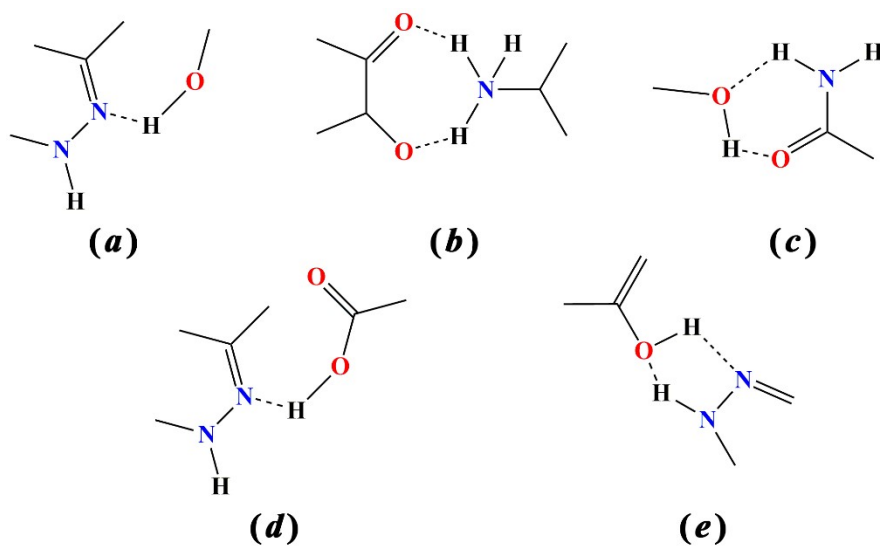


Figure S4. Supramolecular synthons with similar structures reported in the literature.¹⁻⁹

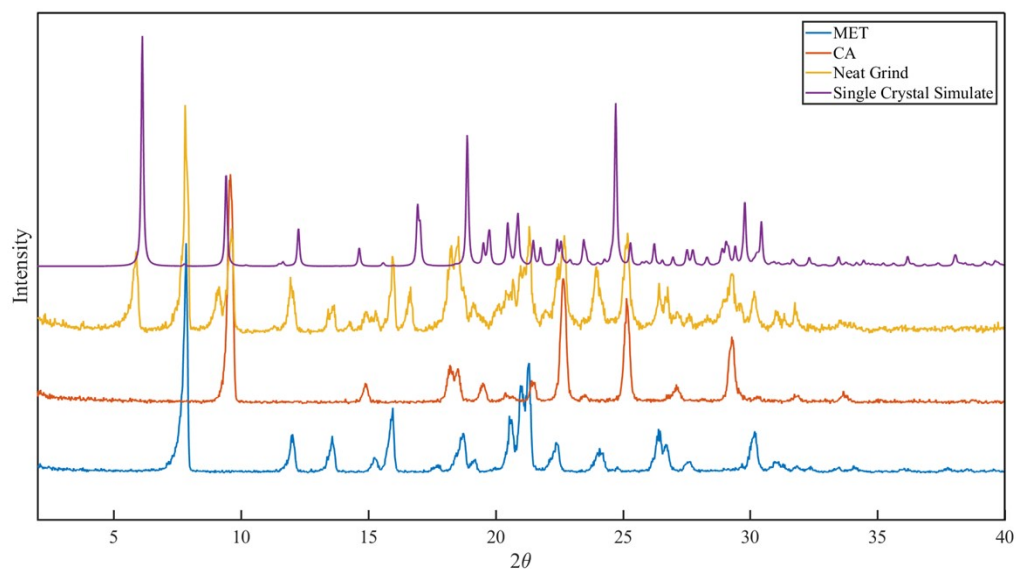


Figure S5. PXRD pattern of the MET-CA neat grinding product (yellow) compared with MET (blue), CA (orange) and the calculated pattern obtained from the single crystal data (purple).

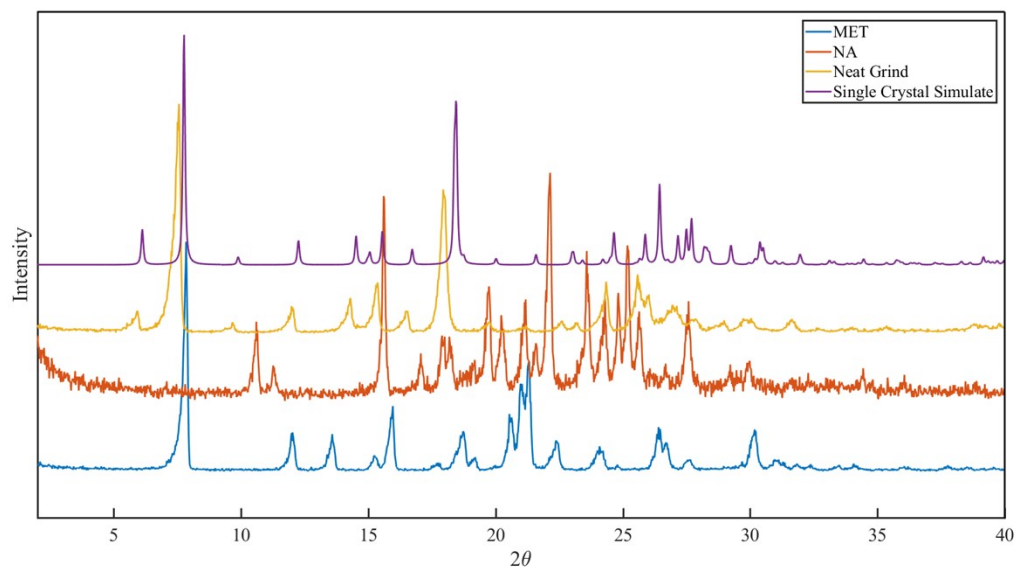


Figure S6. PXRD patterns of the MET-NA neat grinding product (yellow) compared with MET (blue), NA (orange) and the calculated pattern obtained from the single crystal data (purple).

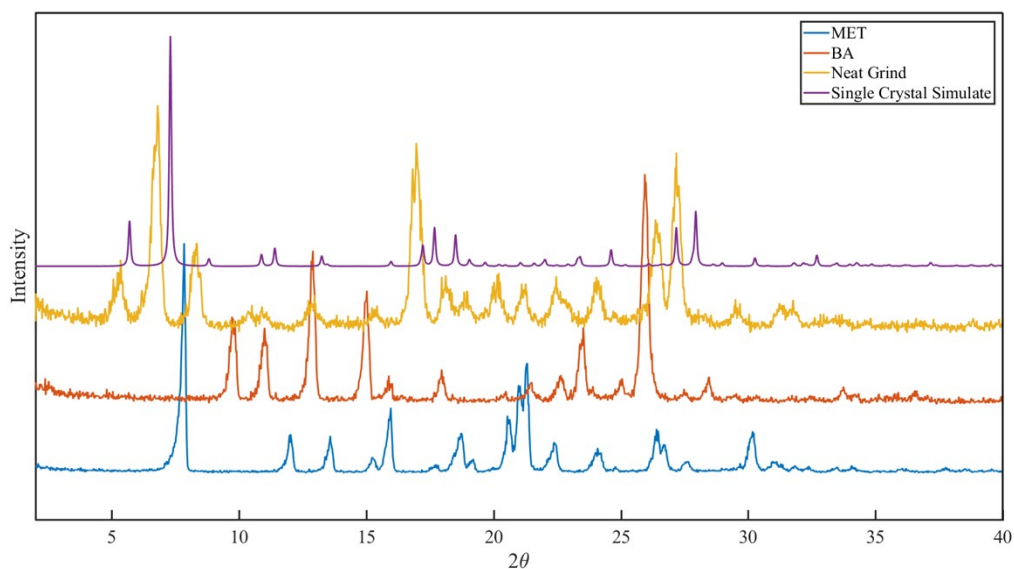


Figure S7. PXRD pattern of the MET-NA neat grinding product (yellow) compared with MET (blue), NA (orange) and the calculated pattern obtained from the single crystal data (purple).

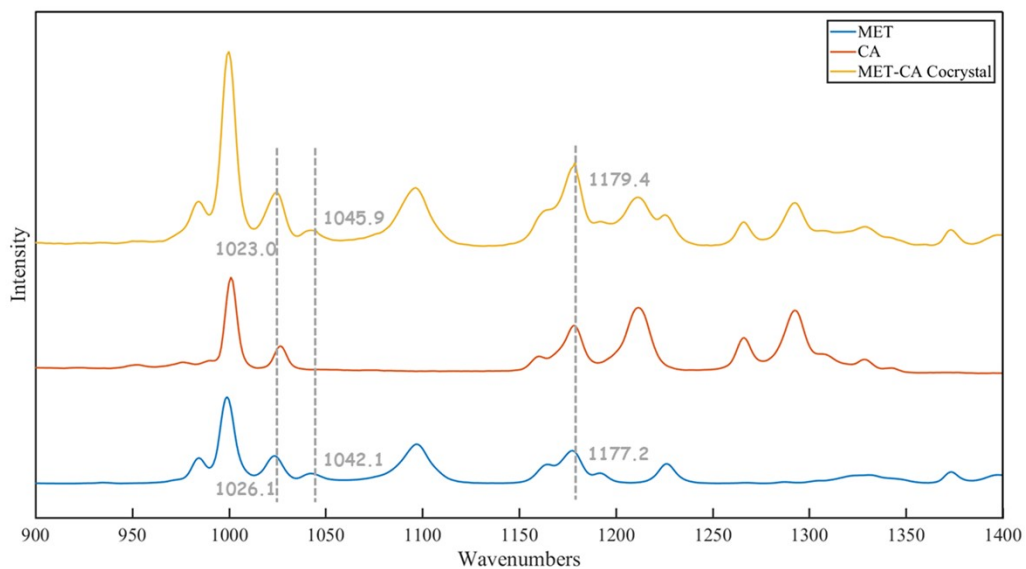


Figure S8. Confocal Raman micro-spectra of the MET-CA neat grinding product (yellow) compared MET (blue) and CA (orange).

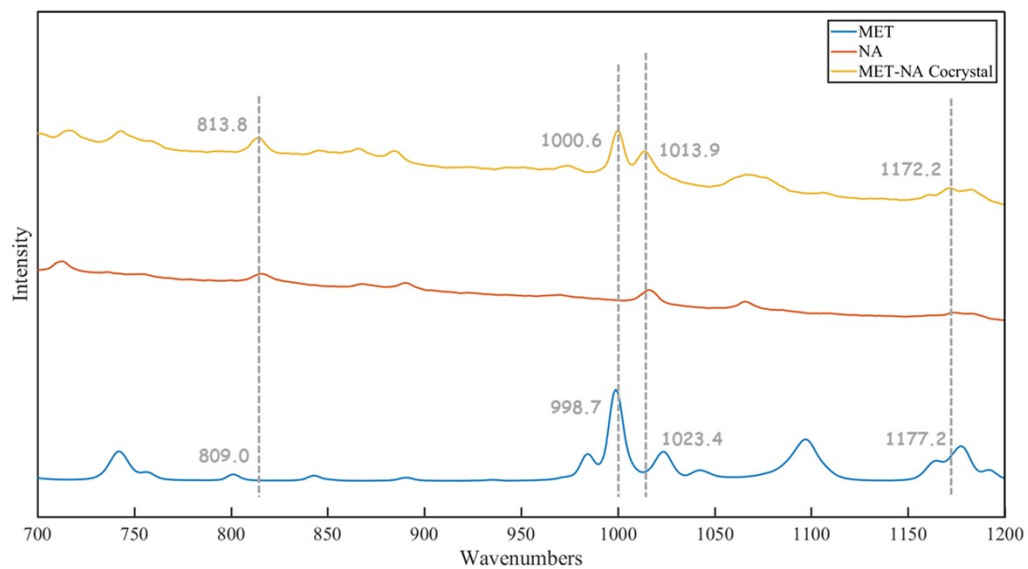


Figure S9. Confocal Raman micro-spectra of the MET-NA neat grinding product (yellow) compared MET (blue) and NA.

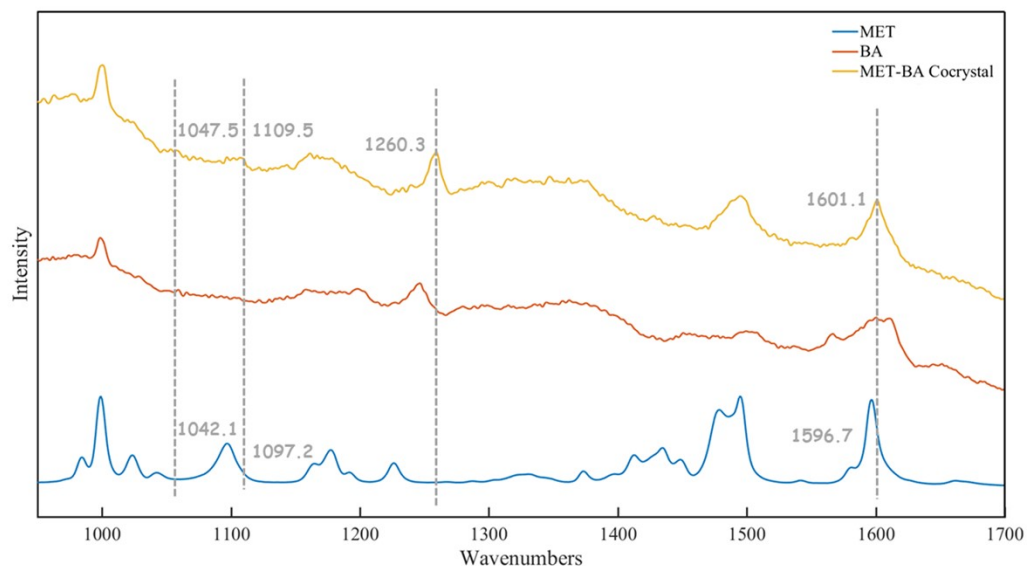


Figure S10. Confocal Raman micro-spectra of the MET-BA neat grinding product (yellow) compared MET (blue) and BA (orange).

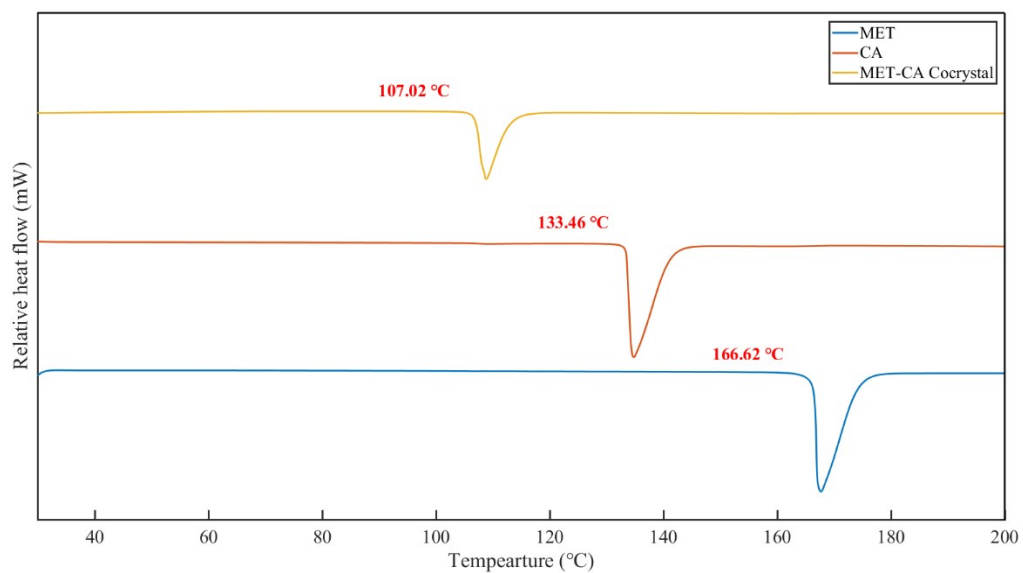


Figure S11. Comparison of DSC plots of MET (blue) and CA (orange) with the MET-CA cocrystal (yellow).

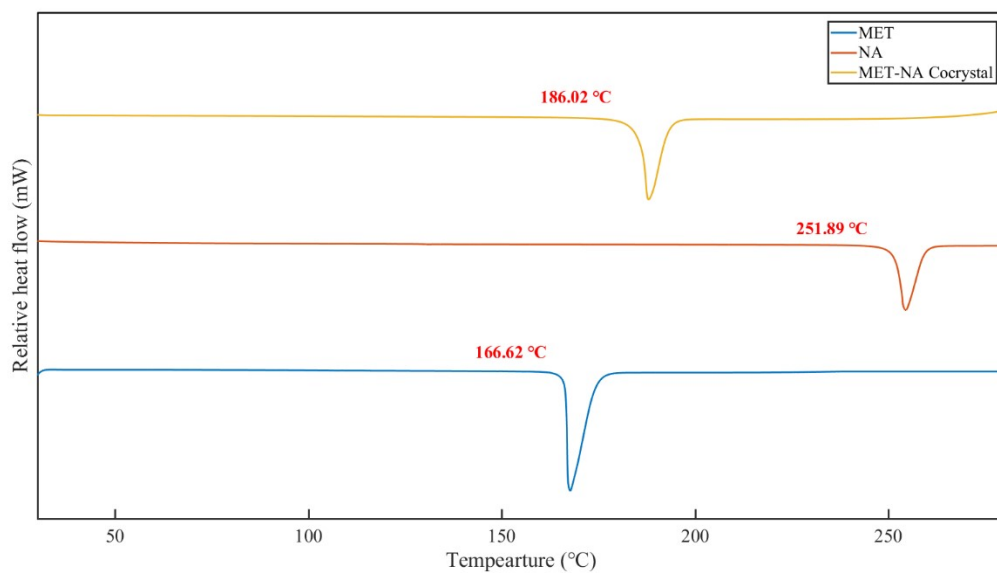


Figure S12. Comparison of DSC plots of MET (blue) and CA (orange) with the MET-NA cocrystal (yellow).

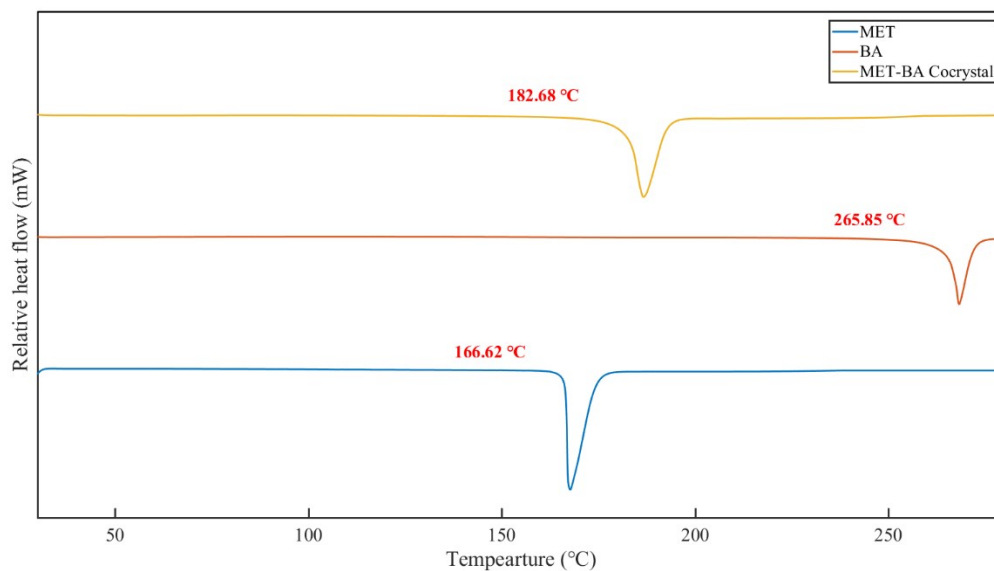


Figure S13. Comparison of DSC plots of MET (blue) and CA (orange) with the MET-BA cocrystal (yellow).

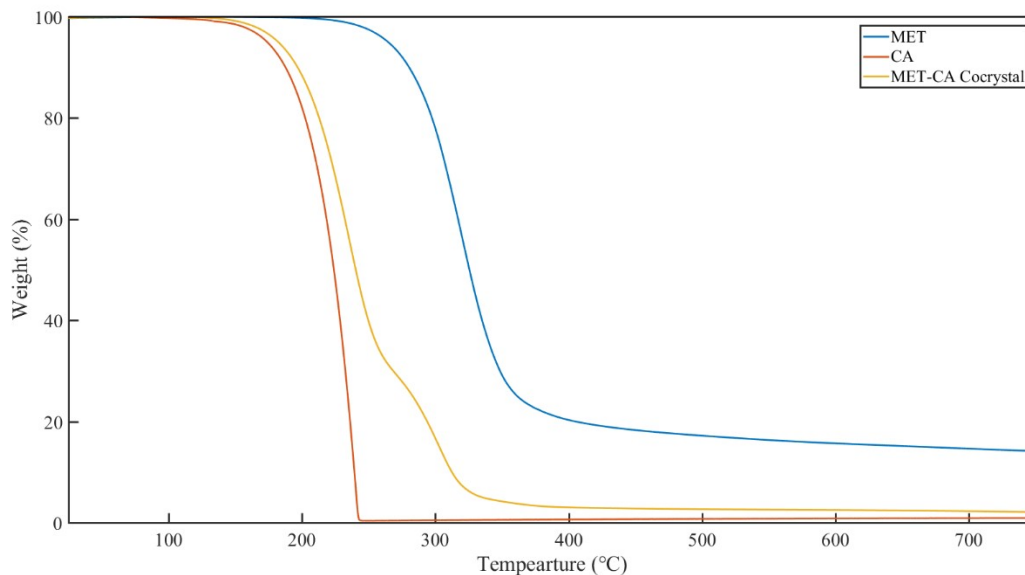


Figure S14. The TGA traces of MET (blue) and CA (orange) with the MET-CA cocrystal (yellow).

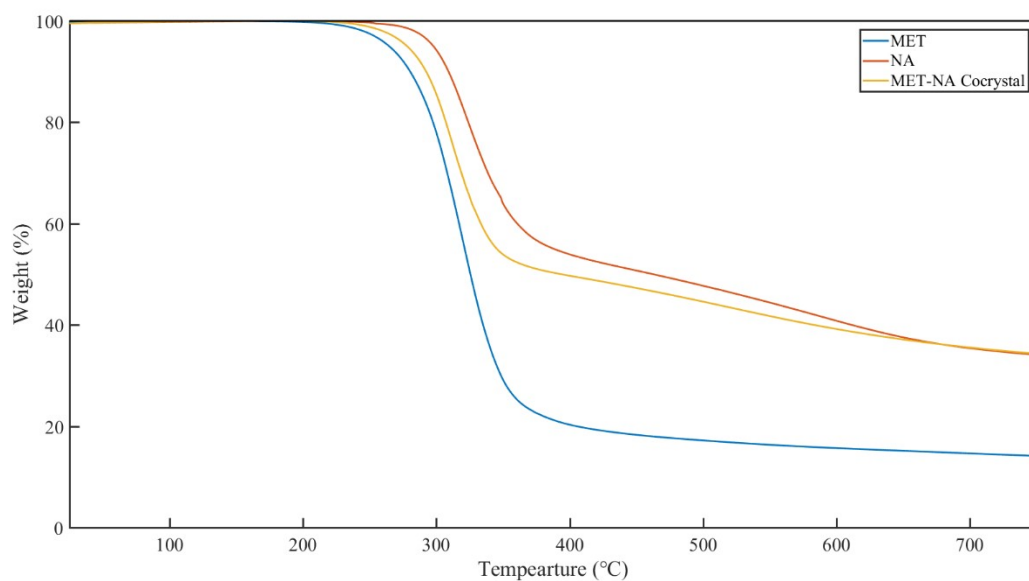


Figure S15. The TGA traces of MET (blue) and NA (orange) with the MET-NA cocrystal (yellow).

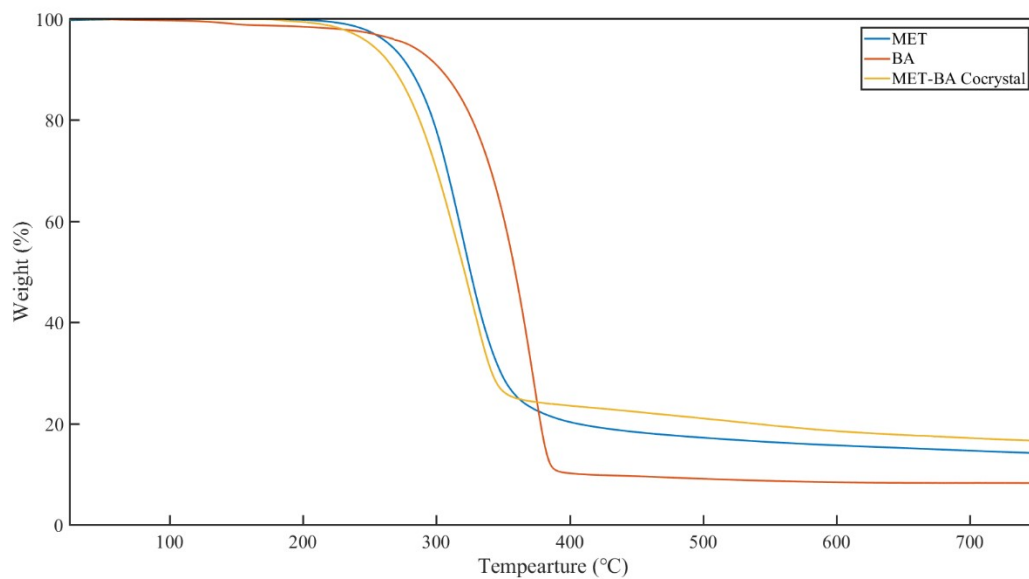
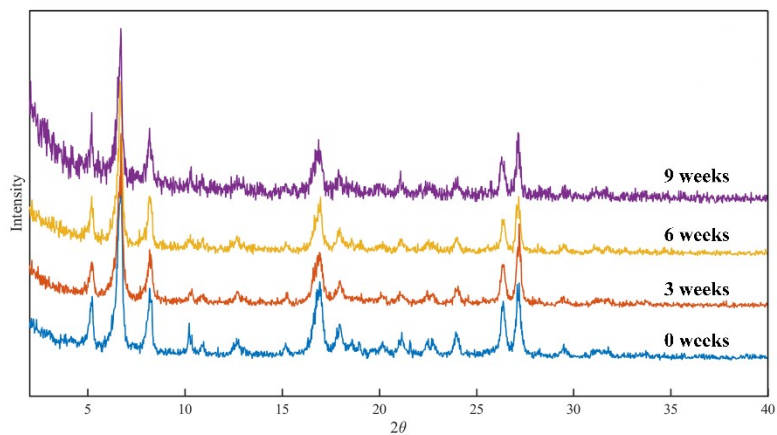
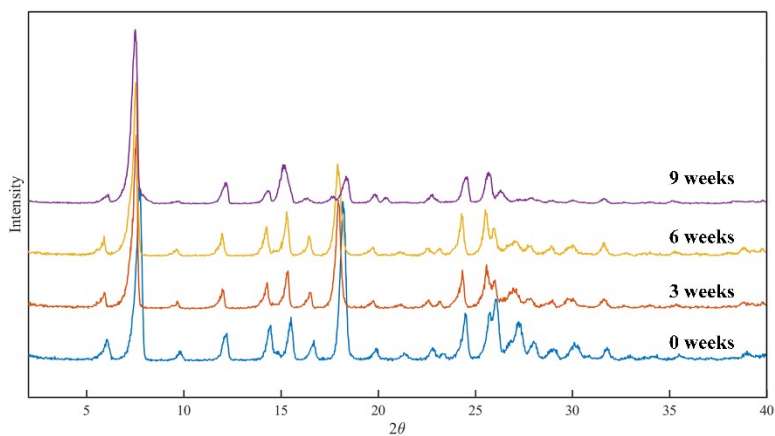


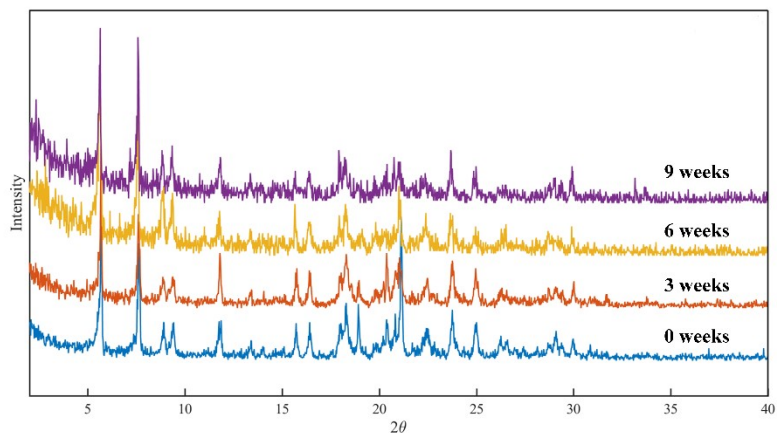
Figure S16. The TGA traces of MET (blue) and BA (orange) with the MET-BA cocrystal (yellow).



(a)



(b)



(c)

Figure S17. PXR D patterns of all cocrystals under accelerated storage conditions (40 °C, 75% RH) over 9 weeks. (a) MET-CA, (b) MET-NA, and (c) MET-BA.

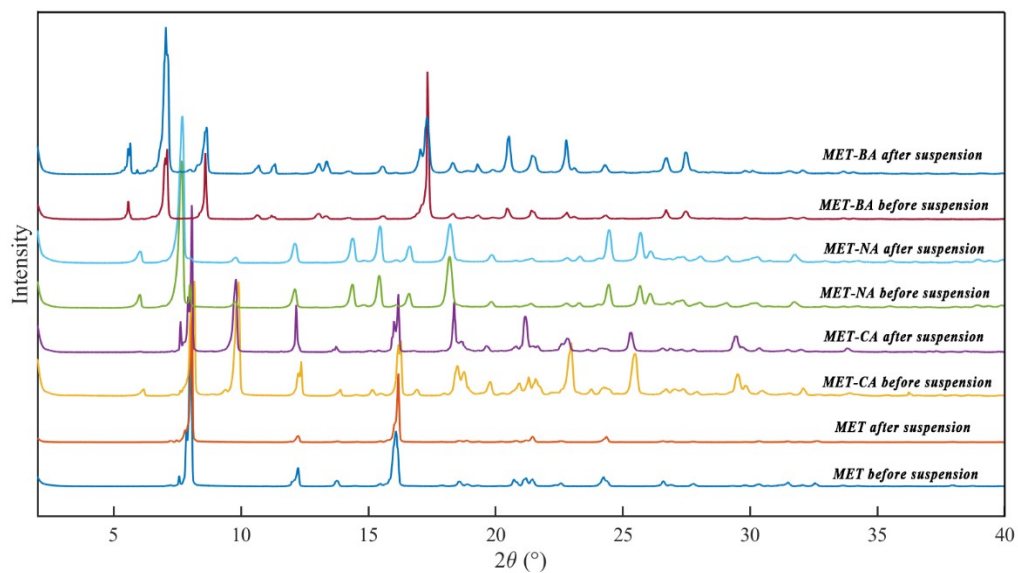


Figure S18. PXR D patterns of MET and cocrystals after 48 h suspension in water at 25 °C.

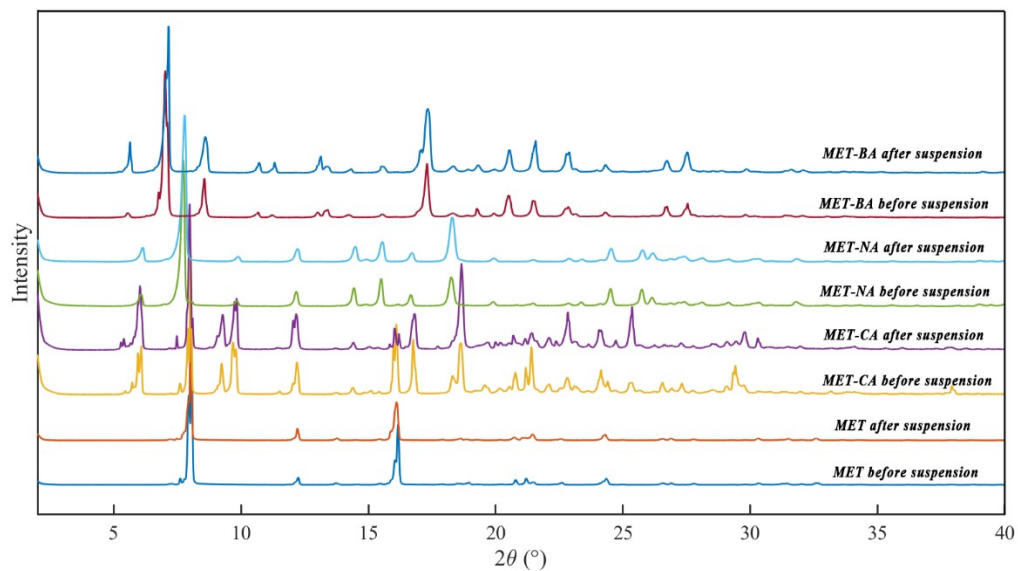


Figure S19. PXR D patterns of MET and cocrystals after 48 h suspension in water at 35 °C.

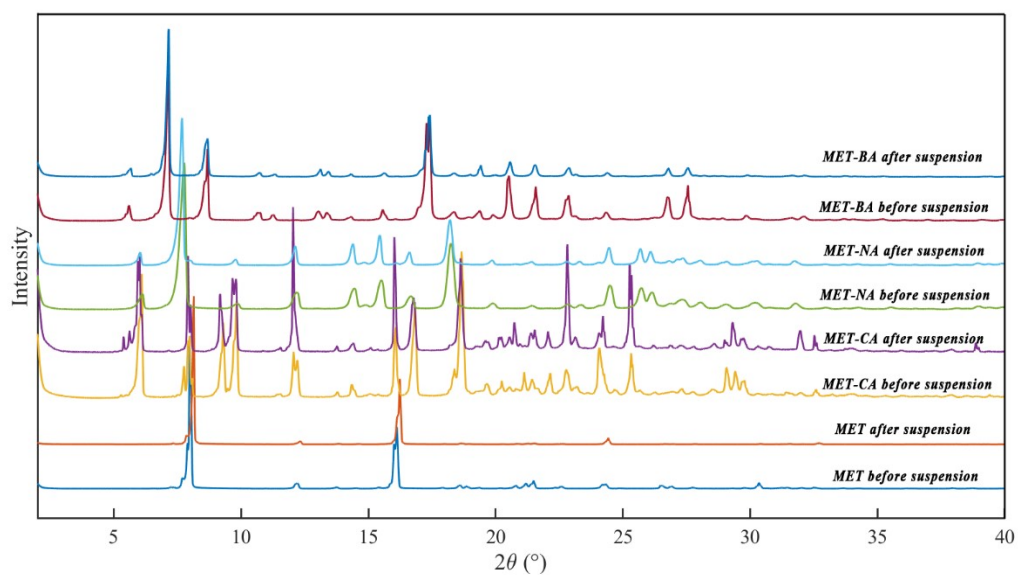


Figure S20. PXR D patterns of MET and cocrystals after 48 h suspension in water at 45 °C.

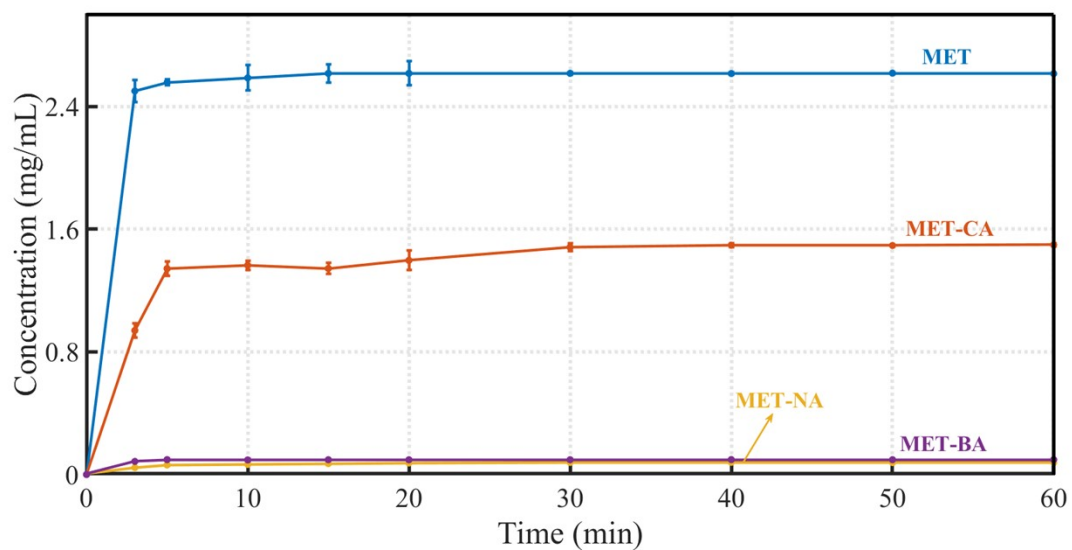


Figure S21. Dissolution profiles of MET, and three cocrystals in water at 35 °C.

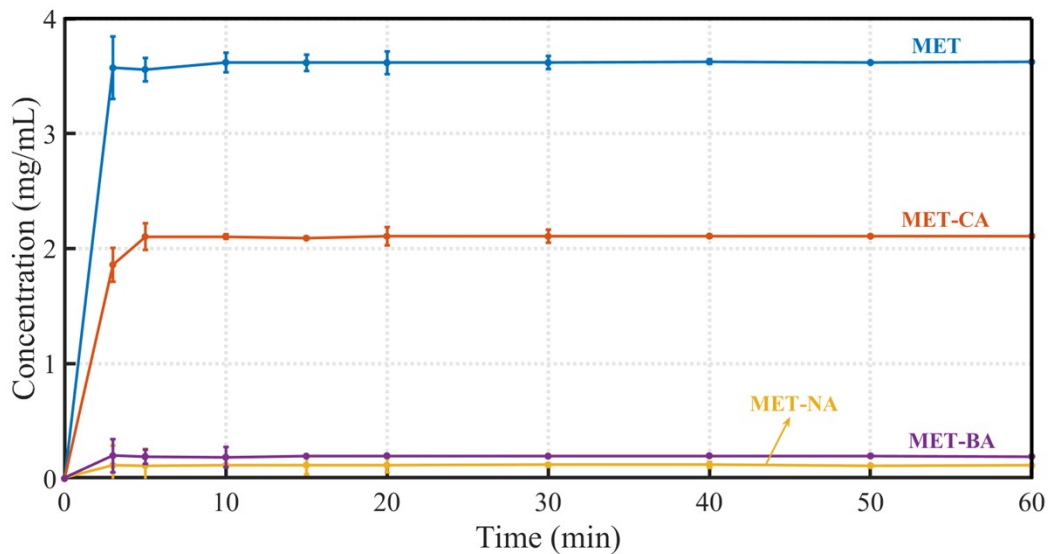


Figure S22. Dissolution profiles of MET, and three cocrystals in water at 45 °C.

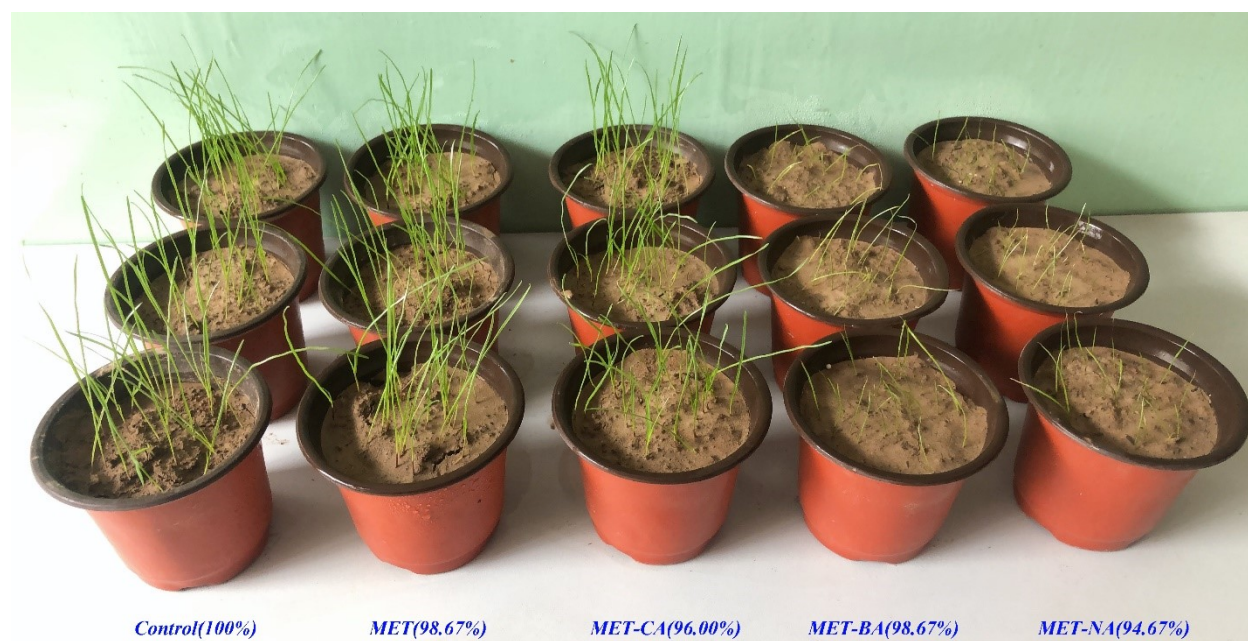


Figure S23. Morphological pictures of Kentucky bluegrass after 14 days of different treatments (data represent germination rate: Control, 100%; MET, 98.67%; MET-CA, 96.00%; MET-BA, 98.67%; MET-NA, 94.67%).

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