# **Supporting information**

# Visible-Light-Promoted Synthesis of gem-Dihaloenones

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#### **1. General information**

Unless otherwise stated, all experimental procedures were performed under nitrogen atmosphere using Schlenk techniques. All solvents and materials were purchased from commercial suppliers and used without further purification. Flash chromatography was carried out using silica gel (200–300 mesh). Reactions were monitored by Thin Layer Chromatography (TLC) using UV light (254nm) for detection. The NMR spectra were recorded using a Bruker Avance III HD 400 spectrometer using TMS as the internal standard (400 MHz for <sup>1</sup>H NMR, 100 MHz for <sup>13</sup>C NMR 376 MHz for <sup>19</sup>F NMR). Mass spectroscopy data were collected by using a Waters UPLC G2-XS Qtof mass spectrometer. The LED strip light (5050SMD, 0.5 m, 14 W, 400 nm) was purchased from Prime LED Co. Ltd.

## 2. Optimization of methanol concentration

 Table S1. Optimization of methanol concentration <sup>a</sup>

| Ph— <del>—</del><br>1a | ≡ + C <mark>Br<sub>4</sub></mark> + MeOH | hv 400 nm strip<br>solvents, N <sub>2</sub> , rt, 24 h Ph <sup>-</sup> | O Br<br>Br<br>2a |
|------------------------|--|--|------------------|
| Entry                  | Solvent                                  | CH <sub>3</sub> OH (X µL)  | Yield $(\%)^b$   |
| 1                      | H <sub>2</sub> O (1 mL)                  | CH <sub>3</sub> OH (40 µL)   | <5               |
| 2                      | H <sub>2</sub> O (1 mL)                  | CH <sub>3</sub> OH (80 µL)   | 13               |
| 3                      | H <sub>2</sub> O (1 mL)                  | CH <sub>3</sub> OH (120 µL)  | 16               |
| 4                      | H <sub>2</sub> O (1 mL)                  | CH <sub>3</sub> OH (160 μL)  | 27               |
| 5                      | H <sub>2</sub> O (1 mL)                  | CH <sub>3</sub> OH (200 µL)  | 31               |
| 6                      | CH <sub>3</sub> CN (1 mL)                | CH <sub>3</sub> OH (40 µL)   | 36               |
| 7                      | CH <sub>3</sub> CN (1 mL)                | CH <sub>3</sub> OH (80 µL)   | 49               |
| 8                      | CH <sub>3</sub> CN (1 mL)                | CH <sub>3</sub> OH (120 μL)  | 56               |
| 9                      | CH <sub>3</sub> CN (1 mL)                | CH <sub>3</sub> OH (160 µL)  | 59               |
| 10                     | CH <sub>3</sub> CN (1 mL)                | CH <sub>3</sub> OH (200 μL)  | 60               |

<sup>*a*</sup> Reaction conditions: phenylacetylene (0.4 mmol), CBr<sub>4</sub> (0.5 mmol), CH<sub>3</sub>OH (loading amount as indicated in **Table S1**) in solvents (1 mL) with irradiation using a 14-W 400-nm strip under a  $N_2$  atmosphere at room temperature for 24 h. <sup>*b*</sup> Isolated yield.

# 3. General procedure for the synthesis of *gem*-dibromoenones compounds 2 Reaction condition 1:

CBr<sub>4</sub> (165 mg, 0.5 mmol) was taken in a 25 mL reaction tube with a stir bar, the reaction tube was vacuumed and then filled with nitrogen three times. Subsequently, alkynes (0.4 mmol), H<sub>2</sub>O (350  $\mu$ L) and dimethyl sulfoxide (1 mL) were added to the reaction tube. The mixture was irradiated by 400-nm of purple light strip at room temperature for 24 h. Then pour brine (30 mL) into the reaction tube and extracted three times with dichloromethane (3 × 15 mL), organic layer was concentrated under vacuum and products were obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate).

#### **Reaction condition 2**:

CBr<sub>4</sub> (165 mg, 0.5 mmol) was taken in a 25 mL reaction tube with a stir bar, the reaction tube was vacuumed and then filled with nitrogen three times. Subsequently, alkynes (0.4 mmol) and CH<sub>3</sub>OH (1 mL) were added to the reaction tube. The mixture was irradiated by 400-nm of purple light strip at room temperature for 24 h. Then the mixture was concentrated under vacuum and products were obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate).

# General procedure for the synthesis of *gem*-dichloroenones compounds 3 Reaction condition 1:

In a 25 mL reaction tube with a stir bar, the reaction tube was vacuumed and then filled with nitrogen three times. Subsequently, CCl<sub>3</sub>Br (92  $\mu$ L, 1.0 mmol), alkynes (0.4 mmol), H<sub>2</sub>O (350  $\mu$ L) and dimethyl sulfoxide (1 mL) were added to the reaction tube. The mixture was irradiated by 400-nm of purple light strip at room temperature for 24 h. Then pour brine (30 mL) into the reaction tube and extracted three times with dichloromethane (3 × 15 mL), organic layer was concentrated under vacuum and products were obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate).

#### **Reaction condition 3**:

In a 25 mL reaction tube with a stir bar, the reaction tube was vacuumed and then filled with nitrogen three times. Subsequently, alkynes (0.4 mmol), CCl<sub>3</sub>Br (92  $\mu$ L, 1.0 mmol) and CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH (1 mL) were added to the reaction tube. The mixture was irradiated by 400-nm of purple light strip at room temperature for 24 h. Then the mixture was concentrated under vacuum and products were obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate).

#### 4. Procedure for the scale-up experiments

#### 4.1 Procedure for the scale-up experiments for synthesizing 3,3-dibromo-1-phenylprop-2-en-

#### 1-one (2a)

#### **Reaction condition 1:**

CBr<sub>4</sub> (2.068 g, 6.25 mmol) was taken in a 50 mL reaction tube with a stir bar, the reaction tube was vacuumed and then filled with nitrogen three times. Subsequently, phenylacetylene (5.0 mmol), H<sub>2</sub>O (5 mL) and dimethyl sulfoxide (10 mL) were added to the reaction tube. The mixture was irradiated by 400-nm of purple light strip at room temperature for 36 h. Then pour brine (50 mL) into the reaction tube and extracted three times with dichloromethane (3 × 20 mL), organic layer was concentrated under vacuum and *gem*-dibromoenone **2a** (76%, 1.09g) were obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate).

#### **Reaction condition 2:**

 $CBr_4$  (2.068 g, 6.25 mmol) were taken in a 50 mL reaction tube with a stir bar, the reaction tube was vacuumed and then filled with nitrogen three times. Subsequently, phenylacetylene (5.0 mmol) and  $CH_3OH$  (5 mL) were added to the reaction tube. The mixture was irradiated by 400-nm of purple light strip at room temperature for 36 h. Then the mixture was concentrated under vacuum and *gem*-dibromoenone **2a** (71%, 1.02g) were obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate).

### 4.2 Procedure for the scale-up experiments for synthesizing 3,3-dichloro-1-phenylprop-2-en-1-one (3a)

#### **Reaction condition 1:**

In a 50 mL reaction tube with a stir bar, the reaction tube was vacuumed and then filled with nitrogen three times. Subsequently, CCl<sub>3</sub>Br (2.478 g, 12.5 mmol), phenylacetylene (5.0 mmol), H<sub>2</sub>O (5 mL) and dimethyl sulfoxide (10 mL) were added to the reaction tube. The mixture was irradiated by 400-nm of purple light strip at room temperature for 36 h. Then pour brine (50 mL) into the reaction tube and extracted three times with dichloromethane (3 × 20 mL), organic layer was concentrated under vacuum and *gem*-dichloroenone **3a** (78%, 0.78g) were obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate).

#### **Reaction condition 3:**

In a 50 mL reaction tube with a stir bar, the reaction tube was vacuumed and then filled with nitrogen three times. Subsequently, CCl<sub>3</sub>Br (2.478 g, 12.5 mmol), phenylacetylene (5.0 mmol), and CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH (5 mL) were added to the reaction tube. The mixture was irradiated by 400-nm of purple light strip at room temperature for 36 h. Then the mixture was concentrated under vacuum and *gem*-dichloroenone **3a** (81%, 0.81g) were obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate).

### 5. Preparation of DMS<sup>18</sup>O and [O]–Labeling Experiments with DMS<sup>18</sup>O and

### H218O

#### 5.1 Preparation of DMS<sup>18</sup>O<sup>1</sup>

(1) Preparation of bromodimethylsulfoniumbromide (BDMS)

7.2 mL (132 mmol) Bromine was added drop wise to an ice-cooled solution of 9.68 mL (132 mmol) dimethyl sulfide in 120 mL carbon tetrachloride and the mixture was stirred for 2 h. Yellow orange crystals were formed, then filtered and washed with cold carbon tetrachloride. The solid (28 g) was recrystallized in carbon tetrachloride and provided yellow solid BDMS.

#### Scheme S1. Synthesis of BDMS

(2) Preparation of DMS<sup>18</sup>O: In a stirred solution of dry triethylamine (25.2 mL, 180 mmol) and H<sup>18</sup>O (97 atom %<sup>18</sup>O; 0.80 mL, 44 mmol) in 60 mL of dry tetrahydrofuran at 0 °C, solid BDMS (20.0 g, 90 mmol) was added portion wise over 30 min. Trimethylamine hydrobromide was precipitated and removed by centrifugation and then filtered. Dried the yellow filtrate to remove the solvent. The DMS<sup>18</sup>O (2.2 g, 75 atom % <sup>18</sup>O) was obtained as brownish liquid.



Scheme S2. Synthesis of DMS<sup>18</sup>O



Figure S1. HRMS Spectra of DMS<sup>18</sup>O

5.2 [O]–Labeling Experiments with H<sub>2</sub><sup>18</sup>O

CBr<sub>4</sub> (165 mg, 0.5 mmol) was taken in a 25 mL reaction tube with a stir bar, the reaction tube was vacuumed and then filled with nitrogen three times. Subsequently, phenylacetylene (0.4 mmol),  $H_2^{18}O$  (350 µL) and dimethyl sulfoxide (1 mL) were added to the reaction tube. The mixture was irradiated by 400-nm of purple light strip at room temperature for 24 h. Then pour brine (30 mL) into the reaction tube and extracted three times with dichloromethane (3 × 15 mL), organic layer was concentrated under vacuum and products were obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate) to deliver the **2a**-<sup>18</sup>O.





Scheme S3. [O]–Labeling Experiments with H<sub>2</sub><sup>18</sup>O

Figure S2. HRMS Spectra of 2a-18O

#### 5.3 [O]–Labeling Experiments with DMS<sup>18</sup>O

CBr<sub>4</sub> (165 mg, 0.5 mmol) was taken in a 25 mL reaction tube with a stir bar, the reaction tube was vacuumed and then filled with nitrogen three times. Subsequently, phenylacetylene (0.4 mmol), DMS<sup>18</sup>O (1 mL) were added to the reaction tube. The mixture was irradiated by 400-nm of purple light strip at room temperature for 24 h. Then pour brine (30 mL) into the reaction tube and extracted three times with dichloromethane (3 × 15 mL), organic layer was concentrated under vacuum and products were obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate) to deliver the **2a-<sup>18</sup>O**.



Scheme S4. [O]–Labeling Experiments with DMS<sup>18</sup>O



Figure S3. HRMS Spectra of 2a-18O

#### 6. Deuterated Experiments with phenylacetylene 1a-D

#### 6.1 Preparation of phenylacetylene 1a-D<sup>2</sup>

In an oven-dried reaction tube with a stir bar, phenylacetylene **1a** (0.5 mmol) and 20 mol % of crushed KOH in 0.8 mL of DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> were added. The reaction mixture was stirring at 60 °C for 30 minutes. Then pour brine (30 mL) into the reaction tube and extracted three times with dichloromethane ( $3 \times 10$  mL), and dried over Na2SO4, and then the organic layer was concentrated under vacuum. Phenylacetylene **1a-D** (90%-D) was obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether).



Scheme S5. Synthesis of phenylacetylene 1a-D



Figure S4. <sup>1</sup>NMR Spectra of 1a-D

#### 6.2 Deuterated Experiments with phenylacetylene 1a-D

#### **Reaction condition 1**:

CBr<sub>4</sub> (165 mg, 0.5 mmol) was taken in a 25 mL reaction tube with a stir bar, the reaction tube was vacuumed and then filled with nitrogen three times. Subsequently, phenylacetylene **1a-D** (0.2 mmol), H<sub>2</sub>O (350  $\mu$ L) and dimethyl sulfoxide (1 mL) were added to the reaction tube. The mixture was irradiated by 400-nm of purple light strip at room temperature for 24 h. Then pour brine (30 mL)

into the reaction tube and extracted three times with dichloromethane  $(3 \times 15 \text{ mL})$ , organic layer was concentrated under vacuum and products were obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate) to deliver the **2a-D**.



Scheme S6. Deuterated Experiments with phenylacetylene 1a-D



Figure S5. <sup>1</sup>NMR Spectra of 2a-D

#### **Reaction condition 2**:

 $CBr_4$  (165 mg, 0.5 mmol) was taken in a 25 mL reaction tube with a stir bar, the reaction tube was vacuumed and then filled with nitrogen three times. Subsequently, phenylacetylene **1a-D** (0.2 mmol) and  $CH_3OH$  (1 mL) were added to the reaction tube. The mixture was irradiated by 400-nm of purple light strip at room temperature for 24 h. Then the mixture was concentrated under vacuum and products were obtained by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate) to deliver the **2a-D**.



Scheme S7. Deuterated experiments with phenylacetylene 1a-D



Figure S6. <sup>1</sup>NMR Spectra of 2a-D

#### 7. HRMS Spectrum for Radical Trapping and intermediate 12



Scheme S8. Radical trapping experiments with ethene-1,1-diyldibenzene

CBr<sub>4</sub> (165 mg, 0.5 mmol) and ethene-1,1-diyldibenzene (0.8 mmol, 141  $\mu$ L, 2.0 equiv.) were taken in a 25 mL reaction tube with a stir bar, the reaction tube was vacuumed and then filled with nitrogen three times. Subsequently, phenylacetylene (0.4 mmol) and CH<sub>3</sub>OH (1 mL) were added to the reaction tube. The mixture was irradiated by 400 nm of purple light strip at room temperature for 24 h. The radical captured product **4** could be detected by high resolution mass spectroscopy (HRMS) (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>12</sub>Br 259.0117; found 251.01169.





Figure S7. HRMS Spectra of 4 (top) and intermediate 12 (bottom).

# 8. UV-vis spectra experiments for CBr<sub>4</sub>



Figure S8. UV-vis spectra experiments: (a) MeOH (black curve); (b)  $CBr_4$  (5.0 × 10<sup>-4</sup> mol/L) in MeOH.



# 9. GC Spectra for detecting CH<sub>4</sub>

Figure S9. GC Spectra for detecting CH<sub>4</sub>

| $\begin{array}{l} \text{Atom economy (\%)} = \displaystyle \frac{\text{Molecular mass of desired product}}{\text{Molecular mass of all reactants}} \times 100\% \\ \text{Reaction mass efficiency (\%)} = \displaystyle \frac{\text{Mass of desired product}}{\text{Mass of all reactants}} \times 100\% \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Reactant 1Phenylacetylene0.51g5.0 mmolFW 102.13Reactant 2Tetrabromomethane1.69g5.1 mmolFW 331.62Reactant 3water4 ml, 4.0 gFW 18OxidantPotassium persulfate2.7g10 mmolFW 270.32SolventEtOH1 ml, 0.79g  |  |  |  |
| Product 3,3-dibromo-1-<br>phenylprop-2-en-1-one 1.02g 3.52 mmol FW 289.95   |  |  |  |
| Product yield = 71%<br>E-factor = $\frac{0.51 + 1.69 + 4.0 + 2.7 + 0.79 - 1.02}{1.02}$ = 8.5 Kg waste/ 1 Kg product<br>Atom economy = $\frac{289.95}{465.79} \times 100 = 64.2\%$   |  |  |  |
| Atom efficiency = $\frac{71\% \times 64.2\%}{100}$ = 45.6%<br>Carbon efficiency = $\frac{9}{8+1} \times 100 = 100\%$  |  |  |  |
| Reaction mass efficiency = $\frac{1.029}{0.51g + 1.69g}$ × 100 = 46.4%  |  |  |  |

# 10. Evaluation of Green Chemistry metrics of the thermal method<sup>3</sup>

Figure S10. Green chemistry metrics for the synthesis of 2a

#### 11. The NMR spectra data for gem-dihaloenones

**3,3-dibromo-1-phenylprop-2-en-1-one** (2a)<sup>3</sup>: Following the general conditions 1 and 2, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 50:1), yellow oil (1: 84%, 96.7 mg; 2: 86%, 99.0 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.94 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.85 (s, 1H), 7.63–7.60 (m, 1H), 7.52–7.48 (m, 2H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  186.7, 135.4, 132.8, 131.6, 127.9, 127.7, 102.3.

**3,3-dibromo-1-(o-tolyl)prop-2-en-1-one** (**2b**)<sup>3</sup>: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 50:1), yellow oil (**1**: 81%, 97.8 mg; **2**: 64%, 77.2 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.64 (s, 1H), 7.61 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.31–7.27 (m, 2H), 2.53 (s, 3H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  190.9, 139.2, 136.6, 135.3, 132.2, 132.1, 129.5, 125.9, 102.9, 21.0.

**3,3-dibromo-1-(m-tolyl)prop-2-en-1-one** (**2c**)<sup>3</sup>: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 50:1), yellow oil (**1**: 85%, 102.6 mg; B: 88%, 106.2 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.83 (s, 1H), 7.74–7.12 (m, 2H), 7.43–7.36 (m, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  186.9, 137.8, 135.4, 133.6, 131.8, 128.1, 127.7, 124.9, 101.9, 20.3.

**3,3-dibromo-1-(p-tolyl)prop-2-en-1-one**  $(2d)^3$ : Following the general conditions 1 and 2, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 30:1), yellow oil (1: 90%, 108.6 mg; 2: 81%, 97.7 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.84 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.81 (s, 1H), 7.29 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  186.4, 144.0, 132.8, 131.9, 128.6, 127.8, 101.5, 20.8.

**3,3-dibromo-1-(4-ethylphenyl)prop-2-en-1-one** (2e)<sup>3</sup>: Following the general conditions 1 and 2, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 50:1), yellow oil (1: 88%, 111.2 mg; 2: 84%, 106.1 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.87 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.81 (s, 1H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.72 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.27 (t, *J*=7.6 Hz, 3H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  186.5, 150.1, 133.1, 131.9, 128.0, 127.4, 101.5, 28.0, 14.1.

**3,3-dibromo-1-(4-(tert-butyl)phenyl)prop-2-en-1-one** (**2f**)<sup>4</sup>: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 30:1), yellow oil (**1**: 87%, 119.6 mg; **2**: 75%, 103.1 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.88 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.83 (s, 1H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 1.35 (s, 9H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  187.4, 157.9, 133.8, 132.9, 128.7, 125.9, 102.6, 35.3, 31.1; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>14</sub>Br<sub>2</sub>O [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 344.9484, found 344.9492.

**3,3-dibromo-1-(4-pentylphenyl)prop-2-en-1-one (2g)**: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 30:1), yellow oil (**1**: 81%, 115.9 mg; **2**: 77%, 110.2 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.85 (d, *J*=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.82 (s, 1H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.69–2.65 (m, 2H), 1.67–1.59 (m, 2H), 1.37–1.29 (m, 4H), 0.89 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  187.5, 149.9, 134.1, 132.9, 129.0, 128.9, 102.5, 36.1, 31.4, 30.7, 22.5, 14.0; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>16</sub>Br<sub>2</sub>O [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 358.9641, found 358.9647.

**3,3-dibromo-1-(4-ethoxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-one** (**2h**)<sup>3</sup>: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 50:1), yellow oil (1: 59%, 78.3 mg; **2**: 0%, 0 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.91 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.76 (s, 1H), 6.94 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.11 (q, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.44 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  186.6, 163.7, 133.2, 131.2, 129.0, 114.6, 101.5, 63.9, 14.7.

**3,3-dibromo-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-one** (2i)<sup>3</sup>: Following the general conditions 1 and 2, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 50:1), yellow oil (1: 69%, 87.7 mg; 2: trace, 0 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.92 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 7.76 (s, 1H), 6.96 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  186.6, 164.2, 133.14, 131.2, 129.2, 114.2, 101.6, 55.6.

**2-(4-(3,3-dibromoacryloyl)phenyl)acetonitrile** (**2j**): Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 30:1), white solid (**1**: 51%, 66.6 mg; **2**: 45%, 58.8 mg); M.P. = 108.2–108.9 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.95 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.83 (s, 1H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.84 (s, 2H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  186.9, 136.3, 135.8, 132.1, 129.5, 128.5, 116.9, 104.3, 23.8; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>7</sub>Br<sub>2</sub>NO [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 327.8967, found 327.8972.

**3,3-dibromo-1-(4-fluorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-one** (**2k**)<sup>3</sup>: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 50:1), colorless oil (**1**: 81%, 99.1 mg; **2**: 86%, 105.2 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.97 (dd, J = 8.0, 5.2 Hz, 2H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.17 (t, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  185.3, 165.2 (d, J = 255 Hz, C-F), 131.7 (d, J = 3.0 Hz, C-F), 131.3, 130.4 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, C-F), 115.1 (d, J =22 Hz, C-F), 102.5; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  -103.3.

**3,3-dibromo-1-(4-chlorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-one** (**2l**)<sup>3</sup>: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 50:1), white solid (**1**: 64%, 82.3 mg; **2**: 71%, 91.4 mg); M.P. = 67.2–68.5 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.88 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.47 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  186.6, 140.5, 134.7, 132.1, 130.1, 129.3, 104.1.

**3,3-dibromo-1-(4-bromophenyl)prop-2-en-1-one** (**2m**)<sup>3</sup>: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 30:1), yellow solid (**1**: 35%, 51.2 mg; **2**: 55%, 80.4 mg); M.P. = 89.2–90.1 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.81–7.79 (m, 3H), 7.64 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  185.7, 134.1, 131.2, 131.0, 129.1, 128.2, 103.2. **3,3-dibromo-1-(3-fluorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-one** (**2n**): Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 50:1), colorless oil (**1**: 82%, 100.3 mg; **2**: 84%, 102.7 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.82 (s, 1H), 7.71 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (dd, *J* = 13.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33–7.28 (m, 1H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  186.5, 163.1 (d, *J* = 147 Hz, C-F), 138.7 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, C-F), 132.1, 130.7 (d, *J*=8.0 Hz, C-F), 124.5 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, C-F), 121.3 (d, *J* = 22 Hz, C-F), 115.5 (d, *J* = 23 Hz, C-F), 104.9; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  -111.0; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>3</sub>Br<sub>2</sub>FO [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 306.8764, found 306.8769.

**3,3-dibromo-1-(3-chlorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-one** (**2o**)<sup>4</sup>: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 50:1), yellow oil (**1**: 55%, 70.8 mg; **2**: 69%, 88.8 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.90 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.81–7.80 (m, 2H), 7.58 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  186.4, 138.0, 135.3, 133.7, 131.9, 130.2, 128.6, 126.7, 104.9; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>3</sub>Br<sub>2</sub>ClO [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 322.8468, found 322.8470.

**3,3-dibromo-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)prop-2-en-1-one** (**2p**)<sup>3</sup>: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 30:1), yellow white (1: 52%, 74.0 mg; **2**: 61%, 86.8 mg); M.P. = 59.2–59.6 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.04 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.86 (s, 1H), 7.77 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100

MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): *δ* 186.6, 139.2, 134.9 (d, *J* = 33 Hz, C-F), 131.7, 128.9, 131.9, 125.9 (q, *J* = 3.7 Hz, C-F), 105.5; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): *δ* -63.2.

**4-(3,3-dibromoacryloyl)benzaldehyde (2q)**: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 20:1), yellow solid (**1**: 22%, 27.7 mg; **2**: 14%, 17.6 mg); M.P. = 93.6–94.1 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  10.1 (s, 1H), 8.04 (dd, J = 28.4, 8.0 Hz, 4H), 7.88 (s, 1H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  191.4, 186.9, 140.8, 139.4, 131.8, 130.0, 129.1, 15.7; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>6</sub>Br<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 316.8807, found 316.8811.

**1-(4-acetylphenyl)-3,3-dibromoprop-2-en-1-one** (**2r**): Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 15:1), yellow solid (**1**: 47%, 62.0 mg; **2**: 38%, 50.1 mg); M.P. = 60.8–61.5 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.03 (dd, *J* = 20, 8.4 Hz, 4H), 7.87 (s, 1H), 2.65 (s, 3H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  197.3, 187.0, 140.6, 139.7, 131.9, 128.8, 128.7, 105.2, 26.9; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>8</sub>Br<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 330.8964, found 330.8969.

1-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-3,3-dibromoprop-2-en-1-one (2s)<sup>3</sup>: Following the general conditions 1 and 2, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 20:1), white solid (1: 52%, 75.6 mg; 2: 47%, 68.4 mg); M.P. = 107.0–107.8 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.02 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.88 (s, 1H), 7.72 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.67–7.63 (m, 2H), 7.50–7.40 (m, 3H) , ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  187.3, 146.6, 139.6, 135.1, 132.7, 129.3, 129.1, 128.5, 127.5, 127.3, 103.2.

methyl 4-(3,3-dibromoacryloyl)benzoate (2t)<sup>3</sup>: Following the general conditions 1 and 2, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 20:1), light yellow solid (1: 33%, 45.6 mg; 2: 25%, 34.5 mg); M.P. = 92.6–92.8 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.15 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.99 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.87 (s, 1H), 3.96 (s, 3H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  187.1, 166.0, 139.8, 134.5, 132.0, 130.1, 128.5, 105.1, 52.6.

**3,3-dibromo-1-(naphthalen-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one (2v)**: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 50:1), colorless oil (1: 79%, 106.7 mg; **2**: 70%, 94.6 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.68 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.64 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.58–7.52 (m, 2H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  190.6, 135.6, 134.3, 134.0, 133.9, 130.4, 129.6, 128.6, 128.5, 126.8, 125.5, 124.5, 103.2; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>8</sub>Br<sub>2</sub>O [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 338.9015, found 338.9016.

**3,3-dibromo-1-(thiophen-2-yl)prop-2-en-1-one** (**2w**)<sup>3</sup>: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 20:1), white solid (1: 41%, 48.1 mg; **2**: 35%, 41.1 mg); M.P. = 85.2–85.8 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.82 (s, 1H), 7.74–7.71 (m, 2H), 7.18–7.15 (m, 1H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  178.3, 143.2, 134.2, 131.5, 130.2, 127.4, 103.8.

**3,3-dibromo-1-(thiophen-3-yl)prop-2-en-1-one**  $(2x)^3$ : Following the general conditions 1 and 2, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 20:1), white solid (1: 55%, 64.6 mg; 2: 38%, 44.6 mg); M.P. = 92.6–92.9 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.09–8.08 (m, 1H), 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.57 (d, *J*=5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (dd, *J* = 5.2, 2.8 Hz, 1H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  180.9, 141.9, 133.2, 132.4, 127.1, 127.0, 104.1.

**1,1-dibromohept-1-en-3-one** (**2aa**)<sup>4</sup>: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 20:1), colorless oil (**1**: 17%, 18.2 mg; **2**: 32%, 34.2 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.29 (s, 1H), 2.50 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.61 (dd, *J* = 14.8, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.38–1.29 (m, 2H), 0.92 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  196.6, 134.1, 103.3, 43.9, 25.7, 22.2, 13.8; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>10</sub>Br<sub>2</sub>O [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> 290.8991, found

#### 290.9001.

**3,3-dibromo-2-methyl-1-phenylprop-2-en-1-one (2ab)**: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 50:1), colorless oil (**1**: 68%, 82.1 mg; **2**: 57%, 68.8 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.93 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.09 (s, 3H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  195.0, 142.4, 134.3, 133.6, 129.6, 129.1, 88.7, 22.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>8</sub>Br<sub>2</sub>O [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 302.9015, found 302.9020.

**2-(dibromomethylene)-1-phenylbutan-1-one** (**2ac**): Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 50:1), colorless oil (**1**: 56%, 70.7 mg; **2**: 44%, 55.6 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.87 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.46 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.01 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  194.8, 147.6, 134.3, 134.2, 129.6, 129.0, 88.2, 30.1, 11.4; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>10</sub>Br<sub>2</sub>O [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 316.9171, found 316.9167.

**3,3-dibromo-1,2-diphenylprop-2-en-1-one** (2ad): Following the general conditions 1 and 2, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 50:1), colorless oil (1: 15%, 21.8 mg; 2: 8%, 11.6 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.05 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.52–7.48 (m, 4H), 7.39–7.33 (m, 3H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  192.8, 146.7, 135.6, 134.9, 134.3, 134.0, 130.0, 129.1, 128.8, 128.2, 90.9; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>10</sub>Br<sub>2</sub>O [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 364.9171, found 364.9176.

**3,3-dichloro-1-phenylprop-2-en-1-one** (**3a**)<sup>4</sup>: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 50:1), yellow oil (1: 77%, 61.5 mg; **2**: 78%, 62.3 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.93 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (s, 2H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  186.7, 137.0, 135.6, 133.7, 128.9, 128.5, 124.1; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>6</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>O [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 200.9868, found 200.9874.

**1-(4-(tert-butyl)phenyl)-3,3-dichloroprop-2-en-1-one** (**3b**)<sup>4</sup>: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 50:1), yellow oil (**1**: 85%, 87.0 mg; **2**: 72%, 73.7 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.87 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (s, 1H), 1.35 (s, 9H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  186.3, 157.7, 134.9, 134.3, 128.5, 125.8, 124.3, 35.3, 31.1; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>14</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>O [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 257.0494, found 257.0495.

**3,3-dichloro-1-(4-pentylphenyl)prop-2-en-1-one (3c)**: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 50:1), yellow oil (**1**: 80%, 86.4 mg; **2**: 65%, 70.2 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.84 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (s, 1H), 2.67 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.67–1.59 (m, 2H), 1.36–1.32 (m, 4H), 0.89 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  186.4, 149.7, 134.8, 134.6, 128.9, 128.7, 124.3, 36.0, 31.4, 30.7, 22.5, 13.9; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>16</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>O [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 271.0651, found 271.0655.

**3,3-dichloro-1-(4-ethylphenyl)prop-2-en-1-one** (**3d**)<sup>4</sup>: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 50:1), yellow oil (**1**: 83%, 75.6 mg; **2**: 71%, 64.7 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.85 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (s, 1H), 2.72 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.27 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  186.4, 150.9, 134.9, 134.6, 128.8, 128.4, 124.3, 29.0, 15.1; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>10</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>O [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 229.0181, found 229.0188.

3,3-dichloro-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-one (3e)4: Following the general conditions 1 and

**2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 50:1), yellow oil (1: 72%, 66.2 mg; **2**: <5%, 0 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.91 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (s, 1H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  185.4, 164.1, 134.1, 131.0, 129.8, 124.4, 114.1, 55.6; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>8</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 230.9974, found 230.9979.

**3,3-dichloro-1-(m-tolyl)prop-2-en-1-one (3f)**: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 50:1), yellow oil (1: 65%, 55.6 mg; **2**: 58%, 49.6 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.73–7.73 (m, 2H), 7.43–7.36 (m, 2H), 7.25 (s, 1H), 2.43 (s, 3H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  186.9, 138.8, 136.9, 135.2, 134.5, 129.0, 128.7, 125.8, 124.3, 21.4; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>8</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>O [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 215.0025, found 215.0027.

**3,3-dichloro-1-(4-fluorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-one** (**3g**)<sup>4</sup>: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 50:1), yellow oil (1: 76%, 66.2 mg; **2**: 69%, 60.1 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.96–7.94 (m, 2H), 7.22 (s, 1H), 7.17 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  185.2, 166.1 (d, *J* = 255 Hz, C-F), 135.7, 133.3 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, C-F), 131.2 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, C-F), 123.8, 116.1 (d, *J* = 22 Hz, C-F); <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  -103.6; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>5</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>FO [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 218.9774, found 218.9770.

**3,3-dichloro-1-(4-chlorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-one** (**3h**)<sup>4</sup>: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 30:1), white solid (**1**: 71%, 66.4 mg; **2**: 76%, 71.1 mg); M.P. = 43.2–43.6 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.86 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.22 (s, 1H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  185.4, 140.3, 136.3, 135.3, 129.9, 129.2, 123.6; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>5</sub>Cl<sub>3</sub>O [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 234.9479, found 234.9483.

**1-(4-bromophenyl)-3,3-dichloroprop-2-en-1-one (3i)**: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 30:1), white solid (1: 75%, 83.3 mg; **2**: 70%, 77.8 mg); M.P. = 67.4–68.0 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.79 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.22 (s, 1H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  185.6, 136.4, 135.7, 132.2, 129.9, 129.1, 123.5; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>5</sub>BrCl<sub>2</sub>O [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 278.8974, found 278.8965. **3,3-dichloro-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)prop-2-en-1-one (3j)**: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 30:1), semi-solid (1: 55%, 58.9 mg; **2**: 27%, 28.9 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.02 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.76 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (s, 1H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  185.6, 139.7, 137.4, 134.9 (d, *J* = 33 Hz, C-F), 128.7, 125.9 (q, *J* = 4.0 Hz, C-F), 123.3, 122.1; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  -63.2; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>5</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>F<sub>3</sub>O [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 268.9742, found 268.9750.

1-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-3,3-dichloroprop-2-en-1-one  $(3k)^4$ : Following the general conditions 1 and 2, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 20:1), white solid (1: 54%, 59.6 mg; 2: 60%, 66.2 mg); M.P. = 91.3–91.8 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.00 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.72 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.44–7.40 (m, 1H), 7.31 (s, 1H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  186.2, 146.5, 139.6, 135.4, 129.2, 129.0, 128.5, 127.5, 127.3, 124.1; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>10</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>O [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 277.0181, found 277.0186.

methyl 4-(3,3-dichloroacryloyl)benzoate (3l)<sup>4</sup>: Following the general conditions 1 and 2, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 20:1), white solid (1: 35%, 36.1 mg; 2: 26%, 26.8 mg); M.P. = 87.3–88.2 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.08 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.22 (s, 1H), 3.89 (s, 3H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  186.0, 166.2, 140.3, 137.0, 134.4, 130.1, 128.4, 123.6, 52.6; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>8</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 258.9923, found 258.9931.

**3,3-dichloro-1-(thiophen-3-yl)prop-2-en-1-one (3m)**: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 20:1), grey solid (1: 65%, 53.5 mg; **2**: 23%, 18.9 mg); M.P. = 62.3–62.8 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.06 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.57–7.56 (m, 2H), 7.36 (dd, J = 5.2, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (s, 1H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  178.9, 141.3, 134.9, 131.9, 126.0, 125.9, 123.1; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>4</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>OS [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 206.9433, found 206.9432.

**3,3-dichloro-1-(naphthalen-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one (3n)**: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 50:1), colorless oil (1: 70%, 69.9 mg; **2**: 59%, 58.9 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.62 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (dd, J = 17.6, 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.63 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.57–7.20 (m, 2H), 7.19 (s, 1H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  189.7, 135.3, 135.1, 133.9, 133.6, 130.3, 129.1, 128.6, 128.3, 127.3, 126.8, 125.4, 124.5; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>8</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>O [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 251.0025, found 251.0029.

**1,1-dichlorooct-1-en-3-one** (**3o**): Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 100:1), colorless oil (**1**: 28%, 20.1 mg; **2**: 15%, 10.8 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  6.65 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 2.53 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 1.63–1.58 (m, 2H), 1.31–1.29 (m, 4H), 0.89 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  194.9, 133.1, 125.4, 76.3, 75.9, 75.7, 43.2, 30.2, 22.4, 21.4, 12.9. HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>12</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>O [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 195.0338, found 195.0350.

**3,3-dichloro-2-methyl-1-phenylprop-2-en-1-one** (**3p**)<sup>4</sup>: Following the general conditions **1** and **2**, purification by flash chromatography (petroleum/EtOAc = 50:1), colorless oil (**1**: 53%, 45.3 mg; **2**: 58%, 49.6 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.92–7.89 (m, 2H), 7.65–7.61 (m, 1H), 7.53–7.49 (m, 2H), 2.12 (s, 3H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  194.4, 135.1, 134.3, 134.2, 129.5, 129.0, 120.0, 19.1; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>8</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>O [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 215.0025, found 215.0029.

(Z)-(1,3,3,3-tetrabromoprop-1-en-1-yl)benzene (5): Purification by flash chromatography (petroleum), colorless oil (42%, 72.2 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.52–7.50 (m, 2H), 7.41–7.35 (m, 3H), 6.80 (s, 1H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  137.1, 129.4, 129.2, 128.3, 121.4, 103.0; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>6</sub>Br<sub>4</sub> [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> 452.7095, found 452.7106.

(E)-(1,3,3,3-tetrabromoprop-1-en-1-yl)benzene (6): Purification by flash chromatography (petroleum), colorless oil (5%, 8.6 mg); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.51–7.49 (m, 2H), 7.36–7.35 (m, 3H), 7.06 (s, 1H), ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  138.5, 131.2, 129.4, 128.6, 127.7, 108.8; HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>6</sub>Br<sub>4</sub> [M + H]<sup>+</sup> 430.7276, found 430.7284.

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12. The NMR and HRMS spectra for gem-dihaloenones

Figure S11. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of 2a.



Figure S12. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C $\{^{1}H\}$  NMR of 2b.



Figure S13. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of 2c.



Figure S14. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of 2d.



Figure S15. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of 2e.



Figure S16. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of 2f.

#### **Elemental Composition Report**

Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3







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Figure S20. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of 2h.



Figure S21. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of 2i.



Figure S22. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of 2j.

#### **Elemental Composition Report**

Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3

# Monoisotopic Mass, Even Electron lons 83 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (all results (up to 1000) for each mass) Elements Used: C: 11-11 H: 0-60 N: 0-6 O: 0-20 Br: 2-3



#### Figure S23. HRMS Spectra of 2j.







Figure S24. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR and <sup>19</sup>F NMR of 2k.




Figure S25. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of 2l.





Figure S26. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of 2m.







Figure S27. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR and <sup>19</sup>F NMR of 2n.



Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3 Monoisotopic Mass, Even Electron Ions 118 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (all results (up to 1000) for each mass) Elements Used: C: 9-9 H: 0-60 N: 0-6 O: 0-20 Br: 2-3 F: 1-3 12 0521-1-1 69 (0.419) 1: TOF MS ES+ 308.8757 100-% 306.8769 310.8733

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2.97e+005



Figure S28. HRMS Spectra of 2n.



Figure S29. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of 20.

Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3

#### Monoisotopic Mass, Even Electron Ions 182 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (all results (up to 1000) for each mass) Elements Used: C: 9-9 H: 0-60 N: 0-6 O: 0-20 Si: 0-3 CI: 1-3 Br: 2-3 12 0521-1-5 79 (0.480) 1: TOF MS ES+ 9.07e+002 322.8470 100<sub>-</sub> %-323.0186 323.0894 322.9976 322.7939 322.6433 323.1190 322.5287 323.40 m/z 0-322.40 323.20 322.80 323.00 Minimum: Maximum: -1.5 50.0 5.0 10.0 Calc. Mass mDa 322.8474 -0.4 PPM -1.2 DBE 5.5 Conf(%) Formula n/a C9 H6 0 C1 Br2 Mass 322.8470 i-FIT 116.5 Norm n/a

Figure S30. HRMS Spectra of 20.







Figure S31. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR and <sup>19</sup>F NMR of 2p.



Figure S32. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of 2q.

Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3

Monoisotopic Mass, Even Electron lons 175 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (all results (up to 1000) for each mass) Elements Used: C: 10-10 H: 0-60 N: 0-6 O: 0-20 Si: 0-3 Br: 2-3 12 0521-1-2 61 (0.377) 1: TOF MS ES+ 8.88e+002 316.8811 100-316.9221 % 317.2014 317.2615 316.4431 317.4474 316.8070 316.2489 316.4011 316.4835 317.5356 316.20 316.40 Ч 317.80 m/z 0-317.60 316.00 316.80 317.00 317.20 317.40 Minimum: -1.5 10.0 50.0 5.0 Maximum: i-FIT Norm Conf(%) Formula 238.9 n/a n/a C10 H7 02 Br2 Mass Calc. Mass mDa 316.8811 316.8813 -0.2 PPM −0.6 DBE 6.5









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Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3 Monoisotopic Mass. Even Electron Ions

Monoisotopic Mass, Even Electron Ions 216 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (all results (up to 1000) for each mass) Elements Used: C: 11-11 H: 0-60 N: 0-6 O: 0-20 Si: 0-3 Br: 2-3









Figure S36. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of 2s.





Figure S37. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of 2t.



Figure S38. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of 2v.

Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3

#### Monoisotopic Mass, Even Electron Ions 241 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (all results (up to 1000) for each mass) Elements Used: C: 13-13 H: 0-60 N: 0-6 O: 0-20 Si: 0-3 Br: 2-3



Figure S39. HRMS Spectra of 2v.





Figure S40. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of 2w.





Figure S41. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of 2x.





Figure S42. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C $\{^{1}H\}$  NMR of 2aa.

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Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 20.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3

Monoisotopic Mass, Even Electron Ions 198 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass) Elements Used: C: 7-7 H: 10-10 N: 0-8 O: 0-8 Na: 0-1 Br: 1-4









Figure S44. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of **2ab**.

Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3Monoisotopic Mass, Even Electron lons 62 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (all results (up to 1000) for each mass) Elements Used: C: 10-10 H: 0-60 N: 0-6 O: 0-20 Br: 2-3 12 0521-1-9 65 (0.398) 1: TOF MS ES+ 6.13e+002 302.9020 100-302.9286 302.8848 <del>%-</del> 302.8166 302.9636 303.0296 303.1414 303.0296 303.0634 303.1555 302.7133 302.6945 0-302.40 302.60 ----- m/z Т T 302.70 303.20 303.40 302.50 302.80 303.30 302.90 303.00 303.10 Minimum: Maximum: -1.5 10.0 50.0 5.0 i-FIT Norm Conf(%) Formula 128.5 n/a n/a C10 H9 0 Br2 Calc. Mass mDa 302.9020 0.0 PPM 0.0 DBE 5.5 Mass 302.9020

Figure S45. HRMS Spectra of 2ab.





Figure S46. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C $\{^{1}H\}$  NMR of 2ac.











Figure S48. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of 2ad.

Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3

## Monoisotopic Mass, Even Electron lons 116 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (all results (up to 1000) for each mass) Elements Used: C: 15-15 H: 0-60 N: 0-6 O: 0-20 Br: 2-3



Figure S49. HRMS Spectra of 2ad.





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Figure S51. HRMS Spectra of 3a.





Figure S52. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of **3b**.

Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3 Monoisotopic Mass, Even Electron Ions 199 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (all results (up to 1000) for each mass) Elements Used: C: 13-13 H: 0-60 N: 0-6 O: 0-20 CI: 1-3 12 0521-1-14 115 (0.692) 1: TOF MS ES+ 6.11e+004 257.0495 100-259.0482 %-214.9129 219.0359 230.2698 242.0569 247.9225 25 220.0 230.0 240.0 250.0 257.0083 261.0439 269.1752 279.0297 283.2327 301.1238304.3038 260.0 270.0 280.0 300.0 0-290.0 \*\*\* Minimum: Maximum: -1.5 5.0 10.0 50.0 PPM DBE -1.9 5.5 i-FIT Norm Conf(%) Formula 1010.0 n/a n/a C13 H15 0 Cl2 Mass Calc. Mass mDa 257.0495 257.0500 -0.5

## Figure S53. HRMS Spectra of 3b.













Figure S56.  $^{1}$ H NMR and  $^{13}C{^{1}H}$  NMR of 3d.

Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 20.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3 Monoisotopic Mass, Even Electron lons 202 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass) Elements Used: C: 11-11 H: 0-26 N: 0-20 O: 0-20 Cl: 1-3 12 0521-1-23 83 (0.501) 1: TOF MS ES+ 3.71e+005 229.0188 100-231.0164 %-301.1523 312.9712 324.9818 122.9400 141.0891 193.0418 203.0594 251.0002 413.2688 371.2671 393.2889 420 m/z 0-140 160 200 Π 340 100 180 240 260 300 320 120 220 280 360 380 400 Minimum: Maximum: -1.5 20.0 50.0 5.0 Conf(%) Formula n/a C11 H11 O C12 Calc. Mass mDa 229.0187 0.1 PPM 0.4 DBE 5.5 i-FIT Norm 1154.3 n/a Mass 229.0188

Figure S57. HRMS Spectra of 3d.







Figure S59. HRMS Spectra of 3e.





Figure S60. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of 3f.

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### Figure S61. HRMS Spectra of 3f.





Figure S62. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR and <sup>19</sup>F NMR of 3g.

Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 20.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3

# Monoisotopic Mass, Even Electron Ions 335 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass) Elements Used: C: 9-9 H: 0-26 N: 0-20 O: 0-20 Cl: 1-3 F: 1-3



### Figure S63. HRMS Spectra of 3g.





**Figure S64.** <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C $\{^{1}H\}$  NMR of **3h**.







Figure S66. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of 3i.

Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3 Monoisotopic Mass, Even Electron lons 179 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass) Elements Used: C: 9-9 H: 0-26 N: 0-20 O: 0-20 Cl: 1-3 Br: 1-3 12 0521-1-19 77 (0.469) 1: TOF MS ES+ 3.96e+003 278.8965 100-278.8772 % 279.1162 279.1335 278.1115 278.2503 278.8409 279.6529 279.9363 280.2159 280.5027 280.6916 277.3746 277.6614 277.50 278.00 278.50 27 0-4----277.00 279.00 Minimum: -1.5 5.0 10.0 50.0 Maximum: Calc. Mass mDa 278.8979 -1.4 mDa PPM DBE -1.4 -5.0 5.5 i-FIT Norm Conf(%) Formula 540.8 n/a n/a C9 H6 O C12 Br Mass 278.8965

### Figure S67. HRMS Spectra of 3i.




Figure S68. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR and <sup>19</sup>F NMR of 3j.

Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 5.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3

# Monoisotopic Mass, Even Electron Ions 296 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass) Elements Used: C: 10-10 H: 0-26 N: 0-20 O: 0-20 Cl: 1-2 F: 2-3



Figure S69. HRMS Spectra of 3j.





**Figure S70.** <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C $\{^{1}H\}$  NMR of **3**k.



Figure S71. HRMS Spectra of 3k.



Figure S72. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of 31.

Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 5.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3 Monoisotopic Mass, Even Electron Ions Nornosotopic mass, Even Electron Ions 272 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass) Elements Used: C: 11-11 H: 0-26 N: 0-20 O: 0-20 Cl: 1-3 12 0521-1-18 82 (0.495) 1: TOF MS ES+ 6.81e+002 258.9931 100-259.0751 %-258.9632 259.1525 259.2608 258.9363 258.5864 258.6402 258.8227 259.3231 259.4619 









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Figure S75. HRMS Spectra of 3m.





Figure S76. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of 3n.



Figure S77. HRMS Spectra of 3n.





**Elemental Composition Report** Page 1 Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 20.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3 Monoisotopic Mass, Even Electron Ions 199 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass) Elements Used: C: 8-8 H: 13-13 O: 0-8 F: 0-10 Na: 0-1 CI: 1-3 Se: 0-3 Te: 0-3 10 0707-1-492 5 (0.051) 1: TOF MS ES+ 1.71e+002 195.0350 100-195.0840 %-195.1099 194.9717 0-\_\_\_\_ m/z 195.300 195.000 194.800 194.900 195.200 195.100 Minimum: Maximum: -1.5 50.0 5.0 20.0 PPM 3.6 Mass 195.0350 Calc. Mass 195.0343 mDa 0.7 DBE 1.5 i-FIT 61.2 Norm n/a Conf(%) Formula n/a C8 H13 O C12





Figure S80. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of 3p.



Figure S81. HRMS Spectra of 3p.













Figure S84. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR of 6.

Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 20.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3

## Monoisotopic Mass, Even Electron Ions 87 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass) Elements Used: C: 9-9 H: 7-7 N: 0-8 Se: 0-3 Br: 1-4



Figure S85. HRMS Spectra of 6.